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(Address of principal executive offices and telephone number)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes

No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12B-12 of the Exchange Act).

Yes

No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each class of the registrant's common Stock, as of the latest practical date.

**Class**  
Common stock, par value \$0.001 per share

**Outstanding as of February 9, 2009**  
24,505,971 shares

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Table of Contents**PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION****ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****LANNETT COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

	(UNAUDITED)	
	December 31, 2008	June 30, 2008
<b><u>ASSETS</u></b>		
Current Assets		
Cash	\$ 12,455,596	\$ 6,256,712
Short term investments	304,036	354,155
Trade accounts receivable (net of allowance of \$225,000 and \$207,151, respectively)	26,584,613	34,114,982
Inventories, net	13,962,528	11,617,258
Interest receivable	83,475	51,781
Prepaid taxes	1,937,607	1,598,937
Deferred tax assets	4,253,225	6,997,935
Other current assets	1,054,590	591,415
<b>Total Current Assets</b>	<b>60,635,670</b>	<b>61,583,175</b>
Property, plant and equipment	40,375,207	39,996,008
Less accumulated depreciation	(16,926,017)	(15,261,905)
	23,449,190	24,734,103
Construction in progress	493,609	458,046
Investment securities - available for sale	2,307,793	2,145,980
Intangible assets - net of accumulated amortization	10,032,916	10,361,835
Deferred tax assets	17,131,202	17,380,115
Other assets	177,298	195,354
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$ 114,227,678</b>	<b>\$ 116,858,608</b>
<b><u>LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</u></b>		
<b><u>LIABILITIES</u></b>		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 12,585,222	\$ 13,085,772
Accrued expenses	3,164,324	2,451,783
Deferred revenue	643,535	982,668
Current portion of long-term debt	638,037	791,912
Rebates, chargebacks and returns payable	12,004,030	18,326,417
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>	<b>29,035,148</b>	<b>35,638,552</b>
Long-term debt, less current portion	8,044,853	8,186,922
Deferred tax liabilities	3,286,239	3,179,344
Unearned grant funds	500,000	500,000
Other long-term liabilities	49,075	32,001
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>40,915,315</b>	<b>47,536,819</b>

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Commitments and contingencies, See notes 10 and 11

Minority interest in Cody LCI Realty, LLC, net of taxes	77,361	50,309
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**SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY**

Common stock - authorized 50,000,000 shares, par value \$0.001; issued and outstanding, 24,486,032 and 24,283,963 shares, respectively	24,486	24,284
Additional paid in capital	75,642,020	74,497,100
Accumulated deficit	(1,991,453)	(4,790,680)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	49,123	9,722
	73,724,176	69,740,426
Less: Treasury stock at cost - 82,228 and 74,970 shares, respectively	(489,174)	(468,946)
<b>TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY</b>	<b>73,235,002</b>	<b>69,271,480</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY</b>	<b>\$ 114,227,678</b>	<b>\$ 116,858,608</b>

The accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

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**LANNETT COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**  
**(Unaudited)**

	Three months ended December 31,		Six months ended December 31,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Net sales	\$ 29,224,372	\$ 17,534,942	\$ 54,792,025	\$ 35,074,972
Cost of sales	17,712,370	12,619,384	33,832,565	24,411,920
Amortization of intangible assets	446,167	446,166	892,333	892,332
Product royalties	42,997	41,776	42,997	237,346
Gross profit	11,022,838	4,427,616	20,024,130	9,533,374
Research and development expenses	1,840,717	946,282	3,703,830	2,198,430
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	6,675,472	4,255,217	11,624,616	8,234,927
Gain on sale of assets	26,940		22,009	
Operating income (loss)	2,533,589	(773,883)	4,717,693	(899,983)
Other income(expense):				
Interest income	91,883	48,686	137,650	105,808
Interest expense	(117,431)	(92,333)	(183,640)	(196,201)
	(25,548)	(43,647)	(45,990)	(90,393)
Income (loss) before income tax expense (benefit) and minority interest	2,508,041	(817,530)	4,671,703	(990,376)
Income tax expense (benefit)	925,433	(159,983)	1,845,423	(205,668)
Minority interest in Cody LCI Realty, LLC, net of taxes	(9,546)		(27,053)	
Net income (loss)	\$ 1,573,062	\$ (657,547)	\$ 2,799,227	\$ (784,708)
Basic income (loss) per common share	\$ 0.06	\$ (0.03)	\$ 0.11	\$ (0.03)
Diluted income (loss) per common share	\$ 0.06	\$ (0.03)	\$ 0.11	\$ (0.03)
Basic weighted average number of shares	24,468,149	24,183,044	24,385,818	24,179,344
Diluted weighted average number of shares	24,546,787	24,183,044	24,510,726	24,179,344

The accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

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## LANNETT COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

(UNAUDITED)

	Common Stock		Additional	Accumulated	Treasury	Accum.	Shareholders
	Shares	Amount	Paid-in	Deficit	Stock	Other Comp.	Equity
	Issued		Capital			Income	
<b>Balance, June 30, 2008</b>	24,283,963	\$ 24,284	\$ 74,497,100	\$ (4,790,680)	\$ (468,946)	\$ 9,722	\$ 69,271,480
Shares issued in connection with employee stock purchase plan	28,467	29	57,895				57,924
Share based compensation							
Restricted stock			86,014				86,014
Stock options			437,993				437,993
Employee stock purchase plan			31,292				31,292
Shares issued in connection with restricted stock grant	68,602	68	101,331				101,399
Shares issued for Contingent Consideration for Cody Labs Acquisition	105,000	105	430,395				430,500
Purchase of treasury stock					(20,228)		(20,228)
Other comprehensive income, net of income tax						39,401	39,401
Net income				2,799,227			2,799,227
<b>Balance, December 31, 2008</b>	24,486,032	\$ 24,486	\$ 75,642,020	\$ (1,991,453)	\$ (489,174)	\$ 49,123	\$ 73,235,002

The accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

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## LANNETT COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(UNAUDITED)

	For the six months ended December 31,	
	2008	2007
<b>OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Net income (loss)	\$ 2,799,227	\$ (784,708)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	2,577,146	2,765,232
Deferred tax expense	2,923,575	(205,669)
Stock compensation expense	555,299	483,643
Restricted stock grant	101,399	
Other noncash expenses	17,074	7,575
Gain on sale of fixed assets	(240)	
(Gain) loss on sale of securities	(21,770)	9,150
Minority interest in Cody LCI Realty LLC, net of taxes	27,052	
Changes in assets and liabilities which provided (used) cash:		
Trade accounts receivable	(1,096,522)	(1,918,792)
Inventories	(2,345,270)	2,524,308
Prepaid taxes	(338,670)	
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(476,813)	(327,856)
Accounts payable	(500,550)	(3,924,555)
Accrued expenses	3,017,045	(938,276)
Deferred revenue	(339,133)	(448,633)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	6,898,849	(2,758,581)
<b>INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Purchases of property, plant and equipment (including construction in progress)	(418,962)	(1,245,243)
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	1,500	
Proceeds from sale of investment securities - available for sale	5,525,349	1,392,456
Purchase of investment securities - available for sale	(5,549,604)	(366,030)
Net cash used in investing activities	(441,717)	(218,817)
<b>FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Repayments of debt	(295,944)	(283,997)
Proceeds from issuance of stock	57,924	54,823
Purchase of treasury stock	(20,228)	
Net cash used in financing activities	(258,248)	(229,174)
<b>NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH</b>	<b>6,198,884</b>	<b>(3,206,572)</b>
<b>CASH, BEGINNING OF PERIOD</b>	<b>6,256,712</b>	<b>5,192,341</b>
<b>CASH, END OF PERIOD</b>	<b>\$ 12,455,596</b>	<b>\$ 1,985,769</b>
<b>SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION -</b>		
Interest paid	\$ 137,866	\$ 131,099
Income taxes paid	\$ 250,000	\$
Lannett stock issued - acquisition of Cody Labs DEA license	\$ 581,175	\$

The accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

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**LANNETT COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - UNAUDITED**

**Note 1. Interim Financial Information**

The accompanying unaudited financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for presentation of interim financial statements and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, the unaudited financial statements do not include all the information and footnotes necessary for a comprehensive presentation of the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows for the periods presented. In the opinion of management, the unaudited financial statements include all the normal recurring adjustments that are necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows for the periods presented. Operating results for the three and six month periods ended December 31, 2008 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009. You should read these unaudited financial statements in combination with the other Notes in this section; Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations appearing in Item 2; and the Financial Statements, including the Notes to the Financial Statements, included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008.

**Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

Lannett Company, Inc., a Delaware corporation, and subsidiaries (the Company or Lannett), develop, manufacture, package, market, and distribute active pharmaceutical ingredients as well as pharmaceutical products sold under generic chemical names. The Company primarily manufactures solid oral dosage forms, including tablets and capsules, and is pursuing partnerships and research contracts for the development and production of other dosage forms, including liquids and injectable products.

**Use of Estimates** - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. As applicable to these consolidated financial statements, the most significant estimates and assumptions relate to sales reserves and allowances, income taxes, inventories, contingencies and valuation of intangible assets.

**Principles of Consolidation** - The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the operating parent company, Lannett Company, Inc., and its wholly owned subsidiaries, Lannett Holdings, Inc. and Cody Laboratories, Inc. (Cody). Cody includes the consolidation of Cody LCI Realty, LLC, a variable interest entity,. See Note 16 regarding the consolidation of this variable interest entity. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

**Reclassifications** - The June 30, 2008 Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three and six months ended December 31, 2007 and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the six months ended December 31, 2007 have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

**Revenue Recognition** - The Company recognizes revenue when its products are shipped. At this point, title and risk of loss have transferred to the customer and provisions for estimates, including rebates, promotional adjustments, price adjustments, returns, chargebacks, and other potential adjustments are reasonably

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determinable. Accruals for these provisions are presented in the consolidated financial statements as rebates and chargebacks payable and reductions to net sales. The change in the reserves for various sales adjustments may not be proportionally equal to the change in sales because of changes in both the product and the customer mix. Increased sales to wholesalers will generally require additional accruals as they are the primary recipient of chargebacks and rebates. Incentives offered to secure sales vary from product to product. Provisions for estimated rebates and promotional credits are estimated based upon contractual terms. Provisions for other customer credits, such as price adjustments, returns, and chargebacks, require management to make subjective judgments on customer mix. Unlike branded innovator drug companies, Lannett does not use information about product levels in distribution channels from third-party sources, such as IMS and NDC Health, in estimating future returns and other credits. Lannett calculates a chargeback/rebate rate based on contractual terms with its customers and applies this rate to customer sales. The only variable is customer mix, and this assumption is based on historical data and sales expectations.

**Chargebacks** The provision for chargebacks is the most significant and complex estimate used in the recognition of revenue. The Company sells its products directly to wholesale distributors, generic distributors, retail pharmacy chains, and mail-order pharmacies. The Company also sells its products indirectly to independent pharmacies, managed care organizations, hospitals, nursing homes, and group purchasing organizations, collectively referred to as indirect customers. Lannett enters into agreements with its indirect customers to establish pricing for certain products. The indirect customers then independently select a wholesaler from which to actually purchase the products at these agreed-upon prices. Lannett will provide credit to the wholesaler for the difference between the agreed-upon price with the indirect customer and the wholesaler's invoice price if the price sold to the indirect customer is lower than the direct price to the wholesaler. This credit is called a chargeback. The provision for chargebacks is based on expected sell-through levels by the Company's wholesale customers to the indirect customers and estimated wholesaler inventory levels. As sales to the large wholesale customers, such as Cardinal Health, AmerisourceBergen, and McKesson increase, the reserve for chargebacks will also generally increase. However, the size of the increase depends on the product mix and the amount of those sales that end up at indirect customers with which the Company has specific chargeback agreements. The Company continually monitors the reserve for chargebacks and makes adjustments when management believes that expected chargebacks on actual sales may differ from actual chargeback reserves.

**Rebates** Rebates are offered to the Company's key chain drug store, distributor and wholesaler customers to promote customer loyalty and increase product sales. These rebate programs provide customers with rebate credits upon attainment of pre-established volumes or attainment of net sales milestones for a specified period. Other promotional programs are incentive programs offered to the customers. At the time of shipment, the Company estimates reserves for rebates and other promotional credit programs based on the specific terms in each agreement. The reserve for rebates increases as sales to certain wholesale and retail customers increase. However, since these rebate programs are not identical for all customers, the size of the reserve will depend on the mix of customers that are eligible to receive rebates.

**Returns** Consistent with industry practice, the Company has a product returns policy that allows customers to return product within a specified period prior to and subsequent to the product's lot expiration date in exchange for a credit to be applied to future purchases. The Company's policy requires that the customer obtain pre-approval from the Company for any qualifying return. The Company estimates its provision for returns based on historical experience, changes to business practices, and credit terms. While such experience has allowed for reasonable estimations in the past, history may not always be an accurate indicator of future returns. The Company continually monitors the provisions for returns and makes adjustments when management believes that actual product returns may differ from established reserves. Generally, the reserve for returns increases as net sales increase. The reserve for returns is included in the rebates and chargebacks payable account on the balance sheet.

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**Other Adjustments** Other adjustments consist primarily of price adjustments, also known as shelf stock adjustments, which are credits issued to reflect decreases in the selling prices of the Company's products that customers have remaining in their inventories at the time of the price reduction. Decreases in selling prices are discretionary decisions made by management to reflect competitive market conditions. Amounts recorded for estimated shelf stock adjustments are based upon specified terms with direct customers, estimated declines in market prices, and estimates of inventory held by customers. The Company regularly monitors these and other factors and evaluates the reserve as additional information becomes available. Other adjustments are included in the rebates and chargebacks payable account on the balance sheet.

The following tables identify the reserves for each major category of revenue allowance and a summary of the activity for the six months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007:

**For the six months ended December 31, 2008**

Reserve Category	Chargebacks	Rebates	Returns	Other	Total
Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2008	\$ 4,049,407	\$ 632,314	\$ 13,642,589	\$ 2,107	\$ 18,326,417
Actual credits issued related to sales recorded in prior fiscal years	(3,635,348)	(428,739)	(10,428,254)		(14,492,341)
Reserves or (reversals) charged during Fiscal 2009 related to sales in prior fiscal years			2,107	(2,107)	
Reserves charged to net sales during Fiscal 2009 related to sales recorded in Fiscal 2009	16,588,951	5,662,865	2,146,732	140,828	24,539,376
Actual credits issued related to sales recorded in Fiscal 2009	(12,105,256)	(4,138,238)		(125,928)	(16,369,422)
Reserve Balance as of December 31, 2008	\$ 4,897,754	\$ 1,728,202	\$ 5,363,174	\$ 14,900	\$ 12,004,030

**For the six months ended December 31, 2007**

Reserve Category	Chargebacks	Rebates	Returns	Other	Total
Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2007	\$ 4,649,478	\$ 871,339	\$ 113,313	\$ 52,234	\$ 5,686,364
Actual credits issued related to sales recorded in prior fiscal years	(4,010,074)	(1,700,473)	(146,916)		(5,857,463)
Reserves or (reversals) charged during Fiscal 2008 related to sales in prior fiscal years		870,465	50,000	(50,000)	870,465
Reserves charged to net sales during Fiscal 2008 related to sales recorded in Fiscal 2008	14,619,361	4,729,061	1,108,662	110,000	20,567,084
Actual credits issued related to sales recorded in Fiscal 2008	(11,294,160)	(3,244,688)	(97,147)	(110,129)	(14,746,124)
Reserve Balance as of December 31, 2007	\$ 3,964,605	\$ 1,525,704	\$ 1,027,912	\$ 2,105	\$ 6,520,326

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The total reserve for chargebacks, rebates, returns and other adjustments decreased from \$18,326,417 at June 30, 2008 to \$12,004,030 at December 31, 2008. The increase in chargeback reserves between June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2008 was due primarily to an increase in inventory levels at wholesaler distribution centers. The significant decrease in the returns reserve balance was primarily the result of credits issued during the first half of Fiscal 2009 related to the returns of the Prenatal Multivitamin product shipped in Fiscal 2008. It is our expectation that all of the product will be returned based on our inability to have the product specified as a brand equivalent, and information from our customers regarding their intentions to return the product. As of December 31, 2008 approximately \$8,627,000 of the return reserve was applied to accounts receivable for customers who

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had returned the Prenatal Multivitamin product by that date, leaving a balance of approximately \$1,900,000 of Multivitamin returns reserve on the books at December 31, 2008.

The Company ships its products to the warehouses of its wholesale and retail chain customers. When the Company and a customer enter into an agreement for the supply of a product, the customer will generally continue to purchase the product, stock its warehouse(s), and resell the product to its own customers. The Company's customer will reorder the product as its warehouse is depleted. The Company generally has no minimum size orders for its customers. Additionally, most warehousing customers prefer not to stock excess inventory levels due to the additional carrying costs and inefficiencies created by holding excess inventory. As such, the Company's customers continually reorder the Company's products. It is common for the Company's customers to order the same products on a monthly basis. For generic pharmaceutical manufacturers, it is critical to ensure that customers' warehouses are adequately stocked with its products. This is important due to the fact that several generic competitors compete for the consumer demand for a given product. Availability of inventory ensures that a manufacturer's product is considered. Otherwise, retail prescriptions would be filled with competitors' products. For this reason, the Company periodically offers incentives to its customers to purchase its products. These incentives are generally up-front discounts off its standard prices at the beginning of a generic campaign launch for a newly-approved or newly-introduced product, or when a customer purchases a Lannett product for the first time. Customers generally inform the Company that such purchases represent an estimate of expected resale for a period of time. This period of time is generally up to three months. The Company records this revenue, net of any discounts offered and accepted by its customers at the time of shipment. The Company's products have either 24 months or 36 months of shelf-life at the time of manufacture. The Company monitors its customers' purchasing trends to attempt to identify any significant lapses in purchasing activity. If the Company observes a lack of recent activity, inquiries will be made to such customer regarding the success of the customer's resale efforts. The Company attempts to minimize any potential return (or shelf life issues) by maintaining an active dialogue with the customers.

The products that the Company sells are generic versions of brand named drugs. The consumer markets for such drugs are well-established markets with many years of historically-confirmed consumer demand. Such consumer demand may be affected by several factors, including alternative treatments and costs, etc. However, the effects of changes in such consumer demand for the Company's products, like generic products manufactured by other generic companies, are gradual in nature. Any overall decrease in consumer demand for generic products generally occurs over an extended period of time. This is because there are thousands of doctors, prescribers, third-party payers, institutional formularies and other buyers of drugs that must change prescribing habits and medicinal practices before such a decrease would affect a generic drug market. If the historical data the Company uses and the assumptions management makes to calculate its estimates of future returns, chargebacks, and other credits do not accurately approximate future activity, its net sales, gross profit, net income and earnings per share could change. However, management believes that these estimates are reasonable based upon historical experience and current conditions.

**Accounts Receivable** - The Company performs ongoing credit evaluations of its customers and adjusts credit limits based upon payment history and the customer's current credit worthiness, as determined by a review of current credit information. The Company continuously monitors collections and payments from its customers and maintains a provision for estimated credit losses based upon historical experience and any specific customer collection issues that have been identified. While such credit losses have historically been within both the Company's expectations and the provisions established, the Company cannot guarantee that it will continue to experience the same credit loss rates that it has in the past.

**Fair Value of Financial Instruments** - The Company's financial instruments consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, accrued expenses and debt obligations. The carrying values of these assets and liabilities approximate fair value based upon the short-term nature of these instruments. The Company has estimated that the fair value of long-term debt associated with the 20 year mortgage on its land and



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building in Cody, Wyoming approximates the discounted amount of future payments to the mortgage-holder. There is no market for this type of financial liability.

**Investment Securities** - The Company's investment securities consist of marketable debt securities, primarily in U.S. government and agency obligations. All of the Company's marketable debt securities are classified as available-for-sale and recorded at fair value, based on quoted market prices. Unrealized holding gains and losses are recorded, net of any tax effect, as a separate component of accumulated other comprehensive income. No gains or losses on marketable debt securities are realized until they are sold or a decline in fair value is determined to be other-than-temporary. In accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Staff Position Nos. FAS 115-1 and FAS 124-1

The Meaning of Other-Than-Temporary Impairment and Its Application to Certain Investments (FSP 115-1), the Company periodically reviews its marketable securities and determines whether the investments are other-than-temporarily impaired. If the investments are deemed to be other-than-temporarily impaired, the investments are written down to their then current fair market value with a new cost basis being established. There were no securities determined by management to be other-than-temporarily impaired during the six months ended December 31, 2008, or the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008.

**Shipping and Handling Costs** - The cost of shipping products to customers is recognized at the time the products are shipped, and is included in Cost of Sales.

**Research and Development** - Research and development expenses are charged to operations as incurred.

**Intangible Assets** - In March 2004, the Company entered into an agreement with Jerome Stevens Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (JSP) for the exclusive marketing and distribution rights in the United States to the current line of JSP products in exchange for four million (4,000,000) shares of the Company's common stock. As a result of the JSP agreement, the Company recorded an intangible asset of \$67,040,000 for the exclusive marketing and distribution rights obtained from JSP. The intangible asset was recorded based upon the fair value of the four million (4,000,000) shares at the time of issuance to JSP. During the quarter ended March 31, 2005, the Company recorded a non-cash impairment loss of approximately \$46,093,000 in accordance with SFAS 144, *Accounting for Impairment or Disposal of Long-lived Assets* to reduce the carrying value of the intangible asset to its fair value of approximately \$16,062,000 as of the date of the impairment. As of June 30, and December 31, 2008, management concluded the intangible asset was correctly stated at fair value and, therefore, no further impairment was required.

The Company will incur annual amortization expense of approximately \$1,785,000 for the intangible asset over the remaining term of the contract. For each six month period ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, the Company incurred amortization expense of approximately \$892,000.

Future annual amortization expense of the JSP intangible asset consists of approximately the following:

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<b>Fiscal Year Ending June 30,</b>	<b>Annual Amortization Expense</b>
2009	\$ 893,000
2010	1,785,000
2011	1,785,000
2012	1,785,000
2013	1,785,000
Thereafter	1,337,000
	\$ 9,370,000

On April 10, 2007, the Company entered into a Stock Purchase Agreement to acquire Cody by purchasing all of the remaining shares of common stock of Cody. The consideration for the April 10, 2007 acquisition was approximately \$4,438,000, which represented the fair value of the tangible net assets acquired. The agreement also required Lannett to issue to the sellers up to 120,000 shares of unregistered common stock of the Company

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contingent upon the receipt of a license from a regulatory agency. This license was subsequently received in July 2008 and triggered the payment of 105,000 shares of Lannett stock to the former owners of Cody Labs, which was completed in October 2008. Therefore, the Company has recorded an intangible asset related to the acquisition of a drug import license in the original amount of \$581,200 to the Intangible Asset account and has recorded a corresponding Deferred Tax Liability in the amount of approximately \$150,700 due to the non-deductibility of the amortization for tax purposes. The Company has assigned a 15 year life to this intangible asset based on average life cycles of Lannett products.

In January 2005, Lannett Holdings, Inc. entered into an agreement in which the Company purchased for \$100,000 and future royalty payments the proprietary rights to manufacture and distribute a product for which Pharmeral, Inc. owned the ANDA. In Fiscal 2008, the Company obtained FDA approval to use the proprietary rights. Accordingly, the Company has capitalized this purchased product right as an indefinite lived intangible asset.

**Advertising Costs** - The Company charges advertising costs to operations as incurred. Advertising expense for the six months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 was approximately \$31,000 and \$4,000, respectively.

**Income Taxes** - The Company uses the liability method specified by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109, *Accounting for Income Taxes* ( FAS 109 ). Deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on the difference between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities as measured by the enacted tax rates which will be in effect when these differences reverse. Deferred tax expense/ (benefit) is the result of changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities.

**Segment Information** The Company reports segment information in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 131, *Disclosures about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information* (FAS 131). The Company operates one business segment - generic pharmaceuticals; accordingly the Company has one reporting segment. In accordance with FAS 131, the Company aggregates its financial information for all products and reports as one operating segment. The following table identifies the Company's approximate net product sales by medical indication for the three and six months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007:

Medical Indication	For the Three Months Ended December 31,		For the Six Months Ended December 31,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Migraine Headache	\$ 2,429,000	\$ 2,794,000	\$ 4,748,000	\$ 5,442,000
Epilepsy	204,000	848,000	884,000	1,972,000
Pre Natal Vitamin	4,559,000		4,559,000	
Heart Failure	5,709,000	1,070,000	12,057,000	2,159,000
Thyroid Deficiency	12,202,000	9,593,000	23,668,000	18,685,000
Antibiotic	1,524,000	581,000	3,020,000	1,556,000
Antibacterial				