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PLAYBOY ENTERPRISES INC

Form 10-Q

November 13, 2001

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

☒ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2001

OR

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number 001-14790

Playboy Enterprises, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

36-4249478

(I.R.S. Employer
Identification Number)

680 North Lake Shore Drive, Chicago, IL
(Address of principal executive offices)

60611
(Zip Code)

(312) 751-8000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes ☒ No ☐

As of October 31, 2001, there were 4,864,102 shares of Class A common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, and 19,645,906 shares of Class B common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, outstanding.

PLAYBOY ENTERPRISES, INC.

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PLAYBOY ENTERPRISES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS for the Quarters Ended September 30 (Unaudited) (In thousands, except per share amounts)

	2001	2000
Net revenues	\$ 74,115	\$ 77,890
Costs and expenses		
Cost of sales	(58,661)	(66,047)
Selling and administrative expenses	(13,042)	(13,889)
Restructuring expenses	(256)	--
Total costs and expenses	(71,959)	(79,936)
Operating income (loss)	2,156	(2,046)
Nonoperating income (expense)		
Investment income	81	254
Interest expense	(3,972)	(2,403)
Equity in operations of Playboy TV International, LLC and other	(163)	958
Gain (loss) on disposals	390	(2,700)
Playboy.com registration statement expenses	--	(1,524)
Legal settlement	--	(622)
Other, net	(580)	(270)
Total nonoperating expense	(4,244)	(6,307)

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Loss before income taxes	(2,088)	(8,353)
Income tax benefit	--	1,847
Net loss	(2,088)	(6,506)
Other comprehensive income (loss) (net of tax)		
Unrealized loss on marketable securities	(481)	(28)
Derivative loss	(1,138)	--
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(3)	3
Total other comprehensive loss	(1,622)	(25)
Comprehensive loss	\$ (3,710)	\$ (6,531)
Basic and diluted weighted average number of common shares outstanding	24,502	24,258
Basic and diluted net loss per common share	\$ (0.09)	\$ (0.27)

The accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.

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PLAYBOY ENTERPRISES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS for the Nine Months Ended September 30 (Unaudited) (In thousands, except per share amounts)

	2001	2000
Net revenues	\$ 213,253	\$ 228,175
Costs and expenses		
Cost of sales	(181,228)	(201,996)
Selling and administrative expenses	(39,239)	(40,090)
Restructuring expenses	(256)	(257)
Total costs and expenses	(220,723)	(242,343)
Operating loss	(7,470)	(14,168)
Nonoperating income (expense)		
Investment income	701	943
Interest expense	(9,342)	(6,522)
Equity in operations of Playboy TV International, LLC and other	258	150
Gain (loss) on disposals	290	(2,700)
Playboy.com registration statement expenses	--	(1,524)
Legal settlement	--	(622)
Other, net	(1,417)	(905)

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Total nonoperating expense	(9,510)	(11,180)
Loss before income taxes and cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	(16,980)	(25,348)
Income tax benefit (expense)	(654)	6,724
Loss before cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	(17,634)	(18,624)
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	(4,218)	--
Net loss	(21,852)	(18,624)
Other comprehensive income (loss) (net of tax)		
Unrealized loss on marketable securities	(624)	(2)
Derivative loss	(1,235)	--
Foreign currency translation adjustment	61	(9)
Total other comprehensive loss	(1,798)	(11)
Comprehensive loss	\$ (23,650)	\$ (18,635)
Basic and diluted weighted average number of common shares outstanding	24,375	24,233
Basic and diluted loss per common share		
Loss before cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	\$ (0.73)	\$ (0.77)
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	(0.17)	--
Net loss	\$ (0.90)	\$ (0.77)

The accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.

PLAYBOY ENTERPRISES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (In thousands, except share data)

	(Unaudited) Sept. 30, 2001	Dec. 31, 2000
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,387	\$ 2,534
Marketable securities	2,853	3,443
Receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$8,495 and \$5,994, respectively	40,916	45,075

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Receivables from related parties	9,619	7,575
Inventories, net	20,147	20,700
Programming costs	--	51,939
Deferred subscription acquisition costs	12,277	12,514
Other current assets	9,271	11,554
<hr/>		
Total current assets	100,470	155,334
<hr/>		
Receivables from related parties	50,000	57,500
Property and equipment, net	9,704	10,689
Programming costs	57,402	3,515
Goodwill, net of amortization of \$6,669 and \$4,761, respectively	135,509	87,260
Trademarks, net of amortization of \$17,044 and \$14,701, respectively	51,616	52,585
Other noncurrent assets	32,319	21,605
<hr/>		
Total assets	\$ 437,020	\$ 388,488
<hr/>		
Liabilities		
Financing obligations	\$ 4,885	\$ 3,922
Financing obligations to related parties	15,000	5,000
Accounts payable	18,545	25,295
Accounts payable to related parties	1,265	718
Accrued salaries, wages and employee benefits	2,500	8,915
Deferred revenues	48,669	41,898
Deferred revenues from related parties	8,497	4,397
Acquisition liability	20,544	--
Other liabilities and accrued expenses	19,021	16,861
<hr/>		
Total current liabilities	138,926	107,006
<hr/>		
Financing obligations	83,734	89,328
Financing obligations to related parties	--	5,000
Deferred revenues from related parties	44,775	50,875
Net deferred tax liabilities	4,679	4,679
Acquisition liability	44,204	--
Other noncurrent liabilities	27,868	17,415
<hr/>		
Total liabilities	344,186	274,303
<hr/>		
Shareholders' equity		
Common stock, \$0.01 par value		
Class A voting - 7,500,000 shares authorized; 4,864,102 and 4,859,102 issued, respectively	49	49
Class B nonvoting - 30,000,000 shares authorized; 19,881,308 and 19,647,048 issued, respectively	199	196
Capital in excess of par value	122,547	120,519
Accumulated deficit	(25,236)	(3,384)
Unearned compensation restricted stock	(2,689)	(2,713)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(2,036)	(482)
<hr/>		
Total shareholders' equity	92,834	114,185
<hr/>		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 437,020	\$ 388,488
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The accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.

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PLAYBOY ENTERPRISES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
for the Nine Months Ended September 30 (Unaudited)
(In thousands)

	2001	2000
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net loss	\$ (21,852)	\$ (18,624)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used for operating activities:		
Depreciation of property and equipment	2,940	2,600
Amortization of intangible assets	6,561	5,970
Equity in operations of Playboy TV International, LLC and other	(258)	(150)
(Gain) loss on disposals	(290)	2,700
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	4,218	--
Amortization of investments in entertainment programming	28,046	24,626
Investments in entertainment programming	(27,760)	(24,638)
Net change in operating assets and liabilities	(119)	(14,414)
Other, net	(872)	641
Net cash used for operating activities	(9,386)	(21,289)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Proceeds from disposals	1,602	887
Additions to property and equipment	(2,120)	(4,726)
Acquisition of Califa Entertainment Group, Inc. and V.O.D., Inc.	(501)	--
Acquisition of Rouze Media, Inc.	--	(1,152)
Funding of equity interests	(1,747)	(1,740)
Purchase of marketable securities	(34)	(538)
Other, net	3	--
Net cash used for investing activities	(2,797)	(7,269)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Net proceeds from sale of Playboy.com, Inc. Series A Preferred Stock	13,305	--
Proceeds from financing obligations	5,000	5,000
Repayment of financing obligations	(2,881)	(15,000)
Net proceeds from (payments on) revolving credit facility	(1,750)	16,500
Deferred financing fees	(391)	(590)
Proceeds from stock plans	1,960	1,312
Other, net	(207)	--
Net cash provided by financing activities	15,036	7,222
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	2,853	(21,336)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	2,534	23,528
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 5,387	\$ 2,192

The accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.

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PLAYBOY ENTERPRISES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(A) BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial information included in these financial statements is unaudited but, in the opinion of management, reflects all normal recurring adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the interim periods. The interim results of operations and cash flows are not necessarily indicative of those results and cash flows for the entire year. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes to the financial statements contained in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2000 of Playboy Enterprises, Inc. and its subsidiaries (the "Company"). Certain amounts reported for prior periods have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

(B) ACQUISITIONS

On July 6, 2001, the Company completed its acquisition of three networks: The Hot Network and The Hot Zone together with the related television assets of Califa Entertainment Group, Inc. ("Califa") and Vivid TV and the related television assets of V.O.D., Inc. ("VODI"). The Company's ownership of VODI is currently reflected through a management services agreement pending the resolution of certain contingencies. The Company is combining these television networks into its Spice-branded television networks portfolio, enabling the Company to offer a wider range of adult programming. The Company is accounting for the acquisitions of Califa and VODI under the purchase method of accounting and, accordingly, the results of Califa and VODI since the acquisition date have been included in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss. In connection with the acquisitions and preliminary purchase price allocations, goodwill of approximately \$50 million has been recorded.

The nominal consideration for Califa's assets was \$28.3 million. The Company also assumed the obligations of Califa related to a note payable and non-compete liability. The nominal consideration for VODI's assets was \$41.7 million. The Company is obligated to pay up to an additional \$12.0 million in consideration should the acquired assets achieve certain financial performance targets. The total consideration will be paid over ten years, with the Company having the option of paying up to approximately \$70 million of the scheduled payments in cash or Class B common stock. The Company is scheduled to make the base payments and any performance-based payments as follows (in thousands):

Year Ended December 31

2001	\$ 17,000
2002	7,750
2003	9,500
2004	8,000
2005	8,000
2006	8,000
2007	8,000
2008	1,000
2009	1,000
2010	1,000
2011	750
Total base payments	70,000

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2003	5,000
2004	7,000

Total performance-based payments	\$ 12,000
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The following unaudited pro forma information presents a summary of the results of operations of the Company assuming the acquisitions occurred on January 1, 2000 (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2001	2000

Net revenues	\$ 220,269	\$ 239,348
Loss before cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	(18,900)	(19,476)
Net loss	(23,118)	(19,629)
Basic and diluted loss per common share		
Loss before cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	(0.74)	(0.76)
Net loss	\$ (0.90)	\$ (0.77)

The basic and diluted earnings per common share calculations reflect the presumed increase in outstanding shares of Class B common stock to be issued in the fourth quarter of 2001 as part of the consideration to be paid to the owners of Califa and VODI. The shares to be issued are assumed to be 1,278,000 based on a recent Class B share price of \$12.52, with a total value of \$16.0 million. These unaudited pro forma results have been prepared for comparative purposes only. They do not purport to be indicative of the results of operations which actually would have resulted had the acquisition occurred on January 1, 2000, or of future results of operations. For historical financial information regarding Califa and VODI, as well as more detailed pro forma information, refer to the Company's Form 8-K/A filed on September 19, 2001.

The allocation of the purchase price reflected in the Company's September 30, 2001 Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements is preliminary. The final purchase price allocation, which will be based in part on an independent valuation of the intangible assets of Califa and VODI, may result in adjustments to the acquired assets and liabilities and to operating results. The purchase price has been recorded at its net present value and is reported in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet as current and noncurrent "Acquisition liability".

(C) RESTRUCTURING EXPENSES

In 1999, the Company began a cost-reduction effort that led to a work force reduction of 49 employees, or approximately 6%, through Company-wide layoffs and attrition. This resulted in a \$0.2 million restructuring charge related to the termination of eight employees in the first quarter of 2000. All charges related to this restructuring were recorded and paid by December 31, 2000.

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In the fourth quarter of 2000, realignment of senior management, coupled with staff reductions, led to an additional restructuring charge of \$3.7 million related to the termination of 19 employees, or approximately 3% of the work force. A total of \$3.6 million related to this restructuring was paid by September 30, 2001, with the remainder to be paid through 2003.

In the third quarter of 2001, the Company began a restructuring plan in light of current economic conditions. The plan includes a reduction in work force and vacating portions of certain office facilities by combining operations for greater efficiency, refocusing sales and marketing, outsourcing some operations and reducing overhead expenses. This resulted in a work force reduction of 106 employees, or approximately 15%, through Company-wide layoffs and attrition, approximately half of whom were in the Playboy Online Group. In the third quarter of 2001, 15 employees were notified of their termination, which led to a restructuring charge of \$0.3 million. Of this, \$0.1 million was paid by September 30, 2001, with most of the remainder to be paid in 2002. The remaining 74 employees were notified of their termination in the fourth quarter of 2001, and the Company expects to record an additional \$2.0 million to \$2.5 million charge in that quarter. Of this, approximately \$1.3 million will be paid by December 31, 2001, with most of the remainder to be paid in 2002. Additionally, 17 positions were eliminated through attrition. The Company is also finalizing plans to eliminate excess leased space in its New York and Chicago offices, and expects to record a related charge in the fourth quarter of 2001.

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(D) GAIN (LOSS) ON DISPOSALS

In July 2001, the Company sold a majority of its interest in VIPress Poland Sp. z o.o. ("VIPress"), publisher of the Polish edition of Playboy magazine, to their local management. In connection with the sale, the Company recorded a nonoperating gain of \$0.4 million in the third quarter of 2001. There was no income tax effect attributable to the transaction due to the Company's net operating loss carryforward position. Prior to the sale, the financial statements of VIPress were included in the Company's financial statements, along with the related minority interest. Subsequent to the sale, the Company's remaining 20% interest in VIPress has been accounted for under the equity method and, as such, the Company's proportionate share of net income (loss) from VIPress has been included in nonoperating results.

In 2000, the Company completed the sale of its Critics' Choice Video catalog and related Internet business and fulfillment and customer service operations. In connection with the sale, the Company recorded a nonoperating loss of \$2.9 million in 2000 (\$2.7 million through the first nine months), and recorded an additional \$0.1 million nonoperating loss in 2001. The Company recorded a related deferred tax benefit of \$0.4 million in 2000, which was offset by an increase in the valuation allowance.

(E) CUMULATIVE EFFECT OF CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

During the first quarter of 2001, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 139, Rescission of FASB Statement No. 53 and Amendments to FASB Statements No. 63, 89, and 121 ("Statement 139") and Statement of Position 00-2, Accounting by Producers or Distributors of Films ("SOP 00-2"). Statement 139 rescinds FASB Statement No. 53, Financial Reporting by Producers and Distributors of Motion Picture Films. SOP 00-2 establishes new film accounting and reporting standards for producers or distributors of films, including changes in revenue recognition and accounting for marketing, development and overhead costs. SOP 00-2 also requires all programming costs to

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be classified on the balance sheet as noncurrent assets. As a result of the adoption of SOP 00-2, the Company recorded a noncash, one-time charge of \$4.2 million, or \$0.17 per basic and diluted common share, in the first quarter of 2001, representing a cumulative effect of change in accounting principle. The charge primarily relates to reversals of previously recognized revenues which under the new rules were considered not yet earned, combined with a write-off of marketing costs that were previously capitalized and are no longer capitalizable under the new rules.

(F) OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

The following sets forth the components of other comprehensive income (loss), and any related income tax effect allocated to each item (in thousands):

	(Unaudited) Quarters Ended September 30,		(Unaudited) Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2001	2000	2001	2000
Unrealized loss on marketable securities (1)	\$ (481)	\$ (28)	\$ (624)	\$ (2)
Derivative loss	(1,138)	--	(1,235)	--
Foreign currency translation adjustment (2)	\$ (3)	\$ 3	\$ 61	\$ (9)

- (1) Net of a related tax benefit of \$16 and \$1 for the quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2000, respectively.
- (2) Net of related tax expense of \$1 and a benefit of \$5 for the quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2000, respectively. For the quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2001, \$244 of accumulated other comprehensive loss was reclassified to earnings related to the sale of VIPress.

(G) DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

Effective January 1, 2001, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 133, Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities ("Statement 133"), as amended by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 138, which require all derivative instruments to be recognized as either assets or liabilities on the balance sheet at fair value. The accounting for changes in the fair value of a derivative instrument depends on whether it has been designated and qualifies as part of a hedging relationship and further, on the type of relationship. For those derivative instruments that are designated and qualify as hedging instruments, a company must designate the hedging instrument, based upon the exposure being hedged, as either a fair value hedge, cash flow hedge or a hedge of a net investment in a foreign operation.

The Company has derivative instruments that have been designated and qualify as cash flow hedges, which are entered into in order to hedge forecasted transactions or the variability of cash flows to be paid related to a recognized liability. The Company entered into an interest rate swap agreement maturing in May 2003 that effectively converts \$45.0 million of its floating rate debt to fixed rate debt, thus reducing the impact of interest rate changes on future interest expense. In addition, to protect against the reduction in value of

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foreign currency cash flows, the Company hedges portions of its forecasted royalty revenues denominated in foreign currencies with forward contracts. The Company hedges these royalties for periods not exceeding 12 months.

Since these derivative instruments are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges, the effective portion of the gain or loss on the derivative instruments is being deferred and reported as a component of other comprehensive income (loss) and is reclassified into earnings when the hedged transactions occur. Upon adoption of Statement 133 in 2001, a \$0.1 million cumulative effect of change in accounting principle was recorded as other comprehensive income.

The Company had unrealized losses totaling \$1.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2001, which represents the effective portion of changes in fair value of the cash flow hedges of \$1.1 million and \$0.1 million reclassified from other comprehensive income to the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations. The Company does not expect the amount reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss to earnings within the next 12 months to be material. For the nine-month period, there was no amount included in earnings related to hedging ineffectiveness.

(H) LOSS PER COMMON SHARE

For the quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2001, options to purchase approximately 2,150,000 and 2,280,000 shares, respectively, of the Company's Class B common stock and approximately 240,000 shares of Class B restricted stock awards were outstanding but were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per common share as the inclusion of these shares would have been antidilutive. As a result, the weighted average number of basic and diluted common shares outstanding for the quarter and nine-month period were equivalent.

(I) INVENTORIES, NET

Inventories, net, which are stated at the lower of cost (specific cost and average cost) or fair value, consisted of the following (in thousands):

	(Unaudited) Sept. 30, 2001	Dec. 31, 2000
Paper	\$ 5,966	\$ 6,432
Editorial and other prepublication costs	6,865	6,987
Merchandise finished goods	7,316	7,281
Total inventories, net	\$20,147	\$20,700

(J) PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Property and equipment, net, consisted of the following (in thousands):

	(Unaudited) Sept. 30, 2001	Dec. 31, 2000
Land	\$ 292	\$ 292
Buildings and improvements	8,540	8,512
Furniture and equipment	15,517	15,420
Leasehold improvements	9,984	9,950
Software	4,724	3,232
Total property and equipment	39,057	37,406

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Accumulated depreciation	(29,353)	(26,717)

Total property and equipment, net	\$ 9,704	\$ 10,689
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(K) SEGMENT INFORMATION

The following tables represent financial information by reportable segment (in thousands):

	(Unaudited) Quarters Ended September 30,		
	2001	2000	

Net revenues			
Entertainment	\$ 29,947	\$ 28,208	\$ 80
Publishing	32,616	33,455	95
Playboy Online	6,754	6,556	19
Catalog	2,658	7,862	8
Other Businesses	2,140	1,809	8

Total	\$ 74,115	\$ 77,890	\$ 213
=====			
Loss before income taxes and cumulative effect of change in accounting principle			
Entertainment	\$ 9,967	\$ 9,077	\$ 20
Publishing	877	1,200	
Playboy Online	(5,097)	(6,188)	(16)
Catalog	5	71	
Other Businesses	618	42	1
Corporate Administration and Promotion	(3,958)	(6,248)	(12)
Restructuring expenses	(256)	--	
Investment income	81	254	
Interest expense	(3,972)	(2,403)	(9)
Equity in operations of Playboy TV International, LLC and other	(163)	958	
Gain (loss) on disposals	390	(2,700)	
Playboy.com registration statement expenses	--	(1,524)	
Legal settlement	--	(622)	
Other, net	(580)	(270)	(1)

Total	\$ (2,088)	\$ (8,353)	\$ (16)
=====			
EBITDA (1)			
Entertainment	\$ 20,463	\$ 18,768	\$ 52
Publishing	1,030	1,382	
Playboy Online	(4,616)	(5,694)	(15)
Catalog	12	122	
Other Businesses	670	95	1
Corporate Administration and Promotion	(2,899)	(9,982)	(9)
Restructuring expenses	(256)	--	

Total	\$ 14,404	\$ 4,691	\$ 30

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(Unaudited)
Sept.

Identifiable assets	
Entertainment (2)	\$ 323
Publishing	49
Playboy Online	6
Catalog	4
Other Businesses	4
Corporate Administration and Promotion	48
Total (2)	\$ 437

- (1) EBITDA represents earnings before interest expense, income taxes, cumulative effect of change in accounting principle, depreciation of property and equipment, amortization of intangible assets, amortization of investments in entertainment programming, amortization of deferred financing fees and equity in operations of Playboy TV International, LLC ("PTVI") and other. EBITDA should not be considered an alternative to any measure of performance or liquidity under generally accepted accounting principles. Similarly, it should not be inferred that EBITDA is more meaningful than any of those measures.
- (2) The increase in identifiable assets since December 31, 2000 was primarily due to the Califa and VODI acquisitions in July 2001.

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(L) FINANCING OBLIGATIONS

At September 30, 2001, the Company's credit facility totaled \$107.1 million, comprised of \$72.1 million of term loans and a \$35.0 million revolving credit facility. At September 30, 2001, \$16.5 million was outstanding under the revolver. The weighted average interest rate as of September 30, 2001 was 7.69% for the term loans and 7.14% for the revolver. The credit agreement contains financial covenants requiring the Company to maintain certain leverage, interest coverage and fixed charge coverage ratios. During the quarter ended June 30, 2001, the Company and its lenders amended the credit agreement, which approved the terms of the acquisition of television networks from Califa and VODI, revised the financial covenant levels and increased the interest rate margin by 0.25%. See Note (B) Acquisitions.

Playboy.com, Inc. ("Playboy.com") has been in active discussions with strategic partners and other potential investors in connection with a private placement of its preferred stock. On each of March 7, 2001 and April 2, 2001, Playboy.com issued a convertible promissory note in the aggregate principal amount of \$5.0 million to two strategic investors. On July 30, 2001, Playboy.com issued a third convertible promissory note in the aggregate principal amount of \$5.0 million to Hugh M. Hefner. On August 13, 2001, each of the three aforementioned convertible promissory notes, together with accrued and unpaid interest thereon, was converted into shares of Playboy.com's Series A Preferred Stock. Playboy.com's Series A Preferred Stock is convertible into Playboy.com common stock (initially on a one-for-one basis) and is redeemable by Playboy.com after the fifth anniversary of the date of its issuance at the option of the holder. In addition, in the event that a holder elects to redeem Playboy.com's

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Series A Preferred Stock at any time after the fifth anniversary of the date of its issuance and before the 180th day thereafter, and Playboy.com is not able to, or does not, satisfy such obligation, in cash or stock, the Company has agreed that it shall redeem all or part of the shares in lieu of redemption by Playboy.com, either in cash, shares of the Company's Class B common stock or any combination thereof at its option.

In September 2001, Hugh M. Hefner made a \$5.0 million loan to Playboy.com. The loan bears interest at an annual rate of 8.00%, with principal and accumulated interest due in July 2002.

(M) NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In June 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") issued Statements of Financial Accounting Standards No. 141, Business Combinations and No. 142, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets (collectively, the "Statements"), effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001. Under the new rules, goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives will no longer be amortized but will be subject to annual impairment tests in accordance with the Statements. Other intangible assets will continue to be amortized over their useful lives. In compliance with the Statements, goodwill recorded in connection with the acquisitions of Califa and VODI on July 6, 2001 is not being amortized.

The Company will apply the new rules on accounting for goodwill and other intangible assets beginning in the first quarter of 2002. For 2001, the amortization of goodwill and intangible assets is expected to be approximately \$8 million. The Company is evaluating the impact that application of the nonamortization provisions of the Statements will have on the Company's financial statements. The Company will perform the first of the required impairment tests of goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets as of January 1, 2002 and has not yet determined what the effect of these tests will be on the financial statements of the Company.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following is a summary of the Company's results of operations (in millions, except per share amounts):

	Quarters Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2001	2000	2001	2000
Net revenues	\$ 74.1	\$ 77.9	\$ 213.3	\$ 228.2
Segment income (loss)	\$ 2.5	\$ (2.0)	\$ (7.2)	\$ (14.0)
Restructuring expenses	(0.3)	--	(0.3)	(0.2)
Operating income (loss)	\$ 2.2	\$ (2.0)	\$ (7.5)	\$ (14.2)
Net loss	\$ (2.1)	\$ (6.5)	\$ (21.9)	\$ (18.6)

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Basic and diluted net loss per common share	\$ (0.09)	\$ (0.27)	\$ (0.90)	\$ (0.77)
<hr/>				

The Company's revenues decreased 5% to \$74.1 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2001 compared to the prior year quarter. Revenues for the nine-month period decreased 7% to \$213.3 million. These decreases were primarily due to the sale of the Critics' Choice Video businesses in October 2000.

For the quarter, operating performance improved \$4.2 million, primarily due to lower Corporate Administration and Promotion expenses combined with better performance from the Playboy Online and Entertainment Groups. For the nine-month period, the improvement in operating performance of \$6.7 million was primarily due to lower Corporate Administration and Promotion expenses combined with better performance from the Entertainment, Playboy Online and Other Businesses Groups.

The net losses for the current year periods reflected higher interest expense largely due to imputed noncash interest related to the deferred payment of the purchase price for the acquisitions of Califa and VODI. The current year nine-month period also included a noncash, one-time charge for a cumulative effect of change in accounting principle related to the adoption of SOP 00-2, Accounting by Producers or Distributors of Films. Both of the prior year periods included income tax benefits which were not recorded in the current year periods principally due to the Company's decision to increase the valuation allowance for its deferred tax assets at the end of 2000. Additionally, the prior year periods both included an estimated loss related to the sale of Critics' Choice Video and a charge incurred in connection with a Playboy.com registration statement that was subsequently withdrawn.

Several of the Company's businesses can experience variations in quarterly performance. As a result, the Company's performance in any quarter is not necessarily reflective of full-year or longer-term trends. Playboy magazine newsstand revenues vary from issue to issue, with revenues generally higher for holiday issues and any issues including editorial or pictorial features that generate unusual public interest. Advertising revenues also vary from quarter to quarter, depending on economic conditions, product introductions by advertising customers and changes in advertising buying patterns. E-commerce revenues are typically impacted by the year-end holiday buying season and decreased Internet traffic during the summer months. Additionally, international TV revenues vary due to the timing of recognizing library license fees from PTVI.

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ENTERTAINMENT GROUP

The Entertainment Group's results were as follows (in millions):

	Quarters Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2001	2000	2001	2000
Revenues				
Domestic TV networks	\$ 23.1	\$ 18.6	\$ 60.2	\$ 57.4
International TV	6.1	7.5	12.9	12.7
Worldwide home video	0.5	1.8	7.3	5.9
Movies and other	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.7
Total revenues	\$ 29.9	\$ 28.2	\$ 80.7	\$ 76.7

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=====				
Segment income				
Before programming expense	\$ 18.8	\$ 17.3	\$ 48.3	\$ 43.1
Programming expense	(8.8)	(8.2)	(28.0)	(24.6)

Total segment income	\$ 10.0	\$ 9.1	\$ 20.3	\$ 18.5
=====				

The following discussion focuses on the profit contribution of each business before programming expense.

Domestic TV Networks

On July 6, 2001, the Company acquired two networks together with the related television assets of Califa, as well as a third network and the related television assets of VODI, a separate entity owned by Califa's principals. The Company is combining these television networks into its Spice-branded television networks portfolio, enabling the Company to offer a wider range of adult programming.

For the quarter and nine-month period, profit contribution for the domestic TV networks business increased \$3.4 million and \$4.0 million, respectively, on revenue increases of \$4.5 million, or 24%, and \$2.8 million, or 5%, respectively. These increases were primarily attributable to the acquisition of the three networks described above, combined with higher Playboy TV revenues. Revenues from all of the Company's networks were unfavorably impacted by the events of September 11, 2001, but have rebounded in the fourth quarter of 2001.

The Company's networks were available to the following approximate household units (in millions):

	Sept. 30, 2001	Dec. 31, 2000	Sept. 30, 2000

Playboy TV (1):			
Cable analog addressable	8.8	11.0	11.9
Cable digital	7.6	3.2	2.6
DTH	17.1	15.4	14.2
Spice (1) (2):			
Cable analog addressable	18.4	16.2	18.2
Cable digital	18.5	8.4	7.2
DTH	33.2	--	--

- (1) Each household unit is defined as one household carrying one given network per carriage platform. A single household can represent multiple household units if two or more of the Company's networks and/or multiple platforms (i.e. analog and digital) are available to that household.
- (2) Includes the three additional networks acquired in July 2001.

International TV

Both revenues and profit contribution from the international TV business decreased \$1.4 million for the quarter, due to the timing of library license fees from PTVI, partially offset by higher programming output payments from PTVI. Profit contribution increased \$0.1 million on a \$0.2 million increase in revenues for the nine-month period, as lower library license fees were more than offset by higher programming output payments.

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Worldwide Home Video

Revenues and profit contribution from the worldwide home video business for the quarter decreased \$1.3 million, or 71%, and \$0.2 million, respectively, largely due to the absence of a domestic home video distributor in the current year quarter. The Company's contract with its domestic distributor expired in June 2001 and a contract with a new distributor became effective in October 2001. Profit contribution increased \$1.9 million on a revenue increase of \$1.4 million, or 23%, for the nine-month period. These increases were primarily due to domestic revenues recorded in the current year in accordance with SOP 00-2, Accounting by Producers or Distributors of Films. These revenues were related to guarantees from a backlist distribution agreement that were recorded in prior year periods. Under the new rules of SOP 00-2, these previously recognized revenues were considered not yet earned and therefore were reversed and reported as part of a cumulative effect of change in accounting principle in the first quarter of the current year. The nine-month comparison also reflected higher international sales of The Eros Collection movies through a one-time multi-territory deal in the current year and lower domestic revenues as a result of the expiration of the distribution contract.

Movies and Other

Both revenues and profit contribution from movies and other businesses decreased \$0.1 million for the quarter. Profit contribution decreased \$0.3 million on a \$0.4 million, or 52%, decrease in revenues for the nine-month period. The Entertainment Group's administrative expenses increased \$0.3 million for the quarter and \$0.4 million for the nine-month period.

Programming Expense

Programming amortization expense increased \$0.6 million for the quarter primarily due to an increase in amortization for domestic TV networks, partially offset by a decrease in worldwide home video amortization. Programming amortization expense increased \$3.4 million for the nine-month period, primarily due to higher amortization for domestic TV networks and international TV.

PUBLISHING GROUP

The Publishing Group's results were as follows (in millions):

	Quarters Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2001	2000	2001	2000

Revenues				
Playboy magazine	\$ 25.6	\$ 26.0	\$ 75.5	\$ 76.6
Other domestic publishing	4.6	4.5	12.0	12.1
International publishing	2.4	3.0	8.5	8.7

Total revenues	\$ 32.6	\$ 33.5	\$ 96.0	\$ 97.4
=====				
Segment income	\$ 0.9	\$ 1.2	\$ 0.3	\$ 2.3
=====				

Playboy magazine revenues decreased \$0.4 million, or 2%, for the quarter and \$1.1 million, or 2%, for the nine-month period, principally due to unfavorable variances in newsstand sales adjustments for prior period issues combined with fewer U.S. and Canadian newsstand copies sold in the current year periods. Lower revenues from the rental of the magazine's subscriber list also contributed to the decrease for the nine-month period. Advertising revenues for

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both the quarter and nine-month period remained relatively flat compared to the prior year periods. Advertising sales for the fourth quarter magazine issues are closed and the Company expects to report 13% lower ad revenues and 22% fewer ad pages compared to the quarter ended December 31, 2000, resulting in expected 4% and 9% decreases in ad revenues and ad pages, respectively, for 2001 compared to 2000. This is largely the result of industry-wide softness.

Other domestic publishing revenues remained relatively flat for both the quarter and nine-month period.

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International publishing revenues decreased \$0.6 million, or 18%, for the quarter primarily due to the Company's sale in July 2001 of a majority of its Polish publishing joint venture to their local management. As a result, the joint venture's results are no longer consolidated. Revenues decreased \$0.2 million, or 2%, for the nine-month period primarily due to lower royalties from the Brazilian edition as a result of weak economic conditions in that country.

Publishing Group segment income for the quarter and nine-month period decreased \$0.3 million and \$2.0 million, respectively, compared to the prior year periods primarily due to lower Playboy magazine subscription and newsstand profitability, partially offset by higher Playboy magazine advertising profitability. Lower international publishing royalties also negatively affected the nine-month comparison.

PLAYBOY ONLINE GROUP

The Playboy Online Group's results were as follows (in millions):

	Quarters Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2001	2000	2001	2000
Revenues	\$ 6.8	\$ 6.6	\$ 19.8	\$ 18.8
Segment loss	\$ (5.1)	\$ (6.2)	\$ (16.6)	\$ (18.0)

Playboy Online Group revenues increased \$0.2 million, or 3%, for the quarter. The group's revenues increased \$1.0 million, or 6%, for the nine-month period. Higher subscription and international revenues, the latter as a result of licensing fees generated by the Company's new German and Korean joint ventures, drove the increases. E-commerce revenues decreased for the quarter, primarily due to the sale of CCVideo.com in October 2000, and increased for the nine-month period. Weaker advertising and sponsorship revenues, an ongoing industry-wide trend, also affected both comparisons. The segment loss decreased \$1.1 million for the quarter and \$1.4 million for the nine-month period, in spite of higher administrative expenses. These were due to trademark, content and administrative fees to the parent company, most of which were charged to Playboy.com beginning in the fourth quarter of 2000. The Company is taking actions to achieve profitability for the group in 2002 by increasing efforts to convert visitors to purchasers and reducing expenses. The Company expects the restructuring and cost-saving initiatives to favorably impact the financial performance of the Playboy Online Group.

CATALOG GROUP

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The Catalog Group's results were as follows (in millions):

	Quarters Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2001	2000	2001	2000
Revenues	\$ 2.7	\$ 7.9	\$ 8.4	\$ 28.1
Segment income (loss)	\$ --	\$ 0.1	\$ (0.2)	\$ (0.3)

Revenues decreased \$5.2 million, or 66%, for the quarter and \$19.7 million, or 70%, for the nine-month period. Segment performance remained relatively flat compared to the prior year periods. These changes were the result of management's decision to divest this non-branded, non-core business. In October 2000, the Company completed the sale of its Critics' Choice Video businesses and related fulfillment and customer service operations to Infinity Resources, Inc.

The Company expects to effect a sale of its Collectors' Choice Music catalog and related Internet business, at which time the Company's presence in the non-branded print catalog business will end.

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OTHER BUSINESSES GROUP

The Other Businesses Group's results were as follows (in millions):

	Quarters Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2001	2000	2001	2000
Revenues	\$ 2.1	\$ 1.8	\$ 8.4	\$ 7.2
Segment income	\$ 0.6	\$ --	\$ 1.7	\$ 0.5

Segment income from the Other Businesses Group for the quarter and nine-month period increased \$0.6 million and \$1.2 million, respectively, on revenue increases of \$0.3 million, or 18%, and \$1.2 million, or 17%, respectively. Lower business development expenses related to casino gaming opportunities, combined with growth in the Company's domestic licensed branded products business, were responsible for the increased performance.

The Company has found that the greatest interest in the marketplace for Playboy-branded casinos and entertainment centers will be from licensing and marketing opportunities, as opposed to equity management deals. Therefore, as part of its restructuring, the Company has combined the operations of casino gaming into product marketing.

CORPORATE ADMINISTRATION AND PROMOTION

Corporate Administration and Promotion expenses of \$4.0 million decreased \$2.3 million, or 37%, for the quarter. Expenses of \$12.8 million decreased \$4.1 million, or 24%, for the nine-month period. These decreases reflect a reduction

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of expenses related to the trademark, content and administrative fees from the Playboy Online Group, combined with lower technology expenses. Lower marketing expenses also favorably impacted the quarter.

RESTRUCTURING EXPENSES

In the third quarter of 2001, the Company began a restructuring plan in light of current economic conditions. The plan includes a reduction in work force and vacating portions of certain office facilities by combining operations for greater efficiency, refocusing sales and marketing, outsourcing some operations and reducing overhead expenses. As a result of these measures, the Company expects to save approximately \$8 million to \$10 million on an annualized basis. A \$0.3 million restructuring charge was recorded in the third quarter of 2001 related to the termination of 15 employees. In the fourth quarter of 2001, the Company expects to record an additional \$2.0 million to \$2.5 million charge related to the termination of an additional 74 employees. Additionally, 17 positions were eliminated through attrition. The Company is also finalizing plans to eliminate excess leased space in its New York and Chicago offices, and expects to record a related charge in the fourth quarter of 2001.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2000, a \$0.2 million restructuring charge was recorded in the first quarter related to the termination of eight employees.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

At September 30, 2001, the Company had \$5.4 million in cash and cash equivalents and \$103.6 million in total financing obligations compared to \$2.5 million in cash and cash equivalents and \$103.3 million in total financing obligations at December 31, 2000. The financing obligations at September 30, 2001 and December 31, 2000 included \$15.0 million and \$10.0 million, respectively, in loans made directly to Playboy.com that are non-recourse to the parent company. The Company plans to finance its working capital and capital expenditure requirements primarily from cash generated from operations, short- and long-term borrowings and sales of equity. The Company's current liquidity requirements are being provided by a \$107.1 million credit facility, comprised of \$72.1 million of term loans and a \$35.0 million revolving credit facility. At September 30, 2001, \$16.5 million was outstanding under the revolver. The weighted average interest rate as of September 30, 2001 was 7.69% for the term loans and 7.14% for the revolver.

The credit agreement contains financial covenants requiring the Company to maintain certain leverage, interest coverage and fixed charge coverage ratios. During the quarter ended June 30, 2001, the Company and its lenders amended the credit agreement, which approved the terms of the acquisition of television networks from Califa and VODI, revised the financial covenant levels and increased the interest rate margin by 0.25%.

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The nominal consideration for Califa's assets previously discussed was \$28.3 million. The Company also assumed the obligations of Califa related to a note payable and non-compete liability. The nominal consideration for VODI's assets was \$41.7 million. The Company is obligated to pay up to an additional \$12.0 million in consideration should the acquired assets achieve certain financial performance targets. The total consideration will be paid over ten years, with the Company having the option of paying up to approximately \$70 million of the scheduled payments in cash or Class B common stock.

Playboy.com has been in active discussions with strategic partners and

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other potential investors in connection with a private placement of its preferred stock. On each of March 7, 2001 and April 2, 2001, Playboy.com issued a convertible promissory note in the aggregate principal amount of \$5.0 million to two strategic investors. On July 30, 2001, Playboy.com issued a third convertible promissory note in the aggregate principal amount of \$5.0 million to Hugh M. Hefner. On August 13, 2001, each of the three aforementioned convertible promissory notes, together with accrued and unpaid interest thereon, was converted into shares of Playboy.com's Series A Preferred Stock. Playboy.com's Series A Preferred Stock is convertible into Playboy.com common stock (initially on a one-for-one basis) and is redeemable by Playboy.com after the fifth anniversary of the date of its issuance at the option of the holder. In addition, in the event that a holder elects to redeem Playboy.com's Series A Preferred Stock at any time after the fifth anniversary of the date of its issuance and before the 180th day thereafter, and Playboy.com is not able to, or does not, satisfy such obligation, in cash or stock, the Company has agreed that it shall redeem all or part of the shares in lieu of redemption by Playboy.com, either in cash, shares of the Company's Class B common stock or any combination thereof at its option.

In September 2001, Hugh M. Hefner made a \$5.0 million loan to Playboy.com. The loan bears interest at an annual rate of 8.00%, with principal and accumulated interest due in July 2002.

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Net cash used for operating activities was \$9.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2001, due primarily to \$27.8 million of investments in Company-produced and licensed entertainment programming, partially offset by positive results (after adjusting for noncash items), principally from the Entertainment Group.

CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES

Net cash used for investing activities was \$2.8 million for the nine-month period primarily due to \$2.1 million of additions to property and equipment and \$1.7 million in funding of its equity interests in international TV ventures. The Califa and VODI acquisitions resulted in net cash paid of \$0.5 million in the current year. Partially offsetting the above was \$1.6 million of proceeds from disposals, largely related to the sale of VIPress.

CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$15.0 million for the nine-month period primarily due to \$13.3 million of net proceeds from the sale of Playboy.com's Series A Preferred Stock. Playboy.com also received the \$5.0 million loan from Hugh M. Hefner.

OTHER

In June 2001, the FASB issued the Statements, Business Combinations and Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets, effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001. Under the new rules, goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives will no longer be amortized but will be subject to annual impairment tests in accordance with the Statements. Other intangible assets will continue to be amortized over their useful lives. In compliance with the Statements, goodwill recorded in connection with the acquisitions of Califa and VODI on July 6, 2001 is not being amortized.

The Company will apply the new rules on accounting for goodwill and other intangible assets beginning in the first quarter of 2002. For 2001, the amortization of goodwill and intangible assets is expected to be approximately \$8 million. The Company is evaluating the impact that application of the

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nonamortization provisions of the Statements will have on the Company's financial statements. The Company will perform the first of the required impairment tests of goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets as of January 1, 2002 and has not yet determined what the effect of these tests will be on the financial statements of the Company.

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FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Form 10-Q Quarterly Report contains "forward-looking statements," including statements in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," as to expectations, beliefs, plans, objectives and future financial performance, and assumptions underlying or concerning the foregoing. These forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, which could cause actual results, performance or outcomes to differ materially from those expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements. The following are some of the important factors that could cause actual results, performance or outcomes to differ materially from those discussed in the forward-looking statements:

- (1) foreign, national, state and local government regulation, actions or initiatives, including:
 - (a) attempts to limit or otherwise regulate the sale, distribution or transmission of adult-oriented materials, including print, video and online materials,
 - (b) changes in or increased regulation of gaming businesses, which could limit the Company's ability to obtain licenses, and the impact of federal and state laws on gaming businesses generally,
 - (c) limitations on the advertisement of tobacco, alcohol and other products which are important sources of advertising revenue, or
 - (d) substantive changes in postal regulations or rates which could increase the Company's postage and distribution costs;
- (2) risks associated with foreign operations, including market acceptance and demand for the Company's products and the products of its licensees and the Company's ability to manage the risk associated with its exposure to foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations;
- (3) increases in interest rates;
- (4) changes in general economic conditions, consumer spending habits, viewing patterns, fashion trends or the retail sales environment which, in each case, could reduce demand for the Company's programming and products and impact its advertising revenues;
- (5) the Company's ability to protect its trademarks and other intellectual property;
- (6) risks as a distributor of media content, including becoming subject to claims for defamation, invasion of privacy, negligence, copyright, patent or trademark infringement, and other claims based on the nature and content of the materials distributed;
- (7) the dilution from any potential issuance of additional Company common stock in connection with acquisitions by the Company and investments in

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Playboy.com;

- (8) competition for advertisers from other publications, media or online providers or any decrease in spending by advertisers, either generally or with respect to the adult male market;
- (9) competition in the cable, DTH, men's magazine and Internet markets;
- (10) reliance on third parties for technology and distribution for the television video-on-demand and Internet businesses;
- (11) changes in distribution technology and/or unforeseen delays in the implementation of that technology by the cable and DTH industries, which might affect the Company's plans and assumptions regarding carriage of its networks;
- (12) risks associated with losing access to transponders, competition for transponders and channel space and any decline in the Company's access to, and acceptance by, cable and DTH systems or any deterioration in the terms or cancellation of fee arrangements with operators of these systems;
- (13) attempts by consumers or citizens groups to exclude the Company's programming from pay television distribution;
- (14) risks associated with integrating the operations of the three networks that the Company recently acquired and the risks that the Company may not realize the expected operating efficiencies, synergies, increased sales and profits and other benefits from the acquisitions;
- (15) increases in paper or printing costs;
- (16) effects of the national consolidation of the single-copy magazine distribution system;
- (17) uncertainty of the viability of the Internet gaming, e-commerce, advertising and subscription businesses; and
- (18) the Company's ability to obtain adequate third-party financing, including equity investments, to fund the Company's Internet business, and the timing and terms of such financing.

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EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

(a) Exhibits

Exhibit Number -----	Description -----
#2.1	Asset Purchase Agreement, dated as of June 29, 2001, by and among Playboy Enterprises, Inc., Califa Entertainment Group, Inc., V.O.D., Inc., Steven Hirsch, Dewi James and William Asher (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 from the Current Report on Form 8-K dated July 6, 2001)
#10.1	Amendment to July 1, 1987 Playboy Magazine Subscription Fulfillment Agreement between Communications Data Services, Inc. and Playboy Enterprises International, Inc. dated July 1, 2001

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10.2 Promissory note dated September 26, 2001 between Playboy.com, Inc. and Hugh M. Hefner

10.3 Los Angeles Studio Facility Lease Documents

- a Agreement of Lease dated September 20, 2001 between Kingston Andrita LLC and Playboy Entertainment Group, Inc.
- b Sublease dated September 20, 2001 between Playboy Entertainment Group, Inc. and Directrix, Inc.
- c Guaranty dated September 20, 2001 by Playboy Entertainment Group, Inc. in favor of Kingston Andrita LLC

Certain information omitted pursuant to a request for confidential treatment filed separately with the Securities and Exchange Commission

(b) Reports on Form 8-K

On July 23, 2001, the Company filed a Form 8-K relating to its acquisition of (i) two networks (The Hot Network and The Hot Zone) and the related television assets of Califa and (ii) a third network (Vivid TV) and the related television assets of VODI. On September 19, 2001, the Company filed an amendment on Form 8-K/A to update the Form 8-K filed on July 23, 2001 to include applicable financial statements.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

PLAYBOY ENTERPRISES, INC.

(Registrant)

Date November 13, 2001

By s/ Linda Havard

Linda G. Havard
Executive Vice President,
Finance and Operations,
and Chief Financial Officer
(Authorized Officer and
Principal Financial and
Accounting Officer)

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