

SPECTRUM PHARMACEUTICALS INC

Form 10-Q

May 02, 2007

Table of Contents

**UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q**

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2007

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number 000-28782

SPECTRUM PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction
of incorporation or organization)

93-0979187

(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

**157 Technology Drive
Irvine, California**

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

92618

(Zip Code)

Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code: (949) 788-6700

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12B-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of Common Stock as of the latest practicable date:

Class	Outstanding at April 27, 2007
Common Stock, \$.001 par value	25,670,721

SPECTRUM PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.
TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page No.
<u>PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION</u>	
<u>ITEM 1. Financial Statements</u>	3
<u>Statement Regarding Financial Information</u>	3
<u>Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2007 and December 31, 2006 (unaudited)</u>	4
<u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2007 and 2006 (unaudited)</u>	5
<u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2007 and 2006 (unaudited)</u>	6
<u>Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)</u>	7
<u>ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u>	15
<u>ITEM 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk</u>	21
<u>ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures</u>	22
<u>PART II. OTHER INFORMATION</u>	
<u>ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings</u>	23
<u>ITEM 1A. Risk Factors</u>	23
<u>ITEM 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u>	24
<u>ITEM 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities</u>	24
<u>ITEM 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders</u>	24
<u>ITEM 5. Other Information</u>	24
<u>ITEM 6. Exhibits</u>	25
<u>SIGNATURES</u>	26
<u>EXHIBIT 31.1</u>	
<u>EXHIBIT 31.2</u>	
<u>EXHIBIT 32.1</u>	
<u>EXHIBIT 32.2</u>	

Table of Contents

SPECTRUM PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.
FORM 10-Q
For the Three-month period ended March 31, 2007
(Unaudited)
PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. Financial Statements

Statement Regarding Financial Information

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of Spectrum Pharmaceuticals, Inc. included herein have been prepared by management pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Certain information normally included in the consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations. However, we believe that the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading.

We recommend that you read the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included herein in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 14, 2007.

Table of Contents

SPECTRUM PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets
(Unaudited)

	March 31, 2007	December 31, 2006
	(In Thousands, Except Share and Per Share Data)	
Assets		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 153	\$ 519
Marketable securities	45,381	50,178
Accounts Receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts	124	1,150
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	485	440
Total current assets	46,143	52,287
Property and equipment, net	688	625
Other Assets	169	205
Total assets	\$ 47,000	\$ 53,117
Liabilities and Stockholders Equity		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	\$ 2,885	\$ 2,100
Accrued compensation	642	1,008
Accrued clinical study costs	2,803	3,125
Total current liabilities	6,330	6,233
Deferred revenue and other credits	1,027	1,035
Total liabilities	7,357	7,268
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 4)		
Minority Interest	20	20
Stockholders Equity:		
Preferred Stock, par value \$0.001 per share, 5,000,000 shares authorized:		
Series B Junior Participating Preferred Stock, 1,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued and outstanding		
Series D 8% Cumulative Convertible Voting Preferred Stock, 600 shares authorized, stated value \$10,000 per share, \$0.6 million aggregate liquidation value, issued and outstanding 49 shares at March 31, 2007 and December 31, 2006		
	233	233
Series E Convertible Voting Preferred Stock, 2,000 shares authorized, stated value \$10,000 per share, \$2.0 million aggregate liquidation value, issued and outstanding, 170 shares at March 31, 2007 and December 31, 2006		
	1,048	1,048

Edgar Filing: SPECTRUM PHARMACEUTICALS INC - Form 10-Q

Common stock, par value \$0.001 per share, 100,000,000 shares
authorized:

Issued and outstanding, 25,325,286 and 25,217,793 shares at March 31,
2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively

	25	25
Additional paid-in capital	253,465	251,880
Accumulated other comprehensive income	458	357
Accumulated deficit	(215,606)	(207,714)
Total stockholders' equity	39,623	45,829
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 47,000	\$ 53,117

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these
condensed consolidated balance sheets.

4

Table of Contents

SPECTRUM PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations
(Unaudited)

	Three-Months Ended March 31, 2007 (In Thousands, Except Share and Per Share Data)	Three-Months Ended March 31, 2006
Revenues		
Licensing and milestone revenues	\$ 343	\$
Total Revenues	\$ 343	\$
Operating expenses:		
Research and development	5,024	3,723
General and administrative	2,507	1,395
Stock-based charges	1,286	1,388
Total operating expenses	8,817	6,506
Loss from operations	(8,474)	(6,506)
Other income, net	582	631
Net loss before minority interest in consolidated subsidiary	(7,892)	(5,875)
Minority interest in net loss of consolidated subsidiary		2
Net loss	\$ (7,892)	\$ (5,873)
Basic and diluted net loss per share	\$ (0.31)	\$ (0.25)
Basic and diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	25,290,717	23,626,960
Supplemental Information		
Stock-based charges Components:		
Research and development	\$ 826	\$ 902
General and administrative	460	486
Total stock-based charges	\$ 1,286	\$ 1,388

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these
condensed consolidated balance sheets.

5

Table of Contents

SPECTRUM PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Unaudited)

	Three-Months Ended March 31, 2007	Three-Months Ended March 31, 2006
	(In Thousands, Except Share and Per Share Data)	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:		
Net loss	\$ (7,892)	\$ (5,873)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	53	48
Stock-based compensation	1,286	1,388
Minority interest in subsidiary		(2)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Decrease in Accounts Receivable	1,026	50
Decrease in other assets	8	70
Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses	432	980
Decrease in accrued compensation and related taxes	(366)	(286)
Decrease in deferred revenue and other credits	(8)	(21)
Net cash used in operating activities	(5,461)	(3,646)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:		
(Purchases) Sales of marketable securities	4,881	(19,922)
Purchases of property and equipment	(116)	(102)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	4,765	(20,024)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities:		
Proceeds from exercise of warrants	330	
Net cash provided by financing activities	330	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(366)	(23,670)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	519	28,750
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 153	\$ 5,080
Supplemental Cash Flow Information:		
Interest paid	\$	\$ 3
Income taxes paid	\$	\$ 1
Schedule of Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities:		
Fair value of restricted stock granted employees and directors	\$	\$ 338

Edgar Filing: SPECTRUM PHARMACEUTICALS INC - Form 10-Q

Fair value of warrants issued to consultants and placement agents	\$		\$	229
Fair value of stock issued to match employee 401k contributions	\$	31	\$	
Preferred stock dividends paid with common stock	\$	10	\$	29

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated balance sheets.

6

Table of Contents

SPECTRUM PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
March 31, 2007
(Unaudited)

1. Business and Basis of Presentation

Business

Spectrum Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (the Company) is a biopharmaceutical company engaged in the business of acquiring and advancing a diversified portfolio of drug candidates, with a focus on oncology, urology and other critical health challenges for which there are few other treatment options. Our expertise lies in identifying undervalued drugs with demonstrated safety and efficacy, and adding value through further clinical development and selection of the most viable methods of commercialization.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements are prepared on a consistent basis in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals and consolidation and elimination entries) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the three-month period ended March 31, 2007 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2007. The balance sheet at December 31, 2006 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Estimates

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and of our wholly-owned and majority-owned subsidiaries. As of March 31, 2007, we had two subsidiaries: NeoJB LLC (NeoJB), 80% owned, organized in Delaware in April 2002 and Spectrum Pharmaceuticals GmbH, wholly-owned inactive subsidiary, incorporated in Switzerland in April 1997. We have eliminated all significant intercompany accounts and transactions.

Investments by outside parties in our consolidated subsidiary are recorded as Minority Interest in Consolidated Subsidiary in our accounts, and stated net after allocation of income and losses in the subsidiary.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and disclosure of contingent obligations in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Our most significant assumptions are employed in estimates used in determining values of financial instruments and accrued obligations, as well as in estimates used in applying the revenue recognition policy and estimating stock-based charges. The estimation process requires assumptions to be made about future events and conditions, and as such, is inherently subjective and uncertain. Actual results could differ materially from our estimates.

Table of Contents

SPECTRUM PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
March 31, 2007
(Unaudited)

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, marketable securities, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, as reported in the balance sheets, are considered to approximate fair value given the short term maturity and/or liquidity of these financial instruments.

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Marketable Securities

Cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities primarily consist of bank checking deposits, short-term treasury securities, institutional money market funds, corporate debt and equity, municipal obligations, including market auction debt securities, government agency notes, and certificates of deposit. We classify highly liquid short-term investments, with insignificant interest rate risk and maturities of 90 days or less at the time of acquisition, as cash and cash equivalents. Other investments, which do not meet the above definition of cash equivalents, are classified as either held-to-maturity or available-for-sale marketable securities, in accordance with the provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statement (SFAS) No. 115, *Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities*. Investments that we intend to hold for more than one year are classified as long-term investments.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

All of our cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities are invested at two major financial institutions. To a limited degree these investments are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and by third party insurance. However, these investments are not insured against the possibility of a complete loss of earnings or principal and are inherently subject to the credit risk related to the credit worthiness of the underlying issuer. We believe that such risks are mitigated because we invest only in investment grade securities. We have not incurred any significant credit risk losses related to such investments.

Patents and Licenses

We own or license all the intellectual property that forms the basis of our business model. We expense all licensing and patent application costs as they are incurred.

Revenue Recognition

We follow the provisions as set forth by current accounting rules, which primarily include Staff Accounting Bulletin (SAB) 104, *Revenue Recognition*, and Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) No. 00-21, *Accounting for Revenue Arrangements with Multiple Deliverables*. Generally, revenue is recognized when evidence of an arrangement exists, delivery has occurred or services have been rendered, the price is fixed and determinable, and collectibility is reasonably assured.

Up-front fees representing non-refundable payments received upon the execution of licensing or other agreements are recognized as revenue upon execution of the agreements where we have no significant future performance obligations and collectibility of the fees is reasonably assured. Milestone payments, which are generally based on developmental or regulatory events, are recognized as revenue when the milestones are achieved, collectibility is reasonably assured, and we have no significant future performance obligations in connection with the milestone. In those instances where we have collected fees or milestone payments but have significant future performance obligations related to the development of the drug product, we record deferred revenue and recognize it over the period of our future obligations.

Revenue from sales of product is recognized upon shipment of product when title and risk of loss have transferred to the customer, and provisions for estimates, including promotional adjustments, price adjustments, returns, and other potential adjustments are reasonably determinable. Such revenue is recorded, net of such estimated provisions, at the minimum amount of the customer's obligation to us. We state the related accounts receivable at net realizable value, with any allowance for doubtful accounts charged to general operating expenses.

Research and Development

Research and development expenses are comprised of the following types of costs incurred in performing research and development activities: personnel expenses, facility costs, contract services, license fees and milestone payments,

costs of clinical trials, laboratory supplies and drug products, and allocations of corporate costs. We

Table of Contents

SPECTRUM PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
March 31, 2007
(Unaudited)

expense all research and development activity costs in the period incurred. We review and accrue clinical study expenses based on factors such as estimates of work performed, patient enrollment, completion of patient studies and other events. Accrued clinical study costs are subject to revisions as trials progress to completion. Revisions are charged to expense in the period in which the facts that give rise to the revision become known.

Basic and Diluted Net Loss Per Share

In accordance with FASB Statement No. 128, *Earnings Per Share*, we calculate basic and diluted net loss per share using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the periods presented, and adjust the amount of net loss, used in this calculation, for preferred stock dividends declared during the period.

We incurred a net loss in each period presented, and as such, did not include the effect of potentially dilutive common stock equivalents in the diluted net loss per share calculation, as their effect would be anti-dilutive for all periods. Potentially dilutive common stock equivalents would include the common stock issuable upon the conversion of preferred stock and the exercise of warrants and stock options that have conversion or exercise prices below the market value of our common stock at the measurement date. As of March 31, 2007 and 2006, all potentially dilutive common stock equivalents amounted to approximately 16 million and 15 million shares, respectively.

The following data show the amounts used in computing basic loss per share for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2007 and 2006.

	Three-Months Ended March 31, 2007	Three-Months Ended March 31, 2006
	(In Thousands, Except Share and Per Share Data)	
Net loss	\$ (7,892)	\$ (5,873)
Less:		
Preferred dividends paid in cash or stock	(10)	(29)
Income available to common stockholders used in computing basic earnings per share	\$ (7,902)	\$ (5,902)
Weighted average shares outstanding	25,290,717	23,626,960
Basic and diluted net loss per share	\$ (0.31)	\$ (0.25)

Accounting for Stock-Based Employee Compensation

Effective January 1, 2006, we adopted SFAS No. 123(R), *Share-Based Payment*, using the modified prospective method and, accordingly, did not restate the consolidated statements of operations for periods prior to January 1, 2006. This pronouncement amended SFAS No. 123, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation*, and superseded Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinion No. 25, *Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees*. Under SFAS No. 123(R), we measure compensation cost for all stock-based awards at fair value on the date of grant and recognize compensation expense in our consolidated statements of operations over the service period that the awards are expected to vest. As permitted under SFAS No. 123(R), we have elected to recognize compensation cost for all options with graded vesting on a straight-line basis over the vesting period of the entire option.

In estimating the fair value of stock-based compensation, we use the quoted market price of our common stock for stock awards, and the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model for stock options and warrants. We estimate future volatility based on past volatility of our common stock, and we estimate the expected length of options based on several criteria, including the vesting period of the grant and the expected volatility.

Table of Contents

SPECTRUM PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
March 31, 2007
(Unaudited)

Comprehensive Loss

The net loss reflected on our Consolidated Statements of Operations substantially represents the total comprehensive loss for the periods presented.

3. Products and Strategic Alliances

Our key products under development that represent nearer term revenue and/or development expense potential and related business alliances are described in detail in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

The following is a brief update of the most advanced products under development as of March 31, 2007:

Satraplatin: In February 2007, submission of a New Drug Application, or NDA, with the FDA was completed; and on April 16, 2007, we announced that it was accepted by the FDA for priority review. A Prescription Drug User Fee Act (PDUFA) date of August 15, 2007 has been established by the FDA for a decision regarding the approval of the satraplatin application. The FDA's acceptance of the NDA triggered a \$4 million milestone payable to Spectrum and \$500,000 payable by us to Johnson Matthey.

Levofolinic acid (LFA): During the three-month period ended March 31, 2007, we continued progression toward submitting a response, in 2007, to certain chemistry and manufacturing questions raised by the FDA during the review of the NDA for LFA for osteogenic sarcoma.

EOquin®: In February 2007, we completed patient accrual in a pilot safety study that was requested by the FDA. In this study, EOquin was found to be well tolerated when administered to patients immediately following surgery for non-invasive bladder cancer in clinical results to date. EOquin received approval by the FDA of a Special Protocol Assessment which enables us to initiate a Phase 3 study. The Special Protocol Assessment process allows for an agreement between us and the FDA on the design of the study and is intended to provide assurance that if pre-specified trial results are achieved, they may serve as the primary basis for an efficacy claim in support of a NDA by us for EOquin.

Ozarelix: In January 2007, we initiated a Phase 2b study of ozarelix for the treatment of benign prostatic hypertrophy, or BPH, after the FDA accepted our IND and approved the study protocol.

4. Commitments and Contingencies**Facility and Equipment Leases**

As of March 31, 2007, we were obligated under a facility lease and several operating equipment leases.

Minimum lease requirements for each of the next five years and thereafter, under the property and equipment operating leases, are as follows:

Year ending December 31:	Lease Commitments Amounts In Thousands
2007 (Remainder of Year)	\$ 357
2008	494
2009	253
2010	5
2011	
Thereafter	\$ 1,109

Table of Contents

SPECTRUM PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
March 31, 2007
(Unaudited)

Licensing Agreements

Almost all of our proprietary drug product candidates are being developed pursuant to license agreements, which provide us with rights to certain territories to, among other things, develop, sublicense, and sell the drugs. With regard to one of our proprietary drug product candidates, satraplatin, we have out-licensed our rights to GPC Biotech. We are required to use commercially reasonable efforts to develop the drugs, are generally responsible for all development, patent filing and maintenance costs, sales, marketing and liability insurance costs, and are generally contingently obligated to make milestone payments to the licensors if we successfully reach development and regulatory milestones specified in the agreements. In addition, we are obligated to pay royalties and, in some cases, milestone payments based on net sales, if any, after marketing approval is obtained from regulatory authorities. We have no similar milestone or other payment obligations in connection with our generic drug products, however, Par Pharmaceutical Companies, Inc. is responsible for marketing our generic sumatriptan injection product and we will share the profits.

The potential contingent development and regulatory milestone obligations under all our licensing agreements are generally tied to progress through the FDA approval process, which approval significantly depends on positive clinical trial results. The following list is typical of milestone events: conclusion of Phase 2 or commencement of Phase 3 clinical trials, filing of new drug applications in each of the United States, Europe and Japan, and approvals from each of the regulatory agencies in those jurisdictions.

Given the uncertainty of the drug development process, we are unable to predict with any certainty when any of the milestones will occur. Accordingly, the milestone payments represent contingent obligations that will be recorded as expense when the milestone is achieved. In connection with the development of in-licensed drug products, we anticipate certain milestones will be achieved over the next twelve months. If the anticipated milestones are achieved, we will likely become obligated to issue up to 330,000 shares of our common stock and pay up to approximately \$4 million in cash during the twelve-month period and will simultaneously have the right to receive approximately \$10 million from the same milestones. If all of our contingent milestones were achieved, our potential contingent cash development and regulatory milestone obligations, aggregating approximately \$48 million as of March 31, 2007, would be due approximately as follows: \$4 million in less than 1 year; \$3 million between 1 and 3 years; \$20 million between 3 and 5 years; and \$21 million after 5 years.

Service Agreements

In connection with the research and development of our drug products, we have entered into contracts with numerous third party service providers, such as clinical trial centers, clinical research organizations, data monitoring centers, and with drug formulation, development and testing laboratories. The financial terms of these agreements are varied and generally obligate us to pay in stages, depending on achievement of certain events specified in the agreements, such as contract execution, reservation of service or production capacity, actual performance of service, or the successful accrual and dosing of patients. As of each period end, we accrue for all non-cancelable installment amounts that we are likely to become obligated to pay.

Employment Agreements

We have entered into employment agreements with two of our named executive officers, Dr. Shrotriya, President and Chief Executive Officer, and Dr. Lenaz, Chief Scientific Officer, expiring December 31, 2007 and July 1, 2008, respectively. The employment agreements automatically renew for a one-year term unless either party gives written notice of such party's intent not to renew the agreement at least 90 days prior to the commencement of the next year. The employment agreements require each officer to devote his full working time and effort to the business and affairs of the Company during the term of the agreement. The employment agreements provide for a minimum annual base salary with annual increases, periodic bonuses and option grants as determined by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors and provide for severance payments, and accelerated vesting of options, upon termination of employment under certain circumstances.

Table of Contents

SPECTRUM PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
March 31, 2007
(Unaudited)

Litigation

At March 31, 2007, we were in dispute with GPC Biotech. In December 2006, we filed a demand for arbitration to address our exclusion from participating in sublicense income received by GPC Biotech, and to other non-monetary violations of our license agreement with GPC Biotech, and GPC Biotech answered and counterclaimed. The three arbitration panel members have been selected and have met. We are currently in fact discovery. The arbitration hearing has been set for July 6 to July 13, 2007 and will take place in Boston, Massachusetts.

It is not possible to determine with any degree of certainty the ultimate outcome of the arbitration. Since an adverse outcome is considered to be remote, no loss contingency has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements. Conversely, no gain contingency has been recorded in the event we are successful in our demands.

Table of Contents

SPECTRUM PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
March 31, 2007
(Unaudited)

We are party to various other legal proceedings arising from the ordinary course of business. Although the ultimate resolution of these various proceedings cannot be determined at this time, we do not believe that such proceedings, individually or in the aggregate, will have a material adverse effect on our future consolidated results of operations, cash flows or financial condition.

5. Stockholders Equity***Common Stock Reserved for Future Issuance***

As of March 31, 2007, approximately 16 million shares of common stock were issuable upon conversion or exercise of rights granted under prior financing arrangements and stock options and warrants, as follows:

Conversion of Series D preferred shares	204,891
Conversion of Series E preferred shares	340,000
Exercise of stock options	5,302,352
Exercise of warrants	9,782,747
Total shares of common stock reserved for future issuances	15,629,990

Stock-Based Compensation

As of March 31, 2007, approximately 1.9 million incentive awards were available for grant under our stock-based incentive award plans. Stock-based awards generally vest over periods up to four years and have a ten-year life.

Below is a summary of activity, for all of our stock-based incentive award plans, during the three-month period ended March 31, 2007:

Stock Options:

During the three-month period ended March 31, 2007, the Compensation Committee granted stock options at exercise prices equal to or greater than the quoted price of our common stock on the grant dates. The weighted average grant date fair value of stock options granted during the quarter ended March 31, 2007 was estimated at approximately \$3.46, using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: dividend yield of 0%; expected volatility of 67.9%; risk free interest rate of 4.7%; and an expected life of five years.

	Common Stock Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Term (In Years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (In Thousands)
Outstanding at beginning of year	4,640,252	\$ 5.86		
Granted	662,200	\$ 5.73		
Expired	(100)	\$ 112.50		
Forfeited		\$		
Exercised		\$		
Outstanding, at the end of period	5,302,352	\$ 5.84	7.74	\$ 5,921

Vested and expected to vest, at end of period	5,116,008	\$ 5.85	7.70	\$ 5,749
Exercisable, at the end of period	3,438,915	\$ 5.91	7.14	\$ 4,199

13

Table of Contents

SPECTRUM PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
March 31, 2007
(Unaudited)

The aggregate intrinsic value in the table above represents the total difference between the Company's closing common stock price on March 31, 2007 and the exercise price, multiplied by the number of all in-the-money options, that would have been received by the option holders had all option holders exercised their options on March 31, 2007. This amount changes based on the fair market value of the Company's common stock.

During the three-month period ended March 31, 2007, the stock-based charge in connection with the expensing of stock options was \$1.2 million. As of March 31, 2007, there was \$6.8 million of unrecognized stock-based compensation cost related to stock options which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.56 years.

Restricted Stock:

	Restricted Stock Awards	Weighted Average Grant date Fair Value
Nonvested at beginning of period	146,250	\$ 4.25
Granted		
Vested	(48,750)	\$ 4.25
Nonvested at the end of period	97,500	\$ 4.25

The fair value of restricted stock awards is the grant date quoted market price of our stock, and is charged to expense over the period of vesting. These awards are subject to forfeiture to the extent that the recipient's service is terminated prior to the shares becoming vested.

During the three-month period ended March 31, 2007, the stock-based charge in connection with the expensing of restricted stock awards was \$50,000. As of March 31, 2007, there was \$359,000 of unrecognized stock-based compensation cost related to nonvested restricted stock awards, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.76 years.

401(k) Plan Matching Contribution:

In January 2007, we issued 5,628 shares of common stock as the Company's match of approximately \$31,000 on the 401(k) contributions of its employees accrued in the fourth quarter of 2006. As of March 31, 2007, we accrued approximately \$54,000 in connection with the Company's match for 2007 through that date; and in April 2007, we issued 8,686 shares of common stock as the Company's match.

Warrants Activity

We typically issue warrants to purchase shares of our common stock to investors as part of a financing transaction, or in connection with services rendered by placement agents and consultants. Our outstanding warrants expire on varying dates through September 2013. Below is a summary of warrant activity during the three-month period ended March 31, 2007:

Common Stock Warrants	Weighted Average Exercise Price
--------------------------------------	--

Outstanding at beginning of period	9,917,077	\$ 6.71
Granted		
Repurchased		
Exercised	(102,263)	\$ 3.26
Forfeited		
Expired	(32,068)	\$ 68.59
Outstanding, at the end of period	9,782,747	\$ 6.54
Exercisable, at the end of period	9,647,747	\$ 6.56

Table of Contents

SPECTRUM PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations
Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, in reliance upon the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements include statements regarding our future product development activities and costs, the revenue potential (licensing, royalty and sales) of our product candidates, the safety and efficacy of our drug products, the timing and likelihood of achieving development milestones and product revenues, the sufficiency of our capital resources, and other statements containing forward-looking words, such as, believes, may, could, will, expects, intends, estimates, anticipates, plans, seeks, or continues. Such forward-looking statements are based on the best information known to the Company's management as well as assumptions made by and information currently available to the Company's management. Readers should not put undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are inherently subject to risks and uncertainties, some of which cannot be predicted or quantified; therefore, our actual results may differ materially from those described in any forward-looking statements. Factors that might cause such a difference include, but are not limited to, those discussed below, including under Risk Factors as well as those discussed in our periodic reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission including our Annual Report on Form 10-K. These factors include, but are not limited to:

our ability to successfully develop, obtain regulatory approvals for and market our products;

our ability to generate and maintain sufficient cash resources to fund our business;

our ability to enter into strategic alliances with partners for manufacturing, development and commercialization;

our ability to identify new product candidates;

the timing or results of pending or future clinical trials;

competition in the marketplace for our generic drugs;

actions by the FDA and other regulatory agencies;

demand and market acceptance for our approved products; and

the effect of changing economic conditions.

We do not plan to update any such forward-looking statements and expressly disclaim any duty to update the information contained in this report except as required by law.

You should read the following discussion of the financial condition and results of our operations in conjunction with the condensed consolidated financial statements and the notes to those financial statements included in Item 1 of Part 1 of this report.

Overview

We are a biopharmaceutical company that acquires and advances a diversified portfolio of drug candidates, with a focus on oncology, urology and other critical health challenges for which there are few other treatment options. Our expertise lies in identifying undervalued drugs with demonstrated safety and efficacy, and adding value through further clinical development and selection of the most viable methods of commercialization. We currently have ten drugs in development, including five in late stage clinical development.

In general, we direct and pay for all aspects of the drug development process, and consequently incur the risks and rewards of drug development, which is an inherently uncertain process. To mitigate such risks we enter into alliances

where we believe that our partners can provide strategic advantage in the development, manufacturing or distribution of our drugs. In such situations, the alliance partners may share in the risks and rewards of the drug development and commercialization.

Table of Contents

SPECTRUM PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

Business Outlook

Our primary business focus for 2007, and beyond, will be to continue to acquire, develop and commercialize a portfolio of marketable prescription drug products with a mix of near-term and long-term revenue potential. Key developments anticipated in the next 12 to 18 months are:

Satraplatin: In February 2007, submission of an NDA with the FDA was completed. In April 2007, the FDA accepted the NDA with priority review. This triggered a milestone payable by our partner GPC Biotech to us of \$4 million. We paid Johnson Matthey \$500,000 upon submission of the completed NDA filing and are obligated to pay an additional \$500,000 upon acceptance of the NDA by the FDA. A European marketing application is expected to be filed in the first half of 2007. GPC Biotech has initiated additional studies in other indications.

Levofolinic acid, or LFA: During the three-month period ended March 31, 2007, we continued progression toward submitting a response, in 2007, to certain chemistry and manufacturing questions raised by the FDA during the review of the NDA for LFA for osteogenic sarcoma.

EOquin[®]: In February 2007, we completed patient accrual in a pilot safety study that was requested by the FDA. In this study, EOquin was found to be well tolerated when administered to patients immediately following surgery for noninvasive bladder cancer in clinical results to date. In March 2007, we received approval by the FDA of a Special Protocol Assessment, or SPA. The EOquin SPA calls for two double-blind, placebo-controlled, randomized Phase 3 clinical studies, each with 562-patients with Ta G1 G2 non-invasive bladder cancer. Patients will be randomized in a one-to-one ratio to EOquin or placebo. The primary endpoint will be a statistically significant difference ($p < 0.05$) in the rate of tumor recurrence between the two treatment groups by year two.

Ozarelix: In January 2007, the FDA accepted our IND application for ozarelix in BPH and also approved the protocol for a Phase 2b study of ozarelix for the treatment of BPH. The Phase 2b study is a randomized, placebo-controlled trial of ozarelix involving approximately 75 men suffering from BPH. In this trial, the men will be dosed with 15 mg of ozarelix or placebo on day 1 and day 15 and will be followed for efficacy for a minimum of twelve weeks. The study will evaluate safety and assess the clinical efficacy of ozarelix as a treatment for BPH. The primary endpoint of the study will be the improvement of BPH symptoms as measured by the IPSS, the standard method of assessing BPH symptoms. The study will also measure urine flow, residual urine volume and quality of life. On May 1, we announced completion of patient enrollment in this study. Data from this trial is expected to be available in the second half of 2007. Safety and efficacy data from this trial will be used to support an NDA for ozarelix. We anticipate commencing a Phase 3 clinical trial in BPH in 2007, or soon thereafter.

Sumatriptan injection: In November 2006, we reached an agreement with GSK to settle the patent litigation relating to sumatriptan injection. The terms of the agreement provide that we may exclusively distribute authorized generic versions of certain sumatriptan injection products in the United States with an expected launch during GSK's sumatriptan pediatric exclusivity period, which begins on August 6, 2008, but with the launch occurring not later than November 6, 2008. We will launch sumatriptan injection through Par Pharmaceuticals Co., our partner for the sale and distribution of the drug.

We plan to continue to fund the development, including preclinical testing and clinical trials, of lucanthone, elsamitucin, RenaZorb[®], SPI-1620 and SPI-205.

We expect to continue to evaluate additional promising drug product candidates for acquisition or license.

Table of Contents

SPECTRUM PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

Financial Condition

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our current business operations do not generate sufficient operating cash to finance the clinical development of our drug product candidates. Our cumulative losses, since inception in 1987 through March 31, 2007, have exceeded \$200 million. We expect to continue to incur significant additional losses as we implement our growth strategy of developing marketable drug products for at least the next several years unless they are offset, if at all, by licensing revenues under our license agreement with GPC Biotech or from the out-license or product sales of any of our other products.

We believe that the approximately \$45 million in cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities that we had on hand as of March 31, 2007, will allow us to fund our current planned operations for at least the next twelve months. In the near-term we are likely to seek additional capital in order to develop our portfolio of drugs. Our long-term strategy is to generate profits from the sale and licensing of our proprietary drug products. In the next several years, we anticipate supplementing our cash position with licensing and royalties revenues under our license agreement with GPC Biotech, licensing revenues from out-licensing our other proprietary products and profits from the sale by Par of the authorized generic versions of certain sumatriptan injection products.

However, if we are unable to generate the revenues necessary to finance our operations long-term, we may have to seek additional capital through the sale of our equity, which we may issue at any time, as appropriate. Our operations have historically been financed by the issuance of capital stock. To this effect, we have on file a shelf registration statement with approximately \$31 million available for the sale of our securities. In addition, we could receive a significant amount of cash from the exercise of outstanding warrants and options, if the price of our common stock appreciates. It is generally difficult to fund pharmaceutical research and development via borrowings due to the significant expenses involved, lack of revenues sufficient to service debt and the significant inherent uncertainty as to results of research and the timing of those results.

As described elsewhere in this report, including in Item 1A Risk Factors, as well as the risk factors in our 2006 Annual Report on Form 10-K, our drug development efforts are subject to the considerable uncertainty inherent in any new drug development. Due to the uncertainties involved in progressing through clinical trials, and the time and cost involved in obtaining regulatory approval and in establishing collaborative arrangements, among other factors, we cannot reasonably estimate the timing and ultimate aggregate cost of developing each of our drug product candidates, and are similarly unable to reasonably estimate when, if ever, we will realize material net cash inflows from our proprietary drug product candidates. Accordingly, the following discussion of our current assessment of the need for cash to fund our operations may prove too optimistic and our assessment of expenditures may prove inadequate.

Our expenditures for research and development consist of direct product specific costs (such as upfront license fees, milestone payments, active pharmaceutical ingredients, clinical trials, patent related legal costs, and product liability insurance, among others) and non-product specific, or indirect, costs. During the three-month period ended March 31, 2007, our total research and development expenditure, excluding stock-based charges of approximately \$826,000, was approximately \$5 million, consisting of approximately \$3 million in direct costs. The principal components of such direct expenses were direct costs related to ozarelix approximately \$900,000, EOquin approximately \$800,000, a satraplatin milestone \$500,000, and LFA approximately \$400,000.

While we are currently focused on advancing each of our product development programs, we anticipate that we will make determinations as to which programs, if any, to pursue and how much funding to direct to each program on an ongoing basis in response to the scientific and clinical success of each product candidate, as well as an ongoing assessment as to the product candidate's commercial potential.

In addition to our present portfolio of drug product candidates, we continually evaluate proprietary products for acquisition. If we are successful in acquiring rights to additional products, we may pay up-front licensing fees in cash and our research and development expenditures would likely increase.

Under our various existing licensing agreements, we are contingently obligated to make milestone payments. In connection with the development of certain in-licensed drug products, we anticipate the occurrence of certain of these milestones over the next twelve months. Upon successful achievement of these milestones, we will likely become obligated to pay up to approximately \$4 million in cash and issue up to 330,000 shares of our common stock during

the next twelve months and will simultaneously have the right to receive approximately \$10 million from the same milestones.

Table of Contents

SPECTRUM PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

Net Cash used in Operating Activities

During the three-month period ended March 31, 2007, the net cash used in operations was approximately \$5.5 million, net of interest income of approximately \$0.6 million.

Our anticipated use of cash for operations in fiscal 2007, excluding the cost of in-licensing additional drugs, if any, is expected to approximate \$25 million. This estimate is subject to considerable uncertainty, and is dependent on the following key factors: approval of satraplatin by FDA, and subsequent successful launch by GPC Biotech, continued positive results from our preclinical studies, the final results from current phase 2 study data, the outcome of discussions with the FDA regarding our planned phase 3 clinical trials and the initiation of clinical trials as anticipated. Further, while we do not receive any funding from third parties for research and development that we conduct, our estimated costs could be mitigated should we enter into co-development agreements for any of our drug product candidates.

Net Cash provided by Investing Activities

While cash preservation is our primary investment goal, in order to maximize the interest yield on our investments, we invest our cash in a variety of investments pending its use in our business. During the three-month period ended March 31, 2007, we utilized Lehman Brothers as our primary cash manager. Net cash provided by investing activities was approximately \$4.8 million during the three-month period ended March 31, 2007, and resulted primarily from conversion of marketable securities to cash for use in operations.

Net Cash provided by and used for Financing Activities

During the three-month period ended March 31, 2007, we received approximately \$333,000 from the exercise of warrants for 102,263 shares of our common stock.

Results of Operations

Results of Operations for the three-month period ended March 31, 2007 Compared to the three-month period ended March 31, 2006

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2007, we incurred a net loss of approximately \$7.9 million compared to a net loss of approximately \$5.9 million in the three-month period ended March 31, 2006. The increase of \$2.0 million in the net loss was primarily due to increases in research and development expenses, and increased legal expenses.

We had no revenues during the three-month period ended March 31, 2006. During the three-month period ended March 31, 2007, we had \$343,000 of revenues representing amounts received from the GPC Biotech under our license agreement for commissions on drug products used by GPC Biotech in clinical trials and for commercial launch. The timing and amount of future commissions is neither predictable nor assured.

Research and development expenses increased approximately \$1.3 million, from approximately \$3.7 million in the three-month period ended March 31, 2006 to approximately \$5.0 million in the three-month period ended March 31, 2007, due to the expanded scope of our research and development activities, including an increase in the number of personnel in preparation for the commencement of a phase 3 trial for EOquin, which is expected to initiate shortly. Approximately \$500,000 of the increase is attributable to the payment of a milestone payable upon the filing of the NDA for satraplatin.

General and administrative expenses increased by approximately \$1.1 million, from approximately \$1.4 million in the three-month period ended March 31, 2006 to approximately \$2.5 million in the three-month period ended March 31, 2007, primarily due to increased legal expenses resulting from the dispute with GPC Biotech, described elsewhere in this report.

Table of Contents**SPECTRUM PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.**

Stock-based charges changed minimally decreasing from approximately \$1.4 million in the three-month period ended March 31, 2006 to approximately \$1.3 million in the three-month period ended March 31, 2007, and represent the non-cash charges resulting from our adoption of SFAS 123(R), effective January 1, 2006.

Other income consisted of net interest income of approximately \$0.6 million for each of the three-month periods ended March 31, 2007 and March 31, 2006.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

None.

Contractual and Commercial Obligations

The following table summarizes our contractual and other commitments, including obligations under facility and equipment leases, as of March 31, 2007 (in thousands):

	Total	Less than 1 Year	1-3 Years	3-5 Years	After 5 Years
Contractual Obligations (1)					
Capital Lease Obligations (2)					
Operating Lease Obligations (3)	\$ 1,109	\$ 478	\$ 631		
Purchase Obligations (4)	7,878	7,146	717	15	
Contingent Milestone Obligations (5)	47,859	3,972	3,062	19,725	21,100
Total	\$56,846	\$11,596	\$4,410	\$19,740	\$21,100

(1) The table of contractual and commercial obligations excludes contingent payments that we may become obligated to pay upon the occurrence of future events whose outcome is not readily predictable.

(2) As of March 31, 2007, we had no capital lease obligations.

- (3) The operating lease obligations are primarily the facility lease for our corporate office, which extends through June 2009.
- (4) Purchase Obligations represent the amount of open purchase orders and contractual commitments to vendors, for products and services that have not been delivered, or rendered, as of March 31, 2007.
- (5) Milestone Obligations are payable contingent upon successfully reaching certain development and regulatory milestones. While the amounts included in the table above represent all of our potential cash development and regulatory milestone obligations as of March 31, 2007, given the unpredictability of the drug development process, and the impossibility of

predicting the success of current and future clinical trials, the timelines estimated above do not represent a forecast of when payment milestones will actually be reached, if at all. Rather, they assume that all development and regulatory milestones under all of our license agreements are successfully met, and represent our best estimates of the timelines. In the event that the milestones are met, we believe it is likely that the increase in the potential value of the related drug product will significantly exceed the amount of the milestone obligation.

Table of Contents**SPECTRUM PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.****Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. The estimation process requires assumptions to be made about future events and conditions, and as such, is inherently subjective and uncertain. Actual results could differ materially from our estimates. On an on-going basis, we evaluate our estimates, including cash requirements, by assessing: planned research and development activities and general and administrative requirements, required clinical trial activity, market need for our drug candidates and other major business assumptions.

The SEC defines critical accounting policies as those that are, in management's view, most important to the portrayal of our financial condition and results of operations and most demanding of our judgment. We consider the following policies to be critical to an understanding of our consolidated financial statements and the uncertainties associated with the complex judgments made by us that could impact our results of operations, financial position and cash flows.

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Marketable Securities

Cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities primarily consist of bank checking deposits, short-term treasury securities, and institutional money market funds, corporate debt and equity, municipal obligations, including market auction debt securities, government agency notes, and certificates of deposit. We classify highly liquid short-term investments, with insignificant interest rate risk and maturities of 90 days or less at the time of acquisition, as cash and cash equivalents. Other investments, which do not meet the above definition of cash equivalents, are classified as either held-to-maturity or available-for-sale marketable securities, in accordance with the provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, Statement, or SFAS, No. 115, Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities. Investments that we intend to hold for more than one year are classified as long-term investments.

Patents and Licenses

We own or license all the intellectual property that forms the basis of our business model. We expense all licensing and patent application costs as they are incurred.

Revenue Recognition

We follow the provisions as set forth by current accounting rules, which primarily include Staff Accounting Bulletin (SAB) 104, *Revenue Recognition*, and Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) No. 00-21, *Accounting for Revenue Arrangements with Multiple Deliverables*. Generally, revenue is recognized when evidence of an arrangement exists, delivery has occurred or services have been rendered, the price is fixed and determinable, and collectibility is reasonably assured.

Up-front fees representing non-refundable payments received upon the execution of licensing or other agreements are recognized as revenue upon execution of the agreements where we have no significant future performance obligations and collectibility of the fees is reasonably assured. Milestone payments, which are generally based on developmental or regulatory events, are recognized as revenue when the milestones are achieved, collectibility is reasonably assured, and we have no significant future performance obligations in connection with the milestone. In those instances where we have collected fees or milestone payments but have significant future performance obligations related to the development of the drug product, we record deferred revenue and recognize it over the period of our future obligations.

Revenue from sales of product is recognized upon shipment of product when title and risk of loss have transferred to the customer, and provisions for estimates, including promotional adjustments, price adjustments, returns, and other potential adjustments are reasonably determinable. Such revenue is recorded, net of such estimated provisions, at the minimum amount of the customer's obligation to us. We state the related accounts receivable at net realizable value, with any allowance for doubtful accounts charged to general operating expenses.

Research and Development

Research and development expenses are comprised of the following types of costs incurred in performing research and development activities: personnel expenses, facility costs, contract services, license fees and milestone payments, costs of clinical trials, laboratory supplies and drug products, and allocations of corporate costs. We expense all research and development activity costs in the period incurred. We review and accrue clinical study expenses based on factors such as estimates of work performed, patient enrollment, completion of patient studies

Table of Contents**SPECTRUM PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.**

and other events. Accrued clinical study costs are subject to revisions as trials progress to completion. Revisions are charged to expense in the period in which the facts that give rise to the revision become known.

Accounting for Stock-Based Employee Compensation

Effective January 1, 2006, we adopted SFAS No. 123(R), *Share-Based Payment*, using the modified prospective method, and, accordingly, we did not restate the consolidated statements of operations for periods prior to January 1, 2006. This pronouncement amended SFAS No. 123, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation*, and superseded Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinion No. 25, *Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees*. Under SFAS No. 123(R), we measure compensation cost for all stock-based awards at fair value on the date of grant and recognize compensation expense in our consolidated statements of operations over the service period that the awards are expected to vest. As permitted under SFAS No. 123(R), we have elected to recognize compensation cost for all options with graded vesting on a straight-line basis over the vesting period of the entire option.

In estimating the fair value of stock-based compensation, we use the quoted market price of our common stock for stock awards, and the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model for stock options and warrants. We estimate future volatility based on past volatility of our common stock, and we estimate the expected length of options based on several criteria, including the vesting period of the grant and the expected volatility.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In July 2006, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109* (FIN 48). FIN 48 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes by prescribing the recognition threshold a tax position is required to meet before being recognized in the financial statements. It also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure, and transition. FIN 48 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006 and is required to be adopted in 2007. We do not expect the adoption of FIN 48 to have a material impact on our financial statements.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements* (SFAS 157). SFAS 157 provides guidance for using fair value to measure assets and liabilities. It also responds to investors' requests for expanded information about the extent to which companies measure assets and liabilities at fair value, the information used to measure fair value, and the effect of fair value measurements on earnings. SFAS 157 applies whenever other standards required (or permit) assets or liabilities to be measured at fair value, and does not expand the use of fair value in any new circumstances. SFAS 157 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. We are currently evaluating the effect that the adoption of SFAS 157 will have on our consolidated results of operations and financial condition and are not yet in a position to determine such effects.

In September 2006, the Securities and Exchange Commission issued Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 108 (SAB 108), *Considering the Effects of Prior Year Misstatements when Quantifying Misstatements in Current Year Financial Statements*. SAB 108 provides guidance on the consideration of the effects of prior year misstatements in quantifying current year misstatements for the purpose of a materiality assessment. SAB 108 establishes an approach that requires quantification of financial statement errors based on the effects on the Company's balance sheet and statement of operations and the related financial statement disclosures. SAB 108 is effective for 2007. We do not expect the adoption of SAB 108 to have a material impact on our financial statements.

ITEM 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

We are exposed to certain market risks associated with interest rate fluctuations and credit risk on our cash equivalents and marketable securities, which investments are entered into for purposes other than trading. The primary objective of our investment activities is to preserve principal, while at the same time maximizing yields without significantly increasing risk. We do not utilize hedging contracts or similar instruments.

Table of Contents

SPECTRUM PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

Our primary exposures relate to (1) interest rate risk on our investment portfolio, and (2) credit risk of the companies' bonds in which we invest. We manage interest rate risk on our investment portfolio by matching scheduled investment maturities with our cash requirements.

Our investments as of March 31, 2007 are primarily in floating rate securities, short-term government securities and money market accounts. Because of our ability to redeem these investments at par with short notice, changes in interest rates would have an immaterial effect on the fair value of these investments. If a 10% change in interest rates were to have occurred on March 31, 2007, any decline in the fair value of our investments would not be material. In addition, we are exposed to certain market risks associated with credit ratings of corporations whose corporate bonds we may purchase from time to time. If these companies were to experience a significant detrimental change in their credit ratings, the fair market value of such corporate bonds may significantly decrease. If these companies were to default on these corporate bonds, we may lose part or all of our principal. We believe that we effectively manage this market risk by diversifying our investments, and selecting securities that generally have third party insurance coverage in the event of default by the issuer.

In addition, we are exposed to foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations relating to payments we make to vendors, suppliers and license partners using foreign currencies. In particular, we have foreign expenses associated with our ongoing clinical studies in Europe, where some of our obligations are incurred in Euros. We mitigate such risk by maintaining a limited portion of our cash in Euros. Although fluctuations in exchange rates have an effect on our payment obligations, such fluctuations have not had a material impact on our financial condition or results of operations as of or for the three-month period ended March 31, 2007.

ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures

We have established disclosure controls and procedures (as such terms are defined in Rules 13(a)-15(e) and 15(d)-15(e)) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act), that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our Exchange Act reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer (our principal executive officer) and Vice President Finance (our principal financial officer), as appropriate, to allow for timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, our management is required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures. Our disclosure controls and procedures are designed to provide a reasonable level of assurance of reaching our desired disclosure control objectives.

As required by SEC Rule 13a-15(b), we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Principal Executive Officer and our Principal Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of March 31, 2007, the end of the period covered by this report, or the Evaluation Date. Based on the foregoing, our Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective and were operating at the reasonable assurance level as of the Evaluation Date.

There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting during our most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Table of Contents

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings

Arbitration with GPC Biotech

On December 12, 2006, we filed a Demand for Arbitration with the American Arbitration Association against GPC Biotech AG (GPC Biotech) to address our exclusion from participating in sublicense fee income received by GPC Biotech, and to other non-monetary violations of our Co-Development and License Agreement, dated September 30, 2002, for satraplatin (the License Agreement).

In our March 29, 2007 Consolidated and Amended Demand for Arbitration and Answer to GPC Biotech's Statement of Counterclaim (the Amended Demand), we allege that GPC Biotech's material defaults of the License Agreement include (a) refusing, since December 2005, to pay us our share of \$59.3 million in sublicense fee payments to be received by GPC Biotech from its European sublicensee, Pharmion GmbH; (b) refusing to negotiate in good faith over a co-promotion arrangement for the sale and marketing of satraplatin in the U.S.; (c) failing to acknowledge our license in GPC Biotech's publicity materials, investor communications, and other literature; (d) failing on numerous occasions to provide notice to and to seek our advance input regarding proposed satraplatin-related public communications; (e) failing to use commercially reasonable endeavors to obtain regulatory approvals in Japan; (f) failing to timely provide us with copies of all FDA submissions and correspondence; and (g) other actions taken in disregard of GPC Biotech's obligations. As a result, in the Amended Demand, we seek, inter alia, an award (1) declaring that we may terminate the License Agreement; (2) ordering GPC Biotech to pay us damages in an amount no less than \$11.86 million, plus interest; (3) ordering GPC Biotech to provide us with a full accounting of all supply purchases and other transactions giving rise to obligations to make payments to us; and (4) damages, interest, double or treble damages, and attorneys' fees and costs.

GPC Biotech filed an Answer to our Amended Demand, denying the allegations therein. Additionally, as part of its initial Answer to our original Demand, GPC Biotech filed a Statement of Counterclaim. In its Statement of Counterclaim, GPC Biotech alleges that it did not materially breach the License Agreement and that our notice of default, attempted termination, and filing of the Arbitration were made in bad faith and constitute a material breach of the License Agreement. Accordingly, GPC Biotech seeks, inter alia, (1) a declaration that it has not defaulted and is not in default of any material obligation under the License Agreement; (2) a declaration that our alleged bad-faith misconduct discharges GPC Biotech of any duty to further negotiate a co-promotion agreement for satraplatin in the United States; (3) a perpetual, paid-up, royalty-free worldwide license to satraplatin; (4) damages, double or treble damages, and attorneys' fees and costs. In our initial and amended Answer to GPC Biotech's Statement of Counterclaim, we denied the material allegations of the Counterclaim and have alleged that the Counterclaim is baseless and should be denied in its entirety.

A three member arbitration panel has been selected and has met. We are currently in fact discovery. The arbitration hearing has been set for July 6 to July 13, 2007, in Boston, Massachusetts.

No assurance can be given as to whether we will prevail with respect to this arbitration.

Other

We are involved in various other legal proceedings arising from the ordinary course of business.

ITEM IA. Risk Factors

RISK FACTORS

An investment in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. Our business, financial condition, operating results and prospects can be impacted by a number of factors, any one of which could cause our actual results to differ materially from recent results or from our anticipated future results. As a result, the trading price of our common stock could decline, and you could lose a part or all of your investment. You should carefully consider the risks described below with all of the other information included in this Quarterly Report. For discussion of some of our potential risks or uncertainties, refer to Part I, Item 1A., Risk Factors, included in our Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006 as filed with the SEC. The following risk factors are the only material changes to the risk factors described in the Form 10-K.

Risks Related to Our Business

An adverse outcome in the arbitration proceedings with GPC Biotech may hurt our financial and strategic prospects.

We are currently in arbitration with GPC Biotech as described in Part II, Item 1 Legal Proceedings. The arbitration panel may rule against us on our demand and/or may rule in favor of GPC Biotech on its counterclaim, which could cause us significant financial and strategic harm, including if GPC Biotech does not have to negotiate in good faith with us for a co-promotion agreement and/or GPC Biotech does not have to pay us milestone payments and royalties. In addition, GPC Biotech has taken the position that the fact we are currently in arbitration with them makes negotiation over a co-promotion agreement no longer tenable, and that further negotiations would neither be appropriate nor productive.

The size of the market for our potential products is uncertain.

We often provide estimates of the number of people who suffer from the diseases that are drugs are targeting. However, there is limited information available regarding the actual size of these patient populations. In addition, it is uncertain whether the results from previous or future clinical trials of drug candidates will be observed in broader patient populations, and the number of patients who may benefit from our drug candidates may be significantly smaller than the estimated patient populations.

Table of Contents

SPECTRUM PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

ITEM 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

On January 30, 2007, a warrant was exercised by an institutional investor for the purchase of 45,802 shares of our common stock for cash consideration of \$137,406. We believe the sale of the shares was exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the Securities Act), pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act. We made no solicitation in connection with the exercise of the warrant; we obtained representations from the holder regarding its status as an accredited investor; and the holder had access to adequate information about us in order to make an informed investment decision. No underwriting discounts or commissions were paid in conjunction with the issuance.

On April 16, 2007, we issued 207,957 shares of our common stock upon the conversion of 48 shares of our Series D 8% Cumulative Convertible Voting Preferred Stock by an institutional investor, at a conversion price of \$2.35 per share. The shares of our common stock were issued without registration under the Act, in reliance upon the exemption from registration provided under Section 3(a)(9) of the Act. We received no additional consideration for this conversion.

ITEM 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None

ITEM 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

None

ITEM 5. Other Information (not previously reported in a Form 8-K)

None

Table of Contents

SPECTRUM PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

ITEM 6. Exhibits

Exhibit No.	Description
4.1	Amendment No. 2 dated as of March 26, 2007, to Warrant issued by the Registrant to a consultant, dated as of September 17, 2003. (Filed as Exhibit 4.1 to Form 10-K/A, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 30, 2007, and incorporated herein by reference.)
10.1	Second Amendment to the License Agreement by and between Registrant and Johnson Matthey PLC dated February 23, 2007. (Filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Form 8-K, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 2, 2007, and incorporated herein by reference.)
31.1+	Certification of Principal Executive Officer, pursuant to Rule 13a-14 promulgated under the Exchange Act, as created by Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2+	Certification of Principal Financial Officer, pursuant to Rule 13a-14 promulgated under the Exchange Act, as created by Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1+	Certification of Principal Executive Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as created by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2+	Certification of Principal Financial Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as created by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

+ Filed herewith.

Table of Contents

**SPECTRUM PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.
SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

SPECTRUM PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

Date: May 2, 2007

By: /s/ Shyam K. Kumaria

Shyam K. Kumaria, Vice President,
Finance (Authorized Signatory and
Principal Financial Officer)

26

Table of Contents

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No.	Description
4.1	Amendment No. 2 dated as of March 26, 2007, to Warrant issued by the Registrant to a consultant, dated as of September 17, 2003. (Filed as Exhibit 4.1 to Form 10-K/A, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 30, 2007, and incorporated herein by reference.)
10.1	Second Amendment to the License Agreement by and between Registrant and Johnson Matthey PLC dated February 23, 2007. (Filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Form 8-K, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 2, 2007, and incorporated herein by reference.)
31.1+	Certification of Principal Executive Officer, pursuant to Rule 13a-14 promulgated under the Exchange Act, as created by Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2+	Certification of Principal Financial Officer, pursuant to Rule 13a-14 promulgated under the Exchange Act, as created by Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1+	Certification of Principal Executive Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as created by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2+	Certification of Principal Financial Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as created by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

+ Filed herewith.