

TABLE TRAC INC
Form 10-Q
May 11, 2012

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

x **Quarterly report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2012 or

.. **Transition report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

Commission File Number: 000-28383

Table Trac, Inc.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Nevada 88-0336568
(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or
Organization) (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

6101 Baker Road, Suite 206, Minnetonka, Minnesota 55345

(Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (952) 548-8877

N/A

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

As of May 11, 2012, the registrant had outstanding 4,704,305 shares of common stock, \$.001 par value per share.

Table Trac, Inc.

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

TABLE TRAC, INC.

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TABLE TRAC, INC.**CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)**

	March 31, 2012	December 31, 2011
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash	\$966,588	\$ 834,665
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$237,844 at March 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011	1,760,173	1,982,237
Inventory	173,428	150,593
Prepaid expenses	105,684	61,544
Other current assets	15,988	18,296
Income taxes receivable	76,838	74,683
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	3,098,699	3,122,018
LONG-TERM ASSETS		
Patent, net	6,755	7,097
Property and equipment, net	47,622	54,606
System under rental program, net	57,280	64,783
Other long term assets	274,482	258,522
Deferred tax asset	19,000	14,000
Long-term accounts receivable – financed contracts	1,030,892	1,062,709
TOTAL LONG-TERM ASSETS	1,436,031	1,461,717
TOTAL ASSETS	\$4,534,730	\$ 4,583,735
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$186,838	\$ 135,456
Payroll liabilities	57,377	27,359
Current portion of note payable	10,907	10,907
Deferred revenue - short term	17,900	45,600
Deferred tax liability	531,947	579,947
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	804,969	799,269
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES		
Note payable, net of current portion	16,360	19,087
Deferred revenue - long term	1,273,806	1,228,629
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,095,135	2,046,985
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Common stock, 0.001 par value; 25,000,000 shares authorized: 4,704,305 shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011	4,704	4,704
Additional paid-in capital	1,818,613	1,818,613
Retained earnings	617,700	714,855

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Treasury stock, 1,000 shares (at cost) at March 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011	2,441,017	2,538,172
	(1,422)	(1,422)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	2,439,595	2,536,750
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$4,534,730	\$ 4,583,735

See notes to condensed financial statements.

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TABLE TRAC, INC.**CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)**

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
	2012	2011
Revenues	\$ 795,488	\$ 321,351
Cost of sales	154,940	95,352
Gross profit	640,548	225,999
Operating Expenses:		
Selling, general and administrative	816,177	630,271
Loss from operations	(175,629)	(404,272)
Interest income	25,474	23,040
Loss before taxes	(150,155)	(381,232)
Income tax benefit	(53,000)	(141,000)
Net loss	\$(97,155)	\$(240,232)
Basic loss per common share	\$(0.02)	\$(0.05)
Weighted-average basic shares outstanding	4,704,305	4,586,305
Diluted loss per common share	\$(0.02)	\$(0.05)
Weighted-average diluted shares outstanding	4,704,305	4,586,305

See notes to condensed financial statements.

TABLE TRAC, INC.**CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOW (Unaudited)**

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2012	2011
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net loss	\$ (97,155) \$ (240,232
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	14,829	7,826
Allowance for other current assets	0	4,815
Deferred income taxes	(53,000) (195,000
Stock compensation expense	0	23,625
Stock issued for future services	15,000	15,312
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	253,881	311,711
Inventory	(22,835) (130,430
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(72,792) 22,065
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	51,382	52,514
Payroll liabilities	30,018	0
Deferred revenue	17,477	97,725
Income taxes receivable / payable	(2,155) 251,671
Net cash provided by operating activities	134,650	221,602
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Payments on note payable	(2,727) 0
Net cash used in financing activities	(2,727) 0
NET INCREASE IN CASH	131,923	221,602
CASH		
Beginning of period	834,665	935,301
End of period	\$ 966,588	\$ 1,156,903
Cash received from (paid for) income taxes	\$ (2,155) \$ 251,671

See notes to condensed financial statements.

TABLE TRAC, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Nature of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies –

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed financial statements of Table Trac have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with the instructions for Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. The balance sheet as of March 31, 2012 and the statements of operations and cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011 are unaudited but include all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position at such date and the operating results and cash flows for those periods. Certain information normally included in financial statements and related footnotes prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles has been condensed or omitted pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The accompanying financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes included in the Table Trac Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011.

Company

Table Trac, Inc. (the Company) was formed under the laws of the State of Nevada in June 1995. The Company has its offices in Minnetonka, Minnesota. The Company has developed and patented a proprietary information and management system that automates and monitors the operations of casino games.

The Company provides system sales and technical support to casinos. System sales include installation, custom casino system configuration and training. In addition, license and technical support are provided under an annual license and service contract.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Revenue Recognition

The Company derives revenues from the sales of systems, licenses and maintenance fees, and services.

System Sales

Revenue from systems that have been demonstrated to meet customer specifications during installation is recognized when evidence of an arrangement exists, the product has been installed, title and risk of loss have transferred to the customer and collection of the resulting receivable is reasonably assured. System sales, which are accounted for as multiple-element arrangements, include multiple products and/or services. For multiple-element arrangements, the Company allocates the revenue to each element based on their relative fair estimated value based on vendor specific objective evidence (VSOE) and recognizes the associated revenue when all revenue recognition criteria have been met for each element. If there are contracts the Company does not have VSOE of fair value of all elements, revenue is deferred until the earlier of VSOE being determined or when all elements have been delivered.

The Company does offer its customers contracts with extended payment terms. The Company must evaluate if any extended payment terms in the contract is an indicator of the revenue not being fixed or determinable. Provided all other revenue recognition criteria has been satisfied, the Company recognizes the revenue if payment of a significant portion of the systems sales is due within 12 months of the delivery of the product. The Company also analyzes its standard business practice of using long-term contracts and the history of collecting on extended payment term contracts without making concessions for determining if revenue should be recognized. Revenue and associated set-up costs are deferred if contract terms exceed historical collection results or if a substantial portion of the contract is not due within 12 months after delivery of the product. The Company analyzes each contract for proper revenue recognition based on that contracts facts and circumstances. Interest is recorded upon receipt to other income on the statements of operations.

Maintenance revenue

Maintenance revenue is recognized ratably over the contract period. The VSOE for maintenance is based upon the renewal rate for contracted services.

Service revenue

Service revenue is recognized after the services are performed and collection of the resulting receivable is reasonably assured. The VSOE for service revenue is established based upon prices for the services.

Rental revenue

The Company offers certain new customers a rental contract. Revenues are billed monthly based on a per-game per-day basis. There is an option to purchase the system after the rental agreement at a pre-determined residual value.

Accounts Receivable / Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Accounts receivable are recorded at the invoiced amount. Accounts receivable include regular customer receivables and amounts from financed contracts coming due within 12 months. Amounts from financed contracts due beyond 12 months are recorded as "Long-term accounts receivable – financed contracts". Interest is recorded upon receipt to other income on the statements of operations. An allowance for doubtful accounts is recorded when the Company believes the amounts may not be collected. Management believes that receivables, net of the allowance for doubtful accounts, are fully collectible. While the ultimate result may differ, management believes that any write-off not allowed for will not have a material impact on the Company's financial position.

Major Customers

The following table summarizes significant customer information for the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011:

For the Three Months Ended March
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	2012		2011	
	%	% AR	%	% AR
	Sales		Sales	
A	7.8 %	1.3 %	16.6 %	23.7 %
B	4.7 %	0.7 %	15.5 %	1.6 %
C	4.4 %	7.7 %	11.5 %	14.3 %
D	4.1 %	4.0 %	10.2 %	2.1 %
E	3.7 %	4.2 %	9.5 %	11.1 %
F	2.0 %	5.0 %	5.1 %	25.9 %
G	7.8 %	19.2 %	0.0 %	0.0 %
H	21.6 %	35.1 %	0.0 %	0.0 %
I	22.8 %	4.7 %	0.0 %	0.0 %
J	0.9 %	6.4 %	2.0 %	11.0 %
All Others	20.2 %	11.7 %	29.6 %	10.3 %
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

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Inventory

Inventory, comprised of finished goods is stated at the lower of cost or market. The average cost method is used to value inventory. Inventory is reviewed annually for the lower of cost or market and obsolescence. Any material cost found to be above market value or considered obsolete is written down accordingly. The Company had no obsolescence reserve at March 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011.

Research and Development

The Company expenses all costs related to research and development as incurred. Research and development expense was \$152,906 and \$43,495 for the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011, and is included in selling, general and administrative expenses on the statements of operations.

Deferred System Sales Costs

Deferred system sales costs consist of installed system costs incurred on participation-based contracts. These costs are recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the contract which is generally 60 months beginning when revenues are generated. At the end of the contract period, the customer will typically receive title to the system.

2. Accounts Receivable –

Accounts receivable consisted of the following at March 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011

	March 31, 2012	December 31, 2011
Accounts receivable under normal 30 day terms	\$991,756	\$875,013
Financed contracts:		
Short-term	0	357,567
Current portion of long-term	1,006,261	987,501
Long-term, net of current portion	1,030,892	1,062,709
Total accounts receivable	3,028,909	3,282,790

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Less allowance for doubtful accounts	(237,844)	(237,844)
Accounts receivable, net	\$2,791,065	\$3,044,946

The allowance for financed and trade receivable represents management's estimate of probable losses in our trade and financed receivables as of the date of the financial statements. The allowance provides for probable losses that have been identified with specific customer relationships and for probable losses believed to be inherent of the trade and financed receivables but have not been specifically identified.

Included in Accounts receivable – Financed contracts at March 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011 is \$2,037,153 and \$2,050,210 with an offset to deferred revenues on the balance sheet of \$1,273,806 and \$1,228,629 at March 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011.

A roll-forward of the Company's allowance for doubtful accounts is as follows:

	March 31, 2012	December 31, 2011
Accounts receivable allowance, beginning of period	\$237,844	\$179,416
Provision adjustment during period	0	58,428
Accounts receivable allowance, end of period	\$237,844	\$237,844

The allowance for doubtful accounts is \$237,844 for the trade receivables and \$0 for the financed contracts at March 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011.

3. Stockholders' Equity –

In April 2011, the Company issued 37,000 shares, at \$1.50 per share for a total cost of \$55,500 to the Board of Directors for annual compensation for the period from April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012. A total of \$6,000 was recognized as stock compensation expense for the three months ended March 31, 2012, which was one fourth of the annual stock award for a director. In July 2011, the Company issued 36,000 shares, at \$1.00 per share for a total cost of \$36,000 to the Board of Directors for annual compensation for the period from July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2012. A total of \$9,000 was recognized as stock compensation expense for the three months ended March 31, 2012, which was one fourth of the annual stock award for the directors. The total including previously issued stock vesting in the three-month period ended March 31, 2012 was \$15,000.

As of March 31, 2012, the Company holds 1,000 common stock shares in treasury at a total cost of \$1,422 for future employee incentives under the bonus program which was part of the 2009 repurchase of shares.

4. Income Tax –

The Company accounts for income taxes by following the asset and liability approach to accounting for income taxes. Deferred tax assets and liabilities represent the future tax consequences of the differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of assets and liabilities versus the tax basis of assets and liabilities. Under this method, deferred tax assets are recognized for deductible temporary differences and operating loss and tax credit carryforwards. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance when, in the opinion of management, it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. The impact of the tax rate changes on deferred tax assets and liabilities is recognized in the year that the change is enacted. The federal net operating loss carryforward at March 31, 2012 was approximately \$624,000 expiring in 2031 and the state net operating loss carryforward is approximately

\$754,000 which starts expiring in 2025. An allowance for net operating loss carryforward is recorded when the Company believes the amount may not be collected. Management believes the net operating loss carryforward, net of the allowance, is fully collectible. Management believes that any write-off not allowed for will not have a material impact on the Company's financial position.

The Company files income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and various state jurisdictions. Based on its evaluation, it has concluded that there are no significant unrecognized tax positions. The Company's evaluation was performed for the tax years ended December 31, 2008 through 2011, the tax years that remain subject to examination by major tax jurisdictions as of March 31, 2012. The Company does not believe there will be any material changes in its unrecognized tax positions over the next twelve months.

The Company may from time to time be assessed interest or penalties by major tax jurisdictions, although any such assessments historically have been minimal and immaterial to its financial results. In accordance with current guidance, the Company classifies interest and penalties as income tax expense is incurred.

5. Earnings (Loss) Per Share –

The Company computes earnings (loss) per share under two different methods, basic and diluted, and presents per-share data for all periods in which statements of operations are presented. Basic earnings (loss) per share is computed by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding. Diluted earnings (loss) per share is computed by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of shares of common stock and common stock equivalents outstanding.

The following table provides a reconciliation of the numerators and denominators used in calculating basic and diluted earnings per share for the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2012	2011
Basic earnings per share calculation:		
Net loss to common stockholders	\$ (97,155)	\$ (240,232)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	4,704,305	4,586,305
Basic net loss per share	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.05)
Diluted earnings per share calculation:		
Net loss	\$ (97,155)	\$ (240,232)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	4,704,305	4,586,305
Common stock equivalents:		
Stock options	(1)	(2)
Weighted average diluted shares outstanding	4,704,305	4,586,305
Diluted net loss per share	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.05)

Stock options outstanding of (1) 70,000 and (2) 337,500 were not included in the calculation as they would have been anti-dilutive.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Our Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations set forth below should be read in conjunction with our audited financial statements, and notes thereto, contained in our Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 29, 2012 relating to our year ended December 31, 2011.

Forward-Looking Statements

Some of the statements made in this section of our report are forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements generally relate to and are based upon our current plans, expectations, assumptions and projections about future events. Our management currently believes that the various plans, expectations, and assumptions reflected in or suggested by these forward-looking statements are reasonable. Nevertheless, all forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties and our actual actions or future results may be materially different from the plans, objectives or expectations, or our assumptions and projections underlying our present plans, objectives and expectations, which are expressed in this report.

In light of the foregoing, prospective investors are cautioned that the forward-looking statements included in this filing may ultimately prove to be inaccurate—even materially inaccurate. Because of the significant uncertainties inherent in such forward-looking statements, the inclusion of such information should not be regarded as a representation or warranty by Table Trac, Inc. or any other person that our objectives, plans, expectations or projections that are contained in this filing will be achieved in any specified time frame, if ever.

General Overview

Table Trac is a Nevada corporation, formed on June 27, 1995, with principal offices in Minnetonka, Minnesota. It developed and patented (U. S. patent number 5,957,776) a proprietary information and management system (Table Trac) that automates and monitors the operations of casino table games. Since 2000, Table Trac has added functionality, developed related casino system modules for guest rewards and patron management, marketing analysis, guest service, promotion administration/management, vault/cage management and audit/accounting to its existing table games and casino management programs.

In this first quarter 2012, Table Trac signed two new customers in two new markets in the U.S. and Caribbean; the Moapa Band of Paiute Indians outside of Las Vegas, Nevada and the Coral Casino Bonaire on the island of Bonaire in the Dutch Caribbean. Table Trac installed both of these systems in the first quarter and ended the first quarter with no systems in backlog. At the end of the first quarter there were 37 casinos using the Company's casino management systems worldwide.

In the first quarter of 2012, the Company participated in the ICE Totally Gaming Show, the 14th Indian Gaming Marketing Conference and the California Nations Indian Gaming Association Conference.

The Company signed a dealer agreement with CountR, a worldwide company specializing in cash handling and coinless gaming kiosks for the gaming industry. The agreement allows for Table Trac to represent and distribute CountR's cash handling kiosk product lines in numerous gaming jurisdictions in the U.S., Central and South America. The agreement also allows for Table Trac to represent and distribute CountR's latest gaming innovation, the TiTa, a micro ticket redemption machine for casino table games. The Company expects to begin selling and placing the CountR products under this distribution agreement in the late second quarter/early third quarter.

The first quarter of 2012 has been focused on completing key technology development initiatives, including having the Company's CasinoTrac casino management system tested by Gaming Laboratories International (GLI) and BMM Compliance, as well as creating the necessary interfaces to our new technology partners, Tipping Pont Gaming. We expect these initiatives to be completed by the end of the second quarter 2012 or early in the third quarter 2012.

Discussion of Critical Accounting Policies

There were no changes to our accounting policies for the quarter. For our existing policies, see Note 1 in our financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011.

Results of Operations - Three Months Ended March 31, 2012 Compared to Three Months Ended March 31, 2011

During the three months ended March 31, 2012, loss from operations was \$175,629 compared to a loss of \$404,272 for the three months ended March 31, 2011. The major components of revenues, cost of sales and selling, general and administrative expenses are discussed below.

Revenues

Revenues totaled \$795,488 for the three months ended March 31, 2012 compared to \$321,351 for the three months ended March 31, 2011. The following table summarizes our revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively:

	Three Months Ended March 31,			
	2012	2011	2012	2011
			(percent of revenues)	
System sales	\$416,612	\$0	52.4 %	0.0 %
License and maintenance fees	259,802	214,639	32.6 %	66.8 %
Other sales	119,074	106,712	15.0 %	33.2 %
Total revenues	\$795,488	\$321,351	100.0 %	100.0 %

During the three months ended March 31, 2012, revenues from System sales mostly improved as a result of two new installations. Other sales, which include sales of printers, kiosk software, mailing services, and rental sales improved as a result of increased rental sales compared to the same period in 2011.

Cost of Sales

Cost of sales for the three months ended March 31, 2012 increased to \$154,940 from \$95,352 for the three months ended March 31, 2011. The following table summarizes our cost of sales for the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively:

	Three Months Ended March 31,			
	2012	2011	2012	2011
			(percent of revenues)	
System sales	\$50,032	\$0	6.3 %	0.0 %
License and maintenance fees	34,500	34,675	4.3 %	10.8 %
Other sales	70,408	60,677	8.9 %	18.9 %
Total cost of sales	\$154,940	\$95,352	19.5 %	29.7 %

The Company's gross profit was 80% and 70% for the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively. This increase is primarily due to the increased system sales which have higher margins as a result of the software included in each system sale.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

For the three months ended March 31, 2012, selling, general and administrative expenses were \$816,177 compared to \$630,271 for the same period in 2011. Our most significant changes in operating expenses from the two three-month interim periods related to research and development programming, compensation, and travel costs. A discussion of the various components of our operating expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011 appears below:

Research and development programming costs. Research and development programming costs increased for the three months ended March 31, 2012 to \$152,906 compared to \$43,495 for the same period in 2011. The Company incurred costs during the first quarter which were originally budgeted for the second and third quarters. With the early completion of this project, the Company will be able to market the Tipping Point interface much earlier in 2012.

Compensation costs. Compensation expenses increased for the three months ended March 31, 2012, to \$290,282 compared to \$244,237 for the same period in 2011 primarily due to three additional employees and converting one development contractor to an employee.

Travel costs. Travel costs increased for the three months ended March 31, 2012, to \$94,365 compared to \$56,878 for the same period in 2011 primarily due to demonstrations of new products to customers and prospects.

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Interest Income

For the three months ended March 31, 2012, interest income was \$25,474 compared to \$23,040 for 2011. This increase is primarily related to the additional contracts financed through the Company compared to the same period in 2011.

Income Tax Benefit

The income tax benefit for the three months ended March 31, 2012 was \$53,000 which was calculated at a 35% effective rate, compared to the tax benefit of \$141,000 for the same period in 2011, which was calculated at a 37% effective rate.

Net Loss

The loss before taxes for the three months ended March 31, 2012 was \$150,155 compared to \$381,232 for same period in 2011. Net loss for the three months ended March 31, 2012 was \$97,155 compared to \$240,232 for the same period in 2011. The decrease in net loss is due to higher revenues offset by higher selling, general and administrative costs compared to the same period in 2011. The basic loss per share was (\$.02) compared to (\$.05) for the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Backlog

The Company's backlog generally consists of future system installations and expansion of offerings for currently installed and supported systems.

The Company has no Casino Trac System in its backlog at March 31, 2012.

The Company is currently serving gaming establishments in seven US states, as well as countries in Central and South America, as well as the Caribbean. The Company has a pipeline of opportunities and strategic partnerships that it is pursuing.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Summary cash flow data is as follows

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2012	2011
Cash flows provided by (used in):		
Operating activities	\$ 134,650	\$ 221,602
Investing activities	-	-
Financing activities	(2,727)	-
Net increase in cash	131,923	221,602
Cash, beginning of period	834,665	935,301
Cash, end of period	\$ 966,588	\$ 1,156,903

At March 31, 2012, the Company had cash of \$966,588 compared to cash of \$1,156,903 on March 31, 2011. The decrease results mainly from an increase in accounts receivable and funding operations at a higher level. Changes in cash flows provided by operating activities related primarily to deferred income taxes, stock compensation expense, and changes in operating assets and liabilities, including accounts receivable, inventory, income taxes receivable, deferred system sales costs, accrued payroll and related withholding liabilities and deferred revenue.

There are no known trends, events or uncertainties that are likely to have a material impact on our short or long-term liquidity. We expect that our primary source of liquidity in both the short and long-term will be system sales and the resulting license and maintenance fees from existing systems. We anticipate the ability to manage expenses and cash flow so monthly obligations will be satisfied by cash flow from operations. We believe the Company has adequate cash to meet its obligations and continue operations for both existing and future customers as well as ongoing sales efforts and product development.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company had no off-balance sheet arrangements as of March 31, 2012.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Not applicable.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met.

As of March 31, 2012, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded our disclosure controls and procedures are effective as of March 31, 2012.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarterly period covered by this report that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit	Description
31.1	Certification pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (<i>filed herewith</i>).
31.2	Certification pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (<i>filed herewith</i>).
32	Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (<i>filed herewith</i>).
101.INS*	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF*	XBRL Taxonomy Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

* Furnished herewith. XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language) information is furnished and not filed or a part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of Sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, is deemed not filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and otherwise is not subject to liability under these sections

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Dated: May 11, 2012 Table Trac, Inc.
(Registrant)

By: /s/ Glenn Goulet

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Glenn Goulet (Principal Executive Officer)

By: /s/ Brian Hinchley

Brian Hinchley (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

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