

CHINA MOBILITY SOLUTIONS, INC. (formerly Xin Net Corp.)  
Form 10QSB/A  
May 23, 2007

**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
**Washington, D.C. 20549**

**FORM 10-QSB/A**

**Amendment No. 1**

**Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of**

**The Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

**For the quarterly period ended: March 31, 2007**

**Commission file number 0-26559**

**CIK No. 0001082603**

*Index*

**CHINA MOBILITY SOLUTIONS, INC.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in this charter)

**Florida**

(State of other  
jurisdiction  
of incorporation or  
organization)

**330-751560**

(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)

**#407-1270 Robson,  
Vancouver, B.C.  
Canada**

(Address of principal  
executive offices)

**V6E 3Z6**

(Zip Code)

**Registrant's  
telephone number,  
including area code:**

**(604) 632-9638**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to the filing requirements for at least the past 90 days.

Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes  No

As of May 21, 2007, there were 61,650,295 shares of \$0.001 par value common stock outstanding.

---

**CHINA MOBILITY SOLUTIONS, INC.  
INDEX TO QUARTERLY REPORT  
ON FORM 10-QSB/A  
March 31, 2007**

<b>INDEX TO FORM 10-QSB/A</b>	
	Page No.
<b>PART I</b>	
<u>Item 1. Financial Statements</u>	3
<u>Consolidated Balance Sheet - March 31, 2007 (unaudited)</u>	4
<u>Consolidated Statements of Operations - Three Months Ended March 31, 2007 and 2006 (unaudited)</u>	5
<u>Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity</u>	6
<u>Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows - Three Months Ended March 31, 2007 and 2006 (unaudited)</u>	7
<u>Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)</u>	9-14
<u>Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation</u>	15
<u>Item 3. Controls and Procedures</u>	18
<b>PART II</b>	
<u>Item 1. Legal Proceedings</u>	19
<u>Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u>	19

<u>Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities</u>	21
<u>Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders</u>	21
<u>Item 5. Other Information</u>	21
<u>Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K</u>	21
<u>Signature Page</u>	22

## PART 1. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

### ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been adjusted with all adjustments, which, in the opinion of management, are necessary in order to make the financial statements not misleading.

For financial information, please see the financial statements and the notes thereto, attached hereto and incorporated herein by this reference.

The financial statements have been prepared by China Mobility Solutions, Inc. without audit pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, have been condensed or omitted as allowed by such rules and regulations, and management believes that the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. These financial statements include all of the adjustments which, in the opinion of management, are necessary to a fair presentation of financial position and results of operations. All such adjustments are of a normal and recurring nature. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements at December 31, 2006, included in the Company's and Form 10-KSB.

#### Forward Looking Statements

Statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB/A include "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of such term in Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act") and Section 21E of the Exchange Act. Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which could cause actual financial or operating results, performances or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements not to occur or be realized. Forward-looking statements generally are based on our best estimates of future results, performances or achievements, based upon current conditions and the most recent results of the companies involved and their respective industries. Forward-looking statements may be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "may," "will," "could," "project," "expect," "believe," "estimate," "anticipate," "intend," "continue," "potential," "opportunity" or similar terms, variations of those terms or the negative of those terms or other variations of those terms or comparable words or expressions.

Potential risks and uncertainties include, among other things, such factors as:

- the Liquidation of our PRC Subsidiaries as set forth under Item 2 under "Liquidation of Quicknet Subsidiary to Repay Debentures in Default",

- our business strategies and future plans of operations,
- general economic conditions in the United States and elsewhere, as well as the economic conditions affecting the industries in which we operate,
  - the market acceptance and amount of sales of our products and services,
  - our historical losses,
  - the competitive environment within the industries in which we compete,
- our ability to raise additional capital, currently needed for expansion, the other factors and information discussed in other sections of this report and in the documents incorporated by reference in this report.

Persons reading this report should carefully consider such risks, uncertainties and other information, disclosures and discussions which contain cautionary statements identifying important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those provided in the forward-looking statements. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

### Index

## **China Mobility Solutions, Inc. and Subsidiaries**

### **Consolidated Balance Sheets**

**(Expressed in US Dollars)**

	March 31, 2007 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2006
<b>ASSETS</b>		
<b>Current Assets</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 181,942	\$ 288,149
Accounts receivable	3,361	3,373
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	2,283	4,615
Due from related parties	39,549	25,973
Net assets of subsidiaries in liquidation	1	1
<b>Total Current Assets</b>	<b>227,136</b>	<b>322,111</b>
<b>Property and Equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$52,070 and 51,442, respectively</b>	<b>10,501</b>	<b>11,129</b>
<b>Other Assets</b>		
Deposit paid in connection with contemplated acquisition of Beijing Topbiz,		
less allowance for doubtful recoverability	50,000	50,000
Investment	1	1
Goodwill	127,124	127,124
Other assets	785	785
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$ 415,547</b>	<b>\$ 511,150</b>

**LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIENCY)****Current Liabilities**

Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	\$	297,515	\$	537,200
Deferred revenue		13,338		12,849
Convertible debentures		1,650,000		3,325,000
<b>Total current liabilities</b>		<b>1,960,853</b>		<b>3,875,049</b>

**Commitments and Contingencies**

-

**Stockholders' Equity (Deficiency)**

Common stock, \$0.001 par value; authorized 500,000,000 shares, issued and outstanding: 59,534,292 and 20,011,792 shares, respectively		59,534		20,012
Additional paid-in capital		20,429,429		18,492,826
Accumulated deficit		-21,833,974		-21,683,854
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		-200,295		-192,883
<b>Total stockholders' equity (deficiency)</b>		<b>-1,545,306</b>		<b>-3,363,899</b>
<b>Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity (Deficiency)</b>	\$	<b>415,547</b>	\$	<b>511,150</b>

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

Index**China Mobility Solutions, Inc. and Subsidiaries****Consolidated Statements of Operations**

(Expressed in US Dollars)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2007	2006
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
<b>Revenue</b>		
Tuition fees	\$ 21,009	\$ 19,027
<b>Cost of Sales</b>		
Tuition fees	154	4,632
<b>Gross Profit</b>	<b>20,855</b>	<b>14,395</b>
<b>Selling, general, and administrative expenses</b>	<b>108,031</b>	<b>231,174</b>
<b>Income (loss) from Operations</b>	<b>(87,176)</b>	<b>(216,779)</b>
<b>Other income (Expense)</b>		
Interest income	-	17,653
Interest expense on convertible debentures	(64,647)	(54,312)
Costs relating to convertible debentures:		
Late registration penalty fees	-	(201,000)
Other income	1,703	-
Other income (expense) - net	(62,944)	(237,659)
<b>Income (loss) before Income Taxes</b>	<b>(150,120)</b>	<b>(454,438)</b>

<b>Income tax expense</b>	-	-
<b>Income (loss) from continuing operations</b>	(150,120)	(454,438)
<b>Discontinued operations:</b>		
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	-	396,839
<b>Total</b>	-	396,839
<b>Net income (loss)</b>	\$ (150,120)	\$ (57,599)
<b>Net income (loss) per share</b>		
Continuing operations	\$ 0	\$ (0.02)
Discontinued operations		0.02
<b>Total</b>	\$ 0	\$ 0
<b>Weighted average number of common shares used to compute net income (loss) per share</b>		
Basic and Diluted	41,090,459	20,011,792

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

*Index*

**China Mobility Solutions,  
Inc. and Subsidiaries  
Consolidated Statements of  
Stockholders' Equity  
(Deficiency)  
(Expressed in US Dollars)**

	Common Stock, \$0.001 par value	Additional paid-in capital	Accumulated deficit	Accumulated other comprehensive income	Total	
	Shares	Amount				
Balance at December 31, 2004	15,826,792	\$ 15,827	\$ 8,770,378	\$ (4,640,956)	\$ (183,532)	\$ 3,961,717
Issuance of common stock for cash on exercise of stock options on February 24, 2005 at \$0.30	495,000	495	148,005	-	-	148,500
Issuance of common stock for services rendered	600,000	600	350,700	-	-	351,300
Issuance of common stock for cash on exercise of stock options on September 1, 2005 at \$0.40	500,000	500	199,500	-	-	200,000

Edgar Filing: CHINA MOBILITY SOLUTIONS, INC. (formerly Xin Net Corp.) - Form 10QSB/A

Issuance of common stock for cash on exercise of stock options on September 1, 2005 at \$0.35	2,590,000	2,590	903,910	-	-	906,500
Stock-based compensation	-	-	126,000	-	-	126,000
Fair value of new Series "A" warrants issued	-	-	3,254,305	-	-	3,254,305
Fair value of new Series "B" warrants issued	-	-	3,637,165	-	-	3,637,165
Intrinsic value of the conversion feature of the convertible debenture	-	-	1,052,863	-	-	1,052,863
Net loss for the year ended December 31, 2005	-	-	-	(9,163,453)	-	(9,163,453)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	-	-	-	-	(17,829)	(17,829)
Balance at December 31, 2005	20,011,792	20,012	18,442,826	(13,804,409)	(201,361)	4,457,068
Fair value of 200,000 Series "C" warrants issued for services rendered	-	-	50,000	-	-	50,000
Net loss for the year ended December 31, 2006	-	-	-	(7,879,445)	-	(7,879,445)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	-	-	-	-	8,478	8,478
Balance at December 31, 2006	20,011,792	20,012	18,492,826	(21,683,854)	(192,883)	(3,363,899)
Unaudited: Conversion of convertible debentures to common stock at \$0.05 per share	33,500,000	33,500	1,641,500			1,675,000
Issuance of common stock in satisfaction of unpaid accrued interest and late registration penalty fees relating to convertible debentures at \$0.05 per share	6,022,500	6,022	295,103			301,125
Net loss for the three months ended March 31, 2007				(150,120)		(150,120)
Foreign currency translation adjustment					(7,412)	(7,412)
Balance at March 31, 2007	59,534,292	\$ 59,534	\$ 20,429,429	\$ (21,833,974)	\$ (200,295)	\$ (1,545,306)

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

Index
**China Mobility Solutions, Inc. and Subsidiaries**  
**Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**  
**(Expressed in US Dollars)**

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2007	2006
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
<b>Cash Flows from Operating Activities</b>		
Net loss	\$ (150,120)	\$ (57,599)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:		
Depreciation	628	611
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(7,412)	3,025
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Accounts receivable	12	(965)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	2,332	122,034
Due from related parties	(13,576)	(12,472)
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	61,440	(25,278)
Deferred revenue	489	(426,396)
<b>Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities</b>	<b>(106,207)</b>	<b>(397,040)</b>
<b>Cash Flows from Investing Activities</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Cash Flows from Financing Activities</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>(106,207)</b>	<b>(397,040)</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period</b>	<b>288,149</b>	<b>6,138,609</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents, end of period</b>	<b>\$ 181,942</b>	<b>\$ 5,741,569</b>

**Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:**

## Cash paid for:

Interest paid	\$ -	\$ 53,600
Income taxes paid	\$ -	\$ -

**Schedule of non-cash financing activities:**

Conversion of convertible debentures to common stock at \$0.05 per share	\$ 1,675,000	\$ -
Issuance of common stock in satisfaction of unpaid accrued interest and late registration penalty fees relating to convertible debentures	\$ 301,125	\$ -

**See notes to consolidated financial statements.**

Index

**CHINA MOBILITY SOLUTIONS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**MARCH 31, 2007**  
**(Stated in U.S. dollars)**  
**(Unaudited)**

**NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying unaudited financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. However, certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been omitted or condensed pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). In the opinion of management, all adjustments of a normal recurring nature necessary for a fair presentation have been included. The results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results for the entire year. These condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006 included in its Annual Report on Form 10-KSB.

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include China Mobility Solutions, Inc. and its subsidiaries. All inter-company transactions and accounts have been eliminated.

Certain items have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation. There is no effect on total results of operations or stockholders' equity.

**NOTE 2 - DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS**

On August 15, 2006, a total of \$3,350,000 of convertible debentures became due and payable. In October 2006, the Company was notified by the PRC State Administration of Foreign Exchange ("SAFE") that its application to convert certain cash held by the Company's two subsidiaries organized under the laws of the People's Republic of China (the "PRC Subsidiaries") into U.S. dollars and repay the debentures was denied. Later, in the three months ended December 31, 2006, based upon advice of PRC counsel that the Beijing Rule of Liquidation was the sole means to repay the outstanding debentures, the PRC subsidiaries submitted applications to a PRC regulatory authority to liquidate pursuant to the Beijing Rule of Liquidation. In connection therewith, the accounting responsibilities for the operations of the PRC subsidiaries were transferred from the Company to a PRC accounting firm approved by the PRC regulatory authority. The Company has been unable to obtain reports from this accounting firm and has not received a definitive opinion regarding the ultimate outcome of these liquidations; accordingly, the Company reduced the carrying value of the net assets of the PRC Subsidiaries to \$1 at December 31, 2006 and reflected operations of the PRC Subsidiaries to September 30, 2006 as discontinued operations. In the event that the Company receives more than \$1 from the liquidations, it will recognize a gain in such future periods that the proceeds are realized.

Income (loss) from discontinued operations consists of:

	<b>2007</b>	<b>2006</b>
Revenue from wireless communications services	\$	- \$1,440,917

Cost of revenues	-	291,833
Gross profit	-	1,149,084
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	-	759,150
Income (loss) from operations	-	389,934
Interest income	-	6,905
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	\$	- \$ 396,839

### NOTE 3 - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment, net consists of:

	March 31, 2007	December 31, 2006
Equipment	\$ 36,913	\$ 36,913
Library	12,816	12,816
Furniture	12,842	12,842
Total	62,571	62,571
Less : Accumulated depreciation	(52,070)	(51,442)
Net book value	\$ 10,501	\$ 11,129

The depreciation expense charged to continuing operations for the three months ended March 31, 2007 and 2006 were \$628 and \$602, respectively.

### Index

### NOTE 4 - BEIJING TOPBIZ TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT CORP., INC.

On August 8, 2006, the Company subsidiary Infornet HK and Mr. Xin Wei, a citizen and resident of the PRC and President of a subsidiary of the Company (“Wei”) (Infornet HK and Wei together being referred to as the “Purchasers”), QiFang Niu and XiaoXia Chen, both citizens and residents of the PRC (together being referred to as the “Sellers”) and Beijing Topbiz Technology Development Corp., Ltd. (“Topbiz”), a company organized and existing under the laws of the PRC, entered into a Share Purchase Agreement (the “Agreement”) providing for the acquisition by the Purchasers of control of Topbiz from the Sellers.

Under the Agreement, Infornet HK was to directly acquire 49% of the capital stock of Topbiz, and indirectly acquire control through Mr. Wei of an additional 11% of Topbiz, giving it effective control of 60% of Topbiz. Infornet HK was to pay the Sellers on a pro rata basis US\$3,700,000 in cash (\$950,000 on August 8, 2006, \$1,350,000 on November 8, 2006, and \$1,400,000 on February 8, 2006) and issue to them on a pro rata basis 8,081,818 new investment shares in an offering which is intended to be exempt from registration pursuant to Regulation S under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. This acquisition structure was chosen to comply with China's foreign ownership rules which permit the Company, at this point in time, to have a direct ownership stake in Topbiz of up to 49%. Mr. Wei has agreed to execute and deliver to Infornet a Stock Option Agreement in the form and substance satisfactory to Infornet, which grants Infornet, among other things, the option to purchase his 11% ownership stake that he will acquire under the Agreement for an aggregate price of \$100, upon the satisfaction of certain conditions precedent.

Infornet HK paid a \$950,000 deposit to the Sellers on August 8, 2006 in contemplation of closing of the acquisition. Infornet HK has not made any additional payments to the Sellers. Due to the matters described in Note 2, the Company presently does not have sufficient cash to make the remaining payments of \$2,750,000 required under the Agreement. Accordingly, the Company believes that the \$950,000 may not be recoverable and recorded an impairment charge of \$900,000 at December 31, 2006 to reduce the carrying cost of the deposit from \$950,000 to \$50,000.

Topbiz develops and customizes short messaging system, or SMS, platforms for banks in China. The 8,081,818 shares issued in connection with the acquisition were to be subject to a one-year restriction on transfer to a U.S. person pursuant to Regulation S.

#### **NOTE 5 - CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES**

On August 15, 2005, the Company completed an offering of 134 units ("Units") for \$3,350,000. Each Unit was sold for \$25,000, consisting of \$25,000 principal amount of senior convertible debentures (the "Debentures"), and one new Series "A" Warrant and one new Series "B" Warrant. The Debentures were initially convertible at \$0.35 per share for 71,429 shares of common stock of the Company; maturing on August 15, 2006 and accruing interest at a rate of not less than 6% per annum equal to the sum of 2% per annum plus the one-month London Inter-Bank Offer Rate ("LIBOR"). The Debentures are subject to redemption at 125% of the principal amount plus accrued interest commencing six months after August 7, 2006.

Each Unit also included: (i) new Series "A" Warrants exercisable at \$0.44 per share to purchase 71,429 shares of Common Stock of the Company until February 15, 2008; and (ii) new Series "B" Warrants exercisable at \$0.52 per share to purchase 71,429 shares of Common Stock until February 15, 2009. The new Series "A" and new Series "B" Warrants are subject to redemption by the Company at \$0.001 per Warrant at any time commencing six months and twelve months, respectively, from August 7, 2006, provided the average closing bid price of the common stock of the Company equals or exceeds 175% of the respective exercise prices for 20 consecutive trading days.

On January 18, 2006, the Company received a letter (the "Default Notice") from the attorney for Southridge Partners, LP, (the "Lender"), the holder of \$500,000 principal amount of the Company's Senior Convertible Debentures (the "Debenture") stating that the Company was in default of certain transaction agreements (the "Transaction Agreements") issued in connection with the Debenture by virtue of the Company's issuance of registered shares of stock to employees and consultants under a Form S-8 registration statement and the filing of the Form S-8 prior to the date of effectiveness, August 7, 2006, of the Company's SB-2 Registration Statement required under the Registration Rights Agreement (one of the Transaction Agreements).

The Company denied that it was in default of the Transaction Agreements. However, in order to avoid costly litigation, the parties entered into a waiver/settlement agreement on May 4, 2006 (the "Waiver/Settlement Agreement").

In accordance with the terms of the Waiver/Settlement Agreement, the initial conversion price of the Debenture was reduced from \$.35 per share to \$.30 per share, the new Series "A" Warrant exercise price was reduced from \$.44 to \$.38 per share and the new Series "B" Warrant exercise price was reduced from \$.52 to \$.45 per share. In addition, the number of shares of the Company's common stock exercisable upon conversion of each \$25,000 principal amount of Debenture and upon exercise of the new Series "A" and new Series "B" Warrants included in each Unit was increased from 71,429 shares to 83,333 shares for each of the Debenture, Class A Warrants and Class B Warrants, or an aggregate of 250,000 shares per unit.

The Lender waived the S-8 Default set forth in the Default Notice and the Company agreed not to file any additional S-8 Registration Statements prior to 45 days after August 7, 2006.

On August 15, 2006, the Company did not repay the \$3,350,000 of Debentures then due. The Company has paid all interest on the Debentures accrued through November 15, 2006. As discussed in Note 2, the Company had applied to the regulatory authority in China to approve converting its subsidiaries' funds into U.S. dollars and repay the Debentures and was denied. The Company was advised that the Rule of Liquidation is the sole means of assuring repayment of the Debentures and subsequently submitted applications for such liquidations to a PRC regulatory authority. At May 18, 2007, these liquidations have not been completed.

The holder of an aggregate of \$300,000 of the Debentures has agreed to extend the due date to December 31, 2007 with an interest rate of 10% per annum starting from August 15, 2006 and the exercise price of the new Series "A" Warrants and new Series "B" Warrants being reduced to \$0.15 and \$0.20 per share respectively. Other terms remain the same.

The Company received letters (the "Default Letters") from the attorneys for two holders of an aggregate \$875,000 principal amount of Debentures stating that the Company was in default under the Debentures as a result of its failure to pay principal plus interest thereon. On September 18, 2006, one of the debenture holders commenced a lawsuit against the Company in the Supreme Court of the State of New York, New York County (No. 603266). The action is a motion for summary judgment in lieu of complaint based on the Company's Debentures in the amount of \$500,000 in favor of Plaintiff which was due on August 15, 2006, with interest at 12% per annum. On January 19, 2007, this motion was granted and a judgment in the amount of \$545,440 was awarded the Plaintiff.

The Company entered into conversion/settlement agreements (the "Conversion Agreements") dated February 2, 2007, which provided that the conversion price (the "Conversion Price") of the Debentures, as set forth in paragraph 7(d) of the Debentures shall be reduced to \$.05 per share of Common Stock ("Underlying Common Stock") issuable upon conversion (the "Conversion"), provided that at least fifty (50%) percent in principal amount (or \$1,675,000) of the initial \$3,350,000 of Debentures (the "Minimum Conversion") agree to the Conversion. The closing of the Conversion (the "Closing") occurred on February 12, 2007. Those Debenture holders who agree to the Conversion shall also agree to convert all accrued but unpaid penalties and interest owed by the Company into Common Stock at \$.05 per share. Pursuant to the terms of the May 4, 2006 Waiver/Settlement Agreement entered into between the Company and Debenture holders the Conversion Price of the Debentures was reduced to its current price of \$.30 per share. A total of 39,522,500 shares of common stock were issued to 29 Debenture holders under Conversion Agreements in satisfaction of \$1,675,000 total principal amount of Debentures and \$301,125 unpaid accrued interest and late registration penalty fees.

The Conversion Agreements provided for the Debenture holders who signed such agreements to: (i) terminate any and all pending litigation with the Company to which they are a party, without prejudice to reinstatement if and only if the Minimum Conversion is not completed, and/or the Company defaults in its obligations under the Conversion Agreement; (ii) in any vote of shareholders not vote against any nominee to the Board of Directors of the Company and any proposal designated by current management of the Company which does not effect the Conversion, and (iii) release and hold harmless the Company and its officers, directors, employees, representatives and affiliates following the Closing.

The Company agreed to make whatever filings are necessary with the SEC, whether by way of supplement or post-effective amendment to this registration statement concerning the Underlying Common Stock, to permit the issuance of common stock at the reduced Conversion Price of \$.05 per share. Notwithstanding the foregoing, only the original 214,287 shares of Common Stock issuable underlying each \$25,000 Unit, including 71,429 Shares of Common Stock underlying each Debenture, are registered on this Registration Statement. Accordingly, at the reduced Conversion Price of \$.05 per share an aggregate of 500,000 shares of Common Stock would be issuable upon conversion of the Debentures and an additional 166,666 shares of Common Stock issuable upon exercise of warrants included in the Units. All additional shares of Common Stock not included in this Registration Statement, as well as those issuable in exchange for any interest and penalties due under the Debentures at the time of the Closing, have been included in a second registration statement filed by the Company on February 12, 2007.

The Company shall also provide the Debenture holders with “most favored nation” status and reduce the Conversion Price to the per share price of any equity offering made by the Company within 18 months of the Closing Date. The Company shall issue such number of additional shares to the Debenture holders to reduce their Conversion Price to that of such subsequent offering.

At March 31, 2007, accounts payable and accrued liabilities include interest payable of \$121,676 and unpaid late registration penalty fees payable of \$129,277.

Index

**NOTE 6 - BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE**

Basic earnings (loss) per share are computed by dividing net earnings (loss) available to common stockholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing net earnings available to common stockholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period increased to include the number of additional common shares that would have been outstanding if potentially dilutive common shares had been issued.

The following table sets forth the computations of shares and net loss used in the calculation of basic and diluted loss per share for the three months ended March 31, 2007 and 2006:

	2007	2006
Net loss for the period	(150,120)	(57,599)
Weighted-average number of shares outstanding	41,090,459	20,011,792
Effective of dilutive securities :		
Dilutive options - \$0.30	-	-
Dilutive warrants new Series "A" - \$0.15	-	-
Dilutive warrants new Series "A" - \$0.38	-	-
Dilutive warrants new Series "B" - \$0.20	-	-
Dilutive warrants new Series "B" - \$0.45	-	-
Dilutive warrants Series "C" - \$0.45	-	-
Dilutive potential common shares	-	-
Adjusted weighted-average shares and assumed conversions	41,090,459	20,011,792
Basic income (loss) per share attributable to common shareholders	\$ 0	\$ 0
Diluted income (loss) per share attributable to common shareholders	\$ 0	\$ 0

The effect of outstanding options and warrants was not included as the effect would be anti-dilutive.

## **NOTE 7 - SHARE PURCHASE WARRANTS**

During the three months ended March 31, 2007, no share purchase warrants were issued, exercised or cancelled.

As of March 31, 2007, 122 new Series "A" warrants were outstanding which entitle the holders to purchase 83,333 common shares of the Company at \$0.38 until February 15, 2008. 122 new Series "B" warrants were outstanding which entitle the holders to purchase 83,333 common shares of the Company at \$0.45 until February 15, 2009. 12 amended new Series "A" warrants were outstanding which entitle the holders to purchase 83,333 common shares of the Company at \$0.15 each until February 15, 2008. 12 amended new Series "B" warrants were outstanding which entitle the holders to purchase 83,333 common shares of the Company at \$0.20 until February 15, 2009. 200,000 Series "C" warrants were outstanding which entitle the holders to purchase 200,000 common shares of the Company at \$0.45 each expiring on May 5, 2010.

## **NOTE 8 - STOCK OPTIONS**

The Company filed Form S-8 for its 2006 non-qualified Stock Option Plan with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 3, 2005. The total number of shares of the Company available for grants of stock options and common stock under the Plan shall be 4,000,000 common shares. Stock options may be granted to non-employees and directors of the Company or other persons who are performing or who have been engaged to perform services of special importance to the management, operation or development of the Company. All stock options granted hereunder must be granted within ten years from the earlier of the date of this Plan is adopted or approved by the Company's shareholders. No stock option granted to any employee or 10% shareholder shall be exercisable after the expiration of ten years from the date such non qualifying stock option ("NQSO") is granted. The Company, in its discretion, may provide that an option shall be exercisable during such ten year period or during any lesser period of time. At the discretion of the Company, through the delivery of fully paid and non-assessable common shares, with an aggregate fair market value on the date the NQSO is exercised equal to the option price, provided such tendered shares have been owned by the Optionee for at least one year prior to such exercise.

No options were granted, exercised, canceled or forfeited during the three months ended March 31, 2007. The weighted average remaining contractual life is 0.31 years.

Options outstanding at March 31, 2007 were 660,000 with an option exercise price of \$0.30 per share.

## **NOTE 9 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

During the three months ended March 31, 2007, the Company paid \$14,248 (2006: \$14,738) to a director and an officer as wages and benefits.

As of March 31, 2007, the Company has a receivable of \$21,684 due from a company with a common ex-director without interest or specific terms of repayment.

As of March 31, 2007, the Company has an advance receivable of \$17,865 from a director of the Company, which is to be used for future Company expenses.

Index

## **ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATIONS**

### **Discontinued Quicknet Operations**

The liquidation of Quicknet (the "Liquidation") began in January 2007, at which time the Beijing Bureau of Commerce approved the Liquidation of the Company's operating subsidiaries in China, and its operations are reflected as discontinued operations. Management does not believe that the operations of Quicknet will be transferred to a new entity controlled by the Company following the completion of the Liquidation. Quicknet was engaged in the development of software for mobile/wireless communication and for Short Message Services ("SMS").

In connection with the Liquidation, the accounting responsibilities for the operations of the PRC subsidiaries were transferred from the Company to a PRC accounting firm approved by the PRC regulatory authority. For the quarter ended March 31, 2007, the Company has been unable to obtain reports from this accounting firm and has not received a definitive opinion regarding the ultimate outcome of these liquidations; accordingly, the Company has reduced the carrying value of the net assets of the PRC subsidiaries to \$1 at December 31, 2006 and continues to maintain that carrying value at March 31, 2007. Likewise, the Company has reflected operations of the PRC Subsidiaries for the quarter ended March 31, 2007 as discontinued operations.

### **Critical Accounting Policies**

Our discussion and analysis is based upon our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On an on-going basis, we evaluate our estimates, including those related to revenue recognition, accounts receivable and allowance for doubtful accounts, intangible and long-lived assets, and income taxes. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

An accounting policy is deemed to be critical if it requires an accounting estimate to be made based on assumptions about matters that are highly uncertain at the time the estimate is made, and if different estimates that reasonably could have been used or changes in the accounting estimate that are reasonably likely to occur could materially change the financial statements. We believe the following critical accounting policies reflect our more significant estimates and assumptions in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements:

**Contingencies** - We may be subject to certain asserted and unasserted claims encountered in the normal course of business. It is our belief that the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on our financial position or results of operations, however, we cannot provide assurance that damages that result in a material adverse effect on our financial position or results of operations will not be imposed in these matters. We account for contingent liabilities when it is probable that future expenditures will be made and such expenditures can be reasonably estimated.

**Income Taxes** - We record a valuation allowance to reduce our deferred tax assets to the amount that is more likely than not to be realized. We have considered future market growth, forecasted earnings, future taxable income, and prudent and feasible tax planning strategies in determining the need for a valuation allowance. We currently have recorded a full valuation allowance against net deferred tax assets as we currently believe it is more likely than not that the deferred tax assets will not be realized.

**Valuation Of Long-Lived Assets** - We review property, plant and equipment and other assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable. Our asset impairment review assesses the fair value of the assets based on the future cash flows the assets are expected to generate. An impairment loss is recognized when estimated undiscounted future cash flows expected to result from the use of the asset plus net proceeds expected from disposition of the asset (if any) are less than the carrying value of the asset. When an impairment is identified, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its estimated fair value.

Deterioration of our business in a geographic region could lead to impairment adjustments when identified. The accounting effect of an impairment loss would be a charge to income, thereby reducing our net profit.

## Index

### **Forward-looking statements**

Statements contained in this report include "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of such term in Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act") and Section 21E of the Exchange Act. Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which could cause actual financial or operating results, performances or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements not to occur or be realized. Forward-looking statements generally are based on our best estimates of future results, performances or achievements, based upon current conditions and the most recent results of the companies involved and their respective industries. Forward-looking statements may be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "may," "will," "could," "project," "expect," "believe," "estimate," "anticipate," "intend," "continue," "potential," "opportunity" or similar terms, variations of those terms or the negative of those terms or other variations of those terms or comparable words or expressions.

Potential risks and uncertainties include, among other things, such factors as:

- the Liquidation of our PRC Subsidiaries as set forth below under the "Liquidation of Quicknet Subsidiary to Repay Debentures in Default,"
  - our business strategies and future plans of operations,
- general economic conditions in the United States and elsewhere, as well as the economic conditions affecting the industries in which we operate,
  - the market acceptance and amount of sales of our products and services,
  - our historical losses,
  - the competitive environment within the industries in which we compete,
- our ability to raise additional capital, currently needed for expansion, the other factors and information discussed in other sections of this report and in the documents incorporated by reference in this report.

Persons reading this report should carefully consider such risks, uncertainties and other information, disclosures and discussions which contain cautionary statements identifying important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those provided in the forward-looking statements. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

### **Working Capital Needs**

For the education services, the Company will use the working capital to explore the local market, launch new courses, set up new market campaign, sign up with more agents, both domestic and international agents and provide some marketing materials and financial support to those agents.

### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

The Company had cash capital of \$181,942 at March 31, 2007. The Company has no other capital resources other than the ability to use its common stock to achieve additional capital raising. Other than cash capital, its other assets would be illiquid.

At the end of March, 2007, the Company had \$227,136 in current assets and current liabilities of \$1,960,853, consisting primarily of \$1,650,000 of Debentures which matured on August 15, 2006 and were in default. An aggregate of \$1,700,000 of Debentures were converted into Common Stock at \$.05 per share during the three months ended March 31, 2007. At December 31, 2006, the Company had current assets of \$322,111 and current liabilities of \$3,875,049, consisting of \$3,325,000 principal amount of Debentures which matured on August 15, 2006.

The cash capital at the end of the period of \$181,942 will be used to fund continuing operations. The Company had a decrease in cash of \$106,207 for this quarter, mainly for general and administrative expenses. The Company has received no cash from investing activities in this quarter.

On August 15, 2006, \$3.35 million principal amount of Debentures matured. The Company offered to lower the conversion price of the Debentures to \$.05 per share conditioned upon at least 50% in principal amount of Debentures agreeing to convert all of their Debentures in accordance with the terms and conditions for a Conversion/Settlement Agreement dated as of February 2, 2007. This transaction was completed in February 2007 and approximately 58 % of the Debentures have been converted at \$.05 per share. The Debenture holders who executed the Agreement released the Company from all claims.

As a result of the Liquidation described below, the Company's sole operations are those of Windsor Education Academy Inc., a British Columbia based school specializing in English as a Second Language courses for foreign students. The Company has limited tuition fees from Windsor Education Academy ("Windsor"). However, capital from additional private placements, borrowing against assets and/or from warrants being exercised by warrant holders, may be required to fund future operations. As of March 31, 2007, 134 new Series "A" warrants issued in the August 2005 Offering were outstanding which entitle the holders to purchase 71,429 common shares of the Company at \$0.38 each within two years from the Effective Date, but no later than February 15, 2008. 134 new Series "B" warrants were outstanding issued in the August 2005 offering which entitle the holders to purchase 71,429 common shares of the Company at \$0.45 each within three years from the Effective Date but no later than February 15, 2009.

The Windsor Education business had total revenues of \$21,009 for the period ending March 31, 2007 and has 6 employees, consisting of three full and part time teachers and three administrative personnel. The key to Windsor's success is the ability to attract students. The number of employees will change as the students change. There is no collective bargaining unit at the academy. Windsor Education Academy Inc. is governed by the Laws of the Province of British Columbia, Canada. The Company is fully licensed to conduct its business in the Province. The Company is unable to assess or predict at this time what effect the regulations or legislation could have on its activities in the future.

Accordingly, we intend to seek to expand our business through acquisitions or mergers with other entities. Any decision to make an acquisition or merge will be based upon a variety of factors, including, among others, the purchase price and other financial terms of the transaction, the business prospects of the target company and the extent to which any acquisition/merger would enhance our prospects. We will continue to try to complete the acquisition of Topbiz, as described below. While we have had discussions with various potential acquisitions targets, we presently have no agreements, understandings or arrangements for any other acquisitions or mergers. As part of the Liquidation, it is necessary to appoint an auditor to do the appraisal of an evaluation of the assets of the Company and to submit such appraisal to the BOMOC for its approval.

On August 8, 2006, the Company and President of a subsidiary of the Company consummated the acquisition of a 49% interest in Topbiz, pursuant to a share purchase agreement (the "Topbiz Agreement"). As of September 30, 2006,

\$950,000 had been paid by the Company. According to the Topbiz Agreement, the Company should make a payment of US\$1,350,000 three months after closing date which was scheduled to be before the end of November, 2006. However, since the Company had started the liquidation process by then, it could not make such payment on time. The Company and Topbiz stopped the ownership transferring process. As of March 31, 2007, the Company and Topbiz had not reached an amended agreement on the payment schedule. Furthermore, the Company has not issued any stock under Regulation S under the Securities Act in connection with this transaction.

### Index

#### **Liquidation of Quicknet Subsidiary to Repay Debentures in Default**

On August 15, 2006, the Company's Debentures in the principal amount of \$3,350,000 matured. While the Company had sufficient cash on hand to repay the Debentures in their entirety with accrued interest, the Company's operating subsidiary in China, Quicknet was denied the ability to withdraw funds from China, as described below. The Company received letters from the attorneys for two holders of an aggregate \$875,000 principal amount of Debentures stating that the Company was in default under the Debentures as a result of its failure to pay principal plus interest thereon. One of such debenture holders obtained a default judgment against the Company for \$500,000 principal amount of Debenture plus interest and expenses. The Company had paid all interest on the Debentures accrued through August 15, 2006. Interest accrued on the Debentures through maturity, at the rate of not less than 6% per annum equal to the sum of 2% per annum plus the one month LIBOR rate. From the maturity date of August 15, 2006, interest on outstanding principal amount of Debentures and unpaid accrued interest accrues at the rate of 12% per annum.

The Company disclosed in a Current Report on Form 8-K for August 31, 2006, that it had applied to the banking authorities (State Administration of Foreign Exchange ("SAFE")) in China to convert its subsidiaries' funds into U.S. dollars and repay the Debentures. The Company's operating subsidiary in China has advised the Company that its application to SAFE to withdraw the funds from China had been denied. On October 25, 2006, the Company retained the law firm of Wyatt & Wang in Beijing to assist it to comply with the Beijing Rule of Liquidation of companies with foreign investment (the "Rule of Liquidation"). The Company has been advised by PRC Counsel that the Rule of Liquidation is the sole means of assuring repayment of the Debentures. The Company began the process to submit an application for such liquidation to the Bureau of Ministry of Commerce ("BOMOC"). On January 16, 2007, the Beijing Bureau of Commerce approved the Liquidation. As part of the Liquidation, the PRC Subsidiaries were ordered to discontinue operations and set up a liquidation committee. Their accounting responsibilities were transferred from the Company to a PRC accounting firm approved by the PRC regulatory authority. As reflected in the financial statements included in this Report, the operations of the PRC Subsidiaries for the quarter ended March 31, 2007 are reflected as discontinued operations.

Upon the Liquidation of the PRC Subsidiaries and the repayment of outstanding Debentures, the Company does not know whether the PRC subsidiaries will continue to operate as subsidiaries of the Company in new entities, although it is not currently expected they will.

#### **Need for Additional Financing:**

The Company believes it has sufficient capital to meet its short-term cash needs, including the costs of compliance with the continuing reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, but it will have to seek loans or equity placements to cover longer term cash needs to continue operations and expansion.

No commitments to provide additional funds have been made by management or other stockholders. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that any additional funds will be available to the Company to allow it to cover operation expenses.

If future revenue declines or operations are unprofitable, the Company will be forced to develop another line of business, or to finance its operations through the sale of its assets, or enter into the sale of stock for additional capital, none of which may be feasible when needed. The Company has neither specific management ability, nor financial resources or plans to enter any other business as of this date.

The effect of inflation has not had a material impact on its operation, nor is it expected to in the immediate future.

**Market Risk:**

The Company does not hold any derivatives or investments that are subject to market risk. The carrying values of any financial instruments, approximate fair value as of those dates because of the relatively short-term maturity of these instruments which eliminates any potential market risk associated with such instruments.

**Material Changes in Results of Operations For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2007, as Compared to the Three Months Ended March 31, 2006.**

**Revenues.** The Company has revenues of \$21,009 from tuition fees for the three months ended March 31, 2007, compared to \$19,027 for the same period in 2006 from its subsidiary: Windsor Education Academy. The gross profit in 2007 was \$20,855 compared to \$14,395 in 2006 for the three months ended March 31, 2006.

**Operating Expenses.** The Company incurred operating expenses of \$87,176 in this quarter, compared to operating expenses of \$216,779 for the same period in 2006.

**Loss from Continuing Operations.** Loss from continuing operations for this quarter was (\$150,120) compared to the same period in 2006 of (\$454,438). This was caused largely by the cost relating to convertible debentures' late registration penalty fees in 2006.

**Net Loss.** Net Loss to Common Stockholders for the quarter ended March 31, 2007 was (\$150,120) in contrast to a Net Loss of (\$57,599) in 2006. This was caused largely by the income from discontinued operations of \$396,839 in 2006.

**Loss per Share.** Loss per share was Nil for continuing operations for the period ended March 31, 2007, unchanged from the same period in 2006.

**Cash Capital.** The cash capital at the end of the period was \$181,942 and the Company had a decrease in cash of \$106,207 for this quarter, mainly for general and administrative expenses. The cash capital at December 31, 2006 was \$288,149 with a decrease in cash on hand of \$397,040. The Company has received no cash from investing activities in this quarter.

*Index*

**Future Trends:**

On the Education Services side, we have operated for the past three years and competition is very fierce in the market. The Canadian government has tightened its budget on English training for new immigrants, which lead to the termination of government funding for Windsor, and this change had negative effects on the revenue of Windsor Education Academy. The Government-supported ELSA courses held at Windsor Education Academy ended by March 31, 2005.

**Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

None.

**Recent Accounting Pronouncements:**

Principles of Consolidation. The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned and majority-owned subsidiaries as outlined in Note 1 to the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements. All significant inter-company transactions and balances have been eliminated on consolidation.

On October 2002, the FASB issued SFAS No. 147 - "Acquisitions of Certain Financial Institutions, an amendment of FASB Statements No. 72 and 144 and FASB Interpretation No. 9", which applies to the acquisition of all or part of a financial institution, except for a transaction between two or more mutual enterprises. SFAS No. 147 removes the requirement in SFAS No. 72 and Interpretation 9 thereto, to recognize and amortize any excess of the fair value of liabilities assumed over the fair value of tangible and identifiable intangible assets acquired as an unidentifiable intangible asset. This statement requires that those transactions be accounted for in accordance with SFAS No. 141, "Business Combinations," and SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets." In addition, this statement amends SFAS No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets," to include certain financial institution-related intangible assets. This statement is effective for acquisitions for which the date of acquisition is on or after October 1, 2002, and is not applicable to the Company.

In December 2002, the FASB issued SFAS No. 148, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation - Transition and Disclosure, amending FASB No. 123, and "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation". This statement amends Statement No. 123 to provide alternative methods of transition for an entity that voluntarily changes to the fair value-based method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation. SFAS No. 148 amends APB Opinion No. 28 "Interim Financial Reporting" to require disclosure about those effects in interim financial information. The Company will adopt the disclosure provisions and the amendment to APB No. 28 to be effective for interim periods beginning after December 15, 2002.

In November 2002, the Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") reached a consensus on Issue No. 00-21 "Revenue Arrangements with Multiple Deliverables". EITF No. 00-21 provides guidance on how to account for arrangements that involve the delivery or performance of multiple products, services and rights to use assets. The provisions of EITF No. 00-21 will apply to revenue arrangements entered into in the fiscal periods beginning after June 15, 2003. The Company is currently evaluating the impact EITF No. 00-21 will have on its financial position and results of operations.

In January 2003, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. 46, "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities, an Interpretation of ARB No. 51". FIN46 requires certain variable interest entities to be consolidated by the primary beneficiary of the entity if the equity investors in the entity do not have the characteristics of a controlling financial interest or do not have sufficient equity at risk for the entity to finance its activities without additional subordinated financial support from other parties. FIN46 is effective for all new interest entities created or acquired after January 31, 2003. For variable interest entities created or acquired prior to February 1, 2003, the provisions of FIN46 must be applied for the first interim or annual period beginning after June 15, 2003. Adequate disclosure has been made for all off balance sheet arrangements that it is reasonably possible to consolidate under FIN46.

The American Institute of Certified Public Accountants has issued an exposure draft SOP "Accounting for Certain Costs and Activities Related to Property, Plant and Equipment ("PP&E")". This proposed SOP applies to all non-government entities that acquire, construct or replace tangible property, plant and equipment including lessors and lessees. A significant element of the SOP requires that entities use component accounting retroactively for all PP&E assets to the extent future component replacement will be capitalized. At adoption, entities would have the option to apply component accounting retroactively for all PP&E assets, to the extent applicable, or to apply component accounting as an entity incurs capitalizable costs that replace all or a portion of PP&E. The Company cannot evaluate the ultimate impact of this exposure draft until it becomes final.

Index

**ITEM 3. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

**Quarterly Evaluation of Controls**

**CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

As of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB/A, we evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures ("Disclosure Controls") as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) or 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). This evaluation ("Evaluation") was performed by our Chief Executive Officer and Principal Accounting Officer, XiaoQing Du, ("CEO") and Ernest Cheung, our Principal Financial Officer ("CFO"). In this section, we present the conclusions of our CEO and CFO based on and as of the date of the Evaluation, with respect to the effectiveness of our Disclosure Controls and Procedures.

Based upon the Evaluation, our CEO and CFO determined that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure same that information required to be disclosed by the issuer in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within time periods specified in the Commission's rules and forms. Our CEO and CFO have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by an issuer in the reports it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the issuer's management including the CEO and CFO, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

There have been no changes in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting identified in connection with the Evaluation that occurred during the Company's last fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect the Company's internal controls over our financial reports.

---

## PART II

### OTHER INFORMATION

#### ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

In the ordinary course of business, the Company may be involved in legal proceedings from time to time. During the period covered by this report, the legal proceedings that commenced or had material developments are as follows:

On September 18, 2006, Southridge Partners, L.P. (“Plaintiff”) commenced a lawsuit against the Company in the Supreme Court of the State of New York, New York County (No. 603266) for an alleged default on repayment of its Senior Convertible Debentures due August 15, 2006 (the “Debentures”). The motion for summary judgment in lieu of complaint was granted based on the Company’s Debentures in the amount of \$500,000 in favor of Plaintiff which was due on August 15, 2006, with interest at 12% per annum. During the quarter ended March 31, 2007, the Plaintiff took steps to execute its default judgment.

On February 22, 2007, Microsoft Corporation commenced a lawsuit against the Company and others in the King County Superior Court of the State of Washington (No. 06-2-18596-0 SEA). Microsoft alleges claims for trespass to chattels, conversion, and violations of the Washington Commercial Electronic Mail Act, Washington Consumer Protection Act, the Controlling the Assault of Non-Solicited Pornography and Marketing Act (“CAN-SPAM”), and the Lanham Act. The Company has retained counsel to evaluate and defend the suit.

No director, officer or affiliate of China Mobility Solutions, Inc., and no owner of record or beneficial owner of more than 5% of the securities of the Company, or any associate of any such director, officer or security holder is a party adverse to the Company or has a material interest adverse to it in reference to pending litigation.

#### Index

#### ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

The Company entered into the Conversion/Settlement Agreements dated February 2, 2007 and February 12, 2007, respectively. The Company offered to lower the conversion price of the Debentures to \$.05 per share conditioned upon at least 50% in principal amount of Debentures agreeing to convert all of their Debentures in accordance with the terms and conditions of a Conversion/Settlement Agreement dated February 2, 2007. This transaction was completed in February 2007 and approximately 58 % of the Debentures have been converted at \$.05 per share or an aggregate of 33,500,000 shares of Common Stock were issued upon conversion during the quarter plus an additional 6,022,500 shares in satisfaction of unpaid accrued interest and late registration fees. The Debentureholders who executed the Agreement released the Company from all claims.

The Conversion/Settlement Agreements provided for an increase in the number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of the Debentures and exercise of the Warrants as a result of the reduction in the initial conversion price. Thus, there are now more shares issuable than were contemplated during the original offer. The Company believed that the offer (there was no issuance) of such additional shares was exempt from registration under the Securities Act and under applicable state securities laws pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act and Rule 506 of Regulation D promulgated thereunder. The offer was made some 18 months after the original sale to the same investors. The Company did not offer securities to any new investors, nor was it receiving proceeds from the issuance of additional shares. The offer was not made voluntarily, but solely in response to threatened litigation.

The Company has not received any proceeds as a result of the registration statement that went effective on August 7, 2006, registering a portion of the additional shares issuable upon conversion of Debentures and exercise of the Class A and Class B Warrants, under the Settlement Agreement and the Conversion/Settlement Agreement, as the case may be, as well as placement agent warrants and warrants received as compensation for services provided.

Since the Company entered into the May 2006 Settlement Agreement and the February 2007 Conversion/Settlement Agreement, it has not been threatened by any of its investors or shareholders with respect to rescission rights. Furthermore, notwithstanding the fact that shares of common stock have been removed from the initial Registration Statement which was declared effective by the SEC on August 7, 2006, the SEC is not foreclosed from taking any enforcement action with respect to the filing and the Company may not assert the declaration of effectiveness as a defense in any proceeding initiated by the SEC.

No dividends on outstanding common stock have ever been paid. The Company does presently have any plans regarding payment of dividends in the foreseeable future.

### **ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES**

The Company disclosed in a Current Report on Form 8-K for August 31, 2006, that it had not repaid \$3,350,000 of Senior Convertible Debentures due August 15, 2006 (the "Debentures"). The Company stated that it had sufficient cash on hand to repay the Debentures and any accrued interest. The Company also disclosed in a Current Report on Form 8-K for August 31, 2006, that it had applied to the banking authorities (State Administration of Foreign Exchange ("SAFE")) in China to convert its subsidiaries' funds into U.S. dollars and repay the Debentures. The Company's operating subsidiary in China has advised the Company that its application to SAFE to withdraw the funds from China had been denied. On October 25, 2006, the Company retained the law firm of Wyatt & Wang in Beijing to assist it comply with the Beijing Rule of Liquidation of companies with foreign investment (the "Rule of Liquidation"). The Company has been advised by PRC Counsel that the Rule of Liquidation is the sole means of assuring repayment of the Debentures. The Company began the process to submit an application for such liquidation to the Bureau of Ministry of Commerce ("BOMOC"). On January 16, 2007, the Beijing Bureau of Commerce approved the Liquidation.

The Company had paid all interest on the Debentures accrued through August 15, 2006. Interest accrued on the Debentures through maturity, at the rate of not less than 6% per annum equal to the sum of 2% per annum plus the one month LIBOR rate. From the maturity date of August 15, 2006, interest on outstanding principal amount of Debentures and unpaid accrued interest accrues at the rate of 12% per annum.

The Company received letters (the "Default Letters") from the attorneys for two holders of an aggregate \$875,000 principal amount of Debentures stating that the Company was in default under the Debentures as a result of its failure to pay principal plus interest thereon. On September 18, 2006, one of the debenture holders commenced a lawsuit against the Company in the Supreme Court of the State of New York, New York County (No. 603266). The action is a motion for summary judgment in lieu of complaint based on the Company's Debentures in the amount of \$500,000 in favor of Plaintiff which was due on August 15, 2006, with interest at 12% per annum. On January 19, 2007, this motion was granted and a judgment in the amount of \$545,440 was awarded the Plaintiff. This debenture holder, Southridge Partners, LP, took steps to execute on its judgment in excess of \$545,440 plus interest during this quarter. The second debenture holder, Iroquois Management Fund LTD., commenced a lawsuit on November 25, 2006 against the Company in the Supreme Court of the State of New York, New York County (No. 6604397/06). The action is a motion for summary judgment in lieu of complaint based on the Company's Debentures in the amount of \$375,000 in favor of Plaintiff which was due on August 15, 2006, with interest at 6% per annum from June 30, 2005 to August 15, 2006, and with interest at 12% per annum from August 15, 2006 to the date of entry of judgment, plus costs and disbursements.

#### ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

None

#### ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None

#### ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

The following are filed as Exhibits to this Quarterly Report. The numbers refer to the Exhibit Table of Item 601 of Regulation S-B:

- (a) Filed a Form 8-K on February 23, 2007 to announce the appointment of John Gaetz as Director of the Company.

##### Number Description

- 10.1 The Conversion/Settlement Agreements, dated February 2, 2007, between Debenture Holders and the Company. (1)
- 10.2 2007 Equity Incentive Plan of China Mobility Solutions, Inc. (2)
- 10.3 The Conversion/Settlement Agreement, dated February 12, 2007, between Alpha Capital AG and the Company. (3)
- \*31.1 Certification pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- \*31.2 Certification pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- \*32.1 Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- \*32.2 Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

\* Filed Herewith

- (1) Incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.11 of Form SB-2, filed with the Commission on February 13, 2007.
- (2) Incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.1 of Form S-8, filed with the Commission on March 5, 2007.
- (3) Incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.11 of Form 10-KSB, filed with the Commission on May 17, 2007.

Index

---

**Signatures**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf of the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Dated: May 22, 2007

**CHINA MOBILITY  
SOLUTIONS, INC.**

/s/ Angela Du

---

Name: Angela Du  
Title: Chief Executive Officer  
More Title: Principal Accounting  
Officer

**CHINA MOBILITY  
SOLUTIONS, INC.**

/s/ Ernest Cheung

---

Name: Ernest Cheung  
Title: Principal Financial Officer  
More Title