

TABLE TRAC INC  
Form 10-Q  
August 14, 2008

**UNITED STATES**

**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Washington, DC 20549

Form 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT  
OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2008

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT  
OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File Number 0-28383

**Table Trac, Inc.**

(Exact name of small business issuer as specified in its charter)

Nevada ----- 88-0336568

(State or other jurisdiction of Incorporation or organization) --- (IRS Employer Identification No.)

15612 Highway 7,  
Suite 331 Minnetonka,  
Minnesota 55345

(Address of principal executive offices)

(952) 548-8877

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months, (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See definition of "accelerated filer" and "large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

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Large Accelerated Filer { } Accelerated Filer { } Non-accelerated Filer { } Smaller Reporting Company {X}

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes { } No {X}

As of August 11, 2008, the Company had outstanding 4,162,234 shares of common stock, \$.001 par value. In this quarterly report, references to "the Company," "Table Trac," "we," "us" and "our" refer to Table Trac, Inc.

**PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

**ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**TABLE TRAC, INC.**

**CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS**

(Unaudited)

	June 30, 2008	December 31, 2007 *
<b><u>ASSETS</u></b>		
Current assets:		
Cash	\$758,210	\$610,155
Accounts receivable, no allowance for doubtful accounts deemed necessary	1,532,044	1,021,346
Inventory	262,457	162,559
Prepaid expenses	<u>22,143</u>	<u>12,043</u>
Total current assets	<b>2,574,854</b>	<b>1,806,103</b>
Equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	10,834	- 0 -
Patent, net of accumulated amortization	11,873	12,555
Deferred tax asset	- 0 -	136,000
Long term accounts receivable - financed contracts	<u>214,475</u>	<u>152,600</u>
Total assets	<b><u>\$2,812,036</u></b>	<b><u>\$2,107,258</u></b>
<b><u>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY</u></b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 38,899	\$ 65,509
Accrued payroll and related	1,422	36,423
Deferred revenue	405,324	169,353
Deferred tax liability	<u>617,000</u>	<u>421,000</u>
Total current liabilities	<b><u>1,062,645</u></b>	<b><u>692,285</u></b>

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Stockholders equity:		
Common stock, 0.001 par value; 5,000,000 shares authorized: 4,162,234 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2008 and 4,156,234 at December 31, 2007	4,162	4,156
Additional paid in capital	1,398,254	1,382,510
Retained earnings	<u>346,974</u>	<u>28,307</u>
Total stockholders equity	<b><u>1,749,390</u></b>	<b><u>1,414,973</u></b>
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	<b><u>\$2,812,035</u></b>	<b><u>\$2,107,258</u></b>

(\*) The Balance Sheet at December 31, 2007 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**TABLE TRAC, INC.**

**CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**

Unaudited

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30, '08	June 30, '07	June 30, '08	June 30, '07
Net sales	\$ 456,422	\$884,297	\$ 1,958,111	\$1,088,328
Cost of sales	<u>86,430</u>	<u>236,807</u>	444,056	<u>273,431</u>
Gross profit	<b><u>369,992</u></b>	<b><u>647,490</u></b>	<b><u>1,514,055</u></b>	<b><u>814,897</u></b>
Selling, general and administrative expenses	<u>347,429</u>	<u>187,657</u>	<u>687,475</u>	<u>348,660</u>
Income from operations	<b><u>22,563</u></b>	<b><u>459,833</u></b>	<b><u>826,580</u></b>	<b><u>466,237</u></b>
Interest income	13,963	1,765	31,900	4,107
Net income before taxes	<b><u>36,526</u></b>	<b><u>461,598</u></b>	<b><u>858,480</u></b>	<b><u>470,344</u></b>
Income tax expense	11,000	167,700	332,000	172,000
Net income	<b><u>\$25,526</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 293,898</u></b>	<b><u>\$526,480</u></b>	<b><u>\$298,344</u></b>
Basic earnings per share	<b><u>\$ 0.006</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 0.073</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 0.127</u></b>	<b><u>\$0.075</u></b>
Weighted average basic shares outstanding	<b><u>4,158,805</u></b>	<b><u>4,001,534</u></b>	<b><u>4,157,520</u></b>	<b><u>4,001,534</u></b>
Diluted earnings per share	<b><u>\$ 0.006</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 0.066</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 0.117</u></b>	<b><u>\$0.067</u></b>

Weighted average diluted shares	<u>4,484,422</u>	<u>4,443,739</u>	<u>4,483,136</u>	<u>4,430,339</u>
Cash Dividends paid per common share	<u>\$0.05</u>	<u>\$0.00</u>	<u>\$0.05</u>	<u>\$0.00</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## TABLE TRAC, INC.

### CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Unaudited

	Six Months Ended June 30, <u>2008</u>	Six Months Ended June 30, <u>2007</u>
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 526,480	\$298,344
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	2,847	682
Deferred income taxes	332,000	171,700
Non-cash stock compensation expense	15,750	14,000
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(572,573)	(693,476)
(Increase) in inventory	(99,898)	(14,292)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses	(10,100)	8,484
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(26,610)	(10,591)
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll and related	(35,001)	18,721
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue	<u>235,971</u>	<u>93,391</u>
Net cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities	<u>368,866</u>	<u>(113,037)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of equipment	<u>(12,999)</u>	<u>- 0 -</u>
Cash flows from financing activities		
Cash dividend paid	(207,812)	- 0 -
Net increase (decrease) in cash	148,055	(113,037)
Cash - beginning of period	<u>610,155</u>	307,371
Cash - end of period	<u>\$ 758,210</u>	<u>\$194,334</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Table Trac, Inc.  
Notes to Condensed Financial Statements  
June 30, 2008  
(Unaudited)

## **1. Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying unaudited condensed financial statements of Table Trac have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with the instructions for Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. The balance sheet as of June 30, 2008 and the statements of operations and cash flows for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 unaudited but include all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position at such date and the operating results and cash flows for those periods. Certain information normally included in financial statements and related footnotes prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles has been condensed or omitted pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The accompanying financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes included in the Table Trac Annual Report on Form 10-KSB, for the year ended December 31, 2007.

Results for any interim period shown in this report are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for any other interim period or for the entire year.

## **2. Significant Accounting Policies**

### **Revenue Recognition**

Revenue is recognized when all significant contractual obligations have been satisfied and collection of the resulting receivable is reasonably assured. Generally, revenues are recognized upon installation, customer specifications have been met, and title and risk of loss have transferred to the customer.

License and maintenance revenue are invoiced and recognized monthly.

When a sale involves multiple elements, revenue is allocated to each respective element in accordance with Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) 00-21 "Accounting for Revenue Arrangements with Multiple Deliverables." Allocation of revenue to undelivered elements of the arrangement is based on fair value of the element being sold on a stand-alone basis.

In certain instances, sales are collected under financed contracts, which are considered extended payment terms. In these situations, as the Company has determined and can support "a history of successfully collecting under the original payment terms without making concessions," the extended payment terms are considered fixed or determinable at the outset of the arrangement. Accordingly, revenue is recognized upon the delivery of the software, assuming that all other revenue recognition criteria have been met.

### **Research and Development**

Research and Development costs are expensed as incurred.

### **Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share**

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average shares outstanding during the reporting period. Diluted earnings per share is computed similar to basic earnings per share except that the weighted average shares outstanding are increased to include additional shares from the assumed exercise of stock options or

warrants, if dilutive. The number of additional shares is calculated by assuming that outstanding stock options or warrants were exercised and that the proceeds from the exercise were used to acquire shares of common stock at the average market price during the reporting period.

### Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable include regular customer receivables and amounts from financed contracts coming due within twelve months. Any amounts from financed contracts coming due beyond twelve months are included in "Long term accounts receivable - financed contracts."

Customer advance deposits are shown as a liability "Deferred revenue" until the product is installed and associated revenue is recognized.

### 3. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### 4. Concentration of Risk

#### Major Customers

There were sixteen customers and twenty-nine casinos paying for systems and services in 2008 with six customers accounting for 82% of our revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2008. There were sixteen casinos in 2007 with nine customers accounting for 90% of our revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2007.

### 5. Inventories

Company inventories consisted of the following at:

	June 30, 2008	December 31, 2007
Raw Materials	\$ - 0 -	\$ - 0 -
Work in Process	86,116	24,754
Finished Goods	<u>176,341</u>	<u>137,805</u>
Totals	<b><u>\$262,457</u></b>	<b><u>\$162,559</u></b>

### 6. Stockholders' Equity

On March 26, 2008 the Company's board of directors approved and paid a \$0.05 per common share cash dividend to the shareholders of record on April 4th, 2008 totaling \$207,812.

On May 22, 2008, the Company issued 6,000 shares of restricted common stock valued at \$15,750 to a consultant for professional services rendered during the six months ended June 30, 2008.

#### Stock Options

In October 2001, the Company implemented an Employee Stock Incentive Plan. This plan provides for the issuance of employee options to purchase shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price at least equal to the fair value of the stock at the grant date. These options are exercisable for a period of seven years from the date of grant.

Table Trac reserved 1,000,000 shares of its common stock for potential issuance under this plan. As of June 30, 2008, 507,500 stock options were available for grants.

Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 123(R), "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation", requires companies to estimate fair value of the share-based awards on the date of the grant using an option pricing model. Table Trac uses the Black-Sholes-Merton option-pricing model as a method for determining the estimated fair market value for employee stock awards. Compensation expense for employee stock awards is recognized on a straight-line basis over the vesting period of the award. The company had no stock compensation expense for the three and six month period ended June 30, 2008 and 2007.

The company had no stock options awarded or exercised for the three and six month periods ending June 30, 2008 and 2007. There were 337,500 options outstanding and exercisable at June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007 with an average exercise price of \$0.125; which expire October 10, 2010. The options had an aggregate intrinsic value of \$1,155,938 at June 30, 2008 which is equal to the difference in the closing stock price on that date and the exercise price, multiplied by the number of in-the-money options that would have been received had all options been exercised on June 30, 2008.

## **7. Income Taxes**

Table Trac has adopted the provisions of the Financial Accounting Standards Board's (FASB) Interpretation No. 48 (FIN 48), "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes - an interpretation of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) Statement No. 109." FIN 48 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an enterprise's financial statements, and prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement process for financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. FIN 48 also provides guidance on de-recognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition.

The Company files income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and various state jurisdictions. Based on the company's evaluation, the company has concluded that there are no significant unrecognized tax implications. The Company's evaluation was performed for the tax years ended December 31, 2003 through 2007, the tax years that remain subject to examination by major tax jurisdictions as of June 30, 2008. The Company does not believe there will be any material changes in unrecognized tax positions over the next twelve months.

The Company may from time to time be assessed interest or penalties by major tax jurisdictions, although any such assessments historically have been minimal and immaterial to financial results. In accordance with FIN 48, paragraph 19, Table Trac has decided to classify interest and penalties as a component of income tax expense.

## **8. Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements**

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 141 (revised 2007), "Business Combinations," [SFAS 141(R)], which establishes principles and requirements for how the acquirer of a business recognizes and measures in its financial statements the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed and any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree. SFAS 141(R) also provides guidance for recognizing and measuring the goodwill acquired in the business combination and determines what information would enable users of the financial statements to evaluate the nature and financial effects of the business combination. SFAS 141(R) is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. Early adoption is not permitted.

## **ITEM 2 - MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSES OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 provides a "safe harbor" for forward-looking statements. This quarterly report contains certain forward-looking statements and for this purpose any statements contained in this report, not of historical fact, should be deemed to be forward-looking. Without limiting the foregoing, words such as "may," "expect," "believe," "anticipate," "estimate," "continue" or comparable terminology are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements by their nature involve substantial risks and uncertainties, and actual results may differ materially depending on a variety of factors, many of which are not within the Company's control. These factors include but are not limited to economic conditions generally and in the markets in which the Company may participate; competition within the Company's chosen industry, including competition from much larger competitors; technological advances and failure by the Company to successfully develop business relationships.

## OVERVIEW

Table Trac is a Nevada corporation, formed on June 27, 1995, with principal offices in Minnetonka, Minnesota. It developed and patented (U. S. patent number 5,957,776) a proprietary information and management system (Table Trac) that automates and monitors the operations of casino table games. In addition to table games management, the Company has added functionality, developing related casino system modules for guest rewards and loyalty club, marketing analysis, guest service, promotion administration/management, vault/cage management and audit/accounting.

In 2005, the Company launched new products in the areas of gaming machine on-line accounting and management, gaming machine/vault, promotions administration and management, customer mailing for tiered pre-encoded promotional marketing, touch screen customer service kiosks, guest service paging and wireless handheld communications. These additions have transformed Table Trac from a "niche" supplier of peripheral products to a full line single source supplier.

Another significant milestone in Table Trac's quest to not only define its markets for growth and expansion, but to further separate itself from competitors came in 2006 when it launched new products in the areas of Class II S2S gaming communications and related Class II S2S support for promotions administration and management, and fully integrating it with all its Class III functionality. Table Trac was the first and, to the best of our knowledge, is still the only system capable of fully automating and managing an entire slot floor in a mixed Class II/Class III environment. To date, other companies who make that claim for their system require the hand entering of machine meter values for, at least a portion of their slot floor. Management believes this development has greatly enhanced the Company's opportunity for new system sales; this has been demonstrated by the significant growth from 2005 through the second quarter of 2008. We have more new contracts for system sales in Q2 08 than in any previous quarter in our history. The Company backlog of system installations at June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007 was approximately \$4.0 and \$2.3 million respectively.

A milestone achieved in the second quarter of 2008 was the testing of our slot accounting system by two certified gaming test laboratories which has led to the certification of our system meeting all requirements of the National Indian Gaming Commission's "Minimum Internal Control Standards" as well all requirements of the Oklahoma State Compacts with Tribal Nations. Though not necessary in many of the markets in which we operate, the question has arisen - "who has tested or certified your system?" Our system was previously certified by an independent systems consultant, for one of our customers.

Based on our knowledge Table Trac offers our customers systems of comparable or superior functionality to our competitors at significantly lower price points by utilizing our innovative systems platform, stable operating environment and deep programming library. We have over twelve years of table tracking experience, ten plus years of customer reward and loyalty programs and tens of millions of continuous gaming machine operation monitoring hours. Table Trac is favorably positioned to compete for a broader cross section of casinos seeking to reduce their systems cost while improving the reliability and accountability of their operations.



**Critical Accounting Policies:**

See footnote 2 in "Notes to Condensed Financial Statements."

**Results of Operations:**

Three Months Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

Net sales for the quarter ended June 30, 2008 decreased to \$456,422 from \$884,297 in 2007. This was caused by fewer new system installations completed in the quarter. Systems valued at over \$750,000 were installed in 2007 compared to less than \$250,000 in 2008. The lower system revenue recognized was partially offset by a small increase in license and maintenance (support) revenue due to more installed systems over a year ago.

Cost of sales for the quarter decreased to \$86,430 from \$236,807 in 2007 in line with fewer installations completed in quarter. The Company's gross profit was 81.1% and 73.0% for the three months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively. This increase is due to a higher mix of license and maintenance revenue, which has a higher gross profit, over the previous year.

Selling, general, administrative, research and development expenses were \$347,429 up from \$187,657 for the quarters ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 respectively. The increase was across several expense categories as the Company continues to "ramp-up" to address dramatically higher sales. The preparation of new user manuals, begun previously, was substantially completed in the second quarter. Research and development increased substantially, primarily due to contract engineers engaged in an integration of digital media into the product line, in addition to a dual redundancy server design.

Interest income continues to rise primarily due to the number of system sales made on "Long term accounts receivable, - financed contracts". Secondly, we have a much higher cash balance over a year ago.

Provision for income taxes for the second quarter of 2008 was \$11,000, calculated at a 39% effective rate.

Income before taxes and net income were \$36,526 and \$25,526, respectively, for the three months ended June 30, 2008 compared to \$461,598 and \$293,898, respectively, for the three months ended June 30, 2007. The basic earnings per share were \$0.006 for the quarter ended June 30, 2008 compared to \$0.073 last year.

Six Months Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

Revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2008 increased to \$1,958,111 from \$1,088,328 in 2007. The increase was attributable to system installations completed in Oklahoma and internationally during the six months ended compared to the systems installed in the same time frame in 2007.

Cost of sales for the same six months increased to \$444,056 from \$273,431 the prior year in line with numbers of completed installations. The Company's gross profit was 77.3% and 74.9% for the six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively. This increase is due to a higher mix of license and maintenance revenue, which has a higher gross profit, over the previous year.

Selling, general, administrative, research and development expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2008 increased to \$687,475 from \$348,660 in 2007. Additional staffing, including contract staffing, to support the increase in business is primarily responsible for the increase compared to 2007.

**Liquidity and Capital Resources:**

Cash at June 30, 2008 increased to \$ 758,210 from \$ 610,155 at December 31, 2007 primarily due to collections of receivables on previously completed installations in the first six months of this year. Net cash provided by operations was \$ 368,866 for the six months ended June 30, 2008 compared to \$113,037 used in operations for the six months ended June 30, 2007. This increase of \$481,903 was primarily the result of increased net income, collections on accounts receivable compared to a year ago, increased deferred income taxes and increased deferred revenue resulting from customer deposits.

Table Trac paid out \$207,812 in cash dividends declared by the board of directors in early April. The board has not established a quarterly dividend policy, but will consider future dividends based on the Company's liquidity.

There are no known trends, events or uncertainties that are likely to have a material impact on our short or long term liquidity. The primary source of liquidity in both the short and long term will be system sales and the resulting license and maintenance fees from existing systems. Management anticipates being able to manage its expenses and cash flow so monthly obligations will be satisfied by cash flow from operations. We believe the Company has adequate cash to meet its obligations and continue operations for both existing and future customers as well as ongoing sales effort and product development.

**Off Balance Sheet Arrangements:** None.

### **ITEM 3. QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE DISCLOSURE ABOUT MARKET RISK**

Our financial instruments consist entirely of cash. Our only risk is interest rates which is not considered significant.

The Company does not hold foreign currency since we do not transact business in foreign currencies, and therefore have no currency exposure. We do not enter into futures or forward commodity contracts since we have no market risk exposure with respect to commodity prices.

### **ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

#### **(a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

Table Trac's Chief Executive/Financial Officer, Chad B. Hoehne, has evaluated the Company's disclosure and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based upon this review, he has concluded that these controls and procedures remain inadequate due to a lack of a segregation of duties surrounding financial reporting. See our Form 10-KSB for an in depth discussion. Notwithstanding the material weaknesses that continued to exist as of June 30, 2008, our Chief Executive/Financial Officer has concluded that the financial statements included in this Form 10-Q present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the Company as required for interim financial statements.

#### **(b) Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

We have begun working to improve this area with the addition of financial expertise as discussed more fully at PART II, ITEM 8A in our December 31, 2007 Form 10-KSB.

## **PART II OTHER INFORMATION**

**ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS** None.

**ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS:** None.

**ITEM 3. DEFAULTS ON SENIOR SECURITIES:** None.

**ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS :** None.

**ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION :** None.

**ITEM 6. EXHIBITS**

Exhibit 1.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 13a - 14 and 15d - 14 of the Exchange Act.

Exhibit 1.2 Certification Pursuant to 18USC Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

**SIGNATURE PAGE**

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Table Trac, Inc.  
Date August 14, 2008  
By: /s/ Chad Hoehne  
President CEO

**Exhibit 1.1**

**CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER and PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER  
PURSUANT TO SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934  
RULE 13a-14(a) OR 15d-14(a)**

I, Chad Hoehne, certify that:

1. I have reviewed and read this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Table Trac, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this Quarterly Report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this Quarterly Report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements and other financial information included in this Quarterly Report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Company as of, and for, the periods presented in this Quarterly Report;
4. I am responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in the Exchange Act Rules 13a-15e and 15(e)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervisions, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this Quarterly Report is being prepared;
  - (b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report based on such evaluation; and
  - (c) disclosed in this Quarterly Report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and board of directors performing the equivalent functions of an audit committee:

(a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls over financial reporting.

Date: August 14, 2008

By: /s/ Chad Hoehne

Name: Chad Hoehne

Title: Chief Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer

**Exhibit 1.2**

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934  
RULE 13a-14(b) OR 15d-14(b) AND  
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the quarterly report of Table Trac, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for quarter ended June 30, 2008 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Quarterly Report"), I, Chad Hoehne, Chief Executive Officer and principal financial officer of the Company, certify for the purpose of complying with Rule 13a-14(b) or Rule 15d-14(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") and Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United States Code, that:

1. the Quarterly Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act; and
2. the information contained in the Quarterly Report fairly presents, in all material respect, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Dated: August 14, 2008

By: /s/ Chad Hoehne

Chief Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer