MUNI INTERMEDIATE DURATION FUND INC

Form N-CSR August 01, 2006

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM N-CSR

CERTIFIED SHAREHOLDER REPORT OF REGISTERED MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANIES

Investment Company Act file number 811-21348

Name of Fund: Muni Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc.

Fund Address: P.O. Box 9011

Princeton, NJ 08543-9011

Name and address of agent for service: Robert C. Doll, Jr., Chief Executive Officer, Muni Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc., 800 Scudders Mill Road, Plainsboro, NJ, 08536. Mailing address: P.O. Box 9011, Princeton, NJ, 08543-9011

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (609) 282-2800

Date of fiscal year end: 05/31/06

Date of reporting period: 06/01/05 - 05/31/06

Item 1 - Report to Stockholders

Annual Reports May 31, 2006

Muni Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc.

Muni New York Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc.

(BULL LOGO) Merrill Lynch Investment Managers www.mlim.ml.com

Mercury Advisors A Division of Merrill Lynch Investment Managers www.mercury.ml.com

These reports, including the financial information herein, are transmitted to shareholders of Muni Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc. and Muni New York Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc. for their information. This is not a prospectus. The Funds have leveraged their Common Stock and intend to remain leveraged by issuing Preferred Stock to provide the Common Stock shareholders with potentially higher rates of return. Leverage creates risks for Common Stock shareholders, including the likelihood of greater volatility of net asset value and market price of shares of the Common Stock, and the risk that fluctuations in the short-term dividend rates of the Preferred Stock may

affect the yield to Common Stock shareholders. Past performance results shown in these reports should not be considered a representation of future performance. Statements and other information herein are as dated and are subject to change.

A description of the policies and procedures that the Funds use to determine how to vote proxies relating to portfolio securities is available (1) without charge, upon request, by calling toll-free 1-800-637-3863; (2) at www.mutualfunds.ml.com; and (3) on the Securities and Exchange Commission's Web site at http://www.sec.gov. Information about how the Funds voted proxies relating to securities held in the Funds' portfolios during the most recent 12-month period ended June 30 is available (1) at www.mutualfunds.ml.com; and (2) on the Securities and Exchange Commission's Web site at http://www.sec.gov.

Muni Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc. Muni New York Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc. Box 9011 Princeton, NJ 08543-9011

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Muni Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc.

Muni New York Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc.

Announcement to Shareholders

On February 15, 2006, BlackRock, Inc. ("BlackRock") and Merrill Lynch & Co., Inc. ("Merrill Lynch") entered into an agreement to contribute Merrill Lynch's investment management business, Merrill Lynch Investment Managers, L.P. and certain affiliates (including Fund Asset Management, L.P. and Merrill Lynch Investment Managers International Limited), to BlackRock to create a new independent company ("New BlackRock") that will be one of the world's largest asset management firms with approximately \$1 trillion in assets under management (based on combined assets under management as of March 31, 2006) (the "Transaction"). The Transaction is expected to close in the third quarter of 2006, at which time the new company will operate under the BlackRock name. The Board of Directors of each Fund has approved a new investment advisory agreement with BlackRock Advisors, Inc. or its successor on substantially the same terms and for the same advisory fee as the current investment advisory agreement with the Investment Adviser. If the new agreement is approved by the Funds' shareholders, BlackRock Advisors, Inc. or its successor is expected to become the investment adviser of the Funds upon the closing of the Transaction.

Quality Profiles as of May 31, 2006

Percent of Total

Muni Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc.

By S&P/Moody's Rating	Investments
AAA/Aaa	38.5%
AA/Aa	4.5
A/A	14.0
BBB/Baa	16.9
BB/Ba	5.1
B/B	1.2
CCC/Caa	1.6
NR (Not Rated)	13.6
Other*	4.6

* Includes portfolio holdings in variable rate demand notes.

Muni New York Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc.	Percent of Total
By S&P/Moody's Rating	Investments
AAA/Aaa	36.0%
AA/Aa	18.2
A/A	9.3
BBB/Baa	15.8
BB/Ba	8.5
CCC/Caa	2.5
NR (Not Rated)	5.3
Other*	4.4

^{*} Includes portfolio holdings in anticipation notes and short-term investments.

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A Letter From the President

Dear Shareholder

You may be aware that changes are on the horizon at Merrill Lynch Investment Managers ("MLIM"). Earlier this year, Merrill Lynch announced plans to combine its investment advisory business, including MLIM, with another highly regarded investment manager - BlackRock, Inc. ("BlackRock").

At the completion of the transaction, which is expected at the end of the third quarter of this year (subject to regulatory and shareholder approvals), the resultant firm will be a top-10 investment manager worldwide with approximately \$1 trillion in assets under management.* The combined company will provide a wider selection of high-quality investment solutions across a range of asset classes and investment styles. MLIM and BlackRock possess complementary capabilities that together create a well-rounded organization uniting some of the finest money managers in the industry. At the same time, the firms share similar values and beliefs - they are focused on delivering excellence on behalf of clients, and both make investment performance their single most important mission. In short, the combination only reinforces our commitment to shareholders.

Most of MLIM's investment products - including mutual funds, separately managed accounts, annuities and variable insurance funds - eventually will

carry the "BlackRock" name. As a shareholder in one or more MLIM-advised mutual funds, you recently were mailed a proxy package asking you to vote on proposed changes that affect those funds. The proposals vary based on the funds in which you invest. However, all shareholders are asked to vote on a new investment advisory agreement with BlackRock Advisors, Inc. Your Fund's Board of Directors has approved, and recommends that you approve, the new agreement. Your Fund's Board also has approved, and recommends that you approve, a contingent subadvisory agreement that will serve to ensure that management services can continue during the course of completing the transaction.

It is important that you exercise your right as a mutual fund shareholder by voting on the proposals that are presented to you in your funds' proxy statements. Your participation - via phone, mail, online or in person - is critical. (Refer to your proxy card for detailed voting procedures and deadlines.) You should know that your vote on these proposals will not affect your brokerage account or change your relationship with your financial advisor. If you are a client of Merrill Lynch, you will remain a client of Merrill Lynch.

Should you have any questions or concerns, please do not hesitate to call 1.866.752.6486.

As always, we thank you for entrusting us with your investment assets, and we look forward to continuing to serve your investment needs with even greater strength and scale as the new BlackRock.

Sincerely,

(Robert C. Doll, Jr.)
Robert C. Doll, Jr.
President and Chief Investment Officer
Merrill Lynch Investment Managers

* \$1.039 trillion in assets under management as of March 31, 2006.

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A Discussion With Your Funds' Portfolio Managers

The Funds outperformed the average return of the Lipper Intermediate Debt Fund category for the fiscal year, benefiting from their exposure to longer-dated bonds and lower-quality, higher-yielding municipal credits.

Describe the recent market environment relative to municipal bonds.

Long-term bond yields rose sharply during the 12-month period, with much of the increase occurring in the final three months. Bond prices, which move opposite of yields, declined. Bond prices were pressured as investors focused on solid economic growth, both globally and in the United States, and renewed inflationary pressures deriving from rising commodity prices. First quarter

2006 gross domestic product growth was recently revised upward to 5.3%, well above the 1.7% rate recorded in the fourth quarter of 2005.

The Federal Reserve Board (the Fed) continued to raise short-term interest rates at each of its meetings during the past year, bringing the federal funds target rate to 5% at period-end. Consequently, the yield curve continued to flatten, with short-term interest rates rising more than longer-term interest rates. Over the past 12 months, 30-year U.S. Treasury bond yields rose 89 basis points (.89%) to 5.21% and 10-year U.S. Treasury note yields rose 112 basis points to 5.12%, the highest level since May 2002.

While municipal bond yields also rose sharply in recent months, the market's strong technical position provided significant price support and allowed municipal bond prices to decline much less than their taxable counterparts. As measured by Municipal Market Data, yields on AAA-rated issues maturing in 30 years rose 27 basis points to 4.53% and yields on AAA-rated issues maturing in 10 years rose 53 basis points to 4.02%, resulting in some additional flattening of the municipal yield curve as well.

For the most part, the recent outperformance of the tax-exempt market has been fostered by a dramatic decline in new bond issuance so far in 2006. In 2005, more than \$408 billion in new long-term tax-exempt bonds was underwritten, a new annual record and an increase of over 13% versus 2004. Over the past six-month and three-month periods, new-issue volume declined 13.4% and 11%, respectively, compared to the corresponding periods a year ago. The record new issuance in 2005 was largely triggered by a 47% increase in refunding activity as issuers took advantage of historically low bond yields and a flattening yield curve to refinance their outstanding higher-couponed debt. Year-to-date through May 2006, refunding volume declined over 55% relative to the first five months of 2005. This decline led some analysts to reduce their forecasts for 2006 new issuance from the \$350 billion - \$370 billion range to the \$300 billion - \$325 billion range. Lower annual issuance would further solidify the tax-exempt market's already positive technical position.

The tax-exempt market has continued to enjoy strong investor demand. As reported by the Investment Company Institute (ICI), long-term municipal bond funds received net new monies of \$5.04 billion in 2005 - a sharp reversal from the \$3.67 billion outflow in 2004. ICI reports that during the first four months of 2006, tax-exempt mutual funds continued to experience cash flows of over \$5.9 billion, significantly higher than the \$689 million received during the same period in 2005. Recent statistics from AMG Data Services have indicated that, thus far in 2006, weekly cash flows into long-term municipal bond funds averaged over \$275 million, a significant improvement from the weekly average of \$65 million in December 2005.

Looking ahead, the fundamentals for the municipal market appear positive. Demand is expected to be sustained as investors receive cash flow from coupon income and the proceeds of bond maturities and calls. In addition, new issuance should be manageable. The favorable supply/demand dynamic, coupled with attractive yields relative to comparable U.S. Treasury bonds, should continue to support the municipal market in the coming months.

Muni Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc.

How did the Fund perform during the fiscal year?

For the 12-month period ended May 31, 2006, the Common Stock of Muni Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc. had net annualized yields of 5.54% and 5.75%, based on a year-end per share net asset value of \$15.07 and a per share market price of \$14.52, respectively, and \$.835 per share income dividends. Over the

same period, the total investment return on the Fund's Common Stock was +4.71%, based on a change in per share net asset value from \$15.51 to \$15.07, and assuming reinvestment of all distributions.

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The Fund's total return, based on net asset value, exceeded the +2.28% average return of the Lipper Intermediate Municipal Debt Funds category for the 12-month period. (Funds in this Lipper category invest in municipal debt issues with dollar-weighted average maturities of 5 years - 10 years.) Previously, Lipper had placed the Fund in the General Municipal Debt Funds (Leveraged) category, which contains funds that invest in various maturity ranges.

Fund performance benefited from the continued contraction of credit spreads in the municipal market, which had a favorable impact on our positions in taxbacked and corporate-related debt, where we have a significant concentration, as well as our exposure to health care-related and land-secured bonds. The greatest contribution to performance came from the Fund's positions in airlinerelated debt. While this sector lagged in the first six months, airlines resumed a strong rally in the latter half of the fiscal year that resulted in considerable spread tightening. This proved beneficial to some of our larger holdings in Continental Airlines Inc. and American Airlines Inc. Also contributing to performance was strong appreciation in the portfolio's holdings in the bonds of Pocahontas Parkway, a toll road in Virginia that was constructed within the past few years. The road has been signed over to an infrastructure financing entity, with the transaction expected to close in the summer. Given this development, the toll road's outstanding debt is expected to be defeased (or called at its first call date), which has resulted in a price increase in the existing bonds. Finally, our yield curve strategy also proved advantageous. For most of the year, we had an overweight position in bonds with maturities greater than 20 years. This benefited performance as the yield curve flattened and longer-term bonds outperformed short-term issues.

For the six-month period ended May 31, 2006, the total investment return on the Fund's Common Stock was +3.54%, based on a change in per share net asset value from \$15.22 to \$15.07, and assuming reinvestment of all distributions.

For a description of the Fund's total investment return based on a change in the per share market value of the Fund's Common Stock (as measured by the trading price of the Fund's shares on the New York Stock Exchange), and assuming reinvestment of dividends, please refer to the Financial Highlights section of this report. As a closed-end fund, the Fund's shares may trade in the secondary market at a premium or discount to the Fund's net asset value. As a result, total investment returns based on changes in the market value of the Fund's Common Stock may vary significantly from total investment returns based on changes in the Fund's net asset value.

What changes were made to the portfolio during the period?

Broadly speaking, we moved the portfolio from a slightly defensive stance to more of a neutral posture as the Fed appeared to be approaching a pause in its interest rate-hiking campaign. Although both the Treasury and the municipal yield curves continued to flatten during the past 12 months, the move was not nearly as dramatic as we have seen in previous periods. Notably, the municipal curve retained a positive slope, particularly relative to the Treasury curve which actually inverted early in 2006, and this contributed to the market's

and the Fund's positive performance.

The Fund maintained its focus on refundable, essential service securities from high-demand states. A lack of new-issue supply and increased demand for municipal bonds has caused spreads to narrow in all sectors of the municipal market. We took advantage of these tight spreads to move the Fund's exposure to spread product to neutral while increasing its position in bonds exempt from tax in specialty states. We believe this strategy should prove beneficial with any shift in the demand/supply imbalance in both the high yield sector and the broader municipal market.

For the six months ended May 31, 2006, the average yield for the Fund's Auction Market Preferred Stock (AMPS) was 3.13% for Series M7; 3.20% for Series T7; 3.16% for Series W7; 3.14% for Series TH7; 3.16% for Series F7; and 3.37% for Series TH28. The Fed raised the short-term interest rate target 200 basis points during the 12-month period, and this continued to affect the Fund's borrowing costs. We would expect additional increases in the cost of funds to be more limited as the Fed nears a pause in its monetary tightening campaign. Despite the interest rate increases during the period, the taxexempt yield curve maintained a positive slope, allowing us to borrow at a lower interest rate than where we invest. This continued to generate an income benefit to the holders of Common Stock from the leveraging of Preferred Stock. However, should the spread between short-term and long-term interest rates narrow, the benefits of leveraging will decline and, as a result, reduce the yield on the Fund's Common Stock. At the end of the period, the Fund's leverage amount, due to AMPS, was 35.83% of total net assets, before the deduction of Preferred Stock. (For a more complete explanation of the benefits and risks of leveraging, see page 8 of this report to shareholders.)

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A Discussion With Your Funds' Portfolio Managers (concluded)

How would you characterize the Fund's position at the close of the period?

We remain focused on generating an attractive level of tax-exempt income for our shareholders. The Fund ended the period fully invested and with an overall neutral market posture. After 17 consecutive interest rate hikes, the Fed may be near a pause in its monetary tightening program. However, global economies and certain pockets of the U.S. economy continue to show solid growth, leading us to believe that it still may be early to become too aggressive. We believe a neutral posture is prudent in the current environment and should provide for competitive performance.

Muni New York Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc.

Describe conditions in the State of New York.

In December, credit-rating agency Moody's upgraded New York's rating to Aa3, the state's highest rating from Moody's since 1975. Standard & Poor's and Fitch maintained ratings of AA and AA-, respectively, and all three agencies assign a stable outlook to the state's ratings. The New York economy continues to improve and revenue collections are increasing. State tax collections remain largely dependent on the performance of the financial sector, but tax

receipts over the past few years have been strong.

New York's 2006 fiscal year ended on March 31, and preliminary operating results indicate a \$2 billion surplus and a \$945 million rainy day fund. The 2006 budget had closed an estimated \$4 billion deficit. The state finalized the 2007 budget on April 26. The \$112.5 billion budget includes roughly \$850 million in tax cuts and applies almost \$2 billion from the 2006 fiscal year surplus toward out-year gaps. The budget also includes \$700 million in school operating aid as part of compliance with a court order on school funding. It is unclear whether this amount, as well as additional capital grants and bonding authority to New York City, will be sufficient in meeting the court mandate.

Preliminary April 2006 employment numbers reflect a 0.6% increase from April 2005 levels. New York ranks fifth-highest among all states in per capita income. Economic growth is disproportionately stronger in downstate New York, while the upstate economy remains lackluster.

How did the Fund perform during the fiscal year?

For the 12-month period ended May 31, 2006, the Common Stock of Muni New York Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc. had net annualized yields of 4.67% and 5.25%, based on a year-end per share net asset value of \$14.66 and a per share market price of \$13.03, respectively, and \$.684 per share income dividends. Over the same period, the total investment return on the Fund's Common Stock was +2.52%, based on a change in per share net asset value from \$15.05 to \$14.66, and assuming reinvestment of all distributions.

The Fund's total return, based on net asset value, exceeded the +2.28% average return of the Lipper Intermediate Municipal Debt Funds category for the 12-month period. (Funds in this Lipper category invest in municipal debt issues with dollar-weighted average maturities of 5 years - 10 years.) Lipper previously had placed the Fund in the New York Municipal Debt Funds category, which included New York municipal bond funds of all durations. The new category accounts for the Fund's intermediate duration profile, although there will be some variance in returns given that the category includes national funds as well as funds focused on single states other than New York.

Fund performance reflected our duration and yield curve strategies. Although our relatively long duration hurt the Fund as interest rates rose late in the fiscal year, this was overwhelmed by the fact that longer-maturity bonds, where we focused our investment, outperformed as the yield curve flattened. Not only did longer-maturity issues hold their value better than shorter-term bonds, contributing to the Fund's total return, but they also offered higher yields. Fund performance also benefited from our positions in lower-quality credits, the market's best performers during the past year. These credits, particularly airline- and tobacco-related debt, as well as lower-quality hospital bonds, appreciated as spreads (versus higher-quality issues of comparable maturity) tightened. They also offered greater income in what was a yield-driven market.

Fund performance was hindered by our exposure to Puerto Rico debt, as these bonds' prices suffered amid a declining credit situation in the commonwealth. Other detractors included our positions in higher-quality bonds, which tend to be lower yielding; discount bonds, which are priced to maturity and, therefore, have longer durations than premium-coupon bonds; and intermediate-maturity holdings, which underperformed as the curve flattened given their relatively short maturities.

For the six-month period ended May 31, 2006, the total investment return on the Fund's Common Stock was +2.50%, based on an unchanged per share net asset

value of \$14.66, and assuming reinvestment of all distributions.

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For a description of the Fund's total investment return based on a change in the per share market value of the Fund's Common Stock (as measured by the trading price of the Fund's shares on the New York Stock Exchange), and assuming reinvestment of dividends, please refer to the Financial Highlights section of this report. As a closed-end fund, the Fund's shares may trade in the secondary market at a premium or discount to the Fund's net asset value. As a result, total investment returns based on changes in the market value of the Fund's Common Stock may vary significantly from total investment returns based on changes in the Fund's net asset value.

What changes were made to the portfolio during the period?

We continued our strategy of moving further out on the municipal yield curve in an effort to increase the Fund's yield. Because the yield curve measures maturity, not duration, we are able to add bonds with longer maturities without necessarily extending duration. In some cases, our efforts were limited by market conditions and the fact that some of our existing holdings had higher yields than those currently available. Overall, this strategy allowed the portfolio's average maturity to increase from just over 12 years to just under 15 years, while the Fund's average duration increased less than one year - from 4.99 years to 5.81 years.

Other themes pursued during the period included capitalizing on opportunities to diversify the portfolio and augment yield. This included adding to our exposure to lower-quality credits, although we passively reduced exposure to the hospital sector as some of these bonds were called by their issuers prior to maturity. To some extent, our ability to restructure the portfolio as we would have liked was hampered by a decline in new issuance in 2006. For the year, new municipal bond supply in New York was down 4.3% versus the same 12 months a year ago. The drop was even more pronounced in recent months, with new issuance down 32% and 23% for the most recent six-month and three-month periods, respectively.

For the six months ended May 31, 2006, the average yield for the Fund's Auction Market Preferred Stock (AMPS) was 3.07%. The Fed raised the short-term interest rate target 200 basis points during the 12-month period, and this continued to affect the Fund's borrowing costs. We would expect additional increases in the cost of funds to be more limited as the Fed nears a pause in its monetary tightening campaign. Despite the interest rate increases during the period, the tax-exempt yield curve maintained a positive slope, allowing us to borrow at a lower rate than where we invest. This continued to generate an income benefit to the holders of Common Stock from the leveraging of Preferred Stock. However, should the spread between short-term and long-term interest rates narrow, the benefits of leveraging will decline and, as a result, reduce the yield on the Fund's Common Stock. At the end of the period, the Fund's leverage amount, due to AMPS, was 33.44% of total net assets, before the deduction of Preferred Stock. (For a more complete explanation of the benefits and risks of leveraging, see page 8 of this report to shareholders.)

How would you characterize the Fund's position at the close of the period?

After 17 consecutive interest rate hikes, investors appear to be getting more

comfortable with the idea that the monetary tightening campaign is nearing an end, despite some uncertain rhetoric from Fed Chairman Ben Bernanke. Still, the economy is showing signs of weakness, including slowdowns in housing, manufacturing and employment. The wildcard, and the variable on which the Fed is focused, is inflation.

Against this backdrop, the Fund ended the period with a duration neutral to slightly longer than that of its peers. We believe the long end of the yield curve still has some room to outperform and that our duration posture is appropriate given that assumption. We also see further appreciation potential in lower-quality issues. We are mindful of our duration parameters and would expect to see value restored in the intermediate part of the curve once the Fed pauses in its interest rate-hiking campaign. Overall, we will continue to look for opportunities to diversify the Fund while also seeking to balance yield and total return potential.

Robert A. DiMella, CFA Vice President and Portfolio Manager Muni Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc.

Timothy T. Browse, CFA Vice President and Portfolio Manager Muni New York Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc.

June 30, 2006

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The Benefits and Risks of Leveraging

The Funds utilize leveraging to seek to enhance the yield and net asset value of their Common Stock. However, these objectives cannot be achieved in all interest rate environments. To leverage, each Fund issues Preferred Stock, which pays dividends at prevailing short-term interest rates, and invests the proceeds in long-term municipal bonds. The interest earned on these investments, net of dividends to Preferred Stock, is paid to Common Stock shareholders in the form of dividends, and the value of these portfolio holdings is reflected in the per share net asset value of each Fund's Common Stock. However, in order to benefit Common Stock shareholders, the yield curve must be positively sloped; that is, short-term interest rates must be lower than long-term interest rates. At the same time, a period of generally declining interest rates will benefit Common Stock shareholders. If either of these conditions change, then the risks of leveraging will begin to outweigh the benefits.

To illustrate these concepts, assume a fund's Common Stock capitalization of \$100 million and the issuance of Preferred Stock for an additional \$50 million, creating a total value of \$150 million available for investment in long-term municipal bonds. If prevailing short-term interest rates are approximately 3% and long-term interest rates are approximately 6%, the yield curve has a strongly positive slope. The fund pays dividends on the \$50 million of Preferred Stock based on the lower short-term interest rates. At the same time, the fund's total portfolio of \$150 million earns the income based on long-term interest rates.

In this case, the dividends paid to Preferred Stock shareholders are significantly lower than the income earned on the fund's long-term investments, and therefore the Common Stock shareholders are the beneficiaries of the incremental yield. However, if short-term interest rates rise, narrowing the differential between short-term and long-term interest rates, the incremental yield pickup on the Common Stock will be reduced or eliminated completely. At the same time, the market value of the fund's Common Stock (that is, its price as listed on the New York Stock Exchange) may, as a result, decline. Furthermore, if long-term interest rates rise, the Common Stock's net asset value will reflect the full decline in the price of the portfolio's investments, since the value of the fund's Preferred Stock does not fluctuate. In addition to the decline in net asset value, the market value of the fund's Common Stock may also decline.

As a part of its investment strategy, the Funds may invest in certain securities whose potential income return is inversely related to changes in a floating interest rate ("inverse floaters"). In general, income on inverse floaters will decrease when short-term interest rates increase and increase when short-term interest rates decrease. Investments in inverse floaters may be characterized as derivative securities and may subject the Funds to the risks of reduced or eliminated interest payments and losses of invested principal. In addition, inverse floaters have the effect of providing investment leverage and, as a result, the market value of such securities will generally be more volatile than that of fixed-rate, tax-exempt securities. To the extent the Funds invest in inverse floaters, the market value of each Fund's portfolio and the net asset value of each Fund's shares may also be more volatile than if the Funds did not invest in such securities. As of May 31, 2006, the percentage of Muni Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc.'s total net assets invested in inverse floaters was 3.71%, before the deduction of Preferred Stock. As of May 31, 2006, none of Muni New York Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc.'s total net assets was invested in inverse floaters.

Swap Agreements

The Funds may invest in swap agreements, which are over-the-counter contracts in which one party agrees to make periodic payments based on the change in market value of a specified bond, basket of bonds, or index in return for periodic payments based on a fixed or variable interest rate or the change in market value of a different bond, basket of bonds or index. Swap agreements may be used to obtain exposure to a bond or market without owning or taking physical custody of securities. Swap agreements involve the risk that the party with whom each Fund has entered into the swap will default on its obligation to pay the Funds and the risk that the Funds will not be able to meet their obligations to pay the other party to the agreement.

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Schedule of Investments (In Thousands)

Muni Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc.

Face

Amount	Municipal Bonds	Value
Alabama3		
rirabama c		
\$ 5,500 6,500 6,600	Jefferson County, Alabama, Limited Obligation School Warrants, Series A: 5.50% due 1/01/2021 5.25% due 1/01/2023 Tuscaloosa, Alabama, Special Care Facilities Financing Authority, Residential Care Facility Revenue Bonds (Capstone Village, Inc. Project), Series A, 5.625%	\$ 5,875 6,797
	due 8/01/2025	6,621
Arizona2	1%	
2,820	Maricopa County, Arizona, IDA, Education Revenue Bonds (Arizona Charter Schools Project 1), Series A, 6.625% due 7/01/2020	2,812
3,000	Navajo County, Arizona, IDA, IDR (Stone Container Corporation Project), AMT, 7.20% due 6/01/2027	3,098
	Pima County, Arizona, IDA, Education Revenue Bonds (Arizona Charter Schools Project):	ŕ
1,000 1,750	Series C, 6.70% due 7/01/2021 Series K/L, 6.375% due 7/01/2031	1,051 1,809
3,630	Vistancia Community Facilities District, Arizona, GO, 5% due 7/15/2014	3 , 563
Arkansas	0.7%	
3,755	Conway, Arkansas, Public Facilities Board, Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds (Hendrix College Projects), Series B, 5% due 10/01/2026	3,824
California	125.9%	
8,865	California Pollution Control Financing Authority, PCR, Refunding, DRIVERS, AMT, Series 878Z, 7.143%	
5,000	<pre>due 12/01/2009 (g) (j) California State Department of Water Resources, Power Supply Revenue Bonds, Series A, 5.375%</pre>	9,838
	due 5/01/2012 (h) California State, GO:	5,469
1,910	5.50% due 4/01/2014 (h)	2,116
15,590 5,000	5.50% due 4/01/2028 California State, GO, Refunding, 5.25%	16,908
10,000	due 2/01/2027 (g) California State Public Works Board, Lease Revenue	5 , 254
10,000	Bonds (Department of Corrections), Series C, 5.50% due 6/01/2020	10,782
2,500	California Statewide Communities Development Authority, Health Facility Revenue Bonds (Memorial Health Services), Series A, 6%	
2,400	due 10/01/2023 Elk Grove, California, Poppy Ridge Community Facilities Number 3, Special Tax, Series 1, 6%	2,713
	due 9/01/2008 (h)	2,527
Face		
Amount	Municipal Bonds	Value

California (concluded)

\$ 6,440	Grossmont-Cuyamaca Community College District,	
	California, GO (Election of 2002), Series A, 5% due 8/01/2027 (g)	\$ 6 , 627
	Los Angeles, California, Unified School District, GO:	•
10,485	(Election of 1997), Series F, 5% due 7/01/2025 (d)	10,851
26,575	Series A, 5% due 1/01/2028 (g)	27,428
5 , 850	Ontario-Montclair, California, School District, GO (Election of 2002), Series A, 5% due 8/01/2027 (d)	6 , 022
10,135	Peralta, California, Community College District, GO	
	(Election of 2000), Series D, 5% due 8/01/2030 (f)	10,473
1,515	Rowland, California, Unified School District, GO	
	(Election of 2000), Series B, 5.25% due 8/01/2027 (f)	1,597
	Sacramento, California, Special Tax (North Natomas	
585	Community Facilities), Series 4-C: 5.60% due 9/01/2020	611
1,720	5.75% due 9/01/2022	614 1,817
500	5.90% due 9/01/2023	532
3 , 000	6% due 9/01/2028	3 , 194
3,000	San Jose, California, Airport Revenue Bonds, Series A,	3,131
0,000	5.25% due 3/01/2017 (d)	3,167
3,100	San Jose, California, GO (Libraries, Parks and Public	,
	Safety Projects), 5% due 9/01/2030 (g)	3,185
9,030	Sequoia, California, Unified High School District, GO,	
	Refunding, Series B, 5.50% due 7/01/2035 (f)	9,870
4,875	Tamalpais, California, Union High School District, GO	
	(Election of 2001), 5% due 8/01/2028 (f)	5,017
2,610	Tustin, California, Unified School District, Senior Lien	
	Special Tax Bonds (Community Facilities District	
	Number 97-1), Series A, 5% due 9/01/2032 (f)	2,667
Colorado	2.6%	
2,000	Denver, Colorado, City and County Airport Revenue	
	Refunding Bonds, Series E, 5.25% due 11/15/2023 (g)	2,055
900	Elk Valley, Colorado, Public Improvement Revenue	
	Bonds (Public Improvement Fee), Series A, 7.10%	
	due 9/01/2014	961
2,250	Montrose, Colorado, Memorial Hospital, Revenue Bonds,	0 477
7 500	6.375% due 12/01/2023	2,477
7 , 500	Plaza Metropolitan District Number 1, Colorado, Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds (Public Improvement Fees),	
	7.50% due 12/01/2015	8,223
1,000	Southlands, Colorado, Medical District, GO (Metropolitan	0,223
1,000	District Number 1), 6.75% due 12/01/2016	1,093
	processo named 1,, other and 12, or, 2010	1,000
Connecticu	ut1.7%	
1,160	Connecticut State Development Authority, Airport Facility	
	Revenue Bonds (LearJet Inc. Project), AMT, 7.95%	
	due 4/01/2026	1,379
8,000	Connecticut State Development Authority, PCR, Refunding	
	(Connecticut Light and Power Company), Series A,	
	5.85% due 9/01/2028	8,408

Portfolio Abbreviations

To simplify the listings of portfolio holdings in the Schedules of

Investments, we have abbreviated the names of many of the securities according to the list at right.

AMT	Alternative Minimum Tax (subject to)
DRIVERS	Derivative Inverse Tax-Exempt Receipts
EDA	Economic Development Authority
GO	General Obligation Bonds
IDA	Industrial Development Authority
IDB	Industrial Development Board
IDR	Industrial Development Revenue Bonds
PCR	Pollution Control Revenue Bonds
S/F	Single-Family
TAN	Tax Anticipation Notes
VRDN	Variable Rate Demand Notes

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Schedule of Investments (continued)

(In Thousands)

Muni Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc.

Face Amount Municipal Bonds

Value

Florida--4.2%

\$ 2,935	Harbor Bay, Florida, Community Development District,	
	Capital Improvement Special Assessment Bonds,	
	6.75% due 5/01/2034 \$	3,183
2,110	Heritage Isle at Viera Community Development District,	
	Florida, Special Assessment Bonds, Series B, 5%	
	due 11/01/2009	2,110
	Midtown Miami, Florida, Community Development	
	District, Special Assessment Revenue Bonds:	
3,500	Series A, 6% due 5/01/2024	3,774
2,000	Series B, 6.50% due 5/01/2037	2,201
3 , 670	Orange County, Florida, Health Facilities Authority, Health	
	Care Revenue Refunding Bonds (Orlando Lutheran	0 504
020	Towers), 5% due 7/01/2013	3 , 594
930	Orlando, Florida, Urban Community Development District,	
	Capital Improvement Special Assessment Bonds, 6% due 5/01/2020	1,000
1,085	Portofino Shores, Florida, Community Development	1,000
1,000	District, Special Assessment Bonds, Series A, 6.40%	
	due 5/01/2034	1,148
1,500	Sarasota County, Florida, Public Hospital Board, Hospital	-/
_,	Revenue Bonds (Sarasota Memorial Hospital), VRDN,	
	Series A, 3.58% due 7/01/2037 (a)(i)	1,500
2,390	South Lake County, Florida, Hospital District Revenue	,
	Bonds (South Lake Hospital Inc.), 6.625%	
	due 10/01/2023	2,649
645	Sterling Hill, Florida, Community Development District,	
	Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds,	
	Series B, 5.50% due 11/01/2010	650
2,060	Watergrass Community Development District, Florida,	

	Special Assessment Revenue Bonds, Series B, 4.875% due $11/01/2010$	2,052
Georgia4	1.0%	
1,500	Atlanta, Georgia, Tax Allocation Bonds (Atlantic Station Project), 7.90% due 12/01/2024 Brunswick & Glynn County, Georgia, Development Authority, First Mortgage Revenue Bonds (Coastal Community Retirement Corporation Project), Series A:	1,662
5,395 2,800	7.125% due 1/01/2025 7.25% due 1/01/2035	5,470 2,833
4,900	Burke County, Georgia, Development Authority, PCR, Refunding (Oglethorpe Power Corporation), VRDN, Series B, 3.54% due 1/01/2020 (a) (i)	4,900
4,500	Fulton County, Georgia, Residential Care Facilities, Revenue Refunding Bonds (Canterbury Court Project), Series A, 5.80% due 2/15/2018 Savannah, Georgia, EDA Revenue Bonds (Marshes of Skidaway), First Mortgage, Series A:	4,566
1,245	6.25% due 1/01/2012	1,273
2,245	6.85% due 1/01/2019	2,317
Idaho0.1	8	
465	<pre>Idaho Housing and Finance Association, S/F Mortgage Revenue Bonds, AMT, Series F-2, 5.85% due 7/01/2015 (e)(k)</pre>	466
Illinois	-3.5%	
2,510	Chicago, Illinois, O'Hare International Airport Revenue Bonds, Third Lien, AMT, Series B-2, 6% due 1/01/2029 (1)	2 , 756
6,000	Hodgkins, Illinois, Environmental Improvement Revenue Bonds (Metro Biosolids Management LLC Project), AMT, 5.90% due 11/01/2017	6,273
Face		
Amount	Municipal Bonds	Value
Illinois ((concluded)	
\$ 6,930	Illinois Development Finance Authority Revenue Bonds (Community Rehabilitation Providers Facilities), Series A, 6.625% due 7/01/2032	\$ 7,409
1,800	Illinois State Finance Authority Revenue Bonds (Landing at Plymouth Place Project), Series A,	•
1,580	6% due 5/15/2025 Village of Wheeling, Illinois, Revenue Bonds (North Milwaukee/Lake-Cook Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Redevelopment Project), 6% due 1/01/2025	1,863 1,523
Indiana0	0.8%	
4,300	Indiana Transportation Finance Authority, Highway Revenue Bonds, Series A, 5% due 6/01/2028 (f)	4,407
Kansas0.	6%	

3,500	Olathe, Kansas, Health Facilities Revenue Bonds (Olathe Medical Center), VRDN, Series A, 3.52% due 9/01/2032 (a)(i)	3,500
Louisiana-	-1.4%	
2,695	Louisiana State, Gas and Fuels Tax Revenue Bonds, Series A, 5% due 5/01/2030 (d)	2,761
5,000	Port New Orleans, Louisiana, IDR, Refunding (Continental Grain Company Project), 6.50% due 1/01/2017	5,098
Maine0.4	§	
1,965	Portland, Maine, Housing Development Corporation, Senior Living Revenue Bonds (Avesta Housing Development Corporation Project), Series A, 6% due 2/01/2034	2,026
Maryland	0.1%	
500	Maryland State Industrial Development Financing Authority, Economic Development Revenue Bonds (Our Lady of Good Counsel School), Series A, 6% due 5/01/2035	529
Massachuse	tts4.8%	
4,560	Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority, Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Senior Series A, 5% due 7/01/2012 (h)	4 , 852
7,695	Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority, Special Assessment Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series A, 5% due 7/01/2031	7,938
1,210 2,000 10,995	Massachusetts State Development Finance Agency, Resource Recovery Revenue Bonds (Ogden Haverhill Associates), AMT, Series B: 5.35% due 12/01/2015 5.50% due 12/01/2019 Massachusetts State School Building Authority, Dedicated Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series A, 5% due 8/15/2030 (f)	1,239 2,073
Michigan		11,303
2,325	Macomb County, Michigan, Hospital Finance Authority,	
2,323	Hospital Revenue Bonds (Mount Clemens General Hospital), Series B, 5.875% due 11/15/2034	2 , 455
4,795	Michigan State Hospital Finance Authority, Revenue Refunding Bonds (Oakwood Obligated Group), Series A, 6% due 4/01/2022	5,160
Minnesota-	-1.0%	
1,000 2,545	Minneapolis and Saint Paul, Minnesota, Housing and Redevelopment Authority, Health Care System Revenue Bonds (Group Health Plan Inc. Project): 6% due 12/01/2019 6% due 12/01/2021	1,080 2,736

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Schedule of Investments (continued)

due 6/15/2018 (g)

(In Thousands)

Muni Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc.

	Full Intelmediate Duration	r una,	1110.
Face			
Amount	Municipal Bonds	Val	ue
Minnesota	(concluded)		
\$ 2,000	Minnesota State Municipal Power Agency, Electric Revenue Bonds, Series A, 5.25% due 10/01/2024	\$	2 , 095
Mississipp	pi1.4%		
5,000 2,910	Mississippi Business Finance Corporation, Mississippi, PCR, Refunding (System Energy Resources Inc. Project): 5.875% due 4/01/2022 5.90% due 5/01/2022		5,033 2,930
Nevada0.	4%		
2,250	Clark County, Nevada, Improvement District Number 142, Special Assessment Bonds, 6.375% due 8/01/2023		2,324
New Jersey	716.6%		
2,195 3,635 5,050 10,950 9,810 17,900 5,540 5,000 10,000 20,000	Garden State Preservation Trust of New Jersey, Open Space and Farmland Preservation Revenue Bonds, Series A (f): 5.80% due 11/01/2017 5.80% due 11/01/2021 5.80% due 11/01/2023 New Jersey EDA, Cigarette Tax Revenue Bonds: 5.625% due 6/15/2018 5.75% due 6/15/2029 New Jersey EDA, Motor Vehicle Surcharge Revenue Bonds, Series A, 5.25% due 7/01/2033 (g) New Jersey EDA, Special Facility Revenue Bonds (Continental Airlines Inc. Project), AMT, 6.625% due 9/15/2012 New Jersey State Transportation Trust Fund Authority, Transportation System Revenue Bonds: Series C, 5.25% due 6/15/2015 (g)(h) Series D, 5% due 6/15/2018 (a) Series D, 5% due 6/15/2019 (f)	1 1 1	2,472 4,109 5,718 1,407 0,412 8,912 5,695 5,429 0,497 0,932
New Mexico	03.9%		
	Farmington, New Mexico, PCR, Refunding:		
3,000 9,000	(Public Service Company of New MexicoSan Juan Project), Series D, 6.375% due 4/01/2022 (Tucson Electric Power CompanySan Juan		3 , 119
	Project), Series A, 6.95% due 10/01/2020		9,385
9,520	New Mexico Finance Authority, Senior Lien State Transportation Revenue Bonds, Series A, 5.125%	1	0 100

10,129

New York--27.7%

1,145	Dutchess County, New York, IDA, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds (Saint Francis Hospital), Series B,	
10,500	7.25% due 3/01/2019 Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York,	1,239
	Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series A, 5.75% due 11/15/2032	11,402
1,755	New York City, New York, City IDA, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds (Special Needs Facilities Pooled Program),	
3,500	Series C-1, 5.50% due 7/01/2007 New York City, New York, City IDA, Special Facility Revenue Bonds (Continental Airlines Inc. Project), AMT, 8.375%	1,769
	due 11/01/2016	3,764
1,110	New York City, New York, City Transitional Finance Authority, Future Tax Secured Revenue Bonds, Series C, 5.50% due 5/01/2009 (h)	1,176
5,000	New York City, New York, GO, Refunding, Series B, 5.75%	
2,055	due 8/01/2015 New York City, New York, IDA, Civic Facility Revenue	5,451
2,000	Bonds (Special Needs Facilities Pooled Program),	
	Series C-1, 6.80% due 7/01/2019	2,096
Face		** 1
Amount	Municipal Bonds	Value
New York ((concluded)	
\$ 5,550	New York City, New York, Sales Tax Asset Receivable Corporation Revenue Bonds, DRIVERS, Series 1133Z,	6.060
	6.712% due 10/15/2012 (a)(j) \$ New York City, New York, Sales Tax Asset Receivable	6,268
	Corporation Revenue Bonds, Series A:	
9,070	5% due 10/15/2020 (g)	9,538
4,325 5,580	5% due 10/15/2032 (a) New York State Dormitory Authority, Lease Revenue	4,480
3,000	Refunding Bonds (Court Facilities), Series A, 5.25% due 5/15/2012	5,940
1 000	New York State Dormitory Authority Revenue Bonds: (North Shore L I Jewish Group), 5% due 5/01/2012	1 046
1,000 7,075	(School Districts Financing Program), Series D, 5.25% due 10/01/2023 (g)	1,046 7,504
7,775	New York State Dormitory Authority, Revenue Refunding	,
	Bonds (City University System), Consolidated Second	0 522
	Generation, Series A, 6.125% due 7/01/2013 (a) New York State Dormitory Authority, Revenue Refunding	8 , 532
	Bonds (Mount Sinai Health), Series A:	
7,000	6.625% due 7/01/2018	7,543
5,000 7,380	6.625% due 7/01/2019 New York State Environmental Facilities Corporation,	5,385
7,300	State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds, Series A, 5.25% due 12/15/2018 (d)	7 , 986
60	New York State Thruway Authority, Local Highway and	
	Bridge Service Contract, Revenue Refunding Bonds, 5.50% due 4/01/2017	65
11,650	New York State Urban Development Corporation,	03
-,	Correctional and Youth Facilities Services, Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series A, 5.50% due 1/01/2017	12,380
10,000	New York State Urban Development Corporation, Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds (State Facilities),	

5,000	Series A-1, 5.25% due 3/15/2034 (d) Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, Senior	10	, 533
	Consolidated Revenue Bonds, AMT, 131st Series, 5% due 12/15/2017 (c) Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation of New York	5	, 223
3,340 6,510 9,750 7,000 10,000	Revenue Bonds: Series A-1, 5.50% due 6/01/2016 Series A-1, 5.25% due 6/01/2022 (a) Series C-1, 5.50% due 6/01/2020 (d) Series C-1, 5.50% due 6/01/2021 Series C-1, 5.50% due 6/01/2022	6 10 7	,521 ,876 ,512 ,512 ,725
North Caro	lina1.7%		
3,105	Gaston County, North Carolina, Industrial Facilities and Pollution Control Financing Authority, Revenue Bonds (National Gypsum Company Project), AMT, 5.75%		0.45
6,000	due 8/01/2035 North Carolina Medical Care Commission, Health Care Facilities, First Mortgage Revenue Refunding Bonds (Presbyterian Homes Project), 7% due 10/01/2031		,247
Ohio0.2%			
1,280	Port of Greater Cincinnati Development Authority, Ohio, Special Assessment Revenue Bonds (Cooperative Public Parking Infrastructure Project), 6.30% due 2/15/2024	1	, 375
Oklahoma	1.9%		
2,780	Norman, Oklahoma, Regional Hospital Authority, Hospital Revenue Bonds, 5.50% due 9/01/2025	2	,844
7,940	Oklahoma State Industries Authority, Revenue Refunding Bonds (Integris Baptist), VRDN, Series B, 3.53% due 8/15/2029 (g)(i)	7	, 940
ANNUAL REP	ORTS	MAY 31,	2006
Schedule o	f Investments (continued) (1	In Thousa	nds)
	Muni Intermediate Duratio	on Fund,	Inc.
Face Amount	Municipal Bonds	Valu	е
Pennsylvan	ia6.5%		
\$ 3,500	Montgomery County, Pennsylvania, IDA, Revenue Bonds (Whitemarsh Continuing Care Project), 6% due 2/01/2021	\$ 3	, 671
7,710	Pennsylvania Economic Development Financing Authority, Exempt Facilities Revenue Bonds (National Gypsum Company), AMT, Series A, 6.25% due 11/01/2027		,176
7,490	Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, Gas Works Revenue Refunding Bonds, 1975 General Ordinance, 17th Series, 5.375% due 7/01/2022 (f)		,944

9,630	Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, GO, Refunding, Series B, 5.25% due 9/01/2017 (f)	10,429
	Sayre, Pennsylvania, Health Care Facilities Authority,	,
	Revenue Refunding Bonds (Guthrie Healthcare System), Series A:	
1,750	6.25% due 12/01/2015	1,916
3,000	6.25% due 12/01/2016	3,280
1,490	6.25% due 12/01/2018	1,622
South Caro	lina2.0%	
	Medical University Hospital Authority, South Carolina,	
	Mortgage Hospital Facilities, Revenue Refunding	
4 050	Bonds, Series A (e) (g) (k):	4 404
4,250 3,000	5.25% due 8/15/2023 5.25% due 8/15/2024	4,484
4,000	Newberry County, South Carolina, School District,	3,161
1,000	Installment Purchase Revenue Bonds, 5%	
	due 12/01/2030 (b)	4,057
Tennessee-	4 0%	
Tellilessee-	-4.0°	
1,800	Johnson City, Tennessee, Health and Educational	
	Facilities Board, Retirement Facility Revenue Bonds	
	(Appalachian Christian Village Project), Series A,	1 001
5,000	6% due 2/15/2019 McMinn County, Tennessee, IDB, PCR (Calhoun	1,821
3,000	Newsprint Co. Project), AMT, 7.625% due 3/01/2016	5,009
	Shelby County, Tennessee, Health, Educational and Housing	
	Facilities Board Revenue Bonds (Germantown Village),	
2 550	Series A:	2 (02
3,550 1,450	6.75% due 12/01/2018 7% due 12/01/2023	3,683 1,522
1,450	Shelby County, Tennessee, Health, Educational and	1,522
	Housing Facility Board, Hospital Revenue Refunding	
	Bonds (Methodist Healthcare) (h):	
6,000	6% due 9/01/2012	6,703
3 , 500	6.25% due 9/01/2012	3 , 959
Texas16.	0%	
	Austin, Texas, Convention Center Revenue Bonds	
	(Convention Enterprises Inc.), First Tier, Series A:	
6,445	6.375% due 1/01/2016	6 , 755
10,260	6.70% due 1/01/2032	10,824
	Bell County, Texas, Health Facilities Development Corporation, Hospital Revenue Bonds (Scott &	
	White Memorial Hospital), VRDN (g)(i):	
3,000	Series 2001-1, 3.53% due 8/15/2031	3,000
600	Series B-1, 3.53% due 8/15/2029	600
1,500	Bexar County, Texas, Health Facilities Development	
	Corporation, Revenue Refunding Bonds	
	(Army Retirement Residence Project), 6.30%	1 500
	due 7/01/2032	1,589

Texas (concluded)

Amount Municipal Bonds

Face

Value

		Brazos River Authority, Texas, PCR, Refunding AMT, Series A:	
\$	1,500	(TXU Energy Company LLC Project), 6.75%	
т.	1,000	due 4/01/2038	\$ 1,665
	5,085	(Texas Utility Company), 7.70% due 4/01/2033	5,933
	4,000	Dallas-Fort Worth, Texas, International Airport Facility	
		Improvement Corporation, Revenue Bonds (Learjet Inc.),	4 020
	5,000	AMT, Series A-1, 6.15% due 1/01/2016 Dallas-Fort Worth, Texas, International Airport Facility	4,038
	3,000	Improvement Corporation, Revenue Refunding Bonds,	
		AMT, Series A-2, 9% due 5/01/2029	5,403
	3,500	Dallas-Fort Worth, Texas, International Airport Revenue	
		Bonds, AMT, Series A, 6% due 11/01/2024 (d)	3,700
	2,440	Gulf Coast, Texas, IDA, Solid Waste Disposal Revenue	
		Bonds (Citgo Petroleum Corporation Project), AMT,	0 700
	3,000	7.50% due 5/01/2025 Gulf Coast, Texas, Waste Disposal Authority Revenue	2 , 739
	3,000	Refunding Bonds (International Paper Company), AMT,	
		Series A, 6.10% due 8/01/2024	3,211
	4,800	Harris County, Texas, Health Facilities Development	,
		Corporation, Hospital Revenue Bonds (Texas	
		Children's Hospital), VRDN, Series B-1, 3.53%	
		due 10/01/2029 (g)(i)	4,800
		Harris County, Texas, Revenue Refunding Bonds, DRIVERS (f)(j):	
	9,320	Series 1111, 6.701% due 8/15/2009	10,127
	6,300	Series 1172-Z, 6.712% due 8/15/2009	6,820
	1,500	Houston, Texas, Health Facilities Development	, ,
		Corporation, Retirement Facility Revenue Bonds	
		(Buckingham Senior Living Community), Series A,	
		7% due 2/15/2023	1,658
	7,420	Lower Colorado River Authority, Texas, PCR (Samsung	0 001
	2,600	Austin Semiconductor), AMT, 6.95% due 4/01/2030 Matagorda County, Texas, Navigation District Number 1,	8,201
	2,000	Revenue Refunding Bonds (Reliant Energy Inc.),	
		Series C, 8% due 5/01/2029	2,788
	2,300	Port Corpus Christi, Texas, Individual Development	•
		Corporation, Environmental Facilities Revenue Bonds	
		(Citgo Petroleum Corporation Project), AMT, 8.25%	
		due 11/01/2031	2,403
	5,000	Sabine River Authority, Texas, PCR, Refunding (TXU Electric Company Project/TXU Energy Company LLC),	
		AMT, Series B, 5.75% due 5/01/2030	5,288
		mil, belieb b, 0.700 ade 5,01/2000	0,200
Vir	ginia	4.5%	
		Towns City County Vissinia IDA Decidential Coun	
		James City County, Virginia, IDA, Residential Care Facility Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series A:	
	3,285	5.75% due 3/01/2017	3,407
	1,150	6% due 3/01/2023	1,211
	2,250	Loudoun County, Virginia, IDA, IDR, Refunding (Dulles	
		Airport Marriott Hotel), 7.125% due 9/01/2015	2,289
	10,735	Pocahontas Parkway Association, Virginia, Toll Road	
		Revenue Bonds, Senior Series A, 5.50%	11 001
	7,800	due 8/15/2028 Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation of Virginia,	11,081
	7,000	Asset-Backed Revenue Bonds, 5.625% due 6/01/2037	7,985
		2000 440 0,01,100	,,,,,,,
Was	hington	1.8%	
	10 000	Chahamiah Canata Mashinatan Cabal Bistois	
	10,000	Snohomish County, Washington, School District Number 015 (Edmonds), GO, 5% due 12/01/2019 (d)	10,539
		Manuel 010 (Hamonds), 00, 00 due 12/01/2019 (d)	±0,000

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Schedule of Investments (concluded)	(In Thousands)
Muni Intermediate Durat	ion Fund, Inc.
Face Amount Municipal Bonds	Value
Guam0.8%	
\$ 4,250 Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, GO, Series A, 6.75% due 10/01/2033	\$ 4,732
Puerto Rico7.2%	
17,935 Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority, Power Revenue Bonds, Series NN, 5.50% due 7/01/2018 5,390 Puerto Rico Industrial, Medical and Environmental	18,873
Pollution Control Facilities Financing Authority, Special Facilities Revenue Bonds (American Airlines Inc.), Series A, 6.45% due 12/01/2025 Puerto Rico Public Buildings Authority, Government Facilities Revenue Refunding Bonds:	4,996
5,170 Series D, 5.25% due 7/01/2027 8,000 Series I, 5.50% due 7/01/2021	5,303 8,459
Face Amount Municipal Bonds	Value
Puerto Rico (concluded)	
\$ 3,535 Puerto Rico Public Finance Corporation, Commonwealth Appropriation Revenue Bonds, Series E, 5.50% due 8/01/2029	\$ 3,657
U.S. Virgin Islands1.7%	
<pre>1,860 Virgin Islands Government Refinery Facilities, Revenue</pre>	2,088 7,400
Total Investments (Cost\$876,611*)156.9% Liabilities in Excess of Other Assets(1.0%) Preferred Stock, at Redemption Value(55.9%)	898,933 (5,739) (320,160)
Net Assets Applicable to Common Stock100.0%	\$ 573,034

* The cost and unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments as of May 31, 2006, as computed for federal income tax purposes, were as follows:

	=====	
Net unrealized appreciation	\$	22,434
Gross unrealized appreciation Gross unrealized depreciation	\$	24,739 (2,305)
Aggregate cost	\$	876,499

- (a) AMBAC Insured.
- (b) Assured Guaranty Insured.
- (c) CIFG Insured.
- (d) FGIC Insured.
- (e) FHA Insured.
- (f) FSA Insured.
- (g) MBIA Insured.
- (h) Prerefunded.
- (i) Security may have a maturity of more than one year at time of issuance, but has variable rate and demand features that qualify it as a short-term security. The rate disclosed is that currently in effect. This rate changes periodically based upon prevailing market rates.
- (j) The rate disclosed is that currently in effect. This rate changes periodically and inversely based upon prevailing market rates.
- (k) Federal Housing Administration/Veterans' Administration Mortgages packaged by the Federal National Mortgage Association.
- (1) XL Capital Insured.
- o Forward interest rate swaps outstanding as of May 31, 2006 were as follows:

	otional Amount	Unreal Appreci	
Pay a fixed rate of 4.365% and receive a floating rate based on 1-week Bond Market Association rate			
Broker, JPMorgan Chase Bank Expires July 2026	\$ 58,000	\$	83

See Notes to Financial Statements.

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Schedule of Investments

(In Thousands)

Muni New York Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc.

Face Amount	Municipal Bonds	Value
New York	127.7%	
\$ 760	Albany County, New York, IDA, IDR (Albany College of Pharmacy), Series A, 5.25% due 12/01/2019	\$ 788
695 500	Cattaraugus County, New York, IDA, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds (Saint Bonaventure University Project), Series A: 4.90% due 5/01/2016 5% due 5/01/2023	695 501
460	Dutchess County, New York, IDA, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds (Saint Francis Hospital), Series B, 7.25% due 3/01/2019	498
2,000	Erie County, New York, IDA, Life Care Community Revenue Bonds (Episcopal Church Home), Series A, 5.875% due 2/01/2018	2,059
1,000	Erie County, New York, IDA, Revenue Bonds (Orchard Park CCRC, Inc. Project), Series A, 6% due 11/15/2026	1,041
3,835 1,000	Erie County, New York, IDA, School Facility Revenue Bonds (City of Buffalo Project) (f): 5.75% due 5/01/2024 5.75% due 5/01/2026	4,090 1,113
750	Essex County, New York, IDA, Solid Waste Disposal, Revenue Refunding Bonds (International Paper Company), AMT, Series A, 5.20% due 12/01/2023	752
2,000	Hempstead Town, New York, IDA, Resource Recovery Revenue Refunding Bonds (American RefineryFuel Co. Project), 5% due 12/01/2010	2,068
1,000	Metropolitan Transportation Authority, New York, Service Contract Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series A, 5% due 7/01/2030 (b)	1,024
1,615	New York City, New York, City Housing Development Corporation, Presidential Revenue Bonds (The Animal Medical Center), Series A, 5.50% due 12/01/2033	1,675
1,415	New York City, New York, City IDA, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds (PSCH Inc. Project), 6.20% due 7/01/2020	1,489
1,160	New York City, New York, City IDA, Civic Facility Revenue Refunding Bonds (Special Needs Facilities Pooled Program), Series A-1, 5.15% due 7/01/2015 (a)	1,212

	New York City, New York, City IDA, Special Facility Revenue Bonds, AMT:	
1,500	(1990 American Airlines Inc. Project), 5.40%	1 262
1,000	due 7/01/2020 (British Airways Plc Project), 7.625% due 12/01/2032	1,263 1,105
1,000	(Continental Airlines Inc. Project), 8.375%	
	due 11/01/2016	1,075
1,000	New York City, New York, City IDA, Special Facility	
	Revenue Refunding Bonds (Terminal One Group	
	Association Project), AMT, 5.50% due 1/01/2024	1,056
	New York City, New York, GO:	
1,500	Series J, 5.25% due 5/15/2018 (h)	1,607
3,000	Series J, 5.50% due 6/01/2021	3,206
1,285	Series N, 5% due 8/01/2023 (e)	1,341
2,000	New York City, New York, GO, Refunding, Series G,	
	5.50% due 8/01/2012 (k)	2,171
1,775	New York City, New York, GO, Sub-Series F-1,	
•	5% due 9/01/2026	1,821
E00	Now York City Now York Trust for Cultural Decourage	
500	New York City, New York, Trust for Cultural Resources Revenue Bonds (Museum of American Folk Art), 6.125%	
	due 7/01/2030 (a)	536
Face		
Amount	Municipal Bonds	Value
	•	varac
New York (varue
New York (continued)	varue
New York (varue
\$ 2,750	continued) New York Convention Center Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds (Hotel Unit Fee Secured) (b): 5% due 11/15/2024	\$ 2,870
\$ 2,750 1,000	continued) New York Convention Center Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds (Hotel Unit Fee Secured) (b): 5% due 11/15/2024 5% due 11/15/2026	\$ 2,870 1,040
\$ 2,750	continued) New York Convention Center Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds (Hotel Unit Fee Secured) (b): 5% due 11/15/2024	\$ 2,870
\$ 2,750 1,000 2,000	continued) New York Convention Center Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds (Hotel Unit Fee Secured) (b): 5% due 11/15/2024 5% due 11/15/2026	\$ 2,870 1,040
\$ 2,750 1,000 2,000	Continued) New York Convention Center Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds (Hotel Unit Fee Secured) (b): 5% due 11/15/2024 5% due 11/15/2026 5% due 11/15/2035 New York State Dormitory Authority, Mental Health Services Facilities Improvement, Revenue Bonds,	\$ 2,870 1,040 2,061
\$ 2,750 1,000 2,000	continued) New York Convention Center Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds (Hotel Unit Fee Secured) (b): 5% due 11/15/2024 5% due 11/15/2026 5% due 11/15/2035 New York State Dormitory Authority, Mental Health	\$ 2,870 1,040
\$ 2,750 1,000 2,000	Continued) New York Convention Center Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds (Hotel Unit Fee Secured) (b): 5% due 11/15/2024 5% due 11/15/2026 5% due 11/15/2035 New York State Dormitory Authority, Mental Health Services Facilities Improvement, Revenue Bonds,	\$ 2,870 1,040 2,061
\$ 2,750 1,000 2,000 1,000	Continued) New York Convention Center Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds (Hotel Unit Fee Secured) (b): 5% due 11/15/2024 5% due 11/15/2026 5% due 11/15/2035 New York State Dormitory Authority, Mental Health Services Facilities Improvement, Revenue Bonds, Series B, 5% due 2/15/2030 (b) New York State Dormitory Authority, Non-State Supported Debt, Insured Revenue Bonds (United)	\$ 2,870 1,040 2,061
\$ 2,750 1,000 2,000 1,000	Continued) New York Convention Center Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds (Hotel Unit Fee Secured) (b): 5% due 11/15/2024 5% due 11/15/2026 5% due 11/15/2035 New York State Dormitory Authority, Mental Health Services Facilities Improvement, Revenue Bonds, Series B, 5% due 2/15/2030 (b) New York State Dormitory Authority, Non-State Supported Debt, Insured Revenue Bonds (United Cerebral Palsy AffiliatesPooled Loan Program),	\$ 2,870 1,040 2,061
\$ 2,750 1,000 2,000 1,000	Continued) New York Convention Center Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds (Hotel Unit Fee Secured) (b): 5% due 11/15/2024 5% due 11/15/2026 5% due 11/15/2035 New York State Dormitory Authority, Mental Health Services Facilities Improvement, Revenue Bonds, Series B, 5% due 2/15/2030 (b) New York State Dormitory Authority, Non-State Supported Debt, Insured Revenue Bonds (United)	\$ 2,870 1,040 2,061
\$ 2,750 1,000 2,000 1,000	Continued) New York Convention Center Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds (Hotel Unit Fee Secured) (b): 5% due 11/15/2024 5% due 11/15/2026 5% due 11/15/2035 New York State Dormitory Authority, Mental Health Services Facilities Improvement, Revenue Bonds, Series B, 5% due 2/15/2030 (b) New York State Dormitory Authority, Non-State Supported Debt, Insured Revenue Bonds (United Cerebral Palsy AffiliatesPooled Loan Program),	\$ 2,870 1,040 2,061
\$ 2,750 1,000 2,000 1,000	Continued) New York Convention Center Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds (Hotel Unit Fee Secured) (b): 5% due 11/15/2024 5% due 11/15/2026 5% due 11/15/2035 New York State Dormitory Authority, Mental Health Services Facilities Improvement, Revenue Bonds, Series B, 5% due 2/15/2030 (b) New York State Dormitory Authority, Non-State Supported Debt, Insured Revenue Bonds (United Cerebral Palsy AffiliatesPooled Loan Program), Series A, 5% due 7/01/2034 (c) New York State Dormitory Authority, Non-State Supported Debt, Insured Revenue Refunding Bonds	\$ 2,870 1,040 2,061 1,033
\$ 2,750 1,000 2,000 1,000	Continued) New York Convention Center Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds (Hotel Unit Fee Secured) (b): 5% due 11/15/2024 5% due 11/15/2026 5% due 11/15/2035 New York State Dormitory Authority, Mental Health Services Facilities Improvement, Revenue Bonds, Series B, 5% due 2/15/2030 (b) New York State Dormitory Authority, Non-State Supported Debt, Insured Revenue Bonds (United Cerebral Palsy AffiliatesPooled Loan Program), Series A, 5% due 7/01/2034 (c) New York State Dormitory Authority, Non-State	\$ 2,870 1,040 2,061
\$ 2,750 1,000 2,000 1,000	New York Convention Center Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds (Hotel Unit Fee Secured) (b): 5% due 11/15/2024 5% due 11/15/2026 5% due 11/15/2035 New York State Dormitory Authority, Mental Health Services Facilities Improvement, Revenue Bonds, Series B, 5% due 2/15/2030 (b) New York State Dormitory Authority, Non-State Supported Debt, Insured Revenue Bonds (United Cerebral Palsy AffiliatesPooled Loan Program), Series A, 5% due 7/01/2034 (c) New York State Dormitory Authority, Non-State Supported Debt, Insured Revenue Refunding Bonds (Canisius College), 5% due 7/01/2018 (h) New York State Dormitory Authority Revenue Bonds:	\$ 2,870 1,040 2,061 1,033
\$ 2,750 1,000 2,000 1,000	New York Convention Center Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds (Hotel Unit Fee Secured) (b): 5% due 11/15/2024 5% due 11/15/2026 5% due 11/15/2035 New York State Dormitory Authority, Mental Health Services Facilities Improvement, Revenue Bonds, Series B, 5% due 2/15/2030 (b) New York State Dormitory Authority, Non-State Supported Debt, Insured Revenue Bonds (United Cerebral Palsy AffiliatesPooled Loan Program), Series A, 5% due 7/01/2034 (c) New York State Dormitory Authority, Non-State Supported Debt, Insured Revenue Refunding Bonds (Canisius College), 5% due 7/01/2018 (h) New York State Dormitory Authority Revenue Bonds: (North Shore Long Island Jewish Group), 5%	\$ 2,870 1,040 2,061 1,033
\$ 2,750 1,000 2,000 1,000 1,000	New York Convention Center Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds (Hotel Unit Fee Secured) (b): 5% due 11/15/2024 5% due 11/15/2026 5% due 11/15/2035 New York State Dormitory Authority, Mental Health Services Facilities Improvement, Revenue Bonds, Series B, 5% due 2/15/2030 (b) New York State Dormitory Authority, Non-State Supported Debt, Insured Revenue Bonds (United Cerebral Palsy AffiliatesPooled Loan Program), Series A, 5% due 7/01/2034 (c) New York State Dormitory Authority, Non-State Supported Debt, Insured Revenue Refunding Bonds (Canisius College), 5% due 7/01/2018 (h) New York State Dormitory Authority Revenue Bonds: (North Shore Long Island Jewish Group), 5% due 5/01/2013	\$ 2,870 1,040 2,061 1,033
\$ 2,750 1,000 2,000 1,000	New York Convention Center Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds (Hotel Unit Fee Secured) (b): 5% due 11/15/2024 5% due 11/15/2026 5% due 11/15/2035 New York State Dormitory Authority, Mental Health Services Facilities Improvement, Revenue Bonds, Series B, 5% due 2/15/2030 (b) New York State Dormitory Authority, Non-State Supported Debt, Insured Revenue Bonds (United Cerebral Palsy AffiliatesPooled Loan Program), Series A, 5% due 7/01/2034 (c) New York State Dormitory Authority, Non-State Supported Debt, Insured Revenue Refunding Bonds (Canisius College), 5% due 7/01/2018 (h) New York State Dormitory Authority Revenue Bonds: (North Shore Long Island Jewish Group), 5%	\$ 2,870 1,040 2,061 1,033
\$ 2,750 1,000 2,000 1,000 1,000	New York Convention Center Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds (Hotel Unit Fee Secured) (b): 5% due 11/15/2024 5% due 11/15/2026 5% due 11/15/2035 New York State Dormitory Authority, Mental Health Services Facilities Improvement, Revenue Bonds, Series B, 5% due 2/15/2030 (b) New York State Dormitory Authority, Non-State Supported Debt, Insured Revenue Bonds (United Cerebral Palsy AffiliatesPooled Loan Program), Series A, 5% due 7/01/2034 (c) New York State Dormitory Authority, Non-State Supported Debt, Insured Revenue Refunding Bonds (Canisius College), 5% due 7/01/2018 (h) New York State Dormitory Authority Revenue Bonds: (North Shore Long Island Jewish Group), 5% due 5/01/2013 (Winthrop S. Nassau University), 5.50% due 7/01/2011	\$ 2,870 1,040 2,061 1,033 1,028 1,048
\$ 2,750 1,000 2,000 1,000 1,000	Continued) New York Convention Center Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds (Hotel Unit Fee Secured) (b): 5% due 11/15/2024 5% due 11/15/2026 5% due 11/15/2035 New York State Dormitory Authority, Mental Health Services Facilities Improvement, Revenue Bonds, Series B, 5% due 2/15/2030 (b) New York State Dormitory Authority, Non-State Supported Debt, Insured Revenue Bonds (United Cerebral Palsy AffiliatesPooled Loan Program), Series A, 5% due 7/01/2034 (c) New York State Dormitory Authority, Non-State Supported Debt, Insured Revenue Refunding Bonds (Canisius College), 5% due 7/01/2018 (h) New York State Dormitory Authority Revenue Bonds: (North Shore Long Island Jewish Group), 5% due 5/01/2013 (Winthrop S. Nassau University), 5.50% due 7/01/2011 New York State Dormitory Authority Revenue	\$ 2,870 1,040 2,061 1,033 1,028 1,048
\$ 2,750 1,000 2,000 1,000 1,000	New York Convention Center Development Corporation, New York, Revenue Bonds (Hotel Unit Fee Secured) (b): 5% due 11/15/2024 5% due 11/15/2026 5% due 11/15/2035 New York State Dormitory Authority, Mental Health Services Facilities Improvement, Revenue Bonds, Series B, 5% due 2/15/2030 (b) New York State Dormitory Authority, Non-State Supported Debt, Insured Revenue Bonds (United Cerebral Palsy AffiliatesPooled Loan Program), Series A, 5% due 7/01/2034 (c) New York State Dormitory Authority, Non-State Supported Debt, Insured Revenue Refunding Bonds (Canisius College), 5% due 7/01/2018 (h) New York State Dormitory Authority Revenue Bonds: (North Shore Long Island Jewish Group), 5% due 5/01/2013 (Winthrop S. Nassau University), 5.50% due 7/01/2011	\$ 2,870 1,040 2,061 1,033 1,028 1,048

	due 7/01/2017	1,343
1,000	(Mount Sinai Health), Series A, 6.50% due $7/01/2015$	1,077
1,000	(Mount Sinai Health), Series A, 6.625% due 7/01/2018	1,078
1,000	(State University Educational Facilities), Series A, 5.50% due $5/15/2013$	1,078
1,790	New York State Dormitory Authority, State Personal Income Tax Revenue Bonds (Education), Series F, 5% due 3/15/2030	1,846
	New York State Dormitory Authority, Supported Debt Revenue Refunding Bonds:	
1,500	(Department of Health), Series A, 5% due 7/01/2025 (d)	1,551
1,790	(State University Dormitory Facilities), Series C, 5% due 7/01/2021 (h)	1,876
500		1,070
300	Authority, Gas Facilities Revenue Refunding Bonds (Brooklyn Union Gas Company/Keyspan), AMT, Series A, 4.70% due 2/01/2024 (e)	496
1,000	New York State Environmental Facilities Corporation, Solid Waste Disposal Revenue Bonds (Waste Management Inc. Project), AMT, Series A, 4.45% due 7/01/2017	1,007
1,000	New York State, GO, Series A, 4% due 3/15/2022 (e)	947
2,635	New York State Mortgage Agency, Homeowner Mortgage Revenue Bonds, AMT, Series 130, 4.75% due 10/01/2030	2 , 597
2,000	New York State Municipal Bond Bank Agency, Special School Purpose Revenue Bonds, Series C, 5.25% due 12/01/2018	2,110
1,000 500	New York State Thruway Authority, General Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series G (f): 5% due 1/01/2024 4.75% due 1/01/2030	1,044 503

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Schedule of Investments (concluded) (In Thousands)

Muni New York Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc.

Face

Amount Municipal Bonds Value

New York (concluded)

\$ 3,000 New York State Urban Development Corporation,
Correctional and Youth Facilities Services Revenue

	Refunding Bonds, Series A, 5% due 1/01/2017	\$	3,126
2,000	New York State Urban Development Corporation Revenue Bonds, Subordinate Lien, Corporation Purpose, Series A, 5.125% due 7/01/2019		2,099
	Saratoga County, New York, IDA Civic Facility Revenue Refunding Bonds (The Saratoga Hospital Project), Series A (j):		
365 380 395	4.375% due 12/01/2013 4.50% due 12/01/2014 4.50% due 12/01/2015		370 387 400
400	Schenectady, New York, GO, TAN, 4.70% due 12/29/2006		399
800	Suffolk County, New York, IDA, Continuing Care and Retirement, Revenue Refunding Bonds (Jeffersons Ferry Project), 4.625% due 11/01/2016		790
1,000	Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation of New York, Asset-Backed Revenue Bonds, Series A-1, 5.25%		
	due 6/01/2016		1,045
1,000	Tobacco Settlement Financing Corporation of New York Revenue Bonds, Series C-1, 5.50% due 6/01/2022		1,073
250	Tompkins County, New York, IDA, Care Community Revenue Refunding Bonds (Kendal at Ithaca), Series A-2: 5.75% due 7/01/2018		255
1,000	6% due 7/01/2024		1,024
1,250	Utica, New York, IDA, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds (Utica College Project), Series A, 6.875% due 6/01/2009 (i)		1,365
515 615	Westchester County, New York, IDA, Civic Facility Revenue Bonds (Special Needs Facilities Pooled Program): Series D-1, 6.80% due 7/01/2019 Series E-1, 5.50% due 7/01/2007		542 620
Guam3.4%			
1,000	A.B. Won Guam International Airport Authority, General Revenue Refunding Bonds, AMT, Series C, 5.25% due 10/01/2022 (h)		1,040
1,000	Guam Government Waterworks Authority, Water and Wastewater System, Revenue Refunding Bonds, 6% due 7/01/2025		1,063
Face Amount	Municipal Bonds	V	alue
Puerto Ric	011.8%		
\$ 750	Children's Trust Fund Project of Puerto Rico, Tobacco Settlement Revenue Refunding Bonds: 5% due 5/15/2011	\$	769
1,020	5.375% due 5/15/2033		1,038

1,000	Puerto Rico Commonwealth Highway and Transportation Authority, Transportation Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series K, 5%	1 001
850	due 7/01/2030 Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority, Power	1,001
	Revenue Bonds, Series RR, 5% due 7/01/2029 (d)	878
500	Puerto Rico Municipal Finance Agency, GO, Refunding, Series C, 5.25% due 8/01/2023 (d)	548
1,000	Puerto Rico Municipal Finance Agency, GO, Series A, 5.25% due 8/01/2025	1,035
1,900	Puerto Rico Public Finance Corporation, Commonwealth Appropriation Revenue Bonds, Series E, 5.70% due 2/01/2010 (i)	2,029
U.S. Virgi	n Islands2.6%	
500	Virgin Islands Government Refinery Facilities, Revenue Refunding Bonds (Hovensa Coker Project), AMT, 6.50% due 7/01/2021	561
1,000	Virgin Islands Public Finance Authority, Senior Lien Revenue Bonds (Matching Fund Loan Note), Series A, 5.25% due 10/01/2024	1,034
	Total Municipal Bonds (Cost\$87,747)145.5%	89,716
Shares Held	Short-Term Securities	
2,341	CMA New York Municipal Money Fund, 2.88% (g)(1)	2,341
	Total Short-Term Securities (Cost\$2,341)3.8%	2,341
	stments (Cost\$90,088*)149.3% ts Less Liabilities1.0%	92 , 057 621
	Stock, at Redemption Value(50.3%)	(31,006)
Net Assets	Applicable to Common Stock100.0%	\$ 61,672 ======

* The cost and unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments as of May 31, 2006, as computed for federal income tax purposes, were as follows:

Aggregate cost	\$	90,033
	=====	
Gross unrealized appreciation Gross unrealized depreciation	\$	2,292 (268)
Net unrealized appreciation	\$ =====	2,024

- (a) ACA Insured.
- (b) AMBAC Insured.
- (c) Assured Guarantee Insured.
- (d) CIFG Insured.
- (e) FGIC Insured.
- (f) FSA Insured.
- (g) Investments in companies considered to be an affiliate of the Fund, for purposes of Section 2(a)(3) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, were as follows:

Affiliate	Net Activity	Dividend Income
CMA New York Municipal Money Fund	1,723	\$23

- (h) MBIA Insured.
- (i) Prerefunded.
- (j) Radian Insured.
- (k) XL Capital Insured.
- (1) Represents the current yield as of 5/31/2006.

See Notes to Financial Statements.

ANNUAL REPORTS MAY 31, 2006

Statements of Net Assets

As of May 31, 2006

Assets

Investments in unaffiliated securities, at value*
Investments in affiliated securities, at value**
Cash
Unrealized appreciation on forward interest rate swaps
Interest receivable
Prepaid expenses

Total assets

Liabilities

_

Payable for securities purchased Dividends payable to Common Stock shareholders Payable to investment adviser Payable to other affiliates Accrued expenses

Total liabilities

Preferred Stock

Preferred Stock, at redemption value, par value \$.10 per share++ of AMPS+++ at \$25,000 per share liquidation preference

Net Assets Applicable to Common Stock

Net assets applicable to Common Stock

Analysis of Net Assets Applicable to Common Stock

Undistributed investment income--net Undistributed (accumulated) realized capital gains (losses)--net Unrealized appreciation--net

Total accumulated earnings -- net

Common Stock, par value \$.10 per share++++
Paid-in capital in excess of par

Net Assets Applicable to Common Stock

Net asset value per share of ${\tt Common}$ ${\tt Stock}$

Market price per share of Common Stock

- * Identified cost for unaffiliated securities
- ** Identified cost for affiliated securities
- ++ Preferred Stock authorized, issued and outstanding: Series M7 Shares

Series T7 Shares

Series W7 Shares

Series TH7 Shares

Series F7 Shares

Series TH28 Shares

- ++++ Common Stock issued and outstanding
- +++ Auction Market Preferred Stock.

See Notes to Financial Statements.

\$

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\$

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ANNUAL REPORTS MAY 31, 2006 Statements of Operations For the Year Ended May 31, 2006 Investment Income Interest and amortization of premium and discount earned Dividends from affiliates Total income Expenses Investment advisory fees Commission fees Accounting services Transfer agent fees Professional fees Custodian fees Printing and shareholder reports Trustees' fees and expenses Listing fees Pricing fees Other Total expenses before waiver and reimbursement Waiver and reimbursement of expenses Total expenses after waiver and reimbursement Investment income--net Realized & Unrealized Gain (Loss) -- Net Realized gain on: Investments--net Forward interest rate swaps--net Total realized gain--net Change in unrealized appreciation/depreciation on: Investments--net Forward interest rate swaps--net Total change in unrealized appreciation/depreciation--net Total realized and unrealized loss--net

Dividends & Distributions to Preferred Stock Shareholders

Investment income--net
Realized gain--net

Total dividends and distributions to Preferred Stock shareholders

Net Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations

See Notes to Financial Statements.

ANNUAL REPORTS MAY 31, 2006

Statements of Changes in Net Assets

Muni

\$

Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets:

Operations

Investment income--net
Realized gain--net
Change in unrealized appreciation/depreciation--net
Dividends and distributions to Preferred Stock shareholders

Net increase in net assets resulting from operations

Dividends & Distributions to Common Stock Shareholders

Investment income--net
Realized gain--net

Net decrease in net assets resulting from dividends and distributions to $\operatorname{\mathsf{Common}}$ Stock shareholders

Stock Transactions

Offering and underwriting costs resulting from the issuance of Preferred Stock

Net decrease in net assets derived from stock transactions

Net Assets Applicable to Common Stock

Total increase (decrease) in net assets applicable to Common Stock Beginning of year

End of year*

* Undistributed investment income--net

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Statements of Changes in Net Assets	Muni New York
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets:	
Operations	
Investment incomenet Realized gain (loss)net Change in unrealized appreciation/depreciationnet Dividends to Preferred Stock shareholders	\$
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	
Dividends to Common Stock Shareholders	
Investment incomenet	
Net decrease in net assets resulting from dividends to Common Stock sha	areholders
Net Assets Applicable to Common Stock	
Total increase (decrease) in net assets applicable to Common Stock Beginning of year	
End of year*	\$
* Undistributed investment incomenet	== \$
See Notes to Financial Statements.	==
ANNUAL REPORTS MAY 31, 200	06
Financial Highlights	Muni
The following per share data and ratios have been derived from information provided in the financial statements.	For the Yea
Per Share Operating Performance	
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$ 15.
Investment incomenet Realized and unrealized gain (loss)net	1.04++-
Dividends and distributions to Preferred Stock shareholders: Investment incomenet Realized gainnet	(.2

Total from investment operations

Less dividends and distributions to Common Stock shareholders:

Investment incomenet Realized gainnet		(.8 (.2
Total dividends and distributions to Common Stock shareholders		(1.0
Offering costs resulting from issuance of Common Stock		
Offering and underwriting costs resulting from issuance of Preferred Stock		(.0
Net asset value, end of period	\$	15.
Market price per share, end of period	\$	14.
Total Investment Return**		
Based on net asset value per share	==:	4.7
Based on market price per share	==:	12.2
Ratios Based on Average Net Assets of Common Stock		
Expenses, net of waiver***		. 8
Expenses***	===	1.1
Investment incomenet***	===	 6.8
Amount of dividends to Preferred Stock shareholders	===	1.3
Investment incomenet, to Common Stock shareholders	===	5.4
	===	
Ratios Based on Average Net Assets of Preferred Stock		
Dividends to Preferred Stock shareholders	===	2.5 =====
Supplemental Data		
Net assets applicable to Common Stock, end of period (in thousands)	\$	573 , 0
Preferred Stock outstanding, end of period (in thousands)	\$	320 , 0
Portfolio turnover		50.5
Leverage		
Asset coverage per \$1,000	\$	2,7
nadec coverage per vi, out		=====
Dividends Per Share on Preferred Stock Outstanding		
Series M7++++Investment incomenet	\$	6 ======
Series T7++++Investment incomenet	\$ ===	6
Series W7++++Investment incomenet	\$	6

Series TH7+++Investment incomenet		\$	
Series F7+++Investment incomenet		\$	
Series TH28+++++Investment incomenet		\$	
* Annualized.			
** Total investment returns based on market value, which can be significantly greater or lesser than the net asset value, may result in substantially different returns. Total investment returns exclude the effects of sales charges.			
*** Do not reflect the effect of dividends to Preferred Stock shareholders.			
++ Commencement of operations.			
++++ Issued on August 20, 2003.			
+++++ Issued on August 3, 2005.			
+++ Aggregate total investment return.			
+++++ Based on average shares outstanding.			
See Notes to Financial Statements.			
ANNUAL REPORTS MAY 31, 2006			
ANNUAL REPORTS MAY 31, 2006			
ANNUAL REPORTS MAY 31, 2006 Financial Highlights (concluded)	Muni	New	York
			York Year 2006
Financial Highlights (concluded) The following per share data and ratios have been derived			Year
Financial Highlights (concluded) The following per share data and ratios have been derived from information provided in the financial statements.			Year
Financial Highlights (concluded) The following per share data and ratios have been derived from information provided in the financial statements. Per Share Operating Performance		the	Year 2006
Financial Highlights (concluded) The following per share data and ratios have been derived from information provided in the financial statements. Per Share Operating Performance Net asset value, beginning of period Investment incomenet Realized and unrealized gain (loss)net		the	Year 2006 15
Financial Highlights (concluded) The following per share data and ratios have been derived from information provided in the financial statements. Per Share Operating Performance Net asset value, beginning of period Investment incomenet Realized and unrealized gain (loss)net Dividends to Preferred Stock shareholders from investment incomenet		the	Year 2006 15
Financial Highlights (concluded) The following per share data and ratios have been derived from information provided in the financial statements. Per Share Operating Performance Net asset value, beginning of period Investment incomenet Realized and unrealized gain (loss)net Dividends to Preferred Stock shareholders from investment incomenet Total from investment operations		the	Year 2006 15 .87++ (.
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Financial Highlights (concluded) The following per share data and ratios have been derived from information provided in the financial statements. Per Share Operating Performance Net asset value, beginning of period Investment income—net Realized and unrealized gain (loss)—net Dividends to Preferred Stock shareholders from investment income—net Total from investment operations Less dividends to Common Stock shareholders from investment income—net Offering costs resulting from issuance of Common Stock		the	Year 2006 15 .87++ (.

Market price per share, end of period

13.

Total Investment Return**

Total Investment Return	
Based on net asset value per share	2.5
Based on market price per share	2.0
Ratios Based on Average Net Assets of Common Stock	
Total expenses, net of waiver and reimbursement***	1.1
Total expenses***	1.3
Total investment incomenet***	======= 5.8 =======
Amount of dividends to Preferred Stock shareholders	1.3
Investment incomenet, to Common Stock shareholders	4.5 ======
Ratios Based on Average Net Assets of Preferred Stock	
Dividends to Preferred Stock shareholders	2.6 ======
Supplemental Data	
Net assets applicable to Common Stock, end of period (in thousands)	\$ 61,6
Preferred Stock outstanding, end of period (in thousands)	\$ 31,0 =======
Portfolio turnover	49.2 ======
Leverage	
Asset coverage per \$1,000	\$ 2,9 ======
Dividends Per Share on Preferred Stock Outstanding	
Series F7+++Investment incomenet	\$ 6 ======

- * Annualized.
- ** Total investment returns based on market value, which can be significantly greater or than the net asset value, may result in substantially different returns. Total investment returns exclude the effects of sales charges.
- *** Do not reflect the effect of dividends to Preferred Stock shareholders.
- ++ Commencement of operations.
- ++++ Issued on August 20, 2003.
- +++ Aggregate total investment return.
- +++++ Based on average shares outstanding.

See Notes to Financial Statements.

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Notes to Financial Statements

1. Significant Accounting Policies:

Muni Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc. and Muni New York Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc. (the "Funds" or individually as the "Fund") are registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, as non-diversified, closed-end management investment companies. The Funds' financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, which may require the use of management accruals and estimates. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The Funds determine and make available for publication the net asset values of their Common Stock on a daily basis. Each Fund's Common Stock shares are listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol MUI for Muni Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc. and MNE for Muni New York Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc.

- (a) Valuation of investments--Municipal bonds are traded primarily in the overthe-counter ("OTC") markets and are valued at the last available bid price in the OTC market or on the basis of values as obtained by a pricing service. Pricing services use valuation matrixes that incorporate both dealer-supplied valuations and valuation models. The procedures of the pricing service and its valuations are reviewed by the officers of the Funds under the general direction of the Board of Directors. Such valuations and procedures are reviewed periodically by the Board of Directors of the Funds. Financial futures contracts and options thereon, which are traded on exchanges, are valued at their closing prices as of the close of such exchanges. Options written or purchased are valued at the last sale price in the case of exchangetraded options. In the case of options traded in the OTC market, valuation is the last asked price (options written) or the last bid price (options purchased). Swap agreements are valued by quoted fair values received daily by the Funds' pricing service. Short-term investments with a remaining maturity of 60 days or less are valued at amortized cost, which approximates market value, under which method the investment is valued at cost and any premium or discount is amortized on a straight line basis to maturity. Investments in open-end investment companies are valued at their net asset value each business day. Securities and other assets for which market quotations are not readily available are valued at fair value as determined in good faith by or under the direction of the Board of Directors of the Funds.
- (b) Derivative financial instruments—Each Fund may engage in various portfolio investment strategies both to increase the return of the Fund and to hedge, or protect, its exposure to interest rate movements and movements in the securities markets. Losses may arise due to changes in the value of the contract or if the counterparty does not perform under the contract.
- * Financial futures contracts—Each Fund may purchase or sell financial futures contracts and options on such futures contracts. Futures contracts are contracts for delayed delivery of securities at a specific future date and at a specific price or yield. Upon entering into a contract, the Fund deposits and maintains as collateral such initial margin as required by the exchange on which the transaction is effected. Pursuant to the contract, the Fund agrees to receive from or pay to the broker an amount of cash equal to the daily fluctuation in value of the contract. Such receipts or payments are known as variation margin and are recorded by the Fund as unrealized gains or losses. When the contract is closed, the Fund records a realized gain or loss equal to the difference between the value of the contract at the time it was opened and

the value at the time it was closed.

- * Options--Each Fund may purchase and write call and put options. When the Fund writes an option, an amount equal to the premium received by the Fund is reflected as an asset and an equivalent liability. The amount of the liability is subsequently marked-to-market to reflect the current market value of the option written. When a security is purchased or sold through an exercise of an option, the related premium paid (or received) is added to (or deducted from) the basis of the security acquired or deducted from (or added to) the proceeds of the security sold. When an option expires (or the Fund enters into a closing transaction), the Fund realizes a gain or loss on the option to the extent of the premiums received or paid (or gain or loss to the extent the cost of the closing transaction exceeds the premium paid or received). Written and purchased options are non-income producing investments.
- * Forward interest rate swaps--Each Fund may enter into forward interest rate swaps. In a forward interest rate swap, the Fund and the counterparty agree to make periodic net payments on a specified notional contract amount, commencing on a specified future effective date, unless terminated earlier. When the agreement is closed, the Fund records a realized gain or loss in an amount equal to the value of the agreement.
- (c) Income taxes—It is each Fund's policy to comply with the requirements of the Internal Revenue Code applicable to regulated investment companies and to distribute substantially all of its taxable income to its shareholders. Therefore, no federal income tax provision is required.

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

- (d) Security transactions and investment income—Security transactions are recorded on the dates the transactions are entered into (the trade dates). Realized gains and losses on security transactions are determined on the identified cost basis. Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend dates. Interest income is recognized on the accrual basis. The Funds amortize all premiums and discounts on debt securities.
- (e) Dividends and distributions—Dividends from net investment income are declared and paid monthly. Distributions of capital gains are recorded on the \exp -dividend dates.
- (f) Offering costs--Direct expenses relating to the public offering of Muni Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc.'s Preferred Stock were charged to capital at the time of issuance of the shares.
- (g) Reclassifications—U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that certain components of net assets be adjusted to reflect permanent differences between financial and tax reporting. Accordingly, the current year's permanent book/tax differences have been reclassified as follows:

Muni Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc.

\$6,656 has been reclassified between undistributed net investment income and undistributed net realized capital gains as a result of permanent differences attributable to amortization methods on fixed income securities. This

reclassification has no effect on net assets or net asset values per share.

Muni New York Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc.

\$4,617 has been reclassified between undistributed net investment income and accumulated net realized capital losses on investments as a result of permanent differences attributable to amortization methods on fixed income securities. This reclassification has no effect on net assets or net asset values per share.

2. Investment Advisory Agreement and Transactions with Affiliates: Each Fund has entered into an Investment Advisory Agreement with Fund Asset Management, L.P. ("FAM"). The general partner of FAM is Princeton Services, Inc. ("PSI"), an indirect, wholly-owned subsidiary of Merrill Lynch & Co., Inc. ("ML & Co."), which is the limited partner.

FAM is responsible for the management of each Fund's portfolio and provides the necessary personnel, facilities, equipment and certain other services necessary to the operations of the Funds. For such services, each Fund pays a monthly fee at an annual rate of .55% of the Fund's average daily net assets, including proceeds from the issuance of Preferred Stock. FAM has contractually agreed to waive a portion of its fee during the first seven years of each Fund's operations ending July 31, 2010, as follows:

	Fee Waiver (As a Percentage of Average Daily Net Assets)
Years 1 through 5	.15%
Year 6	.10%
Year 7	.05%
Year 8 and thereafter	.00%

FAM has not agreed to waive any portion of its fee beyond July 31, 2010.

For the year ended May 31, 2006, FAM earned fees and waived a portion of its fees as follows:

	Investment Advisory Fees Earned	Fees Waived
Muni Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc.	\$4,921,073	\$1,342,111
Muni New York	, , , , , ,	, , - ,
Intermediate Duration		
Fund, Inc.	\$ 513,274	\$ 139 , 984

In addition, FAM has agreed to reimburse its management fee by the amount of management fees Muni New York Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc. pays to FAM indirectly through its investment in CMA New York Municipal Money Fund. For the year ended May 31, 2006, FAM reimbursed Muni New York Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc. in the amount of \$4,124.

For the year ended May 31, 2006, Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated ("MLPF&S"), an affiliate of FAM, received underwriting fees of

\$350,000 in connection with the issuance of Muni Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc.'s Preferred Stock.

For the year ended May 31, 2006, the Funds reimbursed FAM for certain accounting services. The reimbursements were as follows:

Reimbursement

Muni Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc. \$20,430
Muni New York Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc. \$1,969

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Certain officers and/or directors of the Funds are officers and/or directors of FAM, PSI, and/or ML & Co.

In February 2006, ML & Co. and BlackRock, Inc. entered into an agreement to contribute ML & Co.'s investment management business, including FAM, to the investment management business of BlackRock, Inc. The transaction is expected to close in the third quarter of 2006.

3. Investments:

Purchases and sales of investments, excluding short-term securities, for the year ended May 31, 2006 were as follows:

		Muni	Muni New York
		Intermediate	Intermediate
		Duration	Duration
		Fund, Inc.	Fund, Inc.
m - 1 - 1	D	¢452,020,042	¢44 FF0 041
Iotal	Purchases	\$453,929,943	\$44,559,841
Total	Sales	\$445,439,882	\$44,592,452

4. Stock Transactions:

Each Fund is authorized to issue 200,000,000 shares of stock, including Preferred Stock, par value \$.10 per share, all of which were initially classified as Common Stock. The Board of Directors is authorized, however, to reclassify any unissued shares of beneficial interest without approval of the holders of Common Stock.

Preferred Stock

Auction Market Preferred Stock are redeemable shares of Preferred Stock of the Fund, with a par value of \$.10 per share and a liquidation preference of \$25,000 per share plus accrued and unpaid dividends that entitle their holders to receive cash dividends at an annual rate that may vary for the successive dividend periods. The yields in effect at May 31, 2006 were as follows:

	Muni	Muni New York
	Intermediate	Intermediate
	Duration	Duration
	Fund, Inc.	Fund, Inc.
Series M7	3.40%	
Series T7	3.40%	
Series TH7	3.40%	
Series W7	3.33%	
Series F7	3.32%	3.35%
Series TH28	3.40%	

Muni Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc.

Shares issued and outstanding during the year ended May 31, 2006 increased by 1,400 from the issuance of an additional series of Preferred Stock and during the year ended May 31, 2005 remained constant.

Muni New York Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc.

Shares issued and outstanding during the years ended May 31, 2006 and May 31, 2005 remained constant.

Each Fund pays commissions to certain broker-dealers at the end of each auction at an annual rate ranging from .25% to .375%, calculated on the proceeds of each auction. For the year ended May 31, 2006, MLPF&S earned commissions as follows:

	Commissions
Muni Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc.	\$668,340
Muni New York Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc.	\$ 58,873

5. Distributions to Shareholders:

Each Fund paid a tax-exempt income dividend to holders of Common Stock in the amounts of \$.063000 per share and \$.054000 per share relating to Muni Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc. and Muni New York Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc., respectively, on June 29, 2006 to shareholders of record on June 13, 2006.

Muni Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc.

The tax character of distributions paid during the fiscal years ended May 31, 2006 and May 31, 2005 was as follows:

		5/31/2006		5/31/2005
Distributions paid from:				
Tax-exempt income	\$	39,996,579	\$	37,130,875
Ordinary income		1,319,480		7,395,390
Net long-term capital gain		8,792,287		418,918
Total distributions	\$	50,108,346	\$	44,945,183
	===		===	

As of May 31, 2006, the components of accumulated earnings on a tax basis were as follows:

Undistributed ordinary incomenet	\$	4,118,687
Undistributed tax-exempt incomenet		4,042,302
Undistributed long-term capital gainsnet		1,853,232
Total undistributed earningsnet		10,014,221
Capital loss carryforward		
Unrealized gainsnet		22,518,132*
Total accumulated earningsnet	\$	32,532,353
	===	

* The difference between book-basis and tax-basis net unrealized gains is attributable primarily to the tax deferrals of losses on wash sales and the difference between book and tax amortization methods for premiums and discounts on fixed income securities.

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Notes to Financial Statements (concluded)

Muni New York Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc.

The tax character of distributions paid during the fiscal years ended May 31, 2006 and May 31, 2005 was as follows:

	====		====	
Total distributions	\$	3,723,892	\$	3,510,610
Distributions paid from: Tax-exempt income	\$	3,723,892	\$	3,510,610
		5/31/2006		5/31/2005

As of May 31, 2006, the components of accumulated earnings on a tax basis were as follows:

Undistributed tax-exempt incomenet Undistributed long-term capital gainsnet	\$	299 , 774
Total undistributed earningsnet Capital loss carryforward Unrealized gains-net		299,774 (281,623)* 2,023,526**
Total accumulated earningsnet	\$ ===	2,041,677

^{*} On May 31, 2006, the Fund had a net capital loss carryforward of \$281,623, all of which expires in 2013. This amount will be available to offset like amounts of any future taxable gains.

^{**} The difference between book-basis and tax-basis net unrealized

gains is attributable primarily to the difference between book and tax amortization methods for premiums and discounts on fixed income securities.

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Shareholders and Board of Directors of Muni Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc. and Muni New York Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying statements of net assets of Muni Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc. and Muni New York Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc. (the "Funds"), including the schedules of investments, as of May 31, 2006, and the related statements of operations for the year then ended, the statements of changes in net assets for each of the two years in the period then ended, and the financial highlights for each of the periods indicated therein. These financial statements and financial highlights are the responsibility of the Funds' management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and financial highlights based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements and financial highlights are free of material misstatement. We were not engaged to perform an audit of the Funds' internal control over financial reporting. Our audits included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Funds' internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements and financial highlights, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Our procedures included confirmation of securities owned as of May 31, 2006 by correspondence with the custodian and brokers or by other appropriate auditing procedures where replies from brokers were not received. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements and financial highlights referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Muni Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc. and Muni New York Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc. at May 31, 2006, the results of their operations for the year then ended, the changes in their net assets for each of the two years in the period then ended, and their financial highlights for each of the indicated periods, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

(Ernst & Young LLP) Philadelphia, Pennsylvania July 14, 2006

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Important Tax Information

All of the net investment income distributions paid by Muni Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc. and Muni New York Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc. during the taxable period ended May 31, 2006 qualify as tax-exempt interest dividends for federal income tax purposes.

Additionally, the following table summarizes the taxable per share distributions paid by Muni Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc. during the year:

	Payable	Ordinary	Long-Term
	Date	Income	Capital Gains
Common Stock Shareholders	12/29/2005	\$.029664	\$.197670
Preferred Stock Shareholders:	:		
Series M7	10/18/2005	\$2.49	\$17.06
	10/25/2005	\$2.25	\$15.46
	11/01/2005	\$2.35	\$16.09
	11/08/2005	\$2.17	\$14.88
	11/15/2005	\$2.69	\$17.23
	11/22/2005	\$2.74	\$17.54
	11/29/2005	\$1.34	\$ 8.52
Series T7	10/19/2005	\$2.42	\$16.62
	10/26/2005	\$2.40	\$16.42
	11/02/2005	\$2.42	\$16.57
	11/09/2005	\$2.55	\$17.51
	11/16/2005	\$2.69	\$17.15
	11/23/2005	\$2.78	\$17.72
	11/30/2005	\$0.95	\$ 6.03
Series W7	10/20/2005	\$2.37	\$16.29
	10/27/2005	\$2.40	\$16.42
	11/03/2005	\$2.42	\$16.62
	11/10/2005	\$2.54	\$17.38
	11/17/2005	\$2.65	\$16.91
	11/25/2005	\$3.20	\$20.40
	12/01/2005	\$0.55	\$ 3.44
	Payable	Ordinary	Long-Term
	Date	Income	Capital Gains
Preferred Stock Shareholders	(concluded):		
Series TH7	10/21/2005	\$2.35	\$16.09
	10/28/2005	\$2.35	\$16.15
	11/04/2005	\$2.54	\$17.38
	11/11/2005	\$3.78	\$24.66
	11/18/2005	\$1.52	\$ 9.86
	11/25/2005	\$2.75	\$17.89
	12/02/2005	\$1.14	\$ 7.46
Series F7	10/17/2005	\$2.14	\$14.62
	10/24/2005	\$2.35	\$16.09

	10/31/2005 11/07/2005 11/14/2005	\$2.29 \$2.54 \$2.51	\$15.78 \$17.38 \$16.00
	11/21/2005	\$2.72	\$17.49
	11/28/2005	\$1.36	\$ 8.65
Series TH28	12/23/2005	\$4.96	\$32.96

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Automatic Dividend Reinvestment Plan

How the Plan Works--The Funds offer a Dividend Reinvestment Plan (the "Plan") under which income and capital gains dividends paid by each Fund are automatically reinvested in additional shares of Common Stock of each Fund. The Plan is administered on behalf of the shareholders by Computershare Trust Company, N.A. (the "Plan Agent"). Under the Plan, whenever the Funds declare a dividend, participants in the Plan will receive the equivalent in shares of Common Stock of each Fund. The Plan Agent will acquire the shares for the participant's account either (i) through receipt of additional unissued but authorized shares of each Fund ("newly issued shares") or (ii) by purchase of outstanding shares of Common Stock on the open market on the New York Stock Exchange or elsewhere. If, on the dividend payment date, each Fund's net asset value per share is equal to or less than the market price per share plus estimated brokerage commissions (a condition often referred to as a "market premium"), the Plan Agent will invest the dividend amount in newly issued shares. If the Funds' net asset value per share is greater than the market price per share (a condition often referred to as a "market discount"), the Plan Agent will invest the dividend amount by purchasing on the open market additional shares. If the Plan Agent is unable to invest the full dividend amount in open market purchases, or if the market discount shifts to a market premium during the purchase period, the Plan Agent will invest any uninvested portion in newly issued shares. The shares acquired are credited to each shareholder's account. The amount credited is determined by dividing the dollar amount of the dividend by either (i) when the shares are newly issued, the net asset value per share on the date the shares are issued or (ii) when shares are purchased in the open market, the average purchase price per share.

Participation in the Plan—Participation in the Plan is automatic, that is, a shareholder is automatically enrolled in the Plan when he or she purchases shares of Common Stock of the Funds unless the shareholder specifically elects not to participate in the Plan. Shareholders who elect not to participate will receive all dividend distributions in cash. Shareholders who do not wish to participate in the Plan must advise the Plan Agent in writing (at the address set forth below) that they elect not to participate in the Plan. Participation in the Plan is completely voluntary and may be terminated or resumed at any time without penalty by writing to the Plan Agent.

Benefits of the Plan--The Plan provides an easy, convenient way for shareholders to make additional, regular investments in the Funds. The Plan promotes a long-term strategy of investing at a lower cost. All shares acquired pursuant to the Plan receive voting rights. In addition, if the market price plus commissions of each Fund's shares is above the net asset value, participants in the Plan will receive shares of the Fund for less than they could otherwise purchase them and with a cash value greater than the

value of any cash distribution they would have received. However, there may not be enough shares available in the market to make distributions in shares at prices below the net asset value. Also, since each Fund does not redeem shares, the price on resale may be more or less than the net asset value.

Plan Fees--There are no enrollment fees or brokerage fees for participating in the Plan. The Plan Agent's service fees for handling the reinvestment of distributions are paid for by the Fund. However, brokerage commissions may be incurred when the Fund purchases shares on the open market and shareholders will pay a pro rata share of any such commissions.

Tax Implications—The automatic reinvestment of dividends and distributions will not relieve participants of any federal, state or local income tax that may be payable (or required to be withheld) on such dividends. Therefore, income and capital gains may still be realized even though shareholders do not receive cash.

Contact Information—All correspondence concerning the Plan, including any questions about the Plan, should be directed to the Plan Agent at Computershare Trust Company, N.A., P.O. Box 43010, Providence, RI 02940-3010, Telephone: 800-426-5523.

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Disclosure of New Investment Advisory Agreement

New BlackRock Investment Advisory Agreement--Matters Considered by the Boards

In connection with the Transaction between Merrill Lynch and BlackRock, each Fund's Board of Directors considered a new investment advisory agreement (each a "New Investment Advisory Agreement") between the Fund and BlackRock Advisors, Inc. or its successor ("BlackRock Advisors"). If each Fund's New Investment Advisory Agreement is approved by shareholders of the Fund, it will become effective upon the closing of the Transaction, which is expected in the third quarter of 2006.

The Boards discussed the New Investment Advisory Agreements at telephonic and in-person meetings held during April and May 2006. Each Board, including the independent directors, approved the applicable New Investment Advisory Agreement at a meeting held on May 8, 2006.

To assist each Board in its consideration of the New Investment Advisory Agreement, BlackRock provided materials and information about BlackRock, including its financial condition and asset management capabilities and organization, and Merrill Lynch provided materials and information about the Transaction. Each Fund's independent directors, through their independent legal counsel, also requested and received additional information from Merrill Lynch and BlackRock in connection with their consideration of the Fund's New Investment Advisory Agreement. The additional information was provided in advance of the May 8, 2006 meetings. In addition, each Fund's independent directors consulted with their counsel and Fund counsel on numerous occasions, discussing, among other things, the legal standards and certain other considerations relevant to the directors' deliberations.

At the Board meetings, members of each Fund's Board discussed with Merrill Lynch management and certain BlackRock representatives the Transaction, its strategic rationale and BlackRock's general plans and intentions regarding the

Fund. At these Board meetings, representatives of Merrill Lynch and BlackRock made presentations to and responded to questions from the Boards. The directors also inquired about the plans for and anticipated roles and responsibilities of certain employees and officers of the Investment Adviser and certain affiliates being transferred to BlackRock in connection with the Transaction. The independent directors also conferred separately and with their counsel about the Transaction and other matters related to the Transaction on a number of occasions, including in connection with the April and May 2006 meetings. After the presentations and after reviewing the written materials provided, each Fund's independent directors met in executive sessions with their counsel to consider the Fund's New Investment Advisory Agreement.

In connection with each Board's review of the New Investment Advisory Agreement, Merrill Lynch and/or BlackRock advised the directors about a variety of matters. The advice included the following, among other matters:

- * that there is not expected to be any diminution in the nature, quality and extent of services provided to each Fund and its shareholders by BlackRock Advisors, including compliance services;
- * that operation of New BlackRock as an independent investment management firm will enhance its ability to attract and retain talented professionals;
- * that each Fund should benefit from having access to BlackRock's state of the art technology and risk management analytic tools, including investment tools, provided under the BlackRock Solutions (R) brand name;
- * that BlackRock has no present intention to alter any applicable expense waivers or reimbursements currently in effect and, while it reserves the right to do so in the future, it would seek Board approval before making any changes;
- * that under the Transaction Agreement, Merrill Lynch and BlackRock have agreed to conduct, and use reasonable best efforts to cause their respective affiliates to conduct, their respective businesses in compliance with the conditions of Section 15 (f) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 Act (the "1940 Act") in relation to any public funds advised by BlackRock or the Investment Adviser (or its affiliates), respectively; and
- * that Merrill Lynch and BlackRock would derive benefits from the Transaction and that, as a result, they have a different financial interest in the matters that were being considered than do Fund shareholders.

The directors considered the information provided by Merrill Lynch and BlackRock above, and, among other factors, the following:

* the potential benefits to each Fund's shareholders from being part of a combined fund family with BlackRock-sponsored funds, including possible economies of scale and access to investment opportunities;

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Disclosure of New Investment Advisory Agreement (continued)

- * the reputation, financial strength and resources of BlackRock and its investment advisory subsidiaries and the anticipated financial strength and resources of New BlackRock;
- * the compliance policies and procedures of BlackRock Advisors;
- * the terms and conditions of each New Investment Advisory Agreement, including the fact that neither Fund's schedule of total advisory fees will increase by virtue of the Fund's New Investment Advisory Agreement, but will remain the same;
- * that within the past year each Fund's Board performed a full annual review of the investment advisory agreement currently in effect for the Fund (the "Current Investment Advisory Agreement") as required by the 1940 Act and has determined that the Investment Adviser has the capabilities, resources and personnel necessary to provide the advisory and administrative services currently provided to the Fund; and that the advisory and/or management fees paid by the Fund, taking into account any applicable agreed-upon fee waivers and breakpoints, represent reasonable compensation to the Investment Adviser in light of the services provided, the costs to the Investment Adviser of providing those services, economies of scale, the fees and other expenses paid by similar funds (including information provided by Lipper, Inc. ["Lipper"]), and such other matters as the directors have considered relevant in the exercise of their reasonable judgment (each Board had most recently performed a full annual review of the Current Investment Advisory Agreement in November 2005); and
- * that Merrill Lynch agreed to pay all expenses of each Fund in connection with the Board's consideration of the New Investment Advisory Agreement and related agreements and all costs of shareholder approval of the New Investment Advisory Agreement and as a result the Fund would bear no costs in obtaining shareholder approval of the New Investment Advisory Agreement.

Certain of these considerations are discussed in more detail below.

In its review of the New Investment Advisory Agreement, each Board assessed the nature, scope and quality of the services to be provided to the applicable Fund by the personnel of BlackRock Advisors and its affiliates, including administrative services, shareholder services, oversight of fund accounting, marketing services and assistance in meeting legal and regulatory requirements. In its review of the New Investment Advisory Agreement, each Board also considered a range of information in connection with its oversight of the services to be provided by BlackRock Advisors and its affiliates. Among the matters considered by each Board were: (a) fees (in addition to management fees) to be paid to BlackRock Advisors and its affiliates by the Fund; (b) Fund operating expenses paid to third parties; (c) the resources devoted to and compliance reports relating to the Fund's investment objective, policies and restrictions, and its compliance with its Code of Ethics and BlackRock Advisors' compliance policies and procedures; and (d) the nature, cost and character of non-investment management services to be provided by BlackRock Advisors and its affiliates.

In the period prior to the Board meeting to consider renewal of the Current Investment Advisory Agreement, each Board had requested and received materials specifically relating to the agreement. These materials for each Fund included (a) information compiled by Lipper on the fees and expenses and the investment performance of the Fund as compared to a comparable group of funds as classified by Lipper; (b) information comparing the Fund's market price with its net asset value per share; (c) a discussion by the Fund's portfolio management team on investment strategies used by the Fund during its most

recent fiscal year; (d) information on the profitability to the Investment Adviser of the Fund's Current Investment Advisory Agreement and other payments received by the Investment Adviser and its affiliates from the Fund; and (e) information provided by the Investment Adviser concerning services related to the valuation and pricing of Fund portfolio holdings, the Fund's portfolio turnover statistics, and direct and indirect benefits to the Investment Adviser and its affiliates from their relationship with the Fund.

In their deliberations, each Fund's directors considered information received in connection with their most recent continuation of the Fund's Current Investment Advisory Agreement, in addition to information provided by BlackRock and BlackRock Advisors in connection with their evaluation of the terms and conditions of the Fund's New Investment Advisory Agreement. Neither Fund's directors identified any particular information that was all-important or controlling, and each director attributed different weights to the various factors. Each Fund's directors made their determinations separately in respect of the Fund. The directors of each Fund, including a majority of the independent directors, concluded that the terms of the Fund's New Investment Advisory Agreement are appropriate, that the fees to be paid are reasonable in light of the services to be provided to the Fund, and that the New Investment Advisory Agreement should be approved and recommended to Fund shareholders.

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Nature, Quality and Extent of Services Provided—Each Fund's Board reviewed the nature, extent and quality of services provided by the Investment Adviser, including the investment advisory services and the resulting performance of the Fund, as well as the nature, quality and extent of services expected to be provided by BlackRock Advisors. Each Fund's Board focused primarily on the Investment Adviser's advisory services and the Fund's investment performance, but also considered certain areas in which both the Investment Adviser and the Fund receive services as part of the Merrill Lynch complex. Each Fund's Board compared the Fund's performance — both including and excluding the effects of the Fund's fees and expenses — to the performance of a comparable group of funds, and the performance of a relevant index or combination of indexes. While each Board reviews performance data at least quarterly, consistent with the Investment Adviser's investment goals, the Board will attach more importance to performance over relatively long periods of time, typically three to five years.

In evaluating the nature, quality and extent of the services to be provided by BlackRock Advisors under the New Investment Advisory Agreement, each Fund's directors considered, among other things, the expected impact of the Transaction on the operations, facilities, organization and personnel of BlackRock Advisors and how it would affect the Fund; the ability of BlackRock Advisors to perform its duties after the Transaction; and any anticipated changes to the current investment and other practices of the Fund.

Each Fund's directors were given information with respect to the potential benefits to the Fund and its shareholders from having access to BlackRock's state of the art technology and risk management analytic tools, including the investment tools provided under the BlackRock Solutions brand name.

Each Fund's directors were advised that, as a result of Merrill Lynch's equity interest in BlackRock after the Transaction, the Fund will continue to be subject to restrictions concerning certain transactions involving Merrill Lynch affiliates (for example, transactions with a Merrill Lynch broker-dealer acting as principal) absent revised or new regulatory relief. Each Fund's

directors were advised that a revision of existing regulatory relief with respect to these restrictions was being sought from the Securities and Exchange Commission and were advised of the possibility of receipt of such revised regulatory relief. There can be no assurance that such relief will be obtained.

Based on their review of the materials provided and the assurances they had received from the management of Merrill Lynch and of BlackRock, each Fund's directors determined that the nature and quality of services to be provided to the Fund under the New Investment Advisory Agreement were expected to be as good or better than that provided under the Fund's Current Investment Advisory Agreement. It was noted, however, that it is expected that there will be changes in personnel following the Transaction and the combination of the operations of the Investment Adviser and its affiliates with those of BlackRock. Each Fund's directors noted that if current portfolio managers or other personnel cease to be available, the Board would consider all available options, which could include seeking the investment advisory or other services of BlackRock affiliates. Accordingly, each Fund's directors concluded that, overall, they were satisfied at the present time with assurances from BlackRock and BlackRock Advisors as to the expected nature, extent and quality of the services to be provided to the Fund under its New Investment Advisory Agreement.

Costs of Services Provided and Profitability--It was noted that, in conjunction with the recent review of the Current Investment Advisory Agreement, each Fund's directors had received, among other things, a report from Lipper comparing the Fund's fees, expenses and performance to those of a peer group selected by Lipper, and information as to the fees charged by the Investment Adviser or its affiliates to other registered investment company clients for investment management services. Each Fund's Board reviewed the Fund's contractual management fee rate and actual management fee rate as a percentage of total assets at common asset levels - the actual rate includes advisory fees and the effects of any fee waivers - compared to the other funds in its Lipper category. Each Fund's Board also compared the Fund's total expenses to those of other comparable funds. The information showed that each Fund had fees and expenses within the range of fees and expenses of comparable funds. Each Fund's Board considered the services to be provided by and the fees to be charged by BlackRock Advisors to other funds with similar investment mandates and noted that the fees charged by BlackRock Advisors in those cases, including fee waivers and expense reimbursements, were generally comparable to those being charged to the Fund. Each Fund's Board also noted that, as a general matter, according to the information provided by BlackRock, fees charged to institutional clients were lower than the fees charged to the Fund, but BlackRock Advisors provided less extensive services to such clients. Each Fund's Board concluded that the Fund's management fee and fee rate and overall expense ratio are reasonable compared to those of other comparable funds.

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Disclosure of New Investment Advisory Agreement (concluded)

In evaluating the costs of the services to be provided by BlackRock Advisors under the New Investment Advisory Agreement, each Fund's directors considered, among other things, whether advisory fees or other expenses would change as a result of the Transaction. Based on their review of the materials provided and the fact that each New Investment Advisory Agreement is substantially similar

to the applicable Current Investment Advisory Agreement in all material respects, including the rate of compensation, each Fund's directors determined that the Transaction should not increase the total fees payable, including any fee waivers and expense reimbursements, for advisory and administrative services. Each Fund's directors noted that it was not possible to predict with certainty New BlackRock's future profitability from its relationship with the Fund.

Each Fund's directors discussed with BlackRock Advisors its general methodology to be used in determining New BlackRock's profitability with respect to its relationship with the Fund. The directors noted that they expect to receive profitability information from New BlackRock on at least an annual basis and thus be in a position to evaluate whether any adjustments in Fund fees and/or fee breakpoints would be appropriate.

Fees and Economies of Scale—Each Fund's Board considered the extent to which economies of scale might be realized as the assets of the Fund increase and whether there should be changes in the management fee rate or structure in order to enable the Fund to participate in these economies of scale. Each Fund's Board determined that changes were not currently necessary and that the Fund appropriately participated in these economies of scale.

In reviewing the Transaction, the directors considered, among other things, whether advisory fees or other expenses would change as a result of the Transaction. Based on the fact that each New Investment Advisory Agreement is substantially similar to the applicable Current Investment Advisory Agreement in all material respects, including the rate of compensation, each Fund's directors determined that as a result of the Transaction, the Fund's total advisory fees would be no higher than the fees under its Current Investment Advisory Agreement. Each Fund's directors noted that in conjunction with their most recent deliberations concerning the Current Investment Advisory Agreement, the directors had determined that the total fees for advisory and administrative services for the Fund were reasonable in light of the services provided. It was noted that in conjunction with the recent review of the Current Investment Advisory Agreement, each Fund's directors had received, among other things, a report from Lipper comparing the Fund's fees, expenses and performance to those of a peer group selected by Lipper, and information as to the fees charged by the Investment Adviser or its affiliates to other registered investment company clients for investment management services. Each Fund's directors concluded that, because the rates for advisory fees for the Fund would be no higher than its current fee rates, the proposed management fee structure, including any fee waivers, was reasonable and that no additional changes were currently necessary.

Fall-Out Benefits—In evaluating the fall-out benefits to be received by BlackRock Advisors under the New Investment Advisory Agreement, each Fund's directors considered whether the Transaction would have an impact on the fall-out benefits received by the Investment Advisor by virtue of the Current Investment Advisory Agreement. Based on their review of the materials provided, including materials received in connection with their most recent approval or continuance of the Current Investment Advisory Agreement, and their discussions with management of the Investment Advisor and BlackRock, each Fund's directors determined that those benefits could include increased ability for BlackRock to distribute shares of its funds and other investment products. The directors noted that any such benefits were difficult to quantify with certainty at this time, and indicated that they would continue to evaluate them going forward.

Investment Performance--Each Fund's directors considered investment performance for the Fund. Each Fund's directors compared the Fund's performance - both including and excluding the effects of the Fund's fees and expenses - to the performance of a comparable group of funds, and the

performance of a relevant index or combination of indexes. The comparative information received from Lipper showed each Fund's performance at various levels within the range of performance of comparable funds over different time periods. While each Board reviews performance data at least quarterly, consistent with the Investment Adviser's investment goals, the Board will attach more importance over relatively long periods of time, typically three to five years. Each Fund's directors believed the Fund's performance was satisfactory. Also, the directors took into account the investment performance of funds currently advised by BlackRock Advisors. Each Board considered comparative information from Lipper which showed that the performance of the funds advised by BlackRock Advisors was within the range of performance of comparable funds over different time periods. Each Fund's Board noted BlackRock's considerable investment management experience and capabilities, but were unable to predict what effect, if any, consummation of the Transaction would have on the future performance of the Fund.

Conclusion—After the independent directors of each Fund deliberated in executive session, the Fund's entire Board, including the independent directors, approved the Fund's New Investment Advisory Agreement, concluding that the advisory fee rate was reasonable in relation to the services provided and that the New Investment Advisory Agreement was in the best interests of the Fund's shareholders. In approving the New Investment Advisory Agreement, each Board noted that it anticipated reviewing the continuance of the agreement in advance of the expiration of the initial two-year period.

Contingent BlackRock Subadvisory Agreement--Matters Considered by the Boards

At the telephonic and in-person meetings held during April and May 2006 at which each Board of Directors discussed and approved the New Investment Advisory Agreement, the Board, including the independent directors, also approved a contingent subadvisory agreement (each a "Contingent Subadvisory Agreement") between the Investment Adviser and BlackRock Advisors (the "BlackRock Subadviser"). Each Fund's Contingent Subadvisory Agreement is intended to ensure that the Fund operates with efficient portfolio management services until the closing of the Transaction, in the event that the Fund's Board deems it necessary and in the best interests of the Fund and its shareholders that the BlackRock Subadviser assist in managing the operations of the Fund during the interim period until the closing of the Transaction. If each Fund's shareholders approve the Contingent Subadvisory Agreement, it will take effect only upon recommendation from the Investment Adviser and upon subsequent approval of the Fund's Board in the period up to the closing of the Transaction. The effectiveness of each Fund's Contingent Subadvisory Agreement, therefore, would be contingent on further Board approval after shareholders approve it. Pursuant to each Contingent Subadvisory Agreement, the BlackRock Subadviser would receive a monthly fee from the Investment Adviser equal to 50% of the advisory fee received by the Investment Adviser. The Investment Adviser would pay the BlackRock Subadviser out of its own resources. There would be no increase in either Fund's expenses as a result of the Contingent Subadvisory Agreement.

In making its approval, each Board considered the Contingent Subadvisory Agreement in conjunction with the New Investment Advisory Agreement and reviewed the same information and factors discussed above. Each Fund's Board also considered in conjunction with the Contingent Subadvisory Agreement the necessity of ensuring that the Fund operates with effective management services until the closing of the Transaction. In reviewing the subadvisory fee rate provided in each Fund's Contingent Subadvisory Agreement, the Fund's Board took note of the fact that both the Investment Adviser and the BlackRock Subadvisory agreements. The Investment Adviser would remain responsible for oversight of each Fund's operations and administration and the BlackRock

Subadviser would provide advisory services to the Fund under the Contingent Subadvisory Agreement. Each Fund's Board also took into account the expected short duration of the term of any Contingent Subadvisory Agreement and the fact that total advisory fees paid by the Fund would not increase as a result of the Contingent Subadvisory Agreement. Under all of the circumstances, each Fund's Board concluded that it was a reasonable allocation of fees for the BlackRock Subadviser to receive 50% of the advisory fee paid by the Fund to the Investment Adviser.

After the independent directors of each Fund deliberated in executive session, the Fund's entire Board, including the independent directors, approved the applicable Contingent Subadvisory Agreement, concluding that the advisory fee was reasonable in relation to the services provided and that the Contingent Subadvisory Agreement was in the best interests of the Fund's shareholders.

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Officers and Directors

Name, Address & Age Interested Director	Position(s) Held with Funds	Length of Time Served	Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years	Fu Ov Di
Robert C. Doll, Jr.* P.O. Box 9011 Princeton, NJ 08543-9011 Age: 51	President and Director	2005 to present	President of the MLIM/FAM-advised funds since 2005; President of MLIM and FAM since 2001; Co-Head (Americas Region) thereof from 2000 to 2001 and Senior Vice President from 1999 to 2001; President and Director of Princeton Services, Inc. ("Princeton Services") since 2001; President of Princeton Administrators, L.P. ("Princeton Administrators, L.P. ("Princeton Administrators") since 2001; Chief Investment Officer of OppenheimerFunds, Inc. in 1999 and Executive Vice President thereof from 1991 to 1999.	13 17

^{*} Mr. Doll is a director, trustee or member of an advisory board of certain other investment companies for which MLIM or FAM acts as investment adviser. Mr. Doll is an "interested person," as defined in the Investment Company Act, of the Fund based on his positions with MLIM, FAM, Princeton Services and Princeton Administrators. Directors serve until their resignation, removal or death, or until December 31 of the year in which they turn 72. As Fund President, Mr. Doll serves at the pleasure of the Board of Directors.

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Officers and Directors (continued)

Νu

Name, Address & Age Independent Directors*	Position(s) Held with Funds	Length of Time Served	Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years	Nu Po Fu Ov Di
Donald W. Burton P.O. Box 9095 Princeton, NJ 08543-9095 Age: 62	Director	2003 to present	General Partner of The Burton Partnership, Limited Partnership (an investment partnership) since 1979; Managing General Partner of The South Atlantic Venture Funds since 1983; Member of the Investment Advisory Council of the Florida State Board of Administration since 2001.	23 42
John Francis O'Brien P.O. Box 9095 Princeton, NJ 08543-9095 Age: 63	Director	2004 to present	President and Chief Executive Officer of Allmerica Financial Corporation (financial services holding company) from 1995 to 2002 and Director from 1995 to 2003; President of Allmerica Investment Management Co., Inc. (investment adviser) from 1989 to 2002, Director from 1989 to 2002 and Chairman of the Board from 1989 to 1990; President, Chief Executive Officer and Director of First Allmerica Financial Life Insurance Company from 1989 to 2002 and Director of various other Allmerica Financial companies until 2002; Director since 1989, Member of the Governance Nominating Committee since 2004, Member of the Compensation Committee since 1989 and Member of the Audit Committee from 1990 to 2004 of ABIOMED; Director, Member of the Governance and Nomination Committee and Member of the Audit Committee of Cabot Corporation since 1990; Director and Member of the Audit Committee and Compensation Committee of LKQ Corporation since 2003; Lead Director of TJX Companies, Inc. since 1999; Trustee of the Woods Hole Oceanographic Institute since 2003.	23 42
David H. Walsh P.O. Box 9095 Princeton, NJ 08543-9095 Age: 64	Director	2003 to present	Consultant with Putnam Investments from 1993 to 2003, and employed in various capacities therewith from 1973 to 1992; Director, Massachusetts Audubon Society from 1990 to 1997; Director, The National Audubon Society from 1998 to 2005; Director, The American Museum of Fly Fishing since 1997.	23 42 om
Fred G. Weiss** P.O. Box 9095 Princeton, NJ 08543-9095 Age: 64	Director	2003 to present	Managing Director of FGW Associates since 1997; Vice President, Planning, Investment and Development of Warner Lambert Co. from 1979 to 1997; Director of the Michael J. Fox Foundation for Parkinson's Research since 2000; Director of BTG International Plc (a global technology commercialization company) since 2003	23 42

- * Directors serve until their resignation, removal or death, or until December 31 of the year in which they turn 72.
- ** Chairman of the Board of Directors and the Audit Committee.

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Officers and Directors (concluded)

Name, Address & Age	Position(s) Held with Funds	Length of Time Served	Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years
Fund Officers*			
Donald C. Burke P.O. Box 9011 Princeton, NJ 08543-9011 Age: 45	Vice President and Treasurer	2003 to present	Managing Director of MLIM and FAM since 2006 and T First Vice President of MLIM and FAM from 1997 to and Treasurer of Princeton Services since 1999 and President of FAM Distributors, Inc. ("FAMD") since Vice President of MLIM and FAM from 1990 to 1997; from 1990 to 2001; Vice President, Treasurer and S 2004.
Kenneth A. Jacob P.O. Box 9011 Princeton, NJ 08543-9011 Age: 55	Senior Vice President	2003 to present	Managing Director (Tax-Exempt Fund Management) of of MLIM from 1997 to 2000.
John M. Loffredo P.O. Box 9011 Princeton, NJ 08543-9011 Age: 42	Senior Vice President	2003 to present	Managing Director (Tax-Exempt Fund Management) of of MLIM from 1997 to 2000.
Timothy T. Browse P.O. Box 9011 Princeton, NJ 08543-9011 Age: 47	Vice President	2004 to present	Vice President (Tax-Exempt Fund Management) of MLI portfolio manager and team leader of the Municipal Abbet & Co. from 2000 to 2003; Vice President and municipal fund management group of Eaton Vance Man to 2000.
Robert A. DiMella P.O. Box 9011 Princeton, NJ 08543-9011 Age: 39	Vice President	2003 to present	Managing Director (Tax-Exempt Fund Management) of of MLIM from 2002 to 2004; Vice President of MLIM
Jeffrey Hiller P.O. Box 9011 Princeton, NJ 08543-9011	Chief Compliance Officer	2004 to present	Chief Compliance Officer of the MLIM/FAM-advised f and Chief Compliance Officer of MLIM (Americas Reg Compliance Officer of the IQ Funds since 2004; Glo Morgan Stanley Investment Management from 2002 to

Age: 54

Global Director of Compliance at Citigroup Asset M Chief Compliance Officer at Soros Fund Management Officer at Prudential Financial from 1995 to 2000; Commission's Securities and Exchange Division of E from 1990 to 1995.

P.O. Box 9011 Princeton, NJ 08543-9011 Age: 46

Alice A. Pellegrino Secretary 2004 to Director (Legal Advisory) of MLIM since 2002; Vice present 2002; Attorney associated with MLIM since 1997; Se and Princeton Services since 2004.

* Officers of the Funds serve at the pleasure of the Board of Directors.

Custodian State Street Bank and Trust Company P.O. Box 351 Boston, MA 02101

Transfer Agents

Common Stock: Computershare Trust Company, N.A. P.O. Box 43010 Providence, RI 02940-3010 800-426-5523

Preferred Stock: The Bank of New York 101 Barclay Street - 7 West New York, NY 10286

Laurie Simon Hodrick resigned as a Director of Muni Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc. and Muni New York Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc. effective May 1, 2006.

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Investment Objectives

NYSE Symbol Muni Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc. seeks to provide MUT shareholders with high current income exempt from federal income taxes by investing primarily in a portfolio of municipal obligations, the interest on which, in the opinion of bond counsel to the issuer, is exempt from federal income taxes.

NYSE Symbol Muni New York Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc. seeks to provide shareholders with high current income exempt from federal income

taxes and New York State and New York City personal income taxes by investing primarily in a portfolio of municipal obligations, the interest on which, in the opinion of bond counsel to the issuer, is exempt from federal income taxes and New York State and New York City personal income taxes.

Fund Certifications

In September 2005, Muni Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc. and Muni New York Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc. filed their Chief Executive Officer Certifications for the prior year with the New York Stock Exchange pursuant to Section 303A.12(a) of the New York Stock Exchange Corporate Governance Listing Standards.

The Funds' Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer Certifications pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 were filed with the Fund's Form N-CSR and are available on the Securities and Exchange Commission's Web site at http://www.sec.gov.

Availability of Quarterly Schedule of Investments

The Funds file their complete schedules of portfolio holdings with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") for the first and third quarters of each fiscal year on Form N-Q. The Funds' Forms N-Q are available on the SEC's Web site at http://www.sec.gov. The Funds' Forms N-Q may also be reviewed and copied at the SEC's Public Reference Room in Washington, DC. Information on the operation of the Public Reference Room may be obtained by calling 1-800-SEC-0330.

Electronic Delivery

The Funds offer electronic delivery of communications to their shareholders. In order to receive this service, you must register your account and provide us with e-mail information. To sign up for this service, simply access this Web site at http://www.icsdelivery.com/live and follow the instructions. When you visit this site, you will obtain a personal identification number (PIN). You will need this PIN should you wish to update your e-mail address, choose to discontinue this service and/or make any other changes to the service. This service is not available for certain retirement accounts at this time.

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- Item 2 Code of Ethics The registrant has adopted a code of ethics, as of the end of the period covered by this report, that applies to the registrant's principal executive officer, principal financial officer and principal accounting officer, or persons performing similar functions. A copy of the code of ethics is available without charge upon request by calling toll-free 1-800-MER-FUND (1-800-637-3863).

audit committee financial experts serving on its audit committee and (ii) each audit committee financial expert is independent: (1) Donald W. Burton, (2) Laurie Simon Hodrick (resigned as of May 1, 2006), (3) John F. O'Brien, (4) David H. Walsh and (5) Fred G. Weiss.

The registrant's board of directors has determined that Laurie Simon Hodrick qualifies as a financial expert pursuant to Item 3(c)(4) of Form N-CSR.

Ms. Hodrick has a thorough understanding of generally accepted accounting principals, financial statements, and internal controls and procedures for financial reporting. Ms. Hodrick earned a Ph.D. in economics and has taught courses in finance for over 15 years. Her M.B.A.-level course centers around the evaluation and analysis of firms' corporate financial statements. She has also taught in financial analysts' training programs. Ms. Hodrick has also worked with several prominent corporations in connection with the analysis of financial forecasts and projections and analysis of the financial statements of those companies, serving on the Financial Advisory Council of one of these major corporations. She has also served as the Treasurer and Finance Chair of a 501(c)(3) organization. Ms. Hodrick has published a number of articles in leading economic and financial journals and is the associate editor of two leading finance journals.

Item 4 - Principal Accountant Fees and Services

- (a) Audit Fees Fiscal Year Ending May 31, 2006 \$34,000 Fiscal Year Ending May 31, 2005 \$33,000
- (b) Audit-Related Fees Fiscal Year Ending May 31, 2006 \$3,500 Fiscal Year Ending May 31, 2005 \$3,500

The nature of the services include assurance and related services reasonably related to the performance of the audit of financial statements not included in Audit Fees.

(c) Tax Fees - Fiscal Year Ending May 31, 2006 - \$6,000 Fiscal Year Ending May 31, 2005 - \$5,700

The nature of the services include tax compliance, tax advice and tax planning.

- (d) All Other Fees Fiscal Year Ending May 31, 2006 \$0 Fiscal Year Ending May 31, 2005 \$0
- (e) (1) The registrant's audit committee (the "Committee") has adopted policies and procedures with regard to the pre-approval of services. Audit, audit-related and tax compliance services provided to the registrant on an annual basis require specific pre-approval by the Committee. The Committee also must approve other non-audit services provided to the registrant and those non-audit services provided to the registrant's affiliated service providers that relate directly to the operations and the financial reporting of the registrant. Certain of these non-audit services that the Committee believes are a) consistent with the SEC's auditor independence rules and b) routine and recurring services that will not impair the independence of the independent accountants may be approved by the Committee without consideration on a specific case-by-case basis ("general pre-approval"). However, such services will only be deemed pre-approved provided that any individual

project does not exceed \$5,000 attributable to the registrant or \$50,000 for all of the registrants the Committee oversees. Any proposed services exceeding the pre-approved cost levels will require specific pre-approval by the Committee, as will any other services not subject to general pre-approval (e.g., unanticipated but permissible services). The Committee is informed of each service approved subject to general pre-approval at the next regularly scheduled in-person board meeting.

- (e) (2) 0%
- (f) Not Applicable
- (g) Fiscal Year Ending May 31, 2006 \$9,500 Fiscal Year Ending May 31, 2005 - \$9,200
- (h) The registrant's audit committee has considered and determined that the provision of non-audit services that were rendered to the registrant's investment adviser and any entity controlling, controlled by, or under common control with the investment adviser that provides ongoing services to the registrant that were not preapproved pursuant to paragraph (c)(7)(ii) of Rule 2-01 of Regulation S-X is compatible with maintaining the principal accountant's independence.

Regulation S-X Rule 2-01(c)(7)(ii) - \$0, 0%

> Donald W. Burton Laurie Simon Hodrick (resigned as of May 1, 2006) John F. O'Brien David H. Walsh Fred G. Weiss

- Item 6 Schedule of Investments Not Applicable

Each Fund's Board of Directors/Trustees has delegated to Merrill Lynch Investment Managers, L.P. and/or Fund Asset Management, L.P. (the "Investment Adviser") authority to vote all proxies relating to the Fund's portfolio securities. The Investment Adviser has adopted policies and procedures ("Proxy Voting Procedures") with respect to the voting of proxies related to the portfolio securities held in the account of one or more of its clients, including a Fund. Pursuant to these Proxy Voting Procedures, the Investment Adviser's primary objective when voting proxies is to make proxy voting decisions solely in the best interests of each Fund and its shareholders, and to act in a manner that the Investment Adviser believes is most likely to enhance the economic value of the securities held by the Fund. The Proxy Voting Procedures are designed to ensure that the Investment Adviser considers the interests of its clients, including the Funds, and not the interests of the Investment Adviser, when voting proxies and that real (or perceived) material conflicts that may arise between the Investment Adviser's interest and those of the

Investment Adviser's clients are properly addressed and resolved.

In order to implement the Proxy Voting Procedures, the Investment Adviser has formed a Proxy Voting Committee (the "Committee"). The Committee is comprised of the Investment Adviser's Chief Investment Officer (the "CIO"), one or more other senior investment professionals appointed by the CIO, portfolio managers and investment analysts appointed by the CIO and any other personnel the CIO deems appropriate. The Committee will also include two nonvoting representatives from the Investment Adviser's Legal department appointed by the Investment Adviser's General Counsel. The Committee's membership shall be limited to full-time employees of the Investment Adviser. No person with any investment banking, trading, retail brokerage or research responsibilities for the Investment Adviser's affiliates may serve as a member of the Committee or participate in its decision making (except to the extent such person is asked by the Committee to present information to the Committee, on the same basis as other interested knowledgeable parties not affiliated with the Investment Adviser might be asked to do so). The Committee determines how to vote the proxies of all clients, including a Fund, that have delegated proxy voting authority to the Investment Adviser and seeks to ensure that all votes are consistent with the best interests of those clients and are free from unwarranted and inappropriate influences. The Committee establishes general proxy voting policies for the Investment Adviser and is responsible for determining how those policies are applied to specific proxy votes, in light of each issuer's unique structure, management, strategic options and, in certain circumstances, probable economic and other anticipated consequences of alternate actions. In so doing, the Committee may determine to vote a particular proxy in a manner contrary to its generally stated policies. In addition, the Committee will be responsible for ensuring that all reporting and recordkeeping requirements related to proxy voting are fulfilled.

The Committee may determine that the subject matter of a recurring proxy issue is not suitable for general voting policies and requires a case-by-case determination. In such cases, the Committee may elect not to adopt a specific voting policy applicable to that issue. The Investment Adviser believes that certain proxy voting issues require investment analysis - such as approval of mergers and other significant corporate transactions akin to investment decisions, and are, therefore, not suitable for general guidelines. The Committee may elect to adopt a common position for the Investment Adviser on certain proxy votes that are akin to investment decisions, or determine to permit the portfolio manager to make individual decisions on how best to maximize economic value for a Fund (similar to normal buy/sell investment decisions made by such portfolio managers). While it is expected that the Investment Adviser will generally seek to vote proxies over which the Investment Adviser exercises voting authority in a uniform manner for all the Investment Adviser's clients, the Committee, in conjunction with a Fund's portfolio manager, may determine that the Fund's specific circumstances require that its proxies be voted differently.

To assist the Investment Adviser in voting proxies, the Committee has retained Institutional Shareholder Services ("ISS"). ISS is an independent adviser that specializes in providing a variety of fiduciary-level proxy-related services to institutional investment managers, plan sponsors, custodians, consultants, and other institutional investors. The services provided to the Investment

Adviser by ISS include in-depth research, voting recommendations (although the Investment Adviser is not obligated to follow such recommendations), vote execution, and recordkeeping. ISS will also assist the Fund in fulfilling its reporting and recordkeeping obligations under the Investment Company Act.

The Investment Adviser's Proxy Voting Procedures also address special circumstances that can arise in connection with proxy voting. For instance, under the Proxy Voting Procedures, the Investment Adviser generally will not seek to vote proxies related to portfolio securities that are on loan, although it may do so under certain circumstances. In addition, the Investment Adviser will vote proxies related to securities of foreign issuers only on a best efforts basis and may elect not to vote at all in certain countries where the Committee determines that the costs associated with voting generally outweigh the benefits. The Committee may at any time override these general policies if it determines that such action is in the best interests of a Fund.

From time to time, the Investment Adviser may be required to vote proxies in respect of an issuer where an affiliate of the Investment Adviser (each, an "Affiliate"), or a money management or other client of the Investment Adviser (each, a "Client") is involved. The Proxy Voting Procedures and the Investment Adviser's adherence to those procedures are designed to address such conflicts of interest. The Committee intends to strictly adhere to the Proxy Voting Procedures in all proxy matters, including matters involving Affiliates and Clients. If, however, an issue representing a non-routine matter that is material to an Affiliate or a widely known Client is involved such that the Committee does not reasonably believe it is able to follow its guidelines (or if the particular proxy matter is not addressed by the guidelines) and vote impartially, the Committee may, in its discretion for the purposes of ensuring that an independent determination is reached, retain an independent fiduciary to advise the Committee on how to vote or to cast votes on behalf of the Investment Adviser's clients.

In the event that the Committee determines not to retain an independent fiduciary, or it does not follow the advice of such an independent fiduciary, the powers of the Committee shall pass to a subcommittee, appointed by the CIO (with advice from the Secretary of the Committee), consisting solely of Committee members selected by the CIO. The CIO shall appoint to the subcommittee, where appropriate, only persons whose job responsibilities do not include contact with the Client and whose job evaluations would not be affected by the Investment Adviser's relationship with the Client (or failure to retain such relationship). The subcommittee shall determine whether and how to vote all proxies on behalf of the Investment Adviser's clients or, if the proxy matter is, in their judgment, akin to an investment decision, to defer to the applicable portfolio managers, provided that, if the subcommittee determines to alter the Investment Adviser's normal voting quidelines or, on matters where the Investment Adviser's policy is case-by-case, does not follow the voting recommendation of any proxy voting service or other independent fiduciary that may be retained to provide research or advice to the Investment Adviser on that matter, no proxies relating to the Client may be voted unless the Secretary, or in the Secretary's absence, the Assistant Secretary of the Committee concurs that the subcommittee's determination is consistent with the Investment Adviser's fiduciary duties

In addition to the general principles outlined above, the Investment Adviser has adopted voting guidelines with respect to

certain recurring proxy issues that are not expected to involve unusual circumstances. These policies are guidelines only, and the Investment Adviser may elect to vote differently from the recommendation set forth in a voting guideline if the Committee determines that it is in a Fund's best interest to do so. In addition, the guidelines may be reviewed at any time upon the request of a Committee member and may be amended or deleted upon the vote of a majority of Committee members present at a Committee meeting at which there is a quorum.

The Investment Adviser has adopted specific voting guidelines with respect to the following proxy issues:

- o Proposals related to the composition of the Board of Directors of issuers other than investment companies. As a general matter, the Committee believes that a company's Board of Directors (rather than shareholders) is most likely to have access to important, nonpublic information regarding a company's business and prospects, and is therefore best-positioned to set corporate policy and oversee management. The Committee, therefore, believes that the foundation of good corporate governance is the election of qualified, independent corporate directors who are likely to diligently represent the interests of shareholders and oversee management of the corporation in a manner that will seek to maximize shareholder value over time. In individual cases, the Committee may look at a nominee's history of representing shareholder interests as a director of other companies or other factors, to the extent the Committee deems relevant.
- o Proposals related to the selection of an issuer's independent auditors. As a general matter, the Committee believes that corporate auditors have a responsibility to represent the interests of shareholders and provide an independent view on the propriety of financial reporting decisions of corporate management. While the Committee will generally defer to a corporation's choice of auditor, in individual cases, the Committee may look at an auditors' history of representing shareholder interests as auditor of other companies, to the extent the Committee deems relevant.
- o Proposals related to management compensation and employee benefits. As a general matter, the Committee favors disclosure of an issuer's compensation and benefit policies and opposes excessive compensation, but believes that compensation matters are normally best determined by an issuer's board of directors, rather than shareholders. Proposals to "micro-manage" an issuer's compensation practices or to set arbitrary restrictions on compensation or benefits will, therefore, generally not be supported.
- o Proposals related to requests, principally from management, for approval of amendments that would alter an issuer's capital structure. As a general matter, the Committee will support requests that enhance the rights of common shareholders and oppose requests that appear to be unreasonably dilutive.
- o Proposals related to requests for approval of amendments to an issuer's charter or by-laws. As a general matter, the Committee opposes poison pill provisions.
- Routine proposals related to requests regarding the formalities of corporate meetings.
- o Proposals related to proxy issues associated solely with holdings of investment company shares. As with other types of companies, the Committee believes that a fund's Board of Directors (rather than its shareholders) is best-positioned to set fund policy and oversee management. However, the Committee opposes granting Boards of Directors authority over certain

matters, such as changes to a fund's investment objective, that the Investment Company Act envisions will be approved directly by shareholders.

- o Proposals related to limiting corporate conduct in some manner that relates to the shareholder's environmental or social concerns. The Committee generally believes that annual shareholder meetings are inappropriate forums for discussion of larger social issues, and opposes shareholder resolutions "micromanaging" corporate conduct or requesting release of information that would not help a shareholder evaluate an investment in the corporation as an economic matter. While the Committee is generally supportive of proposals to require corporate disclosure of matters that seem relevant and material to the economic interests of shareholders, the Committee is generally not supportive of proposals to require disclosure of corporate matters for other purposes.
- Item 8 Portfolio Managers of Closed-End Management Investment Companies as of May 31, 2006.
 - (a) (1) Mr. Robert A. DiMella is primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the registrant's portfolio ("Portfolio Manager"). Mr. DiMella has been a portfolio manager with MLIM since 1997, was a Vice President of MLIM from 1997 to 2001, was a Director (Tax-Exempt Fund Management) of MLIM from 2002 to 2004, has been a Managing Director of MLIM since 2004 and has 16 years of experience investing in Municipal Bonds as a portfolio manager on behalf of registered investment companies. He has been the portfolio manager and a Vice President of the Fund since 2003.
 - (a) (2) As of May 31, 2006:

(ii) Number of Other Accounts Managed and Assets by Account Type

(iii) Number of Other Ac Assets for Which Adviso Performance-Base

(i) Name of Portfolio Manager	Other Registered Investment Companies	Other Pooled Investment Vehicles	Other Accounts	Other Registered Investment Companies	Other Pooled Investment Vehicles
Robert A. DiMella	5 \$ 2,384,791,962	\$ 23,409,341	0 \$ 0	0 \$ 0	\$ 1 23,409,341

(iv) Potential Material Conflicts of Interest

Real, potential or apparent conflicts of interest may arise when a portfolio manager has day-to-day portfolio management responsibilities with respect to more than one fund or account, including the following:

Certain investments may be appropriate for the Fund and also for other clients advised by the Investment. Adviser and its affiliates, including other client accounts managed by the Fund's portfolio management team. Investment decisions for the Fund and other clients are made with a view to achieving their respective investment objectives and after consideration of such factors as their current holdings, availability of cash for investment and the size of

their investments generally. Frequently, a particular security may be bought or sold for only one client or in different amounts and at different times for more than one but less than all clients. Likewise, because clients of the Investment Adviser and its affiliates may have differing investment strategies, a particular security may be bought for one or more clients when one or more other clients are selling the security. The investment results for the Fund may differ from the results achieved by other clients of the Investment Adviser and its affiliates and results among clients may differ. In addition, purchases or sales of the same security may be made for two or more clients on the same day. In such event, such transactions will be allocated among the clients in a manner believed by the Investment Adviser and its affiliates to be equitable to each. The Investment Adviser will not determine allocations based on whether it receives a performance based fee from the client. In some cases, the allocation procedure could have an adverse effect on the price or amount of the securities purchased or sold by the Fund. Purchase and sale orders for the Fund may be combined with those of other clients of the Investment Adviser and its affiliates in the interest of achieving the most favorable net results to the Fund.

To the extent that the Fund's portfolio management team has responsibilities for managing accounts in addition to the Fund, a portfolio manager will need to divide his time and attention among relevant accounts.

In some cases, a real, potential or apparent conflict may also arise where (i) the Investment Adviser may have an incentive, such as a performance based fee, in managing one account and not with respect to other accounts it manages or (ii) where a member of the Fund's portfolio management team owns an interest in one fund or account he or she manages and not another.

(a) (3) As of May 31, 2006:

Portfolio Manager Compensation

The Portfolio Manager Compensation Program of MLIM and its affiliates, including the Investment Adviser, is critical to MLIM's ability to attract and retain the most talented asset management professionals. This program ensures that compensation is aligned with maximizing investment returns and it provides a competitive pay opportunity for competitive performance.

Compensation Program

The elements of total compensation for MLIM and its affiliates portfolio managers are a fixed base salary, annual performance-based cash and stock compensation (cash and stock bonus) and other benefits. MLIM has balanced these components of pay to provide portfolio managers with a powerful incentive to achieve consistently superior investment performance. By design, portfolio manager compensation levels fluctuate—both up and down—with the relative investment performance of the portfolios that they manage.

Base Salary

Under the MLIM approach, like that of many asset management firms, base salaries represent a relatively small portion of a portfolio manager's total compensation. This approach serves to enhance the motivational value of the performance-based (and therefore variable) compensation elements of the compensation program.

Performance-Based Compensation

MLIM believes that the best interests of investors are served by recruiting and retaining exceptional asset management talent and managing their compensation within a consistent and disciplined framework that emphasizes pay

for performance in the context of an intensely competitive market for talent. To that end, MLIM and its affiliates portfolio manager incentive compensation is based on a formulaic compensation program. MLIM's formulaic portfolio manager compensation program includes: investment performance relative to a subset of general closed-end, leveraged, municipal debt funds over 1-, 3- and 5year performance periods and a measure of operational efficiency. Portfolio managers are compensated based on the pre-tax performance of the products they manage. If a portfolio manager's tenure is less than 5 years, performance periods will reflect time in position. Portfolio managers are compensated based on products they manage. A discretionary element of portfolio manager compensation may include consideration of: financial results, expense control, profit margins, strategic planning and implementation, quality of client service, market share, corporate reputation, capital allocation, compliance and risk control, leadership, workforce diversity, supervision, technology and innovation. MLIM and its affiliates also consider the extent to which individuals exemplify and foster ML & Co.'s principles of client focus, respect for the individual, teamwork, responsible citizenship and integrity. All factors are considered collectively by MLIM management.

Cash Bonus

Performance-based compensation is distributed to portfolio managers in a combination of cash and stock. Typically, the cash bonus, when combined with base salary, represents more than 60% of total compensation for portfolio managers.

Stock Bonus

A portion of the dollar value of the total annual performance-based bonus is paid in restricted shares of ML & Co. stock. Paying a portion of annual bonuses in stock puts compensation earned by a portfolio manager for a given year "at risk" based on the company's ability to sustain and improve its performance over future periods. The ultimate value of stock bonuses is dependent on future ML & Co. stock price performance. As such, the stock bonus aligns each portfolio manager's financial interests with those of the ML & Co. shareholders and encourages a balance between short-term goals and long-term strategic objectives. Management strongly believes that providing a significant portion of competitive performance-based compensation in stock is in the best interests of investors and shareholders. This approach ensures that portfolio managers participate as shareholders in both the "downside risk" and "upside opportunity" of the company's performance. Portfolio managers therefore have a direct incentive to protect ML & Co.'s reputation for integrity.

Other Compensation Programs

Portfolio managers who meet relative investment performance and financial management objectives during a performance year are eligible to participate in a deferred cash program. Awards under this program are in the form of deferred cash that may be benchmarked to a menu of MLIM mutual funds (including their own fund) during a five-year vesting period. The deferred cash program aligns the interests of participating portfolio managers with the investment results of MLIM products and promotes continuity of successful portfolio management teams.

Other Benefits

Portfolio managers are also eligible to participate in broad-based plans offered generally to employees of ML & Co. and its affiliates, including broad-based retirement, 401(k), health, and other employee benefit plans.

(a) (4) Beneficial Ownership of Securities. As of May 31, 2006, Mr. DiMella does not beneficially own any stock issued by the

Fund.

- Item 10 Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders Not Applicable
- Item 11 Controls and Procedures
- 11(a) The registrant's certifying officers have reasonably designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure material information relating to the registrant is made known to us by others particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared. The registrant's certifying officers have determined that the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures are effective based on our evaluation of these controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this report.
- 11(b) There were no changes in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 30a-3(d) under the Act (17 CFR 270.30a-3(d)) that occurred during the second fiscal half-year of the period covered by this report that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.
- Item 12 Exhibits attached hereto
- 12(a)(1) Code of Ethics See Item 2
- 12(a)(2) Certifications Attached hereto
- 12(a)(3) Not Applicable
- 12(b) Certifications Attached hereto

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Muni Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc.

By: /s/ Robert C. Doll, Jr.

Robert C. Doll, Jr.,
Chief Executive Officer of
Muni Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc.

Date: July 21, 2006

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

By: /s/ Robert C. Doll, Jr.

Robert C. Doll, Jr.,

Chief Executive Officer of

Muni Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc.

Date: July 21, 2006

By: /s/ Donald C. Burke

Donald C. Burke,

Chief Financial Officer of

Muni Intermediate Duration Fund, Inc.

Date: July 21, 2006