

CISCO SYSTEMS, INC.
Form 10-Q
November 22, 2016
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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark one)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended October 29, 2016

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____
Commission file number 0-18225

CISCO SYSTEMS, INC.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

California 77-0059951

(State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer
incorporation or organization) Identification Number)

170 West Tasman Drive

San Jose, California 95134

(Address of principal executive office and zip code)

(408) 526-4000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes No

Number of shares of the registrant's common stock outstanding as of November 17, 2016: 5,019,758,934

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Form 10-Q for the Quarter Ended October 29, 2016

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited)

CISCO SYSTEMS, INC.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(in millions, except par value)

(Unaudited)

	October 29, 2016	July 30, 2016
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,583	\$ 7,631
Investments	62,385	58,125
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$247 at October 29, 2016 and \$249 at July 30, 2016	4,805	5,847
Inventories	1,176	1,217
Financing receivables, net	4,541	4,272
Other current assets	1,651	1,627
Total current assets	83,141	78,719
Property and equipment, net	3,499	3,506
Financing receivables, net	4,784	4,158
Goodwill	26,823	26,625
Purchased intangible assets, net	2,297	2,501
Deferred tax assets	4,057	4,299
Other assets	1,686	1,844
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 126,287	\$ 121,652
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Short-term debt	\$ 4,155	\$ 4,160
Accounts payable	996	1,056
Income taxes payable	32	517
Accrued compensation	2,619	2,951
Deferred revenue	10,215	10,155
Other current liabilities	5,200	6,072
Total current liabilities	23,217	24,911
Long-term debt	30,634	24,483
Income taxes payable	883	925
Deferred revenue	6,736	6,317
Other long-term liabilities	1,404	1,431
Total liabilities	62,874	58,067
Commitments and contingencies (Note 12)		
Equity:		
Cisco shareholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, no par value: 5 shares authorized; none issued and outstanding	—	—
Common stock and additional paid-in capital, \$0.001 par value: 20,000 shares authorized; 5,024 and 5,029 shares issued and outstanding at October 29, 2016 and July 30, 2016, respectively	44,236	44,516
Retained earnings	19,694	19,396
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(524)	(326)
Total Cisco shareholders' equity	63,406	63,586

Noncontrolling interests	7	(1)
Total equity	63,413	63,585
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	\$ 126,287	\$ 121,652

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

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CISCO SYSTEMS, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(in millions, except per-share amounts)
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended	
	October 2016	October 24, 2015
REVENUE:		
Product	\$9,302	\$ 9,844
Service	3,050	2,838
Total revenue	12,352	12,682
COST OF SALES:		
Product	3,403	3,853
Service	1,065	997
Total cost of sales	4,468	4,850
GROSS MARGIN	7,884	7,832
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Research and development	1,545	1,560
Sales and marketing	2,418	2,443
General and administrative	555	539
Amortization of purchased intangible assets	78	69
Restructuring and other charges	411	142
Total operating expenses	5,007	4,753
OPERATING INCOME	2,877	3,079
Interest income	295	225
Interest expense	(198)	(159)
Other income (loss), net	(21)	(8)
Interest and other income (loss), net	76	58
INCOME BEFORE PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES	2,953	3,137
Provision for income taxes	631	707
NET INCOME	\$2,322	\$ 2,430
Net income per share:		
Basic	\$0.46	\$ 0.48
Diluted	\$0.46	\$ 0.48
Shares used in per-share calculation:		
Basic	5,027	5,080
Diluted	5,066	5,113
Cash dividends declared per common share	\$0.26	\$ 0.21
See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.		

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CISCO SYSTEMS, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(in millions)

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended	
	October 29, 2016	October 24, 2015
Net income	\$2,322	\$ 2,430
Available-for-sale investments:		
Change in net unrealized gains, net of tax benefit (expense) of \$81 and \$56 for the three months ended October 29, 2016 and October 24, 2015, respectively	(121)	(100)
Net (gains) losses reclassified into earnings, net of tax (benefit) expense of \$5 and \$0 for the three months ended October 29, 2016 and October 24, 2015, respectively	(10)	1
	(131)	(99)
Cash flow hedging instruments:		
Change in unrealized gains and losses, net of tax benefit (expense) of \$3 for each of the three months ended October 29, 2016 and October 24, 2015, respectively	(43)	(1)
Net (gains) losses reclassified into earnings, net of tax (benefit) expense of \$(1) for each of the three months ended October 29, 2016 and October 24, 2015, respectively	11	2
	(32)	1
Net change in cumulative translation adjustment and actuarial gains and losses net of tax benefit (expense) of \$(1) and \$(39) for the three months ended October 29, 2016, and October 24, 2015, respectively	(27)	(216)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(190)	(314)
Comprehensive income	2,132	2,116
Comprehensive (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	(8)	1
Comprehensive income attributable to Cisco Systems, Inc.	\$2,124	\$ 2,117
See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.		

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CISCO SYSTEMS, INC.
 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
 (in millions)
 (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended	
	October 2016	October 24, 2015
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$2,322	\$ 2,430
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation, amortization, and other	599	507
Share-based compensation expense	372	376
Provision for receivables	15	7
Deferred income taxes	158	193
Excess tax benefits from share-based compensation	(91)	(73)
(Gains) losses on investments and other, net	32	(4)
Change in operating assets and liabilities, net of effects of acquisitions and divestitures:		
Accounts receivable	1,049	631
Inventories	44	130
Financing receivables	(900)	(206)
Other assets	191	129
Accounts payable	(63)	4
Income taxes, net	(440)	(315)
Accrued compensation	(333)	(434)
Deferred revenue	462	(19)
Other liabilities	(687)	(590)
Net cash provided by operating activities	2,730	2,766
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchases of investments	(18,667)	(10,823)
Proceeds from sales of investments	11,337	6,675
Proceeds from maturities of investments	2,449	4,133
Acquisition of businesses, net of cash and cash equivalents acquired	(251)	(614)
Purchases of investments in privately held companies	(38)	(78)
Return of investments in privately held companies	24	24
Acquisition of property and equipment	(275)	(262)
Proceeds from sales of property and equipment	2	6
Other	23	(11)
Net cash used in investing activities	(5,396)	(950)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Issuances of common stock	88	385
Repurchases of common stock—repurchase program	(1,023)	(1,210)
Shares repurchased for tax withholdings on vesting of restricted stock units	(401)	(382)
Short-term borrowings, original maturities less than 90 days, net	—	(4)
Issuances of debt	6,232	—
Repayments of debt	(1)	(852)
Excess tax benefits from share-based compensation	91	73
Dividends paid	(1,308)	(1,068)
Other	(60)	123

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Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	3,618	(2,935)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	952	(1,119)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	7,631	6,877	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$8,583	\$ 5,758	

Supplemental cash flow information:

Cash paid for interest	\$248	\$ 264
Cash paid for income taxes, net	\$913	\$ 828

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

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CISCO SYSTEMS, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY
(in millions, except per-share amounts)
(Unaudited)

	Shares of Common Stock	Common Stock and Additional Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Total Cisco Shareholders' Equity	Non-control Interests	Total Equity
BALANCE AT JULY 30, 2016	5,029	\$ 44,516	\$ 19,396	\$ (326)	\$ 63,586	\$ (1)	\$ 63,585
Net income			2,322		2,322		2,322
Other comprehensive income (loss)				(198)	(198)	8	(190)
Issuance of common stock	40	88			88		88
Repurchase of common stock	(32)	(285)	(716)		(1,001)		(1,001)
Shares repurchased for tax withholdings on vesting of restricted stock units	(13)	(401)			(401)		(401)
Cash dividends declared (\$0.26 per common share)			(1,308)		(1,308)		(1,308)
Tax effects from employee stock incentive plans		(60)			(60)		(60)
Share-based compensation		372			372		372
Purchase acquisitions and other		6			6		6
BALANCE AT OCTOBER 29, 2016	5,024	\$ 44,236	\$ 19,694	\$ (524)	\$ 63,406	\$ 7	\$ 63,413

	Shares of Common Stock	Common Stock and Additional Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Total Cisco Shareholders' Equity	Non-control Interests	Total Equity
BALANCE AT JULY 25, 2015	5,085	\$ 43,592	\$ 16,045	\$ 61	\$ 59,698	\$ 9	\$ 59,707
Net income			2,430		2,430		2,430
Other comprehensive income (loss)				(313)	(313)	(1)	(314)
Issuance of common stock	57	385			385		385
Repurchase of common stock	(45)	(386)	(821)		(1,207)		(1,207)
Shares repurchased for tax withholdings on vesting of restricted stock units	(15)	(382)			(382)		(382)
Cash dividends declared (\$0.21 per common share)			(1,068)		(1,068)		(1,068)
Tax effects from employee stock incentive plans		39			39		39
Share-based compensation		376			376		376
Purchase acquisitions and other		19			19		19
BALANCE AT OCTOBER 24, 2015	5,082	\$ 43,643	\$ 16,586	\$ (252)	\$ 59,977	\$ 8	\$ 59,985

Supplemental Information

In September 2001, the Company's Board of Directors authorized a stock repurchase program. As of October 29, 2016, the Company's Board of Directors had authorized an aggregate repurchase of up to \$112 billion of common stock

under this program with no termination date. For additional information regarding stock repurchase, see Note 13 to the Consolidated Financial Statements. The stock repurchases since the inception of this program and the related impacts on Cisco shareholders' equity are summarized in the following table (in millions):

	Shares of Common Stock	Common Stock and Additional Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings	Total Cisco Shareholders' Equity
Repurchases of common stock under the repurchase program	4,623	\$ 24,180	\$ 73,418	\$ 97,598

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

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CISCO SYSTEMS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation

The fiscal year for Cisco Systems, Inc. (the “Company” or “Cisco”) is the 52 or 53 weeks ending on the last Saturday in July. Fiscal 2017 is a 52-week fiscal year, and fiscal 2016 was a 53-week fiscal year. The Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of Cisco and its subsidiaries. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated. The Company conducts business globally and is primarily managed on a geographic basis in the following three geographic segments: the Americas; Europe, Middle East, and Africa (EMEA); and Asia Pacific, Japan, and China (APJC).

The accompanying financial data as of October 29, 2016 and for the three months ended October 29, 2016 and October 24, 2015 has been prepared by the Company, without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”). Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States (“GAAP”) have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations. The July 30, 2016 Consolidated Balance Sheet was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. However, the Company believes that the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. These Consolidated Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and the notes thereto included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended July 30, 2016.

The Company consolidates its investments in a venture fund managed by SOFTBANK Corp. and its affiliates (“SOFTBANK”) as this is a variable interest entity and the Company is the primary beneficiary. The noncontrolling interests attributed to SOFTBANK are presented as a separate component from the Company’s equity in the equity section of the Consolidated Balance Sheets. SOFTBANK’s share of the earnings in the venture fund are not presented separately in the Consolidated Statements of Operations as these amounts are not material for any of the fiscal periods presented.

In the opinion of management, all normal recurring adjustments necessary to present fairly the consolidated balance sheet as of October 29, 2016; the results of operations, the statements of comprehensive income, the statements of cash flows and equity for the three months ended October 29, 2016 and October 24, 2015 as applicable, have been made. The results of operations for the three months ended October 29, 2016 are not necessarily indicative of the operating results for the full fiscal year or any future periods.

Certain reclassifications have been made to the amounts in prior periods in order to conform to the current period’s presentation. The Company has evaluated subsequent events through the date that the financial statements were issued.

2. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

(a) New Accounting Updates Recently Adopted

Consolidation of Certain Types of Legal Entities In February 2015, the FASB issued an accounting standard update that changes the analysis that a reporting entity must perform to determine whether it should consolidate certain types of legal entities. The accounting standard update became effective for the Company beginning in the first quarter of fiscal 2017. The application of this accounting standard update did not have any impact on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet or Statement of Operations upon adoption, but the Company has provided additional disclosures in Note 8 pursuant to this accounting standard update.

(b) Recent Accounting Standards or Updates Not Yet Effective

Revenue Recognition In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued an accounting standard update related to revenue from contracts with customers, which, along with amendments issued in 2015 and 2016, will supersede nearly all current U.S. GAAP guidance on this topic and eliminate industry-specific guidance. The underlying principle is to recognize revenue when promised goods or services are transferred to customers in an

amount that reflects the consideration that is expected to be received for those goods or services. This accounting standard update, as amended, will be effective for the Company beginning in the first quarter of fiscal 2019. The new revenue standard may be applied retrospectively to each prior period presented or retrospectively with the cumulative effect recognized in retained earnings as of the date of adoption ("modified retrospective basis"). Early adoption is permitted, but no earlier than fiscal 2018. The Company expects to adopt this accounting standard update on a modified retrospective basis in the first quarter of fiscal 2019, and it is currently evaluating the impact of this accounting standard update on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

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CISCO SYSTEMS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

Financial Instruments In January 2016, the FASB issued an accounting standard update that changes the accounting for equity investments, financial liabilities under the fair value option, and the presentation and disclosure requirements for financial instruments. The accounting standard update will be effective for the Company beginning in the first quarter of fiscal 2019, and early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this accounting standard update on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

Leases In February 2016, the FASB issued an accounting standard update related to leases requiring lessees to recognize operating and financing lease liabilities on the balance sheet, as well as corresponding right-of-use assets. The new lease standard also makes some changes to lessor accounting and aligns key aspects of the lessor accounting model with the revenue recognition standard. In addition, disclosures will be required to enable users of financial statements to assess the amount, timing, and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases. The accounting standard update will be effective for the Company beginning in the first quarter of fiscal 2020 on a modified retrospective basis, and early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this accounting standard update on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

Share-Based Compensation In March 2016, the FASB issued an accounting standard update that impacts the accounting for share-based payment transactions, including income tax consequences, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities, and classification on the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. The accounting standard will be effective for the Company beginning the first quarter of fiscal 2018, and early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this accounting standard update on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

Credit Losses of Financial Instruments In June 2016, the FASB issued an accounting standard update that requires measurement and recognition of expected credit losses for financial assets held based on historical experience, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts that affect the collectibility of the reported amount. The accounting standard update will be effective for the Company beginning in the first quarter of fiscal 2021 on a modified retrospective basis, and early adoption in fiscal 2020 is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this accounting standard update on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

Classification of Cash Flow Elements In August 2016, the FASB issued an accounting standard update related to the classification of certain cash receipts and cash payments on the statement of cash flows. The accounting standard update will be effective for the Company beginning in the first quarter of fiscal 2019 on a retrospective basis, and early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this accounting standard update on its Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

Income Taxes on Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets In October 2016, the FASB issued an accounting standard update that requires recognition of the income tax consequences of intra-entity transfers of assets (other than inventory) at the transaction date. The accounting standard update will be effective for the Company beginning in the first quarter of fiscal 2019 on a modified retrospective basis, and early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this accounting standard update on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

3. Acquisitions and Divestitures

The Company completed three acquisitions during the three months ended October 29, 2016. A summary of the allocation of the total purchase consideration is presented as follows (in millions):

	Purchase Consideration	Purchased Intangible Assets	Goodwill
CloudLock	\$ 249	\$ 36	\$ 213
Others (two in total)	9	5	4
Total	\$ 258	\$ 41	\$ 217

On August 1, 2016, the Company completed its acquisition of privately held CloudLock Inc. ("CloudLock"), a provider of cloud security that specializes in cloud access security broker technology that provides enterprises with visibility and analytics around user behavior and sensitive data in cloud services. Revenue from the CloudLock acquisition has been included in the Company's Security product category.

The total purchase consideration related to the Company's acquisitions completed during the three months ended October 29, 2016 consisted of cash consideration and vested share-based awards assumed. The total cash and cash equivalents acquired from these acquisitions was approximately \$1 million. Total transaction costs related to the Company's acquisition activities were \$1 million

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CISCO SYSTEMS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

and \$5 million for the three months ended October 29, 2016 and October 24, 2015, respectively. These transaction costs were expensed as incurred in general and administrative expenses ("G&A") in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

The Company's purchase price allocation for acquisitions completed during recent periods is preliminary and subject to revision as additional information about fair value of assets and liabilities becomes available. Additional information that existed as of the acquisition date but at that time was unknown to the Company may become known to the Company during the remainder of the measurement period, a period not to exceed 12 months from the acquisition date. Adjustments in the purchase price allocation may require a recasting of the amounts allocated to goodwill retroactive to the period in which the acquisition occurred.

The goodwill generated from the Company's acquisitions completed during the three months ended October 29, 2016 is primarily related to expected synergies. The goodwill is generally not deductible for income tax purposes.

The Consolidated Financial Statements include the operating results of each acquisition from the date of acquisition. Pro forma results of operations for the acquisitions completed during the three months ended October 29, 2016 have not been presented because the effects of the acquisitions, individually and in the aggregate, were not material to the Company's financial results.

4. Goodwill and Purchased Intangible Assets

(a) Goodwill

The following table presents the goodwill allocated to the Company's reportable segments as of and during the three months ended October 29, 2016 (in millions):

	Balance at July 30, 2016	Acquisitions	Other	Balance at October 29, 2016
Americas	\$16,529	\$ 132	\$(13)	\$ 16,648
EMEA	6,269	62	(4)	6,327
APJC	3,827	23	(2)	3,848
Total	\$26,625	\$ 217	\$(19)	\$ 26,823

"Other" in the table above primarily consists of foreign currency translation, as well as immaterial purchase accounting adjustments.

(b) Purchased Intangible Assets

The following table presents details of the Company's intangible assets acquired through acquisitions completed during the three months ended October 29, 2016 (in millions, except years):

	FINITE LIVES			INDEFINITE LIVES		TOTAL		
	TECHNOLOGY	CUSTOMER RELATIONSHIPS	OTHER	IPR&D				
	Weighted-Average Useful Life (in Years)	Amount	Weighted-Average Useful Life (in Years)	Amount	Weighted-Average Useful Life (in Years)	Amount		
CloudLock	6.0	\$ 32	4.0	\$ 3	1.5	\$ 1	\$ —	\$ 36
Others (two in total)	3.0	5	0.0	—	0.0	—	—	5
Total		\$ 37		\$ 3		\$ 1	\$ —	\$ 41

The following tables present details of the Company's purchased intangible assets (in millions):

October 29, 2016

Gross

Net

	Accumulated Amortization		
Purchased intangible assets with finite lives:			
Technology	\$2,861	\$ (1,334)	\$1,527
Customer relationships	1,737	(1,220)	517
Other	58	(21)	37
Total purchased intangible assets with finite lives	4,656	(2,575)	2,081
In-process research and development, with indefinite lives	216	—	216
Total	\$4,872	\$ (2,575)	\$2,297

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CISCO SYSTEMS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

July 30, 2016	Gross	Accumulated Amortization	Net
Purchased intangible assets with finite lives:			
Technology	\$3,038	\$ (1,391)	\$ 1,647
Customer relationships	1,793	(1,203)	590
Other	85	(43)	42
Total purchased intangible assets with finite lives	4,916	(2,637)	2,279
In-process research and development, with indefinite lives	222	—	222
Total	\$5,138	\$ (2,637)	\$2,501

Purchased intangible assets include intangible assets acquired through acquisitions as well as through direct purchases or licenses.

Impairment charges related to purchased intangible assets for the three months ended October 29, 2016 were \$42 million. Impairment charges were primarily as a result of declines in estimated fair values of certain purchased intangible assets resulting from the reduction or elimination of expected future cash flows associated with certain of the Company's technology and IPR&D intangible assets. Of these impairment charges, \$38 million was recorded to restructuring and other charges upon the Company's decision to exit certain product lines, and the corresponding elimination of future associated cash flows. There were no impairment charges related to purchased intangible assets for the corresponding period in fiscal 2016.

The following table presents the amortization of purchased intangible assets including impairment charges related to purchased intangible assets (in millions):

	Three Months Ended October 29, 2016		October 24, 2015
Amortization of purchased intangible assets:			
Cost of sales	\$ 129	\$ 146	
Operating expenses			
Amortization of purchased intangible assets	78	69	
Restructuring and other charges	38	—	
Total	\$245	\$ 215	

The estimated future amortization expense of purchased intangible assets with finite lives as of October 29, 2016 is as follows (in millions):

Fiscal Year	Amount
2017 (remaining nine months)	\$ 524
2018	579
2019	493
2020	281
2021	137
Thereafter	67
Total	\$ 2,081

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CISCO SYSTEMS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

5. Restructuring and Other Charges

In August 2016, the Company announced a restructuring plan (the "Fiscal 2017 Plan") that will impact up to 5,500 employees, representing approximately 7% of its global workforce. The Company's aggregate pretax estimated charges pursuant to the restructuring plan are expected to be up to \$700 million, consisting primarily of severance and other one-time termination benefits, and other associated costs. These charges are primarily cash-based, and the Company expects the Fiscal 2017 Plan to be substantially completed by the end of fiscal 2017.

In connection with a restructuring action announced in August 2014 (the "Fiscal 2015 Plan"), the Company incurred cumulative charges of approximately \$756 million. The Company completed the Fiscal 2015 Plan in fiscal 2016.

The following tables summarize the activities related to the restructuring and other charges (in millions):

	FISCAL 2015 AND PRIOR PLANS		FISCAL 2017 PLAN		
	Employee Severance	Other	Employee Severance	Other	Total
Liability as of July 30, 2016	\$21	\$24	\$—	\$—	\$45
Charges	—	—	369	42	411
Cash payments	(12)	—	(257)	(1)	(270)
Non-cash items	(4)	(2)	—	(41)	(47)
Liability as of October 29, 2016	\$5	\$22	\$112	\$—	\$139

	FISCAL 2015 AND PRIOR PLANS		Total
	Employee Severance	Other	Total
Liability as of July 25, 2015	\$60	\$29	\$89
Charges	125	17	142
Cash payments	(123)	(6)	(129)
Non-cash items	—	(16)	(16)
Liability as of October 24, 2015	\$62	\$24	\$86

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CISCO SYSTEMS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

6. Balance Sheet Details

The following tables provide details of selected balance sheet items (in millions):

	October 29, July 30,	
	2016	2016
Inventories:		
Raw materials	\$ 111	\$ 91
Finished goods:		
Distributor inventory and deferred cost of sales	481	457
Manufactured finished goods	328	415
Total finished goods	809	872
Service-related spares	237	236
Demonstration systems	19	18
Total	\$ 1,176	\$ 1,217
Property and equipment, net:		
Gross property and equipment:		
Land, buildings, and building and leasehold improvements	\$4,819	\$4,778
Computer equipment and related software	1,292	1,288
Production, engineering, and other equipment	5,708	5,658
Operating lease assets	301	296
Furniture and fixtures	548	543
Total gross property and equipment	12,668	12,563
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization	(9,169)	(9,057)
Total	\$3,499	\$3,506
Deferred revenue:		
Service		\$10,424 \$10,621
Product:		
Deferred revenue related to recurring software and subscription businesses	3,801	3,308
Deferred revenue related to two-tier distributors	439	377
Other product deferred revenue	2,287	2,166
Total product deferred revenue	6,527	5,851
Total	\$16,951	\$16,472
Reported as:		
Current		\$10,215 \$10,155
Noncurrent		6,736 6,317
Total		\$16,951 \$16,472

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CISCO SYSTEMS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

7. Financing Receivables and Operating Leases

(a) Financing Receivables

Financing receivables primarily consist of lease receivables, loan receivables, and financed service contracts and other. Lease receivables represent sales-type and direct-financing leases resulting from the sale of the Company's and complementary third-party products and are typically collateralized by a security interest in the underlying assets. Loan receivables represent financing arrangements related to the sale of the Company's products and services, which may include additional funding for other costs associated with network installation and integration of the Company's products and services. Lease receivables consist of arrangements with terms of four years on average, while loan receivables generally have terms of up to three years. The financed service contracts and other category includes financing receivables related to technical support and advanced services, software, and receivables related to financing of certain indirect costs associated with leases. Revenue related to the technical support services is typically deferred and included in deferred service revenue and is recognized ratably over the period during which the related services are to be performed, which typically ranges from one to three years.

A summary of the Company's financing receivables is presented as follows (in millions):

October 29, 2016	Lease Receivables	Loan Receivables	Financed Service Contracts and Other	Total
Gross	\$ 3,202	\$ 2,236	\$ 4,239	\$9,677
Residual value	197	—	—	197
Unearned income	(163)	—	—	(163)
Allowance for credit loss	(227)	(111)	(48)	(386)
Total, net	\$ 3,009	\$ 2,125	\$ 4,191	\$9,325
Reported as:				
Current	\$ 1,504	\$ 1,021	\$ 2,016	\$4,541
Noncurrent	1,505	1,104	2,175	4,784
Total, net	\$ 3,009	\$ 2,125	\$ 4,191	\$9,325
			Financed Service Contracts and Other	
July 30, 2016	Lease Receivables	Loan Receivables	Financed Service Contracts and Other	Total
Gross	\$ 3,272	\$ 2,135	\$ 3,370	\$8,777
Residual value	202	—	—	202
Unearned income	(174)	—	—	(174)
Allowance for credit loss	(230)	(97)	(48)	(375)
Total, net	\$ 3,070	\$ 2,038	\$ 3,322	\$8,430
Reported as:				
Current	\$ 1,490	\$ 988	\$ 1,794	\$4,272
Noncurrent	1,580	1,050	1,528	4,158
Total, net	\$ 3,070	\$ 2,038	\$ 3,322	\$8,430

As of October 29, 2016 and July 30, 2016, the deferred service revenue related to "Financed Service Contracts and Other" was \$2,371 million and \$1,716 million, respectively.

Future minimum lease payments to the Company on lease receivables as of October 29, 2016 are summarized as follows (in millions):

Fiscal Year	Amount
2017 (remaining nine months)	\$ 1,222
2018	1,066

2019	587
2020	260
2021	65
Thereafter	2
Total	\$ 3,202

Actual cash collections may differ from the contractual maturities due to early customer buyouts, refinancings, or defaults.

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CISCO SYSTEMS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

(b) Credit Quality of Financing Receivables

Gross receivables, excluding residual value, less unearned income categorized by the Company's internal credit risk rating as of October 29, 2016 and July 30, 2016 are summarized as follows (in millions):

	INTERNAL CREDIT RISK RATING			
	1 to 4	5 to 6	7 and Higher	Total
October 29, 2016				
Lease receivables	\$1,652	\$1,293	\$ 94	\$3,039
Loan receivables	1,081	976	179	2,236
Financed service contracts and other	2,898	1,313	28	4,239
Total	\$5,631	\$3,582	\$ 301	\$9,514

	INTERNAL CREDIT RISK RATING			
	1 to 4	5 to 6	7 and Higher	Total
July 30, 2016				
Lease receivables	\$1,703	\$1,294	\$ 101	\$3,098
Loan receivables	986	967	182	2,135
Financed service contracts and other	2,077	1,271	22	3,370
Total	\$4,766	\$3,532	\$ 305	\$8,603

The Company determines the adequacy of its allowance for credit loss by assessing the risks and losses inherent in its financing receivables by portfolio segment. The portfolio segment is based on the types of financing offered by the Company to its customers, which consist of the following: lease receivables, loan receivables, and financed service contracts and other.

The Company's internal credit risk ratings of 1 through 4 correspond to investment-grade ratings, while credit risk ratings of 5 and 6 correspond to non-investment grade ratings. Credit risk ratings of 7 and higher correspond to substandard ratings.

In circumstances when collectibility is not deemed reasonably assured, the associated revenue is deferred in accordance with the Company's revenue recognition policies, and the related allowance for credit loss, if any, is included in deferred revenue. The Company also records deferred revenue associated with financing receivables when there are remaining performance obligations, as it does for financed service contracts. Total allowances for credit loss and deferred revenue as of October 29, 2016 and July 30, 2016 were \$2,779 million and \$2,112 million, respectively, and they were associated with total financing receivables before allowance for credit loss of \$9,711 million and \$8,805 million as of their respective period ends.

The following tables present the aging analysis of gross receivables, excluding residual value and less unearned income as of October 29, 2016 and July 30, 2016 (in millions):

	DAYS PAST DUE (INCLUDES BILLED AND UNBILLED)				Total Past Due	Current	Total	Nonaccrual Financing Receivables	Impaired Financing Receivables
	31-60	61-90	91+						
October 29, 2016									
Lease receivables	\$86	\$70	\$249	\$405	\$2,634	\$3,039	\$55	\$55	
Loan receivables	25	23	95	143	2,093	2,236	42	42	
Financed service contracts and other	317	338	367	1,022	3,217	4,239	29	9	
Total	\$428	\$431	\$711	\$1,570	\$7,944	\$9,514	\$126	\$106	

DAYS PAST DUE
(INCLUDES BILLED AND UNBILLED)

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July 30, 2016	31-60	61-90	91+	Total Past Due	Current	Total	Nonaccrual Financing Receivables	Impaired Financing Receivables
Lease receivables	\$ 111	\$ 25	\$ 251	\$ 387	\$ 2,711	\$ 3,098	\$ 60	\$ 60
Loan receivables	30	9	37	76	2,059	2,135	42	42
Financed service contracts and other	213	152	565	930	2,440	3,370	30	10
Total	\$ 354	\$ 186	\$ 853	\$ 1,393	\$ 7,210	\$ 8,603	\$ 132	\$ 112

Past due financing receivables are those that are 31 days or more past due according to their contractual payment terms. The data in the preceding tables is presented by contract, and the aging classification of each contract is based on the oldest outstanding receivable, and therefore past due amounts also include unbilled and current receivables within the same contract. The balances

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CISCO SYSTEMS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

of either unbilled or current financing receivables included in the category of 91 days plus past due for financing receivables were \$436 million and \$670 million as of October 29, 2016 and July 30, 2016, respectively. As of October 29, 2016, the Company had financing receivables of \$236 million, net of unbilled or current receivables, that were in the category of 91 days plus past due but remained on accrual status as they are well secured and in the process of collection. Such balance was \$144 million as of July 30, 2016.

(c) Allowance for Credit Loss Rollforward

The allowances for credit loss and the related financing receivables are summarized as follows (in millions):

	CREDIT LOSS ALLOWANCES			
	Lease Receivables	Loan Receivables	Financed Service Contracts and Other	Total
Allowance for credit loss as of July 30, 2016	\$230	\$ 97	\$ 48	\$375
Provisions	(4)	12	—	8
Foreign exchange and other	1	2	—	3
Allowance for credit loss as of October 29, 2016	\$227	\$ 111	\$ 48	\$386

	CREDIT LOSS ALLOWANCES			
	Lease Receivables	Loan Receivables	Financed Service Contracts and Other	Total
Allowance for credit loss as of July 25, 2015	\$259	\$ 87	\$ 36	\$382
Provisions	—	4	—	4
Recoveries (write-offs), net	(4)	—	(3)	(7)
Foreign exchange and other	—	(1)	—	(1)
Allowance for credit loss as of October 24, 2015	\$255	\$ 90	\$ 33	\$378

The Company assesses the allowance for credit loss related to financing receivables on either an individual or a collective basis. The Company considers various factors in evaluating lease and loan receivables and the earned portion of financed service contracts for possible impairment on an individual basis. These factors include the Company's historical experience, credit quality and age of the receivable balances, and economic conditions that may affect a customer's ability to pay. When the evaluation indicates that it is probable that all amounts due pursuant to the contractual terms of the financing agreement, including scheduled interest payments, are unable to be collected, the financing receivable is considered impaired. All such outstanding amounts, including any accrued interest, will be assessed and fully reserved at the customer level. The Company's internal credit risk ratings are categorized as 1 through 10, with the lowest credit risk rating representing the highest quality financing receivables.

Typically, the Company also considers receivables with a risk rating of 8 or higher to be impaired and will include them in the individual assessment for allowance. These balances, as of October 29, 2016 and July 30, 2016, are presented under "(b) Credit Quality of Financing Receivables" above.

The Company evaluates the remainder of its financing receivables portfolio for impairment on a collective basis and records an allowance for credit loss at the portfolio segment level. When evaluating the financing receivables on a collective basis, the Company uses expected default frequency rates published by a major third-party credit-rating agency as well as its own historical loss rate in the event of default, while also systematically giving effect to economic conditions, concentration of risk, and correlation.

(d) Operating Leases

The Company provides financing of certain equipment through operating leases, and the amounts are included in property and equipment in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Amounts relating to equipment on operating lease assets and the associated accumulated depreciation are summarized as follows (in millions):

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CISCO SYSTEMS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

	October 29, July 30,	
	2016	2016
Operating lease assets	\$ 301	\$ 296
Accumulated depreciation (168)	(161)	
Operating lease assets, net	\$ 133	\$ 135

Minimum future rentals on noncancelable operating leases as of October 29, 2016 are summarized as follows (in millions):

Fiscal Year	Amount
2017 (remaining nine months)	\$ 179
2018	142
2019	53
2020	8
2021	4
Thereafter	1
Total	\$ 387

8. Investments

(a) Summary of Available-for-Sale Investments

The following tables summarize the Company's available-for-sale investments (in millions):

October 29, 2016	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
Fixed income securities:				
U.S. government securities	\$ 25,905	\$ 24	\$ (33)	\$25,896
U.S. government agency securities	2,619	4	(1)	2,622
Non-U.S. government and agency securities	1,104	1	(1)	1,104
Corporate debt securities	29,046	177	(60)	29,163
U.S. agency mortgage-backed securities	2,069	16	(2)	2,083
Total fixed income securities	60,743	222	(97)	60,868
Publicly traded equity securities	1,225	346	(54)	1,517
Total ⁽¹⁾	\$ 61,968	\$ 568	\$ (151)	\$62,385
July 30, 2016	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
Fixed income securities:				
U.S. government securities	\$ 26,473	\$ 73	\$ (2)	\$26,544
U.S. government agency securities	2,809	8	—	2,817
Non-U.S. government and agency securities	1,096	4	—	1,100
Corporate debt securities	24,044	263	(15)	24,292
U.S. agency mortgage-backed securities	1,846	22	—	1,868
Total fixed income securities	56,268	370	(17)	56,621
Publicly traded equity securities	1,211	333	(40)	1,504
Total ⁽¹⁾	\$ 57,479	\$ 703	\$ (57)	\$58,125

⁽¹⁾ Includes investments that were pending settlement as of the respective fiscal years. The net unsettled investment purchases were \$328 million and \$654 million as of October 29, 2016 and July 30, 2016, respectively.

Non-U.S. government and agency securities include agency and corporate debt securities that are guaranteed by non-U.S. governments.

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CISCO SYSTEMS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

(b) Gains and Losses on Available-for-Sale Investments

The following table presents the gross realized gains and gross realized losses related to the Company's available-for-sale investments (in millions):

	Three Months Ended October 29, 2016		October 24, 2015
Gross realized gains	\$ 30	\$ 35	
Gross realized losses (15)	(36)	
Total	\$ 15	\$ (1)

The following table presents the realized net gains (losses) related to the Company's available-for-sale investments by security type (in millions):

	Three Months Ended October 29, 2016		October 24, 2015
Net gains/(losses) on investments in publicly traded equity securities	\$ 5	\$ (9)
Net gains/(losses) on investments in fixed income securities	10	8	
Total	\$ 15	\$ (1)

The following tables present the breakdown of the available-for-sale investments with gross unrealized losses and the duration that those losses had been unrealized at October 29, 2016 and July 30, 2016 (in millions):

	UNREALIZED LOSSES LESS THAN 12 MONTHS		UNREALIZED LOSSES 12 MONTHS OR GREATER		TOTAL	
	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses
October 29, 2016						
Fixed income securities:						
U.S. government securities	\$ 11,766	\$ (33)	\$ 100	\$ —	\$ 11,866	\$ (33)
U.S. government agency securities	596	(1)	—	—	596	(1)
Non-U.S. government and agency securities	498	(1)	—	—	498	(1)
Corporate debt securities	9,013	(57)	572	(3)	9,585	(60)
U.S. agency mortgage-backed securities	594	(2)	—	—	594	(2)
Total fixed income securities	22,467	(94)	672	(3)	23,139	(97)
Publicly traded equity securities	291	(53)	3	(1)	294	(54)
Total	\$ 22,758	\$ (147)	\$ 675	\$ (4)	\$ 23,433	\$ (151)

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CISCO SYSTEMS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

	UNREALIZED LOSSES LESS THAN 12 MONTHS		UNREALIZED LOSSES 12 MONTHS OR GREATER		TOTAL	
	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses
July 30, 2016						
Fixed income securities:						
U.S. government securities	\$ 2,414	\$ (2)	\$ —	\$ —	\$2,414	\$ (2)
U.S. government agency securities	144	—	—	—	144	—
Non-U.S. government and agency securities	61	—	—	—	61	—
Corporate debt securities	2,499	(7)	1,208	(8)	3,707	(15)
U.S. agency mortgage-backed securities	174	—	—	—	174	—
Total fixed income securities	5,292	(9)	1,208	(8)	6,500	(17)
Publicly traded equity securities	188	(40)	—	—	188	(40)
Total	\$ 5,480	\$ (49)	\$ 1,208	\$ (8)	\$6,688	\$ (57)

As of October 29, 2016, for fixed income securities that were in unrealized loss positions, the Company has determined that (i) it does not have the intent to sell any of these investments and (ii) it is not more likely than not that it will be required to sell any of these investments before recovery of the entire amortized cost basis. In addition, as of October 29, 2016, the Company anticipates that it will recover the entire amortized cost basis of such fixed income securities and has determined that no other-than-temporary impairments associated with credit losses were required to be recognized during the three months ended October 29, 2016.

The Company has evaluated its publicly traded equity securities as of October 29, 2016 and has determined that there was no indication of other-than-temporary impairments in the respective categories of unrealized losses. This determination was based on several factors, which include the length of time and extent to which fair value has been less than the cost basis, the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer, and the Company's intent and ability to hold the publicly traded equity securities for a period of time sufficient to allow for any anticipated recovery in market value.

(c) Maturities of Fixed Income Securities

The following table summarizes the maturities of the Company's fixed income securities as of October 29, 2016 (in millions):

	Amortized Cost	Fair Value
Less than 1 year	\$ 12,967	\$ 12,977
Due in 1 to 2 years	17,042	17,071
Due in 2 to 5 years	25,125	25,230
Due after 5 years	3,540	3,507
Mortgage-backed securities with no single maturity	2,069	2,083
Total	\$ 60,743	\$ 60,868

Actual maturities may differ from the contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay certain obligations. The remaining contractual principal maturities for mortgage-backed securities were allocated assuming no prepayments.

(d) Securities Lending

The Company periodically engages in securities lending activities with certain of its available for sale investments. These transactions are accounted for as a secured lending of the securities, and the securities are typically loaned only on an overnight basis. The average daily balance of securities lending for the three months ended October 29, 2016

and October 24, 2015 was \$1.5 billion and \$0.5 billion, respectively. The Company requires collateral equal to at least 102% of the fair market value of the loaned security and that the collateral be in the form of cash or liquid, high-quality assets. The Company engages in these secured lending transactions only with highly creditworthy counterparties, and the associated portfolio custodian has agreed to indemnify the Company against collateral losses. The Company did not experience any losses in connection with the secured lending of securities during the periods presented. As of October 29, 2016 and July 30, 2016, the Company had no outstanding securities lending transactions.

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CISCO SYSTEMS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

(e) Investments in Privately Held Companies

The carrying value of the Company's investments in privately held companies was included in other assets. For such investments that were accounted for under the equity and cost method as of October 29, 2016 and July 30, 2016, the amounts are summarized in the following table (in millions):

	October 29, July 30,	
	2016	2016
Equity method investments	\$ 162	\$ 174
Cost method investments	829	829
Total	\$ 991	\$ 1,003

For additional information on impairment charges related to investments in privately held companies, see Note 9. **Variable Interest Entities** In the ordinary course of business, the Company has investments in privately held companies and provides financing to certain customers. These privately held companies and customers may be considered to be variable interest entities. The Company evaluates on an ongoing basis its investments in these privately held companies and its customer financings, and has determined that as of October 29, 2016, except as disclosed in Note 1, there were no significant variable interest entities required to be consolidated in the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.

As discussed in Note 2, during the first quarter of fiscal 2017, the Company adopted a new accounting standard update related to the consolidation of certain types of legal entities. As of October 29, 2016, the carrying value of the Company's investments in privately held companies was \$991 million, of which \$609 million of such investments are considered to be in variable interest entities which are unconsolidated. In addition, the Company has additional funding commitments of \$189 million related to these investments, some of which are based on the achievement of certain agreed-upon milestones, and some of which are required to be funded on demand. The carrying value of these investments and the additional funding commitments collectively represent the Company's maximum exposure related to these variable interest entities.

9. Fair Value

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received from selling an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. When determining the fair value measurements for assets and liabilities required or permitted to be either recorded or disclosed at fair value, the Company considers the principal or most advantageous market in which it would transact, and it also considers assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability.

(a) Fair Value Hierarchy

The accounting guidance for fair value measurement requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The standard establishes a fair value hierarchy based on the level of independent, objective evidence surrounding the inputs used to measure fair value. A financial instrument's categorization within the fair value hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The fair value hierarchy is as follows:

Level 1 applies to assets or liabilities for which there are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 applies to assets or liabilities for which there are inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in markets with insufficient volume or infrequent transactions (less active markets); or model-derived valuations in which significant inputs are observable or can be derived principally from, or corroborated by, observable market data.

Level 3 applies to assets or liabilities for which there are unobservable inputs to the valuation methodology that are significant to the measurement of the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

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CISCO SYSTEMS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

(b) Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of October 29, 2016 and July 30, 2016 were as follows (in millions):

	OCTOBER 29, 2016				JULY 30, 2016				
	FAIR VALUE				FAIR VALUE				
	MEASUREMENTS				MEASUREMENTS				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total Balance	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total Balance	
Assets:									
Cash equivalents:									
Money market funds	\$6,749	\$—	\$—	—	\$6,749	\$6,049	\$—	\$—	\$6,049
Corporate debt securities	—	—	—	—	—	43	—	43	43
Available-for-sale investments:									
U.S. government securities	—	25,896	—	25,896	—	26,544	—	26,544	26,544
U.S. government agency securities	—	2,622	—	2,622	—	2,817	—	2,817	2,817
Non-U.S. government and agency securities	—	1,104	—	1,104	—	1,100	—	1,100	1,100
Corporate debt securities	—	29,163	—	29,163	—	24,292	—	24,292	24,292
U.S. agency mortgage-backed securities	—	2,083	—	2,083	—	1,868	—	1,868	1,868
Publicly traded equity securities	1,517	—	—	1,517	1,504	—	—	1,504	1,504
Derivative assets	—	292	—	292	—	384	1	385	385
Total	\$8,266	\$61,160	\$—	—	\$69,426	\$7,553	\$57,048	\$1	\$64,602
Liabilities:									
Derivative liabilities	\$—	\$85	\$—	—	\$85	\$—	\$54	\$—	\$54
Total	\$—	\$85	\$—	—	\$85	\$—	\$54	\$—	\$54

Level 1 publicly traded equity securities are determined by using quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 fixed income securities are priced using quoted market prices for similar instruments or nonbinding market prices that are corroborated by observable market data. The Company uses inputs such as actual trade data, benchmark yields, broker/dealer quotes, and other similar data, which are obtained from quoted market prices, independent pricing vendors, or other sources, to determine the ultimate fair value of these assets and liabilities. The Company uses such pricing data as the primary input to make its assessments and determinations as to the ultimate valuation of its investment portfolio and has not made, during the periods presented, any material adjustments to such inputs. The Company is ultimately responsible for the financial statements and underlying estimates. The Company's derivative instruments are primarily classified as Level 2, as they are not actively traded and are valued using pricing models that use observable market inputs. The Company did not have any transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements during the periods presented.

Level 3 assets include certain derivative instruments, the values of which are determined based on discounted cash flow models using inputs that the Company could not corroborate with market data.

(c) Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Nonrecurring Basis

The following table presents the Company's assets that were measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis during the indicated periods and the related recognized gains and losses for the periods indicated (in millions):

TOTAL
GAINS
(LOSSES)
FOR THE
THREE
MONTHS

ENDED
 October October
 29, 24,
 2016 2015

Investments in privately held companies (impaired)	\$(47)	\$(17)
Purchased intangible assets (impaired)	(42)	—
Total gains (losses) for nonrecurring measurements	\$(89)	\$(17)

These assets were measured at fair value due to events or circumstances the Company identified as having significant impact on their fair value during the respective periods. To arrive at the valuation of these assets, the Company considers any significant

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(Unaudited)

changes in the financial metrics and economic variables and also uses third-party valuation reports to assist in the valuation as necessary.

The fair value measurement of the impaired investments was classified as Level 3 because significant unobservable inputs were used in the valuation due to the absence of quoted market prices and inherent lack of liquidity. Significant unobservable inputs, which included financial metrics of comparable private and public companies, financial condition and near-term prospects of the investees, recent financing activities of the investees, and the investees' capital structure as well as other economic variables, reflected the assumptions market participants would use in pricing these assets. The impairment charges, representing the difference between the net book value and the fair value as a result of the evaluation, were recorded to other income (loss), net. The remaining carrying value of the investments that were impaired was \$46 million and \$6 million as of October 29, 2016 and October 24, 2015, respectively.

The fair value for purchased intangible assets measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis was categorized as Level 3 due to the use of significant unobservable inputs in the valuation. Significant unobservable inputs that were used included expected revenues and net income related to the assets and the expected life of the assets. The difference between the estimated fair value and the carrying value of the assets was recorded as an impairment charge, which was included in product cost of sales and operating expenses as applicable. See Note 4. The remaining carrying value of the specific purchased intangible assets that were impaired was \$11 million and zero as of October 29, 2016 and October 24, 2015.

(d) Other Fair Value Disclosures

The carrying value of the Company's investments in privately held companies that were accounted for under the cost method was \$829 million as of each of October 29, 2016 and July 30, 2016. It was not practicable to estimate the fair value of this portfolio.

The fair value of the Company's short-term loan receivables and financed service contracts approximates their carrying value due to their short duration. The aggregate carrying value of the Company's long-term loan receivables and financed service contracts and other as of October 29, 2016 and July 30, 2016 was \$3.3 billion and \$2.6 billion, respectively. The estimated fair value of the Company's long-term loan receivables and financed service contracts and other approximates their carrying value. The Company uses significant unobservable inputs in determining discounted cash flows to estimate the fair value of its long-term loan receivables and financed service contracts, and therefore they are categorized as Level 3.

As of October 29, 2016, the estimated fair value of the short-term debt approximates its carrying value due to the short maturities. As of October 29, 2016, the fair value of the Company's senior notes and other long-term debt was \$36.5 billion with a carrying amount of \$34.8 billion. This compares to a fair value of \$30.9 billion and a carrying amount of \$28.6 billion as of July 30, 2016. The fair value of the senior notes and other long-term debt was determined based on observable market prices in a less active market and was categorized as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

10. Borrowings

(a) Short-Term Debt

The following table summarizes the Company's short-term debt (in millions, except percentages):

October 29, 2016		July 30, 2016	
Amount	Effective Rate	Amount	Effective Rate

Current portion of long-term debt \$