UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

X QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2009

OR

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from_____ to _____.

Commission file number: 1-34167

ePlus inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 54-1817218 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

13595 Dulles Technology Drive, Herndon, VA 20171-3413 (Address, including zip code, of principal executive offices)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (703) 984-8400

Title of each class Common Stock, \$.01 par value Name of each exchange on which registered Nasdaq Global Market

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes o No x

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 of Section 15(d) of the Act.

Yes o No x

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (Section 229.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes o No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer £ Non-accelerated filer £ (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Accelerated filer £ Smaller reporting company T

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes £ No T

The number of shares of common stock outstanding as of July 31, 2009 was 8,224,315.

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Cautionary Language About Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains certain statements that are, or may be deemed to be, "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and are made in reliance upon the protections provided by such acts for forward-looking statements. Such statements are not based on historical fact, but are based upon numerous assumptions about future conditions that may not occur. Forward-looking statements are generally identifiable by use of forward-looking words such as "may," "should," "intend," "estimate," "will," "potential," "could," "believe," "expect," "ant "project," "forecast," and similar expressions. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements made by us or on our behalf. Forward-looking statements are made based upon information that is currently available or management's current expectations and beliefs concerning future developments and their potential effects upon us, speak only as of the date hereof, and are subject to certain risks and uncertainties. We do not undertake any obligation to publicly update or correct any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances that subsequently occur, or of which we hereafter become aware. Actual events, transactions and results may materially differ from the anticipated events, transactions or results described in such statements. Our ability to consummate such transactions and achieve such events or results is subject to certain risks and uncertainties. Such

• we offer a comprehensive set of solutions—the bundling of our direct IT sales, professional services and financing with our proprietary software, and may encounter some of the challenges, risks, difficulties and uncertainties frequently faced by similar companies, such as:

managing a diverse product set of solutions in highly competitive markets;

- increasing the total number of customers utilizing bundled solutions by up-selling within our customer base and gaining new customers;
 - adapting to meet changes in markets and competitive developments;
- maintaining and increasing advanced professional services by retaining highly skilled personnel and vendor certifications;
- integrating with external IT systems, including those of our customers and vendors; and
 continuing to enhance our proprietary software and update our technology infrastructure to remain competitive in the marketplace.

our ability to hire and retain sufficient qualified personnel;

• a decrease in the capital spending budgets of, or delay of technology purchases by, our customers or potential customers;

our ability to protect our intellectual property;

- the creditworthiness of our customers;
- •reduction of vendor incentive programs;
- our ability to raise capital, maintain, or increase as needed, our lines of credit or floor planning facilities, or obtain non-recourse financing for our transactions;
 - our ability to realize our investment in leased equipment;

our ability to reserve adequately for credit losses; and

• significant adverse changes in, reductions in, or losses of relationships with major customers or vendors.

We cannot be certain that our business strategy will be successful or that we will successfully address these and other challenges, risks and uncertainties. For a further list and description of various risks, relevant factors and uncertainties that could cause future results or events to differ materially from those expressed or implied in our forward-looking statements, see the "Risk Factors" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" sections contained elsewhere in this report, as well as our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2009, any subsequent Reports on Form 10-Q and Form 8-K, and other filings with the SEC.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION Item 1. Financial Statements

ePlus inc. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED)

ASSETS	Jur	As of ne 30, 2009 (in th	M ousands)	As of larch 31, 2009
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	103,323	\$	107,788
Accounts receivable-net		85,253		82,734
Notes receivable		4,013		2,632
Inventories—net		13,801		9,739
Investment in leases and leased equipment—net		123,260		119,256
Property and equipment—net		3,014		3,313
Other assets		15,696		16,809
Goodwill		21,601		21,601
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	369,961	\$	363,872

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

LIABILITIES

Accounts payable—equipment	\$ 6,940	\$ 2,904
Accounts payable—trade	19,262	18,833
Accounts payable—floor plan	57,182	45,127
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	29,341	33,588
Income taxes payable	1,715	912
Recourse notes payable	102	102
Non-recourse notes payable	75,061	84,977
Deferred tax liability	2,957	2,957
Total Liabilities	192,560	189,400

COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Note 7)

STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Preferred stock, \$.01 par value; 2,000,000 shares		
authorized; none issued or outstanding	-	-
Common stock, \$.01 par value; 25,000,000 shares		
authorized; 11,618,272 issued and 8,201,618		
outstanding at June 30, 2009 and 11,504,167		
issued and 8,088,513 outstanding at March 31,		
2009	116	115

Additional paid-in capital		80,982	80,055
Treasury stock, at cost, 3,416,591 and 3,415,654			
shares, respectively		(37,240)	(37,229)
Retained earnings		133,353	131,452
Accumulated other comprehensive income-foreig	gn		
currency translation adjustment		190	79
Total Stockholders' Equity		177,401	174,472
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS'			
EQUITY	\$	369,961	\$ 363,872

See Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

ePlus inc. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

Three months ended June 30, 2009 2008

(amounts in thousands, except shares and per share data)

REVENUES

Sales of product and services	\$ 140,450	\$ 165,759
Sales of leased equipment	1,488	1,265
	141,938	167,024
Lease revenues	8,075	11,625
Fee and other income	2,407	3,637
	10,482	15,262
TOTAL REVENUES	152,420	182,286
COSTS AND EXPENSES		
Cost of sales, product and services	120,571	143,717
Cost of leased equipment	1,410	1,226
	121,981	144,943
Direct lease costs	2,548	3,794
Professional and other fees	1,817	2,545
Salaries and benefits	17,925	19,464
General and administrative expenses	3,506	3,788
Interest and financing costs	1,305	1,485
	27,101	31,076
TOTAL COSTS AND EXPENSES (1)	149,082	176,019
EARNINGS BEFORE PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES	3,338	6,267
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES	1,437	2,574
NET EARNINGS	\$ 1,901	\$ 3,693
NET EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE—BASIC	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.45
NET EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE—DILUTED	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.43
WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING—BASIC	8,147,685	8,253,552

WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING—DILUTED

8,415,531 8,580,659

(1)Includes amounts to related parties of \$283 and \$278 for the three months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

See Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

ePlus inc. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

	T	hree Mon 2009 (in	ths En thousa	2008	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:		(III	1110 4.50)	
Net earnings	\$	1,901		\$ 3,693	
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to net cash used in					
operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization		3,071		4,290	
Reserves for credit losses and sales returns		101		1,290	
Provision for inventory allowances and inventory returns		166		96	
Share-based compensation expense		56		31	
Excess tax benefit from exercise of stock options		(82)		(66	
Tax benefit of stock options exercised		129		97	
Payments from lessees directly to lenders—operating leases		(2,001)	(2,835	
Loss on disposal of property and equipment		4	/	8	
Gain on sale or disposal of operating lease equipment		204		(372	
Increase in cash value of officers' life insurance		(4)	-	
Changes in:		(-	/		
Accounts receivable—net		(3,035)	(2,431	
Notes receivable		(1,381)	(5,805	
Inventories—net)	455	
Investment in direct financing and sale-type leases—net		(15,507	· ·	(9,274	
Other assets		1,351	<i>.</i>	(5,411	
Accounts payable—equipment		4,012		(501	
Accounts payable—trade		391		3,011	
Salaries and commissions payable, accrued expenses and other					
liabilities		(3,474)	3,266	
Net cash used in operating activities		(18,326)	(11,731	
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:					
Proceeds from sale or disposal of operating lease equipment		517		750	
Purchases of operating lease equipment		(395)	(1,302	
Purchases of property and equipment		(167)	(231	
Premiums paid on officers' life insurance		(79)	(79	
Cash used in acquisition, net of cash acquired		-		(364	
Net cash used in investing activities		(124)	(1,226	

ePlus inc. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - continued (UNAUDITED)

		ee Mor 009	nths E	nded	June 30, 2008
Cash Flows From Financing Activities:	(in thousands)		;)		
Borrowings:					
Non-recourse	2	,508			16,299
Repayments:					
Non-recourse	()	1,210)		(1,757
Repurchase of common stock	(10)		-
Proceeds from issuance of capital stock through option exercise	7	43			343
Excess tax benefit from exercise of stock options	8	2			66
Net borrowings on floor plan facility	1	2,055			1,420
Net cash provided by financing activities	1	4,168			16,371
Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash	(183)		11
Net (Decrease) Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(4	4,465)		3,425
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Period	1	07,788	}		58,423
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Period	\$ 1	03,323	}	\$	61,848
Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information:					
Cash paid for interest	\$ 1	23		\$	141
Cash paid for income taxes	\$ 7	59		\$	2,432
Schedule of Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities:					
Purchase of property and equipment included in accounts payable	\$ 1	17		\$	19
Purchase of operating lease equipment included in accounts					
payable	\$ 2	0		\$	13
Principal payments from lessees directly to lenders	\$ 1	1,257		\$	12,842

See Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

ePlus inc. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements of ePlus inc. and subsidiaries and notes thereto included herein are unaudited and have been prepared by us, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and reflect all adjustments that are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair statement of results for the interim periods. All adjustments made were of a normal recurring nature.

Certain information and note disclosures normally included in the financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("U.S. GAAP") have been condensed or omitted pursuant to SEC rules and regulations.

These interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with our Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 2009, which was filed on June 16, 2009. Operating results for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results for an entire year. A detailed description of the Company's significant accounting policies can be found in the audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2009, included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K. There have been no other significant changes to the accounting policies that were included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2009.

PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION — The Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of ePlus inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS – Management has evaluated subsequent events after the balance sheet date through the financial statement issuance date for appropriate accounting and disclosure.

COMPREHENSIVE INCOME — Comprehensive income consists of net income and foreign currency translation adjustments. For the three months ended June 30, 2009, other comprehensive income was \$112 thousand, and net income was \$1.9 million. This resulted in total comprehensive income of \$2.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2008, other comprehensive income was \$11 thousand, and net income was \$3.7 million. This resulted in total comprehensive income of \$3.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2008.

RECENTLY ADOPTED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS — In February 2008, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued FASB Staff Position ("FSP") No. 157-2, "Effective Date of FASB Statement No. 157" ("FSP No. 157-2"), which delayed the effective date of SFAS No. 157 for all non-financial assets and non-financial liabilities, except for those items that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a recurring basis, until fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008. On April 1, 2009, we adopted FSP No. 157-2 and SFAS No. 157 as it applies to those non-financial assets and liabilities. The adoption did not have a material impact on our financial statements.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 141 (revised 2007), "Business Combinations" ("SFAS No. 141R"), which replaces SFAS No. 141. SFAS No. 141R (i) applies to all transactions in which an entity obtains control of one or more businesses, including those without the transfer of consideration, (ii) defines the acquirer as the entity that obtains control on the acquisition date, (iii) requires the measurement at fair value of the acquired assets, assumed liabilities and noncontrolling interest, (iv) requires that the acquisition and restructuring related costs be recognized

separately from the business combinations, and (v) requires that goodwill be recognized as of the acquisition date, measured as residual, which in most cases will result in the excess of consideration plus acquisition-date fair value of noncontrolling interest over the fair values of identifiablenet assets. In addition, under SFAS No. 141R, "negative goodwill," in which consideration given is less than the acquisition-date fair value of identifiable net assets, will be recognized as a gain to the acquirer. SFAS No. 141R is applied prospectively to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the first annual reporting period beginning on or after December 15, 2008. We adopted SFAS No. 141R on April 1, 2009. The adoption of SFAS No. 141R did not impact our financial statements for prior periods. Impact of the adoption of SFAS No. 141R for financial statements in the future periods will depend on the nature of acquisitions completed after April 1, 2009.

In April 2009, the FASB issued Staff Position ("FSP") No. 141 R-1, "Accounting for Assets Acquired and Liabilities Assumed in a Business Combination That Arise from Contingencies," ("FSP 141R-1"). FSP 141R-1 amends SFAS No. 141R by establishing a set of criteria to account for assets and liabilities arising from contingencies in business combinations. Under FSP 141R-1, an acquirer is required to recognize, at fair value, an asset acquired or a liability assumed in a business combination that arises from a contingency if the acquisition-date fair value of that asset or liability can be determined during the measurement period. If the acquisition-date fair value cannot be determined, then the acquirer should follow the recognition criteria in SFAS No. 5, "Accounting for Contingencies," and FASB Interpretation No. 14, "Reasonable Estimation of the Amount of a Loss – an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 5." We adopted FSP 141R-1 on April 1, 2009. The adoption of FSP 141R-1 did not impact our financial statements for prior periods. Impact of the adoption of SFAS No. 141R for financial statements in the future periods will depend on the nature of acquisitions completed after April 1, 2009.

In April 2008, the FASB issued FSP No. 142-3, "Determination of the Useful Life of Intangible Asset."("FSP No. 142-3"). FSP No. 142-3 amends the factors that should be considered in developing renewal or extension assumptions used to determine the useful life of a recognized intangible asset under SFAS No. 142. FSP No. 142-3 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008 and interim periods within those fiscal years. FSP No. 142-3 (i) requires companies to consider whether renewal can be completed without substantial cost or material modification of the existing terms and conditions associated with the asset and (ii) replaces the previous useful life criteria with a new requirement-that an entity consider its own historical experience in renewing similar arrangements. If historical experience does not exist, then we would consider market participant assumptions regarding renewal including highest and best use of the asset by a market participant and adjustments for other entity-specific factors included in SFAS No. 142. We adopted FSP No. 142-3 on April 1, 2009. The adoption of FSP No. 142-3 did not have a material impact on our financial statements.

In April 2009, the FASB issued FSP No. FAS 107-1 and APB 28-1, "Interim Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments" ("FSP FAS 107-1 and APB 28-1"). FSP FAS 107-1 and APB 28-1 require companies to disclose in interim financial statements the fair value of financial instruments within the scope of FASB Statement No. 107, "Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments." The fair-value information disclosed in the footnotes must be presented together with the related carrying amount, making it clear whether the fair value and carrying amount represent assets or liabilities and how the carrying amount relates to what is reported in the balance sheet. FSP FAS 107-1 and APB 28-1 also requires that companies disclose the method or methods and significant assumptions used to estimate the fair value of financial instruments and a discussion of changes, if any, in the method or methods and significant assumptions during the period. FSP FAS 107-1 and APB 28-1 are effective for interim and annual periods ending after June 15, 2009. We adopted the disclosure requirements of FSP FAS 107-1 and APB 28-1 for the quarter ended June 30, 2009. The adoption of FSP FAS 107-1 and APB 28-1 did not have a material impact on our financial statements.

In November 2008, the FASB ratified EITF No. 08-7, "Accounting for Defensive Intangible Assets" ("EITF 08-7"). EITF 08-7 clarifies the accounting for certain separately identifiable intangible assets which an acquirer does not intend to actively use but intends to hold to prevent its competitors from obtaining access to them. EITF 08-7 requires an acquirer in a business combination to account for a defensive intangible asset as a separate unit of accounting which should be amortized to expense over the period the asset diminishes in value. EITF 08-7 was effective for us on April 1, 2009. The adoption of EITF 08-7 did not have a material impact on our financial statements; however, EITF 08-7 could have a material effect on the way we account for intangible assets acquired in future acquisitions. Impact of the adoption of EITF 08-7 for financial statements in the future periods will depend on the nature of intangible assets acquired in acquisitions completed after April 1, 2009.

In May 2009, the FASB issued SFAS No. 165, "Subsequent Events" ("SFAS No. 165"). SFAS No. 165 sets forth the period after the balance sheet date during which management of a reporting entity should evaluate events or

transactions that may occur for potential recognition or disclosure in the financial statements, the circumstances under which an entity should recognize events or transactions occurring after the balance sheet date in its financial statements, and the disclosures that an entity should make about events or transactions that occurred after the balance sheet date. SFAS No. 165 will be effective for the interim or annual period ending after June 15, 2009 and will be applied prospectively. We adopted SFAS No. 165 for the quarter ended June 30, 2009. SFAS No. 165 requires that public entities evaluate subsequent events through the date that the financial statements are issued. We have evaluated subsequent events through the time of filing these financial statements with the SEC on August 10, 2009.

RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS NOT YET ADOPTED —In June 2009, the FASB issued SFAS No. 168 "The FASB Accounting Standards Codification and the Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles - A Replacement of FASB Statement No. 162" ("SFAS No. 168"). SFAS No. 168 establishes the FASB Accounting Standards Codification ("Codification") as the single source of authoritative U.S. GAAP recognized by the FASB to be applied by nongovernmental entities. Rules and interpretive releases of the SEC under authority of federal securities laws are also sources of authoritative U.S. GAAP for SEC registrants. SFAS No. 168 and the Codification are effective for financial statements issued for interim and annual periods ending after September 15, 2009. When effective, the Codification will supersede all existing non-SEC accounting and reporting standards. All other non-grandfathered, non-SEC accounting literature not included in the Codification will become non-authoritative. Following SFAS No. 168, the FASB will not issue new standards in the form of Statements, FASB Staff Positions, or Emerging Issues Task Force Abstracts. Instead, the FASB will issue Accounting Standards Updates, which will serve only to: (a) update the Codification; (b) provide background information about the guidance; and (c) provide the bases for conclusions on the change(s) in the Codification. We do not expect the adoption of SFAS 168 to have a material impact on our business, results of operations, financial condition or cash flows.

In June 2009, the FASB issued SFAS No. 166, "Accounting for Transfers of Financial Assets—an amendment of FASB Statement No. 140" ("SFAS No. 166"), which removes the concept of a qualifying special-purpose entity from FASB Statement No. 140, "Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities" ("SFAS No. 140"). This Statement clarifies the determination on whether a transferor and all of the entities included in the transferor's financial statements being presented have surrendered control over the transferred financial assets. That determination must consider the transferor's continuing involvement in the transferred financial asset, including all arrangements or agreements made contemporaneously with, or in contemplation of, the transfer, even if they were not entered into at the time of the transfer. SFAS No. 166 will be effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after November 15, 2009. We are currently evaluating the future impact SFAS No. 166 will have on our consolidated results of operations or financial condition.

2. INVESTMENT IN LEASES AND LEASED EQUIPMENT-NET

Investment in leases and leased equipment-net consists of the following:

	А	s of
	June 30,	March 31,
	2009	2009
	(in the	usands)
Investment in direct financing and sales-type leases—net	\$103,005	\$96,741
Investment in operating lease equipment—net	20,255	22,515
	\$123,260	\$119,256

INVESTMENT IN DIRECT FINANCING AND SALES-TYPE LEASES-NET

Our investment in direct financing and sales-type leases-net consists of the following:

	А	s of
	June 30,	March 31,
	2009	2009
	(in the	ousands)
Minimum lease payments	\$101,205	\$93,840
Estimated unguaranteed residual value (1)	12,535	13,001
Initial direct costs, net of amortization (2)	826	859

Less: Unearned lease income	(9,963)	(9,360)
Reserve for credit losses	(1,598)	(1,599)
Investment in direct financing and sales-type leases-net	\$103,005	\$	\$96,741	

(1)Includes estimated unguaranteed residual values of \$2,234 thousand and \$1,790 thousand as of June 30, 2009 and March 31, 2009, respectively, for direct-financing leases accounted for under SFAS No. 140.

(2) Initial direct costs are shown net of amortization of \$1,041 thousand and \$940 thousand as of June 30, 2009 and March 31, 2009, respectively.

Our net investment in direct financing and sales-type leases is collateral for non-recourse and recourse equipment notes, if any.

INVESTMENT IN OPERATING LEASE EQUIPMENT-NET

Investment in operating lease equipment—net primarily represents leases that do not qualify as direct financing leases or are leases that are short-term renewals on a month-to-month basis. The components of the net investment in operating lease equipment are as follows:

	As of			
	June 30, 2009		N	1arch 31,
		(in tho	usands	2009 5)
Cost of equipment under operating leases	\$	51,736	\$	53,227
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization		(31,481)		(30,712)
Investment in operating lease equipment—net (1)	\$	20,255	\$	22,515

(1)Includes estimated unguaranteed residual values of \$13,653 thousand and \$14,178 thousand as of June 30, 2009 and March 31, 2009, respectively, for operating leases.

During the three months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, we sold portions of our lease portfolio. The sales were reflected on our Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements as sales of leased equipment totaling approximately \$1.5 million and \$1.3 million, and cost of leased equipment of \$1.4 million and \$1.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively. There was a corresponding reduction of investment in leases and lease equipment—net of \$1.4 million and \$1.2 million at June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

3. GOODWILL

Our annual impairment test for goodwill is performed during the third quarter of our fiscal year, or when events or circumstances indicate there might be impairment, and follow the two-step process prescribed in SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets," ("SFAS No. 142"). As of June 30, 2009, no indicators of impairment have been identified. We will continue to monitor the market, our operational performance and general economic conditions. A downward trend in one or more of these factors could cause us to reduce the estimated fair value of our reporting units and recognize a future corresponding impairment of our goodwill. At June 30, 2009, our goodwill balance was \$21.6 million.

4. RESERVES FOR CREDIT LOSSES

As of March 31, 2009 and June 30, 2009, our activity in our reserves for credit losses is as follows (in thousands):

	 .ccounts cceivable		Lease-Related Assets	l	Total	
Balance March 31, 2009	\$ 1,493	5	\$ 1,599	\$	3,092	
Provision for Bad Debts	(68)	-		(68)
Recoveries	53		-		53	
Write-offs and other	(34)	(1)	(35)
Balance June 30, 2009	\$ 1,444		\$ 1,598	\$	3,042	

Included in our Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations are increases in bad debt expense of \$68 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2009.

5. RECOURSE AND NON-RECOURSE NOTES PAYABLE

As of June 30, 2009 and March 31, 2009, recourse and non-recourse obligations consisted of the following:

	As of				
	June 30,			March 31	
	200)9		200)9
		(in thous	ousands)	
First Bank of Highland Park recourse note payable at 5.5% expires on April 1, 2011 or when the early termination option of a					
lease is enacted.	\$	102		\$	102
Non-recourse equipment notes secured by related investments in					
leases with interest rates ranging from 5.66% to 9.00% for the					
three months ended June 30, 2009 and 4.34% to 8.76% for the					
year ended March 31, 2009	\$	75,06	1	\$	84,977

Principal and interest payments on the recourse and non-recourse notes payable are generally due monthly in amounts that are approximately equal to the total payments due from the lessee under the leases that collateralize the notes payable. Under recourse financing, in the event of a default by a lessee, the lender has recourse against the lessee, the equipment serving as collateral, and us. Under non-recourse financing, in the event of a default by a lessee, the lender default by a lessee, the lender generally only has recourse against the lessee, and the equipment serving as collateral, but not against us.

Our technology sales business segment, through our subsidiary ePlus Technology, inc., finances its operations with funds generated from operations, and with a credit facility with GE Commercial Distribution Finance Corporation ("GECDF"). This facility provides short-term capital for our reseller business. There are two components of the GECDF credit facility: (1) a floor plan component and (2) an accounts receivable component. Under the floor plan component, we had outstanding balances of \$57.2 million and \$45.1 million as of June 30, 2009 and March 31, 2009, respectively. Under the accounts receivable component, we had no outstanding balances as of June 30, 2009 and March 31, 2009. As of June 30, 2009, the facility agreement had an aggregate limit of the two components of \$125 million, and the accounts receivable component had a sub-limit of \$30 million, which bears interest at prime less 0.5%, or 4.75%. Availability under the GECDF facility may be limited by the asset value of equipment we purchase or accounts receivable, and may be further limited by certain covenants and terms and conditions of the facility. These covenants include, but are not limited to, a minimum total tangible net worth and subordinated debt, and maximum debt to tangible net worth ratio of ePlus Technology, inc. We were in compliance with these covenants as of June 30, 2009. Either party may terminate with 90 days' advance notice.

The facility provided by GECDF requires a guaranty of up to \$10.5 million by ePlus inc. The guaranty requires ePlus inc. to deliver its annual audited financial statements by certain dates. We have delivered the annual audited financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2009, as required. The loss of the GECDF credit facility could have a material adverse effect on our future results as we currently rely on this facility and its components for daily working capital and liquidity for our technology sales business and as an operational function of our accounts payable process.

National City Bank (a wholly-owned subsidiary of PNC Financial Services Group, Inc.) provided a credit facility which could have been used for all ePlus inc.'s subsidiaries. This credit facility expired July 10, 2009. Borrowings under our \$35 million line of credit from National City Bank were subject to certain covenants. We had no balance on this facility as of the expiration date. Any borrowings on this facility would have been secured by our assets.

6. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the three months ended June 30, 2009, we leased approximately 55,880 square feet for use as our principal headquarters from Norton Building 1, LLC for a monthly payment of approximately \$89 thousand which includes rent and operating expenses. Norton Building 1, LLC is a limited liability company owned in part by Mr. Norton's spouse and in part in trust for his children. Mr. Norton, our President and CEO, has no managerial or executive role in Norton Building 1, LLC. On June 18, 2009, we entered into Amendment No. 2 to the office lease agreement with Norton Building 1, LLC pursuant to which we will continue to lease 55,880 square feet for use as our principal headquarters. The term of the amended lease will begin January 1, 2010, and will continue for five years from such date. In addition, we have the right to terminate the lease on December 31, 2012 in the event that the facility no longer meets our needs, by giving six months' prior written notice, with no penalty fee. The annual base rent, which includes an expenses factor, is \$21.50 per square foot for the first year, with an annual rent escalation for operating cost increases, if any, plus 2.75% of the annual base rent, net of the expenses factor, for each year thereafter. The amended lease was approved by the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee in accordance with our Related Person Transaction Policy, and was subsequently approved by our Board of Directors, with Mr. Norton abstaining. During the three months ended June 30, 2009 and June 30, 2008, we paid rent, which includes operating expenses, in the amount of \$283 thousand and \$278 thousand respectively

7. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

We have been involved in several matters relating to a customer named Cyberco Holdings, Inc. ("Cyberco"). The Cyberco principals were perpetrating a scam, and at least five principals have pled guilty to criminal conspiracy and/or related charges, including bank fraud, mail fraud and money laundering. One lender who financed our transaction with Cyberco, Banc of America Leasing and Capital, LLC ("BoA"), filed a lawsuit against ePlus inc. in the Circuit Court for Fairfax County, Virginia on November 3, 2006, seeking to enforce a guaranty in which ePlus inc. guaranteed ePlus Group's obligations to BoA relating to the Cyberco transaction. The suit has been stayed pending the resolution of other Cyberco-related matters. We are vigorously defending this suit. As we do not believe a loss is probable or the amount is reasonably estimable, we have not accrued for this matter.

On July 31, 2009, the United States District Court for the District of Columbia dismissed the shareholder derivative action which had been filed on January 18, 2007. The action, which related to stock option practices, named ePlus inc. as nominal defendant and personally named eight individual defendants who are directors and/or executive officers of ePlus inc. The action alleged violations of federal securities law, and various state law claims such as breach of fiduciary duty, waste of corporate assets, and unjust enrichment, and sought monetary damages from the individual defendants and that we take certain corrective actions relating to option grants and corporate governance, and attorneys' fees.

On May 19, 2009, we filed a complaint in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Virginia against four defendants, alleging that they used or sold products, methods, processes, services and/or systems that infringe on certain of our patents. We entered into a settlement agreement with one defendant, effective as of July 7, 2009, wherein the complaint was dismissed with prejudice with regard to that specific defendant, and that defendant was granted a license in specified ePlus patents. With regard to the remaining defendants, we are seeking injunctive relief and an unspecified amount of monetary damages.

We are also engaged in other ordinary and routine litigation incidental to our business. While we cannot predict the outcome of these various legal proceedings, management does not believe that the ultimate resolution will have a material effect on our financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows.

Regulatory and Other Legal Matters

In August 2006, the Audit Committee voluntarily contacted and advised the staff of the SEC that it had commenced an investigation of our stock option grants since our initial public offering in 1996 and that a restatement would be required. This restatement was included in our Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006, and was filed with the SEC on August 16, 2007. The SEC opened an informal inquiry, and subsequently notified us by letter dated June 17, 2009 that its informal inquiry has been completed and that the Staff does not intend to recommend any enforcement action against us.

8. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Earnings per share ("EPS") have been calculated in accordance with SFAS No. 128, "Earnings per Share" ("SFAS No. 128"). Additional shares included in the diluted EPS calculations are attributable to incremental shares issuable upon the assumed exercise of stock options and other common stock equivalents. Under SFAS No. 128, share options and nonvested shares under a share-based compensation arrangement are considered options for purposes of computing diluted EPS.

The following table provides a reconciliation of the numerators and denominators used to calculate basic and diluted net income per common share as disclosed on our Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008 (in thousands, except per share data).

	Three months ended June 30,				
		2009		2008	
Net income available to common shareholders—basic and diluted	\$	1,901	\$	3,693	
Weighted average shares outstanding — basic		8,148		8,254	
Effect of dilutive shares		268		327	
Weighted average shares outstanding — diluted	\$	8,416	\$	8,581	
Income per common share:					
Basic	\$	0.23	\$	0.45	
Diluted	\$	0.23	\$	0.43	

Unexercised employee stock options for 195,000 and 290,507 shares of our common stock were not included in the computations of diluted EPS for the three months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively, because the options' exercise prices were greater than the average market price of our common stock during the applicable periods.

9. SHARE REPURCHASE

On July 31, 2008, our Board authorized a share repurchase plan commencing after August 4, 2008. The share repurchase plan was for a 12-month period ending August 4, 2009 for up to 500,000 shares of ePlus' outstanding common stock. The previous stock repurchase program expired on November 17, 2006. On February 11, 2009, our Board of Directors amended our current share repurchase plan, which commenced August 4, 2008. The plan, as amended, has been extended through September 15, 2009, and we may repurchase up to 500,000 shares of ePlus' outstanding common stock beginning February 12, 2009. The purchases may be made from time to time in the open market, or in privately negotiated transactions, subject to availability. Any repurchased shares will have the status of treasury shares and may be used, when needed, for general corporate purposes.

During the three months ended June 30, 2009, we repurchased 937 shares of our outstanding common stock at an average cost of \$11.00 per share for a total purchase price of \$10 thousand. Since the inception of our initial repurchase program on September 20, 2001, as of June 30, 2009, we have repurchased 3,416,591 shares of our outstanding common stock at an average cost of \$10.90 per share for a total purchase price of \$37.2 million.

10. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

Share-Based Plans

We have issued share-based awards under the following plans: (1) the 1998 Long-Term Incentive Plan (the "1998 LTIP"), (2) Amendment and Restatement of the 1998 Stock Incentive Plan (2001) (the "Amended LTIP (2001)"), (3) Amendment and Restatement of the 1998 Stock Incentive Plan (2003) (the "Amended LTIP (2003)"), (4) the 2008 Non-Employee Director Long-Term Incentive Plan ("2008 Director LTIP") and (5) the 2008 Employee Long-Term Incentive Plan ("2008 Employee LTIP"). However, we no longer issue awards under the 1998 LTIP, the Amended LTIP (2001), or the Amended LTIP (2003). Currently, awards are only issued under the 2008 Director LTIP and the 2008 Employee LTIP. Sections of these plans are summarized below. All the share-based plans require the use of the previous trading day's closing price when the grant date falls on a date the stock was not traded.

Vesting periods varied for the 1998 LTIP, the Amended LTIP (2001), and the Amended LTIP (2003) depending on individual award agreement. Vesting periods for the 2008 Director LTIP and the 2008 Employee LTIP are discussed below.

1998 Long-Term Incentive Plan

The 1998 LTIP was adopted by the Board on July 28, 1998, which is its effective date, and approved by the shareholders on September 16, 1998. The allowable number of shares under the 1998 LTIP was 20% of the outstanding shares, less shares previously granted and shares purchased through our then-existing employee stock purchase program. It specified that options shall be priced at not less than fair market value. The 1998 LTIP consolidated our preexisting stock incentive plans and made the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors ("Compensation Committee") responsible for its administration. The 1998 LTIP required that grants be evidenced in writing, but the writing was not a condition precedent to the grant of the award.

Under the 1998 LTIP, options were to be automatically awarded to non-employee directors the day after the annual shareholders meeting to all non-employee directors in service as of that day. No automatic annual grants may be awarded under the LTIP after September 1, 2006. The LTIP also permits for discretionary option awards to directors.

Amended and Restated 1998 Long-Term Incentive Plan

Minor amendments were made to the 1998 LTIP on April 1, April 17 and April 30, 2001. The amendments change the name of the plan from the 1998 Long-Term Incentive Plan to the Amended and Restated 1998 Long-Term Incentive Plan. In addition, provisions were added "to allow the Compensation Committee to delegate to a single board member the authority to make awards to non-Section 16 insiders, as a matter of convenience," and to provide that "no option granted under the Plan may be exercisable for more than ten years from the date of its grant."

The Amended LTIP (2001) was amended on July 15, 2003 by the Board and approved by the stockholders on September 18, 2003. Primarily, the amendment modified the aggregate number of shares available under the plan to a fixed number (3,000,000). Although the language varies somewhat from earlier plans, it permits the Board or Compensation Committee to delegate authority to a committee of one or more directors who are also officers of the corporation to award options under certain conditions. The Amended LTIP (2003) replaced all the prior plans, and covered option grants for employees, executives and outside directors.

On September 15, 2008, our shareholders approved the 2008 Director LTIP and the 2008 Employee LTIP. Both of the plans were adopted by the Board on June 25, 2008. As a result of the approval of these plans, we will not grant any awards under the Amended LTIP (2003) or any earlier plan.

2008 Non-Employee Director Plan

Under the 2008 Director LTIP, 250,000 shares were authorized for grant to non-employee directors. The purpose of the 2008 Director LTIP is to align the economic interests of the directors with the interests of shareholders by including equity as a component of pay and to attract, motivate and retain experienced and knowledgeable directors. Under the 2008 Director LTIP, each non-employee director received a one-time grant of a number of restricted shares of common stock having a grant-date fair value of \$35 thousand. The grant-date fair value for this one-time grant was determined based on the share closing price on September 25, 2008. In addition, each director will receive an annual grant of restricted stock having a grant-date fair value equal to the cash compensation earned by an outside director during our fiscal year ended immediately before the respective annual grant-date. Directors may elect to receive their cash compensation in restricted stock. These restricted shares are prohibited from being sold, transferred, assigned, pledged or otherwise encumbered or disposed of. Half of these shares will vest on the one-year and second-year anniversary from the date of the grant.

2008 Employee Long-Term Incentive Plan

Under the 2008 Employee LTIP, 1,000,000 shares were authorized for grant of incentive stock options, nonqualified stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, restricted stock units, performance awards, and other share-based awards to ePlus employees. The purposes of the 2008 Employee LTIP are to encourage our employees to acquire a proprietary interest in the growth and performance of ePlus, thus enhancing the value of ePlus for the benefit of its stockholders, and to enhance our ability to attract and retain exceptionally qualified individuals. The 2008 Employee LTIP is administered by the Compensation Committee. Shares issuable under the 2008 Employee LTIP may consist of authorized but unissued shares or shares held in our treasury. Shares under the 2008 Employee LTIP will not be used to compensate our outside directors, who may be compensated under the 2008 Employee LTIP. Under the 2008 Employee LTIP, the Compensation Committee will determine the time and method of exercise of the awards.

Stock Option Activity

During the three months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, there were no stock options granted to employees.

	Number of Shares	Exe	ercise Price Range	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Contractual Life Remaining (in years)	Aggregate rinsic Value
			6.23 -			
Outstanding, April 1, 2009	908,280	\$	\$17.38	\$ 10.29	2.2	\$ 2,403,133
Options granted	-		-	-	-	-
			6.86 -			
Options exercised (1)	(114,105)	\$	\$13.00	\$ 7.65	-	\$ 693,918
-			9.00 -			
Options forfeited	(1,100)	\$	\$17.38	\$ 16.61	-	-
			6.23 -			
Outstanding, June 30, 2009	793,075	\$	\$17.38	\$ 10.67	2.1	\$ 3,557,044
-	793,075			\$ 10.67	2.1	\$ 3,557,044

Vested or expected to vest at June				
30, 2009				
Exercisable, June 30, 2009	793,075	\$ 10.67	2.1	\$ 3,557,044

(1) The total intrinsic value of stock options exercised during the three months ended June 30, 2009 was \$694 thousand.

Ex	Range of sercise Prices	Options Outstanding		s Outstand Weighted Average Exercise Price per Share	ing	Weighted Average Contractual Life Remaining	Options I Options Exercisable]	able Weighted Average Exercise Price per Share
¢	6.23 - ¢0.00	452 595	¢	7.60		1.2	452 595	¢	7.60
\$	\$9.00 9.01 -	452,585	\$	7.60		1.3	452,585	\$	7.60
\$	\$13.50	145,500	\$	11.80		5.0	145,500	\$	11.80
	13.51 -								
\$	\$17.38	195,000	\$	16.94		1.8	195,000	\$	16.94
	6.23 -								
\$	\$17.38	793,085	\$	10.67		2.1	793,085	\$	10.67

Additional information regarding stock options outstanding as of June 30, 2009 is as follows:

We issue shares from our authorized but unissued common stock to satisfy stock option exercises. At June 30, 2009, all of our options are vested.

Restricted Stock

Under the 2008 Director LTIP, each director will receive an annual grant of restricted stock having a grant-date fair value equal to the cash compensation earned by an outside director during our fiscal year ended immediately before the respective annual grant-date. Directors may elect to receive their cash compensation in restricted stock. These restricted shares are prohibited from being sold, transferred, assigned, pledged or otherwise encumbered or disposed of. These shares will be vested over a two-year period and we will recognize share-based compensation expense over the service period. We estimate the forfeiture rate of the restricted stock to be zero.

A summary of restricted stock activity during the three months ended June 30, 2009 is as follows:

	Number of Shares	A Gr	eighted verage ant-date ir Value
Outstanding, March 31, 2009	38,532	\$	10.90
Shares granted (1)	2,244	\$	11.69
Shares forfeited	-		
Outstanding, June 30, 2009	40,776	\$	10.94

(1) Three of our directors received restricted shares in lieu of their cash compensation. Therefore, during the three months ended June 30, 2009, the directors were issued 748 shares each with a grant-date fair value of \$11.69 per share.

Share-based Compensation Expense

We account for share-based compensation expense in accordance with SFAS No. 123 (revised 2004), "Share-Based Payment" ("SFAS No. 123R"). We use the Black-Scholes option-pricing model to value all options and the straight-line method to amortize this fair value as compensation cost over the requisite service period.

During the three months ended June 30, 2009, we recognized \$56 thousand of total share-based compensation expense, all of which was related to restricted stock. This amount was recorded as professional and other fees in our Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

During the three months ended June 30, 2008, we recognized \$31 thousand of total share-based compensation expense, all of which was related to stock options. There was no share-based compensation expense related to restricted stock for the three months ended June 30, 2008. This amount was recorded as salaries and benefits in our Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

At June 30, 2009, there was no unrecognized compensation expense related to nonvested options because all the options were vested. Unrecognized compensation expense related to the restricted stock was \$282 thousand which will be fully recognized over the next 21 months.

11. INCOME TAXES

We account for tax positions related to income taxes subject to SFAS 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes" in accordance with FASB Interpretation No. 48 "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes" ("FIN 48").

As of June 30, 2009, our gross FIN 48 tax liability was \$525 thousand. We expect that the gross unrecognized tax benefit will decrease by approximately \$67 thousand in the next 12 months.

In accordance with our accounting policy, we recognize accrued interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits as a component of tax expense. This policy did not change as a result of the adoption of FIN 48. Our Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations for the three months ended June 30, 2009 includes additional interest of \$9 thousand.

12. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The following disclosure of the estimated fair value of our financial instruments is in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 107, "Disclosures About Fair Value of Financial Instruments." The valuation methods we used are set forth below.

The accuracy and usefulness of the fair value information disclosed herein is limited by the following factors:

— These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgment and, therefore, cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions could significantly affect the estimates.

— These estimates do not reflect any premium or discount that could result from offering for sale at one time our entire holding of a particular financial asset.

- SFAS No. 107 excludes from its disclosure requirements lease contracts and various significant assets and liabilities that are not considered to be financial instruments.

Because of these and other limitations, the aggregate fair value amounts presented in the following table do not represent the underlying value. We determine the fair value of notes payable by applying an average portfolio debt rate and applying such rate to future cash flows of the respective financial instruments. The fair value of cash and cash equivalents is determined to equal the book value.

The carrying amounts and estimated fair values of our financial instruments are as follows (in thousands):

	As of June 30, 2009					As of M	, 2009	
	Carrying Amount Fair Value			Carrying Amount			Fair Value	
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	103,323	\$	103,323	\$	107,788	\$	107,788
Accounts receivable		85,253		85,253		82,734		82,734
Notes receivable		4,013		4,013		2,632		2,632

Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	83,384	83,384	66,864	66,864
Accrued expenses and other				
liabilities	29,341	29,341	33,588	33,588
Non-recourse notes payable	75,061	74,711	84,977	84,551
Recourse notes payable	102	102	102	102
— •				

13. SEGMENT REPORTING

We manage our business segments on the basis of the products and services offered. Our reportable segments consist of our traditional financing business unit and technology sales business unit. The financing business unit offers lease-financing solutions to corporations and governmental entities nationwide. The technology sales business unit sells information technology equipment and software and related services primarily to corporate customers on a nationwide basis. The technology sales business unit also provides Internet-based business-to-business supply chain management solutions for information technology and other operating resources. We evaluate segment performance on the basis of segment net earnings.

Both segments utilize our proprietary software and services throughout the organization. Sales and services and related costs of our software are included in the technology sales business unit.

	Three mon Technology Sales Business Segment	nths ended Jur Financing Business Segment	ne 30, 2009 Total		Three mon Technology Sales Business Segment	nths ended Jur Financing Business Segment	ne 30, 2008 Total
Sales of product and services	\$139,992	\$458	\$140,450		\$164,028	\$1,731	\$165,759
Sales of leased equipment	-	1,488	1,488		-	1,265	1,265
Lease revenues	-	8,075	8,075		-	11,625	11,625
Fee and other income	2,257	150	2,407		3,530	107	3,637
Total revenues	142,249	10,171	152,420		167,558	14,728	182,286
Cost of sales	120,063	1,918	121,981		142,628	2,315	144,943
Direct lease costs	-	2,548	2,548		-	3,794	3,794
Selling, general and							
administrative expenses	19,934	3,314	23,248		21,587	4,210	25,797
Segment earnings	2,252	2,391	4,643		3,343	4,409	7,752
Interest and financing costs	18	1,287	1,305		20	1,465	1,485
Earnings before income taxes	\$2,234	\$1,104	\$3,338				