SYNAPTICS Inc Form 10-Q February 08, 2018		
UNITED STATES		
SECURITIES AND EXCHANG	E COMMISSION	
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549		
FORM 10-Q		
QUARTERLY REPORT PURS 1934 For the quarterly period ended D		(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF
TRANSITION REPORT PURS 1934 For the transition period from	UANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15	(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF
Commission file number 000-49	602	
SYNAPTICS INCORPORATEI)	
(Exact name of registrant as spec	rified in its charter)	
	Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of	77-0118518 (I.R.S. Employer
1251 McKay Drive	incorporation or organization)	Identification No.)
San Jose, California 95131		
(Address of principal executive of	offices) (Zip code)	
(408) 904-1100		

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Number of shares of Common Stock outstanding at February 1, 2018: 34,498,684

SYNAPTICS INCORPORATED

QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q

FOR THE QUARTER ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Part I. Finar	icial Information	Pag
Item 1.	Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited):	3
	Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets—December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017	3
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income—Three and Six Months Ended December 31, 2017 and 2016	7
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income—Three and Six Months Ended December 31, 2017 and 2016	5
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows—Six Months Ended December 31, 2017 and 2016	6
	Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	7
Item 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	24
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	34
Item 4.	Controls and Procedures	34
Part II. Othe	er Information	
Item 1A.	Risk Factors	35
Item 2.	Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	35
Item 6.	<u>Exhibits</u>	36
<u>Signatures</u>		37

PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

SYNAPTICS INCORPORATED AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(in millions, except par value and share amounts)

(unaudited)

	December 31, 2017	June 30, 2017
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$252.2	\$367.8
Accounts receivable, net of allowances of \$2.6 at December 31, 2017 and		
June 30, 2017	236.4	255.2
Inventories	140.6	131.4
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	18.3	37.6
Total current assets	647.5	792.0
Property and equipment at cost, net of accumulated depreciation of \$122.5		
141060 70 1 24 2047 17 20 2047	440.0	440.0
and \$106.8 at December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017, respectively	118.8	113.8
Goodwill	368.3	206.8
Acquired intangibles, net	263.5	101.0
Non-current other assets	39.9	53.1
	\$1,438.0	\$1,266.7
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$119.7	\$135.8
Accrued compensation	28.1	31.9
Income taxes payable	22.2	17.2
Acquisition-related liabilities	8.7	8.7
Other accrued liabilities	95.9	101.8
Current portion of long-term debt	-	15.0
Total current liabilities	274.6	310.4
Long-term debt, net of issuance costs	-	202.0
Convertible notes, net	442.2	-
Deferred tax liabilities	7.8	-
Other long-term liabilities	28.2	14.1
Total liabilities	752.8	526.5

Stockholders' Equity: Common stock: \$0.001 par value; 120,000,000 shares authorized, 61,933,342 and 60,579,911 shares issued, and 34,293,466 and 34,638,435 shares outstanding, at December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017, respectively 0.1 0.1 Additional paid-in capital 1,135.9 1,004.8 Treasury stock: 27,639,876 and 25,941,476 common treasury shares at December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017, respectively, at cost (1,073.9)(980.3)Accumulated other comprehensive income 1.5 1.5 Retained earnings 621.6 714.1 Total stockholders' equity 685.2 740.2 \$1,438.0 \$1,266.7

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited).

SYNAPTICS INCORPORATED AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(in millions, except per share data)

(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended		Six Mon Ended	ths
	Decemb	er 31,	Decembe	er 31,
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Net revenue	\$430.4	\$461.3	\$847.8	\$847.5
Cost of revenue	315.2	322.6	618.2	585.4
Gross margin	115.2	138.7	229.6	262.1
Operating expenses:				
Research and development	92.2	73.5	179.3	146.9
Selling, general, and administrative	37.4	32.3	77.7	66.9
Acquired intangibles amortization	3.0	2.4	7.1	6.9
Restructuring	6.6	1.7	6.4	7.0
Total operating expenses	139.2	109.9	270.5	227.7
Operating income/(loss)	(24.0)	28.8	(40.9)	34.4
Interest and other income/(expense), net	(4.7)	0.6	(10.7)	(0.3)
Income/(loss) before provision for income taxes and equity investment loss	(28.7)	29.4	(51.6)	34.1
Provision for income taxes	53.3	6.6	56.5	7.6
Equity investment loss	(0.4)	-	(0.8)	
Net income/(loss)	\$(82.4)	\$22.8	\$(108.9)	\$26.5
Net income/(loss) per share:				
Basic	\$(2.42)	\$0.65	\$(3.22)	\$0.76
Diluted	\$(2.42)	\$0.64	\$(3.22)	\$0.74
Shares used in computing net income/(loss) per share:				
Basic	34.1	35.1	33.8	35.0
Diluted	34.1	35.9	33.8	35.7

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited).

SYNAPTICS INCORPORATED AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS)

(in millions)

(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended December 31, 2017 2016		Six Mont Ended Decembe 2017	
Net income/(loss)	\$(82.4)	\$22.8	\$(108.9)	\$26.5
Other comprehensive loss:				
Change in unrealized net loss on investments	-	(1.5)	-	(1.5)
Reclassification from accumulated other comprehensive				
income to interest income for accretion of				
non-current investments	-	-	-	(0.3)
Net current period-other comprehensive loss	-	(1.5)	-	(1.8)
Comprehensive income/(loss)	\$(82.4)	\$21.3	\$(108.9)	\$24.7

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited).

SYNAPTICS INCORPORATED AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(in millions)

(unaudited)

	Six Month Ended December 2017	
Cash flows from operating activities	2017	2010
Net income/(loss)	\$(108.9)	\$26.5
Adjustments to reconcile net income/(loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:	ψ(100.5)	Ψ20.5
Share-based compensation costs	34.3	30.2
Depreciation and amortization	20.1	16.6
Acquired intangibles amortization	43.3	31.2
Deferred taxes	22.7	(5.6)
Non-cash interest	-	(0.3)
Amortization of convertible debt discount and issuance costs	8.4	-
Amortization of debt issuance costs	1.4	0.6
Impairment recovery on investments	_	(1.9)
Equity investment loss	0.8	-
Foreign currency remeasurement loss	0.1	0.8
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions:		
Accounts receivable, net	30.0	(7.1)
Inventories	70.1	(13.3)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	18.4	(10.8)
Other assets	(5.5)	2.5
Accounts payable	(27.6)	(2.0)
Accrued compensation	(5.4)	(5.9)
Acquisition-related liabilities	_	(16.8)
Income taxes payable	7.6	(4.6)
Other accrued liabilities	(6.6)	12.3
Net cash provided by operating activities	103.2	52.4
Cash flows from investing activities		
Acquisition of businesses, net of cash and cash equivalents acquired	(395.9)	-
Proceeds from sales of investments	-	7.5
Purchases of property and equipment	(19.5)	(20.3)
Purchase of intangible assets	(7.7)	-
Investment in direct financing lease	-	(15.8)
Net cash used in investing activities	(423.1)	(28.6)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from issuance of convertible debt, net of issuance costs	514.5	-
Payment of debt	(220.0)	(11.3)
Purchases of treasury stock	(93.6)	(25.0)
Proceeds from issuance of shares	9.2	13.1
Payment of debt issuance costs	(1.1)	-

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Excess tax benefit from share-based compensation	-	1.0
Payroll taxes for deferred stock and market stock units	(4.6)	(4.7)
Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities	204.4	(26.9)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(0.1)	(1.9)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(115.6)	(5.0)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	367.8	352.2
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$252.2	\$347.2
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information		
Cash paid for taxes	\$18.1	\$15.8
Cash refund on taxes	\$1.0	\$9.9
Non-cash investing and financing activities:		
Purchases of property and equipment in current liabilities	\$3.4	\$1.8
Common stock issued pursuant to acquisition	\$39.1	\$-

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited)

SYNAPTICS INCORPORATED AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission, or the SEC, and U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, or U.S. GAAP. Certain information or footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP have been condensed or omitted pursuant to SEC rules and regulations. In our opinion, the financial statements include all adjustments, which are of a normal and recurring nature and necessary for the fair presentation of the results of the interim periods presented. The results of operations for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the operating results for the full fiscal year or any future period. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and related notes included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 24, 2017.

The consolidated financial statements include our financial statements and those of our wholly owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated upon consolidation.

Our fiscal year is the 52- or 53-week period ending on the last Saturday in June. Our fiscal 2018 is a 53-week period ending June 30, 2018, and our fiscal 2017 was a 52-week period ending on June 24, 2017. The fiscal periods presented in this report are 13-week and 27-week periods for the three and six months ended December 30, 2017, respectively, and 13-week and 26-week periods for the three and six months ended December 24, 2016, respectively. For simplicity, the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements have been shown as ending on calendar quarter end dates as of and for all periods presented, unless otherwise indicated.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue, expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate our estimates, including those related to revenue recognition, allowance for doubtful accounts, cost of revenue, inventories, loss on purchase commitments, product warranty, accrued liabilities, share-based compensation costs, provision for income taxes, deferred income tax asset valuation allowances, uncertain tax positions, goodwill, intangible assets, investments, contingent consideration liability and loss contingencies. We base our estimates on historical experience, applicable laws and regulations, and various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

Foreign Currency Transactions and Foreign Exchange Contracts

The U.S. dollar is our functional and reporting currency. We remeasure our monetary assets and liabilities not denominated in the functional currency into U.S. dollar equivalents at the rate of exchange in effect on the balance sheet date. We measure and record non-monetary balance sheet accounts at the historical rate in effect at the date of transaction. We remeasure foreign currency expenses at the weighted average exchange rate in the month that the transaction occurred. Our foreign currency transactions and remeasurement gains and losses are included in selling, general, and administrative expenses in the condensed consolidated statements of income, and resulted in net losses of

\$0.2 million and \$0.5 million in the three and six months ended December 31, 2017 and net losses of \$0.1 million and less than \$0.1 million in the three and six months ended December 31, 2016, respectively.

2. Revenue Recognition

We recognize revenue from product sales when there is persuasive evidence that an arrangement exists, delivery has occurred and title has transferred, the price is fixed or determinable, and collection is reasonably assured. We accrue for estimated sales returns, incentives, and other allowances at the time we recognize revenue. Our products contain embedded firmware and software, which together with, or consisting of, our ASIC chip, deliver the essential functionality of our products and, as such, software revenue recognition guidance is not applicable. The majority of our sales to distributors are made under agreements that generally do not provide for price adjustments after purchase and revenue recognition and provide for only limited return rights under product warranty. Revenue on these sales is recognized in the same manner as sales to our non-distributor customers. Some of our sales are to distributors which have limited stock rotation rights, which allow them to rotate a small portion of product in their inventory two times per year. We recognize revenue to these distributors upon shipment of product to the distributor, as the stock rotation rights are limited and we can reasonably estimate expected product returns when right of return exists. When sales rebates, price allowances and stock rotations are applicable, they are estimated and recorded in the period the related revenue is recognized.

3. Net Income Per Share

The computation of basic and diluted net income per share was as follows (in millions, except per share data):

	Three Months		Six Months		
	Ended	Ended			
	December 31,		Decembe	r 31,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Numerator:					
Net income/(loss)	\$(82.4)	\$22.8	\$(108.9)	\$26.5	
Denominator:					
Shares, basic	34.1	35.1	33.8	35.0	
Effect of dilutive share-based awards	-	0.8	-	0.7	
Shares, diluted	34.1	35.9	33.8	35.7	
Net income/(loss) per share:					
Basic	\$(2.42)	\$0.65	\$(3.22)	\$0.76	
Diluted	\$(2.42)	\$0.64	\$(3.22)	\$0.74	

Our basic net income per share amounts for each period presented have been computed using the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding over the period measured. Our diluted net income per share amounts for each period presented include the weighted average effect of potentially dilutive shares. We use the "treasury stock" method to determine the dilutive effect of our stock options, deferred stock units, or DSUs, market stock units, or MSUs, performance stock units, or PSUs, and our convertible notes.

Dilutive net income per share amounts do not include the potential weighted average effect of 3,334,776 and 1,900,374 shares of common stock related to certain share-based awards that were outstanding during the three months ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, and 3,020,056 and 1,586,410 shares of common stock related to certain share-based awards that were outstanding during the six months ended December 31, 2017, and 2016, respectively. These share-based awards were not included in the computation of diluted net income per share because their effect would have been antidilutive.

4. Fair Value

Financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis by level within the fair value hierarchy, consisted of the following (in millions):

Decemb	er 31,		June 30,			
2017			2017			
Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level	
1	2	3	1	2	3	

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Assets:						
Money market funds	\$219.7	\$ -	\$ -	\$361.7	\$ -	\$ -
Auction rate securities	-	-	1.5	-	-	1.5
Total available-for-sale securities	\$219.7	\$ _	\$ 1.5	\$361.7	\$ _	\$ 1.5

In our condensed consolidated balance sheets, as of December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017, money market balances were included in cash and cash equivalents, and auction rate securities, or ARS investments, were included in non-current other assets.

There were no changes in fair value of our Level 3 financial assets during the six months ended December 31, 2017. There were no transfers in or out of our Level 1, 2, or 3 assets during the six months ended December 31, 2017 and 2016.

The fair values of our accounts receivable and accounts payable approximate their carrying values because of the short-term nature of those instruments. Intangible assets, property and equipment, and goodwill are measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis if impairment is indicated.

5. Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or net realizable value and consisted of the following (in millions):

	December	June
	31,	30,
	2017	2017
Raw materials and work-in-progress	\$ 81.1	\$94.7
Finished goods	59.5	36.7
	\$ 140.6	\$131.4

We record a write-down, if necessary, to reduce the carrying value of inventory to its net realizable value. The effect of these write-downs is to establish a new cost basis in the related inventory, which we do not subsequently write up. We also record a liability and charge to cost of revenue for estimated losses on inventory we are obligated to purchase from our contract manufacturers when such losses become probable from customer delays, order cancellations, or other factors.

6. Acquisitions

Conexant

On June 11, 2017, we entered into a securities purchase agreement to acquire all of the outstanding limited liability company interests of Conexant Systems, LLC, or Conexant, a technology leader in voice and audio processing solutions for the smart home, or the Conexant Acquisition. The Conexant Acquisition is intended to increase our presence in the smart home market and increase opportunities to grow revenue. Effective July 25, 2017, or the Conexant Closing Date, we completed the Conexant Acquisition for an initial purchase price of (i) \$305.4 million in cash (on a cash-free, debt-free basis) and (ii) 726,666 shares of our common stock, or the Stock Consideration, valued at \$39.1 million, and (iii) the assumption of a \$3.5 million stock appreciation rights liability, with \$16.8 million of the purchase price held in escrow to secure the seller's indemnification obligations under the purchase agreement and \$7.0 million of the purchase price held in escrow to secure the seller's adjustment escrow obligations under the purchase agreement. Subsequently, we determined that \$1.8 million of net adjustments to the purchase price were required reducing the acquisition date fair value of the consideration transferred to a total of \$346.2 million. The Stock Consideration was issued at closing in an exempt private placement. On August 4, 2017, we filed a shelf registration statement on Form S-3 with the SEC providing for the registered resale of the Stock Consideration.

The acquisition has been accounted for using the purchase method of accounting in accordance with the business acquisition guidance. Under the purchase accounting method, the total estimated purchase consideration of the acquisition was allocated to the tangible and identifiable intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their relative fair values. The excess of the purchase consideration over the net tangible and identifiable intangible assets acquired and liabilities has been recorded as goodwill. Our estimate of the fair values of the acquired intangible assets at December 31, 2017, is preliminary and subject to change and is based on established and accepted valuation techniques performed with the assistance of our third-party valuation specialists. Additional information, which existed as of the Conexant Closing Date but is yet unknown to us, may become known to us during the remainder of

the measurement period, which will not exceed 12 months from the Conexant Closing Date. Changes to amounts recorded as inventory, other current assets, acquired intangible assets and other accrued liabilities will be recorded as adjustments to the provisional amounts recognized as of the Conexant Closing Date and may result in a corresponding adjustment to goodwill in the period in which new information becomes available.

The following table summarizes the provisional amounts recorded for the estimated fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of the Conexant Closing Date (in millions):

Cash	\$4.3
Accounts receivable	11.7
Inventory	51.0
Other current assets	3.5
Property and equipment	3.2
Acquired intangible assets	152.5
Other assets	0.9
Total identifiable assets acquired	227.1
Accounts payable	14.2
Accrued compensation	1.1
Other accrued liabilities	9.0
Other long-term liabilities	3.0
Net identifiable assets acquired	199.8
Goodwill	146.4
Net assets acquired	\$346.2

Of the \$152.5 million of acquired intangible assets, \$115.3 million was allocated to developed technology and will amortize over an estimated weighted average useful life of 5 years; \$32.1 million was allocated to customer relationships and will be amortized over an estimated useful life of 4 years, \$4.8 million was allocated to trademarks and will be amortized over an estimated useful life of 7 years; and \$0.3 million was allocated to backlog and will be amortized over an estimated useful life of less than 1 year. Developed technology consists of semiconductor system solutions for audio and imaging applications. We preliminarily estimated the fair value of the identified intangible assets using a discounted cash flow model for each of the underlying identified intangible assets. These fair value measurements were based on significant inputs not observable in the market and thus represent a Level 3 measurement. Key assumptions include the level and timing of expected future cash flows, conditions and demands specific to each intangible asset over its remaining useful life, and discount rates we believe to be consistent with the inherent risks associated with each type of asset, which range from 9% to 14%. The fair value of these intangible assets is primarily affected by the projected income and the anticipated timing of the projected income associated with each intangible asset coupled with the discount rates used to derive their estimated present values. We believe the level and timing of expected future cash flows appropriately reflects market participant assumptions.

The value of goodwill reflects the anticipated synergies of the combined operations and workforce of Conexant as of the Conexant Closing Date.

As of December 31, 2017, all of the goodwill is expected to be deductible for income tax purposes.

Prior to the Conexant Acquisition, we did not have an existing relationship or transactions with Conexant.

The condensed consolidated financial statements include approximately \$57.4 million of revenue and approximately \$27.2 million of operating loss from Conexant from the Conexant Closing Date through December 31, 2017.

The following unaudited pro forma financial information (in millions, except per share data) presents the combined results of operations for us and Conexant as if the Conexant Acquisition had occurred on June 30, 2016. The unaudited pro forma financial information has been prepared for comparative purposes only and does not purport to be indicative of the actual operating results that would have been recorded had the Conexant Acquisition actually taken

place on June 30, 2016, and should not be taken as indicative of future consolidated operating results. Additionally, the unaudited pro forma financial results do not include any anticipated synergies or other expected benefits from the Conexant Acquisition.

	Three Months		Six Months	
	Ended		Ended	
	Decemb	er 31,	Decembe	er 31,
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Revenue	\$430.4	\$488.4	\$855.9	\$902.9
Net income/(loss)	(82.5)	11.1	(109.4)	5.4
Net income/(loss) per share	(2.42)	0.32	(3.24)	0.16

Pro forma adjustments used to arrive at pro forma net income for the three months ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, were as follows (in millions):

	Three Months	S	Six Mo	onths
	Ended	l	Ended	
	Decem	ber		
	31,		Decem	ber 31,
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Buyer transaction costs	\$-	\$-	\$0.9	\$-
Interest expense	-	(4.7)	-	(9.0)
Intangible amortization	-	(7.7)	(2.8)	(12.6)
Depreciation	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.3)	(0.5)
Income tax adjustment	0.1	4.4	0.8	7.7
Total	\$(0.1)	\$(8.2)	\$(1.4)	\$(14.4)

Marvell Multimedia Solutions Business

On June 11, 2017, the Company entered into an asset purchase agreement to acquire the assets of the multimedia solutions business of Marvell Technology Group Ltd., or Marvell, a leading provider of advanced video and audio processing applications for the smart home, or the Marvell Business Acquisition. The Marvell Business Acquisition is also intended to increase our presence in the smart home market and increase opportunities to grow revenue. Effective September 8, 2017, or the Marvell Closing Date, we completed the Marvell Business Acquisition for a purchase price of \$93.7 million in cash.

The acquisition has been accounted for using the purchase method of accounting in accordance with the business acquisition guidance. Under the purchase accounting method, the total estimated purchase consideration of the acquisition was allocated to the tangible and identifiable intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their relative fair values. The excess of the purchase consideration over the net tangible and identifiable intangible assets acquired and liabilities has been recorded as goodwill. Our estimate of the fair values of the acquired intangible assets at December 31, 2017, is preliminary and subject to change and is based on established and accepted valuation techniques performed with the assistance of our third-party valuation specialists. Additional information, which existed as of the Marvell Closing Date but is yet unknown to us, may become known to us during the remainder of the measurement period, which will not exceed 12 months from the Marvell Closing Date. Changes to amounts recorded as inventory and acquired intangible assets will be recorded as adjustments to the provisional amounts recognized as of the Marvell Closing Date and may result in a corresponding adjustment to goodwill in the period in which new information becomes available.

The following table summarizes the provisional amounts recorded for the estimated fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of the Marvell Business Acquisition date (in millions):

Inventory	\$28.4
Property and equipment	5.0
Acquired intangible assets	45.6
Total identifiable assets acquired	79.0
Accrued liabilities	0.4

Net identifiable assets acquired	78.6
Goodwill	15.1
Net assets acquired	\$93.7

Of the \$45.6 million of acquired intangible assets, \$31.7 million was allocated to developed technology and will be amortized over an estimated weighted average useful life of 4 years; \$12.7 million was allocated to customer relationships and will be amortized over an estimated useful life of 4 years, \$1.2 million was allocated to backlog and will be amortized over an estimated useful life of less than 1 year; and \$14.3 million was allocated to in-process research and development and will be amortized over an estimated useful life to be determined at the date the underlying projects are deemed to be substantively complete. Developed technology consists of semiconductor system solutions for advanced video and audio processing applications. We preliminarily estimated the fair value of the identified intangible assets using a discounted cash flow model for each of the underlying identified intangible assets. These fair value measurements were based on significant inputs not observable in the market and thus represent a Level 3 measurement. Key assumptions include the level and timing of expected future cash flows, conditions and demands specific to each intangible asset over its remaining useful life, and discount rates we believe to be consistent with the inherent risks associated with each type of asset, which range from 9% to 18%. The fair value of these intangible assets is primarily affected by the projected income and the anticipated timing of the projected income associated with each intangible asset coupled with the discount rates used

to derive their estimated present values. We believe the level and timing of expected future cash flows appropriately reflects market participant assumptions.

The value of goodwill reflects the anticipated synergies of the combined operations and workforce of the transferred Marvell Business assets as of the Marvell Closing Date.

All of the goodwill is expected to be deductible for income tax purposes.

Prior to the Marvell Business Acquisition, we did not have an existing relationship or transactions with Marvell.

The condensed consolidated financial statements include approximately \$63.1 million of revenue and approximately \$9.1 million of operating loss from Marvell from the Marvell Closing Date through December 31, 2017.

The following unaudited pro forma financial information (in millions, except per share data) presents the combined results of operations for us and Marvell as if the Marvell Business Acquisition had occurred on June 30, 2016. The unaudited pro forma financial information has been prepared for comparative purposes only and does not purport to be indicative of the actual operating results that would have been recorded had the Marvell Business Acquisition actually taken place on June 30, 2016, and should not be taken as indicative of future consolidated operating results. Additionally, the unaudited pro forma financial results do not include any anticipated synergies or other expected benefits from the Marvell Business Acquisition. As the Marvell Business Acquisition was an asset acquisition and only a portion of Marvell Multimedia Solutions Business was acquired, the unaudited pro forma financial information has been prepared using certain estimates.

	Three Months		Six Mont	hs
	Ended		Ended	
	Decemb	er 31,	Decembe	er 31,
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Revenue	\$430.4	\$461.3	\$903.8	\$925.6
Net income/(loss)	(82.1)	17.1	(107.9)	19.5
Net income/(loss) per share	(2.41)	0.50	(3.19)	0.57

Pro forma adjustments used to arrive at pro forma net loss for the three and six months ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, were as follows (in millions):

	Three				
	Months		Six Months		
	Ended		Ended		
	Decem	ber	December		
	31,		31,		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Buyer transaction costs	\$-	\$-	\$1.1	\$-	
Interest expense	-	(4.8)	-	(9.8)	
Intangible amortization	0.5	(4.0)	(1.7)	(5.2)	
Income tax adjustment	(0.2)	3.1	0.2	5.3	
Total	\$0.3	\$(5.7)	\$(0.4)	\$(9.7)	

7. Acquired Intangibles and Goodwill

Acquired Intangibles

The following table summarizes the life, the gross carrying value and the related accumulated amortization of our acquired intangible assets as of December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017 (in millions):

	Weighted Average		
			June
	Life in	December	30,
	Years	31, 2017	2017
Display driver technology	5.3	\$ 164.0	\$164.0
Audio and video technology	5.0	147.0	-
Customer relationships	3.6	73.1	48.4
Fingerprint authentication technology	4.0	55.7	63.5
Licensed technology and other	4.3	9.0	1.3
Tradename	7.0	4.8	-
Patents	7.7	4.6	4.8
Backlog	0.5	1.5	-
Acquired intangibles, gross	4.8	459.7	282.0
Accumulated amortization		(196.2)	(181.0)
Acquired intangibles, net		\$ 263.5	\$101.0

The total amortization expense for the acquired intangible assets was \$23.2 million and \$14.5 million for the three months ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, and \$43.3 million and \$31.2 million for the six months ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. During the three months ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, \$20.3 million and \$12.0 million, respectively, and \$36.2 million and \$24.2 million for the six months ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, of amortization expense was included in our condensed consolidated statements of operations in cost of revenue; the remainder was included in acquired intangibles amortization.

The following table presents expected annual fiscal year aggregate amortization expense as of December 31, 2017 (in millions):

Remainder of 2018	\$45.5
2019	78.8
2020	55.3
2021	42.5
2022	31.3
2023	6.3
Thereafter	3.8
Eutura amortization	¢2625

Future amortization \$263.5

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of net tangible and identifiable intangible assets acquired. Changes in our goodwill balance for the three months ended December 31, 2017 were as follows (in millions):

Beginning balance	\$206.8
Acquisition activity	157.3
Post-acquisition adjustments	4.2
Ending balance	\$368.3

8. Other Accrued Liabilities

Other accrued liabilities consisted of the following (in millions):

	December	June
	31,	30,
	2017	2017
Customer obligations	\$ 34.4	\$34.8
Inventory obligations	34.7	41.8
Warranty	5.7	4.4
Other	21.1	20.8
	\$ 95.9	\$101.8

9. Indemnifications, Contingencies and Legal Proceedings

Indemnifications

In connection with certain agreements, we are obligated to indemnify the counterparty against third party claims alleging infringement of certain intellectual property rights by us. We have also entered into indemnification agreements with our officers and directors. Maximum potential future payments under these agreements cannot be estimated because these agreements do not have a maximum stated liability. However, historical costs related to these indemnification provisions have not been significant. We have not recorded any liability in our condensed consolidated financial statements for such indemnification obligations.

Contingencies

We have in the past, and may in the future receive notices from third parties that claim our products infringe their intellectual property rights. We cannot be certain that our technologies and products do not and will not infringe issued patents or other proprietary rights of third parties.

Any infringement claims, with or without merit, could result in significant litigation costs and diversion of management and financial resources, including the payment of damages, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

Legal Proceedings

In October 2015, Amkor Technology, or Amkor, filed a complaint against us alleging infringement of intellectual property rights and various other claims. In November 2015, we filed an indemnification claim against the former stockholders and option holders of Validity Sensors, Inc., or Validity, to secure our rights under the Agreement and Plan of Reorganization between us and Validity (the "Validity Agreement"). Pursuant to the Validity Agreement, we believe we can offset costs, damages and settlements incurred in connection with our defense and resolution of the complaint with Amkor against the contingent consideration earnout balance of \$8.7 million and have classified the reserve balance as a current acquisition-related liability in our condensed consolidated balance sheet. In April 2017, we agreed to settle this case with Amkor on undisclosed terms that include each party licensing and assigning certain intellectual property rights, and cash payments. Settlement costs incurred in connection with this litigation have been recorded in our condensed consolidated financial statements in fiscal 2017 and all but an immaterial amount was paid

during fiscal 2017. The indemnification claim against the former stockholders and option holders of Validity remains outstanding.

10. Debt

Convertible Debt

On June 20, 2017, we entered into a purchase agreement, or the Purchase Agreement, with Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, as representative of the initial purchasers named therein, or collectively, the Initial Purchasers, pursuant to which we agreed to issue and sell, and the Initial Purchasers agreed to purchase, \$500 million aggregate principal amount of our 0.50% convertible senior notes due 2022, or the Notes, in a private placement transaction. Pursuant to the Purchase Agreement, we also granted the Initial Purchasers a 30-day option to purchase up to an additional \$25 million aggregate principal amount of Notes, which was exercised in full on June 21, 2017. The net proceeds, after deducting the Initial Purchasers' discounts, were \$514.5 million, which includes proceeds from the Initial Purchasers' exercise of their option to purchase additional Notes. We received the net proceeds on June 26, 2017, which we used to repurchase 1,698,400 shares of our common stock, to retire our outstanding bank debt, and to provide additional cash resources to fund the Conexant and Marvell Business Acquisitions.

The Notes bear interest at a rate of 0.50% per year. Interest accrued from June 26, 2017 and is payable semi-annually in arrears, on June 15 and December 15 of each year, beginning on December 15, 2017. The Notes are senior unsecured obligations and rank senior in right of payment to any of our indebtedness that is expressly subordinated in right of payment to the Notes; equal in right of payment to any our liabilities that are not so subordinated; effectively junior in right of payment to any of our secured indebtedness to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness; and structurally junior to all indebtedness and other liabilities (including trade payables) of our subsidiaries.

The Notes mature on June 15, 2022, or the Maturity Date, unless earlier repurchased, redeemed or converted.

Holders may convert all or any portion of their Notes, in multiples of \$1,000 principal amounts, at their option at any time prior to the close of business on the business day immediately preceding March 15, 2022 under certain defined circumstances.

On or after March 15, 2022 until the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the Maturity Date, holders may convert all or any portion of their Notes, in multiples of \$1,000 principal amounts, at the option of the holder. Upon conversion, we will pay or deliver, at our election, shares of common stock, cash, or a combination of cash and shares of common stock.

The conversion rate for the Notes is initially 13.6947 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of Notes (equivalent to an initial conversion price of approximately \$73.02 per share of common stock). The conversion rate is subject to adjustment in certain circumstances.

Upon the occurrence of a fundamental change (as defined in the Notes indenture), holders of the Notes may require us to repurchase for cash all or a portion of their Notes at a fundamental change repurchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Notes to be repurchased, plus accrued and unpaid interest up to, but excluding, the fundamental change repurchase date.

We may not redeem the Notes prior to June 20, 2020. We may redeem for cash all or any portion of the Notes, at our option, on or after June 20, 2020, if the last reported sale price of our common stock, as determined by us, has been at least 130% of the conversion price then in effect for at least 20 trading days (whether or not consecutive) during any 30 consecutive trading day period (including the last trading day of such period) ending on, and including, the trading day immediately preceding the date on which we provide notice of redemption at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Notes to be redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest up to, but excluding, the redemption date. Our policy is to settle the principal amount of our Notes with cash upon conversion or redemption.

As of the issuance date of the Notes, we recorded \$82.1 million of the principal amount to equity, representing the debt discount for the difference between our estimated nonconvertible debt borrowing rate of 4.39% and the coupon rate of the Notes of 0.50% using a five-year life, which coincides with the term of the Notes. In addition, we allocated the total of \$11.1 million of debt issuance costs, consisting of the Initial Purchaser's discount of \$10.5 million and legal, accounting, and printing costs of \$579,000, pro rata, to the equity and debt components of the Notes, or \$1.9 million and \$9.2 million, respectively. The debt discount and the debt issuance costs allocated to the debt component are amortized as interest expense using the effective interest method over five years.

The contractual interest expense and amortization of discount on the Notes for the six months ended December 31, 2017, were as follows (in millions):

Six Months

	Ended
	December
	31,
	2017
Interest expense	\$ 1.3
Amortization of discount and debt issuance costs	8.4
Total interest	\$ 9.7

The unamortized amounts of the debt issuance costs and discount associated with the Notes as of December 31, 2017 were \$8.3 million and \$74.5 million, respectively.

Revolving Credit Facility and Term Loan Arrangement

At the end of fiscal 2017, we had \$220.0 million principal outstanding under our credit agreement consisting of \$100.0 million under our revolving credit facility and \$120.0 million under our term loan arrangement. At the beginning of fiscal 2018, we issued \$525.0 million principal amount of convertible senior notes, or the Notes, and utilized a portion of the proceeds from our Notes to retire the outstanding principal and interest balances on our revolving credit facility and our term loan arrangement. At the end of July

2017, we made an election to reduce the commitment under the revolving credit facility from \$450.0 million to \$250.0 million as we were able to complete the Conexant Acquisition with available cash.

In September 2017, we entered into an Amendment and Restatement Agreement, or the Agreement, with the lenders that are party thereto, or the Lenders, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as administrative agent for the Lenders. The Agreement terminated our term loan arrangement and provides for a revolving credit facility in a principal amount of up to \$200 million, which includes a \$20 million sublimit for letters of credit and a \$20 million sublimit for swingline loans. Under the terms of the Agreement, we may, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions, request increases in the revolving credit facility commitments in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$100 million to the extent existing or new lenders agree to provide such increased or additional commitments, as applicable. Proceeds under the revolving credit facility are available for working capital and general corporate purposes. As of December 31, 2017, there is no balance outstanding under the revolving credit facility. As a result of terminating our term loan arrangement, we expensed the remaining debt issuance costs attributable to the term loan of \$1.0 million during the first quarter of fiscal 2018.

The revolving credit facility is required to be repaid in full on the earlier of (i) September 27, 2022 and (ii) the date 91 days prior to the Maturity Date of Notes if the Notes have not been refinanced in full by such date. Debt issuance costs of \$2.3 million will be amortized over 60 months.

Our obligations under the Agreement are guaranteed by the material domestic subsidiaries of our company, subject to certain exceptions (such material subsidiaries, together with our company, collectively, the Credit Parties). The obligations of the Credit Parties under the Agreement and the other loan documents delivered in connection therewith are secured by a first priority security interest in substantially all of the existing and future personal property of the Credit Parties, including, without limitation, 65% of the voting capital stock of certain of the Credit Parties' direct foreign subsidiaries, subject to certain exceptions.

The revolving credit facility bears interest at our election of a Base Rate plus an Applicable Margin or LIBOR plus an Applicable Margin. Swingline loans bear interest at a Base Rate plus an Applicable Margin. The Base Rate is a floating rate that is the greater of the Prime Rate, the Federal Funds Rate plus 50 basis points, or LIBOR plus 100 basis points. The Applicable Margin is based on a sliding scale which ranges from 0.25 to 100 basis points for Base Rate loans and 100 basis points to 175 basis points for LIBOR loans. We are required to pay a commitment fee on any unused commitments under the Agreement which is determined on a leverage-based sliding scale ranging from 0.175% to 0.25% per annum. Interest and fees are payable on a quarterly basis. There is no balance outstanding under the revolving credit facility.

Under the Agreement, there are various restrictive covenants, including three financial covenants which limit the consolidated total leverage ratio, or leverage ratio, the consolidated interest coverage ratio, or interest coverage ratio, a restriction which places a limit on the amount of capital expenditures that may be made in any fiscal year, a restriction that permits up to \$50 million per fiscal quarter of accounts receivable financings, and sets the Specified Leverage Ratio. The leverage ratio is the ratio of debt as of the measurement date to earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, or EBITDA, for the four consecutive quarters ending with the quarter of measurement. The current leverage ratio shall not exceed 3.50 to 1.00 provided that for the four fiscal quarters ending after the date of a material acquisition, such maximum leverage ratio shall be adjusted to 3.75 to 1.00, and thereafter, shall not be more than 3.50 to 1.00. The interest coverage ratio is EBITDA to interest expense for the four consecutive quarters ending with the quarter of measurement. The interest coverage ratio must not be less than 3.50 to 1.0 during the term of the Agreement. The Specified Leverage Ratio is the ratio used in determining, among other things, whether we are permitted to make dividends and/or prepay certain indebtedness, at a fixed ratio of 3.00 to 1.00. As of the end of the quarter, we were in compliance with the restrictive covenants.

11. Share-Based Compensation

During the three months ended September 30, 2017, we adopted the accounting standard update, or ASU, for Compensation-Stock Compensation which was issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB. This update simplifies several aspects of the accounting for employee share-based payment transactions including the accounting for income taxes, forfeitures, and statutory tax withholding requirements, as well as classification in the statement of cash flows. Upon adoption of this ASU, we elected to change our accounting policy to account for forfeitures as they occur and we applied the accounting policy change on a modified retrospective basis. As a result of the adoption of this ASU, we recognized the net cumulative effect of this change as a \$24.7 million increase to retained earnings, a \$1.0 million increase to additional paid-in capital and established an additional \$25.7 million of deferred tax assets for research credit and alternative minimum tax credit carryforwards. We have reflected excess tax benefits for share-based payments in the statement of cash flows as operating activities rather than financing activities on a prospective basis and therefore prior periods have not been adjusted.

Share-based compensation and the related tax benefit recognized in our condensed consolidated statements of income were as follows (in millions):

	Three			
	Months	S	Six Months	
	Ended		Ended	
			December	
	Decem	ber 31,	31,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Cost of revenue	\$0.7	\$0.6	\$1.4	\$1.1
Research and development	9.8	8.5	18.9	16.3
Selling, general, and administrative	7.3	6.5	14.0	12.8
Total	\$17.8	\$15.6	\$34.3	\$30.2
Income tax benefit on share-based compensation	\$(1.3)	\$4.3	\$2.7	\$8.0

Historically, we have issued new shares in connection with our share-based compensation plans, however, treasury shares are also available for issuance. Any additional shares repurchased under our common stock repurchase program will be available for issuance under our share-based compensation plans.

Stock Options

Stock option activity, including stock options granted, exercised, and forfeited, weighted average exercise prices for stock options outstanding and exercisable, and the aggregate intrinsic value were as follows:

	Stock	Weighted	Aggregate
	Option	Average	Intrinsic
	Awards	Exercise	Value
			(in
	Outstanding	Price	millions)
Balance as of June 30, 2017	2,490,168	\$ 49.20	
Granted	61,825	45.32	
Exercised	(85,126)	27.85	
Forfeited	(79,653)	67.02	
Balance as of December 31, 2017	2,387,214	49.26	\$ 14.0

Exercisable at December 31, 2017 1,943,715 46.64 \$ 14.0

The aggregate intrinsic value was determined using the closing price of our common stock on December 29, 2017 of \$39.94 and excludes the impact of stock options that were not in-the-money.

Deferred Stock Units

DSU activity, including DSUs granted, delivered, and forfeited, and the balance and aggregate intrinsic value of DSUs were as follows:

	DSU Awards	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in
	Outstanding	millions)
Balance as of June 30, 2017	1,320,798	
Granted	1,230,511	
Delivered	(450,099)	
Forfeited	(101,645)	
Balance as of December 31, 2017	1,999,565	\$ 79.9

The aggregate intrinsic value was determined using the closing price of our common stock on December 29, 2017 of \$39.94.

Of the shares delivered, 119,258 shares valued at \$4.6 million were withheld to meet statutory tax withholding requirements.

Market Stock Units

Our Amended and Restated 2010 Incentive Compensation Plan provides for the grant of MSU awards to our employees, consultants, and directors. An MSU is a promise to deliver shares of our common stock at a future date based on the achievement of market-based performance requirements in accordance with the terms of the MSU grant agreement.

We have granted MSUs to our executive officers, and other management members, which are designed to vest in three tranches with the target quantity for each tranche equal to one-third of the total MSU grant. The first tranche vests based on a one-year performance period; the second tranche vests based on a two-year performance period; and the third tranche vests based on a three-year performance period. Performance is measured based on the achievement of a specified level of total stockholder return, or TSR, relative to the TSR of the S&P Semiconductor Select Industry Index, or SPSISC Index for grants beginning in fiscal 2018 and relative to the Philadelphia Semiconductor Index, or SOX Index for grants made prior to fiscal 2018. The potential payout ranges from 0% to 200% of the grant target quantity and is adjusted on a two-to-one ratio based on our TSR performance relative to the SPSISC Index TSR or SOX Index TSR using the following formula:

(100% + ([Synaptics TSR — {SPSISC Index TSR or SOX Index TSR}] x 2))

The payout for the first tranche and the second tranche will not exceed 100% and the payout for the third tranche will be calculated based on the total target quantity for the entire grant multiplied by the payout factor, based on performance for the three-year performance period, which will then be reduced by shares issued for the first tranche and the second tranche.

Delivery of shares earned, if any, will take place on the dates provided in the applicable MSU grant agreement, assuming the grantee is still an employee, consultant, or director of our company at the end of the applicable

performance period. On the delivery date, we withhold shares to cover statutory tax withholding requirements and deliver a net quantity of shares to the employee, consultant, or director after such withholding. Until delivery of shares, the grantee has no rights as a stockholder with respect to any shares underlying the MSU award.

During the six months ended December 31, 2017, MSU activity, including MSUs granted, delivered, and forfeited, and the balance and aggregate intrinsic value of MSUs as of December 31, 2017 was as follows:

	MSU Awards	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in
	Outstanding	millions)
Balance as of June 30, 2017	158,596	
Granted	300,071	
Performance adjustment	(68,003)	
Delivered	-	
Forfeited	(8,733)	
Balance as of December 31, 2017	381,931	\$ 15.3

We value MSUs using the Monte Carlo simulation model on the date of grant and amortize the compensation expense over the three-year performance and service period on a straight-line basis. The unrecognized share-based compensation cost of our outstanding MSUs was approximately \$20.8 million as of December 31, 2017, which will be recognized over a weighted average period of approximately 1.6 years.

Performance Stock Units

Our Amended and Restated 2010 Incentive Compensation Plan provides for the grant of PSU awards to our employees, consultants, and directors. A PSU is a promise to deliver shares of our common stock at a future date based on the achievement of performance-based requirements in accordance with the terms of the PSU grant agreement.

We have granted PSUs to our executive officers and other management members, which are designed to vest in three tranches with the target quantity for each tranche equal to one-third of the total PSU grant. The grants have a specific one-year performance period and vesting occurs over three service periods with the final service period ending approximately three years from the grant date. Performance is measured based on the achievement of a specified level of non-GAAP earnings per share. The potential payout ranges from 0% to 200% of the grant target quantity and is adjusted on a linear basis with a payout triggering if our non-GAAP earnings per share equals greater than 65% of the target with a maximum payout achieved at 135% of target.

Delivery of shares earned, if any, will take place on the dates provided in the applicable PSU grant agreement, assuming the grantee is still an employee, consultant, or director of our company at the end of the applicable service period. On the delivery date, we withhold shares to cover statutory tax withholding requirements and deliver a net quantity of shares to the employee, consultant, or director after such withholding. Until delivery of shares, the grantee has no rights as a stockholder with respect to any shares underlying the PSU award.

During the six months ended December 31, 2017, there were 300,071 PSUs granted and no PSUs were delivered or forfeited. The aggregate intrinsic value of PSUs as of December 31, 2017 was \$12.0 million.

We value PSUs using the aggregate intrinsic value on the date of grant and amortize the compensation expense over the three-year service period on a ratable basis, dependent upon the probability of meeting the performance measures. The unrecognized share-based compensation cost of our outstanding PSUs was approximately \$11.0 million as of December 31, 2017, which will be recognized over a weighted average period of approximately 1.9 years.

Employee Stock Purchase Plan

Shares purchased, weighted average purchase price, cash received, and the aggregate intrinsic value for employee stock purchase plan purchases during the six-month period ended December 31, 2017 were as follows (in millions, except for shares purchased and weighted average price):

Shares purchased	210,798
Weighted average purchase price	\$32.17
Cash received	\$6.8
Aggregate intrinsic value	\$1.2

12. Income Taxes

On December 22, 2017, the U.S. government enacted comprehensive tax legislation, commonly known as the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017, or the Act, which significantly reforms the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. The Act contains broad and complex changes to corporate taxation, including in part reduction of the U.S. federal corporate tax rate from 35% to 21%, requires companies to pay a one-time transition tax on earnings of certain foreign subsidiaries that were previously considered permanently reinvested, and creates new taxes on certain foreign sourced earnings. As our accounting and tax year is the fiscal period ending on the last Saturday in June, U.S. federal tax law requires that taxpayers with a fiscal year that spans the effective date of a rate change to calculate a blended tax rate based on the pro rata number of days in the fiscal year before and after the effective date. As a result, our U.S. federal tax rate for fiscal 2018 is a days-weighted blended tax rate of 28.17%. For fiscal 2019 and subsequent tax years, our U.S. federal tax rate will be 21%.

As of December 31, 2017, we have not fully completed our accounting for the tax effects of the Act; however, in certain cases, we have made a reasonable estimate of the effects of the enactment. In cases where we have not been able to make a reasonable estimate, we continue to account for those items based on our existing accounting policies. For the items for which we were able to determine a reasonable estimate, namely the one-time transition tax and the remeasurement of deferred tax at the new tax rate, we recognized provisional tax expense of \$46.5 million, which is included as a component of provision for income tax expenses in the three and six months ended December 31, 2017. Of the \$46.5 million provisional tax expense, \$54.4 million was for discrete tax expense items consisting of the one-time transition tax and the remeasurement of the beginning balance of U.S. federal deferred tax assets, partially offset by a non-discrete tax benefit of \$7.9 million, which has an impact of 12.6% on our annual effective tax rate. As of December 31, 2017, we remeasured our U.S. federal deferred tax assets and liabilities based on the tax rates at which they are expected to reverse in the future and recorded a discrete tax provision of \$5.1 million.

The one-time transition tax is based on our post-1986 foreign earnings and profits, or E&P, which we have previously excluded from U.S. income taxes due to our position that we would permanently reinvest future earnings. The one-time transition tax is applied at a 15.5% tax rate on cash assets and an 8% tax rate for other specified assets. We recorded a provisional amount for our one-time transition tax liability for our foreign subsidiaries, resulting in an increase in income tax expense of \$49.3 million, net of foreign tax credits. We also expect to fully utilize all of our federal research tax credit carryforwards generated from previous years.

We have not yet completed our calculation of the total post-1986 foreign E&P for these foreign subsidiaries. This amount may change when we finalize the determination of our E&P previously deferred from U.S. federal taxation and finalize the amounts held in cash or other specified assets. No additional income taxes have been provided for any remaining undistributed foreign earnings not subject to the transition tax and any additional outside basis difference inherent in these entities as these amounts continue to be indefinitely reinvested in foreign operations. We did not have the necessary information prepared or analyzed to develop a reasonable estimate of the tax liability, if any, for our remaining outside basis difference including any deferred tax accounting that may be required due to other provisions in the Act beyond the one-time transition tax, including how that accounting may be affected by our ongoing accounting position to indefinitely reinvest unremitted foreign earnings.

We account for income taxes under the asset and liability method. The provision for income taxes recorded in interim periods is recorded by applying the estimated annual effective tax rate to year-to-date income before provision for income taxes, excluding the effects of significant unusual or infrequently occurring discrete items. The tax effects of discrete items are recorded in the same period that the related discrete items are reported and results in a difference between the actual effective tax rate and the estimated annual effective tax rate.

The provision for income taxes of \$53.3 million and \$6.6 million for the three months ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, represented estimated federal, foreign, and state income taxes. The effective tax rate for the three months ended December 31, 2017 diverged from the combined U.S. federal and state statutory tax rate primarily

because of the impact of the one-time transition tax on E&P, the impact of the reduction in the U.S. federal tax rate on our net deferred tax assets, foreign withholding taxes, nondeductible amortization, the impact of accounting for qualified stock options, and foreign income taxed at higher tax rates, partially offset by benefits from research credits. The effective tax rate for the three months ended December 31, 2016, diverged from the combined U.S. federal and state statutory tax rate, primarily because of foreign income taxed at lower tax rates and research credits, partially offset by foreign withholding taxes, nondeductible amortization, and the impact of accounting for qualified stock options.

The provision for income taxes of \$56.5 million and \$7.6 million for the six months ended December 31, 2017, and 2016, respectively, represented estimated federal, foreign, and state income taxes. The effective tax rate for the three months ended December 31, 2017 diverged from the combined U.S. federal and state statutory tax rate primarily because of the impact of the one-time transition tax on E&P, the impact of the reduction in the U.S. federal tax rate on our net deferred tax assets, foreign withholding taxes, nondeductible amortization, the impact of accounting for qualified stock options, and foreign income taxed at higher tax rates, partially offset by benefits from research credits. The effective tax rate for the three months ended December 31, 2016, diverged from the combined U.S. federal and state statutory tax rate, primarily because of foreign income taxed at lower tax rates and research credits, partially offset by foreign withholding taxes, nondeductible amortization, and the impact of accounting for qualified stock options.

The total liability for gross unrecognized tax benefits related to uncertain tax positions increased \$2.8 million during the six months ended December 31, 2017, to \$18.0 million from \$15.2 million at June 30, 2017, and was included in other long-term liabilities on our condensed consolidated balance sheets. If recognized, the total gross unrecognized tax benefits would reduce the effective tax rate on income from continuing operations. Accrued interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits as of December 31, 2017 were \$1.3 million; this balance increased by \$0.1 million compared to June 30, 2017. We classify interest and penalties as components of income tax expense. It is reasonably possible that the amount of the liability for unrecognized tax benefits may change within the next twelve months and an estimate of the range of possible changes may include an increase in our liability of up to \$2.4 million.

In July 2015, the U.S. Tax Court issued an opinion in Altera Corp. v. Commissioner related to a treasury regulation addressing the treatment of stock-based compensation in a cost-sharing arrangement with a related party. The U.S. Department of the Treasury has not withdrawn the requirement in its regulations related to the treatment of stock-based compensation. The Commissioner filed an appeal to the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals in February 2016. While we determined no adjustment to our financial statements is required due to the uncertainties with respect to the ultimate resolution, we will continue to monitor developments in this case.

Our major tax jurisdictions are the United States, Hong Kong SAR, and Japan. From fiscal 2010 onward, we remain subject to examination by one or more of these jurisdictions. We are currently under an income tax examination by the IRS for fiscal years 2014 and 2015, which is in the early stages. No issues have been raised during the examination so far.

During the three months ended September 30, 2017, we early adopted the new ASU on Income Taxes: Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets Other Than Inventory, which reduces the complexity in the accounting standards by allowing the recognition of current and deferred income taxes for an intra-entity asset transfer, other than inventory, when the transfer occurs. Historically, recognition of the income tax consequence of an intra-entity asset transfer was deferred and recognized either upon the disposition of the asset or over the economic life of the asset. We applied this amendment on a modified retrospective basis through a cumulative-effect adjustment of \$8.3 million directly to retained earnings as of the beginning of fiscal 2018.

13. Segment, Customers, and Geographic Information

We operate in one segment: the development, marketing, and sale of semiconductor products used in electronic devices and products. We generate our revenue from three broad product categories: the mobile product market, the personal computing, or PC, product market, and the Internet of Things product market, or IoT. We sell our products to original equipment manufacturers, or OEMs, and to contract manufacturers that provide manufacturing services to OEMs.

Net revenue within geographic areas based on our customers' locations for the periods presented was as follows (in millions):

	Three Months		Six Months		
	Ended		Ended		
	December 31,		December 31,		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	
China	\$209.9	\$229.0	\$419.7	\$407.2	
Japan	97.3	123.7	188.3	197.7	
Taiwan	60.2	18.6	103.3	33.4	
United States	28.8	57.0	65.0	121.3	
South Korea	12.5	28.2	33.7	79.3	
Other	21.7	4.8	37.8	8.6	
	\$430.4	\$461.3	\$847.8	\$847.5	

Net revenue from our customers for each group of similar products was as follows (in millions):

	Three Months		Six Months	
	Ended		Ended	
	December 31,		December 31,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Mobile product applications	\$261.8	\$376.6	\$554.7	\$690.6
PC product applications	61.7	63.8	127.0	118.7
IoT product applications	106.9	20.9	166.1	38.2
	\$430.4	\$461.3	\$847.8	\$847.5

As a result of our recent acquisitions, we are presenting a new revenue line for IoT. Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior year revenue presentation in the above table in order to conform to the current year revenue presentation.

Net revenue from major customers as a percentage of total net revenue for the periods presented was as follows:

Three Months Ended