

Bankwell Financial Group, Inc.

Form 424B3

August 15, 2014

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Registration No. 333-197039

Quinnipiac Bank & Trust Company

MERGER PROPOSED — YOUR VOTE IS VERY IMPORTANT

August 12, 2014

Dear Shareholders:

On March 31, 2014, the boards of directors of Bankwell Financial Group, Inc., or BWFG or Bankwell, and Quinnipiac Bank & Trust Company, or QBT, agreed to a strategic business combination in which QBT will merge with and into Bankwell Bank, a Connecticut chartered bank and wholly owned subsidiary of BWFG, referred to herein as the merger. Bankwell Bank will be the survivor of the merger. Under the terms and conditions of the merger, the shareholders of QBT, as of the record date, will be able to elect to receive either (i) \$12.00 in cash, (ii) 0.56 shares of BWFG common stock for each share of QBT common stock, subject to proration provisions described in this proxy statement/prospectus, whereby approximately 75% of QBT shares will be exchanged for stock and approximately 25% for cash, or (iii) a combination of cash and BWFG common stock. The value of the stock consideration will depend on the market price of BWFG common stock on the effective date of the merger.

This proxy statement/prospectus is being sent to you to notify you of and invite you to the special meeting of QBT shareholders being held to consider the Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of March 31, 2014, referred to herein as the merger agreement, that QBT has entered into with BWFG. At the special meeting, you will be asked to approve the merger agreement and the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement, including the merger. You will also be asked to approve the adjournment of the special meeting, if necessary, in order to solicit additional proxies in favor of the merger agreement and the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement, including the merger.

The special meeting of QBT shareholders will be held at the New Haven Country Club, 160 Hartford Turnpike, Hamden, Connecticut 06517 on September 24, 2014, at 4:00 p.m., local time.

The merger cannot be completed unless, among other things, the holders of at least two-thirds of the shares of QBT common stock outstanding and entitled to vote approve the merger agreement. The board of directors of QBT unanimously approved the merger agreement and determined that the merger is fair and in the best interests of QBT and its shareholders, and accordingly unanimously recommends that shareholders vote “FOR” approval of the merger agreement and the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement, including the merger, and “FOR” the approval of the adjournment of the special meeting, if necessary, in order to solicit additional proxies in favor of the approval of the merger agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby, including the merger.

The attached proxy statement/prospectus, which serves as the proxy statement for the special meeting of the shareholders of QBT and as the prospectus for the shares of BWFG common stock to be issued in the merger, includes detailed information about the special meeting, the merger, and the documents related to the merger. We urge you to read this entire document carefully, including the discussion of the risks related to the merger and owning BWFG common stock after the merger in the section titled “Risk Factors” beginning on page 21. You can also obtain information about BWFG from documents that have been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission that are incorporated in the proxy statement/prospectus by reference.

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BWFG's common stock is traded on the NASDAQ Global Market under the symbol "BWFG." No established trading market exists for QBT common stock. On August 11, 2014, the last practicable trading day prior to the printing of the attached proxy statement/prospectus, the last sales price of BWFG common stock was \$18.08 per share.

Your vote is important. Whether or not you plan to attend the special meeting, please take the time to vote by completing and mailing the enclosed proxy card as soon as possible to make sure your shares are represented at the special meeting. If you submit a properly signed proxy card without indicating how you want to vote, your proxy will be counted as a vote "FOR" approval of the merger agreement and "FOR" the approval of the adjournment of the special meeting. The failure to vote by submitting your proxy or attending the special meeting and voting in person will have the same effect as a vote against the approval of the merger agreement.

QBT's board of directors unanimously recommends that shareholders vote "FOR" the approval of the merger agreement and the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement, including the merger, and "FOR" the approval of the adjournment of the special meeting, if necessary, in order to solicit additional proxies in favor of the merger agreement and the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement, including the merger.

Sincerely,

Brian P. McArdle

Chairman of the Board of Directors

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission or bank regulatory agency has approved or disapproved of the securities to be issued in the merger or determined if the attached proxy statement/prospectus is accurate or adequate. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The shares of BWFG common stock to be issued in the merger are not savings accounts, deposits or other obligations of any bank or savings association and are not insured by any federal or state governmental agency.

This document is dated August 12, 2014, and is first being mailed to QBT shareholders on or about August 18, 2014.

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Quinnipiac Bank & Trust Company

2704 Dixwell Avenue

Hamden, Connecticut 06518

NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS TO BE HELD ON SEPTEMBER 24, 2014

A special meeting of shareholders of QBT will be held at the New Haven Country Club, 160 Hartford Turnpike, Hamden, Connecticut 06517 on September 24, 2014, at 4:00 p.m., local time for the following purposes:

1.

- to consider and vote on a proposal to approve the Agreement and Plan of Merger by and between Quinnipiac Bank & Trust Company (QBT) and Bankwell Financial Group, Inc. (BWFG or Bankwell), dated March 31, 2014, a copy of which is attached as Appendix A to the accompanying proxy statement/prospectus, and the transactions contemplated thereby; and

2.

- to consider and vote upon a proposal to approve one or more adjournments of the special meeting, if necessary, to permit further solicitation of proxies if there are not sufficient votes at the time of the special meeting, or at any adjournment or postponement of that meeting, to approve the merger agreement.

The proposed merger of QBT with and into Bankwell Bank is more fully described in the attached document, which you should read carefully and in its entirety before voting.

The board of directors of QBT has established the close of business on July 28, 2014, as the record date for the special meeting. Only record holders of QBT common stock as of the close of business on that date will be entitled to notice of and to vote at the special meeting or any adjournment or postponement of that meeting. The affirmative vote of holders of at least two-thirds of the shares of QBT common stock outstanding and entitled to vote at the special meeting is required to approve the merger agreement.

If you hold QBT common stock on the record date, you will have the right to dissent from the merger and obtain payment in cash for the fair value of your QBT shares under Sections 33-855 to 33-872 of the Connecticut Business Corporation Act, or the CBCA, a copy of which is attached as Appendix B to the accompanying proxy statement/prospectus.

It is very important that all shares of QBT common stock be represented at the special meeting. Whether or not you plan to attend the special meeting, please complete, date and sign the enclosed proxy card and return it as soon as possible in the enclosed postage-paid envelope. Alternatively, you may vote telephonically or by the internet by following the instructions described on the enclosed proxy card. Voting by proxy will not prevent you from voting in person at the special meeting, but will assure that your vote is counted if you are unable to attend. You may revoke it at any time before the meeting by giving written notice to the Secretary of QBT at the address set forth above, by subsequently filing another proxy or by attending the special meeting and voting in person. Executed proxies with respect to shares of QBT common stock with no instructions indicated on the proxy card will be voted "FOR" the approval of the merger agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby. Not returning a proxy card, or not voting in person at the special meeting or abstaining from voting will have the same effect as voting "AGAINST" the merger agreement.

By order of the Board of Directors,

Mark A. Candido

President and Chief Executive Officer

Hamden, Connecticut

August 12, 2014

Your vote is important. Please complete, sign, date and return your proxy card.

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SUMMARY

The following is a summary of information located elsewhere in this document. It does not contain all of the information that is important to you. Before you vote, you should give careful consideration to all of the information contained in this document and the information incorporated into this document by reference to fully understand the merger. See “Where You Can Find More Information” on page 192. Each item in this summary refers to the page where that subject is discussed in more detail.

Information about the Companies (Page 25)

Bankwell Financial Group, Inc.

BWFG is the bank holding company of Bankwell Bank, which provides a wide range of banking and financial services. Bankwell Bank operates in the greater Fairfield County, Connecticut area through its main banking office located in New Canaan, Connecticut and five other branch offices located throughout Fairfield County, Connecticut and one loan production office.

At March 31, 2014, BWFG had \$812.1 million in total consolidated assets. BWFG’s principal executive offices are located at 220 Elm Street, New Canaan, Connecticut 06840, and its telephone number is (203) 652-6300.

Quinnipiac Bank & Trust Company

QBT is a Connecticut chartered bank that provides financial services from its main office in Hamden, Connecticut and QBT has received regulatory approvals from the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or FDIC, and the State of Connecticut Department of Banking, or Banking Department, to open a branch office at 24 Washington Avenue, North Haven, Connecticut, in New Haven County. QBT was chartered as a de novo bank and began operations on March 6, 2008. QBT provides banking solutions for small and medium sized businesses, consumers and professionals in the greater New Haven, Connecticut marketplace.

At March 31, 2014, QBT had \$105.9 million in total assets. QBT’s principal executive offices are located at 2704 Dixwell Avenue, Hamden, Connecticut 06518, and its telephone number is (203) 407-0756.

General

QBT will merge with and into Bankwell Bank with Bankwell Bank as the surviving institution, referred to herein as the merger. A copy of the merger agreement is attached as Appendix A to this document and is incorporated by reference.

Consideration to be Received in the Merger (Page 180)

The merger agreement provides that QBT shareholders will have the right, with respect to each of their shares of QBT common stock, to elect to receive, subject to proration as described below, either (i) 0.56 shares of BWFG common stock, (ii) \$12.00 in cash, without interest, or (iii) a combination of cash and BWFG common stock. You will have the opportunity to elect the form of consideration to be received for your shares, subject to proration and allocation procedures set forth in the merger agreement, which may result in your receiving a portion of the merger consideration in a form other than that which you elected.

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The value of the stock consideration is dependent upon the value of BWFG common stock and therefore will fluctuate with the market price of BWFG common stock. Accordingly, any change in the price of BWFG common stock prior to the merger will affect the market value of the stock consideration that QBT shareholders will receive as a result of the merger.

Proration (Page 180)

The merger agreement contains allocation and proration provisions that are designed to ensure that 75% of the outstanding shares of common stock of QBT will be exchanged for shares of BWFG common stock and the remaining 25% of the outstanding shares of common stock of QBT will be exchanged for cash. BWFG will issue no more than 510,305 shares of BWFG common stock as merger consideration under the terms of the merger agreement.

Treatment of Shares if Too Much Stock is Elected. Under the allocation and proration provisions in the merger agreement, if the holders of more than 75% of the outstanding shares of common stock of QBT common stock elect to receive BWFG common stock for such shares, the amount of BWFG common stock that each such shareholder would receive from BWFG will be reduced on a pro rata basis. As a result, these QBT shareholders will receive cash consideration for any QBT shares for which they do not receive BWFG common stock.

Proration if Too Much Cash is Elected. If the holders of more than 25% of the outstanding QBT common stock elect to receive cash for such shares, the amount of cash that each such shareholder would receive from BWFG will be reduced on a pro rata basis. As a result, such shareholders will receive BWFG common stock for any QBT shares for which they do not receive cash.

Election Procedures for Shareholders; Surrender of Stock Certificates (Page 173)

No more than forty (40) business days and no less than twenty (20) business days before the expected date of completion of the merger, an election form will be sent to QBT shareholders. You may use the election form to indicate whether your preference is to receive either cash, shares of BWFG common stock, or a combination thereof. The election deadline will be 5:00 p.m., Eastern Time, twenty-five (25) days following the mailing date of the election form. To make an election, a holder of QBT common stock must submit a properly completed election form and return it, together with all stock certificates, so that the form and certificates are actually received by the exchange agent at or before the election deadline in accordance with the instructions on the election form.

You should not send in your stock certificates until you receive the election form or instructions from the exchange agent.

Non-Election Shares (Page 175)

QBT shareholders who do not submit a properly completed election form accompanied by stock certificates representing all shares of QBT common stock covered by the election form or an appropriate guarantee of delivery or revoke their election form prior to the election deadline will have their shares of QBT common stock designated as non-election shares. Non-election shares will be converted into the right to receive either cash or shares of BWFG common stock, or a combination of cash and shares of BWFG common stock, depending on the elections made by other QBT shareholders.

Treatment of Stock Options and Warrants (Page 181)

Stock Options. Any QBT options properly exercised prior to the effective time will have the right to receive merger consideration on the same terms and subject to the same conditions as all other

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outstanding QBT common stock. Any QBT common stock received after the election deadline pursuant to the exercise of a QBT option will be considered non-election shares and will be paid in cash.

At the effective time, each option granted under the QBT stock option plan, whether vested or unvested, and which has not been previously exercised or cancelled, will be converted automatically into an option to purchase shares of BWFG common stock. The number of shares of BWFG common stock subject to the new option shall be equal to the product of the number of shares of QBT common stock subject to the option and 0.56, provided any fractional share resulting from the multiplication will be rounded down to the nearest whole share. The exercise price of the new option will be equal to the exercise price of the QBT option divided by 0.56, provided that the exercise price will be rounded up to the nearest whole cent.

Warrants. Any QBT warrants properly exercised prior to the effective time will have the right to receive the cash merger consideration on the same terms as all other outstanding QBT common stock. Any QBT common stock received after the election deadline pursuant to the exercise of a QBT warrant will be considered non-election shares and will be paid in cash.

At the effective time, each warrant issued by QBT that is unexercised and outstanding will be converted into a warrant to purchase 0.56 shares of BWFG common stock for \$17.86; provided any fractional share of BWFG common stock resulting from the exercise shall be rounded down to the nearest whole share.

Accounting Treatment (Page 173)

BWFG will account for the merger as a purchase for financial reporting purposes.

Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Merger (Page 169)

The merger is intended to qualify for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a “reorganization” within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, referred to as the Code. Therefore, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, as a result of the merger, a U.S. holder of shares of QBT common stock generally will only recognize gain (but not loss) in an amount not to exceed the cash (if any) received as part of the merger consideration and will recognize gain or loss if such holder received the entirety of the merger consideration in cash or with respect to any cash received in lieu of fractional shares of BWFG common stock.

Tax matters are very complicated. You should consult your tax advisor for a full explanation of the tax consequences of the merger to you.

Recommendation of the Board of Directors of QBT (Page 156)

The board of directors of QBT has determined that the merger is fair and in the best interests of QBT and its shareholders. The board of directors of QBT unanimously recommends that QBT shareholders vote “FOR” approval of the merger agreement and the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement and “FOR” the approval of the adjournment of the special meeting.

Opinion of Financial Advisor to QBT (Page 158)

In deciding to approve the merger, QBT’s board of directors considered the opinion of Sterne Agee & Leach, Inc., or SAL, or Sterne Agee, QBT’s financial advisor. The opinion concluded that the proposed consideration to be received by the holders of QBT’s common stock in the merger is fair to the shareholders from a financial point of view. This opinion is attached as Appendix C to this document. We

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encourage you to read this opinion carefully in order to completely understand the assumptions made, matters considered and limitations of the review made by SAL in providing this opinion.

Interests of QBT's Directors and Executive Officers in the Merger (Page 166)

QBT's executive officers and directors may have financial interests in the merger that are different from, or in addition to, the interests of QBT shareholders. These interests include continued indemnification and insurance coverage by BWFG after the merger for acts or omissions occurring before the merger, change of control payments due certain executive officers in connection with the merger, the continuation of employment with BWFG for some executive officers, the appointment of one (1) member of the current board of directors of QBT to the board of directors of both BWFG and Bankwell Bank and the invitation to all other QBT directors to serve on a paid advisory board of BWFG. These interests also include the accelerated vesting of stock options and payments pursuant to severance agreements, as well as other considerations. QBT's board of directors was aware of these interests and considered them in its decision to approve the merger agreement.

BWFG and Bankwell Bank Boards of Directors After the Merger (Page 169)

BWFG has agreed to appoint one (1) member of the current board of directors of QBT to the board of directors of both BWFG and Bankwell Bank. The remaining members of the current board of directors of QBT will be invited to serve as members of a paid advisory board to be established and maintained by BWFG.

No Solicitation (Page 185)

QBT has agreed not to initiate, solicit, encourage or knowingly facilitate the submission of any proposals from third parties regarding acquiring QBT or its businesses. In addition, QBT has agreed not to engage in discussions or negotiations with or provide confidential information to a third party regarding acquiring QBT or its businesses. However, if QBT receives an acquisition proposal from a third party that did not result from solicitation in violation of its obligations under the merger agreement prior to the date of the special meeting of QBT shareholders, QBT may participate in discussions with, or provide confidential information to, such third party if, among other steps, the QBT board of directors concludes in good faith that the failure to take such actions would result in a violation of its fiduciary duties under applicable law.

Regulatory Approvals (Page 173)

Completion of the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement is subject to various regulatory approvals, including approval from the FDIC and the Banking Department. Prior to the date of this proxy statement/prospectus, BWFG and QBT have filed with the FDIC and the Banking Department the required applications necessary to complete the merger. In addition, the completion of the merger is subject to the expiration of certain waiting periods and other requirements. Although BWFG and QBT do not know of any reason why the necessary regulatory approvals would not be obtained in a timely manner, BWFG and QBT cannot be certain when or if they will receive them.

Conditions to the Merger (Page 186)

As more fully described in this proxy statement/prospectus and the merger agreement, the completion of the merger depends on a number of mutual conditions being satisfied or waived, including approval of the merger agreement by QBT shareholders and receipt of required regulatory approvals.

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Termination of the Merger Agreement (Page 187)

The merger agreement specifies a number of situations when BWFG and QBT may terminate the merger agreement. For example, the merger agreement may be terminated at any time prior to the effective time by BWFG's and QBT's mutual consent and by either BWFG or QBT under specified circumstances, including if the merger is not consummated by December 31, 2014, unless the delay is due to a material breach of the merger agreement by the party seeking to terminate the merger agreement.

QBT has agreed to pay to BWFG a termination fee of \$600,000 if the merger agreement is terminated under the circumstances specified in "The Merger Agreement — Termination of the Merger Agreement" beginning on page 187.

Dissenters' Appraisal Rights (Page 175)

Under Connecticut law, holders of QBT common stock have the right to dissent from, and obtain payment of the fair value of their shares of QBT common stock in connection with, the merger. To perfect such dissenters' rights, a QBT shareholder must not vote for the approval of the merger agreement and must strictly comply with all of the procedures required under the Connecticut Business Corporation Act, or CBCA. These procedures are described more fully beginning on page 175.

The relevant provisions of the CBCA are included as Appendix B to this proxy statement/prospectus.

Comparison of Stockholders' Rights (Page 190)

As a result of the merger, some or all of the holders of QBT common stock will become holders of BWFG common stock. Following the merger, QBT shareholders will have different rights as stockholders of BWFG than as shareholders of QBT due to the different provisions of the governing documents of BWFG and QBT. For additional information regarding the different rights as stockholders of BWFG than as shareholders of QBT, see "Comparison of Stockholders' Rights" beginning on page 190.

Special Meeting of Shareholders of QBT (Page 151)

QBT will hold its special meeting of shareholders at the New Haven Country Club, 160 Hartford Turnpike, Hamden, Connecticut 06517 on September 24, 2014, at 4:00 p.m., local time. At the special meeting you will be asked to vote for the approval of the merger agreement and the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement and to approve adjournment of the special meeting, if necessary, to solicit additional proxies in favor of approval of the merger agreement. You can vote at the special meeting of QBT shareholders if you owned QBT common stock at the close of business on July 28, 2014.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS ABOUT THE MERGER AND THE SPECIAL MEETING

The following questions and answers are intended to address briefly some commonly asked questions regarding the merger and the special meeting. These questions and answers may not address all questions that may be important to you as a shareholder. To better understand these matters, and for a description of the legal terms governing the merger, you should carefully read this entire proxy statement/prospectus, including the appendices.

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Q:

- Why am I receiving this proxy statement/prospectus?

A:

- BWFG and QBT have agreed to the acquisition of QBT by BWFG under the terms of an Agreement and Plan of Merger that is described in this proxy statement/prospectus. A copy of the merger agreement is attached to this proxy statement/prospectus as Appendix A. In order to complete the merger, QBT shareholders must vote to approve the merger agreement. QBT will hold a special meeting of its shareholders to obtain this approval. This proxy statement/prospectus contains important information about the merger, the merger agreement, the special meeting of QBT shareholders, and other related matters, and you should read it carefully. The enclosed voting materials for the special meeting allow you to vote your shares of QBT common stock without attending the special meeting in person.
- We are delivering this proxy statement/prospectus to you as both a proxy statement of QBT and a prospectus of BWFG. It is a proxy statement because the board of directors of QBT is soliciting proxies from its shareholders to vote on the approval of the merger agreement at a special meeting of shareholders, and your proxy will be used at the special meeting or at any adjournment or postponement of the special meeting. It is a prospectus because BWFG will issue BWFG common stock to QBT common shareholders who receive stock consideration in the merger and this prospectus contains information about that common stock.

Q:

- What am I being asked to vote on?

A:

- QBT shareholders are being asked to vote on the following proposals:
 -
 - to approve the merger agreement between BWFG and QBT; and
 -
 - to approve one or more adjournments of the special meeting, if necessary, to permit further solicitation of proxies if there are not sufficient votes to approve the merger agreement at the time of the special meeting.

Q:

- What will happen in the merger?

A:

- In the proposed merger, QBT will merge with and into Bankwell Bank, a wholly owned subsidiary of BWFG, with Bankwell Bank being the surviving bank.

Q:

- What will I receive in the merger?

A:

- The merger agreement provides that QBT shareholders will have the right, with respect to each of their shares of QBT common stock, to elect to receive, subject to proration as described below, either (i) 0.56 shares of BWFG common stock, (ii) \$12.00 in cash, without interest, or (iii) a combination of cash and BWFG common stock. You will have the opportunity to elect the form of consideration to be received for your shares, subject to proration and allocation procedures set forth in the merger agreement, which may result in your receiving a portion of the merger consideration in a form other than that which you elected.

Q:

- What are the material U.S. federal income tax consequences of the merger to U.S. holders of shares of QBT common stock?

A:

- The merger is intended to qualify for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a “reorganization” within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code. Therefore, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, as a result of the merger, a U.S. holder of shares of QBT common stock generally will only recognize gain (but not loss) in an amount not to exceed the cash (if any) received as part of

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the merger consideration but will recognize gain or loss (1) if such holder received the entirety of its consideration in cash and (2) with respect to any cash received in lieu of fractional shares of BWFG common stock. See “The Merger — Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Merger” beginning on page 169.

Q:

- What are the conditions to completion of the merger?

A:

- The obligations of BWFG and QBT to complete the merger are subject to the satisfaction or waiver of certain closing conditions contained in the merger agreement, including, but not limited to, the receipt of required regulatory approvals, legal opinions delivered by tax counsel to BWFG and QBT, respectively, and approval of the merger agreement by QBT shareholders.

Q:

- When will the merger close?

A:

- BWFG and QBT will complete the merger when all of the conditions to completion contained in the merger agreement are satisfied or waived, including obtaining customary regulatory approvals and the approval of the merger agreement by QBT shareholders at the special meeting. While BWFG and QBT expect the merger to be completed in the fourth quarter of 2014, because fulfillment of some of the conditions to completion of the merger is not entirely within the control of BWFG and QBT, the actual timing cannot be assured.

Q:

- When and where is the special meeting?

A:

- The special meeting of shareholders of QBT will be held at New Haven Country Club, 160 Hartford Turnpike, Hamden, Connecticut 06517 on September 24, 2014, at 4:00 p.m., local time.

Q:

- Who can vote?

A:

- You are entitled to vote at the QBT special meeting if you owned QBT common stock at the close of business on July 28, 2014. You will have one vote for each share of QBT common stock that you owned at that time.

Q:

- Does QBT’s board of directors recommend voting in favor of the merger agreement?

A:

- Yes. After careful consideration, QBT's board of directors unanimously recommends that QBT shareholders vote "FOR" approval of the merger agreement. At the meeting, the members of the board of directors and the executive officers of QBT, and their affiliates, in the aggregate have the power to vote approximately 21.0% of the outstanding shares of QBT common stock. QBT's directors and executive officers each entered into a voting agreement with BWFG in connection with the execution of the merger agreement and therefore will vote their shares in favor of the proposals to be considered at the QBT special meeting.

Q:

- How many votes are needed to approve the merger?

A:

- The affirmative vote of two-thirds of the shares of QBT's common stock outstanding and entitled to vote at the special meeting is required to approve the merger agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby. Accordingly, the failure of any holder of QBT common stock to vote on this proposal will have the same effect as a vote against the proposal. Each of the executive officers and directors of QBT individually have entered into an agreement with BWFG to vote their shares of QBT common stock in favor of the merger agreement and against any competing proposal. These shareholders held approximately 21.0% of QBT's outstanding common stock as of July 28, 2014.

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Q:

- What do I need to do now?

A:

- You should first carefully read and consider the information contained and incorporated by reference in this proxy statement/prospectus. After you have decided how to vote your shares, please indicate on the enclosed proxy card how you want to vote, and sign, date and return it as soon as possible in the enclosed envelope. You may also vote telephonically or through the internet by following the instructions described on the enclosed proxy card. If you sign and send in your proxy card and do not indicate how you want to vote, your proxy card will be voted “FOR” approval of the merger agreement. Not returning a proxy card, or not voting in person at the special meeting or abstaining from voting, will have the same effect as voting “AGAINST” the merger agreement.

Q:

- Can I attend the special meeting and vote my shares in person?

A:

- Yes. Although QBT’s board of directors requests that you return the proxy card accompanying this proxy statement/prospectus, all QBT shareholders are invited to attend the special meeting. Shareholders of record on July 28, 2014, can vote in person at the special meeting.

Q:

- Can I change my vote after I have mailed my signed proxy card?

A:

- Yes. You can change your vote at any time after you have submitted your proxy card and before your proxy is voted at the special meeting.

1)

- You may deliver a written notice bearing a date later than the date of your proxy card to the secretary of QBT, stating that you revoke your proxy.

2)

- You may sign and deliver to the secretary of QBT a new proxy card relating to the same shares and bearing a later date.

3)

- You may attend the special meeting and vote in person, although attendance at the special meeting will not, by itself, revoke a proxy.

You should send any notice of revocation or your completed new proxy card, as the case may be, to QBT at the following address:

Quinnipiac Bank & Trust Company
2704 Dixwell Avenue
Hamden, Connecticut 06518
Attn: Mark A. Candido, President & CEO

Q:

- What happens if I sell my shares after the record date but before the special meeting?

A:

- The record date of the special meeting is earlier than the date of the special meeting and the date that the merger is expected to be completed. If you sell or otherwise transfer your QBT shares after the record date but before the date of the special meeting, you will retain your right to vote at the special meeting (provided that such shares remain outstanding on the date of the special meeting), but you will not have the right to receive the merger consideration to be received by QBT shareholders in the merger. In order to receive the merger consideration, you must hold your shares through completion of the merger.

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Q:

- How do I make an election with respect to my shares of QBT common stock?

A:

- Each QBT shareholder will receive an election form, which you should complete and return, along with your QBT stock certificate(s), according to the instructions printed on the form. The election deadline will be 5:00 p.m., Eastern Time, twenty-five (25) days following the mailing date of the election form. A copy of the election form is being mailed under separate cover on or about the date of this proxy statement/prospectus. If you do not send in the election form with your stock certificates by the election deadline, you will be deemed not to have made an election and you may be paid in cash, BWFG common stock or a combination of cash and stock depending on, and after giving effect to, the valid cash elections and stock elections that have been made by other QBT shareholders. See “The Merger — Election Procedures; Surrender of Stock Certificates” beginning on page 173.

Q:

- Can I elect to receive cash consideration with respect to a portion of my QBT shares and BWFG common stock with respect to the rest of my QBT shares?

A:

- Yes. A QBT shareholder may specify different elections with respect to different shares that such shareholder holds. For example, a QBT shareholder who owns 100 shares of QBT common stock may make a cash election with respect to 50 shares and a stock election with respect to the other 50 shares.

Q:

- Are QBT shareholders entitled to seek appraisal or dissenters’ rights if they do not vote for the approval of the merger agreement?

A:

- Yes. Under Connecticut law, holders of QBT common stock have the right to dissent from, and obtain payment of the fair value of their shares of QBT common stock in connection with, the merger. To perfect such dissenters’ rights, a QBT shareholder must not vote for the approval of the merger agreement and must strictly comply with all of the procedures required under the CBCA. These procedures are summarized under the section entitled “The Merger — Dissenters’ Appraisal Rights” beginning on page 175. The relevant provisions of the CBCA are included as Appendix B to this proxy statement/prospectus.

Q:

- Should I send in my stock certificates now?

A:

- No. You will receive a form on which you can elect the type of consideration you would prefer to receive as a result of the merger, which will include instructions for surrendering your stock certificates in order to make

an effective election. If you do not surrender your stock certificates as part of the election process, then after the merger is complete you will receive separate written instructions for surrendering your shares of QBT common stock in exchange for the merger consideration. In the meantime, you should retain your stock certificates because they are still valid. Please do not send in your stock certificates with your proxy card.

Q:

- Where can I find more information about BWFG?

A:

- You can find more information about BWFG from the various sources described under “Where You Can Find More Information” beginning on page 192.

Q:

- Who can I call with questions?

A:

- You may contact BWFG or QBT at the telephone numbers listed under “Where You Can Find More Information” on page 192. In each case, please ask to speak with the persons identified in that section.

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CAUTIONARY NOTE CONCERNING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This proxy statement/prospectus, including information included or incorporated by reference in this proxy statement/prospectus, may contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements about the benefits of the merger between BWFG and QBT, including future financial and operating results and performance; statements about BWFG and QBT's plans, objectives, expectations and intentions with respect to future operations, products and services; and other statements identified by words such as "expects," "anticipates," "intends," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "estimates," "will," "should," "may" or words of similar meaning. These forward-looking statements are based upon the current beliefs and expectations of BWFG and QBT's management and are inherently subject to significant business, economic and competitive uncertainties and contingencies, many of which are difficult to predict and generally beyond the control of BWFG and QBT. In addition, these forward-looking statements are subject to assumptions with respect to future business strategies and decisions that are subject to change. Actual results may differ materially from the anticipated results discussed in these forward-looking statements, for any of the following factors:

-
- local, regional and national business or economic conditions may differ from those expected;
-
- BWFG and QBT are subject to credit risk and could incur losses in their loan portfolios;
-
- BWFG's or QBT's allowances for loan losses may not be adequate to absorb loan losses;
-
- changes in real estate values could also increase BWFG's and QBT's credit risk;
-
- BWFG's Chief Executive Officer and President recently resigned, and BWFG and QBT could experience changes in key management personnel;
-
- BWFG and QBT may not be able to successfully execute their management teams' strategic initiatives;
-
- BWFG's and QBT's ability to successfully execute their growth initiatives such as branch openings and acquisitions;
-
- volatility and direction of market interest rates;
-

- increased competition within BWFG's and QBT's market area may limit growth and profitability;
-
- economic, market, operational, liquidity, credit and interest rate risks associated with BWFG's and QBT's business;
-
- the effects of and changes in trade, monetary and fiscal policies and laws, including the Federal Reserve Board's interest rate policies;
-
- changes in accounting policies and practices, as may be adopted by regulatory agencies, the Public Accounting Oversight Board or the Financial Accounting Standards Board;
-
- changes in law and regulatory requirements (including those concerning taxes, banking, securities and insurance); and

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- further governmental intervention in the U.S. financial system.

The foregoing factors should not be construed as exhaustive and should be read in conjunction with other cautionary statements that are included in this prospectus. If one or more events related to these or other risks or uncertainties materialize, or if BWFG's or QBT's underlying assumptions prove to be incorrect, actual results may differ materially from what BWFG anticipates. Accordingly, you should not place undue reliance on any such forward-looking statements. Any forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date on which it is made, and neither BWFG nor QBT undertake any obligation to publicly update or review any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise. New factors emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for BWFG and QBT to predict which will arise. In addition, BWFG and QBT cannot assess the impact of each factor on their business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements.

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SELECTED HISTORICAL CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL DATA OF
BANKWELL FINANCIAL GROUP, INC.

You should read the selected historical consolidated financial and operating data set forth below in conjunction with the sections titled “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — BWFG and The Wilton Bank” as well as the consolidated financial statements and the related notes included elsewhere in this prospectus. The selected historical financial data as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 and for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, except for the selected ratios, has been derived from BWFG’s audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. The selected historical financial data as of December 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009 and for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, except for the selected ratios, has been derived from BWFG’s audited consolidated financial statements not included in this registration statement. The selected historical earnings data for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 and the selected historical financial condition data as of March 31, 2014, has been derived from BWFG’s unaudited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this registration statement, and BWFG’s selected historical financial condition data as of March 31, 2013, has been derived from BWFG’s unaudited consolidated financial statements not included in this prospectus. The selected historical financial data for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 has not been audited but, in the opinion of BWFG’s management, contain all adjustments (consisting of only normal or recurring adjustments) necessary to present fairly BWFG’s financial position and results of operations for such periods in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, or GAAP. BWFG’s results of operations are not necessarily indicative of BWFG’s results of operations that may be expected for future performance. Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current year financial statement presentation. These reclassifications only changed the reporting categories but did not affect BWFG’s results of operations or financial position. The performance, asset quality and capital ratios are unaudited and derived from the financial statements as of and for the periods presented. Average balances have been computed using daily averages.

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Dollars in thousands, except per share data)	At or For the Three Months Ended March 31,		At or For the Years Ended December 31,				
	2014	2013	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Components of income:							
Interest and dividend income	\$7,861	\$6,676	\$28,092	\$24,397	\$20,587	\$16,877	\$13,950
Interest expense	715	591	2,765	3,192	2,870	3,209	3,651
Interest income	7,146	6,085	25,327	21,205	17,717	13,668	10,299
Provision for loan losses	211	190	585	1,821	1,049	1,311	1,741
Interest income after provision for loan losses	6,935	5,895	24,742	19,384	16,668	12,357	8,558
Interest income	769	284	4,722	345	1,134	1,695	896
Interest expense	6,041	4,598	22,119	17,858	14,601	13,331	10,555
Income (loss) before income tax expense	1,663	1,581	7,345	1,871	3,201	721	(1,101)
Income tax expense (benefit)	540	569	2,184	657	997	214	(271)
Income (loss) before preferred stock dividends and accretion income	1,123	1,012	5,161	1,214	2,204	507	(830)
Preferred stock dividends and accretion income	27	27	111	132	206	261	427
Income (loss) available to common shareholders	\$1,096	\$985	\$5,050	\$1,082	\$1,998	\$246	\$(1,257)
Share Data:							
Earnings (loss) per share	\$0.28	\$0.31	\$1.46	\$0.39	\$0.72	\$0.10	\$(0.51)
Adjusted earnings (loss) per share	0.28	0.30	1.44	0.38	0.71	0.09	(0.50)
Book value per share	15.94	14.68	15.58	14.50	13.85	12.81	12.51

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	At or For the Three Months Ended March 31,				At or For the Years Ended December 31,									
Book value per share (end of period) (a)	15.81		14.68		15.46		14.50		13.85		12.81		12.51	
Significant book value per share of (a) (b)	3,773,158		3,326,813		3,754,253		2,797,200		2,758,200		2,756,200		2,450,349	
Weighted average shares outstanding – basic	3,762,080		3,148,899		3,395,779		2,768,000		2,757,000		2,531,000		2,447,000	
Weighted average shares outstanding – diluted	3,795,946		3,196,873		3,451,393		2,865,000		2,811,000		2,588,000		2,492,000	
Performance Ratios:														
Return on average assets (c)	0.58	%	0.67	%	0.77	%	0.22	%	0.50	%	0.14	%	(0.29)	
Return on average common shareholders' equity (c)	7.57	%	8.38	%	9.89	%	3.07	%	6.70	%	0.75	%	(4.04)	
Return on average common shareholders' equity to average assets (c)	6.39	%	6.83	%	8.17	%	2.40	%	5.03	%	1.33	%	(2.47)	
Return on average assets to interest margin (b)	9.14	%	9.77	%	9.32	%	9.34	%	10.01	%	10.37	%	11.70	
Efficiency Ratio (b)	3.97	%	4.16	%	3.94	%	4.11	%	4.27	%	4.12	%	3.73	
Asset Quality Ratios:														
Ratio of nonperforming assets to total assets (d)	0.88	%	0.31	%	0.73	%	0.75	%	1.01	%	0.79	%	2.68	
Ratio of nonperforming assets to total assets (d) (e)	0.32	%	0.20	%	0.16	%	0.75	%	1.01	%	0.79	%	0.96	

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	At or For the Three Months Ended March 31,				At or For the Years Ended December 31,								
performing cts to total cts (e)	0.36	%	0.19	%	0.23	%	0.81	%	0.78	%	0.57	%	0.75
owance for n losses to performing s	409.48	%	710.39	%	835.69	%	200.84	%	171.88	%	239.23	%	177.83
owance for n losses to l s (d)	1.31	%	1.46	%	1.33	%	1.50	%	1.74	%	1.87	%	1.70
overies) ge-off's to rage s (d)	(0.01)%	—	%	0.03	%	0.07	%	0.02	%	0.09	%	0.18
ements of ncial dition:													
al assets	\$812,055		\$629,353		\$779,618		\$610,016		\$477,355		\$395,708		\$328,160
ss portfolio s (d)	657,161		558,775		632,012		530,050		369,294		288,425		257,268
vestment rities	49,337		45,912		42,413		46,412		94,972		58,152		34,060
osits	679,223		480,021		661,545		462,081		367,115		309,137		244,215
rowings	59,000		87,000		44,000		91,000		58,000		44,000		46,000
al equity	71,106		59,817		69,485		51,534		49,188		40,354		35,695
ital Ratios:													
r 1 capital verage ts (f)													
Bankwell Bank	7.90	%	—	%	7.91	%	—	%	—	%	—	%	—
Bank of v Canaan	—	%	7.90	%	—	%	7.88	%	8.71	%	8.15	%	8.48
Bank of field	—	%	8.65	%	—	%	8.39	%	11.30	%	13.25	%	16.54
r 1 capital													
-weighted ts (f)													
Bankwell Bank	9.49	%	—	%	9.49	%	—	%	—	%	—	%	—
Bank of v Canaan	—	%	8.97	%	—	%	9.09	%	11.07	%	11.86	%	12.24
Bank of field	—	%	10.74	%	—	%	10.80	%	13.66	%	16.41	%	22.46
al capital to -weighted													

	At or For the Three Months Ended March 31,				At or For the Years Ended December 31,								
ts (f) Bankwell Bank	10.74	%	—	%	10.74	%	—	%	—	%	—	%	—
Bank of v Canaan	—	%	10.23	%	—	%	10.34	%	12.33	%	13.12	%	13.50
Bank of field	—	%	11.99	%	—	%	12.05	%	14.91	%	17.10	%	23.26
al holders' ity to total ts	8.76	%	9.80	%	8.91	%	8.45	%	10.30	%	10.20	%	10.88
gible mon equity o (b)	7.35	%	7.76	%	7.45	%	6.65	%	8.00	%	8.93	%	9.34

(a)

- Excludes preferred stock and unvested restricted stock awards.

(b)

- This measure is not a measure recognized under GAAP and is therefore considered to be a non-GAAP financial measure. See “Non-GAAP Financial Measures” for a description of this measure and a reconciliation of this measure to its most directly comparable GAAP measure.

(c)

- Calculated based on net income before preferred stock dividends and net accretion.

(d)

- Calculated using the principal amounts outstanding on loans.

(e)

- Nonperforming assets consist of nonperforming loans and other real estate owned.

(f)

- Represents bank ratios. In September 2013, The Bank of New Canaan and The Bank of Fairfield were merged into Bankwell Bank.

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SELECTED HISTORICAL FINANCIAL DATA OF THE WILTON BANK

You should read the selected historical financial and operating data set forth below in conjunction with the financial statements and the related notes included elsewhere in this prospectus. The selected historical financial data as of and for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, except for the selected ratios, has been derived from The Wilton Bank's audited financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. The selected historical financial data for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, except for the selected ratios, has been derived from The Wilton Bank's audited financial statements not included in this prospectus. The selected historical earnings data for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 and the selected historical financial condition data as of September 30, 2013, has been derived from The Wilton Bank's unaudited financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus, and The Wilton Bank's selected historical financial condition data as of September 30, 2012, has been derived from unaudited financial statements not included in this prospectus. The selected historical financial data for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 has not been audited but, in the opinion of management, contains all adjustments (consisting of only normal or recurring adjustments) necessary to present fairly The Wilton Bank's financial position and results of operations for such periods in accordance with GAAP. The Wilton Bank's results of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 are not necessarily indicative of future results of operations or performance. The performance, asset quality and capital ratios are unaudited and derived from the financial statements as of and for the periods presented. Average balances have been computed using daily averages.

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(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)	At or For the Nine Months Ended September 30,		At or For the Years Ended December 31,			
	2013	2012	2012	2011	2010	2009
Statements of Income:						
Interest and dividend income	\$1,278	\$1,497	\$1,954	\$2,034	\$2,619	\$4,364
Interest expense	106	133	177	244	397	807
Net interest income	1,172	1,364	1,777	1,790	2,222	3,557
Provision for loan losses	—	—	—	900	560	3,200
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	1,172	1,364	1,777	890	1,662	357
Noninterest income	194	205	278	1,061	273	276
Noninterest expense	2,851	2,705	3,796	3,870	3,842	3,485
Loss before income tax	(1,485)	(1,136)	(1,741)	(1,919)	(1,907)	(2,852)
Income tax expense (benefit)	—	—	—	1,351	(391)	(1,124)
Net loss	\$(1,485)	\$(1,136)	\$(1,741)	\$(3,270)	\$(1,516)	\$(1,728)
Per Share Data:						
Basic loss per share	\$(3.98)	\$(3.05)	\$(4.67)	\$(8.77)	\$(4.07)	\$(4.61)
Diluted loss per share	(3.98)	(3.05)	(4.67)	(8.77)	(4.07)	(4.61)
Book value per share (end of period)	17.55	23.15	21.53	26.20	34.97	38.79
Shares outstanding (end of period)	481,245	481,245	481,245	481,245	481,245	481,245
Weighted average shares outstanding – basic	372,985	372,985	372,985	372,985	372,985	372,985
Weighted average shares	372,985	372,985	372,985	372,985	372,985	375,260

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	At or For the Nine Months Ended September 30,		At or For the Years Ended December 31,			
outstanding – diluted						
Annualized Performance Ratios:						
Return on average assets	(2.70)%	(2.09)%	(2.38)%	(4.17)%	(1.66)%	(1.77)%
Return on average common shareholders' equity	(27.02)%	(16.49)%	(19.32)%	(28.85)%	(10.74)%	(10.97)%
Return on average shareholders' equity	(27.02)%	(16.49)%	(19.32)%	(28.85)%	(10.74)%	(10.97)%
Average shareholders' equity to average assets	9.99 %	12.67 %	12.34 %	14.44 %	15.44 %	16.18 %
Net interest margin	2.42 %	2.89 %	2.80 %	2.57 %	2.71 %	4.06 %
Asset Quality Ratios:						
Total past due loans to total loans (a)	23.80 %	23.87 %	22.05 %	31.50 %	39.09 %	12.91 %
Nonperforming loans to total loans	23.78 %	23.67 %	21.60 %	31.37 %	39.09 %	12.91 %
Nonperforming assets to total assets (b)	12.92 %	17.21 %	13.85 %	20.72 %	25.26 %	9.96 %
Allowance for loan losses to nonperforming loans	12.42 %	12.72 %	15.31 %	10.06 %	10.39 %	32.94 %
Allowance for loan losses to total loans	2.95 %	3.01 %	3.31 %	3.16 %	4.06 %	4.25 %
Net charge-off's to average loans	0.73 %	0.43 %	0.50 %	3.52 %	2.29 %	3.05 %
Statements of Financial Condition:						
Total assets	\$69,599	\$72,249	\$76,124	\$76,412	\$84,285	\$95,360
Gross portfolio loans	29,857	37,766	33,656	41,330	50,067	66,199

	At or For the Nine Months Ended September 30,		At or For the Years Ended December 31,			
Investment securities	1,024	1,000	1,032	2,499	8,036	8,067
Deposits	62,694	63,382	67,881	66,448	70,982	80,539
Borrowings	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total equity	6,546	8,636	8,031	9,772	13,044	14,555

(a)

- Calculated using the principal amounts outstanding on loans.

(b)

- Nonperforming assets consist of nonperforming loans and other real estate owned.

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SUMMARY SELECTED PRO FORMA CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL DATA

The following unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial data combines data from the historical consolidated statements of income of BWFG and the historical statements of income of The Wilton Bank, giving effect to the merger of The Wilton Bank into Bankwell Bank, referred to as the Wilton Merger.

The unaudited pro forma combined condensed statement of income data for the year ended December 31, 2013 combines data from the historical consolidated statement of income of BWFG for the year ended December 31, 2013 and the historical statement of income of The Wilton Bank for the year to date period ended November 5, 2013, the acquisition date, giving effect to the Wilton Merger as if it had been consummated on January 1, 2013. The unaudited pro forma combined condensed statement of income data for the year ended December 31, 2012 combine the historical consolidated statement of income of BWFG for the year ended December 31, 2012 and the historical statement of income of The Wilton Bank for the year ended December 31, 2012, giving effect to the Wilton Merger as if it had been consummated on January 1, 2012.

The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial data give effect to the Wilton Merger using acquisition accounting as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial data are provided for informational purposes only. The pro forma unaudited consolidated financial data presented are not necessarily indicative of the actual results that might have been achieved for the periods or dates indicated, nor are they necessarily indicative of the future results of the combined company following the consummation of the Wilton Merger. The unaudited pro forma financial data are based on estimates and assumptions set forth below.

The pro forma unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto of each of BWFG and The Wilton Bank contained elsewhere in this prospectus.

The unaudited pro forma net earnings (loss) assumptions are qualified by the statements set forth under this caption and should not be considered indicative of the market value of BWFG's common stock or the actual results of operations of BWFG for any period. Such pro forma data may be materially affected by the actual expenses incurred in connection with the Wilton Merger.

The pro forma condensed consolidated financial data do not reflect adjustments for estimated transaction costs or cost savings expected to be realized from the elimination of certain expenses and from synergies expected to be created or the costs to achieve such cost savings or synergies. No assurance can be given that cost savings or synergies will be realized. Income taxes do not reflect the amounts that would have resulted had BWFG and The Wilton Bank filed consolidated income tax returns during the periods presented. Such entries will be recorded as incurred, are non-recurring and are thus not reflected in the calculations of pro forma income (loss).

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December 31, 2013 Pro Forma Statement of Income Data. The following table presents pro forma statement of income information for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Bankwell Financial Group

Pro Forma Income Statement Data

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

In thousands, except per share data	Bankwell Financial Group	The Wilton Bank	Pro Forma Merger Adjustments	Pro Forma Combined
Interest and dividend income	\$ 28,092	\$ 1,355	\$ 478 (1)	\$ 29,925
Interest expense	2,765	119	—	2,884
Net interest income	25,327	1,236	478	27,041
Provision for loan losses	585	—	—	585
Net income after provision for loan losses	24,742	1,236	478	26,456
Noninterest income	3,389 (2)	369	—	3,758
Noninterest expense	21,211 (3)	3,294	89 (4)	24,594
Income (loss) before income tax expense	6,920	(1,689)	389	5,620
Income tax expense (benefit)	2,184	(574) (5)	132 (5)	1,742
Net income (loss)	\$ 4,736	\$ (1,115)	\$ 257	\$ 3,878
Preferred stock dividends	(111)	—	—	(111)
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders	\$ 4,625	\$ (1,115)	\$ 257	\$ 3,767
Weighted average shares outstanding				
Basic	3,395	373		3,395
Diluted	3,451	373		3,451
Net earnings (loss) per common share (pro forma)				
Basic	\$ 1.34	\$ (2.99)		\$ 1.09
Diluted	\$ 1.32	\$ (2.99)		\$ 1.07

(1)

- Adjustment to interest income represents amortization of the accretable portion of the credit mark adjustments for loans. The credit mark is being amortized using the interest method over the projected lives of the related loans. The total credit mark of \$2.9 million is comprised of accretable and nonaccretable discounts totaling \$1.4 million and \$1.5 million, respectively, which was applied to loans totaling \$14.5 million with projected lives of 3 to 36 months.

(2)

- Noninterest income excludes a one-time gain of \$1.3 million recorded in conjunction with the acquisition, representing the amount that the net assets exceeded the amount paid.

(3)

- Noninterest expense excludes one-time merger and acquisition related expenses of \$908 thousand.

(4)

- Adjustment to noninterest expense represents amortization of the core deposit intangible of \$499 thousand over 9.3 years based on the double declining balance method of amortization.

(5)

- Income tax expense is based on Bankwell's Federal marginal rate of 34%.

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December 31, 2012 Pro Forma Statement of Income Data. The following table presents pro forma statement of income information for the year ended December 31, 2012.

Bankwell Financial Group

Pro Forma Income Statement Data

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

In thousands, except per share data	Bankwell Financial Group	The Wilton Bank	Pro Forma Merger Adjustments	Pro Forma Combined
Interest and dividend income	\$ 24,397	\$ 1,954	\$ 574 (1)	\$ 26,925
Interest expense	3,192	177	—	3,369
Net interest income	21,205	1,777	574	23,556
Provision for loan losses	1,821	—	—	1,821
Net income after provision for loan losses	19,384	1,777	574	21,735
Noninterest income	345	278	—	623
Noninterest expense	17,858	3,796	107 (2)	21,761
Income (loss) before income tax expense	1,871	(1,741)	467	597
Income tax expense (benefit)	657	(592) (3)	159 (3)	224
Net income (loss)	\$ 1,214	\$ (1,149)	\$ 308	\$ 373
Preferred stock dividends	(132)	—	—	(132)
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders	\$ 1,082	\$ (1,149)	\$ 308	\$ 241
Weighted average shares outstanding				
Basic	2,768	373		2,768
Diluted	2,865	373		2,865
Net earnings (loss) per common share (pro forma)				
Basic	\$ 0.39	\$ (3.08)		\$ 0.09
Diluted	\$ 0.38	\$ (3.08)		\$ 0.08

(1)

- Adjustment to interest income represents amortization of the accretable portion of the credit mark adjustments for loans. The credit mark is being amortized using the interest method over the projected lives of the related loans. The total credit mark of \$2.9 million is comprised of accretable and nonaccretable discounts totaling \$1.4 million and \$1.5 million, respectively, which was applied to loans totaling \$14.5 million with projected lives of 3 to 36 months.

(2)

- Adjustment to noninterest expense represents amortization of the core deposit intangible of \$499 thousand over 9.3 years based on the double declining balance method of amortization.

(3)

- Income tax expense is based on Bankwell's Federal marginal rate of 34%.

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NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

BWFG identifies “efficiency ratio,” “tangible common equity ratio,” “tangible book value per share” and “total revenue” as “non-GAAP financial measures.” In accordance with the SEC’s rules, BWFG classifies a financial measure as being a non-GAAP financial measure if that financial measure excludes or includes amounts, or is subject to adjustments that have the effect of excluding or including amounts, that are included or excluded, as the case may be, in the most directly comparable measure calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP in statements of income, balance sheet or statements of cash flows. Non-GAAP financial measures do not include operating and other statistical measures or ratios or statistical measures calculated using exclusively either financial measures calculated in accordance with GAAP, operating measures or other measures that are not non-GAAP financial measures or both. The non-GAAP financial measures that are discussed in this prospectus should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for the most directly comparable or other financial measures calculated in accordance with GAAP.

Moreover, the manner in which BWFG calculates the non-GAAP financial measures discussed in this prospectus may differ from that of other companies reporting measures with similar names. You should understand how such other banking organizations calculate their financial measures similar or with names similar to the non-GAAP financial measures BWFG has discussed in this prospectus when comparing such non-GAAP financial measures.

Efficiency ratio is defined as noninterest expenses, net of foreclosed real estate expenses divided by operating revenue, which is equal to net interest income plus noninterest income excluding gains and losses on sales of securities and foreclosed real estate. Also excluded are one-time gains and expenses related to merger and acquisition related activities. In BWFG’s judgment, the adjustments made to operating revenue allow management and investors to better assess performance in relation to core operating revenue by removing the volatility that is associated with certain one-time items and other discrete items that are unrelated to BWFG’s core business.

Tangible common equity is defined as total shareholders’ equity, excluding preferred stock, less goodwill and other intangible assets. BWFG believes that this measure is important to many investors in the marketplace who are interested in changes from period to period in common shareholders’ equity exclusive of changes in intangible assets. Goodwill, an intangible asset that is recorded in a purchase business combination, has the effect of increasing both common equity and assets while not increasing tangible common equity or tangible assets. In connection with the acquisition of The Wilton Bank on November 5, 2013, BWFG recorded a core deposit intangible asset, the balance of which was \$454 thousand and \$481 thousand, respectively at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013. The acquisition transaction resulted in a bargain purchase gain, therefore, no goodwill was recorded.

Tangible common equity to tangible assets is defined as the ratio of tangible common equity divided by total assets less goodwill and other intangible assets. BWFG believes that this measure is important to many investors in the marketplace who are interested in relative changes from period to period in common equity and total assets, each exclusive of changes in intangible assets. BWFG believes that the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure is total shareholders’ equity to total assets.

Tangible book value per share is defined as book value, excluding the impact of goodwill and other intangible assets, if any, divided by common shares outstanding.

Total revenue is defined as the sum of net interest income before provision of loan losses and noninterest income.

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The information provided below presents a reconciliation of each of BWFG's non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures.

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Years Ended December 31,			
	2014	2013	2013	2012	2011	
	(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)					
Efficiency Ratio						
Noninterest expense	\$ 6,041	\$ 4,598	\$ 22,119	\$ 17,858	\$ 14,601	
Less: foreclosed real estate expenses	14	—	7	9	—	
Less: merger and acquisition related expenses	141	—	908	—	—	
Adjusted noninterest expense (numerator)	\$ 5,886	\$ 4,598	\$ 21,204	\$ 17,849	\$ 14,601	
Net interest income	\$ 7,146	\$ 6,085	\$ 25,327	\$ 21,205	\$ 17,717	
Noninterest income	769	284	4,722	345	1,134	
Less: gains (losses) on sales of securities	—	—	648	(18)	250	
Less: gains on sale of foreclosed real estate	—	71	63	—	—	
Less: gain on bargain purchase	—	—	1,333	—	—	
Adjusted operating revenue (denominator)	\$ 7,915	\$ 6,298	\$ 28,005	\$ 21,568	\$ 18,601	
Efficiency ratio	74.37 %	73.01 %	75.72 %	82.76 %	78.50 %	
Tangible Common Equity and Tangible Common Equity/Tangible Assets						
Total shareholders' equity	\$ 71,106	\$ 59,817	\$ 69,485	\$ 51,534	\$ 49,188	
	10,980	10,980	10,980	10,980	10,980	

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	Three Months Ended March 31,				Years Ended December 31,				
Less: preferred stock									
Common shareholders' equity	60,126	48,837	58,505	40,554	38,208				
Less: Intangible assets	454	—	481	—	—				
Tangible common shareholders' equity	\$ 59,672	\$ 48,837	\$ 58,024	\$ 40,554	\$ 38,208				
Total assets	\$ 812,055	\$ 629,535	\$ 779,618	\$ 610,016	\$ 477,355				
Less: Intangible assets	454	—	481	—	—				
Tangible assets	\$ 811,601	\$ 629,535	\$ 779,137	\$ 610,016	\$ 477,355				
Tangible common shareholders' equity to tangible assets	7.35 %	7.76 %	7.45 %	6.65 %	8.00 %				
Tangible Book Value per Share									
Total shareholders' equity	\$ 71,106	\$ 59,817	\$ 69,485	\$ 51,534	\$ 49,188				
Less: preferred stock	10,980	10,980	10,980	10,980	10,980				
Common shareholders' equity	60,126	48,837	58,505	40,554	38,208				
Less: Intangible assets	454	—	481	—	—				
Tangible common shareholders' equity	\$ 59,672	\$ 48,837	\$ 58,024	\$ 40,554	\$ 38,208				
Common shares issued	3,891,690	3,376,313	3,876,393	2,846,700	2,788,200				
Less: shares of unvested restricted stock	118,532	49,500	122,140	49,500	30,000				
Common shares outstanding	3,773,158	3,326,813	3,754,253	2,797,200	2,758,200				
Book value per share	\$ 15.94	\$ 14.68	\$ 15.58	\$ 14.50	\$ 13.85				
Less: effects of intangible assets	0.12	—	0.12	—	—				
Tangible book value per share	\$ 15.81	\$ 14.68	\$ 15.46	\$ 14.50	\$ 13.85				

	Three Months Ended March 31,				Years Ended December 31,					
Total Revenue										
Net interest income	\$ 7,146		\$ 6,085		\$ 25,327		\$ 21,205		\$ 17,717	
Add: noninterest income	769		284		4,722		345		1,134	
Total revenue	\$ 7,915		\$ 6,369		\$ 30,049		\$ 21,550		\$ 18,851	
Noninterest income as a percentage of total revenue	9.72	%	4.46	%	15.71	%	1.60	%	6.02	%
Return on Average Common Shareholders' Equity										
Net income	\$ 1,123		\$ 1,012		\$ 5,161		\$ 1,214		\$ 2,204	
Total average shareholders' equity	\$ 70,316		\$ 59,287		\$ 63,142		\$ 50,572		\$ 43,852	
Less: average preferred stock	10,980		10,980		10,980		10,980		10,980	
Average common shareholders' equity	\$ 59,336		\$ 48,307		\$ 52,162		\$ 39,592		\$ 32,872	
Return on average common shareholders' equity (1)	7.57	%	8.38	%	9.89	%	3.07	%	6.70	%

(1)

- Based on annualized net income

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RISK FACTORS

In addition to the other information included in this proxy statement/prospectus (including the matters addressed in “Cautionary Note Concerning Forward-Looking Statements”), you should carefully consider the matters described below in determining whether to approve the merger agreement and in connection with your election with respect to the form of merger consideration you will receive for your QBT shares or options.

Because the market price of BWFG’s common stock will fluctuate, QBT shareholders who receive stock consideration will not know until the effective time of the merger the value of the consideration they will receive in the merger.

Upon completion of the merger, each share of QBT common stock, other than dissenting shares, will be converted into the right to receive merger consideration consisting of, at the option of the holder of such share, either cash or shares of BWFG common stock. Because the per share stock consideration is fixed at 0.56 shares of BWFG common stock, the market value of the BWFG common stock to be issued in the merger will depend upon the market price of BWFG common stock. This market price may vary from the closing price of BWFG common stock on the date the merger was announced, on the date that this proxy statement/prospectus was mailed to QBT shareholders and on the date of QBT special meeting. Accordingly, QBT shareholders who elect to receive stock consideration will not necessarily know or be able to calculate the value of the stock consideration they would be entitled to receive upon completion of the merger.

QBT shareholders may receive a form of consideration different from what they elect.

While each QBT shareholder may elect to receive cash, BWFG common stock or a combination thereof in the merger, only 75% of QBT common stock outstanding at March 31, 2014 will be converted into BWFG common stock. BWFG will issue no more than 510,305 shares of BWFG common stock as merger consideration under the terms of the merger agreement. Therefore, if QBT shareholders elect more cash or stock than is available under the merger agreement, their elections will be prorated to permit 75% of QBT common stock outstanding at March 31, 2014 to be converted into BWFG common stock. As a result, your ability to receive cash or stock in accordance with your election may depend on the elections of other QBT shareholders.

In addition, any QBT common stock resulting from the exercise of QBT stock options or warrants after March 31, 2014 will be considered non-election shares and will be paid in cash.

If you tender shares of QBT common stock to make an election, you will not be able to transfer those shares until after the merger, unless you revoke your election prior to the election deadline.

QBT shareholders may elect to receive the merger consideration in the form of cash or stock. Shareholders making an election must turn in their QBT stock certificates with their election form by 5:00 p.m., Eastern Time, twenty-five (25) days following the mailing date of the election forms. During the time between when the election is made and when stock certificates for shares of BWFG are received by shareholders following the completion of the merger, QBT shareholders will be unable to sell their QBT common stock. If the merger is unexpectedly delayed, this period could extend for a significant period of time. Elections received after the close of the election period will not be accepted or honored.

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The merger agreement limits QBT's ability to pursue alternatives to the merger.

The merger agreement contains terms and conditions that make it more difficult for QBT to sell its business to a party other than BWFG. QBT has agreed to take action necessary to convene and to hold a meeting of shareholders of QBT to consider and vote upon the approval of the merger agreement and the merger as promptly as practicable following the execution of the merger agreement. Subject to certain limited exceptions, QBT's board of directors is required to recommend such approval. The board of directors may, however, pursue a bona fide, written acquisition proposal (i) if and only to the extent that the board of directors reasonably determines in good faith (after consultation with outside legal counsel) that such action would be required in order for its directors to comply with their respective fiduciary duties, and (ii) if the board of directors determines in good faith that such written acquisition proposal is a "Superior Proposal," as defined in the merger agreement. If the QBT board of directors determines that an acquisition proposal satisfies the criteria described above, QBT is required to notify BWFG of the receipt of the proposal and negotiate in good faith with BWFG to make adjustments to the terms and conditions of the merger agreement such that the proposal would no longer constitute a "Superior Proposal." If the board of directors determines that it desires to accept a written acquisition proposal from a party other than BWFG, QBT may terminate the merger agreement, subject to the obligation to pay a termination fee in the amount of \$600,000 to BWFG.

BWFG required QBT to agree to these provisions as a condition to BWFG's willingness to enter into the merger agreement. However, these provisions might discourage a third party that might have an interest in acquiring all or a significant part of QBT from considering or proposing that acquisition even if it were prepared to pay consideration with a higher per share price than the current proposed merger consideration, and the termination fee might result in a potential competing acquirer proposing to pay a lower per share price to acquire QBT than it might otherwise have proposed to pay.

The failure to successfully integrate QBT's business and operations in the expected time frame may adversely affect BWFG's future results.

The success of the merger will depend, in part, on the combined company's ability to realize the anticipated benefits from combining the businesses of BWFG and QBT. However, to realize these anticipated benefits, the businesses of BWFG and QBT must be successfully combined. If the combined company is not able to achieve these objectives, the anticipated benefits of the merger may not be realized fully or at all or may take longer to realize than expected.

BWFG and QBT have operated and, until the completion of the merger, will continue to operate independently. It is possible that the integration process could result in the loss of key employees, as well as the disruption of each company's ongoing businesses or inconsistencies in standards, controls, procedures and policies, any or all of which could adversely affect BWFG's ability to maintain relationships with clients, customers, depositors and employees after the merger or to achieve the anticipated benefits of the merger. Integration efforts between the two companies will also divert management attention and resources. These integration matters could have an adverse effect on each of BWFG and QBT.

QBT's executive officers and directors have interests in the merger that are different from your interest as a QBT shareholder.

QBT executive officers negotiated the merger agreement with BWFG, and the QBT board of directors approved the agreement and is recommending that QBT shareholders who are entitled to vote, vote for the agreement. In considering these facts and the other information contained in this proxy statement/prospectus, you should be aware that QBT's executive officers and directors have interests in

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the merger in addition to the interests that they share with you as a QBT shareholder. These interests include continued indemnification and insurance coverage by BWFG after the merger for acts or omissions occurring before the merger, change of control payments due certain executive officers in connection with the merger, the continuation of employment with BWFG for some executive officers, the appointment of one (1) current director of QBT to the BWFG and Bankwell Bank boards of directors following the effective date of the merger and the invitation of all other QBT directors to serve on a paid Advisory Board of BWFG. These interests also include the accelerated vesting of stock options and payments pursuant to severance agreements, as well as other considerations. For a detailed discussion of these interests, see the section in this document titled “Interests of QBT’s Directors and Executive Officers in the Merger” beginning on page 166.

The tax consequences of the merger to a QBT shareholder will be dependent upon the merger consideration received. The tax consequences of the merger to a QBT shareholder will depend upon the merger consideration that the shareholder receives. A QBT shareholder generally will not recognize any gain or loss on the conversion of shares of QBT common stock solely into shares of BWFG common stock. However, a QBT shareholder generally will be taxed if he, she, or it receives cash in exchange for shares of QBT common stock or for any fractional share of BWFG common stock. For a detailed discussion of the tax consequences of the merger to QBT shareholders generally, see the section in this document titled “The Merger—Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Merger” beginning on page 169. Each QBT shareholder should consult his, her, or its own tax advisors as to the effect of the merger as applicable to each QBT shareholder’s particular circumstances.

The merger may not be completed if certain conditions are not satisfied or waived.

The merger agreement is subject to a number of conditions which must be fulfilled in order to complete the merger. Those conditions include, but are not limited to: the approval of the merger agreement by QBT shareholders; receipt of required regulatory approvals; absence of orders prohibiting the completion of the merger; the effectiveness of the registration statement of which this proxy statement/prospectus is a part; the continued accuracy of the representations and warranties by both parties; the performance by both parties of their covenants and agreements; and the receipt by both parties of legal opinions from their respective tax counsels. See “The Merger Agreement—Conditions to the Merger” beginning on page 186 for a more complete discussion of the conditions to the merger.

QBT shareholders will have a reduced ownership and voting interest after the merger and will exercise less influence over management of the combined organization.

QBT’s shareholders currently have the right to vote in the election of the board of directors of QBT and on other matters affecting QBT. Upon the completion of the merger, each QBT shareholder that receives shares of BWFG common stock will become a stockholder of BWFG with a percentage ownership of the combined organization that is much smaller than the shareholder’s percentage ownership of QBT. It is expected that the former shareholders of QBT as a group will receive shares in the merger constituting approximately 11.0% of the outstanding shares of BWFG common stock immediately after the merger. Because of this, QBT’s shareholders will have significantly less influence on the management and policies of BWFG than they now have on the management and policies of QBT.

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The fairness opinion obtained by QBT from its financial advisor will not reflect changes in circumstances subsequent to the date of the fairness opinion.

SAL, QBT's financial advisor in connection with the proposed merger, has delivered to the board of directors of QBT its opinion dated as of March 31, 2014. The opinion of SAL stated that as of such date, and based upon and subject to the factors and assumptions set forth therein, the consideration to be received in the merger was fair to QBT shareholders from a financial point of view. The opinion does not reflect changes that may occur or may have occurred after the date of the opinion, including changes to the operations and prospects of BWFG or QBT, changes in general market and economic conditions or regulatory or other factors. Any such changes, or changes in other factors on which the opinion is based, may materially alter or affect the relative values of BWFG and QBT.

The merger is subject to the receipt of consents and approvals from governmental entities that may delay the date of completion of the merger or impose conditions that could have an adverse effect on BWFG.

Before the merger may be completed, various approvals, consents or waivers must be obtained from state and federal governmental authorities, including the FDIC and the Banking Department. Satisfying the requirements of these governmental entities may delay the date of completion of the merger. In addition, these governmental entities may include conditions on the completion of the merger or require changes to the terms of the merger. While BWFG and QBT do not currently expect that any such conditions or changes would result in a material adverse effect on BWFG, there can be no assurance that they will not, and such conditions or changes could have the effect of delaying completion of the merger or imposing additional costs on or limiting the revenues of BWFG following the merger, any of which might have a material adverse effect on BWFG following the merger. The parties are not obligated to complete the merger should any regulatory approval contain a non-customary condition that materially alters the benefit to which BWFG bargained for in the merger agreement.

Failure to complete the merger could negatively impact the stock prices and future businesses and financial results of BWFG and QBT.

If the merger is not completed, the ongoing businesses of BWFG and QBT may be adversely affected and BWFG and QBT will be subject to several risks, including the following:

-
- QBT may be required, under certain circumstances, to pay BWFG a termination fee of \$600,000 under the merger agreement;
-
- BWFG and QBT will be required to pay certain costs relating to the merger, whether or not the merger is completed, such as legal, accounting, financial advisor and printing fees;
-
- under the merger agreement, QBT is subject to certain restrictions on the conduct of its business prior to completing the merger which may adversely affect its ability to execute certain of its business strategies; and
-
- matters relating to the merger may require substantial commitments of time and resources by BWFG and QBT management, which could otherwise have been devoted to other opportunities that may have been beneficial to BWFG and QBT as independent companies, as the case may be.

In addition, if the merger is not completed, BWFG and/or QBT may experience negative reactions from the financial markets and from their respective customers and employees. BWFG and/or QBT also could be subject to litigation related to any failure to complete the merger or to enforcement proceedings commenced against BWFG or QBT to perform their respective obligations under the merger agreement. If the merger is not completed, BWFG and QBT

cannot assure their shareholders that the risks

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described above will not materialize and will not materially affect their business, financial results and stock prices. The shares of BWFG common stock to be received by QBT shareholders as a result of the merger will have different rights from shares of QBT common stock.

Following completion of the merger, QBT shareholders will no longer be shareholders of QBT. QBT shareholders who receive shares of BWFG in the merger will instead be shareholders of BWFG. There will be important differences between your current rights as a QBT shareholder and the rights to which you will be entitled as a BWFG stockholder. See “Comparison of Shareholders’ Rights” beginning on page 190 for a discussion of the different rights associated with BWFG common stock and QBT common stock.

BWFG and Bankwell Bank recently underwent a change in their key management personnel.

Effective August 7, 2014, Peyton R. Patterson resigned as the Chief Executive Officer and President of BWFG, the Chief Executive Officer of Bankwell Bank, and as a director of each of BWFG and Bankwell Bank. On August 7, 2014 the BWFG board appointed Blake S. Drexler as Executive Chairman of the board of BWFG. As Executive Chairman, Mr. Drexler will devote substantial time to BWFG’s strategic planning and enterprise-wide initiatives. However, Mr. Drexler does not have any previous experience as an executive officer of a bank holding company or a commercial bank. BWFG is engaged in a comprehensive search for a permanent Chief Executive Officer, but it is possible that the disruption caused by the resignation of BWFG’s and Bankwell Bank’s chief executive could adversely affect BWFG’s future results of operations or BWFG’s ability to maintain relationships with clients, customers, depositors and employees.

INFORMATION ABOUT THE COMPANIES

Bankwell Financial Group, Inc.

BWFG is a Connecticut bank holding company and the parent company of Bankwell Bank, a Connecticut-chartered bank. Bankwell Bank was originally chartered as two separate banks, The Bank of New Canaan (including a separate division, Stamford First Bank) and The Bank of Fairfield. The Bank of New Canaan began operations in April 2002 with an initial capitalization of \$8.6 million. The two banks were subsequently merged and rebranded as “Bankwell Bank” in September 2013. In November 2013, The Wilton Bank was acquired and merged into Bankwell Bank. Bankwell Bank’s deposits are insured by the Deposit Insurance Fund of the FDIC.

Bankwell Bank’s operations are headquartered in New Canaan, Connecticut. Its primary market is the greater Fairfield County, Connecticut area, which is served from its main banking office, five other branch offices and one loan production office located throughout the Fairfield County area.

At March 31, 2014, BWFG had \$812.1 million in total consolidated assets. BWFG’s principal executive offices are located at 220 Main Street, New Canaan, CT 06840, and its telephone number is (203) 652-6300.

See “Where You Can Find More Information” on page 192 for additional information about BWFG and its subsidiaries.

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Quinnipiac Bank & Trust Company

QBT is a Connecticut-chartered bank that provides financial services to the greater New Haven area from its branch in Hamden, Connecticut. QBT has received FDIC and Banking Department approval to open a branch in North Haven, Connecticut. QBT was chartered as a de novo bank and began operations on March 6, 2008. QBT's deposits are insured by the Deposit Insurance Fund of the FDIC.

At March 31, 2014, QBT had \$105.9 million in total assets. QBT's principal executive offices are located at 2704 Dixwell Avenue, Hamden, Connecticut 06518, and its telephone number is (203) 407-0756.

BUSINESS OF BWFG

General

BWFG is a Connecticut bank holding company headquartered in New Canaan, Connecticut and offers a broad range of financial services through BWFG's banking subsidiary, Bankwell Bank, a Connecticut state non-member bank founded in 2002. BWFG's primary market is the greater Fairfield County, Connecticut area, which BWFG serves from its main banking office located in New Canaan, Connecticut and five other branch offices located throughout the Fairfield County area and a loan production office. According to the U.S. Department of Commerce, Fairfield County is located in the fourth wealthiest metropolitan statistical area in the United States. As of March 31, 2014, on a consolidated basis, BWFG had total assets of approximately \$812.1 million, total loans of approximately \$657.2 million, total deposits of approximately \$679.2 million, and shareholders' equity of approximately \$71.1 million. Because BWFG conducts all of its material business operations through Bankwell Bank, the description of BWFG's products and services relates to activities primarily conducted at or by Bankwell Bank. BWFG is committed to making Bankwell Bank the premier "Hometown" bank in Fairfield County and its surrounding areas. In 2011, the Commercial Record's Annual Readers Poll named Bankwell Bank the No. 1 community bank in Connecticut. BWFG believes that its market exhibits highly attractive demographic attributes and presents favorable competitive dynamics, thereby offering long-term opportunities for growth. BWFG has a history of building long-term customer relationships and attracting new customers through what BWFG believes is superior customer service and ability to deliver a diverse product offering. In addition, BWFG believes that its strong capital position and extensive local ownership, coupled with a highly respected and experienced executive management team and board of directors, gives BWFG instant credibility with its customers and potential customers in BWFG's market. BWFG's focus is on building a franchise with meaningful market share and consistent revenue growth complemented by operational efficiencies that it believes will produce attractive risk-adjusted returns for BWFG's shareholders.

BWFG History and Growth

Bankwell Bank was originally chartered as two separate banks, The Bank of New Canaan (including a separate division, Stamford First Bank) and The Bank of Fairfield, which were subsequently merged and rebranded as "Bankwell Bank." Bankwell Bank was chartered with a commitment to building the premier community bank in the market BWFG serves. Bankwell Bank began operations in April 2002 with an initial capitalization of \$8.6 million. Since December 31, 2008, Bankwell Bank has experienced significant growth, with \$459.4 million in loan growth and \$508.5 million in deposit growth, for compound annual growth rates of 26% and 30%, respectively, through March 31, 2014. Bankwell Bank's net interest margin was 3.97% for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and for the year ended December 31, 2013, the net interest margin was 3.94%, compared to a high of 4.27% for the year ended

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December 31, 2011. In November 2013, BWFG acquired The Wilton Bank, and it was merged into Bankwell Bank. On March 31, 2014, BWFG entered into a merger agreement with QBT, pursuant to which QBT will be merged with and into Bankwell Bank. See “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Bankwell Financial Group, Inc. — QBT Acquisition” for additional information.

With the efforts of BWFG’s strong management team, BWFG continued its growth and maintained a strong track record of performance through the recent economic recession. From December 31, 2008 through March 31, 2014, Bankwell Bank’s total assets grew from \$247.0 million to approximately \$812.1 million; total loans outstanding grew from \$197.8 million to approximately \$657.2 million and noninterest bearing deposits grew from \$36.9 million to approximately \$119.7 million. BWFG believes this growth was driven by BWFG’s ability to provide superior service to its customers and its financial stability. This loan growth was achieved while maintaining BWFG’s focus on strong underwriting standards, which has been reflected in BWFG’s low net charge-off levels. BWFG’s return on average common equity improved from (1.4%) to 7.57% over the same period.

Business Strategy

BWFG is focused on making Bankwell Bank the “Hometown” bank and banking provider of choice in BWFG’s highly attractive market area through:

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- Responsive, Customer-Centric Products and Services and a Community Focus. BWFG offers a broad array of products and services which BWFG customizes to allow it to focus on building long-term relationships with its customers through high-quality, responsive and personal customer service. By focusing on the entire customer relationship, BWFG builds the trust of its customers, which leads to long-term relationships and generates organic growth. In addition, BWFG is committed to meeting the needs of the communities that it serves. BWFG employees are involved in many civic and community organizations which BWFG support through sponsorships. As a result, customers and potential customers within BWFG’s market know about BWFG and frequently interact with its employees, which allows BWFG to develop long-term customer relationships without extensive advertising.
-
- Strategic Acquisitions. To complement BWFG’s organic growth, BWFG focuses on strategic acquisitions in or around its existing markets that further its objectives. BWFG believes there are many banking institutions that continue to face credit challenges, capital constraints and liquidity issues and that lack the scale and management expertise to manage the increasing regulatory burden and will likely need to partner with an institution like BWFG. On March 31, 2014, BWFG entered into the merger agreement with QBT. As BWFG evaluates potential acquisitions, it will continue to seek acquisitions that provide meaningful financial benefits, long-term organic growth opportunities and expense reductions, without compromising BWFG’s risk profile.
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- Utilization of Efficient and Scalable Infrastructure. BWFG employs a systematic and calculated approach to increasing its profitability and improving its efficiencies. BWFG recently upgraded its operating infrastructure, particularly in the areas of technology, data processing, compliance and personnel. BWFG believes that its scalable infrastructure provides BWFG with an efficient operating platform from which to grow in the near term, and without incurring significant incremental noninterest expenses, while continuing to deliver high-quality, responsive customer service, which will enhance BWFG’s ability to grow and increase its returns.
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- **Disciplined Focus on Risk Management.** Effective risk management is a key component of BWFG's strong corporate culture. BWFG uses its strong risk management infrastructure to monitor existing loan and investment securities portfolios, support operational decision-making and improve its ability to generate earning assets with strong credit quality. To maintain BWFG's strong credit quality, BWFG uses a comprehensive underwriting process and seeks to

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maintain a diversified loan portfolio and a conservative investment securities portfolio. Board-approved policies contain approval authorities, as appropriate, and are reviewed at least annually. BWFG has a Risk Management Steering Committee comprised of executive officers who oversee new business initiatives and other activities that warrant oversight of risk and related mitigants. Internal review procedures are performed regarding anti-money laundering and consumer compliance requirements. BWFG's Chief Risk Officer reports directly to the Chair of BWFG's Audit Committee.

BWFG's Competitive Strengths

BWFG believes that it is especially well-positioned to create value for its shareholders as a result of the following competitive strengths:

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- **BWFG's Market.** BWFG's current market is defined as the greater Fairfield County area, which is part of the fourth most affluent metropolitan statistical area in the United States, the Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, Connecticut MSA, according to the U.S. Department of Commerce. The Stamford market area includes numerous affluent suburban communities of professionals who work and commute into New York City, approximately 50 miles from BWFG's headquarters, and many small to mid-sized businesses which support these communities. Fairfield County is the wealthiest county in Connecticut, with a 2008-2012 median household income of \$82,614 according to estimates from United States Census Bureau. BWFG believes that this market has economic and competitive dynamics that are favorable to executing BWFG's growth strategy.
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- **Experienced and Respected Management Team with a Proven and Successful Track Record.** BWFG's executive management team is led by Executive Chairman Blake S. Drexler. Mr. Drexler is an investor and Portfolio Manager with the Silvermine Fund and previously was the Managing Director in charge of Derivative Products at Greenwich Capital Markets for 22 years, as well as a member of the Chicago Board of Trade, The Chicago Mercantile Exchange and the Chicago Board Options Exchange. Mr. Drexler joined our board of directors in 2001 and served on the board of The Bank of New Canaan from its organization. Appointed Executive Chairman of BWFG effective August 7, 2014, Mr. Drexler will devote substantial time to BWFG's strategic planning and enterprise-wide initiatives. The balance of BWFG's senior management team is comprised of seasoned professionals with significant banking experience, a history of high performance at local financial institutions and success in identifying, acquiring and integrating financial institutions, including: Heidi S. DeWyngaert, Executive Vice President, Chief Lending Officer (nine years with BWFG), Ernest J. Verrico, Sr., Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer (five years with BWFG), Gail E.D. Brathwaite, Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer (one year with BWFG, formerly worked for nine years at NewAlliance Bancshares), and Diane Knetzger, Senior Vice President, Director of Marketing (nine years with BWFG). Effective August 7, 2014, Peyton R. Patterson resigned as the Chief Executive Officer and President of BWFG, the Chief Executive Officer of Bankwell Bank, and as a director of each of BWFG and Bankwell Bank. BWFG has initiated a search for a permanent Chief Executive Officer.
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- **Dedicated Board of Directors with Strong Community Involvement.** BWFG's board of directors is comprised of a group of local business leaders who understand the need for strong community banks that focus on serving the financial needs of their customers. One of BWFG's directors, Frederick R. Afragola was instrumental in BWFG's organization and growth. Mr. Afragola was the Chief Executive Officer and President of The Bank of New Canaan from its opening in 2002 until his retirement in 2008 and played an integral role in building BWFG's foundation and

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guiding its growth. The interests of BWFG's executive management team and directors are aligned with those of BWFG's shareholders through common stock ownership. As of May 31, 2014, BWFG directors and officers beneficially owned approximately 33% of BWFG's common stock. By capitalizing on the close community ties and business relationships of BWFG's executive management team and directors, BWFG is positioned to continue taking advantage of the market opportunity present in its primary market.

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- **Strong Capital Position.** At March 31, 2014, BWFG had a 7.35% tangible common equity ratio, and Bankwell Bank had a 7.90% tier 1 leverage ratio and a 9.49% tier 1 risk-based ratio. BWFG believes that its ability to attract capital has facilitated its growth and is an integral component to the execution of its business plan.
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- **Scalable Operating Platform.** BWFG provides banking technology, including remote deposit capture, internet banking and mobile banking, to provide BWFG's customers with maximum flexibility and create a scalable platform to accommodate BWFG's future growth aspirations. BWFG believes that its advanced technology combined with responsive and personal service provides its customers with a superior banking experience.

BWFG's Market

BWFG's banking offices are located in Fairfield County, Connecticut, which includes some of the most affluent areas in the United States and is part of the Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, Connecticut MSA, the fourth most affluent MSA in the United States according to the U.S. Department of Commerce. BWFG believes this area represents one of the more robust economic regions in the country.

BWFG's market area is a demographically diverse area, which includes affluent suburban communities of professionals who work at the 16 Fortune 500 companies headquartered in Connecticut or commute into New York City, approximately 50 miles from BWFG's headquarters. From a small business perspective, in 2010 Connecticut ranked 27th in the nation in the number of business establishments with less than 500 employees (over 70,000 businesses) according to the United States Census Bureau. Many small to mid-sized businesses support these communities and create a highly attractive demographic landscape in which to operate. Fairfield County, where BWFG is headquartered, is the wealthiest county in Connecticut, with a 2008-2012 median household income of \$82,614 according to estimates from United States Census Bureau.

During 2008-2012, over 89% of Fairfield County adult residents were high school graduates, with 44% having a bachelor's degree or higher, according to the American Community Survey provided by the United States Census Bureau. Ten Fairfield County high schools ranked in the top 1,000 high schools in the nation for 2013, according to Newsweek magazine. For the years 2008-2012, over 69% of Fairfield County residents owned their own home, according to the United States Census Bureau. The median value of owner-occupied housing units was \$447,500 according to the United States Census Bureau.

According to data from the FDIC, the Fairfield County market area is served by 399 bank and thrift branches, and total deposits in BWFG's primary market area are approximately \$34.9 billion as of June 30, 2013. Over 53% of the deposits, as of June 30, 2013, in BWFG's market area were controlled by banks in excess of \$50 billion in assets. In the twelve month period ended June 30, 2013, BWFG grew its deposit base by \$109.5 million, or 26.2%, representing a 21.7% increase in market share.

BWFG believes that its primary market is a long-term, attractive market for the types of products and services that BWFG offers. Given Fairfield County's close proximity to New York City and the vibrant business community located in Fairfield County, BWFG anticipates that this market will continue

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to support BWFG's projected growth. BWFG believes that the population and business concentrations within its primary markets provide attractive opportunities to grow BWFG's business.

BWFG Products and Services

BWFG offers its clients a broad range of deposit and loan products, including personal and business checking accounts, retirement accounts, money market accounts, time and savings accounts at competitive interest rates, online and mobile banking, cash management, Popmoney[®] Person to Person transfers, a personal Visa[®] Debit Card Purchase Rewards Program, an online personal financial management tool and safe deposit boxes. In addition, to attract the business of consumer and business customers, BWFG also provides a broad array of other banking services, including a full suite of cash management services for businesses, wire transfers, stop payments, e-statements, self-service coin counting and notary services. BWFG also offers remote deposit capture banking, which allows business and professional customers to use a desktop scanner to scan and transmit checks for deposit, reducing time and cost.

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The following is a summary of BWFG's deposits as of March 31, 2014:

Type	Total Deposits (dollars in thousands)	Number of Accounts
Checking	\$ 119,656	4,447
NOW	47,274	1,195
Money Market	196,904	1,045
Savings	104,813	3,328
Time	210,576	2,362
Total Deposits	\$ 679,223	12,377

Checking consists of both retail and business products. BWFG offers retail customers a range of checking products, including Free Checking, Personal Interest Checking and Tiered Rate Checking, all of which provide BWFG's retail clients with No-Fee ATM Banking Nationwide, a free first order of checks, Free Online and Mobile Banking and Bill Pay Services and the option of E-statements and Debit Purchase Rewards. BWFG offers noninterest bearing checking accounts. BWFG also offer interest-bearing checking to its attorney, IOLTA and sole proprietorship accounts. NOW accounts consist of retail accounts that have minimum balance requirements. Money market accounts consist of products that provide a market rate of interest to depositors but have limited check-writing capabilities. BWFG savings accounts for personal and business are statement savings accounts. Time deposits consist of certificates of deposit, including those held in IRA accounts, generally with maturities ranging from three months to five years and brokered certificates of deposit which are used primarily for asset liability management purposes. BWFG also offers a suite of cash management services for businesses, and Remote Deposit Capture.

Deposits serve as the primary source of funding for BWFG's interest-earning assets, and also generate noninterest revenue through insufficient funds fees, stop payment fees, safe deposit rental fees, card income, including foreign ATM fees and credit and debit card interchange and other miscellaneous fees. In addition, BWFG generates additional noninterest revenue associated with residential loan origination and sale, loan servicing, late fees and merchant services.

BWFG offers personal and commercial business loans on a secured and unsecured basis, revolving lines of credit, commercial mortgage loans, and residential mortgages on both primary and secondary residences, home equity loans, bridge loans and other personal purpose loans. BWFG is not and has not been a participant in the sub-prime lending market.

Commercial loans are loans made for business purposes and are secured by collateral such as marketable securities held by or under the control of Bankwell Bank, business assets including accounts receivable, inventory and equipment and liens on commercial and residential real estate. Commercial construction loans are loans to finance the construction of commercial or residential properties secured by first liens on such properties. Commercial real estate loans include loans secured by first liens on completed commercial properties, including multi-family properties, to purchase or refinance such properties. Residential mortgages include loans secured by first liens on residential real estate, and are generally made to new or existing customers of BWFG to purchase or refinance primary and secondary residences. Home equity loans and lines of credit include loans secured by first or second liens on residential real estate for primary or secondary residences. Consumer loans are made to individuals who qualify for auto loans, cash reserve, credit cards and installment loans.

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The following table sets forth loan origination activity:

(Dollars in thousands)	For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2014		For the Years Ended December 31,			
	Total Loans	Number of Loans	2013		2012	
			Total Loans	Number of Loans	Total Loans	Number of Loans
Real estate loans:						
Residential	\$ 4,075	7	\$ 52,798	51	\$ 65,862	79
Commercial	42,622	12	100,075	80	133,956	92
Construction	11,077	5	46,237	30	21,064	13
Home equity loans	210	3	2,272	5	1,885	7
	57,984	27	201,382	166	222,767	191
Commercial business loans	6,735	12	75,622	70	58,131	73
Consumer loans	18	4	461	6	50	5
Total loans	\$ 64,737	43	\$ 277,465	242	\$ 280,948	269

BWFG's business model includes using industry best practices for community banks, including personalized service, state-of-the-art technology and extended hours. BWFG believes this will generate deposit accounts with somewhat larger average balances than are found at many other financial institutions. BWFG also uses pricing techniques in its efforts to attract banking relationships having larger than average balances.

Lending Activities

General. BWFG's primary lending focus is to serve commercial and middle-market businesses and their executives, high net worth individuals, not-for-profit organizations and consumers with a variety of financial products and services, while maintaining strong and disciplined credit policies and procedures. BWFG offers a full array of commercial and retail lending products to serve the needs of its customers. Commercial lending products include owner-occupied commercial real estate loans, commercial real estate investment loans, commercial loans (such as business term loans, equipment financing and lines of credit) to small and mid-sized businesses and real estate construction and development loans. Retail lending products include residential mortgage loans, home equity lines of credit and consumer installment loans. BWFG's retail lending products are offered to the community in general and as an accommodation to BWFG's commercial customers, and their executives and employees. BWFG focuses its lending activities on loans that BWFG originates from borrowers located in its market. BWFG has established an informal, internal lending limit of \$9.1 million to one borrower (the statutory maximum is 15% of BWFG's unimpaired capital and surplus for unsecured loans and an additional 10% of BWFG's unimpaired capital and surplus for fully secured loans).

BWFG markets its lending products and services to qualified borrowers through conveniently located banking offices, relationship networks and high touch personal service. BWFG targets its business development and marketing strategy primarily on small to medium sized businesses with between \$500,000 and \$20 million in annual revenue. BWFG's relationship managers actively solicit the business of companies entering BWFG's market areas as well as long-standing businesses operating in the communities BWFG serves. BWFG seeks to attract new lending customers through professional service, relationship networks, competitive pricing and innovative structure, including the utilization of federal and state tax incentives. BWFG prides itself on smart, efficient underwriting and timely decision

making for new loan requests due to BWFG's leaner approval structure and local decision-making. BWFG believes this gives BWFG a competitive advantage over larger institutions that are not as nimble.

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Total loans were \$657.2 million at March 31, 2014. Since December 31, 2008, total loans have increased \$459.4 million from \$197.8 million, reflecting expansion of BWFG's branch network, including \$25.1 million of acquired loans from The Wilton Bank. The following table summarizes the composition of BWFG's loan portfolio for the dates indicated.

(Dollars in thousands)	At March 31, 2014		2013		At December 31, 2012	
	Amount	Percent of Loan Portfolio	Amount	Percent of Loan Portfolio	Amount	Percent of Loan Portfolio
Real estate loans:						
Residential	\$ 158,905	24.18 %	\$ 155,874	24.66 %	\$ 144,288	27.22 %
Commercial	332,007	50.52	315,762	49.96	284,763	53.72
Construction	48,996	7.46	51,495	8.15	33,148	6.26
Home equity	13,549	2.06	13,497	2.14	11,030	2.08
Commercial business loans	553,457	84.22	536,628	84.91	473,229	89.28
Consumer loans	103,154	15.70	94,547	14.96	56,764	10.71
Total loans	\$ 657,161	100.00 %	\$ 632,012	100.00 %	\$ 530,050	100.00 %

(Dollars in thousands)	2011		At December 31, 2010		2009	
	Amount	Percent of Loan Portfolio	Amount	Percent of Loan Portfolio	Amount	Percent of Loan Portfolio
Real estate loans:						
Residential	\$ 104,754	28.37 %	\$ 104,053	36.08 %	\$ 117,386	45.63 %
Commercial	173,951	47.10	111,271	38.58	71,829	27.92
Construction	40,422	10.95	38,072	13.20	41,703	16.21
Home equity	14,815	4.01	16,657	5.77	17,091	6.64
Commercial business loans	333,942	90.43	270,053	93.63	248,009	96.40
Consumer loans	35,041	9.49	17,713	6.14	9,016	3.51
Total loans	\$ 369,294	100.00 %	\$ 288,425	100.00 %	\$ 257,268	100.00 %

Commercial loans. BWFG offers a wide range of commercial loans, including business term loans, equipment financing and lines of credit to small and mid-sized businesses. BWFG's target commercial loan market is retail and professional establishments and small- to medium-sized businesses. The terms of these loans vary by purpose and by type of underlying collateral. The commercial loans primarily are underwritten on the basis of the borrower's ability to service the loan from cash flow. BWFG makes equipment loans with conservative margins generally for a term of ten years or less, supported by the useful life of the equipment, at fixed or variable rates, with the loan fully amortizing over the term. Loans to support working capital typically have terms not exceeding one year and usually are secured by accounts receivable, inventory and personal guarantees of the principals of the business and often by the commercial real estate of the borrower. For loans secured by accounts receivable or inventory, principal typically is repaid as the assets securing the loan are converted into cash, and for loans secured with other types of collateral, principal is typically due at maturity. The quality of the commercial borrower's management and its ability both to properly evaluate changes in the supply and demand characteristics affecting its markets for products and services and to effectively respond to such changes are significant factors in a commercial borrower's creditworthiness. Risks associated with

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BWFG's commercial loan portfolio include those related to the strength of the borrower's business, which may be affected not only by local, regional and national market conditions, but also changes in the borrower's management and other factors beyond the borrower's control; those related to fluctuations in value of any collateral securing the loan; and those related to terms of the commercial loan, which may include balloon payments that must be refinanced or paid off at the end of the term of the loan. BWFG's commercial loan portfolio presents a higher risk profile than its consumer real estate and consumer loan portfolios.

Commercial real estate loans. BWFG offers real estate loans for commercial property that is owner-occupied as well as commercial property owned by real estate investors. Commercial loans that are secured by owner-occupied commercial real estate and primarily collateralized by operating cash flows are also included in this category of loan. Commercial real estate loan terms generally are limited to ten years or less, although payments may be structured on a longer amortization basis of 20 to 25 years. The interest rates on BWFG's commercial real estate loans may be fixed or adjustable, although rates typically are not fixed for a period exceeding five to ten years. BWFG generally charges an origination fee for its services. BWFG typically requires personal guarantees from the principal owners of the business or real estate supported by a review of the principal owners' personal financial statements. Risks associated with commercial real estate loans include fluctuations in the value of real estate, the overall strength of the economy, new job creation trends, tenant vacancy rates, environmental contamination, and the quality of the borrower's management. BWFG makes efforts to limit its risk by analyzing borrowers' cash flow and collateral value as well as all of the sponsors' investment activities. The real estate securing BWFG's existing commercial real estate loans includes a wide variety of property types, such as owner-occupied offices/warehouses/production facilities, office buildings, industrial, mixed-use residential/commercial, retail centers and multifamily properties. BWFG's commercial real estate loan portfolio presents a higher risk profile than its consumer real estate and consumer loan portfolios.

Construction loans. BWFG's construction portfolio includes loans to small and midsized businesses to construct owner-user properties, loans to developers of commercial real estate investment properties and residential developments and, to a lesser extent, loans to individual clients for construction of single family homes in BWFG's market. Construction and development loans are generally made with a term of one to two years and interest is paid monthly. The ratio of the loan principal to the value of the collateral, as established by independent appraisal, typically will not exceed industry standards. Loan proceeds are disbursed based on the percentage of completion and only after the project has been inspected by an experienced construction lender or third-party inspector. Risks associated with construction loans include fluctuations in the value of real estate, project completion risk and change in market trends. BWFG is also exposed to risk based on the ability of the construction loan borrower to finance the loan or sell the property upon completion of the project, which may be affected by changes in market trends since the time that BWFG funded the construction loan.

Consumer real estate loans. BWFG offers first lien one-to-four family mortgage loans, as well as home equity lines of credit, in each case primarily on owner-occupied primary residences. BWFG also originates for resale one-to-four family mortgage loans, which are classified as loans held for sale until sold to investors. Although BWFG's consumer real estate loan portfolio presents lower levels of risk than BWFG's commercial, commercial real estate and construction loan portfolios, BWFG is exposed to risk based on fluctuations in the value of the real estate collateral securing the loan, as well as changes in the borrower's financial condition, which could be affected by numerous factors, including divorce, job loss, illness or other personal hardship.

Consumer loans. BWFG offers consumer loans as an accommodation to BWFG's existing customers, but does not market consumer loans to persons who do not have a pre-existing relationship with BWFG. As of March 31, 2014, BWFG's consumer loans represented less than 1% of BWFG's total loan portfolio. BWFG does not expect its consumer loans to become a material component of BWFG's

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loan portfolio at any time in the foreseeable future. Although BWFG does not engage in any material amount of consumer lending, BWFG's consumer loans, which are underwritten primarily based on the borrower's financial condition and, in many cases, are unsecured credits, subject BWFG to risk based on changes in the borrower's financial condition, which could be affected by numerous factors, including those discussed above.

Credit Policy and Procedures

General. BWFG adheres to what it believes are disciplined underwriting standards, but also remains cognizant of the need to serve the credit needs of customers in its primary market areas by offering flexible loan solutions in a responsive and timely manner. BWFG also seeks to maintain a broadly diversified loan portfolio across customer, product and industry types. However, BWFG's lending policies do not provide for any loans that are highly speculative, subprime, or that have high loan-to-value ratios. These components, together with active credit management, are the foundation of BWFG's credit culture, which BWFG believes is critical to enhancing the long term value of BWFG to its customers, employees, shareholders and communities.

BWFG has a service-driven, relationship-based, business-focused credit culture, rather than a price-driven, transaction-based culture. Accordingly, substantially all of BWFG's loans are made to borrowers located or operating in BWFG's primary market with whom BWFG has ongoing relationships across various product lines. The limited number of loans secured by properties located in out-of-market areas that BWFG has made are generally to borrowers who are well-known to BWFG. These borrowers typically have strong deposit relationships with BWFG.

Credit concentrations. In connection with the management of BWFG's credit portfolio, BWFG actively manages the composition of its loan portfolio, including credit concentrations. BWFG monitors borrower, loan product and industry concentrations on at least a quarterly basis. Loan product concentrations are reviewed annually in conjunction with the portfolio's credit quality and the business plan for the coming year. All concentrations are monitored by BWFG's Chief Credit Officer and BWFG's Loan Committee. BWFG has also established an informal, internal limit on loans to one borrower, principal or guarantor of \$9.1 million. BWFG's top 20 borrowing relationships range in exposure from \$4.9 million to \$13.8 million and are monitored on an on-going basis.

Loan approval process. BWFG seeks to achieve an appropriate balance between prudent, disciplined underwriting, on the one hand, and flexibility in BWFG's decision-making and responsiveness to BWFG's customers, on the other hand. BWFG's credit approval policies have a tiered approval process, with larger exposures referred to Bankwell Bank's internal loan committee and the Loan Committee, as appropriate, based on the size of the loan. Smaller exposures are approved under a three-signature system. Loans with policy exceptions require the next higher level of approval authority, the highest of which is the Loan Committee, depending on dollar amount. These authorities are periodically reviewed and updated by BWFG's board of directors. BWFG believes that BWFG's credit approval process provides for thorough underwriting and efficient decision making.

Credit risk management. Credit risk management involves a partnership between BWFG's relationship managers and BWFG's credit approval, credit administration and collections personnel. Portfolio monitoring and early problem recognition are an important aspect of maintaining BWFG's high credit quality standards. Past due reports are reviewed daily, as well as insurance and tax payment monitoring. BWFG's evaluation and compensation program for its relationship managers includes significant goals that BWFG believes motivate the relationship managers to focus on high quality credit consistent with BWFG's strategic focus on asset quality.

It is BWFG's policy to review all commercial loans in excess of \$300 thousand on an annual

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basis, or more frequently through the receipt of interim financial statements and borrowing base certificates. BWFG's policies require rapid notification of delinquency and prompt initiation of collection actions. Relationship managers, credit administration personnel and senior management proactively support collection activities in order to maximize accountability and efficiency.

As part of these annual review procedures, BWFG analyzes recent financial statements of the property and/or borrower to determine the current level of occupancy, revenues and expenses and to investigate any deterioration in the value of the real estate collateral or in the borrower's financial condition. Upon completion, BWFG updates the risk rating grade assigned to each loan. Relationship managers are encouraged to bring potential credit issues to the attention of BWFG's Chief Credit Officer immediately upon any sign of deterioration in the performance of the borrower. BWFG maintains a list of loans that receive additional attention if BWFG believes there may be a potential credit risk via BWFG's Watch List report.

Loans that are downgraded are reviewed by BWFG's Chief Credit Officer, while classified loans undergo a detailed quarterly analysis prepared by the lending officer and reviewed by management and BWFG's internal loan committee. This review includes an evaluation of the market conditions, the property's trends, the borrower and guarantor status, the level of reserves required and loan accrual status. Additionally, BWFG has an independent, third-party review performed on BWFG's loan grades and BWFG's credit administration functions each year. Finally, BWFG performs an annual stress test of BWFG's commercial real estate portfolio, in which BWFG evaluates the impact on the portfolio of declining economic conditions, including lower rental rates, lower occupancy rates, higher interest rates and lower resulting valuations. Management reviews these reports and presents them to BWFG's Loan Committee. These asset review procedures provide management with additional information for assessing BWFG's asset quality.

Deposits

Deposits are BWFG's primary source of funds to support BWFG's earning assets. BWFG offers traditional depository products, including checking, savings, money market and certificates of deposit with a variety of rates. Deposits at Bankwell Bank are insured by the FDIC up to statutory limits. BWFG price its deposit products with a view to maximizing BWFG's share of each customer's financial services business, and BWFG's loan pricing gives value to deposits from BWFG's loan customers.

BWFG has built out a network of its main banking office and five other deposit-taking branch offices and attracted significant transaction account business through BWFG's relationship-based approach. As a result of BWFG's significant deposit growth in transaction accounts, which BWFG defines as demand, NOW and money market deposits, BWFG has achieved a favorable deposit mix between transaction accounts and certificates of deposit.

Investment Services

On October 15, 2013, BWFG launched Bankwell Investment Services, which provides a range of services, including, but not limited to: 401k rollover planning, retirement planning, asset allocation planning, financial planning, business planning, estate planning, mutual funds, fixed and variable annuities, exchange traded funds, separate managed accounts, stocks and bonds, traditional and Roth IRAs and brokerage certificates of deposits. These services are handled through Kingston Wealth Management Group and Investacorp, Inc. and are not obligations of BWFG or Bankwell Bank and are not endorsed nor recommended by BWFG. BWFG earns a fixed percentage of the revenue generated on products sold through Kingston Wealth Management Group and Investacorp, Inc., net of commissions paid to the financial advisors. These products and services are not savings accounts, deposits, or other

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obligations of Bankwell Bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC or any other governmental agency.

Investments

BWFG manages its investment portfolio primarily for liquidity purposes, with a secondary focus on returns through the use of a liquidity portfolio and an earnings portfolio. BWFG's liquidity portfolio's primary purpose is to provide adequate liquidity necessary to meet any reasonable decline in deposits and any anticipated increase in the loan portfolio. The majority of these securities are classified as available-for-sale. BWFG's earnings portfolio's primary purpose is to generate earnings adequate to provide and contribute to stable income and to generate a profitable return while minimizing risk. The majority of these securities are classified as held-to-maturity. Additionally, BWFG's investment portfolio is used to provide adequate collateral for various regulatory or statutory requirements and to manage BWFG's interest rate risk. BWFG invests in a variety of high-grade securities, including government agency securities, government guaranteed mortgage backed securities, highly rated corporate bonds and municipal securities. BWFG regularly evaluates the composition of this category as changes occur with respect to the interest rate yield curve. Although BWFG may sell investment securities from time to time to take advantage of changes in interest rate spreads, it is BWFG's policy not to sell investment securities unless BWFG can reinvest the proceeds at a similar or higher spread, so as not to take gains to the detriment of future income.

The investment policy is reviewed annually by BWFG's board of directors. Overall investment goals are established by BWFG's board of directors, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and BWFG's asset/liability management committee, or ALCO. BWFG's board of directors has delegated the responsibility of monitoring BWFG's investment activities to ALCO. Day-to-day activities pertaining to the investment portfolio are conducted within BWFG's accounting department under the supervision of BWFG's Chief Financial Officer.

Competition

The financial services industry in BWFG's market and the surrounding area is highly competitive. BWFG competes with commercial banks, savings banks, savings associations, money market funds, mortgage brokers, finance companies, credit unions, insurance companies, investment firms and private lenders in various segments of BWFG's business. Many of these competitors have more assets, capital and lending limits, and resources than BWFG and may be able to conduct more intensive and broader based promotional efforts to reach both commercial and individual customers. Competition for deposit products can depend heavily on pricing because of the ease with which customers can transfer deposits from one institution to another.

BWFG focuses its marketing efforts on small to medium-sized businesses, professionals and individuals and their employees. This focus includes retail, service, wholesale distribution, manufacturing and international businesses. BWFG attracts these customers based on relationships and contacts that BWFG's management and board of directors have within and beyond the market area. BWFG does not expect to compete with large institutions for the primary banking relationships of large corporations. Rather, BWFG competes for niches in this business segment and for the consumer business of employees of such entities. Many of BWFG's larger commercial bank competitors have greater name recognition and offer certain services that BWFG does not. However, BWFG believes that its presence in BWFG's primary market area and focus on providing superior service to professionals at small to medium sized businesses and individual employees of such businesses are instrumental to BWFG's success.

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BWFG emphasizes personalized banking services and the advantage of local decision-making in BWFG's banking businesses, and this emphasis has been well received by the public in BWFG's market area. BWFG derives a majority of BWFG's business from its local market area, which includes its primary market area of Fairfield County, Connecticut.

Small Business Lending Fund Program

Since 2011, BWFG has participated in the Small Business Lending Fund program, or SBLF, offered by the United States Department of the Treasury, a dedicated investment fund designed to encourage lending to small businesses by providing capital to qualified community banks and community development loan funds with assets of less than \$10 billion. In connection with SBLF, the Treasury purchased shares of BWFG's preferred stock on August 4, 2011 for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$10,980,000. BWFG used the proceeds from the SBLF funding to repurchase the preferred stock issued by BWFG to the Treasury in connection with its Capital Purchase Program, as well as to provide additional capital to Bankwell Bank, allowing Bankwell Bank to expand its small business lending programs. In July, 2013, BWFG was ranked first by the Treasury on its list of top performing banks across the nation that participated in SBLF, with the highest growth in qualified small business loans (as defined by the Treasury). As a result of BWFG's success in making loans through the program, BWFG was allowed to repay the funds at a 1% interest rate. The SBLF funds must be repaid by February 4, 2016 or the interest rate on the preferred stock will automatically increase to 9% per year.

Description of Property

Bankwell Bank's main office is located at 208 Elm Street in New Canaan, Connecticut. The property is leased until 2016, with three remaining five-year renewal options. In July 2012, BWFG leased additional space adjacent to 208 Elm Street at 220 Elm Street primarily for BWFG's executive management offices. The initial term expires in 2018, with one five-year renewal option.

BWFG also leases office space for each of Bankwell Bank's branch offices in New Canaan, Norwalk, Stamford and Fairfield, Connecticut, and BWFG's loan production office in Bridgeport. The leases for BWFG's facilities have terms expiring at dates ranging from 2015 to 2028, although certain of the leases contain options to extend beyond these dates. BWFG owns the Wilton branch office. BWFG believes that BWFG's current facilities are adequate for BWFG's current level of operations.

Each lease is at market rate based on similar properties in the applicable market area. BWFG believes that BWFG has the necessary infrastructure in place to support BWFG's projected growth.

Legal Proceedings

From time to time BWFG is a party to various litigation matters incidental to the conduct of BWFG's business. BWFG is not presently party to any legal proceedings the resolution of which BWFG believes would have a material adverse effect on BWFG's business, future prospects, financial condition, liquidity, results of operation, cash flows or capital levels.

Enterprise Risk Management

BWFG places significant emphasis on risk mitigation as an integral component of BWFG's organizational culture. BWFG believes that BWFG's emphasis on risk management is manifested in BWFG's solid asset quality statistics. Risk management with respect to BWFG's lending philosophy focuses, among other things, on structuring credits to provide for multiple sources of repayment, coupled with strong underwriting undertaken by experienced bank officers and credit policy personnel. BWFG

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performs quarterly loan impairment analyses on criticized loans and criticized asset action plans for those borrowers who display deteriorating financial conditions in order to monitor those relationships and implement corrective measures on a timely basis to minimize losses. In addition, BWFG performs an annual stress test of BWFG's commercial real estate portfolio, in which BWFG evaluates the impact on the portfolio of declining economic conditions, including lower rental rates, lower occupancy rates and lower resulting valuations. The stress test focuses only on the cash flow and valuation of the properties and ignores the liquidity, net worth and cash flow of any guarantors related to the credits.

BWFG also focuses on risk management in other areas throughout BWFG's organization. BWFG has created the position of Chief Risk Officer to oversee the Risk Management function and formulated a risk management Steering Committee. BWFG currently outsources its asset/liability management process to a reputable third party and on a quarterly basis, BWFG runs the full interest rate risk model. Results of the model are reviewed and validated by BWFG's ALCO. Additionally, BWFG is in the process of strengthening its regulatory compliance and internal control procedures.

Intellectual Property

BWFG does not hold any patents, trademarks, licenses, franchises or concessions materially important to BWFG, other than those required or granted by regulatory authorities.

Full Time Employees

At March 31, 2014, BWFG had a total of 103 full-time equivalent employees. None of BWFG's employees are subject to a collective bargaining agreement.

Recent Developments

Effective August 7, 2014, Peyton R. Patterson resigned as the Chief Executive Officer and President of BWFG, the Chief Executive Officer of Bankwell Bank, and as a director of each of BWFG and Bankwell Bank. Ms. Patterson resigned for personal reasons; her resignation was unrelated to the operations and management of BWFG and Bankwell Bank. Also on August 7, 2014, the BWFG Board of Directors named Blake S. Drexler the Executive Chairman of the Board. As Executive Chairman, Mr. Drexler will devote substantial time to BWFG's strategic planning and enterprise-wide initiatives and discharge the responsibilities of chief executive officer. His broad financial and managerial experience will complement the operational skills of the executive team.

BWFG has initiated a search for a permanent Chief Executive Officer.

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Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Bwfg AND THE WILTON BANK

BWFG Selected Financial Information As of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 and For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2014 and 2013.

This section presents management’s perspective on BWFG’s financial condition and results of operations. The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes contained elsewhere in this prospectus on Form S-4. To the extent that this discussion describes prior performance, the descriptions relate only to the periods listed, which may not be indicative of future financial outcomes. In addition to historical information, this discussion contains forward-looking statements that involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions that could cause results to differ materially from management’s expectations. Factors that could cause such differences are discussed in the section titled “Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements” and “Risk Factors.” BWFG assumes no obligation to update any of these forward-looking statements.

General

Bankwell Financial Group, Inc. is a bank holding company headquartered in New Canaan, Connecticut. Through its wholly owned subsidiary, Bankwell Bank, or the Bank, BWFG serves small and medium-sized businesses and retail customers in greater Fairfield County, Connecticut. BWFG has a history of building long-term customer relationships and attracting new customers through strong customer service and its ability to deliver a diverse product offering. The following discussion and analysis presents BWFG’s results of operations and financial condition on a consolidated basis. However, because BWFG conducts all of its material business operations through the Bank, the discussion and analysis relates to activities primarily conducted at the Bank.

BWFG generates most of its revenue from interest on loans and investments and fee-based revenues. BWFG’s primary source of funding for its loans is deposits. BWFG’s largest expenses are interest on these deposits and salaries and related employee benefits. BWFG measures its performance primarily through its net interest margin, efficiency ratio, ratio of allowance for loan losses to total loans, return on average assets and return on average equity, among other metrics, while maintaining appropriate regulatory leverage and risk-based capital ratios.

BWFG believes that accounting estimates for the allowance for loan losses, fair values of securities and deferred taxes are particularly critical and susceptible to significant near-term change. These accounting estimates are discussed further below. See “Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates.”

Executive Overview

BWFG is focused on becoming the “Hometown” bank and the banking provider of choice in its highly attractive market area, and to serve as a locally based alternative to its larger competitors through:

-
- Responsive, customer-centric products and services and a community focus;
-
- Strategic acquisitions;
-
- Utilization of efficient and scalable infrastructure; and
-
- Disciplined focus on risk management.

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During 2014 BWFG entered into a merger agreement and completed an initial public offering, or IPO, for the sale of 2,702,703 shares of common stock.

On March 31, 2014, BWFG entered into a merger agreement with Quinnipiac Bank & Trust Company, or Quinnipiac or QBT, located in New Haven County, Connecticut. Quinnipiac has one branch located in Hamden, Connecticut, and a second branch scheduled to open in July 2014, in the neighboring town of North Haven, Connecticut. At March 31, 2014, Quinnipiac had approximately \$106 million in assets, \$89 million in deposits and loans of \$88 million. Upon consummation of the transaction, Quinnipiac will be merged into Bankwell Bank. The transaction is expected to close in the third quarter of 2014, subject to the requisite approval of the shareholders of Quinnipiac, required regulatory approvals, and satisfaction of other customary closing conditions. See Note 13, Subsequent Events, in the Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements located elsewhere for further information about the merger agreement with Quinnipiac.

On May 15, 2014, Bankwell Financial Group, Inc. priced 2,702,703 common shares in its IPO at \$18.00 per share, and on May 15, 2014, Bankwell common shares began trading on the Nasdaq Stock Market (ticker symbol: BWFG). The net proceeds from the IPO were approximately \$44.9 million, after deducting the underwriting discount of approximately \$2.5 million and approximately \$1.3 million of expenses. BWFG intends to use the net proceeds for general corporate purposes, which may include maintaining liquidity at the holding company, providing equity capital to Bankwell Bank to fund balance sheet growth or working capital needs, its working capital needs, and funding acquisitions of branches, whole financial institutions and related lines of businesses in or around its existing market that further its objectives.

Earnings Overview

Net income was \$1.1 million for the first quarter of 2014, compared to \$1.0 million for the first quarter of 2013. Net income available to common shareholders was \$1.1 million, or \$0.28 per diluted share, and \$1.0 million, or \$0.30 per diluted share, respectively, for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2103. Returns on average equity and average assets for the three months ended March 31, 2014 were 6.39% and 0.58%, respectively, compared to 6.83% and 0.67%, respectively, for the same period in 2013.

The quarter ended March 31, 2014 included merger and acquisition related expenses of \$141 thousand, \$93 thousand net of tax, primarily reflecting costs related to BWFG's definitive agreement to purchase Quinnipiac signed on March 31, 2014. Exclusive of these expenses, net income for the first quarter of 2014 would have been \$1.2 million. For the three months ended March 31, 2014, BWFG had net interest income of \$7.1 million, an increase of \$1.1 million, or 17%, over the three months ended March 31, 2013. Net interest margin (fully taxable equivalent basis) for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 was 3.97% and 4.16%, respectively. BWFG also experienced growth in non-interest income, which totaled \$769 thousand for the three months ended March 31, 2014 representing 10% of total revenue, up from \$284 thousand, or 4% of total revenue, for the three months ended March 31, 2013.

Results of Operations

Net Interest Income

Net interest income is the difference between interest earned on loans and securities and interest paid on deposits and other borrowings, and is the primary source of operating income. Net interest income

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is affected by the level of interest rates, changes in interest rates and changes in the amount and composition of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities. Included in interest income are certain loan fees, such as deferred origination fees and late charges. The following tables and discussion present net interest income on a fully taxable equivalent, or FTE basis, by adjusting income and yields on tax-exempt loans and securities to be comparable to taxable loans and securities. BWFG converts tax-exempt income to a FTE basis using the statutory federal income tax rate adjusted for applicable state income taxes net of the related federal tax benefit. The average balances are principally daily averages and, for loans, only include performing loans. Average balances of non-performing loans for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 totaling \$1.0 million and \$3.0 million, respectively have been excluded. Interest income on loans includes the effect of deferred loan fees and costs accounted for as yield adjustments, but does not include interest on loans for which BWFG has ceased to accrue interest. Premium amortization and discount accretion are included in the respective interest income and interest expense amounts. FTE net interest income for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 was \$7.3 million and \$6.2 million, respectively. The net interest margin declined 19 basis points to 3.97% for the three months ended March 31, 2014, compared to the same period in 2013 due primarily to the effects of the low interest rate environment. While BWFG has experienced significant growth in average loan balances, in the current low interest rate environment, market yields on new loan originations are below the average yield of BWFG's existing loan portfolio. Due to the combined effect of new loan growth and the runoff of higher yielding loan balances, management anticipates that interest rates on total earning assets will continue to decline. The impact of this trend is likely to exceed the benefit to be realized in reduced funding costs, resulting in modestly lower net interest margin results in the near term.

FTE basis interest income for the three months ended March 31, 2014 increased by \$1.2 million, or 18%, to \$8.0 million, compared to FTE basis interest income for the three months ended March 31, 2013 due primarily to loan growth in the commercial real estate and commercial business portfolios. Average interest-earning assets were \$731.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014, up by \$137.8 million from the same period in 2013. The average balance of total loans increased \$117.7 million, or 22%, contributing \$1.4 million to the increase in interest income. Commercial real estate and commercial business loan average balances grew by \$47.5 million and \$38.0 million, respectively. Partially offsetting the increase in interest income due to volume was a 17 basis point decrease in the weighted average yield earned on BWFG's loan portfolio due to a lower interest rate environment, which caused a reduction of \$275 thousand in interest income.

Interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2014, increased by \$124 thousand, or 21%, compared to interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2013 due to a \$101.6 million increase in the average balances of interest-bearing liabilities. Average balances of total funding liabilities for the three months ended March 31, 2014, increased by \$146.4 million, or 27%, from the same period in 2013, primarily due to higher average balances in money market and time accounts, while the weighted average cost declined two basis points to 0.42%.

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Average Balance Sheet, FTE basis Interest and Average Yields/Rates

The following table presents the average balances and yields earned on interest-earning assets and the average balances and weighted average rates paid on BWFG's funding liabilities for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013. Such yields and costs are derived by dividing annualized income or expense by the average balance of interest-earning assets or interest-bearing liabilities, respectively, for the periods presented.

(Dollars in thousands)	Average Balance	Three Months Ended March 31,				
		2014		2013		
		Interest	Yield / Rate	Average Balance	Interest	Yield / Rate
Assets:						
Cash and Fed funds sold	\$ 32,699	\$ 22	0.27%	\$ 16,986	\$ 10	0.25 %
Securities (1)	47,782	501	4.20	43,815	451	4.12
Loans: (2)						
Commercial real estate	327,512	4,193	5.12	280,043	3,600	5.14
Residential real estate	156,069	1,395	3.58	143,814	1,405	3.91
Construction (3)	49,318	531	4.30	33,443	409	4.89
Commercial business	98,061	1,170	4.77	60,103	791	5.26
Home equity	14,207	127	3.62	10,531	96	3.70
Consumer	545	13	9.32	66	2	10.78
Total loans	645,712	7,429	4.60	528,000	6,303	4.77
Federal Home Loan Bank stock	4,834	18	1.50	4,450	4	0.36
Total earning assets	731,027	\$ 7,970	4.36%	593,251	\$ 6,768	4.56 %
Other assets	38,273			13,590		
Total assets	\$ 769,300			\$ 606,841		
Liabilities and shareholders' equity:						
Deposits:						
Noninterest-bearing	\$ 123,232	\$ —	— %	\$ 78,457	\$ —	— %
NOW	52,596	13	0.10	33,542	12	0.14
Money market	170,901	180	0.43	95,315	91	0.39
Savings	107,971	82	0.31	132,599	154	0.47
Time	183,664	347	0.77	121,821	182	0.61
Total deposits	638,364	622	0.40	461,734	439	0.39
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	49,733	93	0.76	79,989	152	0.77
Total funding liabilities	688,097	\$ 715	0.42%	541,723	\$ 591	0.44 %
Other liabilities	10,887			5,831		
Shareholders' equity	70,316			59,287		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 769,300			\$ 606,841		
Net interest income (4)		\$ 7,255			\$ 6,177	
Interest rate spread			3.94%			4.12 %
Net interest margin (5)			3.97%			4.16 %

(1)

- Average balances and yields for securities are based on amortized cost.

(2)

- Average balances and yields for loans exclude nonperforming loans.

(3)

- Includes commercial and residential real estate construction.

(4)

- The adjustment for securities and loans taxable equivalency amounted to \$109 thousand and \$92 thousand, respectively, for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013.

(5)

- Annualized net interest income as a percentage of earning assets.

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Effect of changes in interest rates and volume of average earning assets and average interest-bearing liabilities
The following table shows the extent to which changes in interest rates and changes in the volume of average earning assets and average interest-bearing liabilities have affected net interest income. For each category of earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities, information is provided relating to: changes in volume (changes in average balances multiplied by the prior year's average interest rates); changes in rates (changes in average interest rates multiplied by the prior year's average balances); and the total change. Changes attributable to both volume and rate have been allocated proportionately based on the relationship of the absolute dollar amount of change in each.

(In thousands)	Three Months Ended March 31, 2014 vs 2013		
	Volume	Rate	Total
Interest and dividend income:			
Cash and Fed funds sold	\$ 11	\$ 1	\$ 12
Securities	41	9	50
Loans:			
Commercial real estate	608	(15)	593
Residential real estate	114	(124)	(10)
Construction	176	(54)	122
Commercial business	459	(80)	379
Home equity	33	(2)	31
Consumer	11	—	11
Total loans	1,401	(275)	1,126
Federal Home Loan Bank stock	1	13	14
Total change in interest and dividend income	1,454	(252)	1,202
Interest expense:			
Deposits:			
NOW	5	(4)	1
Money market	79	10	89
Savings	(25)	(47)	(72)
Time	109	56	165
Total deposits	168	15	183
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	(56)	(3)	(59)
Total change in interest expense	112	12	124
Change in net interest income	\$ 1,342	\$ (264)	\$ 1,078

Provision for Loan Losses

The provision for loan losses is based on management's periodic assessment of the adequacy of allowance for loan losses which, in turn, is based on such interrelated factors as the composition of the loan portfolio and its inherent risk characteristics, the level of nonperforming loans and net charge-offs, both current and historic, local economic and credit conditions, the direction of real estate values, and regulatory guidelines. The provision for loan losses is charged against earnings in order to maintain BWFG's allowance for loan losses and reflects management's best estimate of probable losses inherent in BWFG's loan portfolio at the balance sheet date.

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Under accounting standards for business combinations, acquired loans are recorded at fair value with no loan loss allowance on the date of acquisition. A provision for loan losses will be recorded for the emergence of new probable and estimable losses on acquired loans which were not impaired as of the acquisition date. As of and for the three months ended March 31, 2014, there was no provision or allowance for loan losses related to the loan portfolio that we acquired from The Wilton Bank on November 5, 2013 for this reason.

The provision for loan losses for the three months ended March 31, 2014 was \$211 thousand compared to \$190 thousand provision for loan losses for the three months ended March 31, 2013. For further information, see sections titled Asset Quality and Allowance for Loan Losses.

Noninterest Income

The following table compares noninterest income for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013.

(Dollars in thousands)	Three Months Ended March 31,		Change	
	2014	2013	\$	%
Service charges and fees	\$ 132	\$ 101	\$ 31	31 %
Gains and fees from sales and referrals of loans	428	8	420	5,250
Bank owned life insurance	85	—	85	100
Gain on sale of foreclosed real estate	—	71	(71)	100
Other	124	104	20	19
Total noninterest income	\$ 769	\$ 284	\$ 485	171 %

Noninterest income increased \$485 thousand to \$769 thousand for the three months ended March 31, 2014 compared to the same period in 2013, reflecting an increase in gains recorded on sales of loan and income earned on bank-owned life insurance. During the three months ended March 31, 2014, BWFG recorded income of \$413 thousand on the sale of \$14.9 million commercial real estate loans and \$15 thousand on the sale of \$1.1 million residential real estate loans. In the fourth quarter of 2013, BWFG purchased \$10.0 million in life insurance coverage and during the quarter ended March 31, 2014, the cash surrender value increased by \$85 thousand, which is recorded as noninterest income.

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Noninterest Expense

The following table compares noninterest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2014, and 2013.

(Dollars in thousands)	Three Months Ended March 31,		Change	
	2014	2013	\$	%
Salaries and employee benefits	\$ 3,337	\$ 2,492	\$ 845	34 %
Occupancy and equipment	1,068	772	296	38
Professional services	369	369	—	—
Data Processing	337	256	81	32
Marketing	110	128	(18)	(14)
Merger and acquisition related expenses	141	—	141	100
FDIC insurance	118	130	(12)	(9)
Director fees	138	139	(1)	(1)
Foreclosed real estate	14	—	14	100
Amortization of intangibles	27	—	27	100
Other	382	312	70	22
Total noninterest expense	\$ 6,041	\$ 4,598	\$ 1,443	31 %

Noninterest expense increased \$1.4 million to \$6.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 compared to the same period in 2013. The largest component of the total increase was salaries and employee benefits, primarily reflecting higher staffing levels, incentive accruals and equity-based compensation expense. The increase in occupancy and equipment expense largely reflects investments related to technology and other equipment as well as costs related to the new Wilton location acquired in November, 2013 and the relocation of two branch locations. Data processing costs have increased reflecting higher transaction volume. Merger and acquisition related expenses during the first quarter 2014 primarily reflect costs associated with the definitive merger agreement with Quinnipiac signed on March 31, 2014.

Income Tax Expense

Income tax expense for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 totaled \$540 thousand and \$569 thousand, respectively. The effective tax rates for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, were 32.5% and 36.0%, respectively. The decrease in the effective tax rate reflects increases in nontaxable income, including bank-owned life insurance.

Financial Condition

Summary

At March 31, 2014, total assets were \$812.1 million, a \$32.4 million, or 4%, increase over December 31, 2013. Total loans outstanding and total deposits continued to show momentum during the first quarter and totaled \$657.2 million and \$679.2 million, respectively at March 31, 2014. Credit quality remained strong, with nonperforming assets to total assets of 0.36% and the allowance for loan losses to total loans was 1.31%. Total shareholders' equity at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 was \$71.1 million and \$69.5 million, respectively. Tangible book value was \$15.79 per share at March 31, 2014 compared to \$15.46 per share at December 31, 2013.

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Bankwell Bank originates commercial and residential real estate loans, including construction loans, commercial business loans, home equity and other consumer loans. Lending activities are primarily conducted within the market of Fairfield County and the surrounding Connecticut region. The loan portfolio is the largest category of its earning assets. Loans acquired in connection with the Wilton acquisition in November 2013 are referred to as “acquired” loans as a result of the manner in which they are accounted for. All other loans are referred to as “originated” loans. Accordingly, selected disclosures that follow are presented separately for the originated loan portfolio and the acquired loan portfolio.

Total loans before deferred loan fees were \$657.2 million at March 31, 2014, up by \$25.1 million, or 4%, from December 31, 2013. Commercial real estate and commercial business loans have experienced the most significant growth, up by \$15.5 million and \$9.6 million, respectively.

The following table compares the composition of the loan portfolio for the dates indicated:

(In thousands)	March 31, 2014			December 31, 2013			Change Total
	Originated	Acquired	Total	Originated	Acquired	Total	
Real estate loans:							
Residential	\$ 158,905	\$ —	\$ 158,905	\$ 155,874	\$ —	\$ 155,874	\$ 3,031
Commercial	323,849	8,158	332,007	305,823	9,939	315,762	16,245
Construction	44,158	4,838	48,996	44,187	7,308	51,495	(2,499)
Home equity	9,734	3,815	13,549	9,625	3,872	13,497	52
	536,646	16,811	553,457	515,509	21,119	536,628	16,829
Commercial business	100,701	2,453	103,154	92,173	2,374	94,547	8,607
Consumer	67	483	550	225	612	837	(287)
Total loans	\$ 637,414	\$ 19,747	\$ 657,161	\$ 607,907	\$ 24,105	\$ 632,012	\$ 25,149

Asset Quality

Acquired loans are recorded at fair value and are categorized as performing regardless of their payment status. Therefore, some overall portfolio measures of asset performance are not comparable between periods as a result of The Wilton Bank acquisition.

Asset quality metrics remained strong through the first quarter of 2014. Nonperforming assets totaled \$2.9 million and represented 0.36% of total assets at March 31, 2014, compared to \$1.8 million and 0.23% of total assets at December 31, 2013. Nonaccrual loans totaled \$2.1 million at March 31, 2014, an increase of \$1.1 million from December 31, 2013, due to the addition of one commercial real estate loan. The balance of foreclosed real estate remained unchanged and was \$829 thousand at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, consisting of four residential lots that were acquired from Wilton. There were three accruing troubled debt restructured loans, with a balance of \$1.6 million at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

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The following table presents nonperforming assets and additional asset quality data for the dates indicated:

(In thousands)	At March 31, 2014			At December 31, 2013		
	Originated	Acquired	Total	Originated	Acquired	Total
Nonaccrual loans:						
Real estate loans:						
Residential	\$ 984	\$ —	\$ 984	\$ 1,003	\$ —	\$ 1,003
Commercial	1,117	—	1,117	—	—	—
Construction	—	—	—	—	—	—
Home equity	—	—	—	—	—	—
Commercial business	—	—	—	—	—	—
Consumer	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total non accrual loans	\$ 2,101	\$ —	\$ 2,101	\$ 1,003	\$ —	\$ 1,003
Property acquired through foreclosure or repossession, net	—	829	829	—	829	829
Total nonperforming assets	\$ 2,101	\$ 829	\$ 2,930	\$ 1,003	\$ 829	\$ 1,832
Nonperforming assets to total assets	0.26 %	0.10 %	0.36 %	0.13 %	0.11 %	0.23 %
Nonaccrual loans to total loans	0.33 %	0.00 %	0.32 %	0.16 %	0.00 %	0.16 %
Total past due loans to total loans	0.35 %	18.01 %	0.88 %	0.16 %	15.02 %	0.73 %
Accruing loans 90 days or more past due	\$ —	\$ 1,747	\$ 1,747	\$ —	\$ 3,620	\$ 3,620

Allowance for Loan Losses

Establishing an appropriate level of allowance for loan losses, or the allowance, necessarily involves a high degree of judgment. BWFG uses a methodology to systematically measure the amount of estimated loan loss exposure inherent in the loan portfolio for purposes of establishing a sufficient allowance for loan losses. BWFG evaluates the adequacy of the allowance at least quarterly. The allowance for loan losses is management's best estimate of the probable loan losses inherent in the loan portfolio as of the balance sheet date. The allowance is increased by provisions charged to earnings and by recoveries of amounts previously charged off, and is reduced by charge-offs on loans.

At March 31, 2014, the allowance for loan losses was \$8.6 million and represented 1.31% of total loans, compared to \$8.4 million, or 1.33% of total loans, at December 31, 2013. The net increase in the allowance primarily reflects the quarterly provision of \$211 thousand and net recoveries of \$10 thousand. The carrying amount of total impaired loans at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 was \$3.7 million and the amount of related allowance totaled \$144 thousand and \$145 thousand, respectively. At March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, impaired loans consisted of one residential mortgage loan, one substandard commercial mortgage loan and three performing troubled debt restructured loans.

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The following tables present the activity in BWFG's allowance for loan losses and related ratios for the dates indicated:

(Dollars in thousands)	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2014	2013
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 8,382	\$ 7,941
Charge-offs:		
Consumer	—	(2)
Total charge-offs	—	(2)
Recoveries:		
Consumer	10	5
Total recoveries	10	5
Net recoveries (charge-offs)	10	3
Provision charged to earnings	211	190
Balance at end of period	\$ 8,603	\$ 8,134
Net recoveries (charge-offs) to average loans	0.01 %	0.00 %
Allowance for loan losses to total loans	1.31 %	1.46 %

The following tables present the allocation of the allowance for loan losses and the percentage of these loans to total loans for the dates indicated:

(Dollars in thousands)	At March 31, 2014		At December 31, 2013	
	Amount	Percent of Loan Portfolio	Amount	Percent of Loan Portfolio
Residential real estate	\$ 1,298	24.18 %	\$ 1,310	24.66 %
Commercial real estate	3,767	50.52	3,616	50.08
Construction	1,012	7.46	1,032	8.16
Home equity	192	2.06	190	2.20
Commercial business	2,331	15.70	2,225	14.80
Consumer	3	0.08	9	0.10
Unallocated	—	—	—	—
Total allowance for loan losses	\$ 8,603	100.00%	\$ 8,382	100.00%

The allocation of the allowance for loan losses at December 31, 2013 reflects management's assessment of credit risk and probable loss within each portfolio. Management believes that the level of the allowance for loan losses at March 31, 2014 is appropriate to cover probable losses.

Investment Securities

At March 31, 2014, the carrying value of the investment securities portfolio totaled \$49.3 million and represented 6% of total assets, compared to \$42.4 million and 5% of total assets at December 31, 2013. The increase of \$6.9 million,

or 16%, primarily reflects purchases of U.S. Government agency obligations, corporate and municipal bonds totaling \$7.2 million. BWFG purchases investment grade

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securities with a focus on earnings, duration exposure and for use as collateral for public funds. There were no sales of available-for-sale investment securities during the first quarter of 2014.

The net unrealized gain position on the investment portfolio at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 was \$988 thousand and \$695 thousand, respectively and included gross unrealized losses of \$258 thousand and \$349 thousand, respectively. The gross unrealized losses were concentrated in U.S. Government and agency obligations, reflecting interest rate fluctuation. At March 31, 2014, management determined that there had been no deterioration in credit quality subsequent to purchase and believe that all unrealized losses are temporary. All of BWFG's investment securities are investment grade.

Sources of Funds

Total deposits were \$679.2 million at March 31, 2014, an increase of \$17.7 million, or 3%, from balance at December 31, 2013 reflecting growth in money market accounts and time deposits generated from the Certificate of Deposit Account Registry Service, or CDARS, network, partially offset by a decrease in NOW accounts. CDARS time deposits increased by \$11.7 million, or 39%, from year-end 2013, reflecting an increase in one-way buy transactions.

BWFG utilizes advances from the Federal Home Loan Bank of Boston, or FHLBB, as part of its overall funding strategy and to meet short-term liquidity needs. Total FHLBB advances were \$59.0 million at March 31, 2014 compared to \$44.0 million at December 31, 2013. The increase of \$15 million, or 34%, reflects normal operating fluctuation in borrowings.

Liquidity

BWFG is required to maintain levels of liquid assets sufficient to ensure safe and sound operation. Liquidity is defined as the ability to generate sufficient cash flows to meet all present and future funding requirements at reasonable costs. BWFG's primary source of liquidity is deposits. Other sources of funding include discretionary use of FHLBB term advances and other borrowings, cash flows from investment securities portfolios, loan repayments and earnings. Investment securities designated as available-for-sale may also be sold in response to short-term or long-term liquidity needs.

BWFG anticipates that it will have sufficient funds available to meet its current loan and other commitments. As of March 31, 2014, BWFG had cash and cash equivalents of \$82.2 million and available-for-sale securities of \$35.6 million. At March 31, 2014, outstanding commitments to originate loans totaled \$69.3 million and undisbursed funds from approved lines of credit, home equity lines of credit and secured commercial lines of credit totaled \$46.3 million. Time deposits, including CDARS, scheduled to mature in one year or less at March 31, 2014 totaled \$175.9 million. Historically, BWFG's deposit flow history has been that a significant portion of such deposits remain with BWFG.

Capital Resources

Total shareholders' equity was \$71.1 million at March 31, 2014 compared to \$69.5 million at December 31, 2013. The increase of \$1.6 million primarily reflected net income of \$1.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014. The ratio of total equity to total assets was 8.76% at March 31, 2014, which compares to 8.91% at December 31, 2013.

Bankwell Bank is subject to various regulatory capital requirements administered by the federal banking agencies.

Failure to meet minimum capital requirements can initiate certain mandatory and

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possibly additional discretionary actions by regulators that, if undertaken, could have a direct material effect on the Company's financial statements. At March 31, 2014, Bankwell Bank, met all capital adequacy requirements to which they were subject and exceeded the regulatory minimum capital levels to be considered well-capitalized under the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action. At March 31, 2014, Bankwell Bank's ratio of total capital to risk-weighted assets was 10.74%, Tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets was 9.49% and Tier 1 capital to average assets was 7.91%.

On May 15, 2014, Bankwell Financial Group, Inc. priced 2,702,703 common shares in its initial public offering ("IPO") at \$18.00 per share, and on May 15, 2014, Bankwell common shares began trading on the Nasdaq Stock Market (ticker symbol: BWFG). The net proceeds from the IPO were approximately \$44.9 million, after deducting the underwriting discount of approximately \$2.5 million and approximately \$1.3 million of expenses.

Interest Rate Sensitivity Analysis

BWFG measures interest rate risk using simulation analysis to calculate earnings and equity at risk. These risk measures are quantified using simulation software from one of the leading firms in the field of asset/liability modeling. Key assumptions relate to the behavior of interest rates and spreads, prepayment speeds and the run-off of deposits. From such simulations, interest rate risk, or IRR, is quantified and appropriate strategies are formulated and implemented. IRR is managed by using two primary risk measurement techniques: simulation of net interest income and simulation of economic value of equity. These two measurements are complementary and provide both short-term and long-term risk profiles for us. Because income simulations assume that BWFG's balance sheet will remain static over the simulation horizon, the results do not reflect adjustments in strategy that the ALCO could implement in response to rate shifts.

BWFG uses two sets of standard scenarios to measure net interest income at risk. For the "core" scenario, rate changes are ramped over a twelve-month horizon based upon a parallel yield curve shift and then maintained at those levels over the remainder of the simulation horizon. Parallel shock scenarios assume instantaneous parallel movements in the yield curve compared to a flat yield curve scenario. Simulation analysis involves projecting a future balance sheet structure and interest income and expense under the various rate scenarios. Internal policy regarding internal rate risk simulations currently specifies that for instantaneous parallel shifts of the yield curve, estimated net income at risk for the subsequent one-year period should not decline by more than: 6% for a 100 basis point shift; 12% for a 200 basis point shift; and 18% for a 300 basis point shift.

The following tables set forth the estimated percentage change in net interest income at risk over one-year simulation periods beginning March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

Parallel Ramp Rate Changes (basis points)	Estimated Percent Change in Net Interest Income	
	March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
-100	(0.82)%	(0.73)%
+200	(4.40)	(3.63)

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Parallel Shock Rate Changes (basis points)	Estimated Percent Change in Net Interest Income	
	March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
-100	(2.13)%	(1.97)%
+100	(4.25)	(3.18)
+200	(7.20)	(5.93)
+300	(11.57)	(10.20)

BWFG conducts economic value of equity at risk simulation in tandem with net interest income simulations, to ascertain a longer term view of its interest rate risk position by capturing longer-term re-pricing risk and options risk embedded in the balance sheet. It measures the sensitivity of economic value of equity to changes in interest rates. Economic value of equity at risk simulation values only the current balance sheet and does not incorporate the growth assumptions used in income simulation. As with the net interest income simulation, this simulation captures product characteristics such as loan resets, re-pricing terms, maturity dates, rate caps and floors. Key assumptions include loan prepayment speeds, deposit pricing elasticity and non-maturity deposit attrition rates. These assumptions can have significant impacts on valuation results as the assumptions remain in effect for the entire life of each asset and liability. BWFG conducts non-maturity deposit behavior studies on a periodic basis to support deposit assumptions used in the valuation process. All key assumptions are subject to a periodic review.

Base case economic value of equity at risk is calculated by estimating the net present value of all future cash flows from existing assets and liabilities using current interest rates. The base case scenario assumes that future interest rates remain unchanged.

The following table sets forth the estimated percentage change in BWFG's economic value of equity at risk, assuming various shifts in interest rates.

Parallel Shock Rate Changes (basis points)	Estimated Percent Change in Economic Value of Equity	
	March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
-100	(4.00)%	(4.30)%
+100	(8.20)	(9.30)
+200	(15.90)	(20.10)
+300	(22.70)	(29.20)

BWFG's interest rate position continues to remain liability sensitive. The sensitivity intensified somewhat during the quarter ended March 31, 2014 due to the increase in rate sensitive money market deposit account balances and short-term FHLBB advances. In February 2014, BWFG entered into a \$25 million interest rate swap effective April 1, 2014, slightly diminishing its liability sensitive position. Bankwell Bank remains within all internally established policies for interest rate risk and the economic value of equity calculation.

Selected Financial Information As of December 31, 2013 and 2012 and For the Years Ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011.

Executive Overview

During 2013, BWFG experienced record earnings with strong momentum in BWFG's deposit and loan growth. Total revenues increased by 39% over 2012 reflecting a strong net interest margin of

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3.94% (a performance ratio measuring net interest income as a percentage of average interest-earning assets) and noninterest income gains of 1,269%. At December 31, 2013, total assets were \$779.6 million, an increase of \$169.6 million, or 28%, from December 31, 2012. Net loans increased \$101.0 million, or 19%, after reflecting sales of \$72.6 million, since December 31, 2012. Net loans totaled \$621.8 million at December 31, 2013 and deposits totaled \$661.5 million, up by \$199.4 million, or 43%, for the same period. During fiscal year 2012, assets increased 28% to \$610.0 million and loans and deposits increased 44% and 26%, respectively, from December 31, 2011.

BWFG is focused on becoming the “Hometown” bank in the market it serves. BWFG aims to generate long-term growth for its shareholders and is undertaking several key strategic initiatives to achieve this objective. Over the past 24 months, these strategic initiatives have included:

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- Augmenting BWFG’s management team with a new Chief Operating Officer;
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- Acquiring The Wilton Bank, adding approximately \$70.9 million of assets and approximately \$64.2 million of deposits to BWFG’s balance sheet;
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- Hiring new lending officers and supporting growth in BWFG’s commercial business lending function;
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- Completing a core system conversion, which BWFG believes will provide operating efficiencies and cost savings and broader product capabilities in future periods; and
-
- Adding cash management services and launching Bankwell Investment Services through an agreement with an investment brokerage firm to provide on-site wealth management specialists who can generate fee-based revenue.

The primary measures BWFG uses to evaluate and manage BWFG’s financial results are set forth in the table below. Although BWFG believe these measures are meaningful in evaluating BWFG’s results and financial condition, they may not be directly comparable to similar measures used by other financial services companies and may not provide an appropriate basis to compare BWFG’s results or financial condition to the results or financial condition of BWFG’s competitors. The following table sets forth the key financial measures BWFG uses to evaluate the success of BWFG’s business and BWFG’s financial position and operating performance.

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(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)	Key Financial Measures (a)		
	At or For the Years Ended		
	December 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
Selected balance sheet measures:			
Total assets	\$779,618	\$610,016	\$477,355
Gross portfolio loans (b)	632,012		