

URANERZ ENERGY CORP.
Form 10-Q
November 09, 2009

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2009

OR

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from to

Commission file number: 001-32974

URANERZ ENERGY CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

NEVADA

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or
organization)

98-0365605

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

1701 East E Street, PO Box 50850

Casper, Wyoming

(Address of principal executive offices)

82605-0850

(Zip Code)

(307) 265-8900

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the issuer (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required

to submit and post such files). Yes[x] No[]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer []

Accelerated filer [x]

Non-accelerated filer []

Smaller reporting company []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act) Yes [] No[x]

Number of shares of issuer's common stock outstanding at **November 4, 2009: 64,194,887**

INDEX

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements (unaudited)

Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008

Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 and and Accumulated from May 26, 1999 (Date of inception) to September 30, 2009

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 and Accumulated from May 26, 1999 (Date of inception) to September 30, 2009

Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity for nine month period from January 1, 2009 to September 30, 2009

Notes to the Financial Statements

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

Item 4. Submission of Matters to Vote of Security Holders

Item 5. Other Information

Item 6. Exhibits

SIGNATURES

PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

Uranerz Energy Corporation
(An Exploration Stage Company)

September 30, 2009

	Index
<u>Consolidated Balance Sheets</u>	<u>F</u> 1
<u>Consolidated Statements of Operations</u>	<u>F</u> 2
<u>Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows</u>	<u>F</u> 3
<u>Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity</u>	<u>F</u> 4
<u>Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements</u>	<u>F</u> 5

Uranerz Energy Corporation
(An Exploration Stage Company)
Consolidated Balance Sheets
(Expressed in US dollars)

	September 30, 2009 \$ (Unaudited)	December 31, 2008 \$
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash	1,744,011	821,242
Marketable securities	13,978,466	20,432,035
Prepaid expenses and deposits (Note 7)	1,096,257	641,215
Other current assets	16,046	10,269
Total Current Assets	16,834,780	21,904,761
Mineral Property Reclamation Bonds (Note 6(i))	318,783	318,404
Property and Equipment (Note 5)	585,729	642,572
Total Assets	17,739,292	22,865,737
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	257,708	186,872
Accrued liabilities (Note 7)	517,839	228,800
Due to related parties (Note 9)	48,670	50,000
Current portion of loan payable (Note 8)	26,852	34,067
Total Current Liabilities	851,069	499,739
Loan Payable (Note 8)		18,079
Total Liabilities	851,069	517,818
Commitments and Contingencies (Notes 6 and 12)		
Stockholders Equity		
Preferred Stock, 10,000,000 shares authorized, \$0.001 par value; Nil shares issued and outstanding		
Common Stock, 200,000,000 shares authorized, \$0.001 par value; 55,694,887 shares issued and outstanding (December 31, 2008 - 55,452,387)		
	55,695	55,452
Additional Paid-in Capital	83,394,012	82,366,879
Deficit Accumulated During the Exploration Stage	(66,567,501)	(60,143,997)
Total Uranerz Shareholders Equity	16,882,206	22,278,334
Non-controlling Interest	6,017	69,585
Total Equity	16,888,223	22,347,919
Total Liabilities and Stockholders Equity	17,739,292	22,865,737

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Uranerz Energy Corporation
(An Exploration Stage Company)
Consolidated Statements of Operations
(Expressed in US dollars)
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended		Accumulated From
	September 30,		September 30,		May 26, 1999
	2009	2008	2009	2008	(Date of Inception)
	\$	\$	\$	\$	to September 30,
					2009
					\$
Revenue					
Expenses					
Depreciation	44,165	35,542	129,976	88,680	331,518
Foreign exchange	(1,337)	(6,516)	936	(1,368)	25,489
General and administrative (Note 9)	878,005	935,837	3,506,660	5,314,032	27,979,765
Joint venture expenses		1,083,069		1,973,199	
Mineral property expenditures	1,958,194	673,389	3,498,878	26,076,523	42,675,510
Total Operating Expenses	2,879,027	2,721,321	7,136,450	33,451,066	71,012,282
Operating Loss	(2,879,027)	(2,721,321)	(7,136,450)	(33,451,066)	(71,012,282)
Other Income (Expense)					
Gain on sale of investment securities					79,129
Interest income	17,985	133,054	131,979	340,169	1,864,046
Loss on settlement of debt					(132,000)
Mineral property option payments received					152,477
Total Other Income (Expense)	17,985	133,054	131,979	340,169	1,963,652
Loss from continuing operations	(2,861,042)	(2,588,267)	(7,004,471)	(33,110,897)	(69,048,630)
Discontinued operations (Note 4)					
Loss from discontinued operations		(743)		(2,632)	(28,732)
Gain on disposal of discontinued operations		226,152		979,709	979,709
Gain on discontinued operations		225,409		977,077	950,977
Net Loss	(2,861,042)	(2,362,858)	(7,004,471)	(32,133,820)	(68,097,653)
Net loss attributable to non-controlling Interest	311,787		580,967		1,530,152
Net loss attributable to the Company	(2,549,255)	(2,362,858)	(6,423,504)	(32,133,820)	(66,567,501)
Amounts attributable to Company Shareholders:					
Loss from continuing operations	(2,549,255)	(2,588,267)	(6,423,504)	(33,110,897)	(67,518,478)
Income from discontinued operations		225,409		977,077	950,977
Net loss attributable to the Company	(2,549,255)	(2,362,858)	(6,423,504)	(32,133,820)	(66,567,501)

Net Loss Per Share Attributable to
Company

Shareholders Basic and Diluted

Continuing Operations	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.12)	(0.65)
Discontinued Operations		0.01		0.02
Net Loss Per Share Basic and Diluted	(0.05)	(0.04)	(0.12)	(0.63)

Weighted Average Shares Outstanding 55,561,000 55,444,000 55,497,000 51,192,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

F-2

Uranerz Energy Corporation
(An Exploration Stage Company)
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Expressed in US dollars)
(Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended September 30,		Accumulated From May 26, 1999 (Date of Inception) to September 30,
	2009	2008	2009
	\$	\$	\$
Operating Activities			
Net loss	(6,423,504)	(32,133,820)	(66,567,501)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to cash used in operating activities:			
Depreciation	129,976	88,680	331,518
Equity loss on investment		74,617	74,617
Gain on the disposal of discontinued operations		(979,709)	(979,709)
Gain on sale of investment securities			(79,129)
Expenses incurred by joint venture		1,973,199	
Loss on settlement of debt			132,000
Mineral property option payment received			(37,500)
Non-controlling interest	(63,568)		6,017
Shares issued to acquire mineral properties		19,090,000	19,090,000
Stock-based compensation	861,251	2,718,676	16,573,159
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Prepaid expenses and deposits	(455,042)	(29,380)	(1,090,020)
Other current assets	(5,777)	35,118	(16,022)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	359,875	95,297	906,219
Due to related parties	(1,330)	(29,944)	519,428
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	(5,598,119)	(9,097,266)	(31,136,923)
Investing Activities			
Reclamation bonds	(379)	(230,904)	(318,783)
Acquisition of subsidiary, net cash paid			(48)
Purchase of investment securities		(22,264,680)	(20,432,035)
Proceeds from sale of investment securities	6,453,569		6,570,198
Advances to joint venture		(2,433,552)	
Purchase of property and equipment	(73,133)	(277,080)	(818,832)
Disposition of subsidiary		905,092	905,092

Edgar Filing: URANERZ ENERGY CORP. - Form 10-Q

Net Cash Provided by (Used In) Investing Activities	6,380,057	(24,301,124)	(14,094,408)
Financing Activities			
Repayment of loan payable	(25,294)	(23,355)	(71,562)
Advances to related party			10,700
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	166,125	24,221,275	48,706,676
Share issuance costs		(1,387,219)	(1,670,472)
Net Cash Provided By Financing Activities	140,831	22,810,701	46,975,342
Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash		(481)	
Increase (Decrease) In Cash	922,769	(10,588,170)	1,744,011
Cash - Beginning of Period	821,242	11,343,737	
Cash - End of Period	1,744,011	755,567	1,744,011
Non-cash Investing and Financing Activities			
Sale of 60% of Rolling Hills investment for interest in mineral projects		774,216	774,216
Investment securities received as a mineral property option payment			37,500
Purchase of equipment with loan payable			98,414
Common stock issued to settle debt		402,250	744,080
Common stock issued for mineral property costs		19,090,000	19,105,000
Supplemental Disclosures			
Interest paid	2,462	4,400	11,705
Income taxes paid			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Uranerz Energy Corporation
(An Exploration Stage Company)
Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity
For the Nine Month Period from January 1, 2009 to September 30, 2009
(Expressed in US dollars)

	Common Stock Shares #	Common Stock Amount \$	Additional Paid-in Capital \$	Deficit Accumulated During the Exploration Stage \$	Non-Controlling Interest \$	Total \$
Balance, December 31, 2008	55,452,387	55,452	82,366,879	(60,143,997)	69,585	22,347,919
Stock options exercised at \$0.75 per share	85,000	85	63,665			63,750
Stock options exercised at \$0.65 per share	157,500	158	102,217			102,375
Fair value of stock options granted			861,251			861,251
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the period				(6,423,504)	(580,967)	(7,004,471)
Change in non-controlling interest					517,399	517,399
Balance, September 30, 2009	55,694,887	55,695	83,394,012	(66,567,501)	6,017	16,888,223

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Uranerz Energy Corporation
(An Exploration Stage Company)
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
September 30, 2009
(Expressed in US dollars)
(Unaudited)

1. Nature of Operations

Uranerz Energy Corporation (the Company) was incorporated in the State of Nevada, U.S.A. on May 26, 1999. Effective July 5, 2005, the Company changed its name from Carleton Ventures Corp. to Uranerz Energy Corporation. The Company has mineral property interests in Canada and the United States.

The Company is an Exploration Stage Company, as defined by Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 915, *Development Stage Entities*. The Company's principal business is the acquisition and exploitation of uranium and mineral resources.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

a) Basis of Presentation

The interim unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for interim financial information and with the instructions for Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) Form 10-Q. In the opinion of management, the unaudited financial statements have been prepared on the same basis as the annual financial statements and reflect all adjustments, which include only normal recurring adjustments, necessary to present fairly the financial position as of September 30, 2009, and the results of operations and cash flows for the periods then ended. The financial data and other information disclosed in these notes to the interim financial statements related to these periods are unaudited. The results for the nine month period ended September 30, 2009 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for any subsequent quarter of the entire year ending December 31, 2009. The interim unaudited consolidated financial statements have been condensed pursuant to the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and regulations and do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. Therefore, these financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2008, included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on March 12, 2009 with the SEC.

b) Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid instruments with maturity of three months or less at the time of issuance to be cash equivalents.

c) Marketable Securities

The Company defines marketable securities as income yielding securities that can be readily converted into cash. Examples of marketable securities include U.S. Treasury and agency obligations, commercial paper, corporate notes and bonds, time deposits, foreign notes and certificates of deposit. The Company accounts for its investment in debt and equity instruments under FASB ASC 320, *Investments - Debt and Equity Securities*. We follow the guidance provided by ASC 320 to assess whether our investments with

unrealized loss positions are other than temporarily impaired. Realized gains and losses and declines in value judged to be other than temporary are determined based on the specific identification method and are reported in other income (expense). Management determines the appropriate classification of such securities at the time of purchase and re-evaluates such classification as of each balance sheet date. At September 30, 2009, the Company's marketable securities consisted of term deposits for periods longer than three months and are classified as held-to-maturity.

d) Mineral Property Costs

The Company is primarily engaged in the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties. Mineral property acquisition costs are capitalized when management has determined that probable future benefits consisting of a contribution to future cash inflows have been identified and adequate financial resources are available or are expected to be available as required to meet the terms of property acquisition and budgeted exploration and development expenditures. Mineral property acquisition costs are expensed as incurred if the criteria for capitalization are not met. In the event that a mineral property is acquired through the issuance of the Company's shares, the mineral property will be recorded at the fair value of the respective property or the fair value of common shares, whichever is more readily determinable.

When mineral properties are acquired under option agreements with future acquisition payments to be made at the sole discretion of the Company, those future payments, whether in cash or shares, are recorded only when the Company has made or is obliged to make the payment or issue the shares. When it has been determined that a mineral property can be economically developed as a result of establishing proven and probable reserves and bankable feasibility, the costs incurred to develop such property are capitalized.

Uranerz Energy Corporation
(An Exploration Stage Company)
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
September 30, 2009
(Expressed in US dollars)
(Unaudited)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

e) Income Taxes

Potential benefits of income tax losses are not recognized in the accounts until realization is more likely than not. The Company has adopted ASC 740, *Income Taxes* as of its inception. Pursuant to ASC 740 the Company is required to compute tax asset benefits for net operating losses carried forward. The potential benefits of net operating losses have not been recognized in these consolidated financial statements because the Company cannot be assured it is more likely than not it will utilize the net operating losses carried forward in future years.

f) Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Our financial instruments consist principally of cash and cash equivalents and short-term marketable securities, accounts payable and loans payable. Marketable securities consist of time deposits longer than three months and are classified as held to maturity securities. Pursuant to ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures* and ASC 825, *Financial Instruments* the fair value of our cash equivalents and marketable securities is determined based on Level 1 inputs, which consist of quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. We believe that the recorded values of all of our other financial instruments approximate their current fair values because of their nature and respective relatively short maturity dates or durations.

g) Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2009, the FASB issued guidance now codified as FASB ASC Topic 105, *Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* as the single source of authoritative accounting principles recognized by the FASB to be applied by nongovernmental entities in the preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP, aside from those issued by the SEC. ASC 105 does not change current U.S. GAAP, but is intended to simplify user access to all authoritative U.S. GAAP by providing all authoritative literature related to a particular topic in one place. The adoption of ASC 105 did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements, but did eliminate all references to pre-codification standards

In May 2009, FASB issued ASC 855-10, *Subsequent Events - Overall*, which establishes general standards of for the evaluation, recognition and disclosure of events and transactions that occur after the balance sheet date. Although there is new terminology, the standard is based on the same principles as those that currently exist in the auditing standards. The standard, which includes a new required disclosure of the date through which an entity has evaluated subsequent events, is effective for interim or annual periods ending after June 15, 2009. The adoption of ASC 855-10 did not have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements. Refer to Note 5.

The Company has implemented all new accounting pronouncements that are in effect and that may impact its financial statements and does not believe that there are any other new accounting pronouncements that have been issued that might have a material impact on its financial position or results of operations.

h) Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior period's financial statements to conform to the current period's presentation including the reclassification of non-controlling interest upon the adoption of ASC 810, *Consolidation*.

F-6

Uranerz Energy Corporation
 (An Exploration Stage Company)
 Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
 September 30, 2009
 (Expressed in US dollars)
 (Unaudited)

4. Investment in Rolling Hills

Rolling Hills was formerly a wholly owned subsidiary incorporated in Mongolia. On June 18, 2008, the Company disposed of 60% of its investment pursuant to the option and joint venture agreement referred to in Note 6(d). On August 25, 2008, the Company disposed of its remaining 40% investment. During the year ended December 31, 2008, the Company recognized a gain on the disposal of \$979,709.

As a result of the Company's disposal of Rolling Hills all operations related to the former subsidiary have been classified as discontinued operations. The assets and liabilities of Rolling Hills have been reclassified as discontinued operations for all periods presented. Cash flows from discontinued operations were not material and were combined with cash flows from continuing operations within the consolidated statement of cash flows categories.

5. Property and Equipment

	Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	September 30, 2009 Net Carrying Value	December 31, 2008 Net Carrying Value
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Computers and office equipment	184,160	85,976	98,184	108,757
Field equipment	733,087	245,542	487,545	533,815
	917,247	331,518	585,729	642,572

6. Mineral Properties

- a) On April 26, 2005, the Company entered into an agreement to acquire a 100% interest in two mineral prospecting permits located in the Athabasca Basin area of Saskatchewan, Canada for consideration of Cdn\$40,757 and a 2% royalty on the prospecting permits. This agreement was with a company controlled by a director of the Company. On October 20, 2005, the agreement was amended so that the Company has a one-time right, exercisable for ninety days, following the completion of a bankable feasibility study to buy one-half of the vendor's royalty interest for Cdn\$1,000,000. On November 4, 2005, the Company entered into an option and joint venture agreement with a company (the Optionee) on the Company's two mineral prospecting permits. The Optionee can earn a 60% interest in the property by paying the Company Cdn\$75,000 in three annual installments of Cdn\$25,000 each and incurring Cdn\$1,500,000 in exploration expenditures in various stages by May 1, 2008. The Optionee can elect to earn an additional 10% interest by incurring an additional Cdn\$1,500,000 by November 1, 2009. On October 10 2007, the first option was extended five months from May 1, 2008 to October 1, 2008. On April 24, 2008 the Optionee forfeited its right to earn an interest in the property. The Company received Cdn\$50,000 of instalment payments with respect to this agreement.

- b) On November 18, 2005, the Company entered into an agreement to acquire a 100% interest in 10 mining claims located in the Powder River Basin area, Wyoming, in consideration of \$250,000. The amounts were paid in installments and completed by January 2007.
- c) On December 9, 2005, the Company entered into an option agreement to acquire a 100% interest in 44 mining claims within six mineral properties located in the Powder River Basin area, Wyoming. As at December 31, 2007 all requirements of this option agreement were satisfied and a deed for the 44 claims was received. A royalty fee of between 6% - 8% is payable, depending upon the future selling price of uranium recovered from these properties.
- d) On February 17, 2006, as amended on March 16, 2006, September 8, 2006 and March 20, 2008, the Company entered into a letter agreement to option and joint venture its six Mongolian projects to another company (the Optionee). In June 2008 the Optionee earned an undivided 60% interest in the projects through assumption of 60% of the Company's wholly owned subsidiary, Rolling Hills Resources LLC. The remaining 40% interest in Rolling Hills was sold in 2008.

F-7

Uranerz Energy Corporation
 (An Exploration Stage Company)
 Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
 September 30, 2009
 (Expressed in US dollars)
 (Unaudited)

6. Mineral Properties (continued)

- e) On June 7, 2006, the Company entered into an Agreement with a company (the Optionee) on two of the Company s exploration projects located within the Red Desert area of southwest Wyoming. Under the Agreement the Company and the Optionee are to form a joint venture to conduct further exploration and to develop the properties. The Optionee shall have the right to earn a 50% equity interest in the joint venture during the first phase of the exploration program by managing the property, incurring a minimum \$100,000 per year of exploration costs on the projects, and incurring \$750,000 of exploration costs, within three years of inception of the agreement. On August 18, 2009 the Optionee terminated the Agreement and relinquished all right, title and interest in the lode mining claims and state leases that are part of the Agreement.
- f) On October 30, 2006, the Company entered into an agreement with an officer and director of the Company (the Related Party), to use certain geological reports held by the Related Party for the purposes of staking and acquiring potential areas of interest in exchange for \$402,250. In December 2007, the staking and acquisition program was completed and a liability of \$402,250 was recorded as due to Related Party. During the year ended December 31, 2008, this debt was settled through the issuance of 160,900 common shares.
- g) On January 23, 2007, the Company entered into a purchase agreement to acquire three mineral properties consisting of 138 unpatented lode mining claims located in Campbell County, Wyoming for \$3,120,000 which was paid on February 1, 2007.
- h) In 2007, the Company acquired several mining leases in Briscoe County, Texas for a total purchase price of \$60,817.
- i) Reclamation bonds totaling \$318,783 (December 31, 2008 - \$318,404) are pledged to the State of Wyoming, Department of Environmental Quality, for property reclamation.
- j) On January 15, 2008, the Company acquired an undivided eighty-one percent (81%) interest in approximately 82,000 acres (33,100 hectares) of mineral properties located in the central Powder River Basin of Wyoming, USA and entered into a venture agreement with the vendor pursuant to which the Company will explore the properties. In accordance with the terms of the September 19, 2007 Purchase Agreement, the Company paid \$5,757,043 cash and issued 5,750,000 shares of the Company s common stock at a fair value of \$19,090,000 to acquire the 81% interest. At January 15, 2008, the acquisition cost of \$24,847,043 was allotted as follows:

Prepaid expenses	\$ 229,247
Mineral property expenditures	24,617,796
	\$ 24,847,043

- k) On August 20, 2008, the Company leased 891 acres of mineral properties near the Company s Nichols Ranch project area in Wyoming for an advance royalty payment of \$22,275.

- l) On August 20, 2008, the Company, on behalf of the Arkose Mining Venture, leased 6,073 acres of mineral properties within Arkose's area of interest in Wyoming for an advance royalty payment of \$151,828.
- m) On September 18, 2008, the Company leased 984 acres of mineral properties within the Company's North Reno Creek project area in Wyoming (see Note 12(e)).
- n) On December 3, 2008, the Company, on behalf of the Arkose Mining Venture, leased 1,680 acres of mineral properties within Arkose's area of interest in Wyoming for a five year advance royalty payment of \$83,993.
- o) On July 7, 2009, the Company, on behalf of the Arkose Mining Venture, leased 320 acres of mineral properties within Arkose's area of interest in Wyoming.
- p) On August 21, 2009, the Company decided not to pay annual maintenance fees totaling \$58,380 for 285 100% owned mining claims and 132 81% owned mining claims that are no longer of strategic interest to the Company.

Uranerz Energy Corporation
 (An Exploration Stage Company)
 Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
 September 30, 2009
 (Expressed in US dollars)
 (Unaudited)

7. Balance Sheet Details

a) The components of prepaid expenses are as follows:

	September 30, 2009 \$	December 31, 2008 \$
Deferred financing expense	150,397	
Deposits	47,375	37,000
Insurance	39,351	92,092
Lease costs	772,157	505,564
Other	22,529	6,559
Surface use and damage costs	64,448	
Total accrued liabilities	1,096,257	641,215

b) The components of accrued liabilities are as follows:

	September 30, 2009 \$	December 31, 2008 \$
Reclamation costs	146,785	228,800
Mineral exploration expenses	326,000	
Professional fees	23,000	
General and administrative expenses	22,054	
Total accrued liabilities	517,839	228,800

8. Loan Payable

	September 30, 2009 \$	December 31, 2008 \$
Loan payable to vendor, interest imputed at 8% per annum, maturing September 2010, and secured by field equipment	26,852	52,146
Less current portion:	(26,852)	(34,067)
	\$	\$ 18,079

9. Related Party Transactions / Balances

- a) During the nine months ended September 30, 2009, the Company incurred \$251,068 (2008 - \$288,000) for consulting services and office expenses (included in general and administrative expenses) to companies controlled by a director who is Executive Chairman of the Company. Other general and administrative expenses were reimbursed in the normal course of business.
- b) During the nine months ended September 30, 2009, the Company incurred \$143,000 (2008 - \$148,000) for consulting services (included in general and administrative expenses) to a director who is also Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer. Other general and administrative expenses were reimbursed in the normal course of business. At September 30, 2009, consulting services and expenditures incurred on behalf of the Company of \$17,407 (December 31, 2008 - \$50,000) is owed to this director, and the amounts are unsecured, non-interest bearing, and due on demand.
- c) During the nine months ended September 30, 2009, the Company incurred \$135,000 (2008 - \$135,000) for consulting services (included in general and administrative expenses) to a company controlled by the President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company. Other general and administrative expenses were reimbursed in the normal course of business. At September 30, 2009, consulting services and expenditures incurred on behalf of the Company of \$10,236 (December 31, 2008 - nil) is owed to this director, and the amounts are unsecured, non-interest bearing, and due on demand.

F-9

Uranerz Energy Corporation
(An Exploration Stage Company)
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
September 30, 2009
(Expressed in US dollars)
(Unaudited)

9. Related Party Transactions / Balances
(continued)

- d) During the nine months ended September 30, 2009, the Company incurred consulting fees of \$95,530 (2008 - \$96,500) to an entity controlled by the Chief Financial Officer of the Company. The amounts have been recorded as general and administrative expense.
- e) During the nine months ended September 30, 2009, the Company incurred consulting fees of \$101,497 (2008 - \$92,262) to an officer of the Company. Other general and administrative expenses were reimbursed to the officer in the normal course of business. At September 30, 2009, consulting services and expenditures incurred on behalf of the Company of \$15,026 (December 31, 2008 - nil) is owed to this officer, and the amounts are unsecured, non-interest bearing, and due on demand.
- f) During the nine months ended September 30, 2009, the Company incurred consulting fees of \$27,000 (2008 - \$99,000) to a company controlled by an officer of the Company. Other general and administrative expenses were reimbursed to the officer in the normal course of business.
- g) During the nine months ended September 30, 2009, the Company incurred and paid fees of \$90,500 (2008 - \$58,000) to five non-executive directors of the

Company for their service as directors. Other general and administrative expenses were reimbursed to the directors in the normal course of business. At September 30, 2009, services and expenditures incurred on behalf of the Company of \$6,000 (December 31, 2008 nil) is owed to an independent director, and the amounts were paid October 1, 2009.

	Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2009	September 30, 2008
Expected dividend yield	0%	0%
Risk-free interest rate	1.38%	2.94%
Expected volatility	130%	134%
Expected option life (in years)	3.99	4.14

The total intrinsic value of stock options exercised during the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, was \$276,400 and \$641,954.

Uranerz Energy Corporation
 (An Exploration Stage Company)
 Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
 September 30, 2009
 (Expressed in US dollars)
 (Unaudited)

10. Stock Based Compensation (continued)

The following table summarizes the continuity of the Company's stock options:

	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price \$	Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Term (years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value \$
Outstanding, December 31, 2008	4,839,700	2.18		
Granted	1,427,500	0.75		
Forfeited	(150,000)	2.61		
Exercised	(242,500)	0.69		
Outstanding, September 30, 2009	5,874,700	1.88	2.97	4,355,798
Exercisable, September 30, 2009	5,785,200	1.88	3.01	4,338,098

A summary of the status of the Company's non-vested shares as of September 30, 2009, and changes during the nine months ended September 30, 2009 is presented below:

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value \$
Non-vested at December 31, 2008	158,500	2.86
Granted	1,427,500	0.63
Vested	(1,491,500)	0.77
Forfeited	(5,000)	2.89
Non-vested at September 30, 2009	89,500	1.58

As at September 30, 2009, there was \$117,618 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested stock option agreements. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.17 years.

11. Stock Purchase Warrants

As at the September 30, 2009, the following common share purchase warrants were outstanding:

Number of Warrants	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
4,932,498	\$3.50	April 15, 2010

Uranerz Energy Corporation
(An Exploration Stage Company)
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
September 30, 2009
(Expressed in US dollars)
(Unaudited)

12. Commitments

- a) Effective January 1, 2008 the Company amended its July 1, 2005 agreement with a company controlled by a director of the Company for consulting services to be provided to the Company at a revised amount of \$12,897 (Cdn\$15,000) per month plus termination provisions of five times annual compensation.
- b) Effective January 1, 2008 the Company amended its March 1, 2005 agreement with a company controlled by the President of the Company for consulting services to be provided to the Company at a revised amount of \$15,000 per month plus termination provisions of five times annual compensation.
- c) Effective January 1, 2008 the Company amended its May 6, 2005 agreement with the Executive Vice-President of the Company for consulting services to be provided to the Company at a revised amount of \$1,000 per day plus termination provisions of five times annual compensation.
- d) Effective January 1, 2008 the Company amended its May 23, 2006 agreement with an entity owned by the Chief Financial Officer of the Company for consulting services to be provided to the Company at a revised rate of \$10,318 (Cdn\$12,000) per month plus termination provisions of three times annual compensation.
- e) On September 18, 2008 the Company signed two mining lease agreements which require ten annual payments of \$75,000. The second payment was made in 2009. (Refer to Note 6(m)).
- f) Effective September 1, 2008 the Company amended its office and administration services agreement with a company controlled by a director, for an amount of \$14,617 (Cdn\$17,000) per month, extending its term to August 31, 2010.
- g) As of December 31, 2008, the Company has provided a bond in the amount of \$622,500 to the State of Wyoming, Department of Environmental Quality or the Secretary of the Interior, United States Government. The bond is in lieu of depositing cash to guarantee reclamation of exploration drill holes in the Arkose Mining Venture and surety was provided by an insurance company. The bond applies to 250 drill holes on a revolving basis. The Company and the Arkose Mining Venture have a 100% record of completing reclamation without recourse to security provided.
- h) On May 1, 2009 the Company has agreed to pay an estimated cost of \$202,987, subsequently revised to \$163,107, for the Nichols Ranch Power Line Extension Project. As at September 30, 2009, a \$40,957 payment for engineering and design has been paid and recorded as an expense. The balance owing of \$122,150 will be payable upon obtaining construction approval.
- i) On June 23, 2009 the Company signed a letter of understanding in which the Company has agreed to pay an estimated customer advance of \$674,200 for the provision of electricity, subject to the completion and development of a definitive term sheet. As at September 30, 2009, no amount has been paid.

Uranerz Energy Corporation
 (An Exploration Stage Company)
 Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
 September 30, 2009
 (Expressed in US dollars)
 (Unaudited)

13. Segment Disclosures (continued)

Prior to the year ended December 31, 2008, the Company only had one operating segment.

	Total	September 30, 2009	Arkose
	\$	Uranerz	\$
		\$	
Total Assets	17,739,292	17,046,560	692,732

	Total	For the	Arkose
	\$	Three Months Ended	\$
		September 30, 2009	
		Uranerz	
		\$	
Net loss	(2,549,255)	(1,632,562)	(916,693)

	Total	For the	Arkose
	\$	Three Months Ended	\$
		September 30, 2008	
		Uranerz	
		\$	
Net loss	(2,362,858)	(1,279,789)	(1,083,069)
Gain from discontinued operations	225,409	225,409	

	Total	For the	Arkose
	\$	Nine Months Ended	\$
		September 30, 2009	
		Uranerz	
		\$	
Net loss	(6,423,504)	(4,903,646)	(1,519,858)

	Total	For the	Arkose
	\$	Nine Months Ended	\$
		September 30, 2008	
		Uranerz	
		\$	

Net loss	(32,133,820)	(30,160,621)	(1,973,199)
Gain from discontinued operations	977,077	977,077	

14. Subsequent Events

In accordance with ASC Topic 855-10, *Subsequent Events* Overall, the Company evaluated subsequent events through November 5, 2009, the date of issuance of the financial statements. During this period we did not have any material recognizable subsequent events, except as disclosed below.

On October 27, 2009, the Company completed a public offering of 8,500,000 units of the Company at a price of \$2.00 per unit for gross proceeds of \$17,000,000. Each unit comprises one share of the Company's common stock and one half of one share purchase warrant, with each whole warrant exercisable to purchase one additional share of the Company's common stock for a period of 30 months at an exercise price of \$3.00.

F-13

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation

Forward-Looking Statements

This quarterly report contains forward-looking-statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such forward-looking statements concern our anticipated results and developments in our operations in future periods, planned exploration and, if warranted, development of its properties, plans related to its business and other matters that may occur in the future. These statements relate to analyses and other information that are based on forecasts of future results, estimates of amounts not yet determinable and assumptions of management.

Any statements that express or involve discussions with respect to predictions, expectations, beliefs, plans, projections, objectives, assumptions or future events or performance (often, but not always, using words or phrases such as expects or does not expect, is expected, anticipates or does not anticipate, plans, estimates or stating that certain actions, events or results may, could, would, might or will be taken, occur or be achieved) are statements of historical fact and may be forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are subject to a variety of known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which could cause actual events or results to differ from those expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements, including, without limitation:

- risks related to our limited operating history;
 - risks related to the probability that our properties contain reserves;
 - risks related to our past losses and expected losses in the near future;
 - risks related to our need for qualified personnel for exploring for, starting and operating a mine;
 - risks related to our lack of known reserves;
 - risks related to the fluctuation of uranium prices;
 - risks related to environmental laws and regulations and environmental risks;
 - risks related to using our in-situ recovery mining process;
 - risks related to exploration and, if warranted, development of our properties;
 - risks related to our ability to acquire necessary mining licenses or permits;
 - risks related to our ability to make property payment obligations;
 - risks related to the competitive nature of the mining industry;
 - risks related to our dependence on key personnel;
 - risks related to requirements for new personnel;
 - risks related to securities regulations;
 - risks related to stock price and volume volatility;
 - risks related to dilution;
 - risks related to our lack of dividends;
 - risks related to our ability to access capital markets;
 - risks related to recent market events;
 - risks related to our issuance of additional shares of common stock;
 - risks related to acquisition and integration issues; and
-

- risks related to defects in title to our mineral properties.

This list is not exhaustive of the factors that may affect our forward-looking statements. Some of the important risks and uncertainties that could affect forward-looking statements are described further under the sections titled Risk Factors and Uncertainties contained in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 and filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 12, 2009. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those anticipated, believed, estimated or expected. We caution readers not to place undue reliance on any such forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date made. We disclaim any obligation subsequently to revise any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of such statements or to reflect the occurrence of anticipated or unanticipated events.

General

Uranerz Energy Corporation was incorporated under the laws of the State of Nevada on May 26, 1999. On July 5, 2005, we changed our name from Carleton Ventures Corp. to Uranerz Energy Corporation. Our executive offices are located at 1701 East E Street, PO Box 50850, Casper, Wyoming 82605-0850, USA and our phone number there is 307-265-8900.

Our principal business office and our operations office is located at 1701 East E Street, PO Box 50850, Casper, Wyoming 82605-0850 and our phone number there is 307-265-8900. We also maintain an administrative office located at Suite 1410 800 West Pender Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada V6C 2V6, and our telephone number there is 604-689-1659.

We are an exploration stage company engaged in the acquisition and exploration of uranium properties. Uranium used in this context refers to U3O8. U3O8, also called yellowcake, is triuranium octoxide produced from uranium ore and is the most actively traded uranium-related commodity.

We are principally focused on the exploration of our properties in the Powder River Basin area of Wyoming. We are exploring these properties with the objective of assessing their viability for commercial in-situ recovery (which we refer to as **ISR**) uranium mining projects. ISR is a low cost mining process that uses a leaching solution to extract uranium from underground ore bodies. We also own interests in properties in the Great Divide Basin area of Wyoming, in Texas and in Saskatchewan, Canada.

We have applied for mine operating permits on two of our properties in the Powder River Basin area of Wyoming that we feel have the potential, based on data in our possession, of being developed into commercial in-situ recovery uranium mines. These permits, if received, should allow us to produce uranium yellowcake concentrate, which can be sold directly to utilities for fuel used in nuclear electrical generating facilities.

Our Powder River Basin properties include:

- our 100% owned properties that totaled 30,945 acres as of September 30, 2009; and
- our 81% interest Arkose Mining Venture properties that totaled 88,128 acres as of September 30, 2009.

Our 100% owned properties are comprised of unpatented mineral lode claims, state leases and fee (private) mineral leases, summarized as follows:

Property Composition	Ownership Interest ⁽¹⁾	Number of Claims/	Acreage
		Leases	(Approximate)
Unpatented Lode	100%	1,096	21,920 acres
Mining Claims			

Edgar Filing: URANERZ ENERGY CORP. - Form 10-Q

State Leases	100%	7	6,480 acres
Fee (private) Mineral Leases	100%	23	2,545 acres
Total			30,945 acres

(1) Subject to various royalties.

These 100% owned properties in the Powder River Basin include the following property units:

Property	No. Claims	Acreage (Approximate)
Doughstick	22	440
Collins Draw	38	760
North Rolling Pin	65	1,300
Hank	66	1,320
Nichols Ranch	36	720
C-Line	40	800
Willow Creek	11	220

West North-Butte	145	2,900
East Nichols	44	880
North Nichols	107	2,140
TOTAL	574	11,480

The Arkose Mining Venture properties are comprised of unpatented lode mining claims, state leases and fee (private) mineral leases, summarized as follows:

Property Composition	Ownership Interest ⁽¹⁾	Number of Claims/	Acreage
		Leases	(Approximate)
Unpatented Lode	81%	4,104	67,141 acres
Mining Claims			
State Leases	81%	3	2,080 acres
Fee (private) Mineral Leases	81%	68	18,907 acres
Total			88,128 acres

Through a combination of claim staking, purchasing, and leasing we have also acquired interests in several projects that lie within the Powder River Basin but outside of the project areas discussed above. These properties include the Verna Ann, Niles Ranch, North Reno Creek, and South Reno Creek projects. These projects are located in sandstone basins of Tertiary age with known uranium mineralization. However, due to our focus on other projects, we have not yet initiated exploration work on these projects.

Our plan of operations is to continue exploration of our Wyoming Powder River Basin properties. Our Saskatchewan, Wyoming Great Divide Basin and Texas properties are under strategic review. The information regarding the location and access for our Saskatchewan and Wyoming properties, together with the history of operations, present condition and geology of each of our properties, is presented in Item 2 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 under the heading "Description of Properties", previously filed with the SEC on March 12, 2009.

We have applied for mine operating permits on two of our properties in the Powder River Basin area of Wyoming that we feel have the potential, based on data in our possession, of being developed into commercial in-situ recovery uranium mines. We plan to use the low cost mining process of ISR. The leaching agent, which contains an oxidant such as oxygen with sodium bicarbonate (commonly known as baking soda), is added to the native groundwater and injected through wells into the ore body in a sandstone aquifer to dissolve the uranium. This solution is then pumped via other wells to the surface for processing into finished yellowcake product ready for sale to utilities requiring nuclear fuel for operations resulting in a cost-efficient and, relative to other common mining methods, a more environmentally-friendly mining process.

The ISR mining process differs dramatically from conventional mining techniques in that ISR mining leaves the rock matrix in place. The ISR technique avoids the movement and milling of rock and ore as well as mill tailing waste associated with more traditional mining methods.

Applications for a Permit to Mine and a Source Material License for the Nichols Ranch ISR Uranium Project were submitted to the Wyoming Department of Environmental Quality Land Quality Division (which we refer to as **WDEQ**) and the United States Nuclear Regulatory Commission (which we refer to as **NRC**) in December of 2007. Both the NRC and WDEQ applications were deemed complete for further technical and environmental review in April 2008 and August 2008, respectively. In the fall of 2008, we received Requests for Additional Information (which we refer to as **RAI**) for the technical review from the NRC. We submitted the response to this RAI, consisting of answers with supporting data, to the NRC during March 2009. This return of information and data will allow the NRC to progress with the review, which should ultimately lead to the issuance of the required Source Materials License that allows us to receive, possess, use, transfer, and deliver radioactive materials. We also received RAIs from

the NRC for the environmental portion of the application review on March 12, 2009. We submitted responses to the environmental RAIs in May 2009. The WDEQ is currently conducting their detailed review of the Permit to Mine application, and both the NRC and WDEQ applications are progressing through the regulatory review process. Approval of the permit applications should allow us to proceed with development of the commercial mining facilities and related infrastructure.

The mine plan for the Nichols Ranch ISR Uranium Project includes a central processing facility at our Nichols Ranch property and a satellite ion exchange uranium concentrating facility at our Hank property. The ultimate production level from these two properties is planned to be in the range of 600,000 to 800,000 pounds per year (as U₃O₈). The central processing facility is planned for a licensed capacity of two million pounds per year of uranium (as U₃O₈) and it is intended that it will process uranium-bearing well-field solutions from Nichols Ranch, as well as uranium-loaded resin transported from the Hank satellite facility, plus uranium-loaded resin from any additional satellite deposits that may be developed on our other Powder River Basin properties. We believe this centralized design enhances the economics of our potential additional satellite projects by maximizing production capacity while minimizing further capital expenditures on processing facilities. The project is progressing through detailed engineering and design.

In anticipation of receiving all the approvals necessary to begin construction in 2010, we have commenced a marketing program for conditional sales of uranium from our Nichols Ranch ISR Uranium Project. On July 23, 2009, we announced that we

entered into a sales agreement with Exelon Generation Company, LLC for the sale of uranium over a five year period for defined pricing. On August 17, 2009 we announced the second contract for the sale of uranium to a U.S. utility over five years, with a pricing structure that contains references to both spot and long-term prices and includes a floor and ceiling price.

During the winter of 2008/09, leach amenability studies were performed on sample cores obtained from the Doughstick and South Doughstick properties. Standard ISR leach bottle roll tests were conducted on the samples by Energy Laboratories in Casper, Wyoming. The leach amenability studies intend to demonstrate that the uranium mineralization is capable of being leached using conventional ISR chemistry. The leach solution was prepared using sodium bicarbonate as the source of the carbonate complexing agent. Hydrogen peroxide was added as the uranium oxidizing agent. The study is an indication of the ore's reaction rate and the potential uranium recovery. The test results showed the uranium recovery percentage for South Doughstick as 87.8%, and the uranium recovery percentage for Doughstick as 77.1%. The 88% and 77% results are greater than the 73% that Uranerz used in its Preliminary (Economic) Assessment of the Nichols Ranch Uranium ISR Project. Doughstick and South Doughstick properties are located approximately two miles south of Nichols Ranch.

Between July 4, 2009 and September 30, 2009, on the Arkose Mining Venture property ("Arkose"), a joint venture between the Company (81%) and United Nuclear, LLC (19%), a total of 289 uranium trend and delineation holes were drilled utilizing up to three drill rigs and two electric log probing units. Drilling on the Arkose property was conducted at North Jane, Little Butte, Beecher Draw, Lone Bull and the South Doughstick extension.

At the North Jane property, located southeast of the Uranerz Doughstick area, 20 additional holes were drilled with excellent results in the 100 Sand. The North Jane area is part of Arkose and is adjacent to the trend located at the Company's 100%-owned Doughstick property. A combined National Instrument 43-101 technical report is currently in progress for both the Uranerz Doughstick and North Jane properties.

At Little Butte and Beecher Draw (northwest targets), 185 exploration holes were drilled but only minor mineralization was found in the 90 sand at these locations. Drilling was also conducted in an area identified as Lone Bull which is located 5 miles southwest of South Doughstick. Wide space drilling at this location has found a trend in the 100 sand with uranium mineralization present. Additional drilling at Lone Bull is planned in this area before the end of the 2009 drilling season.

Drilling was also conducted along the South Doughstick extension located one mile south of the primary South Doughstick trend. A total of 61 holes were drilled with good results along 5,000 feet of mineralized trend. A National Instrument 43-101 technical report was prepared for the South Doughstick property dated August 11, 2009 which was amended and restated on October 13, 2009 (please see below under "Recent Developments").

The combined effort for drilling on the Arkose properties from July 4 through September 30 represents approximately 206,655 feet of drilling with an average depth of 715 feet per hole.

The objective of the 2009 Arkose drilling project is to find previously unknown or little known uranium mineralization trends and to delineate known trends, thus providing data for permitting and eventual production operations in favorably identified areas. During this update period, uranium mineralization found ranged from <0.01% eU₃O₈ to 1.18% eU₃O₈. A cut-off grade of 0.03% eU₃O₈ was established for Arkose projects. Approximately 29.4% of the 289 holes drilled during this period met or exceeded the minimum cutoff grade. Some of the delineation drilling was conducted in rows or fences of drill holes, with each end of the fence being drilled until barren sand was found. This drilling technique typically results in two or more barren holes per fence.

Recent Developments

During August 2009, we decided to forfeit our interests in certain mining claims which we determined, based on the review, analysis and recommendations of our geological staff, did not merit further exploration and accordingly were no longer of strategic interest or value to the Company. The claims, which were forfeited, effective September 1, 2009, when the annual renewal fee would have become due, were comprised of: 285 claims in which we had held a 100% interest in the Streeter, Collins Draw, East Nichols, North Nichols, Eagle and Cyclone Rim project areas and 132 claims in the Little Butte and South Collins project areas, in which we held an 81% interest through the Arkose Mining Venture.

On October 13, 2009, we filed an amended and restated technical report entitled Technical Report, South Doughstick Property, Campbell and Johnson Counties, Wyoming, U.S.A. prepared by Douglass H. Graves, PE of TREC, Inc. and dated October 12, 2009. The technical report was amended after we discovered that the Arkose Mining Venture does not control 100 percent of the fee mineral interests on the west one half of Section 29 in the South Doughstick project area. We recently discovered that the Arkose Mining Venture's interest is subject to a 50 percent interest for the minerals on the west one half of Section 29. This has resulted in 50% decrease in the mineralized material for that section (a decrease of approximately 18% of the mineralized material for the total South Doughstick project) as reported in the previous technical report, dated August 11, 2009.

On October 23, 2009, we received notification that the Wyoming Department of Environmental Quality (which we refer to as the **WDEQ**) Air Quality Division has approved and issued the air quality permit for our Nichols Ranch ISR Uranium Project. The

WDEQ Air Quality Division has issued Permit No. CT-8644 in the form of a Permit to Construct the Nichols Ranch Uranium ISR Project which includes the Nichols Ranch Central Processing facility and the Hank Satellite plant. This is the first operational permit for the construction of the Nichols Ranch Uranium ISR Project to be issued to us by the State of Wyoming. Receipt of the air quality permit demonstrates progress in the environmental permitting process required for uranium production in Wyoming. The WDEQ Permit to Mine and the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Source Material License must also be obtained prior to initiating construction activities on site.

Financial Position

The Company's overall financial position is disclosed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 12, 2009 and the unaudited Financial Statements at September 30, 2009 as provided herein under the section heading "Financial Statements" above.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

We are carrying out an exploration, environmental and mine design program with a budget of approximately \$5,900,000 in 2009. This plan, plus general and administrative expenses of approximately \$3,600,000 amounts to cash requirements of approximately \$9,500,000 for the year ending December 31, 2009 as reported in Item 2 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 under the heading "Description of Properties", previously filed with the SEC on March 12, 2009. Mineral property acquisitions, dependent upon opportunities that may arise, and equipment acquisitions of approximately \$1,500,000 are expected to be additional expenditures. During the nine months ended September 30, 2009, mineral property expenditures incurred were \$3,498,878, including minor acquisitions.

At September 30, 2009, we had cash and short term securities of \$15,722,477 and working capital of \$15,983,711, as compared to the ending near cash balance of \$21,253,277 and working capital of \$21,405,022 as at December 31, 2008. Our working capital at September 30, 2009 includes \$13,978,466 of short term marketable securities compared to \$20,432,035 as at December 31, 2008, which are equivalent to cash for operational purposes.

Net cash used in operating activities was \$5,598,119 for the nine months ended September 30, 2009, compared to \$9,097,266 for the corresponding period in 2008. The decrease in net cash used in operations of \$3,499,147 resulted primarily from a decrease in mineral property cash expenditures of \$3,487,645 from 2008 when substantial properties were acquired. Net cash from investing activities was \$6,380,057 for the nine months ended September 30, 2009, compared to \$24,301,124 used in the corresponding period in 2008; the variance derived primarily from the investment in short term marketable securities.

Net cash provided by financing activities amounted to \$140,831 for the nine months ended September 30, 2009, compared to \$22,810,701 provided in the corresponding period in 2008 when common shares were issued for proceeds of \$24,221,275.

During the twelve-month period following the date of this quarterly report, we anticipate that we will not generate any revenue. We anticipate that any additional funding may be in the form of equity financing from the sale of our common stock and the exercise of share purchase warrants. Our exploration plans will be continually evaluated and modified as exploration and environmental results become available. General and administrative expenses, planning and environmental expenses are incurred throughout the year; most of our exploration expenditures are incurred during the nine-month period of March through November. Modifications to our plans will be based on many factors including results of exploration, assessment of data, weather conditions, exploration costs, the price of uranium and available capital. Further, the extent of exploration programs that we undertake will be dependent upon the amount of financing available to us. We believe we have sufficient cash to continue our exploration and planning and to meet on-going operating expenses for the next twelve months, and beyond as we scale our operations to the resources we have available.

To date, our primary source of funds has been equity investments, and this trend is expected to continue together with production related financing when our mine development permitting is complete. On July 10, 2009, we filed a shelf registration statement on Form S-3 with the Securities and Exchange Commission and a preliminary prospectus in Canada under which, when effective, we may issue up to \$50 million in common stock, debt securities, warrants, subscription receipts or other such securities. On October 27, 2009 we issued 8,500,000 Units, comprised of one share of common stock and one-half of one share purchase warrant, for gross proceeds of \$17,000,000.

Our current short term investments have not been devalued by the current stock market disruptions as these investments are primarily in low risk bearer deposit notes issued and guaranteed by Canadian Chartered banks. Rates of return, however, are at historic lows. At the end of the investment period of these securities we plan on reinvesting the securities in similar short term instruments. Management and the board of directors periodically meet to review the status of these investments and determine investment strategies, taking into account current market conditions and the short and long term capital needs of the Company.

Results of Operations

Three-month period ended September 30, 2009 compared to three-month period ended September 30, 2008

Revenue and Operating Expenses

We have not earned any revenues to date and we anticipate that we will not generate any revenues during the twelve-month period following the date of this quarterly report.

We incurred total operating expenses of approximately \$2,879,027 for the three-month period ended September 30, 2009, as compared to \$2,721,321 for the corresponding period in 2008. The increase of operating expenses in the amount of \$157,706 was primarily attributable to a \$201,736 increase in mineral property expenses.

We had no significant financing expense for the three-month periods ended September 30, 2009 and 2008. We earned \$17,985 of interest income for the three-month period ended September 30, 2009 as compared to \$133,054 for the corresponding period in 2008. This income resulted from short term investments which are realizing low returns.

Net loss for the three-month period ended September 30, 2009 was approximately \$2,861,042, as compared to approximately \$2,588,267 for the corresponding period in 2008, primarily due to the reduction of interest income and an increase in mineral property expenditures.

Nine-month period ended September 30, 2009 compared to nine-month period ended September 30, 2008

We incurred total operating expenses of approximately \$7,136,450 for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2009, as compared to \$33,451,066 for the corresponding period in 2008. The decrease of operating expenses in the amount of \$26,314,616 was primarily attributable to a \$22,577,645 decrease in mineral property expenditures and a \$1,807,372 decrease in general and administrative expenses. Our \$24,617,796 acquisition of NAMMCO properties is included in the mineral property expenditures for nine-month period ended September 30, 2008.

We had no significant financing expense for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2009 and 2008. We earned \$131,979 of interest income for the nine month period ended September 30, 2009 as compared to \$340,169 for the corresponding period in 2008. This income resulted from short term investments. A gain on disposal of discontinued operations in Mongolia of approximately \$977,077 was realized during the nine month period ended September 30, 2008.

Net loss for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2009 was approximately \$6,423,504, as compared to approximately \$32,133,820 for the corresponding period in 2008, a decrease of \$25,710,316. The net loss was abnormally affected by the acquisition of properties in the 2008 period and results of operations can be more expected to reflect historical levels for the remainder of 2009, unless other significant acquisitions are identified and concluded.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have no significant off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources that are material to stockholders except as disclosed in the unaudited Financial Statements at September 30, 2009. The Company has had no material changes to its off-balance sheet arrangements as disclosed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 12, 2009 and the unaudited Financial Statements at September 30, 2009 as provided herein under the section heading Financial Statements above.

Critical Accounting Policies

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of net revenue and expenses in the reporting period. We regularly evaluate our estimates and assumptions related to the useful life and recoverability of long-lived assets, stock-based compensation and deferred income tax asset valuation allowances. We base our estimates and assumptions on current facts, historical experience and various other factors that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities and the accrual of costs and expenses that are not readily apparent from other sources. The actual results experienced by us may differ materially and adversely from our estimates. To the extent there are material differences between our estimates and the actual results, our future results of operations will be affected.

We believe the following critical accounting policies require us to make significant judgments and estimates in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements.

Mineral Property Costs

The Company is primarily engaged in the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties. Mineral property acquisition costs are capitalized in accordance with EITF 04-2 *Whether Mineral Rights Are Tangible or Intangible Assets* when management has determined that probable future benefits consisting of a contribution to future cash inflows have been identified and adequate financial resources are available or are expected to be available as required to meet the terms of property acquisition and budgeted exploration and development expenditures. Mineral property acquisition costs are expensed as incurred if the criteria for capitalization are not met. In the event that a mineral property is acquired through the issuance of the Company's shares, the mineral property will be recorded at the fair value of the respective property or the fair value of common shares, whichever is more readily determinable.

When mineral properties are acquired under option agreements with future acquisition payments to be made at the sole discretion of the Company, those future payments, whether in cash or shares, are recorded only when the Company has made or is obliged to make the payment or issue the shares. When it has been determined that a mineral property can be economically developed as a result of establishing proven and probable reserves and pre-feasibility, the costs incurred to develop such property are capitalized.

Stock-based Compensation

The Company records stock-based compensation in accordance with SFAS 123(R), *Share-Based Payments*, which requires the measurement and recognition of compensation expense, based on estimated fair values, for all share-based awards, made to employees and directors, including stock options. SFAS 123(R) requires companies to estimate the fair value of share-based awards on the date of grant using an option-pricing model. The Company uses the Black-Scholes option-pricing model as its method of determining fair value. This model is affected by the Company's stock price as well as assumptions regarding a number of subjective variables. These subjective variables include, but are not limited to, the Company's expected stock price volatility over the term of the awards, and actual and projected employee stock option exercise behaviors. The value of the portion of the award that is ultimately expected to vest is recognized as an expense in the consolidated statement of operations over the vesting period.

No tax benefits were attributed to stock-based compensation expense because a full valuation allowance was maintained for all net deferred tax assets.

Contractual Obligations

The Company has had no material changes to its contractual obligations as disclosed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 12, 2009 and the unaudited Financial Statements at September 30, 2009 as provided herein under the section heading *Financial Statements* above.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Our operations are not yet exposed to risks associated with commodity prices, interest rates and credit. Commodity price risk is defined as the potential loss that we may incur as a result of changes in the fair value of uranium. Interest rate risk results from our debt and equity instruments that we issue to provide financing and liquidity for our business. Credit risk would arise from the extension of credit throughout all aspects of our business but is not yet significant. Industry-wide risks can, however, affect our general ability to finance exploration, and development of exploitable resources; such effects are not predictable or quantifiable.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

At the end of the period covered by this report, an evaluation was carried out under the supervision of and with the participation of the Company's management, including its Chief Executive Officer (CEO), Glenn Catchpole, and Chief Financial Officer (CFO), Benjamin Leboe, of the effectiveness of the design and operations of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and Rule 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act). Based on that evaluation the CEO and the CFO have concluded that as of the end of the period covered by this report, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were adequately designed and effective in ensuring that: (i) information required to be disclosed by the Company in reports that it files or submits to the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in applicable rules and forms and (ii) material information required to be disclosed in our reports filed under the Exchange Act is

accumulated and communicated to our management, including our CEO and CFO, as appropriate, to allow for accurate and timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Disclosure controls and procedures are controls and other procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

During our most recently completed fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2009, there were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

The term "internal control over financial reporting" is defined as a process designed by, or under the supervision of, the registrant's principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, and effected by the registrant's board of directors, management and other personnel, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and includes those policies and procedures that:

- (a) Pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the registrant;
 - (b) Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the registrant are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the registrant; and
 - (c) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of the registrant's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.
-

PART II- OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

We currently are not a party to any material legal proceedings and, to our knowledge, no such proceedings are threatened or contemplated.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Except for the risk factor as provided below, there have been no material changes from the risk factors as previously disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 12, 2009

Recent market events and conditions, including disruptions in the U.S. and international credit markets and other financial systems and the deterioration of the U.S. and global economic conditions, could, among other things, impede access to capital or increase the cost of capital, which would have an adverse effect on our ability to fund our working capital and other capital requirements.

In 2007, 2008 and into 2009, the U.S. credit markets began to experience serious disruption due to a deterioration in residential property values, defaults and delinquencies in the residential mortgage market (particularly, sub-prime and non-prime mortgages) and a decline in the credit quality of mortgage backed securities. These problems led to a slow-down in residential housing market transactions, declining housing prices, delinquencies in non-mortgage consumer credit and a general decline in consumer confidence. These conditions continued and worsened in 2008 and into 2009, causing a loss of confidence in the broader U.S. and global credit and financial markets and resulting in the collapse of, and government intervention in, major banks, financial institutions and insurers and creating a climate of greater volatility, less liquidity, widening of credit spreads, a lack of price transparency, increased credit losses and tighter credit conditions. Notwithstanding various actions by the U.S. and foreign governments, concerns about the general condition of the capital markets, financial instruments, banks, investment banks, insurers and other financial institutions caused the broader credit markets to further deteriorate and stock markets to decline substantially. In addition, general economic indicators deteriorated, including declining consumer sentiment, increased unemployment and declining economic growth and uncertainty about corporate earnings.

Although there are indications that the worst disruptions are over, these disruptions in the credit and financial markets have had a significant material adverse impact on a number of financial institutions and have limited access to capital and credit for many companies. These disruptions could, among other things, make it more difficult for us to obtain, or increase our cost of obtaining, capital and financing for our operations. Our access to additional capital may not be available on terms acceptable to us.

Acquisitions and integration issues may expose us to additional risks which could have a material adverse effect on our business.

Our business strategy includes making targeted acquisitions. Any acquisition that we make may be of a significant size, may change the scale of our business and operations, and may expose us to new geographic, political, operating, financial and geological risks. The success of our acquisition activities depends on our ability to identify suitable acquisition candidates, negotiate acceptable terms for any such acquisition and integrate the acquired operations successfully with our own. Any acquisitions would be accompanied by risks which could have a material adverse effect on our business. For example, there may be significant decreases in commodity prices after we have committed to complete the transaction and have established the purchase price or exchange ratio; a material ore body may prove to be below expectations; we may have difficulty integrating and assimilating the operations and personnel of any acquired companies, realizing anticipated synergies and maximizing the financial and strategic position of the combined enterprise and maintaining uniform standards, policies and controls across the organization; the integration

of the acquired business or assets may disrupt our ongoing business and our relationships with employees, customers, suppliers and contractors; and the acquired business or assets may have unknown liabilities which may be significant. If we choose to use equity securities as consideration for such an acquisition, existing stockholders may suffer dilution. Alternatively, we may choose to finance any such acquisition with our existing resources. There can be no assurance that we would be successful in overcoming these risks or any other problems encountered in connection with such acquisitions.

Our mineral properties may be subject to defects in title.

We own, lease, or have under option, unpatented and patented mining claims, mineral claims or concessions and fee mineral leases which constitute our property holdings. The ownership and validity or title of unpatented mining claims and concessions are often uncertain and may be contested. We also may not have, or may not be able to obtain, all necessary surface rights to develop a property. We have not conducted title research in relation to many of our mining claims and concessions to ensure clean title. We cannot guarantee that title to our properties will not be challenged. Title insurance is generally not available for mineral properties and our ability to ensure that we have obtained secure claim to individual mineral properties or mining concessions may be severely

constrained. Our mineral properties may be subject to prior unregistered agreements, transfers or claims, and title may be affected by, among other things, undetected defects. We may incur significant costs related to defending the title to our properties. A successful claim contesting our title to a property may cause us to compensate other persons or perhaps reduce our interest in the affected property or lose our rights to explore and, if warranted, develop that property. This could result in us not being compensated for our prior expenditures relating to the property. Also, in any such case, the investigation and resolution of title issues would divert our management's time from ongoing exploration and development programs.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

During the quarter ended September 30, 2009, no unregistered securities were sold.

Item 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

None.

Item 5. Other Information

None.

Item 6. Exhibits

The following exhibits are attached to this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q:

Exhibit**Number Description**

3.1	Articles of Incorporation ⁽¹⁾
3.2	Bylaws, as amended ⁽¹⁾
3.3	Articles of Amendment filed July 5, 2005 ⁽²⁾
3.4	Articles of Amendment filed August 8, 2008 ⁽³⁾
3.5	Articles of Amendment filed July 8, 2009 ⁽⁴⁾
4.1	Share Certificate ⁽¹⁾
4.2	Form of Lock-up Agreement ⁽⁶⁾
4.3	Warrant Indenture, dated October 27, 2009 ⁽⁷⁾
<u>31.1</u>	<u>Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Exchange Act</u>
<u>31.2</u>	<u>Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Exchange Act</u>
<u>32.1</u>	<u>Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) of the Exchange Act and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</u>
<u>32.2</u>	<u>Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) of the Exchange Act and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</u>

(1) Previously filed as an exhibit to the Registrant s Form SB-2 filed March 15, 2002

(2) Previously filed as an exhibit to the Registrant s Annual Report on Form 10-KSB filed April 14, 2006

(3) Previously filed as an exhibit to the Registrant s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed August 11, 2008

(4) Previously filed as an exhibit to the Registrant s Form S-3 filed July 9, 2009

(5) Previously filed as an exhibit to the Registrant s Form S-3 filed July 9, 2009

(6) Previously filed as an exhibit to the Registrant s Form 8-K, filed October 22, 2009

(7) Previously filed as an exhibit to the Registrant s Form 8-K, filed October 27, 2009

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

URANERZ ENERGY CORPORATION

By: /s/ Benjamin Leboe
Benjamin Leboe, Chief Financial Officer
Date: November 9, 2009

By: /s/ Glenn Catchpole
Glenn Catchpole, President and Principal Executive
Officer, Director
Date: November 9, 2009
