

BRISTOL MYERS SQUIBB CO
Form 424B5
November 17, 2006
Table of Contents

Filed Pursuant to Rule 424(b)(5)

Registration No. 333-117818

Prospectus Supplement to Prospectus dated September 9, 2004.

\$1,250,000,000

5.875% Notes due 2036

We will pay interest on the notes on May 15 and November 15 of each year. The first such payment will be made on May 15, 2007. The notes will be issued only in denominations of \$2,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000.

We have the option to redeem, at any time, all or a portion of the notes at the redemption price as described in this prospectus supplement under the heading "Description of Notes - Optional Redemption of the Notes."

We do not intend to apply to list the notes on any securities exchange or include them in any automated quotation system.

Investment in the notes involves risks. You should read carefully the entire prospectus and this prospectus supplement, including the section entitled Risk Factors that begins on page S-2 of this prospectus supplement, which describes some of these risks.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any other regulatory body has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this prospectus supplement and accompanying prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

| | Per Note | Total |
|----------------------------------|----------|-----------------|
| Initial public offering price | 99.833% | \$1,247,912,500 |
| Underwriting discount | .875% | \$ 10,937,500 |
| Proceeds, before expenses, to us | 98.958% | \$1,236,975,000 |

The initial public offering price set forth above does not include accrued interest, if any. Interest on the notes will accrue from November 20, 2006 and must be paid by the purchaser if the notes are delivered after November 20, 2006.

The underwriters expect to deliver the notes in book-entry form only through the facilities of The Depository Trust Company against payment in New York, New York on November 20, 2006.

Joint Book-Running Managers

CITIGROUP

GOLDMAN, SACHS & CO.

MORGAN STANLEY

Co-Managers

BANC OF AMERICA SECURITIES LLC

JPMORGAN

Prospectus Supplement dated November 15, 2006.

Table of Contents

You should rely only on the information contained in or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus and in any free writing prospectus filed by the Company with the Securities and Exchange Commission. If information in this prospectus supplement is inconsistent with the accompanying prospectus, you should rely on the prospectus supplement. We and the underwriters have not authorized anyone to provide you with information that is different. This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus may only be used where it is legal to sell these securities. The information in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus may only be accurate as of the date of this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus or the information incorporated by reference herein or therein, and the information in any free writing prospectus may only be accurate as of the date of such free writing prospectus. Our business, financial condition, results of operations and/or prospects may have changed since those dates.

Bristol-Myers Squibb accepts responsibility for the information contained in this prospectus supplement and the attached prospectus. This prospectus supplement and the attached prospectus may only be used in connection with the offering of the notes.

References to Bristol-Myers Squibb, we, our and us in both this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus are references to Bristol-Myers Squibb Company and, unless the context otherwise requires, its consolidated subsidiaries.

The distribution of this prospectus supplement and the attached prospectus and the offering or sale of the notes in some jurisdictions may be restricted by law. Persons into whose possession this prospectus supplement and the attached prospectus come are required by us and the underwriters to inform themselves about and to observe any applicable restrictions. This prospectus supplement and the attached prospectus may not be used for or in connection with an offer or solicitation by any person in any jurisdiction in which that offer or solicitation is not authorized or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make that offer or solicitation. See Underwriting in this prospectus supplement.

Table of Contents

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus (including the documents incorporated by reference) contain certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 (the Act) and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. You can identify these forward-looking statements by the fact they use words such as should , anticipate , estimate , approximate , expect , may , project , intend , plan , believe and others words of similar meaning and expression in connection with any discussion of future operating or financial performance. One can also identify forward-looking statements by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historical or current facts. Such forward-looking statements are based on current expectations and involve inherent risks and uncertainties, including factors that could delay, divert or change any of them, and could cause actual outcomes to differ materially from current expectations. These statements are likely to relate to, among other things, our goals, plans and projects regarding our financial position, results of operations, market position, product development, product approvals, sales efforts, expenses, performance or results of current and anticipated products and the outcome of contingencies such as legal proceedings, and financial results which are based on current expectations that involve inherent risks and uncertainties, including factors that could delay, divert or change any of them in the next several years. Such events and factors include, but are not limited to, those discussed in the section that follows the heading Risk Factors in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus as well as those listed under Risk Factors in the documents enumerated under Documents Incorporated by Reference including, but not limited to, our 2005 annual report on Form 10-K, Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2006, Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2006 and our Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2006 that we believe could cause actual results to differ materially from any forward-looking statement.

Although we believe we have been prudent in our plans and assumptions, no assurance can be given that any goal or plan set forth in forward-looking statements can be achieved and readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such statements, which speak only as of the date made. We undertake no obligation to release publicly any revisions to forward-looking statements as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Table of Contents

SUMMARY OF THE OFFERING

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Issuer | Bristol-Myers Squibb Company |
| Securities Offered | 1,250,000,000 total initial principal amount of 5.875% notes due 2036. |
| Maturity Date | November 15, 2036. |
| Interest Rate | The notes will bear interest from November 20, 2006 at the rate of 5.875% per annum, payable semi-annually. |
| Interest Payment Dates | May 15 and November 15 of each year, beginning on May 15, 2007. |
| Ranking | The notes will be unsubordinated unsecured obligations of Bristol-Myers Squibb and will rank equally in right of payment with all of our existing and future unsubordinated unsecured indebtedness. The notes will effectively rank junior to any of our secured debt. In addition, the notes will be structurally subordinated to all liabilities of our subsidiaries, including trade payables. |
| Optional Redemption | We may redeem the notes, in whole or in part, at any time at the redemption prices described under the heading "Description of Notes - Optional Redemption of the Notes" in this prospectus supplement. |
| Redemption of Notes for Tax Reasons | We may redeem all, but not part, of the notes upon the occurrence of certain tax events at the redemption prices described under the heading "Description of Notes - Redemption Upon a Tax Event" in this prospectus supplement. |
| Use of Proceeds | We expect to use the net proceeds from the sale of the notes offered hereby and the net proceeds from the sale of the Euro Notes (described under "Recent Developments") together with cash on hand to purchase pursuant to the tender offer or redeem \$2.5 billion aggregate principal amount of 5.75% notes due 2011. |
| Further Issues | We may from time to time, without notice to or the consent of the holders of the notes, create and issue further notes ranking equally and ratably with the notes. |
| No Listing | We do not intend to apply to list the notes on any securities exchange or include them in any automated quotation system. |
| Clearance and Settlement | The notes will be cleared through The Depository Trust Company. |

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Trustee

The Bank of New York

Governing Law

State of New York

S-1

Table of Contents

RISK FACTORS

Investing in the notes involves risks. You should consider carefully the information set forth in this section and all the other information provided to you or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus before deciding whether to invest in the notes.

Risks Relating to the Company

Before investing in the notes, investors should consider the Risk Factor information contained in the following documents, each of which is incorporated by reference herein:

Risk Factors, Item 1A of our annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005; and

Risk Factors, Item 1A of our quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2006.

Risks Relating to the Offering

The notes are effectively subordinated to all the obligations of our subsidiaries and our ability to service our debt is dependent on the performance of our subsidiaries.

The notes will be effectively subordinated to the liabilities, including trade payables, of our subsidiaries. The incurrence of other indebtedness or other liabilities by any of our subsidiaries is not prohibited in connection with the notes and could adversely affect our ability to pay our obligations on the notes. As of September 30, 2006, the indebtedness of our subsidiaries, excluding intercompany liabilities and obligations of a type not required to be reflected on a balance sheet in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, that would effectively have been senior to the notes was approximately \$2,639 million. We anticipate that from time to time our subsidiaries will incur additional debt and other liabilities.

The notes are exclusively our obligation. However, since we conduct a significant portion of our operations through our subsidiaries, our cash flow and our consequent ability to service our debt, including the notes, depends in part upon the earnings of our subsidiaries and the distribution of those earnings, or upon loans or other payments of funds by those subsidiaries, to us. The payment of dividends and the making of loans and advances to us by our subsidiaries may be subject to statutory or contractual restrictions, depend upon the earnings of those subsidiaries and be subject to various business considerations.

We have not agreed to any financial covenants in connection with the notes. Consequently, we are not required in connection with the notes to meet any financial tests, such as those that measure our working capital, interest coverage, fixed charges or net worth, in order to maintain compliance with the terms of the notes.

The notes will be unsecured and therefore will effectively be subordinated to any secured debt.

The notes will not be secured by any of our assets or those of our subsidiaries. As a result, the notes are effectively subordinated to any secured debt we may incur. In any liquidation, dissolution, bankruptcy or other similar proceeding, the holders of our secured debt may assert rights against the secured assets in order to receive full payment of their debt before the assets may be used to pay the holders of the notes.

We cannot assure you that an active trading market will develop for the notes.

Prior to this offering, there was no market for the notes. The notes will not be listed on any securities exchange or included in any automated quotation system. The Managers have informed us that they intend to make a market in the notes after this offering is completed. The Managers, however, may cease their market-making at any time without notice. The price at which the notes may trade will depend on many factors,

Table of Contents

including, but not limited to, prevailing interest rates, general economic conditions, our performance and financial results and markets for similar securities. Historically, the markets for debt such as the notes have been subject to disruptions that have caused substantial volatility in their prices. The market, if any, for the notes may be subject to similar disruptions which may have an adverse effect on the holders of the notes.

BRISTOL-MYERS SQUIBB

Bristol-Myers Squibb was incorporated under the laws of the State of Delaware in August 1933 under the name Bristol-Myers Company, as successor to a New York business started in 1887. In 1989, Bristol-Myers Company changed its name to Bristol-Myers Squibb Company as a result of a merger. The Company, through its divisions and subsidiaries, is engaged in the discovery, development, licensing, manufacturing, marketing, distribution and sale of pharmaceuticals and other healthcare related products.

The Company has three reportable segments: Pharmaceuticals, Nutritionals and Other Health Care. The Pharmaceuticals segment is comprised of the global pharmaceutical and international consumer medicines business. The Nutritionals segment consists of Mead Johnson Nutritionals (Mead Johnson), primarily an infant formula and children's nutritionals business. The Other Health Care segment primarily consists of the ConvaTec and Medical Imaging businesses.

Most of the Company's pharmaceutical revenues come from products in the following therapeutic classes: cardiovascular; virology, including human immunodeficiency virus (HIV); other infectious diseases; oncology; affective and other (psychiatric) disorders; and metabolics. The Pharmaceuticals segment competes with other worldwide research-based drug companies, smaller research companies and generic drug manufacturers. The Company has experienced substantial revenue losses in the last few years due to the expiration of market exclusivity for certain of its products and is nearing the end of transitioning its pharmaceutical portfolio away from such products towards growth products and other new products which have resulted from the Company's focus on areas with significant unmet medical needs.

The Company's largest product ranked by net sales, PLAVIX® (clopidogrel bisulfate), with U.S. sales of approximately \$3.2 billion for the year ended December 31, 2005, and \$2.3 billion for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006, is currently the subject of patent litigation in the United States with Apotex Inc. and Apotex Corp. (Apotex) and certain other generic companies. On August 8, 2006, Apotex launched a generic clopidogrel bisulfate product that competes with PLAVIX®. On August 31, 2006, the trial court in the patent litigation with Apotex enjoined further sales by Apotex of its generic product, but did not order Apotex to recall products from its customers. Apotex has appealed the court's grant of a preliminary injunction. The at-risk launch of generic clopidogrel bisulfate had a significant adverse effect on net sales of PLAVIX® in the third quarter of 2006, which the Company estimates to be in the range of \$525 million to \$600 million. In the third quarter of 2006, U.S. net sales of PLAVIX® declined to \$474 million as compared to \$850 million in the first quarter of 2006 and \$988 million in the second quarter of 2006. The Company expects the generic clopidogrel bisulfate product sold by Apotex prior to the grant of the preliminary injunction will satisfy a significant majority of prescription demand for the remainder of 2006. In addition, sales of generic clopidogrel bisulfate are expected to have a residual impact on PLAVIX® sales into 2007—the amount and duration of which will depend on the amount of generic product that Apotex sold into the distribution channels and the rate at which such product will continue to satisfy overall prescription demand. The Company cannot reliably estimate this impact at this point in time. The Company continues to believe that the PLAVIX® patents are valid and infringed and, with its product partner Sanofi-Aventis (Sanofi), is vigorously pursuing these cases. Trial in the underlying patent litigation has been set for January 2007. It is not possible at this time reasonably to assess the ultimate outcome of Apotex's appeal of the preliminary injunction, the underlying patent litigation with Apotex, or of the other PLAVIX® patent litigation, or the timing of any renewed generic competition for PLAVIX® from Apotex or additional generic competition for PLAVIX® from other generic pharmaceutical companies. However, if Apotex were to prevail in its appeal of the preliminary injunction order or in the underlying patent litigation, the Company would

Table of Contents

expect to face renewed generic competition for PLAVIX® from Apotex promptly thereafter. The full impact of Apotex's launch of its generic clopidogrel bisulfate product on the Company also cannot be reasonably estimated at this time and will depend on a number of factors, including, among others, the amount of generic product sold by Apotex and the pricing of Apotex's generic product; whether the preliminary injunction is sustained on appeal; when the pending lawsuit is finally resolved and whether the Company and Sanofi prevail; even if the preliminary injunction is sustained on appeal and the Company and Sanofi prevail in the pending patent case, the extent to which the launch by Apotex will permanently adversely impact the pricing for PLAVIX®; whether the Company and Sanofi launch an authorized generic clopidogrel bisulfate product; and, even if the Company and Sanofi ultimately prevail in the pending lawsuit, the amount of damages, if any, that would be sought and recovered by the Company and Sanofi and Apotex's ability to pay such damages. Loss of market exclusivity of PLAVIX® and the development of sustained generic competition would be material to the Company's sales of PLAVIX® and results of operations and cash flows, and could be material to the Company's financial condition and liquidity. See Item 1A. Risk Factors, Item 1. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data Note 17. Legal Proceedings and Contingencies and Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Executive Summary Plavix in the Company's quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2006, incorporated by reference herein.

RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

On November 9, 2006, we commenced a cash tender offer to purchase any and all of our outstanding \$2.5 billion aggregate principal amount of 5.75% notes due 2011. The tender offer is conditioned upon, among other things, our reasonable satisfaction that we will complete this offering as well as the Euro Notes offering described below and that the net proceeds of such issuance will be sufficient to permit us to purchase the notes tendered pursuant to the tender offer. The tender offer is also subject to customary closing conditions. We also announced that we expect to call for redemption all such notes that remain outstanding after the tender offer at the make-whole redemption price calculated pursuant to the indenture for such notes.

On November 9, 2006, Bristol-Myers Squibb announced that it expects to issue additional long-term notes (the Euro Notes) with maturities of 10 years or more. The Euro Notes will not be registered under the Act and are being offered outside of the United States in reliance on the exemption from registration provided by Regulation S under the Act.

Table of Contents**CAPITALIZATION**

The following table sets forth Bristol-Myers Squibb's consolidated capitalization at September 30, 2006:

on an actual basis,

as adjusted to reflect the issuance of \$1.25 billion in notes offered hereby and an assumed offering of \$1 billion in Euro Notes; and

pro forma to reflect the use of an estimated \$2.66 billion to purchase or redeem all the \$2.5 billion aggregate principal amount of 5.75% notes due 2011 and to reflect termination of the swap relating to the 5.75% notes due 2011. We expect to raise \$1.25 billion in this offering and approximately \$1 billion in the offering of Euro Notes. The pro forma amount of the purchase and redemption of such notes is calculated assuming a reference Treasury yield of 4.562% (which is the rate prevailing on November 14, 2006) is used for both the calculation of the redemption price and the tender offer price and an aggregate purchase price for the notes of \$2.61 billion. A decrease of 25 basis points in the assumed reference yield would increase the aggregate purchase price for the notes by approximately \$28 million, while an increase of 25 basis points in the assumed reference yield would decrease the aggregate purchase price by approximately \$27 million.

This table should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included in Bristol-Myers Squibb's quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2006, as incorporated by reference herein. Since September 30, 2006, there has not been any material change in the information set forth below, except as described elsewhere in this prospectus supplement or in any of the documents incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement.

| | | SEPTEMBER 30, 2006 | |
|--|------------------|--|---|
| | ACTUAL | AS ADJUSTED FOR THE OFFERING OF THE NOTES & EURO NOTES (in millions) | PRO FORMA FOR THE REPURCHASE/ REDEMPTION OF THE 5.75% NOTES DUE 2011 |
| Cash and marketable securities | \$ 5,505 | \$ 8,030 | \$ 5,371 |
| Short-term debt, including current portion of long-term debt | \$ 630 | \$ 630 | \$ 630 |
| Long-term debt | 7,837 | 10,362 | 7,946 |
| Total stockholders' equity | 11,589 | 11,589 | 11,589 |
| Total capitalization | \$ 20,056 | \$ 22,581 | \$ 20,165 |

Table of Contents**RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES**

The following table sets forth the ratio of earnings to fixed charges for continuing operations on a historical basis for the periods indicated:

| | YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------|-------|-------|------|-------|
| | NINE MONTHS ENDED | | | | | |
| | SEPTEMBER 30, | | | | | |
| | 2006 | 2005 | 2004 | 2003 | 2002 | 2001 |
| Ratio of earnings to fixed charges | 7.85 | 12.19 | 12.97 | 13.99 | 7.74 | 10.74 |

We compute the ratio of earnings to fixed charges by dividing earnings by fixed charges. This calculation excludes the effects of accounting changes which have been made over time and discontinued operations. Earnings consist of income from continuing operations before provision for income taxes and fixed charges, excluding capitalized interest. Fixed charges consist of interest and debt expense, capitalized interest and one-third of rental expense, which we believe is a reasonable approximation of the interest factor of such rental expense.

USE OF PROCEEDS

We estimate the net proceeds from the sale of the notes will be approximately \$1.236 billion, after deducting underwriting commissions and discounts and our estimated offering expenses. We expect to use the net proceeds from the sale of the notes offered hereby and the net proceeds from the sale of the Euro Notes together with cash on hand to purchase pursuant to the tender offer or redeem \$2.5 billion aggregate principal amount of 5.75% notes due 2011.

Table of Contents

DESCRIPTION OF NOTES

The following summary of the particular terms of the notes offered by this prospectus supplement and, to the extent inconsistent with the accompanying prospectus, replaces the description of the general terms and provisions of the securities contained in the accompanying prospectus, to which description reference is made by this prospectus supplement. The statements in this prospectus supplement concerning the notes and the indenture do not purport to be complete.

Title

5.875% Notes due 2036 (the notes).

General

Bristol-Myers Squibb will issue the notes as debt securities under the indenture, dated as of June 1, 1993, as supplemented by a supplemental indenture relating to the notes, between Bristol-Myers Squibb and The Bank of New York as successor to The Chase Manhattan Bank, as trustee. For a description of the rights attaching to different series of debt securities under the indenture, see Description of the Debt Securities in the accompanying prospectus.

Bristol-Myers Squibb will issue the notes only in book-entry form, in denominations of \$2,000 and multiples of \$1,000, through the facilities of The Depository Trust Company (DTC), and sales in book-entry form may be effected only through a participating member of DTC. See Global Securities below. The notes will not be listed on any securities exchange or included in any automated quotation system.

Principal Amount of Notes

The notes will be issued in an initial aggregate principal amount of \$1,250,000,000.

Maturity of Notes

The notes will mature on November 15, 2036.

Interest Rate on Notes

The interest rate on the notes is 5.875% per annum, computed on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months.

Date Interest Begins to Accrue on Notes

Interest will begin to accrue on November 20, 2006.

Interest Payment Dates

Bristol-Myers Squibb will pay interest on the notes semi-annually on each May 15 and November 15 (each an Interest Payment Date). Interest payable on each Interest Payment Date will include interest accrued from November 20, 2006, or from the most recent Interest Payment Date to which interest has been paid or duly provided for.

First Interest Payment Date

The first interest payment date will be May 15, 2007.

Table of Contents

Regular Record Dates for interest

Bristol-Myers Squibb will pay interest payable on any Interest Payment Date to the person in whose name a note (or any predecessor note) is registered at the close of business on May 1 or November 1, as the case may be, next preceding such Interest Payment Date.

Paying Agent

The trustee will initially be the securities registrar and paying agent and will act as such only at its offices in New York, New York. Bristol-Myers Squibb may at any time designate additional paying agents or rescind the designations or approve a change in the offices where they act.

Global Securities

The notes will each be represented by one or more global securities registered in the name of the nominee of DTC. Bristol-Myers Squibb will issue the notes in denominations of \$2,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000. Bristol-Myers Squibb will deposit the global securities with DTC or its custodian and will register the global securities in the name of DTC's nominee. See Description of the Debt Securities General Global Securities in the accompanying prospectus and Book-Entry Issuance below.

Optional Redemption of the Notes

We may redeem the notes, at our option, at any time (the Redemption Date) in whole or from time to time in part at a redemption price equal to the greater of:

(a) 100% of the principal amount of the notes being redeemed, or

(b) as calculated by the Quotation Agent (as defined below) the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments for principal and interest on the notes to be redeemed (not including any portion of such payments of interest accrued as of the Redemption Date) discounted to the Redemption Date on a semi-annual basis (assuming a 360 day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) using a discount rate equal to the sum of the Reference Dealer Rate (as defined below), plus twenty basis points, plus, in either of the above cases, accrued and unpaid interest on the notes to be redeemed to, but not including, the Redemption Date.

If we have given notice as provided in the senior indenture and made funds available for the redemption of any notes called for redemption on the Redemption Date referred to in that notice, those notes will cease to bear interest on that Redemption Date. Any interest accrued to the date fixed for redemption will be paid as specified in such notice. We will give written notice of any redemption of any notes to holders of the notes to be redeemed at their addresses, as shown in the security register for the notes, at least 30 days and not more than 60 days prior to the date fixed for redemption. The notice of redemption will specify, among other items, the date fixed for redemption, the redemption price and the aggregate principal amount of the notes to be redeemed.

If we choose to redeem less than all of the notes, the particular notes to be redeemed shall be selected by the trustee not more than 45 days prior to the Redemption Date. The trustee will select the method in its sole discretion, in such manner as it shall deem appropriate and fair, for the notes to be redeemed in part.

As used in this prospectus supplement:

Quotation Agent means the Reference Dealer (defined below) selected by the Company.

Reference Dealer means each of Citigroup Global Markets Inc., Goldman Sachs & Co. and Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated and their respective successors, unless any of them ceases to be a primary U.S. Government securities dealer in New York City (a Primary Treasury Dealer), in which case we will substitute another Primary Treasury Dealer.

Table of Contents

Reference Dealer Rate means, with respect to any Redemption Date, the average of the three quotations of the average midmarket annual yield to maturity of the 4.50% Treasury due February 15, 2036 or, if that security is no longer outstanding, a similar security in the reasonable judgment of each Reference Dealer at 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the third business day preceding such Redemption Date quoted in writing to the Company by the Reference Dealers.

Sinking Fund

There is no sinking fund.

Defeasance

The notes are subject to Bristol-Myers Squibb's ability to choose Legal Defeasance and Covenant Defeasance as described under the caption Description of the Debt Securities General Satisfaction and Discharge; Defeasance in the accompanying prospectus.

Definitive Securities

A permanent global security is exchangeable for definitive notes registered in the name of any person other than DTC or its nominee, only as described under Description of the Debt Securities General Global Securities Special Situation When a Global Security Will Be Terminated in the accompanying prospectus.

Same-Day Settlement and Payment

The underwriters will make settlement for the notes in immediately available or same-day funds. So long as the notes are represented by the global securities, Bristol-Myers Squibb will make all payments of principal and interest in immediately available funds.

Secondary trading in notes and debentures of corporate issues is generally settled in clearing-house or next-day funds. In contrast, so long as the notes are represented by the global securities registered in the name of DTC or its nominee, the notes will trade in DTC's Same-Day Funds Settlement System. DTC will require secondary market trading activity in the notes represented by the global securities to settle in immediately available or same-day funds on trading activity in the notes.

Payment of Additional Amounts

We will, subject to the exceptions and limitations set forth below, pay as additional interest on the notes such additional amounts as are necessary so that the net payment by us or a paying agent of the principal of and interest on the notes to a person that is a Non-U.S. Holder (as defined under the heading United States Tax Considerations Tax Consequences to Non-U.S. Holders below), after deduction for any present or future tax, assessment or governmental charge of the United States or a political subdivision or taxing authority thereof or therein, imposed by withholding with respect to the payment, will not be less than the amount that would have been payable in respect of the notes had no withholding or deduction been required.

Our obligation to pay additional amounts shall not apply:

(1) to any tax, assessment or governmental charge that is imposed or withheld solely because the beneficial owner, or a fiduciary, settlor, beneficiary or member of the beneficial owner if the beneficial owner is an estate, trust or partnership, or a person holding a power over an estate or trust administered by a fiduciary holder:

(a) is or was present or engaged in trade or business in the United States or has or had a permanent establishment in the United States;

(b) is or was a citizen or resident or is or was treated as a resident of the United States;

Table of Contents

(c) is or was a foreign or domestic personal holding company, a passive foreign investment company or a controlled foreign corporation with respect to the United States, is or was a corporation that has accumulated earnings to avoid United States federal income tax or is or was a private foundation or other tax-exempt organization; or

(d) is or was an actual or constructive 10-percent shareholder of Bristol-Myers Squibb, as defined in Section 871(h)(3) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;

(2) to any holder that is not the sole beneficial owner of notes, or that is a fiduciary or partnership, but only to the extent that the beneficial owner, a beneficiary or settlor with respect to the fiduciary, or a member of the partnership would not have been entitled to the payment of an additional amount had such beneficial owner, beneficiary, settlor or member received directly its beneficial or distributive share of the payment;

(3) to any tax, assessment or governmental charge that is imposed or withheld solely because the beneficial owner or any other person failed to comply with certification, identification or information reporting requirements concerning the nationality, residence, identity or connection with the United States of the holder or beneficial owner of notes, if compliance is required by statute, by regulation of the United States Treasury Department or by an applicable income tax treaty to which the United States is a party as a precondition to exemption from such tax, assessment or other governmental charge;

(4) to any tax, assessment or governmental charge that is imposed other than by deduction or withholding by Bristol-Myers Squibb or a paying agent from the payment;

(5) to any tax, assessment or governmental charge that is imposed or withheld solely because of a change in law, regulation, or administrative or judicial interpretation that becomes effective after the day on which the payment becomes due or is duly provided for, whichever occurs later;

(6) to any estate, inheritance, gift, sales, excise, transfer, wealth or personal property tax or any similar tax, assessment or governmental charge;

(7) to any tax, assessment or other governmental charge any paying agent (which term may include us) must withhold from any payment of principal of or interest on any note, if such payment can be made without such withholding by any other paying agent;

(8) to any tax, assessment or governmental charge that would not have been so imposed or withheld but for the presentation by the holder of a note for payment on a date more than 30 days after the date on which such payment became due and payable or the date on which payment thereof is duly provided for, whichever occurs later; or

(9) in the case of any combination of the above items.

The notes are subject in all cases to any tax, fiscal or other law or regulation or administrative or judicial interpretation applicable. Except as specifically provided under this heading **Payment of Additional Amounts** and under the heading **Redemption Upon a Tax Event**, we do not have to make any payment with respect to any tax, assessment or governmental charge imposed by any government or a political subdivision or taxing authority.

In particular, we will not pay additional amounts on any note

where withholding or deduction is imposed on a payment to an individual and is required to be made pursuant to European Council Directive 2003/48/EC or any law implementing or complying with, or introduced in order to conform to, that Directive, or

presented for payment by or on behalf of a beneficial owner who would have been able to avoid the withholding or deduction by presenting the relevant note to another paying agent in a Member State of the EU.

Table of Contents

Redemption Upon a Tax Event

If (a) we become or will become obligated to pay additional amounts as described under the heading "Payment of Additional Amounts" as a result of any change in, or amendment to, the laws (or any regulations or rulings promulgated thereunder) of the United States (or any political subdivision or taxing authority thereof or therein), or any change in, or amendment to, any official position regarding the application or interpretation of such laws, regulations or rulings, which change or amendment is announced or becomes effective on or after the date of this prospectus supplement, or (b) a taxing authority of the United States takes an action on or after the date of this prospectus supplement, whether or not with respect to us or any of our affiliates, that results in a substantial probability that we will or may be required to pay such additional amounts, in either case, with respect to the notes for reasons outside our control and after taking reasonable measures available to us to avoid such obligation, then we may, at our option, redeem, as a whole, but not in part, the notes at any time prior to maturity on not less than 30 nor more than 60 calendar days' prior notice, at a redemption price equal to 100% of their principal amount, together with interest accrued thereon to the date fixed for redemption. No redemption pursuant to (b) above may be made unless we shall have received an opinion of independent counsel to the effect that an act taken by a taxing authority of the United States results in a substantial probability that we will or may be required to pay the additional amounts described under the heading "Payment of Additional Amounts" and we shall have delivered to the trustee a certificate, signed by a duly authorized officer, stating that based on such opinion we are entitled to redeem the notes pursuant to their terms.

Further Issues

Bristol-Myers Squibb may from time to time, without notice to or the consent of the holders of the notes, increase the aggregate principal amount of the notes by creating and issuing further notes ranking equally and ratably with the notes in all respects, or in all respects except for the payment of interest accruing prior to the issue date or except for the first payment of interest following the issue date of those further notes. Any further notes will be consolidated and form a single series with the notes and will have the same terms as to status, redemption or otherwise as the notes. Any further notes will be issued by or pursuant to a resolution of our board of directors or a supplement to the indenture.

Prescription Period

Any money that Bristol-Myers Squibb deposits with the trustee or any paying agent for the payment of principal or any interest on any global note that remains unclaimed for two years after the date upon which the principal and interest are due and payable will be repaid to Bristol-Myers Squibb upon Bristol-Myers Squibb's request unless otherwise required by mandatory provisions of any applicable unclaimed property law. After that time, unless otherwise required by mandatory provisions of any unclaimed property law, the holder of any note will be able to seek any payment to which that holder may be entitled to collect only from Bristol-Myers Squibb.

Table of Contents

BOOK-ENTRY ISSUANCE

The notes will be issued in the form of one or more fully registered global notes which will be deposited with, or on behalf of, The Depository Trust Company, known as DTC, as the depository, and registered in the name of Cede & Co., DTC's nominee. Beneficial interests in the global notes will be represented through book-entry accounts of financial institutions acting on behalf of beneficial owners as direct and indirect participants in DTC. Investors may elect to hold interests in the global notes through DTC. Except under circumstances described below, the notes will not be issuable in definitive form. The laws of some states require that certain purchasers of securities take physical delivery of their securities in definitive form. These limits and laws may impair the ability to transfer beneficial interests in the global notes.

So long as the depository or its nominee is the registered owner of the global notes, the depository or its nominee will be considered the sole owner or holder of the notes represented by the global notes for all purposes under the indenture. Except as provided below, owners of beneficial interests in the global notes will not be entitled to have notes represented by the global notes registered in their names, will not receive or be entitled to receive physical delivery of notes in definitive form and will not be considered the owners or holders thereof under the indenture.

Principal and interest payments on notes registered in the name of the depository or its nominee will be made to the depository or its nominee, as the case may be, as the registered owner of the global notes. None of us, the trustee or any paying agent or registrar for the notes will have any responsibility or liability for any aspect of the records relating to or payments made on account of beneficial interests in the global notes or for maintaining, supervising or reviewing any records relating to these beneficial interests.

We expect that the depository for the notes or its nominee, upon receipt of any payment of principal or interest, will credit the participants accounts with payments in amounts proportionate to their respective beneficial interests in the principal amount of the global notes as shown on the records of the depository or its nominee. We also expect that payments by participants to owners of beneficial interest in the global notes held through these participants will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is now the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in street name, and will be the responsibility of these participants.

If the depository is at any time unwilling or unable to continue as depository and a successor depository is not appointed by us within 90 days, we will issue notes in definitive form in exchange for the global notes. We will also issue notes in definitive form in exchange for the global notes if an event of default has occurred with regard to the notes represented by the global notes and has not been cured or waived. In addition, we may at any time and in our sole discretion determine not to have the notes represented by the global notes and, in that event, will issue notes in definitive form in exchange for the global notes. In any such instance, an owner of a beneficial interest in the global notes will be entitled to physical delivery in definitive form of notes represented by the global notes equal in principal amount to such beneficial interest and to have such notes registered in its name. Notes so issued in definitive form will be issued as registered notes in denominations of \$2,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000, unless otherwise specified by us. Our definitive notes can be transferred by presentation for registration to the registrar at its New York offices and must be duly endorsed by the holder or his attorney duly authorized in writing, or accompanied by a written instrument or instruments of transfer in form satisfactory to us or the trustee duly executed by the holder or his attorney duly authorized in writing. We may require payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge that may be imposed in connection with any exchange or registration of transfer of definitive notes.

DTC

The depository advises as follows: The depository is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a banking organization within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the

Table of Contents

Federal Reserve System, a clearing corporation within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a clearing agency registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Exchange Act.

The depositary holds securities deposited with it by its participants and facilitates the settlement of transactions among its participants in such securities through electronic computerized book-entry changes in accounts of the participants, thereby eliminating the need for physical movement of securities certificates. The depositary's participants include securities brokers and dealers (including the underwriters), banks, trust companies, clearing corporations and certain other organizations, some of whom (and/or their representatives) own the depositary. Access to the depositary's book-entry system is also available to others, such as banks, brokers, dealers and trust companies that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a participant, either directly or indirectly.

According to the depositary, the foregoing information with respect to the depositary has been provided to the financial community for informational purposes only and is not intended to serve as a representation, warranty or contract modification of any kind.

Global Clearance and Settlement Procedures

Initial settlement for the notes will be made in same-day U.S. dollar funds. Secondary market trading between DTC participants will occur in the ordinary way in accordance with DTC rules.

Notices

Notices to holders of the notes will be sent by mail to the registered holders, whether the notes are in global or definitive form. So long as the global notes are held on behalf of DTC or any other clearing system, notices to holders of notes represented by a beneficial interest in the global notes may be given by delivery of the relevant notice to DTC or the alternative clearing system, as the case may be.

Table of Contents

UNITED STATES TAXATION

General

This section summarizes the material U.S. tax consequences to holders of notes. However, the discussion is limited in the following ways:

The discussion only covers you if you buy your notes in the initial offering.

The discussion only covers you if you hold your notes as a capital asset (that is, for investment purposes), and if you do not have a special tax status (for example, a bank, an insurance company, a dealer in securities, or a tax-exempt organization).

The discussion does not cover tax consequences that depend upon your particular tax situation in addition to your ownership of notes.

The discussion does not cover you if you are a partner in a partnership (or entity treated as a partnership for U.S. tax purposes). If a partnership holds notes, the tax treatment of a partner will generally depend upon the status of the partner and upon the activities of the partnership.

The discussion is based on current law. Changes in the law may change the tax treatment of the notes.

The discussion does not cover state, local or foreign law.

We have not requested a ruling from the IRS on the tax consequences of owning the notes. As a result, the IRS could disagree with portions of this discussion.

If you are considering buying notes, we suggest that you consult your tax advisor about the tax consequences of holding the notes in your particular situation.

Tax Consequences to U.S. Holders

This section applies to you if you are a U.S. Holder. A U.S. Holder is:

an individual U.S. citizen or resident alien;

a corporation or entity taxable as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes that was created under U.S. law (federal or state);
or

an estate or trust whose world-wide income is subject to U.S. federal income tax.

Interest

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If you are a cash method taxpayer (including most individual holders), you must report interest on the notes in your income when you receive it.

If you are an accrual method taxpayer, you must report interest on the notes in your income as it accrues.

Sale or Retirement of Notes

On your sale or retirement of your note:

You will have taxable gain or loss equal to the difference between the amount received by you and your tax basis in the note. Your tax basis in the note is your cost, subject to certain adjustments.

Your gain or loss will generally be capital gain or loss, and will be long term capital gain or loss if you held the note for more than one year. For an individual, the maximum tax rate on long term capital gains is 15% for taxable years before 2011.

If you sell the note between interest payment dates, a portion of the amount you receive reflects interest that has accrued on the note but has not yet been paid by the sale date. That amount is treated as ordinary interest income and not as sale proceeds.

S-14

Table of Contents

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

Under the tax rules concerning information reporting to the IRS:

Assuming you hold your notes through a broker or other securities intermediary, the intermediary must provide information to the IRS and to you on IRS Form 1099 concerning interest and retirement proceeds on your notes, unless an exemption applies.

Similarly, unless an exemption applies, you must provide the intermediary with your Taxpayer Identification Number for its use in reporting information to the IRS. If you are an individual, this is your social security number. You are also required to comply with other IRS requirements concerning information reporting.

If you are subject to these requirements but do not comply, the intermediary must withhold at a rate currently equal to 28% of all amounts payable to you on the notes (including principal payments). This is called *backup withholding*. If the intermediary withholds payments, you may use the withheld amount as a credit against your federal income tax liability.

All individuals are subject to these requirements. Some holders, including all corporations, tax-exempt organizations and individual retirement accounts, are exempt from these requirements.

Tax Consequences to Non-U.S. Holders

This section applies to you if you are a Non-U.S. Holder. A Non-U.S. Holder is:

an individual that is a nonresident alien;

a corporation or entity taxable as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes created under non-U.S. law; or

an estate or trust that is not taxable in the U.S. on its worldwide income.

Withholding Taxes

Generally, payments of principal and interest on the notes will not be subject to U.S. withholding taxes.

However, for the exemption from withholding taxes to apply to you, you must meet one of the following requirements.

You provide a completed Form W-8BEN (or substitute form) to the bank, broker or other intermediary through which you hold your notes. The Form W-8BEN contains your name, address and a statement that you are the beneficial owner of the notes and that you are not a U.S. Holder.

You hold your notes directly through a qualified intermediary, and the qualified intermediary has sufficient information in its files indicating that you are not a U.S. Holder. A qualified intermediary is a bank, broker or other intermediary that (1) is either a U.S. or non-U.S. entity, (2) is acting out of a non-U.S. branch or office and (3) has signed an agreement with the IRS providing that it will administer all or part of the U.S. tax withholding rules under specified procedures.

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You are entitled to an exemption from withholding tax on interest under a tax treaty between the U.S. and your country of residence. To claim this exemption, you must generally complete Form W-8BEN and claim this exemption on the form. In some cases, you may instead be permitted to provide documentary evidence of your claim to the intermediary, or a qualified intermediary may already have some or all of the necessary evidence in its files.

The interest income on the notes is effectively connected with the conduct of your trade or business in the U.S., and is not exempt from U.S. tax under a tax treaty. To claim this exemption, you must complete Form W-8ECI.

S-15

Table of Contents

Even if you meet one of the above requirements, interest paid to you will be subject to withholding tax under any of the following circumstances:

The withholding agent or an intermediary knows or has reason to know that you are not entitled to an exemption from withholding tax. Specific rules apply for this test.

The IRS notifies the withholding agent that information that you or an intermediary provided concerning your status is false.

An intermediary through which you hold the notes fails to comply with the procedures necessary to avoid withholding taxes on the notes. In particular, an intermediary is generally required to forward a copy of your Form W-8BEN (or other documentary information concerning your status) to the withholding agent for the notes. However, if you hold your notes through a qualified intermediary or if there is a qualified intermediary in the chain of title between yourself and the withholding agent for the notes the qualified intermediary will not generally forward this information to the withholding agent.

You actually or constructively own 10% or more of the voting stock of the Company, are a controlled foreign corporation with respect to the Company, or are a bank making a loan in the ordinary course of its business. In these cases, you will be exempt from withholding taxes only if you are eligible for a treaty exemption or if the interest income is effectively connected with your conduct of a trade or business in the U.S., as discussed above.

Interest payments made to you will generally be reported to the IRS and to you on Form 1042-S. However, you will not receive Form 1042-S if you hold your notes directly through a qualified intermediary and the applicable procedures are complied with.

The rules regarding withholding are complex and vary depending on your individual situation. They are also subject to change. We suggest that you consult with your tax advisor regarding the specific methods for satisfying these requirements.

Sale or Retirement of Notes

If you sell a note or it is redeemed, you will not be subject to federal income tax on any gain unless one of the following applies:

The gain is connected with a trade or business that you conduct in the U.S.

You are an individual, you are present in the U.S. for at least 183 days during the year in which you dispose of the note, and certain other conditions are satisfied.

The gain represents accrued interest, in which case the rules for interest would apply.

U.S. Trade or Business

If you hold your note in connection with a trade or business that you are conducting in the U.S.:

Any interest on the note, and any gain from disposing of the note, generally will be subject to income tax as if you were a U.S. Holder.

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If you are a corporation, you may be subject to the branch profits tax on your earnings that are connected with your U.S. trade or business, including earnings from the note. This tax is 30%, but may be reduced or eliminated by an applicable income tax treaty.

Estate Taxes

If you are an individual, your notes will not be subject to U.S. estate tax when you die. However, this rule only applies if, at your death, payments on the notes were not connected to a trade or business that you were conducting in the U.S. and you did not own 10% or more of the voting stock of the Company.

S-16

Table of Contents

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

U.S. rules concerning information reporting and backup withholding are described above. These rules apply to Non-U.S. Holders as follows:

Principal and interest payments you receive will be automatically exempt from the usual rules if you are a Non-U.S. Holder exempt from withholding tax on interest, as described above. The exemption does not apply if the withholding agent or an intermediary knows or has reason to know that you should be subject to the usual information reporting or backup withholding rules. In addition, as described above, interest payments made to you may be reported to the IRS on Form 1042-S.

Sale proceeds you receive on a sale of your notes through a broker may be subject to information reporting and/or backup withholding if you are not eligible for an exemption. In particular, information reporting and backup reporting may apply if you use the U.S. office of a broker, and information reporting (but not backup withholding) may apply if you use the foreign office of a broker that has certain connections to the U.S. In general, you may need to file Form W-8BEN to claim an exemption from information reporting and backup withholding. We suggest that you consult your tax advisor concerning information reporting and backup withholding on a sale.

European Union Tax Reporting and Withholding

Directive 2003/48/EC (the Directive) of the Council of the European Union, relating to the taxation of savings income, became effective on July 1, 2005. Under the Directive, if a paying agent for interest on a debt claim is resident in one member state of the European Union and an individual who is the beneficial owner of the interest is a resident of another member state, then the former member state is required to provide information (including the identity of the recipient) to authorities of the latter member state. Paying agent is defined broadly for this purpose and generally includes any agent of either the payor or payee. Belgium, Luxembourg and Austria have opted instead to withhold tax on the interest during a transitional period (initially at a rate of 15% but rising in steps to 35% after six years), subject to the ability of the individual to avoid withholding taxes through voluntary disclosure of the investment to the individual's Member State. In addition, certain non-members of the European Union (Switzerland, Liechtenstein, Andorra, Monaco and San Marino), as well as dependent and associated territories of the United Kingdom and the Netherlands, have adopted equivalent measures effective on the same date, and some (including Switzerland) have exercised the option to apply withholding taxes as described above.

Table of Contents**UNDERWRITING**

Bristol-Myers Squibb and the underwriters for the offering named below have entered into an underwriting agreement, dated November 15, 2006, with respect to the notes. Subject to certain conditions, each underwriter has severally agreed to purchase the principal amount of notes indicated in the following table. Citigroup Global Markets Inc., Goldman, Sachs & Co. and Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated are the representatives of the underwriters.

| Underwriters | Principal Amount of Notes due 2036 |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Citigroup Global Markets Inc. | \$ 340,476,200 |
| Goldman, Sachs & Co. | \$ 340,476,200 |
| Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated | \$ 340,476,200 |
| Banc of America Securities LLC | \$ 114,285,700 |
| J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. | \$ 114,285,700 |
| Total | \$ 1,250,000,000 |

The underwriters are committed to take and pay for all of the notes being offered, if any are taken.

Notes sold by the underwriters to the public will initially be offered at the initial public offering price set forth on the cover of this prospectus supplement. Any notes sold by the underwriters to securities dealers may be sold at a discount from the initial public offering price of up to 0.50% of the principal amount. Any such securities dealers may resell any notes purchased from the underwriters to certain other brokers or dealers at a discount from the initial public offering price of up to 0.25% of the principal amount. If all the notes are not sold at the initial offering price, the representatives may change the offering price and the other selling terms.

The underwriters intend to offer the notes for sale in jurisdictions in the United States, Europe and Asia where it is legal to make such offers.

The notes are a new issue of securities with no established trading market. Bristol-Myers Squibb has been advised by the underwriters that the underwriters intend to make a market in the notes but are not obligated to do so and may discontinue market making at any time without notice. No assurance can be given as to the liquidity of the trading market for the notes.

In connection with the offering, the underwriters may purchase and sell notes in the open market. These transactions may include short sales, stabilizing transactions and purchases to cover positions created by short sales. Short sales involve the sale by the underwriters of a greater number of notes than they are required to purchase in the offering. Stabilizing transactions consist of certain bids or purchases made for the purpose of preventing or retarding a decline in the market price of the notes while the offering is in progress.

The underwriters also may impose a penalty bid. This occurs when a particular underwriter repays to the underwriters a portion of the underwriting discount received by it because the representatives have repurchased notes sold by or for the account of such underwriter in stabilizing or short covering transactions.

These activities by the underwriters, as well as other purchases by the underwriters for their own accounts, may stabilize, maintain or otherwise affect the market price of the notes. As a result, the price of the notes may be higher than the price that otherwise might exist in the open market. If these activities are commenced, they may be discontinued by the underwriters at any time. These transactions may be effected in the over-the-counter market or otherwise.

Each of the underwriters has agreed that it will not offer, sell or deliver any of the notes in any jurisdiction outside the United States except under circumstances that will result in compliance with the applicable laws thereof and that it will take, at its own expense, whatever action is required to permit its purchase and resale of the notes in those jurisdictions as set forth in the underwriting agreement.

Table of Contents

In relation to each Member State of the European Economic Area (Iceland, Norway and Liechtenstein in addition to the member states of the European Union) which has implemented the Prospectus Directive (each, a Relevant Member State), each underwriter has represented and agreed that with effect from and including the date on which the Prospectus Directive is implemented in that Relevant Member State (the Relevant Implementation Date) it has not made and will not make an offer of notes to the public in that Relevant Member State prior to the publication of a prospectus in relation to the notes which has been approved by the competent authority in that Relevant Member State or, where appropriate, approved in another Relevant Member State and notified to the competent authority in that Relevant Member State, all in accordance with the Prospectus Directive, except that it may, with effect from and including the Relevant Implementation Date, make an offer of notes to the public in that Relevant Member State at any time:

(a) to legal entities which are authorized or regulated to operate in the financial markets or, if not so authorized or regulated, whose corporate purpose is solely to invest in securities;

(b) to any legal entity which has two or more of (1) an average of at least 250 employees during the last financial year; (2) a total balance sheet of more than 43,000,000 and (3) an annual net turnover of more than 50,000,000, as shown in its last annual or consolidated accounts; or

(c) in any other circumstances which do not require the publication by the Company of a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Directive.

For the purposes of this provision, the expression an offer of notes to the public in relation to any notes in any Relevant Member State means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the notes to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe the notes, as the same may be varied in that Relevant Member State by any measure implementing the Prospectus Directive in that Relevant Member State and the expression Prospectus Directive means Directive 2003/71/ EC and includes any relevant implementing measure in each Relevant Member State.

Each underwriter has represented and agreed that:

(a) it has only communicated or caused to be communicated and will only communicate or cause to be communicated an invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of Section 21 of the FSMA) received by it in connection with the issue or sale of the notes in circumstances in which Section 21(1) of the FSMA does not apply to us; and

(b) it has complied and will comply with all applicable provisions of the FSMA with respect to anything done by it in relation to the notes in, from or otherwise involving the United Kingdom.

The notes may not be offered or sold by means of any document other than (a) in circumstances which do not constitute an offer to the public within the meaning of the Companies Ordinance (Cap.32, Laws of Hong Kong), or (b) to professional investors within the meaning of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap.571, Laws of Hong Kong) and any rules made thereunder, or (c) in other circumstances which do not result in the document being a prospectus within the meaning of the Companies Ordinance (Cap.32, Laws of Hong Kong), and no advertisement, invitation or document relating to the notes may be issued or may be in the possession of any person for the purpose of issue (in each case whether in Hong Kong or elsewhere), which is directed at, or the contents of which are likely to be accessed or read by, the public in Hong Kong (except if permitted to do so under the laws of Hong Kong) other than with respect to notes which are or are intended to be disposed of only to

Table of Contents

persons outside Hong Kong or only to professional investors within the meaning of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571, Laws of Hong Kong) and any rules made thereunder.

The notes have not been and will not be registered under the Securities and Exchange Law of Japan (the Securities and Exchange Law) and each underwriter has agreed that it will not offer or sell any notes, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to, or for the benefit of, any resident of Japan (which term as used herein means any person resident in Japan, including any corporation or other entity organized under the laws of Japan), or to others for re-offering or resale, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to a resident of Japan, except pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of, and otherwise in compliance with, the Securities and Exchange Law and any other applicable laws, regulations and ministerial guidelines of Japan.

This prospectus supplement has not been registered as a prospectus with the Monetary Authority of Singapore. Accordingly, this prospectus supplement and any other document or material in connection with the offer or sale, or invitation for subscription or purchase, of the notes may not be circulated or distributed, nor may the notes be offered or sold, or be made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase, whether directly or indirectly, to persons in Singapore other than (a) to an institutional investor under Section 274 of the Securities and Futures Act, Chapter 289 of Singapore (the SFA), (b) to a relevant person, or any person pursuant to Section 275(1A), and in accordance with the conditions, specified in Section 275 of the SFA or (c) otherwise pursuant to, and in accordance with the conditions of, any other applicable provision of the SFA.

Where the notes are subscribed or purchased under Section 275 by a relevant person which is: (a) a corporation (which is not an accredited investor) the sole business of which is to hold investments and the entire share capital of which is owned by one or more individuals, each of whom is an accredited investor; or (b) a trust (where the trustee is not an accredited investor) whose sole purpose is to hold investments and each beneficiary is an accredited investor, shares, debentures and units of shares and debentures of that corporation or the beneficiaries' rights and interest in that trust shall not be transferable for 6 months after that corporation or that trust has acquired the notes under Section 275 except: (1) to an institutional investor under Section 274 of the SFA or to a relevant person, or any person pursuant to Section 275(1A), and in accordance with the conditions, specified in Section 275 of the SFA; (2) where no consideration is given for the transfer; or (3) by operation of law.

Bristol-Myers Squibb estimates that its share of the total expenses of the notes offered hereby, excluding underwriting discounts and commissions, will be approximately \$1,000,000.

Bristol-Myers Squibb has agreed to indemnify the underwriters against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Act.

In the ordinary course of their respective businesses, certain of the underwriters and their respective affiliates have in the past provided, and may in the future from time to time provide, investment banking and general financing and banking services to us and certain of our affiliates, for which they have in the past received, and may in the future receive, customary fees and expenses.

Certain of the underwriters are dealers under our commercial paper program. Citicorp North America Inc., an affiliate of Citigroup Global Markets Inc., is an administrative agent and a lender for a \$2.0 billion revolving credit facility with Bristol-Myers Squibb as borrower. Goldman Sachs Credit Partners L.P., an affiliate of Goldman, Sachs & Co., is also party to that credit facility. In addition, affiliates of most of the underwriters are lenders, under a \$2.5 billion term loan facility for BMS Omega Bermuda Holdings Finance Ltd., an affiliate of Bristol-Myers Squibb for which we have provided a guarantee. See "Capitalization" in this prospectus supplement.

Table of Contents

VALIDITY OF THE NOTES

Certain legal matters in connection with the offering of the notes will be passed upon for Bristol-Myers Squibb by Sandra Leung, Bristol-Myers Squibb's Acting General Counsel, and by Cravath, Swaine & Moore LLP, New York, New York. The validity of the notes will be passed upon for the underwriters by Sullivan & Cromwell LLP, New York, New York.

S-21

Table of Contents

EXPERTS

The financial statements and management's assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting (which is included in Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting) incorporated in this prospectus supplement by reference to the annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005 have been so incorporated in reliance on the report of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, given on the authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting.

CHANGE IN INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

As disclosed in our current report on Form 8-K dated March 17, 2006 (incorporated herein by reference), on March 14, 2006, the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors of Bristol-Myers Squibb appointed Deloitte & Touche LLP as the Company's independent registered public accounting firm for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2006.

WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION DOCUMENTS

INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

The SEC allows us to incorporate by reference the information we file with them, which means that we can disclose important information to you by referring you to those documents. We incorporate by reference our annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005, our quarterly reports on Form 10-Q for the quarters ended March 31, 2006, June 30, 2006 and September 30, 2006, and our current reports on Form 8-K filed (not furnished) on January 13, 2006; February 10, 2006; March 13, 2006; March 17, 2006; March 21, 2006; June 2, 2006; July 11, 2006; August 18, 2006; August 29, 2006; September 5, 2006; September 15, 2006; September 25, 2006; November 3, 2006 and November 9, 2006 and our current report on Form 8-K/A filed (not furnished) on January 13, 2006.

You may request a copy of these filings, at no cost, by writing or telephoning us at our principal executive offices at the following address:

Bristol-Myers Squibb Company

345 Park Avenue

New York, New York 10154

Attention: Secretary

Table of Contents

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S-23

Table of Contents

PROSPECTUS

BRISTOL-MYERS SQUIBB COMPANY

345 PARK AVENUE

NEW YORK, NY 10154

\$2,500,000,000

DEBT SECURITIES

PREFERRED STOCK

DEPOSITARY SHARES

COMMON STOCK

WARRANTS

BRISTOL-MYERS SQUIBB WILL PROVIDE SPECIFIC TERMS OF THESE SECURITIES

IN SUPPLEMENTS TO THIS PROSPECTUS.

YOU SHOULD READ THIS PROSPECTUS AND ANY SUPPLEMENT TO THIS PROSPECTUS

CAREFULLY BEFORE YOU INVEST.

The common stock and \$2 convertible preferred stock of Bristol-Myers Squibb are listed on the New York Stock Exchange and the Pacific Exchange, Inc. under the symbols **BMY** and **BMYP**, respectively. Any common stock or \$2 convertible preferred stock sold pursuant to a prospectus supplement will be listed, subject to notice of issuance, on these stock exchanges.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed upon the adequacy or accuracy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

INVESTING IN THE SECURITIES INVOLVES A HIGH DEGREE OF RISK. SEE RISK FACTORS BEGINNING ON PAGE 2.

The date of this prospectus is September 9, 2004.

Table of Contents

ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS

This prospectus is part of a registration statement that we filed with the SEC utilizing a shelf registration process. Under this shelf process, we may sell any combination of the securities described in this prospectus in one or more offerings up to an aggregate offering price of \$2,500,000,000. This prospectus provides you with a general description of the securities we may offer. Each time we sell securities, we will provide a prospectus supplement that will contain specific information about the terms of that offering. The prospectus supplement may also add, update or change information contained in this prospectus. You should read both this prospectus and any prospectus supplement together with additional information described immediately below under the heading **Where You Can Find More Information**.

Table of Contents

RISK FACTORS

Risks Related to the Company

Over the next several years, we expect significant declines in net sales of some of our products which have lost or will lose market exclusivity protection.

We cannot assure you that expected declines in net sales of our products which have lost or will lose market exclusivity protection and the corresponding increased competition from the sale of generic pharmaceutical products will not be material to our results of operations and cash flows.

We expect substantial incremental exclusivity losses in each of 2005, 2006 and 2007 representing continuing declines in sales of the products that lost or will lose exclusivity protection in 2003 and 2004 and additional declines attributable to products that will lose exclusivity protection in 2005, 2006 and 2007. These products include GLUCOPHAGE*/GLUCOVANCE*/GLUCOPHAGE* XR in the United States (2003 to 2004), TAXOL in Europe (2003), MONOPRIL in the United States and Canada (2003), PRAVACHOL in the United States (2006) and in Europe (2002 to 2007), MONOPRIL in Europe (2001 to 2008), ZERIT in the United States (2008) and in Europe (2007 to 2011), CEFZIL in the United States (2005) and in Europe (2004 to 2009) and VIDEX/VIDEX EC (2004 to 2009 the Company has a patent license expiring in 2007, the license became non-exclusive in 2001 though no other licenses have yet been granted). Information on the dates of loss of exclusivity protection and sales for the most recent year for our major products is set forth in Item 1. Business of its Form 10-K/A Annual Report for 2003, and interim sales information is included in the Company's Form 10-Q Quarterly Report for the period ended June 30, 2004. The timing and amounts of sales reductions from exclusivity losses, their realization in particular periods and the eventual levels of remaining sales revenues are uncertain and dependent on the levels of sales at the time exclusivity protection ends, the timing and degree of development of generic competition (speed of approvals, market entry and impact) and other factors.

PRAVACHOL, a cholesterol-reducing HMG CoA reductase inhibitor (statin), was the Company's largest product ranked by net sales in 2003 (\$2.8 billion). While the product has begun to lose exclusivity in some markets, between now and its anticipated loss of U.S. exclusivity in 2006, its expected rate of decline in market share could be accelerated by the recently reported results of clinical studies. PRAVACHOL has been the subject of numerous clinical trials that have demonstrated that PRAVACHOL, when combined with a hearthealthy diet and exercise, reduces the risk of first heart attack in patients with elevated cholesterol and no clinical evidence of coronary heart disease and also reduces the risk of a subsequent cardiovascular event in patients with normal to moderately elevated cholesterol and clinical evidence of coronary heart disease. A recent clinical study sponsored by a competitor found that treatment with the competitor's statin resulted in no progression of atherosclerotic disease compared to treatment with PRAVACHOL which showed some progression, as demonstrated intravascular ultrasound. Another recent study sponsored by the Company found that acute coronary syndrome patients treated within ten days of their event benefited more from intensive statin therapy with a competitor's product than from standard statin therapy with PRAVACHOL in the reduction of the risk of later major cardiovascular events. Since the release of the most recent of these studies in early March 2004, PRAVACHOL has experienced a decline in U.S. prescription market share, with total U.S. prescriptions decreasing 9% in the second quarter of 2004 compared to the same quarter in 2003.

We also expect to have growth opportunities over the next several years. These opportunities include growth from our in-line and recently launched products, primarily PLAVIX*, AVAPRO*/AVALIDE*, ABILIFY*, REYATAZ and ERBITUX* and our compounds in late stage development, subject to regulatory approval from the Food and Drug Administration, which include muraglitazar, a dual PPAR agonist for diabetes, abatacept, for rheumatoid arthritis, and entecavir, for hepatitis B. Expectations of continued sales growth are subject to the outcome of the previously disclosed PLAVIX* patent litigation, competitive factors including those relating to PRAVACHOL discussed above and risks of product development and regulatory approval. Changes in product mix during this period will adversely impact gross margins because the products that have lost or are expected to lose exclusivity have higher margins than the products expected to increase sales. In addition, earnings will be adversely impacted by the Company's need to invest to support the introduction of new products and the development and launch of additional new compounds.

Table of Contents

Our opportunities for future sales growth described above include substantial expected increases in sales of PLAVIX*, which had net sales of approximately \$2.5 billion and \$1.5 billion for the 12 months ended December 31, 2003 and 6 months ended June 30, 2004, respectively, and is currently the Company's largest product by sales. The Company anticipates that this revenue growth will be an important factor in offsetting expected decreases in sales of the Company's other products that recently have or will experience exclusivity losses during this period. Our U.S. territory partnership under our alliance with Sanofi-Synthelabo is a plaintiff in two pending patent infringement lawsuits related to the composition of matter patent for PLAVIX* (clopidogrel), which expires in 2011, based on the defendants seeking FDA approval to sell generic clopidogrel prior to the expiration of the composition of matter patent. If the composition of matter patent is found not infringed, invalid and/or unenforceable at the district court level, the FDA could then approve the defendants' sale of generic clopidogrel, and generic competition for PLAVIX* could begin, before we have exhausted our appeals. Such generic competition would likely result in substantial decreases in the sales of PLAVIX* in the United States. Similar proceedings involving PLAVIX* also have been instituted outside the United States. Although the plaintiffs intend to vigorously pursue enforcement of their patent rights in PLAVIX*, it is not possible at this time reasonably to assess the outcome of these lawsuits, or, if the Company were not to prevail in these lawsuits, the timing of potential generic competition for PLAVIX*. However, if such generic competition were to occur, the Company believes it is very unlikely to occur before sometime in the year 2005. It also is not possible reasonably to estimate the impact of these lawsuits on the Company. However, loss of market exclusivity of PLAVIX* and the subsequent development of generic competition would be material to the Company's sales of PLAVIX* and results of operations and cash flows and could be material to its financial condition and liquidity.

Our opportunities for future growth also include expected increases in sales of ABILIFY, which was introduced in November 2002 and had net sales of \$283 million in 2003 and \$237 million in the first six months of 2004. As previously disclosed, ABILIFY sales are expected to contribute to the Company's growth opportunities over the next several years. Under an alliance agreement with Otsuka Pharmaceutical Company (Otsuka), the Company has a right to market Abilify in the United States and Puerto Rico until November 2012 and in countries in the European Union where the Company has an exclusive right to market Abilify until June 2014. On August 11, 2004, Otsuka filed with the United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO) a Request for Reexamination of the basic U.S. composition of matter patent covering ABILIFY (the '528 Patent) that expires in 2009, and may be extended until 2014 if pending supplemental protection extensions are granted. Otsuka has determined that the original '528 Patent application contained an inadvertent error in that the description of a prior art reference was identified by the wrong patent number. In addition, Otsuka has taken the opportunity to bring other citations to the attention of the USPTO. The Request for Reexamination, if granted by the USPTO, will allow the USPTO to consider the patentability of the patent claims in light of the corrected patent number and newly cited documents. The USPTO is expected to make a final decision on the reexamination within the next ten to fifteen months. While we expect that the USPTO will reconfirm in the reexamination that the invention claimed in the '528 Patent is patentable, there can be no guarantee as to the outcome. If the patentability of the '528 Patent is not reconfirmed following a reexamination, there may be sooner than expected loss of market exclusivity of ABILIFY and the subsequent development of generic competition which would be material to the Company.

Lawsuits, claims, proceedings and investigations pending against us and certain of our subsidiaries are reasonably likely to be material to our results of operations and cash flows.

We and our subsidiaries are the subject of a number of pending lawsuits, claims, proceedings and investigations. These matters involve securities, patent infringement, the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended (ERISA), pricing, sales and marketing practices, antitrust, environmental, health and safety matters, product liability and insurance coverage. It is not possible at this time to reasonably assess the final outcome of these matters. There can be no assurance that there will not be an increase in the scope of any pending lawsuits, claims, proceedings and investigations or that any future lawsuits, claims, proceedings or investigations will not be material.

We continue to believe, as previously disclosed, that during the next few years, the aggregate impact, beyond current reserves, of these and other legal matters affecting us is reasonably likely to be material to our results of operations and cash flows, and may be material to our financial condition and liquidity.

Table of Contents

DESCRIPTION OF THE COMPANY

Bristol-Myers Squibb Company was incorporated under the laws of the State of Delaware in August 1933 under the name Bristol-Myers Company, as successor to a New York business started in 1887. In 1989, Bristol-Myers Company changed its name to Bristol-Myers Squibb Company as a result of a merger. The Company, through its divisions and subsidiaries, is engaged in the discovery, development, licensing, manufacturing, marketing, distribution and sale of pharmaceuticals and other healthcare related products.

The Company has four reportable segments Pharmaceuticals, Oncology Therapeutics Network (OTN), Nutritionals and Other Healthcare. The Pharmaceuticals segment is comprised of the global pharmaceutical and international (excluding Japan) consumer medicines business. The OTN segment provides oncology products, supportive care products and related supplies to office-based oncologists in the United States. The Nutritionals segment consists of Mead Johnson Nutritionals (Mead Johnson), primarily an infant formula business. The Other Healthcare segment consists of ConvaTec, Medical Imaging and Consumer Medicines (North America and Japan) businesses.

Our principal executive offices are located at 345 Park Avenue, New York, New York 10154, and our telephone number is (212) 546-4000. Our website is located at www.bms.com. The information on our website is not incorporated by reference in this prospectus.

Table of Contents

USE OF PROCEEDS

Unless we otherwise specify in the applicable prospectus supplement, the net proceeds we receive from the sale of the securities offered by this prospectus and the accompanying prospectus supplement will be used for general corporate purposes. General corporate purposes may include the repayment of debt, investments in or extensions of credit to our subsidiaries, redemption of preferred stock, or the financing of possible acquisitions or business expansion. The net proceeds may be invested temporarily or applied to repay short-term debt until they are used for their stated purpose.

Table of Contents**RATIOS OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES AND EARNINGS TO COMBINED****FIXED CHARGES AND PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDENDS**

The following table sets forth the Company's ratio of earnings to fixed charges and the Company's ratio of earnings to combined fixed charges and preferred stock dividends (which is the same) for each of the periods indicated:

| Six Months Ended | | Restated | Year Ended December 31, | Restated | Restated | Restated |
|-------------------------|-------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| June 30, 2004 | 2003 | 2002 | 2001 | 2000 | 1999 | 1999 |
| 14.04 | 13.91 | 7.54 | 10.64 | 36.48 | | 28.11 |

We compute the ratio of earnings to fixed charges by dividing earnings by fixed charges.

We compute the ratio of earnings to combined fixed charges and preferred stock dividends by dividing earnings by the sum of fixed charges and dividends on preferred stock. Due to the immaterial amount of preferred stock dividends, the ratio of earnings to combined fixed charges and preferred stock dividends is equal to the ratio of earnings to fixed charges.

Earnings consists of income from continuing operations before provision for minority interests and income taxes, one-third of rents (deemed by the Company to be a reasonable approximation of the interest factor of such rental expense), interest and debt expense, net of amounts capitalized and amortized. Fixed Charges consists of one-third of rents, interest and debt expense and capitalized interest.

Table of Contents

DESCRIPTION OF THE DEBT SECURITIES

The following description of the terms of the debt securities sets forth general terms that may apply to the debt securities. The particular terms of any debt securities will be described in the prospectus supplement relating to those debt securities.

The debt securities will be either our senior debt securities or our subordinated debt securities. The senior debt securities will be issued under an indenture dated as of June 1, 1993, between us and JPMorgan Chase Bank (formerly The Chase Manhattan Bank), as trustee. This indenture is referred to as the senior indenture. The subordinated debt securities will be issued under an indenture to be entered into between us and the trustee named in a prospectus supplement. This indenture is referred to as the subordinated indenture. The senior indenture and the subordinated indenture are together called the indentures.

The following is a summary of the most important provisions of the indentures. Copies of the indentures are filed as exhibits to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part. Section references below are to the sections in the applicable indentures. The referenced sections of the indentures are incorporated by reference. We encourage you to read our indentures.

1. GENERAL

Neither indenture limits the amount of debt securities that we may issue. Each indenture provides that debt securities may be issued up to the principal amount authorized by our board of directors from time to time. The senior debt securities will be unsecured and will have the same rank as all of our other unsecured and unsubordinated debt. The subordinated debt securities will be unsecured and will be subordinated and junior to all senior indebtedness.

The debt securities may be issued in one or more separate series of senior debt securities or subordinated debt securities. The prospectus supplement relating to the particular series of debt securities being offered will describe the particular amounts, prices and terms of those debt securities. These terms will include:

the title and type of the debt securities;

the total principal amount of the debt securities;

the percentage of the principal amount at which the debt securities will be issued and any payments due if the maturity of the debt securities is accelerated;

the date or dates on which the principal of the debt securities will be payable;

whether the debt securities will be denominated in, and whether the principal of and any premium and any interest on the debt securities will be payable in, any foreign currency or foreign currency units;

the interest rate or rates, if any, which the debt securities will bear, the date or dates from which any interest will accrue, the interest payment dates for the debt securities and the regular record date for any interest payable on any interest payment date;

any optional or mandatory redemption provisions;

any sinking fund or other provisions that would obligate us to repurchase or otherwise redeem the debt securities;

whether the debt securities are to be issued in individual certificates to each holder or in the form of global securities held by a depository on behalf of holders;

any changes to or additional events of default or covenants;

any special tax implications of the debt securities, including provisions for original issue discount securities, if offered;

Table of Contents

any conversion or exchange provisions; and

any other specific terms of the debt securities.

Unless we otherwise specify in the prospectus supplement:

the debt securities will be registered debt securities; and

registered debt securities denominated in U.S. dollars will be issued in denominations of \$1,000 or an integral multiple of \$1,000. (Sections 301 and 302 of the indentures).

Debt securities may bear legends required by United States Federal tax law and regulations. (Section 201 of the indentures)

If any of the debt securities are sold for any foreign currency or currency unit, or if any payments on the debt securities are payable in any foreign currency or currency unit, the prospectus supplement will describe any restrictions, elections, tax consequences, specific terms and other information relating to the debt securities and the foreign currency or currency unit.

Some of the debt securities may be issued as original issue discount debt securities. Original issue discount securities bear no interest or bear interest at below-market rates. These are sold at a discount below their stated principal amount. If we issue these securities, the prospectus supplement will describe any special tax, accounting or other considerations relevant to these securities.

EXCHANGE, REGISTRATION AND TRANSFER

Debt securities may be transferred or exchanged at the corporate trust office of the security registrar or at any other office or agency which is maintained for these purposes. No service charge will be payable upon the transfer or exchange, except for any applicable tax or governmental charge.

The designated security registrar in the United States for the senior debt securities is JPMorgan Chase Bank, located at 450 West 33rd Street, New York, New York 10001. The security registrar for the subordinated debt securities will be designated in a prospectus supplement.

In the event of any redemption in part of any series of debt securities, we will not be required to issue, register the transfer of, or exchange debt securities of any series between the opening of business 15 days before the day of the mailing of a notice of redemption of securities of such series selected for redemption and the close of business on the day of mailing of the relevant notice of redemption.

(Section 305 of the indentures)

PAYMENT AND PAYING AGENT

We will pay principal, interest and any premium on fully registered securities in the designated currency or currency unit at the office of the paying agent. Payment of interest on fully registered securities may be made by check mailed to the persons in whose names the debt securities are registered on days specified in the indentures or any prospectus supplement. (Section 307 of the indentures)

If any amount payable on any debt security or coupon remains unclaimed at the end of two years after the amount became due and payable, the paying agent will release any unclaimed amounts to us. (Section 1003 of the indentures)

Our paying agent in the United States for the senior debt securities is JPMorgan Chase Bank, located at 450 West 33rd Street, New York, New York 10001. We will designate the paying agent for the subordinated debt securities in the applicable prospectus supplement.

Table of Contents

GLOBAL SECURITIES

The debt securities of a series may be issued in whole or in part in the form of one or more global certificates. Those certificates will be deposited with a depository that we will identify in a prospectus supplement. We will describe the specific terms of the depository arrangement relating to a series of debt securities in the prospectus supplement (Section 204 of the indentures).

Unless we otherwise specify in a prospectus supplement, we anticipate that the following provisions will apply to our depository arrangements:

U.S. Book-Entry Securities. Debt securities of a series represented by a definitive global registered security and deposited with or on behalf of a depository in the United States will be registered in the name of the depository or its nominee. These securities are referred to as book-entry securities .

When a global security is issued and deposited with the depository, the depository will credit, on its book-entry registration and transfer system, the respective principal amounts represented by that global security to the accounts of institutions that have accounts with the depository. Institutions that have accounts with the depository are referred to as participants .

The accounts to be credited shall be designated by the underwriters or agents for the sale of such book-entry securities or by us, if we offer and sell those securities directly.

Ownership of book-entry securities is limited to participants or persons that may hold interests through participants. In addition, ownership of these securities will be evidenced only by, and the transfer of that ownership will be effected only through, records maintained by the depository or by participants or persons that hold through other participants.

So long as the depository, or its nominee, is the registered owner of a global security, that depository or nominee will be considered the sole owner or holder of the book-entry securities represented by the global security for all purposes under the indenture. Payments of principal, interest and premium on those securities will be made to the depository or its nominee as the registered owner or the holder of the global security.

Owners of book-entry securities:

will not be entitled to have the debt securities registered in their names;

will not be entitled to receive physical delivery of the debt securities in definitive form; and

will not be considered the owners or holders of those debt securities under the indenture.

Special Situation When a Global Security Will Be Terminated. In a few special situations described below, the global security will terminate and interests in it will be exchanged for physical certificates representing those interests. After that exchange, the choice of whether to hold securities directly or in street name will be up to the investor. Investors must consult their own bank or brokers to find out how to have their interests in securities transferred to their own name, so that they will be direct holders. We have described the rights of holders and street name investors below.

The global security will terminate when the following special situations occur:

If the depository notifies us that it is unwilling, unable or no longer qualified to continue as depository for that global security and we do not appoint another institution to act as depository within 90 days.

If we notify the trustee that we wish to terminate that global security; or

If an event of default has occurred with regard to debt securities represented by that global security and has not been cured or waived. We discuss defaults later under [Event of Default, Notice and Waiver](#) .

Table of Contents

The prospectus supplement may also list additional situations for terminating a global security that would apply only to the particular series of securities covered by the prospectus supplement. When a global security terminates, the depository and not we or the trustee is responsible for deciding the names of the institutions that will be the initial direct holders. (Section 204(c)(iii) and (iv) of the indentures).

We expect that the depository for book-entry securities of a series will immediately credit participants' accounts with payments received by the depository or nominee in amounts proportionate to the participants' beneficial interests as shown on the records of such depository.

We also expect that payments by participants to owners of beneficial interests in a global security held through the participants will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is now the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in street name. The payments by participants to the owners of beneficial interests will be the responsibility of those participants.

SATISFACTION AND DISCHARGE; DEFEASANCE

We may be discharged from our obligations on the debt securities of any series that have matured or will mature or be redeemed within one year if we deposit with the trustee enough cash to pay all the principal, interest and any premium due to the stated maturity date or redemption date of the debt securities. (Section 401 of the indentures)

Each indenture contains a provision that permits us to elect:

1. to be discharged from all of our obligations (subject to limited exceptions) with respect to any series of debt securities then outstanding; and/or
2. to be released from our obligations under the following covenants and from the consequences of an event of default or cross-default resulting from a breach of these covenants:
 - a. the limitations on mergers, consolidations and certain sales of assets,
 - b. with respect to the senior indenture, the limitations on sale and leaseback transactions, and
 - c. with respect to the senior indenture, the limitations on liens to secure debt.

To make either of the above elections, we must deposit in trust with the trustee enough money to pay in full the principal, interest and premium on the debt securities. This amount may be made in cash and/or U.S. government obligations, if the debt securities are denominated in U.S. dollars. This amount may be made in cash and/or foreign government securities if the debt securities are denominated in a foreign currency. As a condition to either of the above elections, we must deliver to the trustee an opinion of counsel that the holders of the debt securities will not recognize income, gain or loss for Federal income tax purposes as a result of the action. (Section 403 of the indentures)

If either of the above events occur, the holders of the debt securities of the series will not be entitled to the benefits of the indentures, except for registration of transfer and exchange of debt securities and replacement of lost, stolen or mutilated debt securities. (Sections 401 and 403 of the indentures)

EVENTS OF DEFAULT, NOTICE AND WAIVER

If a specified event of default for any series of debt securities occurs and continues, the trustee or the holders of at least 25% in principal amount of the debt securities of the series may declare the entire principal amount of all the debt securities of that series (or, if the debt securities are original issue discount securities, such portion of the principal as may be described in the applicable prospectus supplement) to be due and payable immediately.

The declaration may be annulled and past defaults may be waived by the holders of a majority of the principal amount of the debt securities of that series if we satisfy certain conditions. However, payment defaults that are not cured may only be waived by all holders of the debt securities. (Sections 502, 513 and 902 of the indentures)

Table of Contents

Each indenture defines an event of default in connection with any series of debt securities as one or more of the following events:

we fail to pay the principal of or any premium on such debt security when due;

we fail to deposit any sinking fund payment on such series when due;

we fail to pay interest when due on such series for 30 days after it is due;

we fail to perform any other covenant in the indenture related to the debt securities of the series and this failure continues for 90 days after we receive written notice of it (this provision is only applicable to senior debt securities);

we or a court take certain actions relating to the bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization of our company; and

any other event of default provided in a supplemental indenture or board resolution under which a series of securities is issued or in the form of that security.

(Section 501 of the indentures)

For the events of default applicable to a particular series of debt securities, see the prospectus supplement relating to such series. A default under our other indebtedness will not be a default under the indentures, and a default under one series of debt securities will not necessarily be a default under another series.

Each indenture requires the trustee to give the holders of a series of debt securities notice of a default for that series within 90 days unless the default is cured or waived. However, the trustee may withhold this notice if it determines in good faith that it is in the interest of those holders. The trustee may not, however, withhold this notice in the case of a payment default.

(Section 602 of the indentures)

Other than its duties in case of a default, a trustee is not obligated to exercise any of its rights or powers under either indenture at the request or direction of any of the holders of debt securities, unless the holders have offered to the trustee reasonable indemnification. (Section 603 of the indentures)

If such indemnification is provided, the holders of a majority in principal amount of outstanding debt securities of any series may, subject to certain limitations, direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the trustee, or exercising any trust or other power conferred on the trustee. (Section 512 of the indentures)

Each indenture includes a covenant that we will deliver within 120 days after the end of each fiscal year to the trustee a certificate of no default, or specifying the nature and status of any default that exists. (Section 1004 of the indentures)

Street name and other indirect holders should consult their banks and brokers for information on their requirements for giving notice or taking other actions upon a default.

MODIFICATION OF THE INDENTURES

Together with the trustee, we may, when authorized by our board of directors modify the indentures without the consent of the holders for limited purposes, including, but not limited to, adding to our covenants or events of default, establishing forms or terms of debt securities, and curing ambiguities. (Section 901 of the indentures)

Table of Contents

Together with the trustee, we may, when authorized by our board of directors also make modifications and amendments to each indenture with the consent of the holders of a majority in principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of all affected series. However, without the consent of each affected holder, no modification may:

change the stated maturity of any debt security;

reduce the principal, premium (if any), rate of interest or change the method of computing the amount of principal or interest on any debt security;

change any place of payment or the currency in which any debt security or any premium or interest thereon is payable;

impair the right to enforce any payment after the stated maturity or redemption date;

reduce the percentage of holders of outstanding debt securities of any series required to consent to any modification, amendment or waiver under the indentures;

modify the provisions in the indentures relating to the waiver of past defaults and the waiver of certain covenants; or

modify the provisions in the indentures relating to adding provisions or changing or eliminating provisions of the indenture or modifying rights of holders of securities under the indenture.

(Section 902 of the indentures)

NOTICES TO HOLDERS

Notice shall be given to holders of securities by mail to the addresses of the holders as they appear in the Security Register. (Section 106 of the indentures)

TITLE

We, the trustee, and any agent of ours or the trustee may treat the registered owner of any registered security as the absolute owner of that security for all purposes. (Section 308 of the indentures)

REPLACEMENT OF SECURITIES

We will replace debt securities that have been mutilated, but you will have to pay for the replacement and will have to surrender the mutilated debt security to the trustee first. Debt securities that become destroyed, stolen, or lost will only be replaced by us upon your providing evidence of destruction, loss, or theft that the trustee and we find satisfactory. In the case of a destroyed, lost, or stolen debt security, we may also require you, as the holder of the debt security, to indemnify the trustee and us before we will issue any replacement debt security. (Section 306 of the indentures)

GOVERNING LAW

The indentures and the debt securities will be governed by, and construed under, the laws of the State of New York.

OUR RELATIONSHIP WITH THE TRUSTEE

We may from time to time maintain lines of credit, and have other customary banking relationships, with the trustee under the senior indenture or the trustee under the subordinated indenture.

Table of Contents

COVENANT

Limitation On Merger, Consolidation And Transfers Or Conveyances Of Assets. The following covenant is applicable to both our senior debt securities and our subordinated debt securities. We may not, without the consent of the holders of the debt securities, merge into or consolidate with any other corporation, or convey or transfer all or substantially all of our properties and assets to another person unless:

the successor is a U.S. corporation;

the successor assumes on the same terms and conditions all the obligations under the debt securities and the indentures; and

immediately after giving effect to the transaction, there is no default under the applicable indenture.
(Section 801 of the indentures)

The remaining or acquiring corporation will take over all of our rights and obligations under the indentures. (Section 802 of the indentures)

2. SENIOR DEBT SECURITIES

The senior debt securities will be unsecured and will rank equally with all of our other unsecured and non-subordinated debt.

COVENANTS

The restrictive covenants summarized below will apply (unless waived or amended) so long as any of the senior debt securities are outstanding, unless the prospectus supplement states otherwise. We have provided at the end of these covenants definitions of the capitalized words used in discussing the covenants.

LIMITATION ON LIENS

We have agreed not to create, assume or suffer to exist, any mortgages or other liens upon any Restricted Property to secure any of our Debt or Debt of any Subsidiary or any other person, or permit any Subsidiary to do so, without securing the senior debt securities equally and ratably with all other indebtedness secured by such lien. This covenant has certain exceptions, which generally permit:

mortgages and liens existing on property owned by or leased by persons at the time they become Subsidiaries;

mortgages and liens existing on property at the time the property was acquired by us or a Subsidiary, or incurred at, or prior to, the time of acquisition or construction or within 12 months thereafter to finance the purchase price, construction, alteration, repair or improvement thereof and any lien to the extent that it secures Debt which is in excess of such cost or purchase price and for the payment of which recourse may be had only against such Restricted Property;

any mortgages and liens securing Debt of a Subsidiary that the Subsidiary owes to us or another Subsidiary;

any mortgages and liens securing industrial development, pollution control, or similar revenue bonds;

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with respect to any series of securities, any lien existing on the date of issuance of such securities;

any extension, renewal or replacement (or successive extensions, renewals or replacements) in whole or in part of any Lien referred to above, so long as the principal amount of Debt so secured at the time of such extension, renewal or replacement (except that, where an additional principal amount of Debt is

Table of Contents

incurred to provide funds for the completion of a specific project, the additional principal amount, and any related financing costs, may be secured by the Lien as well) and the Lien is limited to the same property subject to the Lien so extended, renewed or replaced (and any improvements on such property); and

mortgages and liens otherwise prohibited by this covenant, securing Debt which, together with the aggregate outstanding principal amount of all other Debt of us and our Subsidiaries owning Restricted Property which would otherwise be subject to such covenant and the aggregate Value of certain existing Sale and Leaseback Transactions which would be subject to the covenant on Sale and Leaseback Transactions but for this provision, does not exceed 10% of Consolidated Net Tangible Assets. (Section 1006 of the senior indenture)

LIMITATION ON SALE AND LEASEBACK TRANSACTIONS

Neither we nor any Subsidiary owning Restricted Property may enter into any Sale and Leaseback Transaction unless we or such Subsidiary could incur Debt, in a principal amount at least equal to the Value of such Sale and Leaseback Transaction, which is secured by liens on the property to be leased without equally and ratably securing the outstanding senior debt securities without violating the Limitation on Liens covenant discussed above. We, or any such Subsidiary, may also enter into a Sale and Leaseback Transaction if, during the six months following the effective date of such Sale and Leaseback Transaction, we apply an amount equal to the Value of such Sale and Leaseback Transaction to the acquisition of Restricted Property or to the voluntary retirement of debt securities or Funded Debt. We will receive a credit toward the amount required to be applied to such retirement of indebtedness for the principal amount of any debt securities or Funded Debt delivered to the Trustee for retirement or cancellation during the six months immediately following the effective date of such Sale and Leaseback Transaction. (Section 1007 of the senior indenture)

GENERAL

The covenants described above only restrict our ability to place liens on, or enter into Sale and Leaseback Transactions in respect of, those manufacturing facilities in the United States which individually constitute 2% or more of our Consolidated Net Tangible Assets and which our board of directors believes are of material importance to our business. We do not currently have any domestic manufacturing facilities that meet this 2% test. As a result, these covenants do not currently restrict us from securing indebtedness with any of our physical facilities or from entering into Sale and Leaseback Transactions with respect to any of our physical facilities, and if we did so, we would not be required to similarly secure any senior debt securities issued under the indenture. We will amend this prospectus to disclose or disclose in the prospectus supplement the existence of any mortgage or lien on or any Sale and Leaseback Transaction covering any Restricted Property which would require us to secure the debt securities or apply certain amounts to retirement of indebtedness or acquisitions of property.

Other than the restrictions on liens and Sale and Leaseback Transactions described above, the indenture and the debt securities do not contain any covenants or other provisions designed to protect holders of the debt securities in the event of a highly leveraged transaction involving the Company.

Table of Contents

DEFINITIONS

We have summarized below definitions of some of the terms used in the senior indenture. In the definitions, all references to us, we or our mean Bristol-Myers Squibb Company only. (Section 101 of the senior indenture)

Consolidated Net Tangible Assets means the total amount of our assets after deducting:

all current liabilities; and

all goodwill, trade names, trademarks, patents, unamortized debt discount and expense and other like intangible assets, all as set forth on our most recent consolidated balance sheet and determined on a consolidated basis in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

In calculating the total amount of our assets, we must subtract applicable reserves and other properly deductible items. In calculating our current liabilities, we must exclude the amount of liabilities which are by their terms extendable or renewable at the option of the obligor to a date more than 12 months after the date as of which the amount is being determined.

Debt means:

all obligations represented by notes, bonds, debentures or similar evidences of indebtedness;

all indebtedness for borrowed money or for the deferred purchase price of property or services other than, in the case of any such deferred purchase price, on normal trade terms; and

all rental obligations as lessee under leases which shall have been or should be, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, recorded as capital leases.

Funded Debt means:

our Debts or Debt of a Subsidiary owning Restricted Property, maturing by its terms more than one year after its creation; and

Debt classified as long-term debt under generally accepted accounting principles.

The definition of Funded Debt only includes Debt incurred by us meeting one of the above requirements if it ranks at least equally with the senior debt securities.

Restricted Property means:

any manufacturing facility, or portion thereof, owned or leased by us or any of our Subsidiaries and located within the continental United States which, in our Board of Directors' opinion, is of material importance to our business and the business of our Subsidiaries taken as a whole; and

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any shares of common stock or indebtedness of any Subsidiary owning any such manufacturing facility. In this definition, manufacturing facility means property, plant and equipment used for actual manufacturing and for activities directly related to manufacturing. The definition excludes sales offices, research facilities and facilities used only for warehousing, distribution or general administration. The definition provides that no manufacturing facility, or portion thereof, shall be deemed of material importance if its gross book value before deducting accumulated depreciation is less than 2% of Consolidated Net Tangible Assets.

Table of Contents

Sale And Leaseback Transaction means any arrangement pursuant to which we or any Subsidiary leases any Restricted Property that has been or is to be sold or transferred by us or the Subsidiary to another person, other than:

temporary leases for a term, including renewals at the option of the lessee, of three years or less;

leases between us and a Subsidiary or between Subsidiaries;

leases executed within 12 months after the latest of the acquisition, the completion of construction or improvement, or the commencement of commercial operation, of such Restricted Property; and

arrangements pursuant to any provision of law with an effect similar to that under former Section 168(f)(8) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954.

Subsidiary means a corporation of which we or one or more corporations meeting this definition owns, directly or indirectly, the majority of the outstanding voting stock.

Value means, with respect to a Sale and Leaseback Transaction, an amount equal to the present value of the lease payments remaining on the date as of which the amount is being determined, without regard to any renewal or extension options contained in the lease. To determine such present value, we use a discount rate equal to the weighted average interest rate on the debt securities of all series which are outstanding on the effective date of the Sale and Leaseback Transaction and which have the benefit of the covenant limiting Sale and Leaseback Transactions discussed above.

3. SUBORDINATED DEBT SECURITIES

The subordinated debt securities will be unsecured. The subordinated debt securities will be subordinate in right of payment to all senior indebtedness. (Section 1201 of the subordinated indenture)

In addition, claims of our subsidiaries' creditors and preferred stockholders generally will have priority with respect to the assets and earnings of the subsidiaries over the claims of our creditors, including holders of the subordinated debt securities, even though those obligations may not constitute senior indebtedness. The subordinated debt securities, therefore, will be effectively subordinated to creditors, including trade creditors, and preferred stockholders of our subsidiaries.

The subordinated indenture defines "senior indebtedness" to mean the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on:

all indebtedness for money borrowed or guaranteed by us other than the subordinated debt securities, unless the indebtedness expressly states that it has the same ranks as, or ranks junior to, the subordinated debt securities; and

any deferrals, renewals or extensions of any senior indebtedness.

However, the term "senior indebtedness" will not include:

any of our obligations to our Subsidiaries;

any liability for Federal, state, local or other taxes owed or owing by us;

any accounts payable or other liability to trade creditors, arising in the ordinary course of business, including guarantees of, or instruments evidencing, those liabilities;

any indebtedness, guarantee or obligation of ours which is expressly subordinate or junior in right of payment in any respect to any other indebtedness, guarantee or obligation of ours, including any senior subordinated indebtedness and any subordinated obligations;

any obligations with respect to any capital stock; or

any indebtedness incurred in violation of the subordinated indenture.

Table of Contents

There is no limitation on our ability to issue additional senior indebtedness. The senior debt securities constitute senior indebtedness under the subordinated indenture. The subordinated debt securities will rank equally with our other subordinated indebtedness.

Under the subordinated indenture, no payment may be made on the subordinated debt securities and no purchase, redemption or retirement of any subordinated debt securities may be made in the event:

any senior indebtedness is not paid when due; or

the maturity of any senior indebtedness is accelerated as a result of a default, unless the default has been cured or waived and the acceleration has been rescinded or that senior indebtedness has been paid in full.

(Section 1203 of the subordinated indenture)

We may, however, pay the subordinated debt securities without regard to the above restriction if the representatives of the holders of the applicable senior indebtedness approve the payment in writing to us and the trustee. (Section 1203 of the subordinated indenture)

The representatives of the holders of senior indebtedness may notify us and the trustee in writing of a default, which can result in the acceleration of that senior indebtedness maturity without further notice or the expiration of any grace periods. In this event, we may not pay the subordinated debt securities for 179 days after receipt of that notice of such default unless the person who gave such notice gives written notice to the trustee and to us terminating the period of non-payment, the senior indebtedness is paid in full or the default that caused such notice is no longer continuing. If the holders of senior indebtedness or their representatives have not accelerated the maturity of the senior indebtedness at the end of the 179 day period, we may resume payments on the subordinated debt securities. Not more than one such notice may be given in any consecutive 360-day period, irrespective of the number of defaults with respect to senior indebtedness during that period. (Section 1203 of the subordinated indenture)

In the event we pay or distribute our assets to creditors upon a total or partial liquidation or dissolution of us, or in bankruptcy or reorganization relating to us or our property, the holders of senior indebtedness will be entitled to receive payment in full of the senior indebtedness before the holders of subordinated debt securities are entitled to receive any payment of either principal or interest. Until the senior indebtedness is paid in full, any payment or distribution to which holders of subordinated debt securities would be entitled but for the subordination provisions of the subordinated indenture will be made to holders of the senior indebtedness. (Section 1202 of the subordinated indenture)

If a distribution is made to holders of subordinated debt securities that, due to the subordination provisions, should not have been made to them, those holders of subordinated debt securities are required to hold it in trust for the holders of senior indebtedness, and pay it over to them as their interests may appear. (Section 1205 of the subordinated indenture)

If payment of the subordinated debt securities is accelerated because of an event of default, either we or the trustee will promptly notify the holders of senior indebtedness or their representatives of the acceleration. We may not pay the subordinated debt securities until five business days after the holders of senior indebtedness or their representatives receive notice of the acceleration. Thereafter, we may pay the subordinated debt securities only if the subordination provisions of the subordinated indenture otherwise permit payment at that time. (Section 1204 of the subordinated indenture)

As a result of the subordination provisions contained in the subordinated indenture, in the event of insolvency, our creditors who are holders of senior indebtedness may recover more, ratably, than the holders of subordinated debt securities. In addition, our creditors who are not holders of senior indebtedness may recover less, ratably, than holders of senior indebtedness and may recover more, ratably, than the holders of subordinated indebtedness. It is important to keep this in mind if you decide to hold our subordinated debt securities.

Table of Contents

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED STOCK

The following is a description of general terms and provisions of our preferred stock. The particular terms of any series of preferred stock will be described in the applicable prospectus supplement.

All the terms of the preferred stock are, or will be, contained in our Certificate of Incorporation and the certificate of designation relating to each series of the preferred stock, which will be filed with the SEC at or before the time we issue a series of the preferred stock.

We are authorized to issue up to 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$1.00 per share. As of March 31, 2004, 7,563 shares of \$2 convertible preferred stock, liquidation preference \$50 per share, were outstanding. Our \$2 convertible preferred stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange and the Pacific Exchange, Inc., under the symbol `BMYP`. Subject to limitations prescribed by law, the board of directors is authorized at any time to:

issue one or more series of preferred stock;

determine the designation for any series by number, letter or title that shall distinguish the series from any other series of preferred stock; and

determine the number of shares in any series.

The board of directors is authorized to determine, for each series of preferred stock, and the prospectus supplement will set forth with respect to the series the following information:

whether dividends on that series of preferred stock will be cumulative and, if so, from which date;

the dividend rate;

the dividend payment date or dates;

the liquidation preference per share of that series of preferred stock, if any;

any conversion provisions applicable to that series of preferred stock;

any redemption or sinking fund provisions applicable to that series of preferred stock;

the voting rights of that series of preferred stock, if any; and

the terms of any other preferences or special rights applicable to that series of preferred stock.

The preferred stock, when issued, will be fully paid and nonassessable.

DIVIDENDS

Holders of preferred stock will be entitled to receive, when, as and if declared by our board of directors, cash dividends at the rates and on the dates as set forth in the applicable certificate of designation. Generally, no dividends will be declared or paid on any series of preferred stock unless full dividends for all series of preferred stock, including any cumulative dividends still owing, have been or contemporaneously are declared and paid. When those dividends are not paid in full, dividends will be declared pro-rata so that the amount of dividends declared per share on each series of preferred stock will bear to each other series the same ratio that accrued dividends per share for each respective series of preferred stock bear to aggregate accrued dividends for all outstanding shares of preferred stock. In addition, generally, unless all dividends on the preferred stock have been paid, no dividends will be declared or paid on the common stock and we may not redeem or purchase any common stock.

Payment of dividends on any series of preferred stock may be restricted by loan agreements, indentures and other transactions we may enter into.

CONVERTIBILITY

No series of preferred stock will be convertible into, or exchangeable for, other securities or property except as set forth in the applicable certificate of designation.

Table of Contents

REDEMPTION AND SINKING FUND

No series of preferred stock will be redeemable or receive the benefit of a sinking fund except as set forth in the applicable certificate of designation.

Shares of preferred stock that we redeem or otherwise reacquire will resume the status of authorized and unissued shares of preferred stock undesignated as to series, and will be available for subsequent issuance. There are no restrictions on repurchase or redemption of the preferred stock while there is any arrearage on sinking fund installments except as may be set forth in the applicable certificate of designation.

LIQUIDATION

In the event we voluntarily or involuntarily liquidate, dissolve or wind up our affairs, the holders of each series of preferred stock will be entitled to receive the liquidation preference per share specified in the prospectus supplement, plus any accrued and unpaid dividends. Holders of preferred stock will be entitled to receive these amounts before any distribution is made to the holders of common stock.

If the amounts payable to preferred stockholders are not paid in full, the holders of preferred stock will share ratably in any distribution of assets based upon the aggregate liquidation preference for all outstanding shares for each series. After the holders of shares of preferred stock are paid in full, they will have no right or claim to any of our remaining assets.

Neither the par value nor the liquidation preference is indicative of the price at which the preferred stock will actually trade on or after the date of issuance.

VOTING

The holders of preferred stock will not be entitled to vote with the holders of common stock in the election of directors, except as provided in the certificate of designation with respect to a particular series. However, if and whenever accrued dividends on the preferred stock have not been paid or declared and a sum sufficient for the payment thereof set aside, in an amount equivalent to six quarterly dividends on all shares of all series of preferred stock at the time outstanding, then the holders of the preferred stock, voting separately as a class, will be entitled to elect two directors at the next annual or special meeting of the stockholders. During the time the holders of preferred stock are entitled to elect two additional directors, they are not entitled to vote with the holders of common stock in the election of any other directors. If all accumulated dividends on preferred stock have been paid in full, the holders of shares of preferred stock will no longer have the right to vote on directors except as provided for in the applicable certificate of designation, the term of office of each director so elected will terminate, and the number of our directors will, without further action, be reduced accordingly.

The vote of the holders of at least two-thirds of the outstanding shares of preferred stock voting only as a class is required to authorize any amendment to our Certificate of Incorporation or bylaws which would materially alter any existing provisions of the preferred stock or which would authorize a class of preferred stock ranking prior to the outstanding preferred stock as to dividends or assets. In addition, the vote of the holders of at least a majority of the outstanding shares of preferred stock voting together as a class is required to authorize any amendment to our Certificate of Incorporation authorizing the issuance of or any increase in the authorized amount of any class of preferred stock ranking on a parity with or increasing the number of authorized shares of preferred stock.

NO OTHER RIGHTS

The shares of a series of preferred stock will not have any preemptive rights, preferences, voting powers or relative, participating, optional or other special rights except as set forth above or in the prospectus supplement, the Certificate of Incorporation or certificate of designation or as otherwise required by law.

TRANSFER AGENT AND REGISTRAR

We will designate the transfer agent for each series of preferred stock in the prospectus supplement.

Table of Contents

DESCRIPTION OF THE DEPOSITARY SHARES

We may, at our option, elect to offer fractional shares of preferred stock, rather than full shares of preferred stock. If we do, we will issue receipts for depositary shares, and each of these depositary shares will represent a fraction of a share of a particular series of preferred stock. Each owner of a depositary share will be entitled, in proportion to the applicable fractional interest in shares of preferred stock underlying that depositary share, to all rights and preferences of the preferred stock underlying that depositary share. Those rights include dividend, voting, redemption and liquidation rights.

The shares of preferred stock underlying the depositary shares will be deposited with a depositary under a deposit agreement between us, the depositary and the holders of the depositary receipts evidencing the depositary shares. The depositary will be a bank or trust company selected by us. The depositary will also act as the transfer agent, registrar and dividend disbursing agent for the depositary shares.

Holders of depositary receipts agree to be bound by the deposit agreement, which requires holders to take certain actions such as filing proof of residence and paying certain charges.

The following is a summary of the most important terms of the depositary shares. The deposit agreement, our Certificate of Incorporation and the certificate of designation for the applicable series of preferred stock that are, or will be, filed with the SEC will set forth all of the terms relating to the depositary shares.

DIVIDENDS

The depositary will distribute all cash dividends or other cash distributions received relating to the series of preferred stock underlying the depositary shares, to the record holders of depositary receipts in proportion to the number of depositary shares owned by those holders on the relevant record date. The record date for the depositary shares will be the same date as the record date for the preferred stock.

In the event of a distribution other than in cash, the depositary will distribute property received by it to the record holders of depositary receipts that are entitled to receive the distribution. However, if the depositary determines that it is not feasible to make the distribution, the depositary may, with our approval, adopt another method for the distribution. The method may include selling the property and distributing the net proceeds to the holders.

LIQUIDATION PREFERENCE

In the event of our voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up, the holders of each depositary share will be entitled to receive the fraction of the liquidation preference accorded each share of the applicable series of preferred stock, as set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement.

REDEMPTION

If a series of preferred stock underlying the depositary shares is subject to redemption, the depositary shares will be redeemed from the proceeds received by the depositary resulting from the redemption, in whole or in part, of preferred stock held by the depositary. Whenever we redeem any preferred stock held by the depositary, the depositary will redeem, as of the same redemption date, the number of depositary shares representing the preferred stock so redeemed. The depositary will mail the notice of redemption to the record holders of the depositary receipts promptly upon receiving the notice from us and not less than 35 nor more than 60 days prior to the date fixed for redemption of the preferred stock and the depositary shares. The redemption price per depositary share will be equal to the applicable fraction of the redemption price payable per share for the applicable series of preferred stock. If fewer than all the depositary shares are redeemed, the depositary shares will be selected by lot or ratably as the depositary will decide.

Table of Contents

VOTING

Upon receipt of notice of any meeting at which the holders of preferred stock are entitled to vote, the depositary will mail the information contained in the notice of meeting to the record holders of the depositary receipts representing the preferred stock. Each record holder of those depositary receipts on the record date will be entitled to instruct the depositary as to the exercise of the voting rights pertaining to the amount of preferred stock underlying that holder's depositary shares. The record date for the depositary shares will be the same date as the record date for the preferred stock. The depositary will try, as far as practicable, to vote the preferred stock underlying the depositary shares in a manner consistent with the instructions of the holders of the depositary receipts. We will agree to take all action which may be deemed necessary by the depositary in order to enable the depositary to do so. The depositary will not vote the preferred stock to the extent that it does not receive specific instructions from the holders of depositary receipts.

WITHDRAWAL OF PREFERRED STOCK

Owners of depositary shares are entitled, upon surrender of depositary receipts at the principal office of the depositary and payment of any unpaid amount due the depositary, to receive the number of whole shares of preferred stock underlying the depositary shares. Partial shares of preferred stock will not be issued. These holders of preferred stock will not be entitled to deposit the shares under the deposit agreement or to receive depositary receipts evidencing depositary shares for the preferred stock.

AMENDMENT AND TERMINATION OF DEPOSIT AGREEMENT

The form of depositary receipt evidencing the depositary shares and any provision of the deposit agreement may be amended at any time and from time to time by agreement between us and the depositary. However, any amendment which materially and adversely alters the rights of the holders of depositary shares, other than any change in fees, will not be effective unless the amendment has been approved by at least a majority of the depositary shares then outstanding. The deposit agreement automatically terminates if:

all outstanding depositary shares have been redeemed; or

there has been a final distribution relating to the preferred stock in connection with our dissolution, and that distribution has been made to all the holders of depositary shares.

CHARGES OF DEPOSITARY

We will pay all transfer and other taxes and governmental charges arising solely from the existence of the depositary arrangements. We will also pay charges of the depositary in connection with the initial deposit of the preferred stock and the initial issuance of the depositary shares, any redemption of the preferred stock and all withdrawals of preferred stock by owners of depositary shares. Holders of depositary receipts will pay transfer, income and other taxes and governmental charges and certain other charges as provided in the deposit agreement. In certain circumstances, the depositary may refuse to transfer depositary shares, withhold dividends and distributions, and sell the depositary shares evidenced by the depositary receipt, if the charges are not paid.

REPORTS TO HOLDERS

The depositary will forward to the holders of depositary receipts all reports and communications we deliver to the depositary that we are required to furnish to the holders of the preferred stock. In addition, the depositary will make available for inspection by holders of depositary receipts at the principal office of the depositary and at other places as it thinks is advisable any reports and communications we deliver to the depositary as the holder of preferred stock.

Table of Contents

LIABILITY AND LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Neither we nor the depositary will be liable if either of us is prevented or delayed by law or any circumstance beyond our control in performing our obligations under the deposit agreement. Our obligations and those of the depositary will be limited to performance in good faith of our duties under the deposit agreement. Neither we nor the depositary will be obligated to prosecute or defend any legal proceeding in respect of any depositary shares or preferred stock unless satisfactory indemnity is furnished. We and the depositary may rely on written advice of counsel or accountants, on information provided by holders of depositary receipts or other persons believed in good faith to be competent to give such information and on documents believed to be genuine and to have been signed or presented by the proper persons.

RESIGNATION AND REMOVAL OF DEPOSITARY

The depositary may resign at any time by delivering a notice to us of its election to do so. We may also remove the depositary at any time. Any such resignation or removal will take effect upon the appointment of a successor depositary and its acceptance of such appointment. The successor depositary must be appointed within 60 days after delivery of the notice for resignation or removal. In addition, the successor depositary must be a bank or trust company having its principal office in the United States of America and must have a combined capital and surplus of at least \$150,000,000.

FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

Owners of the depositary shares will be treated for Federal income tax purposes as if they were owners of the preferred stock underlying the depositary shares. Accordingly, the owners will be entitled to take into account for Federal income tax purposes income and deductions to which they would be entitled if they were holders of the preferred stock. In addition:

no gain or loss will be recognized for Federal income tax purposes upon the withdrawal of preferred stock in exchange for depositary shares;

the tax basis of each share of preferred stock to an exchanging owner of depositary shares will, upon the exchange, be the same as the aggregate tax basis of the depositary shares exchanged; and

the holding period for preferred stock in the hands of an exchanging owner of depositary shares will include the period during which the person owned the depositary shares.

Table of Contents

DESCRIPTION OF THE COMMON STOCK

As of the date of this prospectus, we are authorized to issue up to 4,500,000,000 shares of common stock, \$0.10 par value per share. As of August 20, 2004, 1,945,132,685 shares of common stock were outstanding. The common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange and the Pacific Exchange, Inc., under the symbol **BMY** .

DIVIDENDS

Holders of common stock are entitled to receive dividends out of any assets legally available for payment of dividends as may from time to time be declared by our Board of Directors, subject to the rights of the holders of the preferred stock.

VOTING

Each holder of common stock is entitled to one vote per share on all matters requiring a vote of the stockholders, including, without limitation, the election of directors. The holders of common stock do not have cumulative voting rights.

RIGHTS UPON LIQUIDATION

In the event of our voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution, or winding up, the holders of common stock will be entitled to share equally in our assets available for distribution after payment in full of all debts and after the holders of preferred stock have received their liquidation preferences in full.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Our bylaws provide that our board of directors shall be divided into three classes each consisting of an equal, or as nearly equal as possible, number of directors. Each class will be elected for a three-year term, and the term of each class will expire in succeeding years. It will, therefore, require elections in three consecutive years to reelect or to replace our entire board of directors. At any meeting of our board of directors, a majority of the total number of the directors constitutes a quorum.

SUPERMAJORITY VOTE FOR BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

Our Certificate of Incorporation also provides that a number of business combinations must be approved by an affirmative vote of the holders of 75% of the then-outstanding shares of our capital stock entitled to vote generally in the election of directors, voting together as a single class. A vote of approval is required for any of the following business combinations to which an interested stockholder beneficially owning more than ten percent of the voting stock or any of its affiliates is a party:

mergers or consolidations;

sales, leases, exchanges, mortgages, pledges, transfers or other dispositions of property in excess of \$25,000,000 aggregate fair market value;

any issuance or transfer of securities of us or one of our subsidiaries having an aggregate fair market value of \$25,000,000 or more;

any plan or proposal for liquidation or dissolution; and

reclassifications of securities or recapitalization of the Company.

Table of Contents

The 75% vote of approval is not required if:

the business combination is approved by a majority of directors not affiliated with any interested stockholder;

or the consideration received for their interest in the Company reflects a fair value for their interest in the Company, which is determined by a formula described in the certificate of incorporation; and

certain other requirements are met, including maintenance of dividends during the business combination and the furnishing of information about the business combination to our stockholders.

MISCELLANEOUS

Shares of common stock are not redeemable and have no subscription, conversion or preemptive rights.

Table of Contents

DESCRIPTION OF THE WARRANTS

We may issue warrants for the purchase of debt securities, preferred stock or common stock. Warrants may be issued independently or together with our debt securities, preferred stock or common stock and may be attached to or separate from any offered securities. Each series of warrants will be issued under a separate warrant agreement to be entered into between us and a bank or trust company, as warrant agent. The warrant agent will act solely as our agent in connection with the warrants and will not have any obligation or relationship of agency or trust for or with any holders or beneficial owners of warrants. A copy of the warrant agreement will be filed with the SEC in connection with any offering of warrants.

The prospectus supplement relating to a particular issue of warrants to issue debt securities, preferred stock or common stock will describe the terms of those warrants, including the following:

the title of the warrants;

the offering price for the warrants, if any;

the aggregate number of the warrants;

the designation and terms of the debt securities, preferred stock or common stock that may be purchased upon exercise of the warrants;

if applicable, the designation and terms of the securities that the warrants are issued with and the number of warrants issued with each security;

if applicable, the date from and after which the warrants and any securities issued with them will be separately transferable;

the principal amount of debt securities that may be purchased upon exercise of a warrant and the price at which the debt securities may be purchased upon exercise;

the number of shares of preferred stock or common stock that may be purchased upon exercise of a warrant and the price at which the shares may be purchased upon exercise;

the dates on which the right to exercise the warrants will commence and expire;

if applicable, the minimum or maximum amount of the warrants that may be exercised at any one time;

whether the warrants represented by the warrant certificates or debt securities that may be issued upon exercise of the warrants will be issued in registered or bearer form;

information relating to book-entry procedures, if any;

the currency or currency units in which the offering price, if any, and the exercise price are payable;

if applicable, a discussion of material United States federal income tax considerations;

anti-dilution provisions of the warrants, if any;

redemption or call provisions, if any, applicable to the warrants;

any additional terms of the warrants, including terms, procedures and limitations relating to the exchange and exercise of the warrants;
and

any other information we think is important about the warrants.

Table of Contents

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

We may sell the securities:

through underwriters or dealers;

through agents; or

directly to purchasers.

We will describe in a prospectus supplement, the particular terms of the offering of the securities, including the following:

the names of any underwriters;

the purchase price and the proceeds we will receive from the sale;

any underwriting discounts and other items constituting underwriters' compensation;

any initial public offering price and any discounts or concessions allowed or reallocated or paid to dealers;

any securities exchanges on which the securities of the series may be listed; and

any other information we think is important.

If we use underwriters in the sale, such underwriters will acquire the securities for their own account. The underwriters may resell the securities in one or more transactions, including negotiated transactions, at a fixed public offering price or at varying prices determined at the time of sale.

The securities may be either offered to the public through underwriting syndicates represented by managing underwriters or by underwriters without a syndicate. The obligations of the underwriters to purchase the securities will be subject to certain conditions. The underwriters will be obligated to purchase all the securities of the series offered if any of the securities are purchased. The underwriters may change from time to time any initial public offering price and any discounts or concessions allowed or re-allowed or paid to dealers.

We may sell offered securities through agents designated by us. Any agent involved in the offer or sale of the securities for which this prospectus is delivered will be named, and any commissions payable by us to that agent will be set forth, in the prospectus supplement. Unless indicated in the prospectus supplement, the agents have agreed to use their reasonable best efforts to solicit purchases for the period of their appointment.

We also may sell offered securities directly. In this case, no underwriters or agents would be involved.

Underwriters, dealers and agents that participate in the distribution of the offered securities may be underwriters as defined in the Securities Act, and any discounts or commissions received by them from us and any profit on the resale of the offered securities by them may be treated as underwriting discounts and commissions under the Securities Act. We will identify any underwriters or agents, and describe their compensation, in a prospectus supplement.

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Certain of any such underwriters and agents, including their associates, may be customers of, engage in transactions with and perform services for us and our subsidiaries in the ordinary course of business. One or more of our affiliates may from time to time act as an agent or underwriter in connection with the sale of the securities to the extent permitted by applicable law. The participation of any such affiliate in the offer and sale of the securities will comply with Rule 2720 of the Conduct Rules of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. regarding the offer and sale of securities of an affiliate.

Table of Contents

We may have agreements with the underwriters, dealers and agents to indemnify them against certain civil liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act, or to contribute with respect to payments which the underwriters, dealers or agents may be required to make. Underwriters, dealers and agents may engage in transactions with, or perform services for, us or our subsidiaries in the ordinary course of their businesses.

We may authorize agents or underwriters to solicit offers by certain types of institutions to purchase securities from us at the public offering price set forth in the prospectus supplement pursuant to delayed delivery contracts. These contracts will provide for payment and delivery on a specified date in the future. The conditions to these contracts and the commissions payable for solicitation of such contracts will be set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement.

In order to facilitate the offering of the securities, any underwriters or agents, as the case may be, involved in the offering of such securities may engage in transactions that stabilize, maintain or otherwise affect the price of such securities or any other securities the prices of which may be used to determine payments on such securities. Specifically, the underwriters or agents, as the case may be, may over allot in connection with the offering, creating a short position in such securities for their own account. In addition, to cover over allotments or to stabilize the price of such securities or any such other securities, the underwriters or agents, as the case may be, may bid for, and purchase, such securities or any such other securities in the open market. Finally, in any offering of such securities through a syndicate of underwriters, the underwriting syndicate may reclaim selling concessions allotted to an underwriter or a dealer for distributing such securities in the offering if the syndicate repurchases previously distributed securities in transactions to cover syndicate short positions, in stabilization transaction or otherwise. Any of these activities may stabilize or maintain the market price of the securities above independent market levels. The underwriters or agents, as the case may be, are not required to engage in these activities, and may end any of these activities at any time.

Some or all of the securities may be new issues of securities with no established trading market. Any underwriter to which securities are sold by us for public offering and sale may make a market in such securities, but will not be obligated to do so, and may discontinue any market making at any time without notice. We cannot and will not give any assurances as to the liquidity of the trading market for any of our securities.

Table of Contents

LEGAL MATTERS

Cravath, Swaine & Moore LLP, our outside counsel, will pass upon the legality of the offered securities for us. Any underwriters will be advised about other issues relating to any offering by their own legal counsel.

INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The financial statements incorporated in this prospectus by reference to the Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the year ended December 31, 2003, have been so incorporated in reliance on the report (which contains explanatory paragraphs relating to the restatement of previously issued financial statements and a change in accounting principle relating to the accounting for business combinations, the accounting treatment for goodwill and the impairment of long-lived assets) of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, given on the authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting.

With respect to the unaudited financial information of Bristol-Myers Squibb Company for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2004 and 2003 and the three-month periods ended March 31, 2004 and 2003, incorporated by reference in this prospectus, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP reported that they have applied limited procedures in accordance with professional standards for a review of such information. However, their separate reports dated August 4, 2004 and May 4, 2004 incorporated by reference herein, states that they did not audit and they do not express an opinion on that unaudited financial information. Accordingly, the degree of reliance on their reports on such information should be restricted in light of the limited nature of the review procedures applied. PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP is not subject to the liability provisions of Section 11 of the Securities Act of 1933 for their reports on the unaudited financial information because these reports are not reports or a part of the registration statement prepared or certified by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP within the meaning of Sections 7 and 11 of the Act.

Table of Contents

NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus and the documents incorporated by reference in this prospectus and other written and oral statements Bristol-Myers Squibb makes from time to time may contain certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act). You can identify these forward-looking statements by the fact that they use words such as should, expect, target, anticipate, estimate, may, will, project, guidance, intend, plan, believe and terms of similar meaning and expression in connection with any discussion of future operating or financial performance. One can also identify forward-looking statements by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historical or current facts. Such forward-looking statements are based on current expectations and involve inherent risks and uncertainties, including factors that could delay, divert or change any of them, and could cause actual outcomes to differ materially from current expectations. These statements are likely to relate to, among other things, Bristol-Myers Squibb's goals, plans and projections regarding its financial position, results of operations, market position, product development, product approvals, sales efforts, expenses, performance or results of current and anticipated products and the outcome of contingencies such as legal proceedings, and financial results which are based on current expectations that involve inherent risks and uncertainties, including factors that could delay, divert or change any of them in the next several years.

Although it is not possible to predict or identify all factors, they may include but are not limited to the following:

New government laws and regulations, such as (i) healthcare reform initiatives in the United States at the state and federal level and in other countries; (ii) changes in the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), and foreign regulatory approval processes that may cause delays in approving, or preventing the approval of, new products; (iii) tax changes such as the phasing out of tax benefits heretofore available in the United States and certain foreign countries; (iv) new laws, regulations and judicial decisions affecting pricing or marketing; and (v) changes in intellectual property law.

Competitive factors, such as (i) new products developed by competitors that have lower prices or superior performance features or that are otherwise competitive with Bristol-Myers Squibb's current products; (ii) generic competition as products mature and patents expire on products; (iii) technological advances and patents attained by competitors; (iv) problems with licensors, suppliers and distributors; and (v) business combinations among Bristol-Myers Squibb's competitors or major customers.

Difficulties and delays inherent in product development, manufacturing and sale, such as (i) products that may appear promising in development but fail to reach market for any number of reasons, including efficacy or safety concerns, the inability to obtain necessary regulatory approvals and the difficulty or excessive cost to manufacture; (ii) failure of any of Bristol-Myers Squibb's products to achieve or maintain commercial viability; (iii) seizure or recall of products; (iv) the failure to obtain, the imposition of limitations on the use of, or loss of patent and other intellectual property rights; (v) failure of Bristol-Myers Squibb or any of its vendors or suppliers to comply with Current Good Manufacturing Practices and other application regulations and quality assurance guidelines that could lead to temporary manufacturing shutdowns, product shortages and delays in product manufacturing; and (vi) other manufacturing or distribution problems.

Legal difficulties, including lawsuits, claims, proceedings and investigations, any of which can preclude or delay commercialization of products or adversely affect operations, profitability, liquidity or financial condition, including (i) intellectual property disputes; (ii) adverse decisions in litigation, including product liability and commercial cases; (iii) the inability to obtain adequate insurance with respect to this type of liability; (iv) recalls of pharmaceutical products or forced closings of manufacturing plants; (v) government investigations including those relating to wholesaler inventory, financial restatement, and product pricing and promotion; (vi) claims asserting violations of securities, antitrust, federal and state pricing and other laws; (vii) environmental matters; and (viii) tax liabilities. There can be no

Table of Contents

assurance that there will not be an increase in scope of these matters or that any future lawsuits, claims, proceedings or investigations will not be material.

Increasing pricing pressures worldwide, including rules and practices of managed care groups and institutional and governmental purchasers, judicial decisions and governmental laws and regulations related to Medicare, Medicaid and healthcare reform, pharmaceutical reimbursement and pricing in general.

Fluctuations in buying patterns and inventory levels of major distributors, retail chains and other trade buyers which may result from seasonality, pricing, wholesaler buying decisions (including the effect of incentives offered), our wholesaler inventory management policies (including the workdown of wholesaler inventory levels) or other factors.

Greater than expected costs and other difficulties including unanticipated effects and difficulties of acquisitions, dispositions and other events, including obtaining regulatory approvals occurring in connection with evolving business strategies; legal defense costs, insurance expense, settlement costs and the risk of an adverse decision related to litigation.

Changes to advertising and promotional spending and other categories of spending that may affect sales.

Changes in product mix that may affect margins.

Changes in Bristol-Myers Squibb's structure, operations, revenues, costs, staffing or efficiency resulting from acquisitions, divestitures, mergers, restructurings or other strategic initiatives.

Economic factors over which Bristol-Myers Squibb has no control such as changes of business and economic conditions including, but not limited to, changes in interest rates and fluctuation of foreign currency exchange rates.

Changes in business, political and economic conditions due to political or social instability, military or armed conflict, nationalization of assets, debt or payment moratoriums, other restrictions on commerce, and actual or threatened terrorist attacks in the United States or other parts of the world and related military action.

Changes in accounting standards promulgated by the Financial Accounting Standards Board, the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), or the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, which may require adjustments to financial statements.

Capacity, efficiency, reliability and potential breakdown, invasion, destruction or interruption of information systems.

Reliance of Company on vendors, partners and other third parties to meet their contractual regulatory and other obligations in relation to their arrangements with the Company.

Results of clinical studies relating to Bristol-Myers Squibb or a competitor's products.

Although Bristol-Myers Squibb believes it has been prudent in its plans and assumptions, no assurance can be given that any goal or plan set forth in forward-looking statements can be achieved and readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such statements, which speak only as of the date made. Bristol-Myers Squibb undertakes no obligation to release publicly any revisions to forward-looking statements as a result of

new information, future events or otherwise.

Table of Contents

WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

We file annual, quarterly and special reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. Our SEC filings are available over the Internet at the SEC's website at <http://www.sec.gov>. You may also read and copy any document we file with the SEC at its public reference facilities:

Public Reference Room

450 Fifth Street, N.W.

Room 1024

Washington, D.C. 20549

You may also obtain copies of the documents at prescribed rates by writing to the Public Reference Section of the SEC, 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Room 1024, Washington, D.C. 20549. Please call 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the operations of the public reference facilities and copying charges.

Table of Contents

CERTAIN DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

In this document, we incorporate by reference the information we file with the SEC, which means that we can disclose important information to you by referring to that information. The information incorporated by reference is considered to be a part of this prospectus, and later information filed with the SEC will update and supersede this information. Notwithstanding this statement, however, you may rely on information that has been filed at the time you made your investment decision. We incorporate by reference the documents listed below and any future filings made with the SEC under Section 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act after the date of this prospectus and until this offering is completed:

Current Report on Form 8-K dated April 2, 2004;

Current Report on Form 8-K dated April 28, 2004;

Current Report on Form 8-K dated May 10, 2004;

Current Report on Form 8-K dated May 26, 2004;

Current Report on Form 8-K dated June 28, 2004;

Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003 dated June 28, 2004;

Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2004 dated June 28, 2004;

Current Report on Form 8-K dated July 29, 2004;

Current Report on Form 8-K dated July 30, 2004;

Current Report on Form 8-K dated August 5, 2004;

Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2004 dated August 6, 2004; and

Current Report on Form 8-K dated September 3, 2004.

You may request a copy of these filings at no cost, by writing or telephoning us at:

Bristol-Myers Squibb Company

345 Park Avenue

New York, New York 10154

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Attention: Secretary

Telephone: 212-546-4000

You should rely only upon the information provided in this document or incorporated in this document by reference. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with different information. You should not assume that the information in this document, including any information incorporated by reference, is accurate as of any date other than the date indicated on the front cover.

Table of Contents

No dealer, salesperson or other person is authorized to give any information or to represent anything not contained in this prospectus. You must not rely on any unauthorized information or representations. This prospectus is an offer to sell only the notes offered hereby, but only under circumstances and in jurisdictions where it is lawful to do so. The information contained in this prospectus is current only as of its date.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Prospectus Supplement

| | Page |
|--|-------------|
| <u>Forward-Looking Statements</u> | ii |
| <u>Summary of the Offering</u> | S-1 |
| <u>Risk Factors</u> | S-2 |
| <u>Bristol-Myers Squibb</u> | S-3 |
| <u>Recent Developments</u> | S-4 |
| <u>Capitalization</u> | S-5 |
| <u>Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges</u> | S-6 |
| <u>Use of Proceeds</u> | S-6 |
| <u>Description of Notes</u> | S-7 |
| <u>Book-Entry Issuance</u> | S-12 |
| <u>United States Taxation</u> | S-14 |
| <u>Underwriting</u> | S-18 |
| <u>Validity of the Notes</u> | S-21 |
| <u>Experts</u> | S-22 |
| <u>Changes in Experts</u> | S-22 |
| <u>Where You Can Find More Information Documents Incorporated by Reference</u> | S-22 |

Prospectus

| | |
|---|----|
| <u>About this Prospectus</u> | 1 |
| <u>Risk Factors</u> | 2 |
| <u>Description of the Company</u> | 4 |
| <u>Use of Proceeds</u> | 5 |
| <u>Ratios of Earnings to Fixed Charges and Earnings to Combined Fixed Charges and Preferred Stock Dividends</u> | 6 |
| <u>Description of the Debt Securities</u> | 7 |
| <u>Description of the Preferred Stock</u> | 18 |
| <u>Description of the Depositary Shares</u> | 20 |
| <u>Description of the Common Stock</u> | 23 |
| <u>Description of the Warrants</u> | 25 |
| <u>Plan of Distribution</u> | 26 |
| <u>Legal Matters</u> | 28 |
| <u>Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm</u> | 28 |
| <u>Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements</u> | 29 |
| <u>Where You Can Find More Information</u> | 31 |
| <u>Certain Documents Incorporated by Reference</u> | 32 |

\$1,250,000,000

5.875% Notes due 2036

Prospectus Supplement

Joint Book-Running Managers

CITIGROUP

GOLDMAN, SACHS & CO.

MORGAN STANLEY

Co-Managers

BANC OF AMERICA SECURITIES LLC

JPMORGAN
