DIGICORP Form 10KSB/A February 23, 2007

> UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

> > Form 10-KSB/A

Amendment No. 1

(Mark One)

- |X| ANNUAL REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005
- |_| TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM _____ TO _____ COMMISSION FILE NUMBER ______

DIGICORP

(Name of small business issuer in its charter)

UTAH

87-0398271

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

4143 Glencoe Avenue, Marina Del Rey, CA 90292 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Issuer's telephone Number: (310) 728-1450

Securities registered under Section 12(b) of the Exchange Act: None.

Securities registered under Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act: Common Stock, $\$.001\ par\ value$

Check whether the issuer is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act. $|_|$

Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes $|_|$ No |X|

Check if there is no disclosure of delinquent filers in response to Item 405 of Regulation S-B contained in this form, and no disclosure will be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-KSB or any amendment to this Form 10-KSB. $|_|$

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes $|_|$ No |X|

State issuer's revenues for its most recent fiscal year. \$334,110

The aggregate market value of the voting and non-voting common equity held by non-affiliates, computed by reference to the average bid and asked price of such common equity as of March 30, 2006, was \$18,156,019.

As of March 30, 2006, the issuer had 37,028,320 outstanding shares of Common Stock.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE: NONE

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format (check one): Yes |_| No |X|

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I

Item	1.	Description of Business
Item	2.	Description of Property
Item	3.	Legal Proceedings
Item	4.	Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders
		PART II
Item	5.	Market for Common Equity and Related Stockholder Matters
Item	6.	Management's Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operation
Item	7.	Financial Statements

Item	8.	Changes In and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and
		Financial Disclosure
Item	8A.	Controls and Procedures
Item	8B.	Other Information

PART III

Item 9.	Directors, Executive Officers, Promoters and Control Persons;
	Compliance With Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act
Item 10). Executive Compensation
Item 11	. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management
	and Related Stockholder Matters
Item 12	2. Certain Relationship and Related Transactions
Item 13	B. Exhibits
Item 14	Principal Accountant Fees and Services
SIGNATU	JRES

PART I

ITEM 1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS.

ORGANIZATIONAL HISTORY

Digicorp was incorporated on July 19, 1983 under the laws of the State of Utah for the purpose of developing and marketing computer software programs. From 1983 to 1995, our sales and investments were attributable to the sale of

computer software and investments related to oil, gas and mining.

On June 30, 1995, we became a development stage enterprise when we sold our assets. Since June 30, 1995, we have been in the developmental stage and until September 19, 2005 have had no operations other than issuing shares of common stock for financing the preparation of financial statements and for preparing filings for the SEC. In August 2001, we elected to file a Form 10-SB registration statement with the SEC on a voluntary basis in order to become a reporting company under the Exchange Act.

On December 29, 2005, we acquired all of the issued and outstanding capital stock of Rebel Crew Films, Inc., a California corporation ("Rebel Crew Films"), in consideration for the issuance of 21,207,080 shares of common stock (the "Purchase Price") to the shareholders of Rebel Crew Films. From the Purchase Price, 4,000,000 shares are held in escrow pending satisfaction of certain performance milestones. In addition, from the Purchase Price, 16,666,667 shares are subject to lock up agreements as follows: (a) 3,333,333 shares are subject to lockup agreements for one year; (b) 6,666,667 shares are subject to lockup agreements for two years; and (c) 6,666,667 shares, of which the 4,000,000 escrowed shares are a component, are subject to lockup agreements for three years.

In connection with the acquisition of Rebel Crew Films, on December 29, 2005 we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with one of the shareholders of Rebel Crew Films, Rebel Holdings, LLC, pursuant to which we purchased a \$556,307 principal amount loan receivable owed by Rebel Crew Films to Rebel Holdings, LLC in exchange for the issuance of a \$556,307 principal amount secured convertible note to Rebel Holdings, LLC. The secured convertible note accrues simple interest at the rate of 4.5%, matures on December 29, 2010 and is secured by all of our assets now owned or hereafter acquired. The secured convertible note is convertible into 500,000 shares of our common stock at the rate of \$1.112614 per share. Jay Rifkin, our Chief Executive Officer and one of our directors, is the sole managing member of Rebel Holdings, LLC.

Also in connection with the acquisition of Rebel Crew Films, Jay Rifkin and certain other of our shareholders entered into a voting agreement authorizing Mr. Rifkin to vote the shares of common stock owned by such parties to designate or elect a simple majority of our Board of Directors, one of whom will be Mr. Rifkin, and to designate or elect the remaining directors chosen by Milton "Todd" Ault, III, our former Chairman and Chief Executive Officer.

Rebel Crew Films was organized under the laws of the State of California on August 7, 2002 to distribute Latino home entertainment products. Rebel Crew Films currently maintains approximately 300 Spanish language films and plans to serve the nation's largest wholesale, retail, catalog, and e-commerce accounts.

The below description of our business includes the operations of our wholly owned subsidiary Rebel Crew Films.

OVERVIEW

We are an aggregator and distributor of programming content and a developer of multi-media technologies with operations concentrated primarily in the internet and television business segments.

Together with our subsidiaries, we are primarily engaged in the business of developing and distributing programming content, multi-media technologies, and advertising via the internet. We expect that within the next 12 months we will expand our advertising to video and music-on-demand ("VOD"), as well as other alternative music and video programming formats in the United States and internationally. We will focus a significant amount of our available resources to obtain the exclusive distribution rights for additional content through

development, acquisition or licensing arrangements.

1

We currently generate revenue through either licensing agreements with third parties that distribute our licensed content or through direct sales. Our typical licensing agreement consists of a three to five-year contract that carries a 15% - 50% royalty on gross sales of licensed product. We are currently expanding our sales force to focus on direct sales of our licensed content and expect to see a significant shift in revenues, which have historically been predominately from licensing agreements, to direct sales.

We believe that opportunities exist in the VOD space to reach a larger customer base for the distribution of our content as well as an opportunity to generate advertising revenue. We will actively pursue this potential source of revenue during the year ending December 31, 2006.

Our primary operations are conducted through our wholly owned subsidiary: Rebel Crew Films, Inc. In addition, we have focused and will continue to focus development efforts in our iCodemedia assets that we acquired on September 19, 2005. We are organized in a single operating segment with no long-lived assets outside of the United States of America. All of our revenues to date have been generated in the United States, but with the asset acquisitions of iCodemedia and PerreoRadio.com (described below) we expect a portion of our future revenues will be from other countries. Revenue sources could be from distribution of content, advertising and licensing.

REBEL CREW FILMS, INC.

Rebel Crew Films was founded in 2001 and our goal is to become a leading distributor of Latino home entertainment products. Developed to target Spanish speaking consumers who increasingly demand new Latino content and classic Spanish language movies, we offer producers and content-providers a flexible option to the larger Hollywood studio distributors and have emerged as a company that attracts premiere home entertainment products.

Our specialty orientation provides our content partners with focused attention and value-added marketing services that are not accessible from major Hollywood studios or rental product distributors. We currently maintain and distribute approximately 300 Spanish language films, of which we control the exclusive distribution rights to approximately 40. The films in which we control the exclusive distribution rights are expected to provide us with greater profit margins as we expand our direct sales force. We believe that the overall percentage of our titles, as compared to the total amount of titles that we distribute, will increase as this happens. Our content library currently consists of approximately 130 titles for which we directly control the distribution rights and as we expand our direct sales force and increase the number of customers that purchase content directly from us we believe that we will be able to effectively promote our content such that it will begin to represent a larger percentage of the total numbers of films that we distribute.

Our titles can be found at Wal-Mart, Best Buy, Blockbuster, K-Mart, and hundreds of independent video outlets across the United States of America and Canada. Our diverse Spanish language programming includes: new releases, classic Mexican cinema, animation, cult, sports, martial arts, family entertainment, and more.

On February 7, 2006, we entered into an asset purchase agreement with Matthew B. Stuart pursuant to which we purchased the following Internet domain names and all materials, intellectual property, goodwill and records in

connection therewith (the "Assets"): PerreoRadio.com, Radioperreo.com, Perreomobile.com, Perreotv.com, Puroperreo.com, Puroreggaeton.com, Purosandungueo.com, Sandungueoradio.com, Machetemusic.net, Machetemusic.org, Machetemusica.com and Musicamachete.com. As consideration for the Assets, we issued Mr. Stuart and his nominees an aggregate of 100,000 shares of common stock. All such shares of common stock are subject to lock up agreements as follows: 25,000 shares are subject to a lock up agreement for one year; 25,000 shares are subject to a lock up agreement for two years; and 50,000 shares are subject to a lock up agreement for three years.

On February 7, 2006, in accordance with the purchase of the Assets, we entered a three-year employment agreement with Mr. Stuart and granted Mr. Stuart options to acquire 400,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price equal to the closing price on the date of grant. The exercise of such options is subject to certain vesting provisions.

2

PerreoRadio.com is a Latino based community website that offers online radio shows from some of the top DJ's in the Reggaeton genre. Our intent is to become a recognized leader in the Spanish-language and Hispanic-targeted markets by capturing the top DJ's in this area and expanding into 12 - 15 markets to syndicate the shows. Currently, we operate in four markets: San Francisco, Los Angeles, Chicago and New York City.

ICODEMEDIA

On September 19, 2005, upon entering into an asset purchase agreement with Philip Gatch, our Chief Technology Officer, we completed the initial transaction to transform us from that of a development stage enterprise to a digital media and content delivery company. The assets purchased consisted of the iCodemedia suite of websites and internet properties and all related intellectual property (the "iCodemedia Assets"). The iCodemedia suite of websites consists of the websites www.icodemedia.com, www.iplaylist.com, www.tunecast.com, www.tunebucks.com, www.podpresskit.com and www.tunespromo.com. We plan to use these websites and the related intellectual property to provide a suite of applications and services to enable content creators the ability to publish and deliver content to existing and next generation digital media devices, such as the Apple iPod and the Sony PSP, based upon the consumers' expectation for broader and on-demand access to content and services.

Initially the Company plans to utilize the iCodemedia Assets for distribution of its content but ultimately the Company expects to license the technology to others for distribution of third-party content.

Ultimately, we intend to develop our iCodemedia Assets as an enterprise software publishing solution for next generation content delivery devices such as the Apple iPod, Sony Playstation and multimedia enabled mobile phones. We are developing a suite of applications and services that allow for the enterprise workflow management, processing, distribution and control of content for these next generation devices and for emerging content delivery platforms. The applications provide content producers, advertisers, and marketers new revenue models built around these emerging platforms with enhanced user data, reporting, and accountability.

Our strategy for the iCodemedia Assets is to pinpoint unexploited and unrealized market opportunities that emerge from this evolving media landscape and build solutions around them. In particular, the company is focusing on new markets that arise from the following sources:

 Podcasting (the distribution of audio or video files over the Internet for listening or viewing on mobile devices and personal computers); and

o Advertising

We will work with content developers, entertainment companies, advertising agencies, music talent, labels, reps, distributors, as well as software and engineering companies to address the needs and requirements of the next generation of content development delivery technologies.

We have focused on extending our marketing platform and access to Internet users beyond www.perreoradio.com through our distribution network of third party entities who have integrated our links to websites and through other co-branding opportunities.

We plan to utilize the proprietary assets from the iCodemedia asset acquisition to podcast not only the music videos created and produced by us but also our library of Spanish language films which we licensed or have purchased form third parties. Source content is available through www.perreoradio.com. The site also offers the ability to increase our presence through online traffic to Rebel Crew Films as well as offline through live events in the 12 - 15 markets that we will target.

CONTENT AND TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT

We will seek to enhance our product suite and content library through internal development and acquisition opportunities.

Our programming for PerreoRadio.com currently originates in four markets: Los Angeles, Chicago, New York City, and San Francisco. We intend that studio facilities in Marina Del Rey, CA will house our music library, facilities for programming origination, programming personnel and facilities to transmit programming in those markets.

3

Our development and production teams are located in Marina Del Rey, CA. We did not incur any product development expenses in the prior years but have begun to incur these expenses as a result of our initial music video production that is scheduled for release in May of 2006.

CUSTOMERS

For direct sales, our sales associates focus on small retail stores across the country. Currently, the sales force manages more than 1,100 active retail store customers. For other licensing activities, there are two companies: BCI Eclipse LLC, which has licensed approximately 20 titles: and VAS Entertainment/Rise Above Entertainment ("VAS/RA"), which has licensed approximately 20 titles from us. They function as manufacturers for our DVD inventory for those titles, as well as distributors to large retailers like Wal-Mart. The agreements with these companies consist of a term of three to five years granting the companies the right to manufacture, promote, and distribute the licensed movies for a 15% - 50% royalty on gross sales, depending on title. Besides our direct selling effort through telemarketing, we market our products by placing print ads in a variety of Latino trade magazines as well as through our website. We have a dedicated 1-800 toll free number for sales inquiries.

SUPPLIERS

We have three categories of suppliers - movie licensors, DVD

manufacturers, and finished goods suppliers. Movie licensors consist of Spanish-language movie license holders primarily from Mexico who enter licensing agreements with us to manufacture and distribute their movies. We are currently in contract with eight different licensors of content. From these agreements, we have manufactured approximately ten titles. Agreements with these companies consist of either a fixed license fee or a 40-60% royalty on net revenues for the right to manufacture, promote and distribute the films for four to five years, depending on title.

For the manufacture of DVDs, our principal supplier is a company called Reptek. We do not have a written agreement with this supplier. There is no dependency on this supplier as the supply of DVD manufacturing companies is broad and there are many potential firms that can be employed to supply our products.

For DVD titles not owned or licensed by us, a number of finished goods vendors are utilized. Among them are Ventura Distribution, Inc., Venevision International, Inc., Universal Music and Video Distribution, Inc. ("UMVD"), Lions Gate Entertainment Corp and Cozumel Films. Ventura Distribution currently supplies us with approximately 21 movies distributed by Unicine, a division of Univision Communications, Inc. Venevision International has the highest number of titles, providing us with approximately 51 films. UMVD currently supplies us with approximately 36 films and Cozumel Films provides us with three films. There are no written agreements with any of these companies to supply us with films.

We are currently expanding our sales force to focus on direct sales of our licensed content. We are shifting our efforts on direct selling due to two primary reasons: (1) poor reliability of third party distributors generally to pay royalties on time; and (2) to eliminate dependence on third party distributors to distribute our product as one of many other products they also sell.

MARKETING

We market our products and services through a broad array of programs and media formats, including video, internet, advertising campaigns, telemarketing, print advertisements, retail distribution, and web advertising. Other marketing strategies include online and offline cross-promotion and co-branding with a wide variety of partners.

COMPETITION

We operate in the market for media products, services and content development and delivery, which is a highly competitive market characterized by rapid change, converging technologies, and increasing competition from companies offering communication, video, music, on-demand information and entertainment services integrated into other products and media properties. Globally, our most significant competition is from Univision Communications, Inc. and Navarre Corp.

4

The principal competitive factors relating to attracting and retaining users include the quality and relevance of our advertising; the effectiveness and efficiency of our marketing services; the accessibility, integration and personalization of the online services that we offer on our website; and the creativity of the marketing solutions that we offer.

We also face competition from companies focused on markets where expertise in a particular segment of the market (e.g., radio, internet, television) may

provide them a competitive advantage.

Although accurate numbers are difficult to obtain due to the hesitation of privately owned distribution companies to divulge sales figures, an independent study by Estrenos magazine (a Latin Entertainment Trade Journal) estimates that the Latino home video distribution market for the first six months of 2005 sold more than three million units in the United States. According to Estrenos magazine, of that number three distributors accounted for approximately 80% of those sales - Laguna Films (43%), Ventura/Studio Latino (26%), and Xenon/Televisa (13%) (data provided by each distributor or source). Other participants in the Latino home video distribution market include Image Entertainment (7%), Latin Vision (5%), Brentwood Home Video (3%), Pro-Active Entertainment (2%), and Vanguard Latino (1%) (Source: Estros magazine, September/October 2005). Based on these sales performance figures, our monthly sales average currently represents approximately 1.25% of the monthly average of DVD sales volume in the Latino video entertainment industry

Additionally, major U.S. movie studios have ventured into servicing the Latino home video market as well, selling approximately 1.5 million units in the first half of 2005. Of that amount, approximately 60% of sales were dominated by three studios - MGM Home Entertainment (26%), Columbia Tri-Star (18%) and Lions Gate Films (16%). Other such competitors include UMVD/Visual Entertainment (12%), BVHE/Disney (8%), Warner Home Video (8%), and Fox Home Entertainment (3%) (Source: Estros magazine, September/October 2005).

We also compete with retail music and video stores, including online stores, dominated by large companies such as Netflix, Blockbuster, Trans World Entertainment, and Movie Gallery Inc.

We may also face competition from businesses that have announced plans to deliver entertainment and media content through cell phones and other wireless devices. Sprint Nextel, Comcast, Time Warner Cable, Cox Communications and Advance/Newhouse Communications recently announced they are forming a joint venture to work toward accelerating the convergence of video entertainment, wireline and wireless data and communications products and services to provide customers throughout the United States access to advanced integrated entertainment, including streaming television programming, music, video clips, games and pre-recorded DVR programs, communications and wireless products.

We believe that we can effectively compete in the Latino home video markets primarily by offering competitive prices on a wide variety of quality titles through direct selling efforts targeted at retail stores across the entire United States.

SEASONALITY

Our performance may be affected by seasonal revenue fluctuations and variation in demand between local and national advertisers. The Company's revenues may vary throughout the year. As is typical in the distribution of content, the first calendar quarter generally produces the lowest revenues.

GOVERNMENT REGULATION

We are not aware of any existing or probable governmental regulations that may have a material effect on the normal operations of our business. There also are no relevant environmental laws that require compliance by us that may have a material effect on the normal operations of the business.

EMPLOYEES

As of March 27, 2006, we employed 14 full time employees and 2 part time employees. None of our employees are covered by a collective bargaining agreement. We believe that relations with our employees are good.

AVAILABLE INFORMATION

We file with or submit to the SEC annual, quarterly and current periodic reports, proxy statements and other information meeting the informational requirements of the Exchange Act. You may inspect and copy these reports, proxy statements and other information, as well as the registration statement and related exhibits and schedules, at the Public Reference Room of the SEC at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. You may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. The SEC maintains an Internet website that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information filed electronically by us with the SEC which are available on the SEC's website at http://www.sec.gov. Copies of these reports, proxy and information statements and other information get, by electronic request at the following e-mail address: publicinfo@sec.gov, or by writing the SEC's Public Reference Section, 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549.

RISK FACTORS

Our business involves a high degree of risk. Potential investors should carefully consider the risks and uncertainties described below and the other information in this report before deciding whether to invest in shares of our common stock. Each of the following risks may materially and adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition. These risks may cause the market price of our common stock to decline, which may cause you to lose all or a part of the money you paid to buy our common stock.

RISKS RELATED TO OUR BUSINESS

WE HAVE A HISTORY OF LOSSES WHICH MAY CONTINUE AND WHICH MAY NEGATIVELY IMPACT OUR ABILITY TO ACHIEVE OUR BUSINESS OBJECTIVES AND OUR FINANCIAL RESULTS.

For the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, we generated revenues of \$334,110 and \$27,963, respectively, and incurred net losses of \$357,561 and \$37,643, respectively. At December 31, 2005, we had a working capital surplus of \$32,276 and an accumulated deficit of \$397,862. Our failure to increase our revenues significantly or improve our gross margins will harm our business. Even if we do achieve profitability, we may not be able to sustain or increase profitability on a quarterly or annual basis in the future. If our revenues grow more slowly than we anticipate, our gross margins fail to improve, or our operating expenses exceed our expectations, our operating results will suffer. If we are unable to sell or license our products at acceptable prices relative to our costs, or if we fail to develop and introduce on a timely basis new products from which we can derive additional revenues, our financial results will suffer.

OUR LICENSE REVENUES ARE DEPENDENT UPON THE REVENUES OF OUR CUSTOMERS. IF THE CONTENT WHICH WE LICENSE TO CUSTOMERS IS NOT USED IN VIDEOS WHICH BECOME POPULAR AMONG THE VIEWING PUBLIC, OUR REVENUES MAY DECLINE.

We generate revenue through either licensing agreements with third parties that distribute our licensed content or through direct sales. Our typical licensing agreement consists of a three to five-year contract that carries a 15% - 50% royalty on gross sales of licensed product. If the content which we license to customers is not used in videos which become popular among the viewing public, our revenues may decline. 6

OUR OPERATING SUBSIDIARY REBEL CREW FILMS HAS A LIMITED OPERATING HISTORY AND THEREFORE WE CANNOT ENSURE THE LONG-TERM SUCCESSFUL OPERATION OF OUR BUSINESS OR THE EXECUTION OF OUR BUSINESS PLAN.

Our operating subsidiary Rebel Crew Films was organized under the laws of the State of California on August 7, 2002. Because Rebel Crew Films has a limited operating history, our prospects must be considered in light of the risks, expenses and difficulties frequently encountered by growing companies in evolving markets, such as the Latino home video distribution market in which we operate. While to date we have not experienced these problems, we must meet many challenges including:

- Establishing and maintaining broad market acceptance of our products and converting that acceptance into direct and indirect sources of revenue;
- Establishing and maintaining our brand name;
- o Timely and successfully developing new content and films;
- Developing content that results in high popularity among the viewing public;
- o Developing and maintaining strategic relationships to enhance the distribution and features of our video content.

Our business strategy may be unsuccessful and we may be unable to address the risks we face in a cost-effective manner, if at all. If we are unable to successfully address these risks our business will be harmed and we may experience a decrease in revenues.

IF WE ARE UNABLE TO LICENSE OR ACQUIRE COMPELLING CONTENT AT REASONABLE COSTS OR IF WE DO NOT DEVELOP COMPELLING CONTENT, THE NUMBER OF USERS OF OUR SERVICES MAY NOT GROW AS ANTICIPATED, OR MAY DECLINE, WHICH COULD HARM OUR OPERATING RESULTS.

Our future success depends in part upon our ability to aggregate compelling content and deliver that content through our online and other multi-media properties and programming and delivery technologies. We distribute some of the content that we license on our online properties, such as audio and video content from third parties. We have been providing increasing amounts of audio and video content to our users as reflected in the increase in direct sales of our content and we believe that users will increasingly demand high-quality audio and video content, such as music, film, and other special events. Such content may require us to make substantial payments to third parties from whom we license or acquire such content. For example, our entertainment properties rely on film producers and distributors, and other organizations for a large portion of the content available on our properties. Our ability to maintain and build relationships with third-party content providers will be critical to our success. In addition, as new methods for accessing and delivering content through media formats becomes available, including through alternative devices, we may need to enter into amended content agreements with existing third-party content providers to cover the new devices. We may be unable to enter into new, or preserve existing, relationships with the third parties whose content we seek to obtain. In addition, as competition for compelling content increases both domestically and internationally, our content providers may increase the prices at which they offer their content to us, and potential content providers may not offer their content on terms agreeable to

us. An increase in the prices charged to us by third-party content providers could harm our operating results and financial condition. Further, some of our content licenses with third parties may be non-exclusive. Accordingly, content providers and other media sources such as radio or television may be able to offer similar or identical content and technologies. This increases the importance of our ability to deliver compelling content and media technologies in order to differentiate from other businesses. If we are unable to license or acquire compelling content at reasonable prices, if other companies acquire develop and/or distribute content that is similar to or the same as that provided by us, or if we do not develop compelling content or media technologies, the number of users of our services may not grow as anticipated, or may decline, which could harm our operating results.

7

WE MAY INCUR SUBSTANTIAL COSTS ENFORCING OUR INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS AND ANY DIFFICULTY WITH ENFORCING SUCH RIGHTS MAY CAUSE OUR RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL CONDITION TO SUFFER.

The decreasing cost of electronic and computer equipment and related technology has made it easier to create unauthorized versions of audio and audiovisual products such as compact discs, videotapes and DVDs. Similarly, advances in Internet technology have increasingly made it possible for computer users to share audio and audiovisual information without the permission of the copyright owners and without paying royalties to holders of applicable intellectual property or other rights. Unauthorized copies and piracy of these products compete against legitimate sales of these products. Our revenues are derived from our licensed video content that is potentially subject to unauthorized copying and widespread, uncompensated dissemination on the Internet. If our proprietary video content is copied and distributed without authorization we may incur substantial costs enforcing our intellectual property rights. If we fail to obtain appropriate relief or enforcement through the judicial process, or if we fail to develop effective means of protecting our intellectual property, our results of operations and financial condition may suffer.

OUR CONTENT ASSETS MAY NOT BE COMMERCIALLY SUCCESSFUL WHICH WOULD CAUSE OUR REVENUES TO DECLINE.

Our revenue comes from the production and distribution of video content for use in Latino home video. The success of content offerings depends primarily upon their acceptance by the public, which is difficult to predict. The market for these products is highly competitive and competing products are often released into the marketplace at the same time. The commercial success of a video production depends on several variable factors, including the quality and acceptance of competing offerings released into the marketplace at or near the same time and the availability of alternative forms of entertainment and leisure time activities. Our business is particularly dependent on the success of a limited number of releases, and the commercial failure of just a few of these releases can have a significant adverse impact on results. Our failure to obtain broad consumer appeal in the Latino community could materially harm our business, financial condition and prospects for growth.

FAILURE TO PROPERLY MANAGE OUR POTENTIAL GROWTH POTENTIAL WOULD BE DETRIMENTAL TO HOLDERS OF OUR SECURITIES.

Since we have limited operating history and our total assets at December 31, 2005 consisted only of \$54,518 in cash and total current assets of \$502,727, any significant growth will place considerable strain on our financial resources and increase demands on our management and on our operational and administrative

systems, controls and other resources. There can be no assurance that our existing personnel, systems, procedures or controls will be adequate to support our operations in the future or that we will be able to successfully implement appropriate measures consistent with our growth strategy. As part of this growth, we may have to implement new operational and financial systems, procedures and controls to expand, train and manage our employees and maintain close coordination among our technical, accounting, finance, marketing, sales and editorial staff. We cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so, or that if we are able to do so, we will be able to effectively integrate them into our existing staff and systems. We may fail to adequately manage our anticipated future growth. We will also need to continue to attract, retain and integrate personnel in all aspects of our operations. Failure to manage our growth effectively could hurt our business.

IF WE DO NOT MAINTAIN THE CONTINUED SERVICE OF OUR EXECUTIVE OFFICERS, WE MAY NEVER DEVELOP BUSINESS OPERATIONS.

Our success is dependent upon the continued service of our current executive officers. To date, we have entered into a written employment agreement with Jay Rifkin, our Chief Executive Officer, and Philip Gatch, our Chief Technology Officer, and none of our other executive officers. We do not have key man life insurance on any of our executive officers. While none of our executive officers currently has any definitive plans to retire or leave our company in the near future, any of such persons could decide to leave us at any time to pursue other opportunities. The loss of services of any of our executive management team could cause us to lose revenue.

8

RISKS RELATED TO OUR COMMON STOCK

OUR HISTORIC STOCK PRICE HAS BEEN VOLATILE AND THE FUTURE MARKET PRICE FOR OUR COMMON STOCK IS LIKELY TO CONTINUE TO BE VOLATILE. FURTHER, THE LIMITED MARKET FOR OUR SHARES WILL MAKE OUR PRICE MORE VOLATILE. THIS MAY MAKE IT DIFFICULT FOR YOU TO SELL OUR COMMON STOCK FOR A POSITIVE RETURN ON YOUR INVESTMENT.

The public market for our common stock has historically been very volatile. Over the past two fiscal years, the market price for our common stock as quoted on the OTC Bulletin Board has ranged from \$0.06 to \$2.05. The closing sale price for our common stock on March 27, 2006 was \$1.30 per share. Any future market price for our shares is likely to continue to be very volatile. This price volatility may make it more difficult for you to sell shares when you want at prices you find attractive. We do not know of any one particular factor that has caused volatility in our stock price. However, the stock market in general has experienced extreme price and volume fluctuations that have often been unrelated or disproportionate to the operating performance of companies. Broad market factors and the investing public's negative perception of our business may reduce our stock price, regardless of our operating performance. Further, the market for our common stock is limited and we cannot assure you that a larger market will ever be developed or maintained. The average daily trading volume of our common stock has historically been insignificant. Market fluctuations and volatility, as well as general economic, market and political conditions, could reduce our market price. As a result, this may make it difficult or impossible for you to sell our common stock or to sell our common stock for a positive return on your investment.

OUR COMMON STOCK IS SUBJECT TO THE "PENNY STOCK" RULES OF THE SEC AND THE TRADING MARKET IN OUR SECURITIES IS LIMITED, WHICH MAKES TRANSACTIONS IN OUR STOCK CUMBERSOME AND MAY REDUCE THE VALUE OF AN INVESTMENT IN OUR STOCK.

The SEC has adopted Rule 3a51-1 which establishes the definition of a "penny stock," for the purposes relevant to us, as any equity security that has a market price of less than \$5.00 per share or with an exercise price of less than \$5.00 per share, subject to certain exceptions. For any transaction involving a penny stock, unless exempt, Rule 15g-9 requires:

- o that a broker or dealer approve a person's account for transactions in penny stocks; and
- o the broker or dealer receive from the investor a written agreement to the transaction, setting forth the identity and quantity of the penny stock to be purchased.

In order to approve a person's account for transactions in penny stocks, the broker or dealer must:

- o obtain financial information and investment experience objectives of the person; and
- o make a reasonable determination that the transactions in penny stocks are suitable for that person and the person has sufficient knowledge and experience in financial matters to be capable of evaluating the risks of transactions in penny stocks.

The broker or dealer must also deliver, prior to any transaction in a penny stock, a disclosure schedule prescribed by the SEC relating to the penny stock market, which, in highlight form:

- o sets forth the basis on which the broker or dealer made the suitability determination; and
- o that the broker or dealer received a signed, written agreement from the investor prior to the transaction.

Disclosure also has to be made about the risks of investing in penny stocks in both public offerings and in secondary trading and about the commissions payable to both the broker-dealer and the registered representative, current quotations for the securities and the rights and remedies available to an investor in cases of fraud in penny stock transactions. Finally, monthly statements have to be sent disclosing recent price information for the penny stock held in the account and information on the limited market in penny stocks.

Generally, brokers may be less willing to execute transactions in securities subject to the "penny stock" rules. This may make it more difficult for investors to dispose of our common stock and cause a decline in the market value of our stock.

9

ITEM 2. DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

We lease our principal executive office located at 4143 Glencoe Avenue, Marina Del Rey, California 90292. The leased office space is approximately 3,800 rentable square feet. The lease contract term is seven years and two months commencing August 1, 2005 and ending September 30, 2012. Base rent under the lease is \$5,890 per month payable on the first day of each month commencing August 15, 2005. Additionally, the first two months (August to September 2005) had a base rent of \$8,835 and a security deposit of \$5,890 was required upon signing.

ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

We are not a party to any pending legal proceeding, nor is our property the subject of a pending legal proceeding, that is not in the ordinary course of business or otherwise material to the financial condition of our business. None of our directors, officers or affiliates is involved in a proceeding adverse to our business or has a material interest adverse to our business.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS.

No matter was submitted to a vote of security holders during the fourth quarter of the fiscal year covered by this report.

PART II

ITEM 5. MARKET FOR COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS.

MARKET INFORMATION

Our common stock is currently quoted on the OTC Bulletin Board under the symbol "DGCO." For the periods indicated, the following table sets forth the high and low sales prices per share of common stock. These prices represent inter-dealer quotations without retail markup, markdown, or commission and may not necessarily represent actual transactions.

	Fisca	al 20	006	Fisca	al 20	05	Fiscal	L 2	004
Fiscal Quarter	 High		Low	 High		Low	 High		Lo
First Quarter Ended March 31	\$ 2.05	\$	1.10	\$ 0.35	\$	0.13	\$ 0.13	\$	0.
Second Quarter Ended June 30	\$ 	\$		\$ 0.45	\$	0.18	\$ 0.18	\$	Ο.
Third Quarter Ended September 30	\$ 	\$		\$ 1.37	\$	0.20	\$ 0.35	\$	Ο.
Fourth Quarter Ended December 31	\$ 	\$		\$ 1.90	\$	0.65	\$ 0.35	\$	0.

HOLDERS

As of March 27, 2006, our shares of common stock were held by approximately 289 stockholders of record.

DIVIDENDS

We have not declared any dividends to date. We have no present intention of paying any cash dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future, as we intend to use earnings, if any, to generate growth. The payment by us of dividends, if any, in the future, rests within the discretion of our Board of Directors and will depend, among other things, upon our earnings, our capital requirements and our financial condition, as well as other relevant factors. There are no restrictions in our articles of incorporation or bylaws that restrict us from declaring dividends.

RECENT SALES OF UNREGISTERED SECURITIES

We sold the following equity securities during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005 that were not registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act").

All of the below unregistered issuances of securities were made pursuant

to the exemptions from registration requirements provided by Section 4(2) of the Securities Act and/or Regulation D, promulgated thereunder. Except as expressly set forth below the individuals and entities to which we issued securities are unaffiliated with us. For each of such sales, no advertising or general solicitation was employed in offering the securities. The offerings and sales were made to a limited number of persons, all of whom were accredited investors, business associates of ours or our executive officers, and transfer was restricted by us in accordance with the requirements of the Securities Act. For each transaction exempt pursuant to Regulation D, each of the below security holders who were not our executive officers represented that the are accredited and sophisticated investors, that they are capable of analyzing the merits and risks of their investment, and that they understand the speculative nature of their investment. Furthermore, all of the below-referenced persons had access to our Securities and Exchange Commission filings.

10

All warrants described below generally expire five years from the date of grant and all options described below expire ten years from the date of grant.

On May 18, 2005, we sold 2,941,176 shares of common stock and warrants (the "May Warrants") to purchase an aggregate of 3,000,000 shares of common stock with exercise prices ranging from \$0.25 to \$1.50 per share to Bodnar Capital Management, LLC ("Bodnar Capital"). On October 27, 2005, we entered into an agreement with Bodnar Capital to cancel the May Warrants in exchange for the issuance of a warrant to purchase 500,000 shares of common stock with a an exercise price of \$0.01 per share exercisable for a period of five years. On November 2, 2005, Bodnar Capital exercised its warrant for cash and we issued Bodnar Capital 500,000 shares of common stock. The issuance of these securities was exempt from registration requirements pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act and Rule 506 promulgated thereunder.

On July 20, 2005, as consideration for investor relation consulting services, we granted options to Steve Jafarzadeh to purchase 100,000 shares of common stock with an exercise price of 0.25 per share. 25,000 of these options have vested and the remaining 75,000 options were cancelled on December 29, 2005. This grant was exempt from registration requirement pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.

On July 20, 2005, as consideration for business development consulting services, we granted options to Nicolas Soichet to purchase 100,000 shares of common stock with an exercise price of 0.25 per share. 50,000 of these options have vested and the remaining 50,000 options were cancelled on December 29, 2005. This grant was exempt from registration requirement pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.

On July 20, 2005, as consideration for service on our Board of Directors, we granted to each of Melanie Glazer, Alice M. Campbell, Darrell Grimsley, Lynne Silverstein and William B. Horne options to purchase 250,000 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$0.25 per share. 62,500 of such options vested to Ms. Glazer, 250,000 vested to Ms. Campbell, 62,500 vested to Mr. Grimsley, 75,000 vested to Ms. Silverstein, 200,000 vested to Mr. Horne, and the remaining options of such individuals were cancelled on December 29, 2005. The issuance of these stock options was exempt from registration requirements pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.

On July 20, 2005, as consideration for service as Chairman of our Audit Committee, we granted Alice M. Campbell options to purchase 100,000 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$0.25 per share. All of these stock options are vested. The issuance of these stock options was exempt from

registration requirements pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.

On July 20, 2005, as consideration for service as a member of our Audit Committee, we granted Melanie Glazer options to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$0.25 per share. 12,500 of such options have vested and the remaining options were cancelled upon Ms. Glazer's resignation from the Board of Directors on December 29, 2005. The issuance of these stock options was exempt from registration requirements pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.

On July 20, 2005, as consideration for service as our Chief Executive Officer, we granted Milton "Todd" Ault, III options to purchase 2,000,000 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$0.25 per share. These stock options vest quarterly over two years beginning September 30, 2005. Effective September 30, 2005, the Board of Directors accelerated the vesting of 475,000 of such options and fixed the expiration date of the options to 18 months after completing the acquisition of Rebel Crew Films. The remaining stock options were cancelled upon Mr. Ault resigning as an officer and director. The issuance of these stock options was exempt from registration requirements pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.

On July 20, 2005, as consideration for service as our President of Operations, we granted Kathryn Queen options to purchase 750,000 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$0.25 per share. 237,500 of these options have vested and the remaining options were cancelled upon Ms. Queen's resignation on December 29, 2005. Also on July 20, 2005, as an incentive bonus, subject to certain milestones being achieved prior to December 31, 2006, we agreed to grant Ms. Queen options to purchase 750,000 shares of common stock. These stock options were cancelled upon Ms. Queen's resignation on December 29, 2005. The issuance of these stock options was exempt from registration requirements pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.

11

On July 20, 2005, as consideration for service as our Chief Technology Officer, we granted Philip Gatch options to purchase 250,000 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$0.25 per share. All of these options are vested. Also on July 20, 2005, we agreed to issue restricted stock valued at \$12,500 quarterly during the three-year term of his employment as Chief Technology Officer. The issuance of these stock options was exempt from registration requirements pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.

On July 20, 2005, as consideration for service as our Chief Financial Officer, we granted William B. Horne options to purchase 250,000 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$0.25 per share. 200,000 of these options are vested and the remaining 50,000 were cancelled. The issuance of these stock options was exempt from registration requirements pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.

On July 20, 2005, as consideration for service as our Controller, we granted Jeanne Olsky options to purchase 100,000 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$0.25 per share. These stock options vest quarterly over two years beginning September 30, 2005. 50,000 of these options have vested and the remaining options were cancelled upon Ms. Olsky's resignation on December 29, 2005. The issuance of these stock options was exempt from registration requirements pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.

On July 20, 2005, as consideration for service as the our Corporate Secretary, we granted Lynne Silverstein options to purchase 150,000 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$0.25 per share. These stock options vest

quarterly over two years beginning September 30, 2005. 37,500 of these options have vested and the remaining options were cancelled upon Ms. Silverstein's resignation on December 29, 2005. The issuance of these stock options was exempt from registration requirements pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.

On July 20, 2005, as consideration for consulting services valued at \$11,563.59, we granted Sothi Thillairajah warrants to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$0.25 per share. 50% of these warrants vested on July 20, 2005 and the remaining 50% vested on September 30, 2005. The issuance of these warrants was exempt from registration requirements pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.

On September 19, 2005, we purchased the certain website domain names and related intellectual property from Phlip Gatch, our Chief Technology Officer. As consideration for these assets we issued Mr. Gatch 1,000,000 shares of common stock. The issuance of these shares to Mr. Gatch was exempt from registration requirements pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act and Rule 506 promulgated thereunder.

On September 30, 2005, we granted Jay Rifkin, our Chief Executive Officer, options to purchase 4,400,000 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$0.85 per share, which stock options vest annually over a period of three years from the date of closing the acquisition of Rebel Crew Films. The issuance of these stock options was exempt from registration requirements pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.

On September 30, 2005, we granted Cesar Chatel, as President of Rebel Crew Films, options to purchase 800,000 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$0.85 per share, which stock options vest annually over a period of three years from the date of closing the acquisition of Rebel Crew Films. The issuance of these stock options was exempt from registration requirements pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.

On September 30, 2005, we granted Oscar Carreno, as Director of Sales of Rebel Crew Films, options to purchase 150,000 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$0.85 per share, which stock options vest annually over a period of four years from the date of closing the acquisition of Rebel Crew Films. The issuance of these stock options was exempt from registration requirements pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.

On September 30, 2005, we granted Ian Monsod, as Manager of Operations of Rebel Crew Films, options to purchase 125,000 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$0.85 per share, which stock options vest annually over a period of four years from the date of closing the acquisition of Rebel Crew Films. The issuance of these stock options was exempt from registration requirements pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.

On September 30, 2005, as consideration for M&A advisory services in connection with the acquisition of Rebel Crew Films, Inc., we granted Aegis Equity LLC warrants to purchase 300,000 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$0.65 per share which were valued at \$325,871.59. The issuance of these warrants was exempt from registration requirements pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.

On December 29, 2005, we granted Alan Morelli warrants to purchase 250,000 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$0.145 per share, which warrants vested immediately. These warrants were issued to Mr. Morelli as compensation for advisory services rendered in connection with structuring the acquisition of Rebel Crew Films. The issuance of these stock options was exempt from registration requirements pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.

12

On December 29, 2005, we issued Rebel Holdings, LLC 19,086,372 shares of common stock as compensation for its 90% equity interest in Rebel Crew Films. Jay Rifkin, our Chief Executive Officer and one of our directors, is the sole managing member of Rebel Holdings, LLC. 3,600,000 of such shares are held in escrow pending satisfaction of certain performance milestones through March 31, 2007. This issuance was exempt from registration requirements pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act and Rule 506 promulgated thereunder.

On December 29, 2005, we issued Cesar Chatel 2,120,708 shares of common stock as compensation for his 10% equity interest in Rebel Crew Films. Mr. Chatel is President of Rebel Crew Films. 400,000 of such shares are held in escrow pending satisfaction of certain performance milestones through March 31, 2007. This issuance was exempt from registration requirements pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act and Rule 506 promulgated thereunder.

On December 29, 2005 we issued a \$556,307 principal amount secured convertible note to Rebel Holdings, LLC in exchange for a \$556,307 loan receivable owed by Rebel Crew Films to Rebel Holdings, LLC. The secured convertible note is convertible into 500,000 shares of common stock at the rate of \$1.112614 per share. Jay Rifkin, our Chief Executive Officer and one of our directors, is the sole managing member of Rebel Holdings, LLC.

On December 29, 2005, we granted Alan Morelli, as a director nominee, options to purchase 350,000 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$1.50 per share, which stock options vest annually over a period of three years from the date Mr. Morelli's board appointment was effective, March 26, 2006. The issuance of these stock options was exempt from registration requirements pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.

On December 29, 2005, we granted David M. Kaye, as a director nominee, options to purchase 350,000 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$1.50 per share, which stock options vest annually over a period of three years from the date Mr. Kaye's board appointment was effective, March 26, 2006. The issuance of these stock options was exempt from registration requirements pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.

On December 29, 2005, we issued 530,000 shares of common stock to Aegis Equity LLC as additional consideration for M&A advisory services in connection with the acquisition of Rebel Crew Films, Inc., valued at \$795,000. The issuance of these shares was exempt from registration requirements pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.

On December 29, 2005, we issued 300,000 shares of common stock to Elizabeth Gaynes as consideration for M&A advisory services in connection with the acquisition of Rebel Crew Films, Inc., valued at \$450,000. The issuance of these shares was exempt from registration requirements pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.

ITEM 6. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATION.

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our financial statements and the related notes thereto contained elsewhere in this Form 10-KSB. This discussion contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. All statements regarding future events, our future financial performance and operating results, our business strategy and our financing plans are forward-looking statements. In many cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology, such as "may," "should," "expects," "intends," "plans," "anticipates," "believes," "estimates," "predicts," "potential," or

"continue" or the negative of such terms and other comparable terminology. These statements are only predictions. Known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors could cause our actual results to differ materially from those projected in any forward-looking statements. In evaluating these statements, you should specifically consider various factors, including, but not limited to, those set forth under "Risk Factors" appearing under "Item 1. Description of Business." and elsewhere in this report on Form 10-KSB.

The following "Overview" section is a brief summary of the significant issues addressed in this Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A"). Investors should read the relevant sections of the MD&A for a complete discussion of the issues summarized below. The entire MD&A should be read in conjunction with Item 7. Financial Statements and supplementary information appearing elsewhere in this Form 10-KSB.

OVERVIEW

On June 30, 1995, Digicorp, a Utah corporation, (referred to herein as the "Company," "we," "us," and "our") became a development stage enterprise when we sold our assets. Until September 19, 2005 we had no operations other than issuing shares of common stock for financing the preparation of financial statements and for preparing filings for the SEC.

13

On September 19, 2005, the Company entered into an asset purchase agreement with Philip Gatch, the Company's Chief Technology Officer, and thereby completed the purchase of certain assets from Mr. Gatch consisting of the iCodemedia suite of websites and internet properties and all related intellectual property (the "iCodemedia Assets"). The iCodemedia suite of websites consists of the websites www.icodemedia.com, www.iplaylist.com, www.tunecast.com, www.tunebucks.com, www.podpresskit.com and www.tunespromo.com.

On December 29, 2005, we acquired all of the issued and outstanding capital stock of Rebel Crew Films in consideration for the issuance of 21,207,080 shares of common stock to the shareholders of Rebel Crew Films. Rebel Crew Films was organized under the laws of the State of California on August 7, 2002 to distribute Latino home entertainment products. Rebel Crew Films currently maintains approximately 300 Spanish language films and plans to serve the nation's largest wholesale, retail, catalog, and e-commerce accounts.

We are primarily engaged in the business of developing, marketing and distributing programming content, multi-media technologies, and advertising via the internet. We expect that within the next 12 months we will expand our advertising to video and music-on-demand ("VOD"), and other alternative music and video programming formats in the United States and internationally. We will focus a significant amount of our available resources to obtain the exclusive distribution rights for additional content through development, acquisition or licensing arrangements.

We currently generate the majority our revenue through direct sales of our film content. In the past we generated the majority of our revenue from licensing agreements which consisted of a three to five-year contract that carried a 15% - 50% royalty on gross sales of licensed product. We are currently expanding our sales force to focus on direct sales of our licensed content and expect to see a significant shift in revenues, which have historically been predominately from licensing agreements, to direct sales.

Our primary operations are conducted through our wholly owned subsidiary: Rebel Crew Films, Inc. In addition, we have focused and will continue to focus

development efforts in our iCodemedia assets that we acquired on September 19, 2005.

Rebel Crew Films was founded in 2001 and our goal is to become a leading distributor of Latino home entertainment products. Developed to target Spanish speaking consumers who increasingly demand new Latino content and classic Spanish language movies, we offer producers and content-providers a flexible option to the larger Hollywood studio distributors and have emerged as a company that attracts premiere home entertainment products.

We currently maintain and distribute approximately 300 Spanish language films. Our titles can be found at Wal-Mart, Best Buy, Blockbuster, K-Mart, and hundreds of independent video outlets across the United States of America and Canada. Our diverse programming includes: new releases, classic Mexican cinema, animation, cult, sports, martial arts, family entertainment, and more.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

The below discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations is based upon the accompanying financial statements. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements. Critical accounting policies are those that are both important to the presentation of our financial condition and results of operations and require management's most difficult, complex, or subjective judgments. Our most critical accounting policy relates to the assessment of impairment of our intangible assets.

We assess the impairment of intangible assets when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of the assets or the asset grouping may not be recoverable. Factors that we consider in deciding when to perform an impairment review include significant under-performance of a product line in relation to expectations, significant negative industry or economic trends, and significant changes or planned changes in our use of the assets. Recoverability of intangible assets that will continue to be used in our operations is measured by comparing the carrying amount of the asset grouping to our estimate of the related total future net cash flows. If an asset grouping's carrying value is not recoverable through the related cash flows, the asset grouping is considered to be impaired. The impairment is measured by the difference between the asset grouping's carrying amount and its fair value, based on the best information available, including market prices or discounted cash flow analysis. Impairments of intangible assets are determined for groups of assets related to the lowest level of identifiable independent cash flows. Due to our limited operating history and the early stage of development of some of our intangible assets, we must make subjective judgments in determining the independent cash flows that can be related to specific asset groupings. To date we have not recognized impairments on any of our intangible assets.

14

ACCOUNTING DEVELOPMENTS

In December 2004, Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 123(R), "Share-Based Payment," which addresses the accounting for employee stock options, was issued. SFAS 123(R) revises the disclosure provisions of SFAS 123, "Accounting for Stock Based Compensation" and supersedes Accounting Principles Board ("APB") Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees." SFAS 123(R) requires that the cost of all employee stock options, as well as other equity-based compensation arrangements, be reflected in the financial statements

based on the estimated fair value of the awards. This statement is effective for us as of the beginning of the first interim or annual reporting period that begins after December 15, 2005. Since we had no outstanding options as of December 31, 2004, SFAS 123(R) would have had no impact on our financial statements had we elected to adopt the provisions of 123(R) in an earlier period.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Our total assets were \$1,430,921 at December 31, 2005 versus \$195,981 at December 31, 2004. The change in total assets is primarily attributable to increases in every asset class as a result of our acquisition of Rebel Crew Films which resulted in an increase in our assets of approximately \$750,000.

On December 29, 2005, we completed the acquisition of Rebel Crew Films. Pursuant to the stock purchase agreement, we acquired all of the outstanding equity stock of Rebel Crew Films from the Rebel Crew Films Shareholders. As consideration for the acquisition we agreed to issue 21,207,080 shares of our common stock (the "Purchase Price") to the shareholders of Rebel Crew Films. In connection with the acquisition of Rebel Crew Films, on December 29, 2005 we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with one of the shareholders of Rebel Crew Films, Rebel Holdings, LLC, a California limited liability company ("Rebel Holdings"), pursuant to which we purchased a \$556,307 principal amount loan receivable owed by Rebel Crew Films to Rebel Holdings, LLC in exchange for the issuance of a \$556,307 principal amount secured convertible note to Rebel Holdings, LLC. The secured convertible note accrues simple interest at the rate of 4.5%, matures on December 29, 2010 and is secured by all of our assets now owned or hereafter acquired. The secured convertible note is convertible into 500,000 shares of our common stock at the rate of \$1.112614 per share. Jay Rifkin, our Chief Executive Officer and one of our directors, is the sole managing member of Rebel Holdings, LLC. Following completion of the acquisition our previous shareholders now own 14,700,104 common shares. Upon completion of the merger, Rebel Crew Films shareholders owned approximately 57.7% of the outstanding shares of common stock of Digicorp. For accounting purposes the transaction is considered to be a recapitalization where Digicorp is the surviving legal entity, and Rebel Crew Films is considered to be the accounting acquirer. Accordingly, the historical financial statements prior to December 29, 2005 are those of Rebel Crew Films. Following the acquisition, Digicorp changed its fiscal year end from June 30 to December 31.

The remaining increase in our assets is attributed to monies borrowed during the year from Rebel Holdings and the sole member of Rebel Holdings, who is also our Chief Executive Officer of \$519,321 and \$73,000, respectively. At December 31, 2005 and December 31, 2004, the Company had a combined liability of \$629,307 and \$48,986, respectively, due to either Rebel Holdings or the sole member of Rebel Holdings. On December 29, 2005, we issued a promissory note in the amount of \$73,000 to the sole member (the "Promissory Note") of Rebel Holdings. The Promissory Note represented the outstanding amount borrowed at December 29, 2005. The Promissory Note has a term of approximately six months and bears 5.0% simple interest. On December 29, 2005, in connection with the closing of the Acquisition we also issued a convertible note in the amount of \$556,307 to Rebel Holdings (the "Note"). The Note has a term of five years from December 29, 2005, bears 4.5% simple interest and is convertible into shares of our common stock at a conversion price of \$1.112614 per share.

We have primarily relied upon loans from related parties to fund our operations and, to a lesser extent, revenues generated from licensing our film content, on a non-exclusive basis, to other distributors of Latino home

entertainment content. We believe that future revenues combined with either loans or direct equity investments into the Company will be sufficient to fund our operations for the 12 months subsequent to December 31, 2005. We expect to undertake additional debt or equity financings to better enable us to grow and meet our future operating and capital requirements, however, there is no assurance that we will be successful in obtaining the necessary level of funding. During the three months ended March 31, 2006 we entered into subscription agreements with unrelated accredited investors, pursuant to which we sold a total of 213,636 shares of our common stock at a price of \$1.10 per share. We received gross proceeds of \$235,000 from the sale of the stock.

Operating activities used \$305,677 of cash for the year ended December 31, 2005, compared to providing \$112,870 for the year ended December 31, 2004.

Cash used in investing activities for the year ended December 31, 2005 and 2004 of \$407,982, and \$154,000, respectively, resulted almost exclusively from the purchases of licensed Spanish language film content that was capitalized.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

REVENUES

We generated revenues of \$334,110 and \$27,963 for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively. During 2004 all of our revenues were generated through licensing agreements. The licensing agreements provide for us to receive advance payments as consideration for rights granted to third parties that distribute our licensed content. The advance payments are initially recorded as deferred revenue and subsequently recognized in income as royalties are earned upon shipment of licensed content to customers by the sub-licensor. Deferred revenue balances of \$80,211 and \$162,971 at December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively, represent advance royalty payments that are expected to be earned over the subsequent twelve month periods.

During the year ended December 31, 2005, licensing revenue of \$82,761 accounted for approximately 24.8% of our total revenue. The remaining revenue of \$251,349 represents revenue generated through the direct sales of our licensed content. We expect that direct sales, as a percentage of total revenue, will significantly increase over the next year as we focus our efforts on expanding our existing sales force. Further, we anticipate that licensing revenues will significantly be reduced or eliminated in future years as we shift our focus away from licensing agreements with third parties.

EXPENSES

Operating expenses were \$690,871 and \$144,434 in the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively. A significant component of operating expenses during the year ended December 31, 2005, related to cost of sales of \$212,188 and an increase in salaries and employee benefits of approximately \$72,000. These costs, which were insignificant or non-existent during the prior year, reflect a shift in our revenue mix from revenue generated primarily through licensing agreements which do not have any costs of sales to that of direct sales which not only have cost of sales but also the need of a sales force. The remaining operating expenses consisted of professional fees, rent expense, amortization expense and general and administrative expenses.

Professional fees were approximately \$62,000 higher in the year ended December 31, 2005 compared to the year ended December 31, 2004 due to significant increases in amounts paid to consultants as well as legal and accounting fees. Amounts paid to various consultants increased by approximately \$17,000 and related to services to locate Spanish language content for acquisition, technical assistance in preparing the content for production, and sales and marketing of the titles. Legal fees increased by approximately \$5,000

due to the preparation and review of an increased amount of license agreements. Accounting fees, which increased by approximately \$40,000, primarily relate to costs associated with the audit of our December 31, 2004 financial statements and review of our September 30, 2005 financial statements. Additionally, we accrued audit fees of approximately \$29,000 for work necessary to complete an audit of our December 31, 2005 financial statements.

16

Rent expense increased by approximately \$24,000 in the year ended December 31, 2005 compared to the year ended December 31, 2004 due in part to our relocation into commercial office space in August 2005, with base rent of \$5,890 per month combined with periods of low rates of rent during the year ended December 31, 2004.

Amortization expense increased by approximately \$78,000 in the year ended December 31, 2005 compared to the year ended December 31, 2004 due to an increased number of license agreements.

General and administrative expense increased by approximately \$78,000 in the year ended December 31, 2005 compared to the year ended December 31, 2004 and is attributed to the overall expansion of the business during the year ended December 31, 2005 combined with the financial constraints placed on us as a result of limited amounts of available working capital in the year ended December 31, 2004.

TAXES

We are taxed under Title 26, Chapter 1, Subchapter C of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and therefore subject to federal income tax on the portion of our taxable income.

At December 31, 2005, we had a net operating loss carryforward of approximately \$1,942,000 to offset future taxable income for federal income tax purposes. The utilization of the loss carryforward to reduce any future income taxes will depend on our ability to generate sufficient taxable income prior to the expiration of the net operating loss carryforwards. The carryforward expires beginning in 2021.

A change in the ownership of a majority of the fair market value of our common stock can delay or limit the utilization of existing net operating loss carryforwards pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 382. We believe that such a change occurred during the year ended December 31, 2005 and are evaluating the amount that our net operating loss carryforward utilization will be limited to.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

We do not have any off balance sheet arrangements that are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, revenues, results of operations, liquidity or capital expenditures.

17

ITEM 7. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

INDEX TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Page
Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2005 and 200420
Consolidated Statements of Operations for the years ended December 31, 2005, and 200421
Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 200422
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 200423
Notes to Financial Statements

18

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Digicorp Marina Del Rey, California

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Digicorp (the "Company") as of December 31, 2005, and 2004, and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity (deficit), and cash flows for the years then ended. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Digicorp and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2005, and 2004, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

/s/ Peterson & Co., LLP

PETERSON & CO., LLP San Diego, California March 31, 2006

19

DIGICORP	=
Consolidated Balance Sheets	
	- December 2005
ASSETS	
CURRENT ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net Inventories Other current assets	\$ 54 64 130 253
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	502
Other long term assets Property and equipment, net Intangible assets, net	48 83 796
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,430
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)	
CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to related party Deferred revenue	\$ 189 128 73 80
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	470
LONG TERM LIABILITIES	
Convertible note payable - related party Debt discount - beneficial conversion feature	556 (193
TOTAL LONG TERM LIABILITIES	362
TOTAL LIABILITIES	83.
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES	
STOCKHOLDERS! FOULTY (DEFICIT)	

STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)

25

Common stock, \$0.001 par value: 50,000,000 shares authorized; 36,737,184 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2005; 15,530,104	
shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2004	36
Paid-in capital	958
Accumulated deficit	(397
	 ·
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)	597
	 ·
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)	\$ 1,430

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

20

DIGICORP

Consolidated Statements of Operations

	D	Years ecember 31, 2005	Ended December 31, 2004
REVENUE Sales Licensing fees	\$	251,349 82,761	
Total revenue		334,110	27,963
OPERATING EXPENSES Cost of sales		212,188	
Selling, general and administrative expenses		478,683	144,434
Total operating expenses		690,871	144,434
Operating loss		(356,761)	(116,471)
OTHER INCOME			79,628
LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAXES		(356,761)	(36,843)

PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES		800		800
NET LOSS	\$ ====	(357,561)		(37,643)
BASIC AND DILUTED NET LOSS PER COMMON SHARE	\$ ====	(0.02)	\$ ===	(0.00)
WEIGHTED AVERAGE COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING		15,704,409	===	15,530,104

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

21

DIGICORP

Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity (Deficit) Years Ended December 31, 2005 and 2004

	Common St	Common Stock			Paid-	
	Shares Amou		mount			
BALANCES, December 31, 2003	15,530,104	\$	15,530	\$		
Net loss						
BALANCES, December 31, 2004	15,530,104	\$	15,530	\$		
Effects of recapitalization	21,207,080		21,207	7	766	
Beneficial conversion feature in connection with convertible debt				1	L93	
Net loss						
BALANCES, December 31, 2005	36,737,184	\$ ===	36,737	\$ <u>9</u> ====)58 ===	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

22

DIGICORP _____ Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows _____ Cash flows from operating activities: Net loss Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation Amortization of licenses Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable Inventories Other current assets Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Cash flows from investing activities: Cash acquired in acquisition Purchases of licenses Purchases of property and equipment Net cash used in investing activities Cash flows from financing activities: Proceeds from pre-acquisition advances Proceeds from note financing Proceeds from related party note Net cash provided by financing activities Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period Cash and cash equivalents at end of period Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information: Cash paid during the year for income taxes

Y

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(14,1 217,9

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180,0

507,3

73,0

760,3

46,6

7,8

54,5

1,6

Ś

\$

(19,3

December 31 2005

\$ (357,5

Non-cash investing and financing activity:

Assets acquired and liabilities assumed for issuance of common stock in connection with recapitalization:

Acquisition of intangible assets	Ş	300,0
Acquisition of other current assets	\$	239,4
Acquisition of property and equipment	\$	65,2
Acquisition of other long term assets	\$	48,9
Assumption of accrued liabilities	\$	89,6
Reclassification of amount due to related party to convertible note payable - related party	Ş	48,9

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

23

DIGICORP Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2005

1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

Digicorp ("the Company") was organized under the laws of the State of Utah on July 19, 1983. On July 1, 1995, the Company became a development stage enterprise as defined in Statements of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 7 when it sold its assets and changed its business plan. On December 29, 2005, the Company ceased being a development stage enterprise when it acquired all of the issued and outstanding capital stock of Rebel Crew Films, Inc., a California corporation ("Rebel Crew Films"), pursuant to a reverse merger transaction (see note 3).

Rebel Crew Films operates as a wholly-owned operating subsidiary of the Company. Rebel Crew Films was organized under the laws of the State of California on August 7, 2002 to distribute Latino home entertainment products. Rebel Crew Films distributes Spanish language films and serves wholesale, retail, catalog, and e-commerce accounts. Rebel Crew Film's titles can be found at major retail outlets and independent video outlets across the United States of America and Canada.

The Company, including its operating subsidiary, generated revenue through the direct sales of licensed content and licensing agreements with third parties that distributed the Company's licensed content. The Company is expanding its sales force to focus on direct sales of its licensed content and intends to significantly reduce or eliminate future licensing agreements with third parties.

The Company is organized in a single operating segment. All of the Company's revenues are generated in the United States, and the Company has no long-lived assets outside the United States.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Rebel Crew Films. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Liquidity

The accompanying financial statements are prepared assuming the Company is a going concern which contemplates the realization of assets and satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company has a working capital surplus of \$32,276 at December 31, 2005, which includes deferred revenue balance of \$80,211, as discussed below. During the year ended December 31, 2005, the Company primarily relied upon revenues generated from the direct sales of its Latino home entertainment content and on loans by a related party to fund its operations. Management believes that future revenues combined with either loans or direct equity investments into the Company will be sufficient to fund the Company's operations for the 12 months subsequent to December 31, 2005 (See Note 16).

Use of Estimates

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"). The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. These estimates are based on knowledge of current events and anticipated future events and accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash equivalents

The Company considers only highly liquid investments such as money market funds and commercial paper with maturities of 90 days or less at the date of their acquisition as cash and cash equivalents.

24

DIGICORP Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The Company maintains cash in bank and deposit accounts which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts. The Company believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash and cash equivalents.

Intangible Assets

The Company accounts for intangible assets in accordance with SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets", which provides accounting and reporting standards for acquired intangible assets. Under SFAS No. 142, goodwill and other intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are no longer amortized but tested for impairment at least annually. The Company will perform an impairment test on all intangible assets, in accordance with the guidance provided by SFAS No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment of Disposal of Long-Lived Assets", at least annually, unless events and circumstances indicate that such assets might be impaired.

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company accounts for stock-based compensation awards in accordance with the

provisions of SFAS No. 123(R), Share-Based Payment, which addresses the accounting for employee stock options. SFAS 123(R) revises the disclosure provisions of SFAS 123 and supercedes APB Opinion No. 25. SFAS 123(R) requires that the cost of all employee stock options, as well as other equity-based compensation arrangements, be reflected in the financial statements over the vesting period based on the estimated fair value of the awards. This statement is effective for the Company as of the beginning of the first annual reporting period that begins after June 15, 2005. The Company adopted SFAS 123(R) as of January 1, 2005. Since the Company had no outstanding options as of December 31, 2004, SFAS 123(R) would have had no impact on the Company's financial statements had the Company elected to adopt the provisions of SFAS 123(R) in an earlier period. During the year ended December 31, 2005, stock-based compensation totaling approximately \$2.90 million was recorded by the Company prior to the reverse merger with Rebel Crew Films, and as such is included in the pre-merger net loss. Outstanding stock-based compensation awards were granted by the Company during 2005, prior to the reverse merger, at the per share fair market value on the grant date. Vesting of outstanding options and warrants differ based on the terms of each award.

Revenue Recognition

The Company generates revenue through either the direct sales of licensed content or through licensing agreements whereby the Company receives advance payments as consideration for rights granted to third parties that distribute the Company's licensed content. The Company may be entitled to receive additional royalty payments under the licensing agreements, but only to the extent that royalties calculated under the terms of the licensing agreements exceed the amount of the advance payments. Advance payments are initially recorded as deferred revenue. The Company recognizes revenue under its licensing agreements as royalties are earned upon shipment of licensed content to customers by the sub-licensor. Deferred revenue balances of \$80,211 and \$162,971 at December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively, represent advance royalty payments that are expected to be earned over the subsequent twelve month periods. Revenues from direct sales are recorded upon shipment.

25

DIGICORP Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are recorded at the invoice amount and do not bear interest. Accounts receivable at December 31, 2005 are presented net of an allowance for doubtful accounts of approximately \$15,000. The allowance for doubtful accounts is the Company's estimate of the amount of probable credit losses in the Company's existing accounts receivable. The Company determines the allowance based on historical write-off experience. The Company reviews its allowance for doubtful accounts monthly. Past due balances are reviewed individually for collectibility. Account balances are charged off against the allowance after all means of collection have been exhausted and potential for recovery is considered remote. The Company does not have any off-balance-sheet exposure related to its customers.

Inventory

Inventories, consisting primarily of Spanish language DVD titles, are stated at the lower of cost (average) or market.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost and depreciated using the straight-line method over the useful lives of the assets, generally from three to seven years.

Income Taxes

Deferred income taxes are provided in amounts sufficient to give effect to temporary differences between financial and tax reporting, principally related to net operating loss carryforwards. Valuation allowances are provided to the extent realization of recorded tax assets is not considered likely.

3. RECAPITALIZATION

On December 29, 2005, the Company completed the acquisition of Rebel Crew Films. Pursuant to the stock purchase agreement, the Company acquired all of the outstanding equity stock of Rebel Crew Films from the Rebel Crew Films Shareholders. As consideration for the acquisition the Company agreed to issue 21,207,080 shares of the Company's common stock (the "Purchase Price") to the shareholders of Rebel Crew Films.

Following completion of the acquisition the Company's previous shareholders owned 15,530,104 common shares and Rebel Crew Films shareholders owned 21,207,080, or approximately 57.7% of the outstanding shares of the Company's common stock. For accounting purposes the transaction is considered to be a recapitalization where Digicorp is the surviving legal entity, and Rebel Crew Films is considered to be the accounting acquirer. Accordingly, the historical financial statements prior to December 29, 2005 are those of Rebel Crew Films. Following the acquisition, Digicorp changed its fiscal year end from June 30 to December 31.

26

DIGICORP Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

4. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment at December 31, 2005 and 2004 consist of the following:

		2005	20	004
Computer Software and Equipment Office Furniture and Equipment		78,698 6,629	\$	
Total Property and Equipment		85,327		
Less: accumulated depreciation		(2,311)		
Property and equipment, net	\$ ==	83,016	\$	

Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2005 was \$1,577.

5. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

The Company has an agreement with Sichenzia Ross Friedman Ference LLP ("Sichenzia") for legal representation that extends through March 31, 2007. In consideration for Sichenzia's services, the Company agreed to a fixed fee of \$50,000 and to issue Sichenzia 500,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The

common stock issued to Sichenzia was valued at approximately \$325,000 and is being amortized over the term of the agreement. At December 31, 2005, the unamortized balance is \$244,565. Of this balance \$195,643 is included in other current assets and \$48,922 is included in other long term assets. The remaining balance recorded in other current assets relates to an amount due the Company for reimbursable expenses from a related party of \$35,794 and other items which amount to \$22,196.

6. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets consist of capitalized license fees for licensed content the Company acquired from owners including producers, studios and distributors as well as the Company's iCodemedia suite of websites and internet properties and all related intellectual property (the "iCodemedia Assets").

The iCodemedia suite of websites consists of the websites www.icodemedia.com, www.iplaylist.com, www.tunecast.com, www.tunebucks.com, www.podpresskit.com and www.tunespromo.com. The iCodemedia Assets are presently under development. As consideration for the iCodemedia Assets, the Company issued 1,000,000 shares of its common stock valued at \$300,000. The iCodemedia Assets were determined to have an indefinite useful life based primarily on the renewability of the proprietary domain names. Intangible assets with an indefinite life are not subject to amortization, but will be subject to periodic evaluation for impairment

Licensed content acquired is capitalized at the time of purchase. The term of the licensed content agreements usually vary between one to five years (the "Title Term"). At the end of the Title Term, the Company generally has the option of discontinuing distribution of the title or extending the Title Term.

The Company amortizes the capitalized license fees, on a straight line basis over the Title Term. During the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, amortization expense related to the licensed content was \$123,869 and \$45,875, respectively.

Intangible assets and accumulated amortization consisted of the following:

	Dec	Years Exember 31, 2005		ember 31, 2004
iCodemedia Assets Licensed content Less: accumulated amortization	\$	300,000 686,000 (189,744)	\$	254,000 (65,875)
Intangible Assets, net	\$ ===	796,256	\$ ===	188,125

27

DIGICORP Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

In connection with these agreements, the Company expects to record the following amortization expense over the next five years:

Fiscal year	ended	Amortization

December	31,	2006	\$ 146,675
December	31,	2007	\$ 146,675
December	31,	2008	\$ 100,738
December	31,	2009	\$ 79 , 977
December	31,	2010	\$ 22,191

7. INCOME TAXES

Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for tax purposes. Significant components of the Company's deferred tax assets as of December 31, 2005 and 2004 are as follows:

		2005	2004
Deferred tax assets			
Federal net operating loss carryforward	\$	660,302	\$ 9,185
State net operating loss carryforward		171 , 386	2,175
Stock based compensation		704,137	
Deferred revenue		34,362	5,343
Total gross deferred tax asset	1	,570,187	16,703
Less valuation allowance	(1	,570,187)	(16,703)
Net deferred tax asset	\$		\$
	===		

The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets depends upon the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which those temporary differences become deductible. Based upon the Company's loss for the year ended December 31, 2005 the Company has provided a valuation allowance in the amount of \$1,570,187, an increase of \$1,553,484. The amount of deferred tax assets considered realizable could change if future taxable income is realized. A component of the Company's deferred tax assets are federal and state net operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$1,942,000 and \$1,939,000 respectively. Included in the federal and state net operating loss carryforwards are federal and state net operating losses of Digicorp prior to the recapitalization (see note 3) of approximately \$554,000 and \$144,000, respectively. A greater than 50% change in the ownership of the Company's common stock can delay or limit the utilization of existing net operating loss carryforwards pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code Section 382. The Company believes that such a change occurred on December 2005. The Company is evaluating the net operating loss carryforward 29, limitation imposed by Internal Revenue Code Section 382 for net operating losses incurred before the change date. The net operating losses will begin to expire in 2021 and 2011, respectively.

28

DIGICORP Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

At December 31, 2005 and 2004, the Company's tax provision consists of:

	2	2005		2004		
Current						
Federal	\$		\$			
State		800		800		
Deferred						

	Federal					
	State					
Total		\$	800	\$	800	
		=====				

For the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, a reconciliation of the federal statutory tax rate to the Company's effective tax rate is as follows:

	2005	2004
Federal statutory tax rate State and local income taxes, net of federal tax benefit	(34.00)% 0.15	(34.00)% 1.43
Non deductible items Valuation allowance	0.39 33.70	0.75 33.99
Total effective tax rate	0.24%	2.17%

8. INCOME (LOSS) PER COMMON SHARE

Income (loss) per common share is based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. The Company complies with SFAS No. 128, "Earnings Per Share," which requires dual presentation of basic and diluted earnings per share on the face of the statements of operations. Basic per share earnings or loss excludes dilution and is computed by dividing income (loss) available to common stockholders by the weighted-average common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted per share earnings or loss reflects the potential dilution that could occur if convertible preferred stock or debentures, options and warrants were to be exercised or converted or otherwise resulted in the issuance of common stock that then shared in the earnings of the entity

Options and warrants issued pursuant to our Stock Option Plan and warrants that were issued outside our Stock Option Plan which were outstanding as of December 31, 2005 to purchase 8,312,500 and 550,000 shares of common stock, respectively, and 500,000 shares issuable upon conversion of an outstanding convertible note were not included in the computation of diluted net loss per common share for the year ended December 31, 2005, as their inclusion would have been antidilutive. At December 31, 2004 there were no outstanding options, warrants or convertible notes.

29

DIGICORP Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

9. ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accrued liabilities at December 31, 2005 and 2004 are comprised of the following:

	Dec	ember 31, 2005	December 31 2004		
Obligations on license agreements	\$	58,500	\$		
Accrued salaries		37,500			
Accrued professional fees		29,000		4,625	
Income taxes payable		800		2,400	

Other

	2,345		2,675	
\$	128,145	\$	9,700	

10. CONVERTIBLE NOTE PAYABLE - RELATED PARTY

In connection with the acquisition of Rebel Crew Films, on December 29, 2005 the Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with one of the shareholders of Rebel Crew Films, Rebel Holdings, LLC, a California limited liability company ("Rebel Holdings"), pursuant to which the Company purchased a \$556,307 principal amount loan receivable owed by Rebel Crew Films to Rebel Holdings, LLC in exchange for the issuance of a \$556,307 principal amount secured convertible note to Rebel Holdings, LLC. The secured convertible note accrues simple interest at the rate of 4.5%, matures on December 29, 2010 and is secured by all of the Company's assets now owned or hereafter acquired. The secured convertible note is convertible into 500,000 shares of the Company's Chief Executive Officer and a director, is the sole managing member of Rebel Holdings, LLC.

As the effective conversion price of the note on the date of issuance was below the fair market value of the underlying common stock, the Company recorded debt discount in the amount of \$193,694 based on the intrinsic value of the beneficial conversion feature of the note. The debt discount recorded as a result of the beneficial conversion feature will be amortized as non-cash interest expense over the term of the debt. Through December 31, 2005, no interest expense had been recorded from the debt discount amortization, and as of December 31, 2005, the remaining debt discount balance attributable to the beneficial conversion feature was \$193,694.

30

DIGICORP Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

11. COMMITMENT AND CONTINGENCIES

During part of 2005 and all of 2004 the Company rented space on a month to month basis. Rent expense during the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004 was \$36,400 and \$11,505, respectively. In August 2005 the Company entered into a commercial lease agreement for office space. The lease requires monthly payments of base rent in the amount of \$5,890 from August 21, 2005 through September 30, 2012. Further, on each anniversary date the base rent is subject to a 3% increase over the previous year. Approximate future minimum rent payments under this lease are as follows:

		Yea	rs ended I	Decer	nber 31,					
 2006	 2007		2008 	2	2009	ź	2010	The	ereafter	 Fotal
\$ 71,400	\$ 73 , 500	\$	75 , 700	\$	78,000	\$	80,400	\$	139,000	\$ 518

12. STOCK OPTION PLANS

Effective July 20, 2005, the Board of Directors of the Company approved the 2005

Stock Option and Restricted Stock Plan (the "2005 SOP"). The Plan reserves 15,000,000 shares of common stock for grants of incentive stock options, nonqualified stock options, warrants and restricted stock awards to employees, non-employee directors and consultants performing services for the Company. Options and warrants granted under the Plan have an exercise price equal to or greater than the fair market value of the underlying common stock at the date of grant and become exercisable based on a vesting schedule determined at the date of grant. The options expire 10 years from the date of grant whereas warrants generally expire 5 years from the date of grant. Restricted stock awards granted under the Plan are subject to a vesting period determined at the date of grant. As of December 31, 2005, the Company has granted a total 11,325,000 shares, 3,012,500 of which were subsequently cancelled, and of which 2,137,500 are vested.

The following is a summary of the Stock Option Plan activity:

Outstanding Options & Warrants

Grant		Shares	3	Exercise	Price
Available	for	Number	of	Weighted	Average
Shares					
			J - 1 - ·		