CB RICHARD ELLIS GROUP INC Form 10-Q August 09, 2006

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

### **FORM 10-Q**

X QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2006

**o** TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Transition Period from to

Commission File Number 001-32205

### CB RICHARD ELLIS GROUP, INC.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

#### **Delaware**

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

100 N. Sepulveda Boulevard, Suite 1050
El Segundo, California
(Address of principal executive offices)

(310) 606-4700

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

#### 94-3391143

(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

**90245** (Zip Code)

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o.

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of accelerated filer and large accelerated filer in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer x Accelerated filer o Non-accelerated filer o

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No x.

The number of shares of Class A common stock outstanding at July 31, 2006 was 223,643,140.

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#### CB RICHARD ELLIS GROUP, INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Dollars in thousands, except share data)

	June 30, 2006 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2005
ASSETS	(	
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 127,289	\$ 449,289
Restricted cash	3,897	5,179
Receivables, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$17,595 and \$15,646 at June 30, 2006 and		
December 31, 2005, respectively	473,161	483,175
Warehouse receivables	17,650	255,963
Prepaid expenses	55,449	36,402
Deferred tax assets, net	41,419	38,629
Other current assets	19,501	16,327
Total Current Assets	738,366	1,284,964
Property and equipment, net	156,998	137,655
Goodwill	934,340	880,179
Other intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$38,053 and \$30,586 at June 30, 2006 and		
December 31, 2005, respectively	107,058	109,540
Deferred compensation assets	157,642	144,597
Investments in and advances to unconsolidated subsidiaries	109,128	106,153
Deferred tax assets, net	116,327	94,200
Other assets, net	77,212	58,384
Total Assets	\$ 2,397,071	\$ 2,815,672
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY	4 2,000,000	2,012,072
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 206,405	\$ 254,085
Compensation and employee benefits payable	204,908	189,984
Accrued bonus and profit sharing	201,400	324,973
Income taxes payable	201,400	63,918
Short-term borrowings:		03,716
Revolving line of credit	248,000	
Warehouse lines of credit	17,650	255,963
Other	25,567	16,189
Total short-term borrowings	291,217	272,152
Current maturities of long-term debt	513	11,913
Other current liabilities	21,602	20,778
Total Current Liabilities	926,045	1,137,803
	920,043	1,137,803
Long-Term Debt:		162 021
11 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> % senior subordinated notes, net of unamortized discount of \$1,648 at December 31, 2005 Senior secured term loan		163,021 253,450
934% senior notes	130,000	
	2,330	130,000 2,685
Other long-term debt		2,085 549.156
Total Long-Term Debt	132,330	/
Deferred compensation liability	187,891	172,871
Pension liability	44,381	41,194
Other liabilities	157,501	114,139
Total Liabilities	1,448,148	2,015,163
Commitments and contingencies	20.444	< 0.24
Minority interest	28,441	6,824
Stockholders Equity:		
Class A common stock; \$0.01 par value; 325,000,000 shares authorized; 223,372,280 and 221,353,746	2.224	2.24
shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, respectively	2,234	2,214
Additional paid-in capital	566,063	548,652
Notes receivable from sale of stock	(101	, ( )
Accumulated earnings	384,679	283,515
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	. ,	) (40,595 )
Total Stockholders Equity	920,482	793,685
Total Liabilities and Stockholders Equity	\$ 2,397,071	\$ 2,815,672

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# CB RICHARD ELLIS GROUP, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands, except share data)

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2006 2005			Six M June 2006		2005		
Revenue	\$	836,228	\$	672,163	\$	1,516,319	\$	1,210,429
Costs and expenses:								
Cost of services	412,	496	338,	691	752,	941	606,	737
Operating, administrative and other	283,	598	241,	730	548,	759	464.	951
Depreciation and amortization	12,2	55	10,8	18	27,1	85	21,1	88
Operating income	127,	879	80,9	24	187,	434	117,	553
Equity income from unconsolidated								
subsidiaries	8,42	8	15,4	15,443		16,841		73
Minority interest expense	1,58	0	664		1,809		1,35	3
Interest income	2,97	6	3,058		6,566		5,503	
Interest expense	13,3	52	13,374		27,287		26,9	72
Loss on extinguishment of debt	22,2	55	1,832		22,255		6,762	
Income before provision for income taxes	102,	096	83,5	83,555 159,490		490	107,342	
Provision for income taxes	37,8	42	33,1	34	58,3	26	42,3	49
Net income	\$	64,254	\$	50,421	\$	101,164	\$	64,993
Basic income per share	\$	0.28	\$	0.23	\$	0.45	\$	0.29
Weighted average shares outstanding for basic								
income per share	225,	964,727	221,	355,696	225,763,242		220.	979,199
Diluted income per share	\$	0.27	\$	0.22	\$	0.43	\$	0.28
Weighted average shares outstanding for								
diluted income per share	233,655,941		229,097,697		233,304,306		228,	827,433

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# CB RICHARD ELLIS GROUP, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited) (Dollars in thousands)

	Six Months En June 30,	ded
	2006	2005
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net income	\$ 101,164	\$ 64,993
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities:	25.405	21.100
Depreciation and amortization	27,185	21,188
Amortization and write-off of deferred financing costs	13,851	3,387
Amortization and write-off of long-term debt discount	1,648	534
Deferred compensation deferrals	14,560	11,407
Gain on sale of servicing rights and other assets	(4,323 )	(2,720
Equity income from unconsolidated subsidiaries	(16,841 )	(19,373
Distribution of earnings from unconsolidated subsidiaries	14,089	8,974
Ainority interest expense	1,809	1,353
Provision for doubtful accounts	1,434	2,498
Deferred income taxes	(3,301)	4,496
Compensation expense for stock options and non-vested stock awards	4,842	1,526
ncremental tax benefit from stock options exercised	(8,482)	
enant concessions received	5,809	988
Decrease in receivables	19,183	60,656
ncrease in deferred compensation assets	(13,045 )	(30,417
ncrease in prepaid expenses and other assets	(41,510 )	(7,535
Decrease in accounts payable and accrued expenses	(51,883)	(28,496
Decrease in compensation and employee benefits payable and accrued bonus and profit sharing	(110,166 )	(82,738
Decrease) increase in income taxes payable	(63,944 )	17,064
ncrease (decrease) in other liabilities	30,368	(16,182
Other operating activities, net	83	(402
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	(77,470 )	11,201
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Capital expenditures	(27,958)	(15,513
Acquisition of businesses including net assets acquired, intangibles and goodwill, net of cash acquired	(49,527)	(3,372
investment in property held for sale	ì	(28,221
Contributions to investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries, net	(4,895)	(12,189
Proceeds from sale of servicing rights and other assets	3,652	2,649
Decrease in restricted cash	1,321	3,382
Other investing activities, net	(912	1,026
Net cash used in investing activities	(78,319	(52,238
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	(, 3,2 = 2	(= 1,== =
Repayment of senior secured term loan	(265,250)	(5,900
Proceeds from revolving credit facility	278,000	(2,>00
Repayment of revolving credit facility	(30,000 )	
Repayment of 11 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> % senior subordinated notes	(164,669 )	(38,200
Repayment of other short-term borrowings, net	(5,139)	(1,515
Proceeds from debt related to property held for sale	(3,139	22,394
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	4,444	3,841
Incremental tax benefits from stock options exercised	8,482	3,041
		(1,306
Minority interest contributions (distributions), net Payment of deferred financing fees	8,827 (5,099 )	
Other financing activities, net		(318
	(425 )	311
Net cash used in financing activities	(170,829 )	(20,693
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(326,618 )	(61,730
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	449,289	256,896
Effect of currency exchange rate changes on cash	4,618	(2,949
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, AT END OF PERIOD	\$ 127,289	\$ 192,21
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:		
Cash paid during the period for:		
Interest	\$ 35,493	\$ 28,358
Income taxes, net of refunds	\$ 125,345	\$ 18,685

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

#### CB RICHARD ELLIS GROUP, INC.

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY

(Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands, except share data)

						Accumulated oth	er comprehensive	
	Shares	Class A common stock	Additional paid-in capital	Notes receivable from sale of stock	Accumulated earnings	loss Minimum pension liability	Foreign currency translation	Total
Balance at December 31, 2005	221,353,746	\$ 2,214	\$ 548,652	\$ (101)	\$ 283,515	\$ (20,739)	\$ (19,856)	\$ 793,685
Net income					101,164			101,164
Net cancellation and distribution of deferred compensation stock fund								
units	593,187	6	(81)					(75)
Stock options exercised (including tax benefit) Compensation expense for	1,424,035	14	12,650					12,664
stock options and non- vested stock awards			4,762					4,762
Non-cash issuance of common stock	3,112		80					80
Foreign currency translation gain							8,202	8,202
Cancellation of non-vested stock awards	(1,800	)						
Balance at June 30, 2006	223,372,280	\$ 2,234	\$ 566,063	\$ (101)	\$ 384,679	\$ (20,739)	\$ (11,654)	\$ 920,482

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

### CB RICHARD ELLIS GROUP, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

#### 1. Nature of Operations

CB Richard Ellis Group, Inc. (formerly known as CBRE Holding, Inc.), a Delaware corporation (which may be referred to in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q as we, us, and our), was incorporated on February 20, 2001 and was created to acquire all of the outstanding shares of CB Richard Ellis Services, Inc. (CBRE), an international commercial real estate services firm. Prior to July 20, 2001, we were a wholly owned subsidiary of Blum Strategic Partners, L.P. (Blum Strategic), formerly known as RCBA Strategic Partners, L.P., which is an affiliate of Richard C. Blum, a director of CBRE and our company.

On July 20, 2001, we acquired all of the outstanding stock of CBRE pursuant to an Amended and Restated Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated May 31, 2001, among CBRE, Blum CB Corp. (Blum CB) and us. Blum CB was merged with and into CBRE with CBRE being the surviving corporation (the 2001 Merger). In July 2003, our global position in the commercial real estate services industry was further solidified as CBRE acquired Insignia Financial Group, Inc. (Insignia). On July 23, 2003, pursuant to an Amended and Restated Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated May 28, 2003 (the Insignia Acquisition Agreement), by and among us, CBRE, Apple Acquisition Corp. (Apple Acquisition), a Delaware corporation and wholly owned subsidiary of CBRE, and Insignia, Apple Acquisition was merged with and into Insignia (the Insignia Acquisition). Insignia was the surviving corporation in the Insignia Acquisition and at the effective time of the Insignia Acquisition became a wholly owned subsidiary of CBRE. We have no substantive operations other than our investment in CBRE.

On June 15, 2004, we completed the initial public offering of shares of our Class A common stock (the IPO). In connection with the IPO, we issued and sold 23,180,292 shares of our Class A common stock and received aggregate net proceeds of approximately \$135.0 million, after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and offering expenses payable by us. Also in connection with the IPO, selling stockholders sold an aggregate of 48,819,708 shares of our Class A common stock and received net proceeds of approximately \$290.6 million, after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions. On July 14, 2004, selling stockholders sold an additional 687,900 shares of our Class A common stock to cover over-allotments of shares by the underwriters and received net proceeds of approximately \$4.1 million, after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions. Lastly, on December 13, 2004 and November 15, 2005, we completed secondary public offerings that provided further liquidity for some of our stockholders. We did not receive any of the proceeds from the sales of shares by the selling stockholders on June 15, 2004, July 14, 2004, December 13, 2004 and November 15, 2005.

We offer a full range of services to occupiers, owners, lenders and investors in office, retail, industrial, multi-family and other commercial real estate assets globally under the CB Richard Ellis brand name. Our business is focused on several service competencies, including tenant representation, property/agency leasing, property sales, commercial mortgage origination and servicing, integrated capital markets (equity and debt) solutions, commercial property and corporate facility management, valuation, proprietary research and real estate investment management. We generate revenues both on a per project or transaction basis and from annual management fees.

#### 2. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the rules applicable to Form 10-Q and include all information and footnotes required for interim financial statement presentation, but do not include all disclosures required under accounting principles generally

### CB RICHARD ELLIS GROUP, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Unaudited)

#### 2. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates. All significant inter-company transactions and balances have been eliminated, and certain reclassifications have been made to prior periods—consolidated financial statements to conform to the current period presentation. The results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations to be expected for the year ending December 31, 2006. The consolidated financial statements and notes to consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with our current Annual Report on Form 10-K, which contains the latest available audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto, which are as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005.

On May 2, 2006, our board of directors approved a three-for-one stock split of our outstanding Class A common stock effected as a 100% stock dividend, which was distributed on June 1, 2006. The applicable share and per share data for all periods included herein has been restated to give effect to this stock split.

#### 3. Stock-Based Compensation

Stock Incentive Plans

2001 Stock Incentive Plan. Our 2001 stock incentive plan was adopted by our board of directors and approved by our stockholders on June 7, 2001. However, our 2001 stock incentive plan was terminated in June 2004 in connection with the adoption of our 2004 stock incentive plan, which is described below. The 2001 stock incentive plan permitted the grant of nonqualified stock options, incentive stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, restricted stock units and other stock-based awards to our employees, directors or independent contractors. Since our 2001 stock incentive plan has been terminated, no shares remain available for issuance under it. However, as of June 30, 2006, outstanding stock options granted under the 2001 stock incentive plan to acquire 9,568,794 shares of our Class A common stock remain outstanding according to their terms, and we will continue to issue shares to the extent required under the terms of such outstanding awards. Options granted under this plan have an exercise price of \$1.92 and vest and are exercisable in 20% annual increments over five years from the date of grant. Options granted under the 2001 stock incentive plan are subject to a maximum term of ten years from the date of grant. The number of shares issued pursuant to the stock incentive plan, or pursuant to outstanding awards, is subject to adjustment on account of stock splits, stock dividends and other dilutive changes in our Class A common stock. In the event of a change of control of our company, all outstanding options will become fully vested and exercisable.

Amended and Restated 2004 Stock Incentive Plan. Our 2004 stock incentive plan was adopted by our board of directors and approved by our stockholders on April 21, 2004 and amended and restated on April 14, 2005. The 2004 stock incentive plan authorizes the grant of stock-based awards to our employees, directors or independent contractors. A total of 20,785,218 shares of our Class A common stock initially were reserved for issuance under the 2004 stock incentive plan. This share reserve is reduced by one share

#### 3. Stock-Based Compensation (Continued)

upon grant of an option or stock appreciation right, and is reduced by 2.25 shares upon issuance of stock pursuant to other stock-based awards. Awards that expire, terminate, lapse, that are reacquired by us or are redeemed for cash rather than shares will again be available for grant under this plan. Pursuant to the terms of our 2004 stock incentive plan, no employee is eligible to be granted options or stock appreciation rights covering more than 6,235,566 shares during any calendar year. This limitation is subject to a policy adopted by our board of directors which states that no person is eligible to be granted options, stock appreciation rights or restricted stock purchase rights covering more than 2,078,523 shares during any calendar year or to be granted any other form of stock award covering more than 1,039,260 shares during any calendar year. As of June 30, 2006, 6.381,095 shares were subject to options issued under our 2004 stock incentive plan and 11.614,304 shares remained available for future grants under the 2004 stock incentive plan. Options granted under this plan during 2004 have exercise prices in the range of \$6.33 to \$7.46 and vest and are exercisable generally in equal annual increments over three or four years from the date of grant. Options granted under this plan during 2005 have exercise prices in the range of \$11.10 to \$15.43 and vest and are also exercisable generally in equal annual increments over three or four years from the date of grant. Options granted under this plan during 2006 have an exercise price of \$25.67 and vest and are also exercisable generally in equal annual increments over three years from the date of grant. All options previously granted under the 2004 stock incentive plan have had a term of five or seven years from the date of grant. In addition, we granted non-vested stock awards of 30,954 shares, 472,368 shares and 449,545 shares during 2004, 2005 and 2006, respectively. These non-vested stock awards vest in equal annual increments over three or four years from the date of the award. The number of shares issued or reserved pursuant to the 2004 stock incentive plan, or pursuant to outstanding awards, is subject to adjustment on account of mergers, consolidations, reorganizations, stock splits, stock dividends and other dilutive changes in our common stock. In addition our board of directors may adjust outstanding awards to preserve the awards benefits or potential benefits.

A summary of the status of our option plans is presented in the tables below:

	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Exercisable Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding at December 31, 2005	17,391,048	\$ 5.46	4,644,981	\$ 2.97
Exercised	(1,416,243 )	3.09		
Granted	15,584	25.67		
Forfeited	(40,500)	(11.00)		
Outstanding at June 30, 2006	15,949,889	\$ 5.67	3,557,334	\$ 2.99

### CB RICHARD ELLIS GROUP, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Unaudited)

#### 3. Stock-Based Compensation (Continued)

Options outstanding at June 30, 2006 and their related weighted average exercise price, intrinsic value and life information is presented below:

	Outstanding Opt	ions			Exercisable Op	tions	
		Weighted					
		Average	Weighted			Weighted	
		Remaining	Average	Aggregate		Average	Aggregate
	Number	Contractual		Intrinsic	Number	Exercise	Intrinsic
Exercise Prices	Outstanding	Life	Price	Value	Exercisable	Price	Value
\$1.92	9,568,794	6.3	\$ 1.92		2,886,393	\$ 1.92	
\$6.33 \$7.46	3,213,912	3.3	7.44		646,269	7.39	
\$11.10 \$15.43	3,151,599	6.1	15.14		24,672	11.83	
\$25.67	15,584	6.9	25.67				
	15.949.889	5.7	\$ 5.67	\$ 306,716,365	3,557,334	\$ 2.99	\$ 77.941.188

*Non-Vested Stock Awards*. Under our 2004 stock incentive plan, we have issued non-vested stock awards in our Class A common stock to certain of our employees and members of our Board of Directors. A summary of the status of our non-vested stock awards is presented in the table below:

	Shares	Weighted Average Market Value Per Share
Balance at December 31, 2005	503,322	\$ 14.79
Granted	449,545	22.68
Vested		
Forfeited	(1,800 )	(15.43)
Balance at June 30, 2006	951,067	\$ 18.52

#### Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation

Prior to 2003, we accounted for our employee stock-based compensation plans under the recognition and measurement provisions of Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees and related Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) interpretations. Accordingly, compensation cost for employee stock options was measured as the excess, if any, of the estimated market price of our Class A common stock at the date of grant over the amount an employee was required to pay to acquire the stock.

In the fourth quarter of 2003, we adopted the fair value recognition provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 123, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation* prospectively to all employee awards granted, modified or settled after January 1, 2003, as permitted by SFAS No. 148, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation Transition and Disclosure An Amendment of FASB Statement No. 123*. Awards under our stock-based compensation plans generally vest over three to five-year periods. Therefore, the cost related to stock-based employee compensation included in the determination of net income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 is less than that which would have been recognized if the fair value based method had been applied to all awards since the original effective date of SFAS No. 123.

### CB RICHARD ELLIS GROUP, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Unaudited)

#### 3. Stock-Based Compensation (Continued)

In December 2004, the FASB issued SFAS No. 123 Revised, *Share Based Payment*, or SFAS No. 123R. SFAS No. 123R requires the measurement of compensation cost at the grant date, based upon the estimated fair value of the award, and requires amortization of the related expense over the employee s requisite service period. Effective January 1, 2006, we adopted SFAS No. 123R applying the modified-prospective method for remaining unvested options that were granted subsequent to our IPO and the prospective method for remaining unvested options that were granted prior to our IPO.

The modified-prospective method provides for certain changes to the method for valuing share-based payment compensation, however prior periods are not required to be revised for comparative purposes. The valuation provisions of SFAS No. 123R apply to new awards as well as options that were granted subsequent to our IPO that were outstanding on the effective date and are subsequently modified or cancelled. As we have been accounting for our options under the fair value based method under SFAS No. 123 since the fourth quarter of 2003, the adoption of the modified-prospective method of SFAS No. 123R has not had a material impact on our financial position or results of operations.

We are applying the prospective method for the remaining unvested options that were granted prior to our IPO. Under prospective method application, the fair value and other provisions of the statement are to be applied only to awards modified, repurchased or cancelled after the required effective date. In addition, we are required to account for any portion of awards outstanding as of January 1, 2006 using the accounting principles originally applied to those awards. Accordingly, for stock awards issued in 2001 and 2002 which remained outstanding as of January 1, 2006, we are continuing to account for them under the measurement provisions of APB Opinion No. 25 and related FASB interpretations. In addition, our 2003 and pre-IPO 2004 grants will continue to be accounted for under the minimum value provisions of SFAS No. 123.

In accordance with SFAS No. 123R, we have continued to estimate the fair value of our options using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model, which takes into account assumptions such as the dividend yield, the risk-free interest rate, the expected stock price volatility and the expected life of the options. SFAS No. 123R also requires companies to estimate forfeitures. As we previously estimated forfeitures under SFAS No. 123, in this regard our adoption of SFAS No. 123R has had no impact on our results of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2006.

### CB RICHARD ELLIS GROUP, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Unaudited)

#### 3. Stock-Based Compensation (Continued)

The following table illustrates the effect on net income and income per share if the fair value based method had been applied to all outstanding and unvested awards in each period (dollars in thousands, except share data):

		ree Months l ne 30, 16	Ended 200	15		Months Ended e 30,	200	15
Net income as reported	\$	64,254	\$	50,421	\$	101,164	\$	64,993
Add: Stock-based employee compensation expense included in								
reported net income, net of the related tax effect	1,6	16	44	8	3,0	71	924	ļ
Deduct: Total stock-based employee compensation expense								
determined under fair value based method for all awards, net								
of the related tax effect	(1,	740 )	(1,	090 )	(3,3)	333 )	(1,0	581
Pro forma net income	\$	64,130	\$	49,779	\$	100,902	\$	64,236
Basic income per share:								
As reported	\$	0.28	\$	0.23	\$	0.45	\$	0.29
Pro forma	\$	0.28	\$	0.22	\$	0.45	\$	0.29
Diluted income per share:								
As reported	\$	0.27	\$	0.22	\$	0.43	\$	0.28
Pro forma	\$	0.27	\$	0.22	\$	0.43	\$	0.28

The weighted average fair value of options granted by us was \$10.72 and \$4.09 for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, and \$10.72 and \$4.26 for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. The fair value of each option grant is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, utilizing the following weighted average assumptions:

		Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2006		2005		2006		2005	
Dividend yield	0	%	0	%	0	%	0	%
Risk-free interest rate	4.91	%	3.65	%	4.91	%	3.65	%
Expected volatility	36.20	%	40.00	%	36.20	%	40.00	%
Expected life	5 years		4 years		5 years		4 years	,

The dividend yield assumption is excluded from the calculation, as it is our present intention to retain all earnings. The expected volatility is based on a combination of the our historical stock price and implied volatility. The selection of implied volatility data to estimate expected volatility is based upon the availability of actively traded options on the our stock. The risk-free interest rate is based upon the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant for periods corresponding with the expected life of the options. The expected life of our stock options represents the average between the vesting and contractual term, pursuant to Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 107.

### CB RICHARD ELLIS GROUP, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Unaudited)

#### 3. Stock-Based Compensation (Continued)

Option valuation models require the input of subjective assumptions including the expected stock price volatility and expected life. Because our employee stock options have characteristics significantly different from those of traded options and because changes in the subjective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate, we do not believe that the Black-Scholes model necessarily provides a reliable single measure of the fair value of our employee stock options.

The total estimated grant date fair value of stock options that vested during the six months ended June 30, 2006 was \$3.5 million, which approximates the share-based compensation expense before taxes included in other operating expenses due to the monthly vesting for the majority of our stock options. At June 30, 2006, total unrecognized estimated compensation cost related to non-vested stock options granted prior to that date was approximately \$19.4 million, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of approximately 3.0 years. The total intrinsic value of stock options exercised during the six months ended June 30, 2006 was \$28.2 million. We recorded cash received from stock option exercises of \$4.4 million and related tax benefits of \$8.5 million during the six months ended June 30, 2006. Upon option exercise, we issue new shares of stock.

A tax benefit is created when the tax deduction resulting from the exercise of options exceeds the compensation cost recorded. Prior to the adoption of SFAS No. 123R, we presented all such tax benefits as operating cash flows on our consolidated statements of cash flows. SFAS No. 123R requires the cash flows resulting from such tax benefits to be classified as financing cash flows. Under SFAS No. 123R, we have classified excess tax benefits of \$8.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006 as financing cash inflows.

In November 2005, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position No. FAS 123(R)-3, Transition Election Related to Accounting for Tax Effects of Share-Based Payment Awards. We have elected to adopt the alternative transition method provided in this FASB Staff Position for calculating the tax effects of share-based compensation pursuant to SFAS No. 123R. The alternative transition method includes a simplified method to establish the beginning balance of the additional paid-in capital pool related to the tax effects of employee share-based compensation, which is available to absorb tax deficiencies recognized subsequent to the adoption of SFAS No. 123R.

#### 4. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

SFAS No. 107, Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments, requires disclosure of fair value information about financial instruments, whether or not required to be recognized in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. Fair value is defined as the amount at which an instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The fair value estimates of financial instruments are not necessarily indicative of the amounts we might pay or receive in actual market transactions. The use of different market assumptions and/or estimation methodologies may have a material effect on the estimated fair value amounts.

Cash and Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash: These balances include cash and cash equivalents as well as restricted cash with maturities of less than three months. The carrying amount approximates fair value due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

### CB RICHARD ELLIS GROUP, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Unaudited)

#### 4. Fair Value of Financial Instruments (Continued)

Receivables, less allowance for doubtful accounts: Due to their short-term nature, fair value approximates carrying value.

*Warehouse Receivables:* Due to their short-term nature, fair value approximates carrying value. Fair value is determined based on the terms and conditions of funded mortgage loans and generally reflects the values of the WaMu and JP Morgan warehouse lines of credit outstanding for our wholly-owned subsidiary, CBRE Melody & Company (CBRE Melody), which was formerly known as L. J. Melody & Company (See Note 8).

Short-Term Borrowings: The majority of this balance represents our new revolving credit facility and the WaMu and JP Morgan warehouse lines of credit outstanding for CBRE Melody. Due to the variable interest rates of these instruments, fair value approximates carrying value (See Note 8).

111/4% Senior Subordinated Notes: Based on dealers quotes, the estimated fair value of our 111/4% senior subordinated notes was \$177.8 million at December 31, 2005. The actual carrying value totaled \$163.0 million at December 31, 2005 (See Note 8).

9¾% Senior Notes: Based on dealers quotes, the estimated fair value of our 9¾% senior notes was \$139.1 million and \$141.7 million at June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, respectively. Their actual carrying value totaled \$130.0 million at both June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005 (See Note 8).

Senior Secured Term Loan & Other Short-Term and Long-Term Debt: Estimated fair values approximate respective carrying values because the substantial majority of these instruments are based on variable interest rates (See Note 8).

#### 5. Restricted Cash

Included in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, is restricted cash of \$3.9 million and \$5.2 million, respectively, which primarily consists of cash pledged to secure the guarantee of certain short-term notes issued in connection with previous acquisitions by Insignia in the U.K.

#### **6.** Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

The following table summarizes the changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for us and each of our segments (See Note 16 for a description of our segments) for the six months ended June 30, 2006 (dollars in thousands):

GL 1 . 1

	Americas	EMEA	Global Investment Asia Pacific Management	Total
Balance at January 1, 2006	\$ 571,517	\$ 260,988	\$ 14,017 \$ 33,657	\$ 880,179
Purchase accounting adjustments related				
to acquisitions	13,664	25,023	11,215 4,259	54,161
Balance at June 30, 2006	\$ 585,181	\$ 286,011	\$ 25,232 \$ 37,916	\$ 934,340

### CB RICHARD ELLIS GROUP, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Unaudited)

#### 6. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets (Continued)

Other intangible assets totaled \$107.1 million and \$109.5 million, net of accumulated amortization of \$38.1 million and \$30.6 million, as of June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, respectively, and are comprised of the following (dollars in thousands):

	As of June 30, 20	06	As of December 3	1, 2005
	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization
Unamortizable intangible assets				
Trademarks	\$ 63,700		\$ 63,700	
Trade name	19,826		19,826	
	\$ 83,526		\$ 83,526	
Amortizable intangible assets				
Management contracts	28,837	(19,846 )	27,769	(17,404)
Loan servicing rights	21,925	(8,404)	21,571	(7,657)
Other	10,823	(9,803)	7,260	(5,525)
	\$ 61,585	\$ (38,053)	\$ 56,600	\$ (30,586)
Total intangible assets	\$ 145,111	\$ (38,053)	\$ 140,126	\$ (30,586)

In accordance with SFAS No. 141, *Business Combinations*, trademarks of \$63.7 million were separately identified as a result of the 2001 Merger. As a result of the Insignia Acquisition, a \$19.8 million trade name was separately identified, which represents the Richard Ellis trade name in the U.K. that was owned by Insignia. Both the trademarks and the trade name have indefinite useful lives and accordingly are not being amortized.

Management contracts are primarily comprised of property management contracts in the U.S., Canada, the U.K., France and other European countries, as well as valuation services and fund management contracts in the U.K. These management contracts are being amortized over estimated useful lives of up to ten years.

Loan servicing rights represent the fair value of servicing assets in our mortgage brokerage line of business in the U.S., the majority of which were acquired as part of the 2001 Merger. The loan servicing rights are being amortized over estimated useful lives of up to ten years.

Other amortizable intangible assets mainly represent other intangible assets acquired as a result of the Insignia Acquisition, including an intangible asset recognized for non-contractual revenue acquired in the U.S. as well as franchise agreements and a trade name in France. Additionally, net revenue backlog acquired from in-fill acquisitions in the latter part of 2005 is also included. All of these other intangible assets are being amortized over estimated useful lives of up to twenty years.

Amortization expense related to intangible assets was \$1.9 million for both the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 and \$6.9 million and \$3.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. The estimated annual amortization expense for each of the years ending December 31, 2006 through December 31, 2010 approximates \$9.4 million, \$5.0 million, \$3.4 million, \$3.2 million and \$3.1 million, respectively.

### CB RICHARD ELLIS GROUP, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Unaudited)

#### 7. Investments in and Advances to Unconsolidated Subsidiaries

Investments in and advances to unconsolidated subsidiaries are accounted for under the equity method of accounting. Combined condensed financial information for these entities is as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Three Months Ended J	une 30,	Six Months Ended Ju	me 30,
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Net revenue	\$ 155,990	\$ 89,806	\$ 258,374	\$ 197,320
Operating income	\$ 31,172	\$ 19,104	\$ 56,556	\$ 40,488
Net (loss) income	\$ (91.384 )	\$ 73,243	\$ 105.029	\$ 115.783

Our Global Investment Management segment involves investing our own capital in certain real estate investments with clients. We have provided investment management, property management, brokerage and other professional services to these equity investees on an arm s length basis and earned revenues from these unconsolidated subsidiaries.

In June 2005, CBRE Realty Finance, Inc. (CBRE Realty Finance), a real estate investment trust, was formed and is managed by CBRE Melody. The principal business activity of CBRE Realty Finance is to originate, acquire, invest in, finance and manage a diversified portfolio of commercial real estate-related loans and securities. On June 9, 2005, we received 300,000 shares of restricted stock and an option to purchase 500,000 shares of common stock from CBRE Realty Finance that vest in three equal annual installments. Effective June 9, 2006, 100,000 shares of the restricted stock vested and are now owned as common stock. As of June 30, 2006, CBRE Realty Finance had total assets of \$979.2 million and total equity of \$290.3 million. CBRE Realty Finance is a variable interest entity as defined in FASB Interpretation No. 46 (revised December 2003), *Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities* (FIN No. 46R). In accordance with FIN No. 46R, CBRE Realty Finance is not consolidated in our consolidated financial statements because we are not its primary beneficiary. Our maximum exposure to loss is limited to our equity investment in CBRE Realty Finance, which was approximately \$18.1 million as of June 30, 2006.

#### 8. Debt

We had short-term borrowings of \$291.2 million and \$272.2 million with related average interest rates of 6.2% and 5.2% as of June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, respectively.

Since 2001, we have maintained a credit agreement with Credit Suisse (CS) and other lenders to fund strategic acquisitions and to provide for our working capital needs. On June 26, 2006, we entered into a new \$600.0 million multi-currency senior secured revolving credit facility (the Credit Agreement) with a syndicate of banks led by CS, as administrative and collateral agent, which fully replaced our prior credit agreement. In connection with the replacement of our prior credit facility, we wrote off \$8.2 million of unamortized deferred financing fees during the three months ended June 30, 2006.

### CB RICHARD ELLIS GROUP, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Unaudited)

#### 8. Debt (Continued)

Our Credit Agreement includes the following: (1) a \$600.0 million revolving credit facility, including revolving credit loans, letters of credit and a swingline loan facility, all maturing on June 24, 2011 and (2) the ability to borrow an additional \$200.0 million, subject to the satisfaction of customary conditions. The \$600.0 million revolving credit facility allows for borrowings outside of the U.S., with sub-facilities of \$5.0 million available to one of our Canadian subsidiaries, \$35.0 million available to one of our Australian and New Zealand subsidiaries and \$50.0 million available to one of our U.K. subsidiaries.

Borrowings under the revolving credit facility bear interest at varying rates, based at our option, on either the applicable fixed rate plus 0.575% to 1.1125% or the daily rate plus 0% to 0.1125%, in both cases as determined by reference to our ratio of total debt less available cash to EBITDA (as defined in the Credit Agreement). As of June 30, 2006, we had \$248.0 million of revolving credit facility principal outstanding, which is included in short-term borrowings in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. As of June 30, 2006, letters of credit totaling \$1.5 million were outstanding, which letters of credit primarily relate to our subsidiaries outstanding indebtedness as well as operating leases and reduce the amount we may borrow under the revolving credit facility.

Our previous credit agreement included the following: (1) a term loan facility of \$295.0 million, which required quarterly principal payments of \$2.95 million beginning December 31, 2004 through December 31, 2009 with the balance payable on March 31, 2010; and (2) a \$150.0 million revolving credit facility, including revolving credit loans, letters of credit and a swingline loan facility, all maturing on March 31, 2009. Our previous credit agreement also permitted us to make additional borrowings under a term loan facility of up to \$25.0 million, subject to the satisfaction of customary conditions.

Borrowings under the term loan facility bore interest at varying rates based, at our option, on either LIBOR plus 2.00% or the alternate base rate plus 1.00%. The alternate base rate was the higher of (1) CS s prime rate or (2) the Federal Funds Effective Rate plus one-half of one percent. The total amount outstanding under the term loan facility included in the senior secured term loan and current maturities of long-term debt balances in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets was \$265.3 million as of December 31, 2005.

Borrowings under the previous revolving credit facility bore interest at varying rates based at our option, on either the applicable LIBOR plus 2.00% to 2.50% or the alternate base rate plus 1.00% to 1.50%, in both cases as determined by reference to our ratio of total debt less available cash to EBITDA (as defined in the previous credit agreement). There was no revolving credit facility principal outstanding as of December 31, 2005.

The prior credit facilities were, and the Credit Agreement continues to be, jointly and severally guaranteed by us and substantially all of our domestic subsidiaries. The prior credit facilities were secured by a pledge of substantially all of our domestic assets, while borrowings under our Credit Agreement are secured by a pledge of substantially all of the capital stock of our U.S. subsidiaries and 65% of the capital stock of certain non-U.S. subsidiaries. Additionally, the Credit Agreement requires us to pay a fee based on the total amount of the revolving credit facility commitment.

In May 2003, in connection with the Insignia Acquisition, CBRE Escrow, Inc. (CBRE Escrow), a wholly owned subsidiary of CBRE, issued \$200.0 million in aggregate principal amount of 9¾% senior notes, which are due May 15, 2010. CBRE Escrow merged with and into CBRE, and CBRE assumed all

### CB RICHARD ELLIS GROUP, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Unaudited)

#### 8. Debt (Continued)

obligations with respect to the 9¾% senior notes in connection with the Insignia Acquisition. The 9¾% senior notes are unsecured obligations of CBRE, senior to all of its current and future unsecured indebtedness, but subordinated to all of CBRE s current and future secured indebtedness. The 9¾% senior notes are jointly and severally guaranteed on a senior basis by us and substantially all of our domestic subsidiaries. Interest accrues at a rate of 9¾% per year and is payable semi-annually in arrears on May 15 and November 15. The 9¾% senior notes are redeemable at our option, in whole or in part, on or after May 15, 2007 at 104.875% of par on that date and at declining prices thereafter. In addition, before May 15, 2006, we were permitted to redeem up to 35.0% of the originally issued amount of the 9¾% senior notes at 109¾% of par, plus accrued and unpaid interest, solely with the net cash proceeds from public equity offerings, which we elected to do. During July 2004, we used a portion of the net proceeds we received from our IPO to redeem \$70.0 million in aggregate principal amount, or 35.0%, of our 9¾% senior notes, which also required the payment of a \$6.8 million premium and accrued and unpaid interest through the date of redemption. In the event of a change of control (as defined in the indenture governing our 9¾% senior notes), we are obligated to make an offer to purchase the 9¾% senior notes at a redemption price of 101.0% of the principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest. The amount of the 9¾% senior notes included in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets was \$130.0 million as of both June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005.

In June 2001, in connection with the 2001 Merger, Blum CB issued \$229.0 million in aggregate principal amount of 11¼% senior subordinated notes due June 15, 2011 for approximately \$225.6 million, net of discount. CBRE assumed all obligations with respect to the 11¼% senior subordinated notes in connection with the 2001 Merger. The 11¼% senior subordinated notes were unsecured senior subordinated obligations of CBRE and were jointly and severally guaranteed on a senior subordinated basis by us and substantially all of our domestic subsidiaries. The 11¼% senior subordinated notes required semi-annual payments of interest in arrears on June 15 and December 15 and were redeemable in whole or in part on or after June 15, 2006 at 105.625% of par on that date and at declining prices thereafter. During the year ended December 31, 2004, we repurchased \$21.6 million in aggregate principal amount of our 11¼% senior subordinated notes in the open market. We paid \$3.1 million of premiums and wrote off \$0.9 million of unamortized deferred financing costs and unamortized discount in connection with these open market purchases. During the year ended December 31, 2005, we repurchased an additional \$42.7 million in aggregate principal amount of our 11¼% senior subordinated notes in the open market. We paid an aggregate of \$5.9 million of premiums and wrote off \$1.5 million of unamortized deferred financing costs and unamortized discount in connection with these open market purchases. As permitted by the indenture governing these notes, on June 15, 2006, we redeemed the remaining \$164.7 million in aggregate principal amount of our outstanding 11¼% senior subordinated notes at 105.625% of par. In connection with this early redemption, we paid a \$9.3 million premium and wrote off \$4.8 million of unamortized deferred financing costs and unamortized discount. The amount of the 11¼% senior subordinated notes included in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets, net of unamortized discount, was \$163.0 million as of December 31, 200

Our Credit Agreement and the indenture governing our 93/4% senior notes contain numerous restrictive covenants that, among other things, limit our ability to incur additional indebtedness, pay dividends or make distributions to stockholders, repurchase capital stock or debt, make investments, sell assets or subsidiary stock, create or permit liens on assets, engage in transactions with affiliates, enter into

### CB RICHARD ELLIS GROUP, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Unaudited)

#### 8. Debt (Continued)

sale/leaseback transactions, issue subsidiary equity and enter into consolidations or mergers. Our Credit Agreement also currently requires us to maintain a minimum coverage ratio of interest and certain fixed charges and a maximum leverage and senior secured leverage ratio of EBITDA (as defined in the Credit Agreement) to funded debt.

CBRE Melody has credit agreements with Washington Mutual Bank, FA (WaMu) and JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A. (JP Morgan) for the purpose of funding mortgage loans that will be resold. The credit agreement with WaMu was previously with Residential Funding Corporation (RFC). On December 1, 2004, we and RFC entered into a Fifth Amended and Restated Warehousing Credit and Security Agreement which provided for a warehouse line of credit of up to \$250.0 million, bore interest at one-month LIBOR plus 1.0% and expired on September 1, 2005. This agreement provided for the ability to terminate the warehousing commitment as of any date on or after March 1, 2005, upon not less than thirty days advance written notice. On March 1, 2005, we and RFC signed a consent letter, which approved the assignment to and assumption of the Fifth Amended and Restated Credit and Security Agreement by WaMu. During the latter half of 2005 and continuing into 2006, we executed several amendments extending the warehouse line of credit with WaMu, the last of which extended the agreement until July 1, 2006.

On November 15, 2005, CBRE Melody entered into a secured credit agreement with JP Morgan to establish a warehouse line of credit. This agreement provides for a \$250.0 million senior secured revolving line of credit, bears interest at the daily Chase London LIBOR rate plus 0.75% and expires on November 14, 2006.

During the six months ended June 30, 2006, we had a maximum of \$399.8 million of warehouse lines of credit principal outstanding. As of June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, we had \$17.7 million and \$256.0 million of warehouse lines of credit principal outstanding, respectively, which are included in short-term borrowings in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. Additionally, we had \$17.7 million and \$256.0 million of mortgage loans held for sale (warehouse receivables), which represented mortgage loans funded through the lines of credit that, while committed to be purchased, had not yet been purchased as of June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, respectively, and which are also included in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

In connection with our acquisition of Westmark Realty Advisors in 1995 (now known as CB Richard Ellis Investors), we issued approximately \$20.0 million in aggregate principal amount of senior notes. The Westmark senior notes are redeemable at the discretion of the note holders and have final maturity dates of June 30, 2008 and June 30, 2010. On January 1, 2005, the interest rate on all of the Westmark senior notes was adjusted to equal the interest rate in effect with respect to amounts outstanding under our previous credit agreement. On May 31, 2005, with the exception of one note holder, we entered into an amendment to eliminate a letter of credit requirement and adjust the interest rate to equal the interest rate in effect with respect to amounts outstanding under our previous credit agreement plus twelve basis points. This interest rate is now equal to the interest rate in effect with respect to amounts outstanding under our Credit Agreement plus twelve basis points. The amount of the Westmark senior notes included in short-term borrowings in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets was \$11.2 million and \$11.6 million as of June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, respectively.

### CB RICHARD ELLIS GROUP, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Unaudited)

#### 8. Debt (Continued)

Insignia, which we acquired in July 2003, issued loan notes as partial consideration for previous acquisitions of businesses in the U.K. The acquisition loan notes are payable to the sellers of the previously acquired U.K. businesses and are secured by restricted cash deposits in approximately the same amount. The acquisition loan notes are redeemable semi-annually at the discretion of the note holder and have a final maturity date of April 2010. As of June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, \$3.1 million and \$4.6 million, respectively, of the acquisition loan notes were outstanding and are included in short-term borrowings in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

In January 2006, we acquired an additional stake in our Japanese affiliate IKOMA CB Richard Ellis KK (IKOMA), which increased our total equity interest in IKOMA to 51%. As a result, we are now consolidating IKOMA s financial statements, which include debt. IKOMA utilizes short-term borrowings to assist in funding its working capital requirements. As of June 30, 2006, IKOMA had \$7.0 million of debt outstanding, which is included in short-term borrowings in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

A significant number of our subsidiaries in Europe have had a Euro cash pool loan since 2001, which is used to fund their short-term liquidity needs. The Euro cash pool loan is an overdraft line for our European operations issued by HSBC Bank. The Euro cash pool loan has no stated maturity date and bears interest at varying rates based on a base rate as defined by HSBC Bank plus 2.5%. As of June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, there were no amounts outstanding under this facility.

#### 9. Commitments and Contingencies

We are a party to a number of pending or threatened lawsuits arising out of, or incident to, our ordinary course of business. Our management believes that any liability that may result from disposition of these lawsuits will not have a material effect on our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

We had an outstanding letter of credit totaling \$0.4 million as of June 30, 2006, excluding letters of credit related to our subsidiaries outstanding indebtedness and operating leases. The \$0.4 million outstanding letter of credit is a Fannie Mae letter of credit executed by CBRE Melody and expires on December 10, 2006. However, we are required to renew this letter of credit until our obligation to cover our portion of certain potential credit losses is satisfied.

We had guarantees totaling \$3.0 million as of June 30, 2006, which include various guarantees of management contracts in our operations overseas as well as a guarantee to Fannie Mae for \$0.4 million. The guarantee obligation related to the agreement with Fannie Mae will expire in December 2007. The other guarantees will expire at the end of each of the respective management agreements.

An important part of the strategy for our investment management business involves investing our capital in certain real estate investments with our clients. These co-investments typically range from 2% to 5% of the equity in a particular fund. As of June 30, 2006, we had committed \$35.8 million to fund future co-investments.

#### 10. Comprehensive Income

Comprehensive income consists of net income and other comprehensive income (loss). In the accompanying consolidated balance sheets, accumulated other comprehensive loss consists of foreign

### CB RICHARD ELLIS GROUP, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Unaudited)

#### 10. Comprehensive Income (Continued)

currency translation adjustments and minimum pension liability adjustments. Foreign currency translation adjustments exclude any income tax effect given that the earnings of non-U.S. subsidiaries are deemed to be reinvested for an indefinite period of time.

The following table provides a summary of comprehensive income (dollars in thousands):

	Three Months I June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
Net income	<b>2006</b> \$ 64.254	<b>2005</b> \$ 50.421	<b>2006</b> \$ 101.164	<b>2005</b> \$ 64.993
Foreign currency translation gain (loss)	5,693	(918)	8,202	(2,864
Comprehensive income	\$ 69,947	\$ 49,503	\$ 109,366	\$ 62,129

#### 11. Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during each period. Where appropriate, the computation of diluted earnings per share further assumes the dilutive effect of potential common shares, which include stock options, stock warrants and certain contingently issuable shares. Contingently issuable shares represent non-vested stock awards. In accordance with SFAS No. 128, *Earnings Per Share*, these shares are included in the dilutive earnings per share calculation under the treasury stock method. The following is a calculation of earnings per share (dollars in thousands, except share data):

			Ended June 30,		2005		
	2006  Income Shares		Per Share Amount	2005 Income	Shares	Per Share Amount	
Basic earnings per share:		one	Silares	rinount	Theome	Shares	rimount
Net income applicable to common stockholders	\$	64,254	225,964,727	\$ 0.28	\$ 50,4	421 221,355,696	\$ 0.23
Diluted earnings per share:							
Net income applicable to common stockholders	\$	64,254	225,964,727		\$ 50,4	421 221,355,696	
Dilutive effect of contingently issuable shares			238,009				
Dilutive effect of stock options			7,453,205			7,742,001	
Net income applicable to common stockholders	\$	64,254	233,655,941	\$ 0.27	\$ 50,4	421 229,097,697	\$ 0.22

#### 11. Earnings Per Share (Continued)

	Six 200	x Months End 06	led June 30,		2005	2005				
	Inc	come	Shares	Per Share Amount	Income	Shares	Per Share Amount			
Basic earnings per share:										
Net income applicable to common										
stockholders	\$	101,164	225,763,242	\$ 0.45	\$ 64,99	3 220,979,199	\$ 0.29			
Diluted earnings per share:										
Net income applicable to common										
stockholders	\$	101,164	225,763,242		\$ 64,99	3 220,979,199				
Dilutive effect of contingently										
issuable shares			198,340							
Dilutive effect of stock options			7,342,724			7,848,234				
Net income applicable to common										
stockholders	\$	101,164	233,304,306	\$ 0.43	\$ 64,99	3 228,827,433	\$ 0.28			

#### 12. Fiduciary Funds

The accompanying consolidated balance sheets do not include the net assets of escrow, agency and fiduciary funds, which are held by us on behalf of clients and which amounted to \$852.0 million and \$759.8 million at June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, respectively.

#### 13. Pensions

Net periodic pension cost consisted of the following (dollars in thousands):

	Three Months l	Ended June 30,	Six Months End June 30,	ded
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Service cost	\$ 1,666	\$ 1,380	\$ 3,371	\$ 2,807
Interest cost	3,522	3,157	6,901	6,373
Expected return on plan assets	(3,638)	(3,514)	(7,129)	(7,090 )
Amortization of prior service benefit	(119 )	(120)	(233)	(243)
Amortization of unrecognized net loss	378	197	741	397
Net periodic pension cost	\$ 1,809	\$ 1,100	\$ 3,651	\$ 2,244

We contributed \$1.8 million and \$3.9 million to fund our pension plans during the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, respectively. We expect to contribute a total of \$7.5 million to fund our pension plans for the year ending December 31, 2006.

### CB RICHARD ELLIS GROUP, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Unaudited)

#### 14. Liabilities Related to the Insignia Acquisition

The Insignia Acquisition gave rise to the consolidation and elimination of some Insignia duplicate facilities and redundant employees as well as the termination of certain contracts as a result of a change of control of Insignia. As a result, we accrued certain liabilities in accordance with Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) Issue No. 95-3, *Recognition of Liabilities in Connection with a Purchase Business Combination*. These remaining liabilities assumed in connection with the Insignia Acquisition consist of the following and are included in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets (dollars in thousands):

	Liability Balance at		
	December 31, 2005	2006 Utilization	To be Utilized
Lease termination costs	\$ 19,289	\$ (2,895)	\$ 16,394
Legal settlements anticipated	7,670	(694)	6,976
Severance	671	(5)	666
Costs associated with exiting contracts	69	(69)	
	\$ 27,699	\$ (3,663)	\$ 24,036

The remaining liability associated with items previously charged to merger-related costs in connection with the Insignia Acquisition consisted of the following (dollars in thousands):

	Liability Balance			
	at			
	December 31, 2005	2006 Utilization	To be Utilized	
Lease termination costs	\$ 18,302	\$ (2,515)	\$ 15,787	

#### 15. Guarantor and Nonguarantor Financial Statements

The 93/4% senior notes and the Credit Agreement are jointly and severally guaranteed on a senior basis by us and substantially all of our domestic subsidiaries (see Note 8 for additional information).

The following condensed consolidating financial information includes:

- (1) Condensed consolidating balance sheets as of June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005; condensed consolidating statements of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005; and condensed consolidating statements of cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, of (a) CB Richard Ellis Group as the parent, (b) CBRE as the subsidiary issuer, (c) the guarantor subsidiaries, (d) the nonguarantor subsidiaries and (e) CB Richard Ellis Group on a consolidated basis; and
- (2) Elimination entries necessary to consolidate CB Richard Ellis Group as the parent, with CBRE and its guarantor and nonguarantor subsidiaries.

Investments in consolidated subsidiaries are presented using the equity method of accounting. The principal elimination entries eliminate investments in consolidated subsidiaries and inter-company balances and transactions.

Guarantor

#### CB RICHARD ELLIS GROUP, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Unaudited)

#### Guarantor and Nonguarantor Financial Statements (Continued)

#### CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET **AS OF JUNE 30, 2006** (Dollars in thousands)

Minority interest

Stockholders Equity

Total Liabilities and Stockholders Equity

Nonguarantor Consolidated Parent **CBRE** Subsidiaries Subsidiaries Elimination Total Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents \$ 8 \$ 49,264 \$ 72,227 \$ \$ 127,289 \$ 5,790 Restricted cash 3,342 555 3,897 Receivables, less allowance for doubtful accounts 7 185,833 287,321 473,161 Warehouse receivables(a) 17,650 17,650 Prepaid expenses and other current assets 43,725 1,591 39,664 31,389 116,369 **Total Current Assets** 43,740 7,381 295,753 391,492 738,366 Property and equipment, net 71,362 156,998 85,636 Goodwill 364,962 934,340 569,378 Other intangible assets, net 83,303 23,755 107,058 157,642 Deferred compensation assets 157,642 Investments in and advances to unconsolidated subsidiaries 43 61,240 47,845 109,128 Investments in consolidated subsidiaries 751,610 474,460 403,310 (1,629,380 Inter-company loan receivable 30,282 671,844 (702,126 Deferred tax assets, net 116,327 116,327 9.055 41.872 26,285 77.212 Other assets, net Total Assets \$ 941,959 \$ 1,320,425 \$ 1,540,492 \$ 925,701 \$ (2,331,506) \$ 2,397,071 Current Liabilities: \$ 2,924 \$ 104,027 Accounts payable and accrued expenses \$ 99,454 \$ 206,405 Compensation and employee benefits payable 125,495 79,413 204,908 Accrued bonus and profit sharing 78,496 122,904 201,400 Short-term borrowings: Revolving line of credit 248,000 248,000 Warehouse lines of credit(a) 17,650 17,650 11,176 25,567 Other 14,391 Total short-term borrowings 248,000 32,041 11.176 291.217 Current maturities of long-term debt 513 513 Other current liabilities 21,477 125 21,602 **Total Current Liabilities** 21,477 250,924 318,033 335,611 926,045 Long-Term Debt: 130,000 130,000 93/4% senior notes 619,407 82,719 (702,126 Inter-company loan payable ) Other long-term debt 2,330 2.330 Total Long-Term Debt 130,000 619,407 85,049 (702,126 132,330 ) Deferred compensation liability 187,891 187,891 Pension liability 44,381 44,381 Other liabilities 111,014 46,487 157,501 **Total Liabilities** 21,477 568,815 1,066,032 493,950 (702,126 1,448,148 ) Commitments and contingencies

474,460

\$ 1,540,492

920,482

\$ 941,959

751,610

1,320,425

\$

28,441

403,310

\$ 925,701

(1,629,380)

(2,331,506)

28,441

920,482

\$ 2,397,071

<sup>(</sup>a) Although CBRE Melody is included among our domestic subsidiaries, which jointly and severally guarantee our 93/4% senior notes and our Credit Agreement, all warehouse receivables funded under the WaMu and JP Morgan lines of credit are pledged to WaMu and JP Morgan, and accordingly, are not included as collateral for these notes or our other outstanding debt.

#### 15. Guarantor and Nonguarantor Financial Statements (Continued)

### CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2005

(Dollars in thousands)

	Parent	CBRE	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Nonguarantor Subsidiaries	Elimination	Consolidated Total
Current Assets:	T tar care	CDILL	Substanties	Substatuties	Ziminimulon	1000
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6	\$ 106,449	\$ 305,956	\$ 36,878	\$	\$ 449,289
Restricted cash			4,698	481		5,179
Receivables, less allowance for doubtful			•			,
accounts	3		178,724	304,448		483,175
Warehouse receivables(a)			255,963			255,963
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	38,629	80	22,438	30,211		91,358
Total Current Assets	38,638	106,529	767,779	372,018		1,284,964
Property and equipment, net			80,290	57,365		137,655
Goodwill			556,399	323,780		880,179
Other intangible assets, net			85,093	24,447		109,540
Deferred compensation assets		144,597				144,597
Investments in and advances to						
unconsolidated						
subsidiaries		6,362	82,007	17,784		106,153
Investments in consolidated subsidiaries	651,017	541,718	321,177		(1,513,912 )	
Inter-company loan receivable	93,605	571,708			(665,313)	
Deferred tax assets, net	94,200					94,200
Other assets, net	250	17,839	28,901	11,394		58,384
Total Assets	\$ 877,710	\$ 1,388,753	\$ 1,921,646	\$ 806,788	\$ (2,179,225)	\$ 2,815,672
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	\$ 6,594	\$ 103,686	\$ 143,805	\$	\$ 254,085
Compensation and employee benefits payable			119,521	70,463		189,984
Accrued bonus and profit sharing			155,664	169,309		324,973
Income taxes payable	63,918					63,918
Short-term borrowings:						
Warehouse lines of credit(a)			255,963			255,963
Other			16,189			16,189
Total short-term borrowings			272,152			272,152
Current maturities of long-term debt		11,800		113		11,913
Other current liabilities	20,107		671			20,778
Total Current Liabilities	84,025	18,394	651,694	383,690		1,137,803
Long-Term Debt:						
111/4% senior subordinated notes, net of						
unamortized discount		163,021				163,021
Senior secured term loan		253,450				253,450
93/4% senior notes		130,000				130,000
Inter-company loan payable			647,228	18,085	(665,313)	
Other long-term debt				2,685		2,685
Total Long-Term Debt		546,471	647,228	20,770	(665,313)	549,156
Deferred compensation liability		172,871				172,871
Pension liability				41,194		41,194
Other liabilities			81,006	33,133		114,139
Total Liabilities	84,025	737,736	1,379,928	478,787	(665,313)	2,015,163
Commitments and contingencies						
Minority interest				6,824		6,824
Stockholders Equity	793,685	651,017	541,718	321,177	(1,513,912 )	793,685
Total Liabilities and Stockholders Equity	\$ 877,710	\$ 1,388,753	\$ 1,921,646	\$ 806,788	\$ (2,179,225)	\$ 2,815,672

(a) Although CBRE Melody is included among our domestic subsidiaries, which jointly and severally guarantee our 9¾% senior notes and our Credit Agreement, all warehouse receivables funded under the WaMu and JP Morgan lines of credit are pledged to WaMu and JP Morgan, and accordingly, are not included as collateral for these notes or our other outstanding debt.

# CB RICHARD ELLIS GROUP, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Unaudited)

### 15. Guarantor and Nonguarantor Financial Statements (Continued)

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 (Dollars in thousands)

			Guarantor	Nonguarantor	Consolidated		
	Parent	CBRE	Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Elimination	Total	
Revenue	\$	\$	\$ 534,413	\$ 301,815	\$	\$ 836,228	
Costs and expenses:							
Cost of services			280,563	131,933		412,496	
Operating, administrative and other	2,430	(713)	167,037	114,844		283,598	
Depreciation and amortization			7,360	4,895		12,255	
Operating (loss) income	(2,430	) 713	79,453	50,143		127,879	
Equity income from unconsolidated							
subsidiaries			4,788	3,640		8,428	
Minority interest expense				1,580		1,580	
Interest income	2	10,556	2,459	471	(10,512	) 2,976	
Interest expense		12,706	9,315	1,843	(10,512	) 13,352	
Loss on extinguishment of debt		22,255				22,255	
Equity income from consolidated							
subsidiaries	65,754	79,338	33,088		(178,180	)	
Income before (benefit) provision							
for income taxes	63,326	55,646	110,473	50,831	(178,180	) 102,096	
(Benefit) provision for income							
taxes	(928	) (10,108	31,135	17,743		37,842	
Net income	\$ 64,254	\$ 65,754	\$ 79,338	\$ 33,088	\$ (178,180	) \$ 64,254	

### 15. Guarantor and Nonguarantor Financial Statements (Continued)

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Dollars in thousands)

	_			Guarantor Nonguarantor				_	Consolidated			
	Parent	CBRE	Subs	Subsidiaries S		Subsidiaries		Eli	Elimination To		otal	
Revenue	\$	\$	\$	470,498	\$		201,665	\$			\$	672,163
Costs and expenses:												
Cost of services			2:	51,063	8'	7,6	28				338	3,691
Operating, administrative and other	1,115	2,299	14	48,643	89	9,6	73				241	,730
Depreciation and amortization			7.	,055	3.	,76	3				10,	818
Operating (loss) income	(1,115	) (2,299	) 6	3,737	20	0,6	01				80,	924
Equity income from unconsolidated												
subsidiaries		4,054	10	0,997	39	92					15,	443
Minority interest expense					6	64					664	
Interest income	32	10,829	1.	,201	1.	,73	4	(10	),738	)	3,0	58
Interest expense		12,638	9.	,454	2.	,02	.0	(10	),738	)	13,	374
Loss on extinguishment of debt		1,832									1,8	32
Equity income from consolidated												
subsidiaries	51,094	51,476	10	0,490				(11	3,060	)		
Income before (benefit) provision for												
income taxes	50,011	49,590	7	6,971	20	0,0	43	(11	3,060	)	83,	555
(Benefit) provision for income taxes	(410	) (1,504	) 2:	5,495	9.	,55	3				33,	134
Net income	\$ 50,421	\$ 51,094	\$	51,476	\$		10,490	\$	(113,060	)	\$	50,421

### 15. Guarantor and Nonguarantor Financial Statements (Continued)

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 (Dollars in thousands)

			Guarantor Nonguarantor			Consolidated	
	Parent	CBRE S	Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Elimination	Total	
Revenue	\$	\$	\$ 973,385	\$ 542,934	\$	\$ 1,516,319	
Costs and expenses:							
Cost of services			508,712	244,229		752,941	
Operating, administrative and other	4,840	(1,381)	332,615	212,685		548,759	
Depreciation and							
amortization			14,658	12,527		27,185	
Operating (loss) income	(4,840	) 1,381	117,400	73,493		187,434	
Equity income from unconsolidated							
subsidiaries		324	12,380	4,137		16,841	
Minority interest expense				1,809		1,809	
Interest income	5	21,794	5,384	1,078	(21,695	) 6,566	
Interest expense		26,094	19,838	3,050	(21,695	) 27,287	
Loss on extinguishment of debt		22,255				22,255	
Equity income from							
consolidated subsidiaries	104,152	119,018	47,584		(270,754	)	
Income before (benefit)							
provision for income taxes	99,317	94,168	162,910	73,849	(270,754	) 159,490	
(Benefit) provision for income							
taxes	(1,847	) (9,984 )	43,892	26,265		58,326	
Net income	\$ 101,164	\$ 104,152	\$ 119,018	\$ 47,584	\$ (270,754)	) \$ 101,164	

#### 15. Guarantor and Nonguarantor Financial Statements (Continued)

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Dollars in thousands)

				uarantor	Nonguarantor			_	Consolidated	
	Parent	CBRE	S	ubsidiaries	Sul	osidiaries		Elimination	T	otal
Revenue	\$	\$ (117	)	\$ 840,177		\$ 370,369	)	\$		\$ 1,210,429
Costs and expenses:										
Cost of services				441,180		165,557				606,737
Operating, administrative and other	2,160	4,304		289,123		169,364				464,951
Depreciation and amortization				13,621		7,567				21,188
Operating (loss) income	(2,160	) (4,421	)	96,253		27,881				117,553
Equity income (loss) from										
unconsolidated subsidiaries		4,265		15,760		(652	)			19,373
Minority interest expense						1,353				1,353
Interest income	53	21,679		2,626		2,616		(21,471	)	5,503
Interest expense	112	25,629		19,175		3,527		(21,471	)	26,972
Loss on extinguishment of debt		6,762								6,762
Equity income from consolidated										
subsidiaries	66,371	76,205		12,883				(155,459	)	
Income before (benefit) provision										
for income taxes	64,152	65,337		108,347		24,965		(155,459	)	107,342
(Benefit) provision for income										
taxes	(841	) (1,034	)	32,142		12,082				42,349
Net income	\$ 64,993	\$ 66,371		\$ 76,205		\$ 12,883		\$ (155,459	)	\$ 64,993

### 15. Guarantor and Nonguarantor Financial Statements (Continued)

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 (Dollars in thousands)

	Par	ent	СВ	RE	Guarantor RE Subsidiaries			Nonguarantor Subsidiaries			Consolidated Total			
CASH FLOWS (USED IN) PROVIDED BY		CIII	CD	ILL.		ubbic	itti ies		Dub.	sicilar ics		10441		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	\$	(71,199	\$	3,726		\$	(1,576	)	\$	(8,42)	1 )	\$	(77,470	)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	Ψ	(,1,1,)	Ψ	2,720		Ψ	(1,070	,	4	(0,12	,	Ψ	(//,./0	,
Capital expenditures						(17.	,454	)	(	10,504	)	(27.	958	)
Acquisition of businesses including net assets acquired,									`	Ź				
intangibles and goodwill, net of cash acquired						(22	,058	)	(	27,469	)	(49.	527	)
Capital distributions from (contributions to) investments in														
unconsolidated subsidiaries, net			82			14,0	085		(	19,062	)	(4,8	95	)
Proceeds from the sale of servicing rights and other assets						3,2	80		3	372		3,65	52	
Decrease (increase) in restricted cash						1,3	56		(	35	)	1,32	21	
Other investing activities, net			32			45			(	989	)	(91)	2	)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities			114			(20	,746	)	(	57,687	)	(78,	319	)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:														
Repayment of senior secured term loan			(26	5,250	)							(26:	5,250	)
Proceeds from revolving credit facility			278	,000								278	,000	
Repayment of revolving credit facility			(30	,000	)							(30,	000	)
Repayment of 111/4% senior subordinated notes			(16	4,669	)							(16	4,669	)
Repayment of other short-term borrowings, net						(2,1)	21	)	(	3,018	)	(5,1	39	)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	4,4	14										4,44	14	
Incremental tax benefits from stock options														
exercised	8,4	32										8,48	32	
Minority interest contributions, net									8	3,827		8,82	27	
Payment of deferred financing fees			(5,0)	)99	)							(5,0	99	)
Decrease (increase) in inter-company receivables,														
net	58,	275	82,	519		(23	2,249	)		1,455				
Other financing activities, net									(	425	)	(42:	5	)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	71,	201	(10-	4,499	)	(23	4,370	)	9	6,839		(17)	),829	)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH														
EQUIVALENTS	2		(10	0,659	)	(25	6,692	)	3	0,731		(32)	5,618	)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, AT														
BEGINNING OF PERIOD	6		106	,449		305	,956			6,878			,289	
Effect of currency exchange rate changes on cash									4	,618		4,6	18	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, AT END OF														
PERIOD	\$	8	\$	5,790		\$	49,264		\$	72,22	7	\$	127,289	
SUPPLEMENTAL DATA:														
Cash paid during the period for:														
Interest	\$		\$	4,154		\$	475		\$		4	\$	35,493	
Income taxes, net of refunds	\$	125,345	\$			\$			\$	5		\$	125,345	

#### 15. Guarantor and Nonguarantor Financial Statements (Continued)

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (Dollars in thousands)

	ъ.				Guarantor Subsidiaries			Nonguarantor Subsidiaries			Consolidated Total					
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN)	Pai	rent		СВІ	KE.		oudsic	naries		Sub	sıaı	aries		1 otai		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:																
	\$	15,804		\$	(27,337	)	\$	22,196			\$	538		\$	11,201	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:																
Capital expenditures							(11	,464	)	(	(4,0)	49	)	(15	5,513	)
Acquisition of businesses including net assets acquired,																
intangibles and goodwill, net of cash acquired							(14		)		(3,3)		)		372	)
Investment in property held for sale										(	(28, 1)	221	)	(28	3,221	)
Distributions from (contributions to) unconsolidated																
subsidiaries, net				2,72	1		(13	,434	)	(	(1,4)	76	)	(12	2,189	)
Proceeds from sale of servicing rights and other																
assets							2,5				82			2,6		
Decrease in restricted cash							3,3				62			3,3		
Other investing activities, net				32			694				300			1,0		
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities				2,75	3		(18	,331	)	(	(36,	660	)	(52	2,238	)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:																
Proceeds from debt related to property held for sale										- 2	22,3	94			394	
Repayment of senior secured term loan				(5,9)	00	)								(5,	900	)
(Repayment of) proceeds from other short-term borrowings,																
net							(3,4	103	)		1,88	88			515	)
Repayment of 11¼% senior subordinated notes				(38,	200	)								,	3,200	)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	3,8	41												3,8		
Minority interest distributions, net										(	(1,3)	06	)	(1,	306	)
Payment of deferred financing fees				(318	;	)								(31	.8	)
(Increase) decrease in inter-company receivables,																
net	,	,778	)	74,1	54		(59	,359	)		3,98	13				
Other financing activities, net	339	)								(	(28		)	31		
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(14	,598	)	29,7	36		(62	,762	)	- 2	26,9	31		(20	,693	)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND																
CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,2	06		5,15	2		(58	,897	)	(	(9,1)	91	)	(61	,730	)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, AT																
BEGINNING OF PERIOD	3,4	96		2,80	6		216	,463			34,1	31		250	5,896	
Effect of currency exchange rate changes on cash										(	(2,9)	49	)	(2,	949	)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, AT END OF																
PERIOD	\$	4,702		\$	7,958		\$	157,56	6		\$	21,991		\$	192,21	7
SUPPLEMENTAL DATA:																
Cash paid during the period for:																
Interest	\$			\$	27,545		\$	602		9	\$	211		\$	28,358	
Income taxes, net of refunds	\$	18,685		\$			\$				\$			\$	18,685	

### CB RICHARD ELLIS GROUP, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Unaudited)

#### 16. Industry Segments

We report our operations through four segments. The segments are as follows: (1) Americas, (2) Europe, Middle East and Africa (EMEA), (3) Asia Pacific and (4) Global Investment Management.

The Americas segment is our largest segment of operations and provides a comprehensive range of services throughout the U.S. and in the largest regions of Canada, Mexico and other selected parts of Latin America. The primary services offered consist of the following: real estate services, mortgage loan origination and servicing, valuation services, asset services and corporate services.

Our EMEA and Asia Pacific segments provide services similar to the Americas business segment, excluding mortgage loan origination and servicing. The EMEA segment has operations primarily in Europe, while the Asia Pacific segment has operations primarily in Asia, Australia and New Zealand.

Our Global Investment Management business provides investment management services to clients seeking to generate returns and diversification through investments in real estate in the U.S., Europe and Asia.

#### 16. Industry Segments (Continued)

Summarized financial information by segment is as follows (dollars in thousands):

		ree Months e 30,	End	ed 200	5	Six I June 2006		2005	
Revenue									
Americas	\$	554,266		\$	489,878	\$	1,008,042	\$	870,992
EMEA	170	,285		123	,139	305,	516	225,	249
Asia Pacific	84,	661		43,	284	145,	352	77,1	59
Global Investment Management	27,	016		15,	362	57,4	.09	37,0	29
	\$	836,228		\$	672,163	\$	1,516,319	\$	1,210,429
Operating income (loss)									
Americas	\$	84,046		\$	68,978	\$	127,516	\$	102,588
EMEA	32,	461		10,	722	46,4	-87	10,7	39
Asia Pacific	12,	349		6,5	75	13,0	57	8,03	0
Global Investment Management	(97	7	)	(5,3)	551 )	374		(3,8	04 )
	127	,879		80,	924	187,	434	117,	553
Equity income (loss) from unconsolidated subsidiaries									
Americas	3,2	79		3,7	28	6,59	4	6,71	7
EMEA	655			(1	)	654		(1	)
Asia Pacific	56			447		414		665	
Global Investment Management	4,4	38		11,	269	9,17	9	11,9	92
	8,4	28		15,	143	16,8	41	19,3	73
Minority interest expense (income)									
Americas	166	)		305		243		393	
EMEA	(5		)	121		262		304	
Asia Pacific	1,3	18		5		1,21	5	135	
Global Investment Management	101			233		89		521	
	1,5	80		664		1,80	9	1,35	3
Interest income	2,9	76		3,0	58	6,56	6	5,50	3
Interest expense	13,	352		13,	374	27,2	87	26,9	72
Loss on extinguishment of debt	22,	255		1,8	32	22,2	55	6,76	2
Income before provision for income taxes	\$	102,096		\$	83,555	\$	159,490	\$	107,342

#### 17. New Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 155, Accounting for Certain Hybrid Financial Instruments, or SFAS No. 155. SFAS No. 155 amends SFAS No. 133, Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities, as amended and SFAS No. 140, Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities. SFAS No. 155 permits fair value remeasurement for any hybrid financial instrument that contains an embedded derivative that otherwise would require

### CB RICHARD ELLIS GROUP, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Unaudited)

#### 17. New Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

bifurcation. It clarifies which interest-only strips and principal-only strips are not subject to the requirements of SFAS No. 133. It also establishes a requirement to evaluate interests in securitized financial assets to identify interests that are free standing derivatives or that are hybrid financial instruments that contain embedded derivatives requiring bifurcation. The statement will be effective for all financial instruments acquired or issued during fiscal years beginning after September 15, 2006. We do not expect the adoption of SFAS No. 155 to have a material effect on our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

In March 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 156, Accounting for Servicing of Financial Assets, or SFAS No. 156. SFAS No. 156 amends SFAS No. 140, Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities, with respect to the accounting for separately recognized servicing assets and liabilities. The statement requires an entity to recognize a servicing asset or servicing liability each time it undertakes an obligation to service a financial asset by entering into a servicing contract. It also requires all separately recognized servicing assets and liabilities to be initially measured at fair value. It provides an entity with the choice of either amortizing servicing assets and liabilities in proportion to and over the period of estimated net servicing income or net servicing loss or to measure servicing assets and liabilities at fair value and report changes in fair value in current period earnings. The statement will be effective as of the beginning of the fiscal year that begins after September 15, 2006. We do not expect the adoption of SFAS No. 156 to have a material effect on our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

In June 2006, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109* (FIN 48). FIN 48 prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. FIN 48 also provides guidance on accounting for derecognition, interest, penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and classification of matters related to uncertainty in income taxes, and transitional requirements upon adoption of FIN 48. The provisions of FIN 48 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. We are currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of FIN 48 on our consolidated financial position and results of operations.

### ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for CB Richard Ellis Group, Inc. for the three months ended June 30, 2006, represents an update to the more detailed and comprehensive disclosures included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005. Accordingly, you should read the following discussion in conjunction with the information included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K as well as the unaudited financial statements included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

#### Overview

We are the world s largest commercial real estate services firm, based on 2005 revenue, with leading full-service operations in major metropolitan areas throughout the world. We offer a full range of services to occupiers, owners, lenders and investors in office, retail, industrial, multi-family and other commercial real estate assets. As of December 31, 2005, excluding affiliates and partner offices, we operated in more than 220 offices worldwide with approximately 14,500 employees providing commercial real estate services under the CB Richard Ellis brand name. Our business is focused on several service competencies, including tenant representation, property/agency leasing, property sales, commercial mortgage origination and servicing, integrated capital markets (equity and debt) solutions, commercial property and corporate facility management, valuation, proprietary research and real estate investment management. We generate revenues both on a per project or transaction basis and from annual management fees. In both 2005 and 2006, we were the only commercial real estate services company included on the *Fortune 1000* list of the largest publicly-held companies.

When you read our financial statements and the information included in this section, you should consider that we have experienced, and continue to experience, several material trends and uncertainties that have affected our financial condition and results of operations and make it challenging to predict our future performance based on our historical results. We believe that the following material trends and uncertainties are most crucial to an understanding of the variability in our historical earnings and cash flows and the potential for such variances in the future:

#### **Macroeconomic Conditions**

Economic trends and government policies directly affect our operations as well as global and regional commercial real estate markets generally. These include: overall economic activity and employment growth, interest rate levels, the availability of credit to finance transactions and the impact of tax and regulatory policies. Periods of economic slowdown or recession, significantly rising interest rates, a declining employment level, a declining demand for real estate or the public perception that any of these events may occur, can negatively affect the performance of many of our business lines. Weak economic conditions could result in a general decrease in transaction activity and decline in rents, which, in turn, would reduce revenue from property management fees and brokerage commissions derived from property sales and leases. In addition, these conditions could lead to a decline in funds invested in commercial real estate and related assets. An economic downturn or a significant increase in interest rates also may reduce the amount of loan originations and related servicing by our commercial mortgage brokerage business. If our real estate and mortgage brokerage businesses are negatively impacted, it is likely that our other lines of business would also suffer due to the relationship among our various business lines.

For example, beginning in 2003 and continuing into 2006, economic conditions in the United States improved from the economic downturn in 2001 and 2002, which positively impacted the commercial real estate market generally. This caused an improvement in our Americas segment s revenue, particularly in transaction revenue and we expect this trend to continue in the near term. However, in the event of a slowdown in the U.S. economy, our revenue growth could be negatively impacted.

Adverse changes in economic conditions would also affect our compensation expense, which is structured to decrease in line with any decrease in revenues. Compensation is our largest expense and the sales and leasing professionals in our largest line of business, advisory services, generally are paid on a commission and bonus basis that correlates with our revenue performance. As a result, the negative effect on our operating margins during difficult market conditions is partially mitigated. In addition, in circumstances when economic conditions are particularly severe, our management can look to improve operational performance by reducing senior management bonuses, curtailing capital expenditures and other cutting of discretionary operating expenses. Notwithstanding these approaches, adverse global and regional economic changes remain one of the most significant risks to our future financial condition and results of operations.

#### Effects of Acquisitions

Our management historically has made significant use of strategic acquisitions to add new service competencies, to increase our scale within existing competencies and to expand our presence in various geographic regions around the world. For example, we enhanced our mortgage banking services through our 1996 acquisition of L.J. Melody & Company (now known as CBRE Melody) and we significantly increased the scale of our investment management business through our 1995 acquisition of Westmark Realty Advisors (now known as CB Richard Ellis Investors) and our 1997 acquisition of Koll Real Estate Services. Our largest acquisition to date was our 2003 acquisition of Insignia Financial Group, Inc. (Insignia), which not only significantly increased the scale of our real estate advisory services and outsourcing services business lines in the Americas segment but also significantly increased our presence in the New York, London and Paris metropolitan areas.

Strategic in-fill acquisitions are an integral component of our growth plans. In 2005, we completed seven acquisitions for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$100 million, including our acquisition of CB Richard Ellis Gunne in Ireland and Dalgleish & Company in the United Kingdom, both within our Europe, Middle East, and Africa (EMEA) business segment. In early January 2006, our Asia Pacific business segment was augmented by the acquisition of an additional stake in our Japanese affiliate, IKOMA CB Richard Ellis KK, or IKOMA, increasing our equity interest to 51%. In June 2006, we acquired our Wisconsin affiliate, The Polacheck Company, enhancing our brand and market position in the U.S. midwest. These four acquisitions are a good example of our efforts to broaden our geographic coverage. Our acquirees were generally either quality regional firms or niche specialty firms that complement our existing platform or affiliates in which we already held an equity interest.

Although our management believes that strategic acquisitions can significantly decrease the cost, time and commitment of management resources necessary to attain a meaningful competitive position within targeted markets or to expand our presence within our current markets, our management also believes that most acquisitions will initially have an adverse impact on our operating and net income, both as a result of transaction-related expenditures and the charges and costs of integrating the acquired business and its financial and accounting systems into our own. For example, through December 31, 2004, we incurred \$200.9 million of transaction-related expenditures in connection with our acquisition of Insignia in 2003 (the Insignia Acquisition) and \$87.6 million of transaction-related expenditures in connection with our acquisition of CB Richard Ellis Services in 2001. Transaction-related expenditures included severance costs, lease termination costs, transaction costs, deferred financing costs and merger-related costs, among others. We incurred our final transaction expenditures with respect to the Insignia Acquisition in the third quarter of 2004. In addition, through June 30, 2006, we have incurred \$36.7 million of expenses in connection with the integration of Insignia s business lines, as well as accounting and other systems, into our own. We expect to incur total integration expenses of approximately \$8.5 million during 2006, which include residual Insignia-related integration costs as well as similar costs related to our strategic in-fill acquisitions in 2005 and 2006.

#### **International Operations**

We have made significant acquisitions of non-U.S. companies and we may acquire additional foreign companies in the future. As we increase our foreign operations through either acquisitions or organic growth, fluctuations in the value of the U.S. dollar relative to the other currencies in which we may generate earnings could adversely affect our business, financial condition and operating results. Our management team generally seeks to mitigate our exposure by balancing assets and liabilities that are denominated in the same currency and by maintaining cash positions outside the United States only at levels necessary for operating purposes. In addition, from time to time we enter into foreign currency exchange contracts to mitigate our exposure to exchange rate changes related to particular transactions and to hedge risks associated with the translation of foreign currencies into U.S. dollars. Due to the constantly changing currency exposures to which we are subject and the volatility of currency exchange rates, our management cannot predict the effect of exchange rate fluctuations upon future operating results. In addition, fluctuations in currencies relative to the U.S. dollar may make it more difficult to perform period-to-period comparisons of our reported results of operations.

Our international operations also are subject to, among other things, political instability and changing regulatory environments, which may adversely affect our future financial condition and results of operations. Our management routinely monitors these risks and related costs and evaluates the appropriate amount of resources to allocate towards business activities in foreign countries where such risks and costs are particularly significant.

#### Leverage

We have debt service obligations due to the use of leverage to finance our growth. Although our management believes that the incurrence of long-term indebtedness has been important in the development of our business, including facilitating the Insignia Acquisition, the cash flow necessary to service this debt is not available for other general corporate purposes, which may limit our flexibility in planning for, or reacting to, changes in our business and in the commercial real estate services industry.

Our management seeks to mitigate this exposure both through the refinancing of debt when available on attractive terms and through selective repayment and retirement of indebtedness. For example, in June 2006, we entered into a new \$600.0 million revolving credit facility, which fully replaced our former credit agreement on more favorable terms. Additionally, on June 15, 2006, we redeemed the remaining \$164.7 million in aggregate principal amount of our outstanding 111/4% senior subordinated notes. Our management expects to continue to look for opportunities to reduce our debt in the future.

Notwithstanding the actions described above, however, our level of indebtedness and the operating and financial restrictions in our debt agreements both place constraints on the operation of our business.

#### **Critical Accounting Policies**

Our consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts. The estimates and assumptions are based on historical experience and on other factors that management believes to be reasonable. Actual results may differ from those estimates. Critical accounting policies represent the areas where more significant judgments and estimates are used in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements. A discussion of such critical accounting policies, which include goodwill and other intangible assets, revenue recognition, income taxes and our consolidation policy can be found in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005. There have been no material changes to these policies as of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended June 30, 2006.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

#### Segment Reporting

We report our operations through four segments. The segments are as follows: (1) Americas, (2) EMEA, (3) Asia Pacific and (4) Global Investment Management. The Americas consists of operations located in the United States, Canada, Mexico and Latin America. EMEA mainly consists of operations in Europe, while Asia Pacific includes operations in Asia, Australia and New Zealand. The Global Investment Management business consists of investment management operations in the United States, Europe and Asia.

#### **Results of Operations**

The following table sets forth items derived from the consolidated statements of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 presented in dollars and as a percentage of revenue (dollars in thousands):

	Three Months	Ended June 30,	Six Months Ended	June 30,	
	2006	2005	2006	2005	
Revenue	\$ 836,228	100.0 % \$ 672,163	100.0 % \$ 1,516,319	100.0 % \$ 1,210,429	100.0 %
Costs and expenses:					
Cost of services	412,496	49.3 338,691	50.4 752,941	49.6 606,737	50.1
Operating, administrative and other	283,598	33.9 241,730	36.0 548,759	36.2 464,951	38.4
Depreciation and amortization	12,255	1.5 10,818	1.6 27,185	1.8 21,188	1.8
Operating income	127,879	15.3 80,924	12.0 187,434	12.4 117,553	9.7
Equity income from unconsolidated					
subsidiaries	8,428	1.0 15,443	2.3 16,841	1.1 19,373	1.6
Minority interest expense	1,580	0.2 664	0.1 1,809	0.1 1,353	0.1
Interest income	2,976	0.4 3,058	0.5 6,566	0.4 5,503	0.5
Interest expense	13,352	1.6 13,374	2.0 27,287	1.8 26,972	2.2
Loss on extinguishment of debt	22,255	2.7 1,832	0.3 22,255	1.5 6,762	0.6
Income before provision for income					
taxes	102,096	12.2 83,555	12.4 159,490	10.5 107,342	8.9
Provision for income taxes	37,842	4.5 33,134	4.9 58,326	3.8 42,349	3.5
Net income	\$ 64,254	7.7 % \$ 50,421	7.5 % \$ 101,164	6.7 % \$ 64,993	5.4 %
EBITDA	\$ 146,982	17.6 % \$ 106,521	15.8 % \$ 229,651	15.1 % \$ 156,761	13.0 %

EBITDA represents earnings before net interest expense, loss on extinguishment of debt, income taxes, depreciation and amortization. Our management believes EBITDA is useful in evaluating our performance compared to that of other companies in our industry because the calculation of EBITDA generally eliminates the effects of financing and income taxes and the accounting effects of capital spending and acquisitions, which items may vary for different companies for reasons unrelated to overall operating performance. As a result, our management uses EBITDA as a measure to evaluate the performance of our various business lines and for other discretionary purposes, including as a significant component when measuring our performance under our employee incentive programs.

However, EBITDA is not a recognized measurement under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, or GAAP, and when analyzing our operating performance, readers should use EBITDA in addition to, and not as an alternative for, net income as determined in accordance with GAAP. Because not all companies use identical calculations, our presentation of EBITDA may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies. Furthermore, EBITDA is not intended to be a measure of free cash flow for our management s discretionary use, as it does not consider certain cash requirements such as tax and debt service payments. The amounts shown for EBITDA also differ from the amounts

calculated under similarly titled definitions in our debt instruments, which are further adjusted to reflect certain other cash and non-cash charges and are used to determine compliance with financial covenants and our ability to engage in certain activities, such as incurring additional debt and making certain restricted payments.

EBITDA is calculated as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Three Months Ended J	une 30,	Six Months Ended Jun	ie 30,
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Net income	\$ 64,254	\$ 50,421	\$ 101,164	\$ 64,993
Add:				
Depreciation and amortization	12,255	10,818	27,185	21,188
Interest expense	13,352	13,374	27,287	26,972
Loss on extinguishment of debt	22,255	1,832	22,255	6,762
Provision for income taxes	37,842	33,134	58,326	42,349
Less:				
Interest income	2,976	3,058	6,566	5,503
EBITDA	\$ 146,982	\$ 106,521	\$ 229,651	\$ 156,761

#### Three Months Ended June 30, 2006 Compared to the Three Months Ended June 30, 2005

We reported consolidated net income of \$64.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006 on revenue of \$836.2 million as compared to consolidated net income of \$50.4 million on revenue of \$672.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2005.

Our revenue on a consolidated basis increased by \$164.1 million, or 24.4%, as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2005. Approximately two-thirds of the increase was due to organic growth, while the remainder was attributable to in-fill acquisitions completed during 2005 and earlier in 2006. The organic revenue growth was primarily driven by continued higher worldwide transaction revenue as well as increased appraisal/valuation, mortgage brokerage and property and facilities management fees. Additionally, higher fees generated in our Global Investment Management business, particularly in the United States and France, contributed to the increase. Foreign currency translation had a \$3.2 million negative impact on total revenue during the three months ended June 30, 2006.

Our cost of services on a consolidated basis increased by \$73.8 million, or 21.8%, during the three months ended June 30, 2006 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2005. Our sales and leasing professionals generally are paid on a commission and bonus basis, which substantially correlates with our revenue performance. Accordingly, the overall increase was primarily driven by the increase in revenue. Also contributing to the increase was additional headcount, which primarily resulted from in-fill acquisitions. Foreign currency translation had a \$1.9 million positive impact on cost of services during the three months ended June 30, 2006. Cost of services as a percentage of revenue decreased slightly from 50.4% for the three months ended June 30, 2005 to 49.3% for the three months ended June 30, 2006, primarily attributable to our mix of revenue, with a higher composition of revenue earned from geographic regions with lower commission rates.

Our operating, administrative and other expenses on a consolidated basis were \$283.6 million, an increase of \$41.9 million, or 17.3%, for the three months ended June 30, 2006 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2005. The increase was primarily driven by higher worldwide payroll-related costs, including bonuses and carried interest incentive compensation expense, as well as increased marketing costs, all of which resulted from our improved operating performance as well as from the in-fill acquisitions previously mentioned. Foreign currency translation had a \$1.0 million positive impact on total operating expenses during the three months ended June 30, 2006. Operating expenses as a percentage of revenue

decreased from 36.0% for the three months ended June 30, 2005 to 33.9% for the three months ended June 30, 2006, reflecting the operating leverage inherent in our business structure.

Our depreciation and amortization expense on a consolidated basis increased by \$1.4 million, or 13.3%, for the three months ended June 30, 2006 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2005. This increase was primarily due to higher depreciation expense resulting from increased capital expenditures as well as fixed assets acquired in recent in-fill acquisitions.

Our equity income from unconsolidated subsidiaries on a consolidated basis decreased by \$7.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2005. This was primarily due to higher net dispositions within selected funds in our Global Investment Management segment in the prior year.

Our consolidated interest expense was flat between periods totaling \$13.4 million for each of the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005. Higher interest expense resulting from an increase in interest rates was offset by interest savings realized as a result of debt repayments made throughout 2005 and the first half of 2006. The replacement of our credit agreement on more favorable terms combined with the redemption of the remaining outstanding balance of our 1114% senior subordinated notes in June 2006 will result in annual interest savings of approximately \$25.0 million, with one-half of that amount to be realized in 2006. Our management expects to continue to look for opportunities to reduce our debt in the future.

Our loss on extinguishment of debt on a consolidated basis was \$22.3 million and \$1.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. These losses incurred were related to the write-off of unamortized deferred financing fees and unamortized discount, as well as premiums paid, all in connection with the repurchase of our 11½% senior subordinated notes in 2005 and the second quarter of 2006. Additionally, during the three months ended June 30, 2006, we wrote off \$8.2 million of unamortized deferred financing fees associated with our prior credit facility, which was replaced during this period. We expect to incur additional charges of this type in connection with the continuation of our de-leveraging efforts in the future.

Our provision for income taxes on a consolidated basis was \$37.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006 as compared to \$33.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2005. Our effective tax rate declined from 39.7% for the three months ended June 30, 2005 to 37.1% for the three months ended June 30, 2006. The increase in the provision for income taxes is attributable to the significant increase in pre-tax income over 2005. The decrease in the effective tax rate is primarily a result of the change in our mix of domestic and foreign earnings.

#### Six Months Ended June 30, 2006 Compared to the Six Months Ended June 30, 2005

We reported consolidated net income of \$101.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006 on revenue of \$1.5 billion as compared to consolidated net income of \$65.0 million on revenue of \$1.2 billion for the six months ended June 30, 2005.

Our revenue on a consolidated basis increased by \$305.9 million, or 25.3%, as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2005. Approximately two-thirds of the increase was due to organic growth, while the remainder was attributable to in-fill acquisitions completed during 2005 and earlier in 2006. The organic revenue growth was primarily driven by continued higher worldwide transaction revenue as well as increased appraisal/valuation and property and facilities management fees. Additionally, higher fees generated in our Global Investment Management business, particularly in the United States, France and the United Kingdom, contributed to the increase. Foreign currency translation had a \$19.9 million negative impact on total revenue during the six months ended June 30, 2006.

Our cost of services on a consolidated basis increased by \$146.2 million, or 24.1%, during the six months ended June 30, 2006 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2005. As previously mentioned, our sales and leasing professionals generally are paid on a commission and bonus basis, which substantially correlates with our revenue performance. Accordingly, the overall increase was primarily driven by the increase in revenue. Also contributing to the increase was additional headcount, which primarily resulted from in-fill acquisitions. Foreign currency translation had a \$9.5 million positive impact on cost of services during the six months ended June 30, 2006. Cost of services as a percentage of revenue was relatively consistent between periods at 49.6% for the six months ended June 30, 2006 versus 50.1% for the six months ended June 30, 2005.

Our operating, administrative and other expenses on a consolidated basis were \$548.8 million, an increase of \$83.8 million, or 18.0%, for the six months ended June 30, 2006 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2005. The increase was primarily driven by higher worldwide payroll-related costs, including bonuses and carried interest incentive compensation expense, as well as increased marketing costs, all of which resulted from our improved operating performance as well as from the in-fill acquisitions previously mentioned. Foreign currency translation had a \$6.9 million positive impact on total operating expenses during the six months ended June 30, 2006. Operating expenses as a percentage of revenue decreased from 38.4% for the six months ended June 30, 2005 to 36.2% for the six months ended June 30, 2006, reflecting the operating leverage inherent in our business structure.

Our depreciation and amortization expense on a consolidated basis increased by \$6.0 million, or 28.3%, for the six months ended June 30, 2006 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2005. This increase was driven by higher amortization expense related to intangibles acquired in recent in-fill acquisitions, primarily in our EMEA business segment. Also contributing to the increase was higher depreciation expense, which resulted from increased capital expenditures as well as fixed assets acquired in recent in-fill acquisitions.

Our equity income from unconsolidated subsidiaries on a consolidated basis decreased by \$2.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2005. This was primarily due to higher net dispositions within selected funds in our Global Investment Management segment in the prior year.

Our consolidated interest expense was relatively consistent between periods totaling \$27.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006, an increase of \$0.3 million, or 1.2%, as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2005. Higher interest expense resulting from an increase in interest rates was predominately offset by interest savings realized as a result of debt repayments made throughout 2005 and the first half of 2006.

Our loss on extinguishment of debt on a consolidated basis was \$22.3 million and \$6.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. These losses incurred were primarily related to the write-off of unamortized deferred financing fees and unamortized discount, as well as premiums paid, all in connection with the repurchase of our 11¼% senior subordinated notes during the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005. In addition, during the six months ended June 30, 2006, we wrote off \$8.2 million of unamortized deferred financing fees associated with our prior credit facility, which was replaced during the current year.

Our provision for income taxes on a consolidated basis was \$58.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006 as compared to \$42.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2005. Our effective tax rate declined from 39.5% for the six months ended June 30, 2005 to 36.6% for the six months ended June 30, 2006. The increase in the provision for income taxes is attributable to the significant increase in pre-tax income over 2005. The decrease in the effective tax rate is primarily a result of the change in our mix of domestic and foreign earnings.

#### **Segment Operations**

The following table summarizes our revenue, costs and expenses and operating income by our Americas, EMEA, Asia Pacific and Global Investment Management operating segments for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 (dollars in thousands):

	Three Months 2006	Ended June 30, 2005	Six Months Ended	d June 30, 2005	2005		
<u>Americas</u>							
Revenue	\$ 554,266	100.0 % \$ 489,878	100.0 % \$ 1,008,042	100.0 % \$ 870,992	100.0 %		
Costs and expenses:							
Cost of services	294,668	53.2 263,295	53.7 535,835	53.2 463,252	53.2		
Operating, administrative and other	167,517	30.2 150,150	30.7 328,810	32.6 290,769	33.4		
Depreciation and amortization	8,035	1.4 7,455	1.5 15,881	1.6 14,383	1.6		
Operating income	\$ 84,046	15.2 % \$ 68,978	14.1 % \$ 127,516	12.6 % \$ 102,588	11.8 %		
EBITDA	\$ 95,194	17.2 % \$ 79,857	16.3 % \$ 149,748	14.9 % \$ 123,295	14.2 %		
<u>EMEA</u>							
Revenue	\$ 170,285	100.0 % \$ 123,139	100.0 % \$ 305,516	100.0 % \$ 225,249	100.0 %		
Costs and expenses:							
Cost of services	75,504	44.3 54,930	44.6 138,900	45.5 104,705	46.5		
Operating, administrative and other	59,661	35.0 55,097	44.7 111,812	36.6 104,991	46.6		
Depreciation and amortization	2,659	1.6 2,390	2.0 8,317	2.7 4,814	2.1		
Operating income	\$ 32,461	19.1 % \$ 10,722	8.7 % \$ 46,487	15.2 % \$ 10,739	4.8 %		
EBITDA							