Ozan Terrenc Form 4 May 28, 2013											
FORM	Л	STATES SEC	URITIES A	ND EXC	HAN	NGE (COMMISSION		PPROVAL		
Check this	washington, D.C. 20549							Number: Expires:	3235-0287 January 31,		
Section 16.				GES IN BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP OF SECURITIES				Estimated average burden hours per			
Form 4 or Form 5 obligation may conti <i>See</i> Instru 1(b).	Filed purs s Section 17(a		Utility Hold	ling Com	pany	Act of	ge Act of 1934, f 1935 or Sectio 40	response n	0.5		
(Print or Type R	esponses)										
1. Name and Ad Ozan Terrend	uer Name and bl			g	5. Relationship of Reporting Person(s) to Issuer						
			S Financial CORP [TFSL] ate of Earliest Transaction				(Check all applicable)				
			n/Day/Year)	Day/Year)				Director 10% Owner Officer (give title Other (specify below)			
			If Amendment, Date Original led(Month/Day/Year)				6. Individual or Joint/Group Filing(Check Applicable Line) _X_ Form filed by One Reporting Person				
CLEVELAN	ID, OH 44105						Form filed by M Person	Nore than One Re	eporting		
(City)	(State)	(Zip) T	able I - Non-D	erivative S	ecurit	ties Acq	quired, Disposed of	f, or Beneficial	ly Owned		
1.Title of Security (Instr. 3)	2. Transaction Date (Month/Day/Year)		Code	4. Securiti on(A) or Dis (D) (Instr. 3, 4	sposed 4 and 4 (A)	l of	5. Amount of Securities Beneficially Owned Following Reported Transaction(s)	6. Ownership Form: Direct (D) or Indirect (I) (Instr. 4)			
Common			Code V	Amount	or (D)	Price	(Instr. 3 and 4)				
Common Stock	05/26/2013		М	10,000	А	<u>(1)</u>	20,100	D			

Reminder: Report on a separate line for each class of securities beneficially owned directly or indirectly.

Persons who respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

 Table II - Derivative Securities Acquired, Disposed of, or Beneficially Owned
 (e.g., puts, calls, warrants, options, convertible securities)

1. Title of Derivative Security (Instr. 3)	2. Conversion or Exercise Price of Derivative Security	3. Transaction Date (Month/Day/Year)	3A. Deemed Execution Date, if any (Month/Day/Year)	4. Transactic Code (Instr. 8)	5. Number of orDerivative Securities Acquired (A) or Disposed of (D) (Instr. 3, 4, and 5)	Expiration Date (Month/Day/Year) A)		7. Title and Amount of Underlying Securities (Instr. 3 and 4)		8. l De Sec (In
				Code V	(A) (D)	Date Exercisable	Expiration Date	Title	Amount or Number of Shares	
Restricted Stock Units	<u>(2)</u>	05/26/2013		М	10,000	<u>(1)</u>	<u>(1)</u>	Common Stock	10,000	

Reporting Owners

Reporting Owner Name / Address	Relationships						
	Director	10% Owner	Officer	Other			
Ozan Terrence R 7007 BROADWAY AVENUE CLEVELAND, OH 44105	Х						
Signatures							
/s/ Paul J. Huml, Pursuant to Po Attorney		05/28/2013					

**Signature of Reporting Person

Explanation of Responses:

- * If the form is filed by more than one reporting person, see Instruction 4(b)(v).
- ** Intentional misstatements or omissions of facts constitute Federal Criminal Violations. See 18 U.S.C. 1001 and 15 U.S.C. 78ff(a).
- (1) As reported on a Form 4 filed May 26, 2011, the reporting person received a grant of 50,000 Restricted Stock Units ("RSU's") on May 26, 2011. The RSU's vest in five equal annual installments beginning on May 26, 2012.

Date

Each restricted stock unit represents a contingent right to receive one share of TFS Financial Corporation common stock. Restricted stock(2) units are entitled to dividend equivalent rights in the form of a cash payment in the amount of any cash dividend paid per share of common stock.

Note: File three copies of this Form, one of which must be manually signed. If space is insufficient, *see* Instruction 6 for procedure. Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB number. 0;

The historical closing levels of the PWT Index or the PUT Index should not be taken as an indication of future performance of the PWT Index, and no assurance can be given as to the Final Level of the PWT Index on the relevant Final Valuation Date. We cannot give you assurance that the performance of the PWT Index will result in the return of any portion of your initial investment. We obtained the historical closing levels of the PWT Index and the PUT Index from Bloomberg, and we have not participated in the preparation of, or verified, such information.

GENERAL TERMS OF THE SECURITIES

The following description of the terms of the securities supplements the description of the general terms of the debt securities set forth under the headings "Description of Notes" in the accompanying prospectus supplement and "Description of Debt Securities" in the accompanying prospectus. Capitalized terms used but not defined in this pricing supplement have the meanings assigned to them in the accompanying prospectus supplement or prospectus.

General

The securities are linked to a basket of two indices and are designed for investors who seek a return at maturity that offers exposure to one times any increase or decrease in the level of the Deutsche Bank Equity Mean Reversion Alpha Index ("EMERALD"), and one times any increase or decrease in the level of the CBOE S&P 500® PutWrite T-W Index (the "PWT Index"). We refer to each of EMERALD and the PWT Index as a "Basket Component and together the "Basket Components."

The securities are included in our Series A global notes referred to in the accompanying prospectus supplement and prospectus. The securities will be issued by Deutsche Bank AG under an indenture among us, Law Debenture Trust Company of New York, as trustee, and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as issuing agent, paying agent and registrar. In addition, the trustee has appointed Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas as its authenticating agent with respect to our Series A global notes. The securities are our senior unsecured obligations and will rank pari passu with all of our other senior unsecured obligations, except for obligations required to be preferred by law.

The securities are not bank deposits and are not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or by any other governmental agency.

The specific terms of the securities are set forth under the heading "Key Terms" on the cover page of this pricing supplement and in the subsections below.

Adjustments to Valuation Dates and Payment Dates

If (i) the relevant Final Valuation Date is not a trading day with respect to any Basket Component or (ii) a Market Disruption Event for any Basket Component occurs or is continuing on the relevant Final Valuation Date, then the Final Valuation Date for such disrupted Basket Component will be postponed to the immediately succeeding trading day on which no Market Disruption Event for such Basket Component occurs or is continuing. The Final Valuation Date for any such Basket Component will not be postponed later than the fifth scheduled trading day after the date originally scheduled for such Final Valuation Date (the "Fifth Day"). If the relevant Final Valuation Date is postponed to the Fifth Day and (i) the Fifth Day is not a trading day with respect to such Basket Component or (ii) a Market Disruption Event for such Basket Component occurs or is continuing on the Fifth Day, then, on the Fifth Day the closing level of such Basket Component will be determined by the Calculation Agent in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner. The closing level for a Basket Component not disrupted on the original Final Valuation Date will be determined on the originally scheduled Final Valuation Date.

If the Maturity Date is not a business day, then the Maturity Date will be the next succeeding business day following such scheduled Maturity Date. If, due to a Market Disruption Event, a non-trading day or otherwise, the relevant Final Valuation Date for any Basket Component is postponed, the Maturity Date or the Early Redemption Payment Date, as applicable, will be postponed in order to maintain the same number of business days that had originally been scheduled between such postponed Final Valuation Date and the Maturity Date or Early Redemption Payment Date, as applicable.

"Business day" means any day other than a day that (i) is a Saturday or Sunday, (ii) is a day on which banking institutions generally in the City of New York or London, England are authorized or obligated by law, regulation or executive order to close or (iii) is a day on which transactions in U.S. dollars are not conducted in the City of New York or London, England.

"Trading day" means, for each Basket Component (or any Successor Index (as defined below)) separately, any day other than a day on which (i)(A) trading is not generally conducted on the Relevant Exchange for such Basket Component (or any Successor Index), notwithstanding any such Relevant Exchange closing prior to its scheduled closing time or (B) the level for such Basket Component (or any Successor Index) is not published by its sponsor and (ii) the Calculation Agent determines in its sole discretion that such non-trading or non-publication materially interfered or interferes with our ability or the ability of any of our affiliates to establish, adjust or unwind all or a material portion of any hedge with respect to the securities.

Market Disruption Events

With respect to EMERALD, a "Market Disruption Event" means a determination by the Calculation Agent in its sole discretion that the occurrence or continuance of a "Disruption Event" or "Force Majeure Event," as defined under "The Deutsche Bank Equity Mean Reversion Alpha Index ("EMERALD")" in the accompanying underlying supplement No. 5, materially interfered or interferes with our ability or the ability of any of our affiliates to establish, adjust or unwind all or a material portion of any hedge with respect to the securities.

With respect to the PWT Index, a "Market Disruption Event" means a determination by the Calculation Agent in its sole discretion that the occurrence or continuance of one or more of the following events materially interfered or interferes with our ability or the ability of any of our affiliates to establish, adjust or unwind all or a material portion of any hedge with respect to the securities:

the number of SPX Puts or any additional futures contract or options contract relating to the S&P 500® Index traded on a Relevant Exchange is materially reduced or the liquidity in SPX Puts or any additional futures contract or options contract relating to the S&P 500® Index is otherwise reduced for any reason;

the failure of trading to commence, or the permanent discontinuation of trading, in SPX Puts or any additional futures contract or options contract relating to the S&P 500® Index on a Relevant Exchange or the disappearance of the S&P 500® Index;

a limitation is imposed on trading (i) in SPX Puts, (ii) on a Relevant Exchange or (iii) in any additional futures contract or options contract relating to the S&P 500® Index on a Relevant Exchange;

the suspension of trading in SPX Puts or in any additional futures contract or options contract relating to the S&P 500® Index on a Relevant Exchange; or

failure by a Relevant Exchange or other price source to announce or publish the final settlement price of any SPX Put.

"Relevant Exchange(s)" means, for each Basket Component (or Successor Index), the primary organized exchange or market of trading, as determined by the Calculation Agent, for (i) any component then included in such Basket Component (or such Successor Index) or (ii) any futures or options contract or fund related to such Basket Component (or such Successor Index). With respect to the PWT Index, a Relevant Exchange shall also be deemed to include any exchange, trading system or quotation system on which any futures contracts or option contracts relating to the S&P 500® Index are traded.

Discontinuation of a Basket Component; Alteration of Method of Calculation

If the sponsor of a Basket Component discontinues publication of such Basket Component and such sponsor or another entity publishes a successor or substitute index that the Calculation Agent determines, in its sole discretion, to be comparable to the discontinued Basket Component (such index being referred to herein as a "Successor Index"), then any closing level of such Basket Component on any trading day following the publication of such Successor Index will be determined by reference to the official closing level of such Successor Index on which a level for such Basket Component must be taken for the purposes of the securities, including any Final Valuation Date ("Relevant Date").

Upon any selection by the Calculation Agent of a Successor Index, the Calculation Agent will cause written notice thereof to be promptly furnished to the trustee, to us and to the holders of the securities.

Explanation of Responses:

If the sponsor of a Basket Component discontinues publication of such Basket Component prior to, and such discontinuance is continuing on, any Relevant Date, and the Calculation Agent determines, in its sole discretion, that no Successor Index is available at such time, or the Calculation Agent has previously selected a Successor Index and publication of such Successor Index is discontinued prior to and such discontinuation is continuing on such Relevant Date, then (a) the Calculation Agent will determine the closing level of such Basket Component for such Relevant Date and (b) the level of such Basket Component, if applicable, at any time on such Relevant Date will be deemed to equal the closing level of such Basket Component on that Relevant Date, as determined by the Calculation Agent. Such closing level will be computed by the Calculation Agent in accordance with the formula for and method of calculating the relevant Basket Component or Successor Index, as applicable, last in effect prior to such discontinuance, using the closing price (or, if trading in the relevant component has been materially suspended or materially limited, its good faith estimate of the closing price) on such date of each component most recently composing such Basket Component or Successor Index, as

applicable. Notwithstanding these alternative arrangements, discontinuance of the publication of a Basket Component or Successor Index, as applicable, may adversely affect the value of the securities.

If at any time the method of calculating a Basket Component or a Successor Index, or the level thereof, is changed in a material respect, or if a Basket Component or a Successor Index is in any other way modified so that the level of such Basket Component or Successor Index does not, in the opinion of the Calculation Agent, fairly represent the level of such Basket Component or Successor Index had such changes or modifications not been made, then, from and after such time, the Calculation Agent will, at the close of business in New York City on each date on which the closing level of such Basket Component or Successor Index is to be determined, make such calculations and adjustments as, in the good faith judgment of the Calculation Agent, may be necessary in order to arrive at a level of an index comparable to such Basket Component or Successor Index, as the case may be, as if such changes or modifications had not been made, and the Calculation Agent will calculate the relevant closing level with reference to such Basket Component or Successor Index, if the method of calculating a Basket Component or Successor Index, as adjusted. Accordingly, if the method of calculating a Basket Component or Successor Index, have been if there had been no such modification (e.g., due to a split in such Basket Component or Successor Index), then the Calculation Agent will adjust such Basket Component or Successor Index is a fraction of what it would have been if there had been no such modification (e.g., due to a split in such Basket Component or Successor Index), then the Calculation Agent will adjust such Basket Component or Successor Index in order to arrive at a level of such Basket Component or Successor Index as if there had been no such modification (e.g., as if such split had not occurred).

Calculation Agent

The calculation agent for the securities will be Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch (the "Calculation Agent"). As Calculation Agent, Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch will determine, among other things, all values and levels required to be determined for the purposes of the securities on any relevant date or time. In addition, the Calculation Agent will determine whether a Redemption Trigger Event has occurred, whether there has been a Market Disruption Event or a discontinuation of a Basket Component and whether there has been a material change in the method of calculating a Basket Component.

All determinations made by the Calculation Agent will be at the sole discretion of the Calculation Agent and will, in the absence of manifest error, be conclusive for all purposes and binding on you, the trustee and us. We may appoint a different Calculation Agent from time to time after the Trade Date without your consent and without notifying you.

The Calculation Agent will provide written notice to the trustee at its New York office, on which notice the trustee may conclusively rely, of the amount to be paid at maturity or upon an early redemption on or prior to 11:00 a.m. on the business day preceding the Maturity Date or Early Redemption Payment Date, as applicable.

All calculations with respect to the closing levels of the Basket Components and the Basket Level will be made by the Calculation Agent and will be rounded to the nearest one hundred-thousandth, with five one-millionths rounded upward (e.g., 0.876545 would be rounded to 0.87655); all U.S. dollar amounts related to determination of the payment per Face Amount of securities, if any, at maturity or upon an early redemption will be rounded to the nearest ten-thousandth, with five one hundred-thousandths rounded upward (e.g., 0.76545 would be rounded up to 0.7655); and all U.S. dollar amounts paid on the aggregate Face Amount of securities per holder will be rounded to the nearest cent, with one-half cent rounded upward.

Events of Default

Under the heading "Description of Debt Securities – Events of Default" in the accompanying prospectus is a description of events of default relating to the securities.

Payment upon an Event of Default

In case an event of default with respect to the securities shall have occurred and be continuing, the amount declared due and payable per Face Amount of securities upon any acceleration of the securities will be determined by the Calculation Agent and will be an amount in cash equal to the amount payable at maturity per Face Amount of securities as described herein, calculated as if the date of acceleration was the Final Valuation Date.

If the maturity of the securities is accelerated because of an event of default as described above, we shall, or shall cause the Calculation Agent to, provide written notice to the trustee at its New York office, on which notice the trustee may conclusively rely, and to DTC of the cash amount due with respect to the securities as promptly as possible and in no event later than two business days after the date of acceleration.

Modification

Under the heading "Description of Debt Securities – Modification of an Indenture" in the accompanying prospectus is a description of when the consent of each affected holder of debt securities is required to modify the indenture.

Defeasance

The provisions described in the accompanying prospectus under the heading "Description of Debt Securities — Discharge and Defeasance" are not applicable to the securities.

Listing

The securities will not be listed on any securities exchange.

DBSI intends to offer to purchase the securities in the secondary market, although it is not required to do so and may discontinue such activity at any time.

Book-Entry Only Issuance - The Depository Trust Company

The Depository Trust Company, or DTC, will act as securities depositary for the securities. The securities will be issued only as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's nominee). One or more fully-registered global securities certificates, representing the total aggregate Face Amount of the securities, will be issued and will be deposited with DTC. See the descriptions contained in the accompanying prospectus supplement under the headings "Description of Notes — Form, Legal Ownership and Denomination of Notes."

Governing Law

The securities will be governed by and interpreted in accordance with the laws of the State of New York.

U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

The following discussion constitutes the full opinion of our special tax counsel, Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP, regarding the material U.S. federal income tax consequences of ownership and disposition of the securities. It applies to you only if you acquire your securities for cash and hold them as capital assets within the meaning of Section 1221 of the Internal Revenue Code (the "Code"). It does not address all aspects of U.S. federal income taxation that may be relevant to you in light of your particular circumstances, including alternative minimum tax and "Medicare contribution tax" consequences, and different consequences that may apply if you are an investor subject to special rules, such as a regulated investment company, a tax-exempt entity (including an "individual retirement account" or a "Roth IRA"), a dealer in securities, a trader in securities who elects to apply a mark-to-market method of tax accounting, an entity classified as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes, or a person holding a security as a part of a "straddle."

This discussion is based on the Code, administrative pronouncements, judicial decisions and final, temporary and proposed Treasury regulations, all as of the date of this pricing supplement, changes to any of which subsequent to the date hereof may affect the tax consequences described below, possibly with retroactive effect. It does not address the application of any state, local or non-U.S. tax laws. You should consult your tax adviser concerning the application of U.S. federal income tax laws to your particular situation (including the possibility of alternative treatments of the securities), as well as any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or non-U.S. jurisdictions.

Tax Treatment of the Securities

In the opinion of our special tax counsel, which is based on prevailing market conditions, it is more likely than not that the securities will be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as prepaid financial contracts that are not debt, with the consequences described below. We do not plan to request a ruling from the IRS, and the IRS or a court might not agree with this treatment. Our special tax counsel has advised, that alternative treatments are possible that could materially and adversely affect the timing and character of income or loss on your securities. Unless otherwise stated, the following discussion is based on the treatment of the securities as prepaid financial contracts that are not debt.

Tax Consequences to U.S. Holders

You are a "U.S. holder" if, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, you are a beneficial owner of a security and are: (i) a citizen or resident of the United States; (ii) a corporation, or other entity taxable as a corporation, created or organized in or under the laws of the United States, any State therein or the District of Columbia; or (iii) an estate or trust the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of its source.

Treatment as a Prepaid Financial Contract That Is Not Debt

You should not recognize taxable income or loss with respect to a security prior to its taxable disposition (including at maturity or upon early redemption). Upon a taxable disposition of a security, you should recognize gain or loss equal to the difference between the amount you realize and the amount you paid to acquire the security. Generally, your gain or loss should be capital gain or loss, and should be short-term capital gain or loss unless you have held the security for more than one year, in which case your gain or loss should be long-term capital gain or loss. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to limitations.

Uncertainties Regarding Treatment as a Prepaid Financial Contract That Is Not Debt

Due to the lack of direct legal authority, even if a security is treated as a prepaid financial contract that is not debt, there remain substantial uncertainties regarding the tax consequences of owning and disposing of it. For instance, you might be required to include amounts in income during the term of the security and/or to treat all or a portion of your

Explanation of Responses:

gain or loss upon its taxable disposition as ordinary income or loss or as short-term capital gain or loss, without regard to how long you have held it. In particular, it is possible that any reweighting, rebalancing, reconstitution, change in methodology of, or substitution of a successor to, a Basket Component or an index constituent could result in a "deemed" taxable exchange, causing you to recognize gain or loss (subject, in the case of loss, to the possible application of the "wash sale" rules) as if you had sold or exchanged the relevant security.

In 2007, the U.S. Treasury Department and the IRS released a notice requesting comments on various issues regarding the U.S. federal income tax treatment of "prepaid forward contracts" and similar instruments. The notice focuses in particular on whether beneficial owners of these instruments should be required to accrue income over the term of their investment. It also asks for comments on a number of related topics, including the character of income or loss with respect to these instruments; the relevance of factors such as the nature of the underlying property to which the instruments are linked; and whether these instruments are or should be subject to the "constructive ownership" regime,

which very generally can operate to recharacterize certain long-term capital gain as ordinary income and impose a notional interest charge. While the notice requests comments on appropriate transition rules and effective dates, any Treasury regulations or other guidance promulgated after consideration of these issues could materially and adversely affect the tax consequences of your investment in a security, possibly with retroactive effect.

Consequences if a Security Is Treated as a Debt Instrument

If a security is treated as a debt instrument, your tax consequences will be governed by Treasury regulations relating to the taxation of contingent payment debt instruments. In that event, even if you are a cash-method taxpayer, in each year that you hold the security you will be required to accrue into income "original issue discount" based on our "comparable yield" for a similar non-contingent debt instrument, determined as of the time of issuance of the security, even though we will not be required to make any payment with respect to the securities other than the Redemption Amount. In addition, any income you recognize upon the taxable disposition of the security will be treated as ordinary in character. If you recognize a loss above certain thresholds, you could be required to file a disclosure statement with the IRS.

Tax Consequences to Non-U.S. Holders

You generally are a "non-U.S. holder" if, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, you are a beneficial owner of a security and are: (i) a nonresident alien individual; (ii) an entity treated as a foreign corporation; or (iii) a foreign estate or trust.

This discussion does not describe considerations applicable to a beneficial owner of a security who is (i) an individual present in the United States for 183 days or more in the taxable year of disposition of the security or (ii) a former citizen or resident of the United States, if certain conditions apply. If you are a potential investor to whom such considerations might be relevant, you should consult your tax adviser.

If a security is treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a prepaid financial contract that is not debt, any gain you realize with respect to the security generally should not be subject to U.S. federal withholding or income tax, unless the gain is effectively connected with your conduct of a trade or business in the United States. However, as described above under "—Tax Consequences to U.S. Holders—Uncertainties Regarding Treatment as a Prepaid Financial Contract That Is Not Debt," in 2007 the U.S. Treasury Department and the IRS released a notice requesting comments on various issues regarding the U.S. federal income tax treatment of "prepaid forward contracts" and similar instruments. The notice focuses, among other things, on the degree, if any, to which income realized with respect to such instruments by non-U.S. persons should be subject to withholding tax. It is possible that any Treasury regulations or other guidance promulgated after consideration of these issues might require you to accrue income, subject to U.S. federal withholding tax, over the term of the securities, possibly on a retroactive basis. We will not pay additional amounts on account of any such withholding tax.

If a security is treated as a debt instrument, any income or gain you realize with respect to the security will not be subject to U.S. federal withholding or income tax if (i) you provide a properly completed Form W-8 appropriate to your circumstances and (ii) these amounts are not effectively connected with your conduct of a trade or business in the United States.

If you are engaged in a trade or business in the United States, and income or gain from a security is effectively connected with your conduct of that trade or business (and, if an applicable treaty so requires, is attributable to a permanent establishment in the United States), you generally will be taxed in the same manner as a U.S. holder. If this paragraph applies to you, you should consult your tax adviser with respect to other U.S. tax consequences of the ownership and disposition of the security, including the possible imposition of a 30% branch profits tax if you are a

corporation.

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

Payments received in respect of your securities may be subject to information reporting unless you qualify for an exemption. These payments may also be subject to backup withholding at the rate specified in the Code unless you provide certain identifying information and otherwise satisfy the requirements to establish that you are not subject to backup withholding. If you are a non-U.S. holder and you provide a properly completed Form W-8 appropriate to your circumstances, you will generally establish an exemption from backup withholding. Amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules are not additional taxes and may be refunded or credited against your U.S. federal income tax liability, provided the required information is furnished to the IRS.

FATCA Legislation

Legislation commonly referred to as "FATCA" generally imposes a withholding tax of 30% on payments to certain non-U.S. entities (including financial intermediaries) with respect to certain financial instruments, unless various U.S. information reporting and due diligence requirements have been satisfied. An intergovernmental agreement between the United States and the non-U.S. entity's jurisdiction may modify these requirements. This legislation generally applies to certain financial instruments that are treated as paying U.S.-source interest or other U.S.-source "fixed or determinable annual or periodical" income. If the securities were recharacterized as debt instruments, this legislation would apply to any payment of amounts treated as interest and any payment made after December 31, 2016 of gross proceeds of the sale or exchange (including retirement) of the securities. If withholding applies to the securities, we will not be required to pay any additional amounts with respect to amounts withheld. Both U.S. and Non-U.S. Holders should consult their tax advisers regarding the potential application of FATCA to the securities.

USE OF PROCEEDS; HEDGING

The net proceeds we receive from the sale of the securities will be used for general corporate purposes and, in part, by us or by one or more of our affiliates in connection with hedging our obligations under the securities as more particularly described in "Use of Proceeds" in the accompanying prospectus. The issue price of the securities includes each agent's commissions (as shown on the cover page of this pricing supplement) paid with respect to the securities which commissions, as to agents affiliated with us, may include the reimbursement of certain issuance costs and the estimated cost of hedging our obligations under the securities. The estimated cost of hedging includes the projected profit that our affiliates expect to realize in consideration for assuming the risks inherent in hedging our obligations under the securities risk and may be influenced by market forces beyond our or our affiliates' control, the actual cost of such hedging may result in a profit that is more or less than expected, or could result in a loss.

On or prior to the Trade Date, we, through our affiliates or others, may hedge some or all of our anticipated exposure in connection with the securities by taking positions in the Basket Components, the components underlying the Basket Components, or securities whose value is derived from the Basket Components or their components. While we cannot predict an outcome, such hedging activity or other hedging or investment activity could potentially increase the level of the Basket, and therefore effectively establish a higher level that the Basket must achieve for you to obtain a positive return on your investment or avoid a loss of some or all of your initial investment at maturity or upon an early redemption. Similarly, the unwinding of our or our affiliates' hedges near or on a Final Valuation Date could decrease the closing levels of the Basket Components on such dates, which could have an adverse effect on the value of the securities. From time to time, prior to maturity of the securities, we may pursue a dynamic hedging strategy which may involve taking long or short positions in the Basket Components, the components or its components. Although we have no reason to believe that any of these activities will have a material impact on the levels of the Basket Components, we cannot assure you that these activities will not have such an effect.

We have no obligation to engage in any manner of hedging activity and will do so solely at our discretion and for our own account. No security holder shall have any rights or interest in our hedging activity or any positions we may take in connection with our hedging activity.

UNDERWRITING (CONFLICTS OF INTEREST)

Under the terms and subject to the conditions contained in the Distribution Agreement entered into between Deutsche Bank AG and DBSI, as agent (the "Agent"), the Agent will agree to purchase, and we will agree to sell, the Face Amount of securities set forth on the cover page of the pricing supplement. The Agent proposes initially to offer the securities directly to the public at the public offering price set forth in the pricing supplement.

The Agent will pay custodial fees to other broker-dealers of up to 0.25% or \$2.50 per \$1,000 Face Amount. Deutsche Bank AG will reimburse the Agent for such fees. After the initial offering of the securities, the Agent may vary the offering price and other selling terms from time to time. The issue price of the securities includes fees paid with respect to the securities and the cost of hedging the issuer's obligations under the securities.

We own, directly or indirectly, all of the outstanding equity securities of DBSI. The net proceeds received from the sale of the securities will be used, in part, by DBSI or one of its affiliates in connection with hedging our obligations under the securities. Because DBSI is both our affiliate and a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. ("FINRA"), the underwriting arrangements for this offering must comply with the requirements of FINRA Rule 5121 regarding a FINRA member firm's distribution of the securities of an affiliate and related conflicts of interest. In accordance with FINRA Rule 5121, DBSI may not make sales in offerings of the securities to any of its discretionary accounts without the prior written approval of the customer.

The Agent may act as principal or agent in connection with offers and sales of the securities in the secondary market. Secondary market offers and sales, if any, will be made at prices related to market prices at the time of such offer or sale; accordingly, the Agent or a dealer may change the public offering price, concession and discount after the offering has been completed.

In order to facilitate the offering of the securities, the Agent may engage in transactions that stabilize, maintain or otherwise affect the price of the securities. Specifically, the Agent may sell more securities than it is obligated to purchase in connection with the offering, creating a naked short position in the securities for its own account. The Agent must close out any naked short position by purchasing the securities in the open market. A naked short position is more likely to be created if the Agent is concerned that there may be downward pressure on the price of the securities in the open market after pricing that could adversely affect investors who purchase in the offering. As an additional means of facilitating the offering, the Agent may bid for, and purchase, securities in the open market to stabilize the price of the securities. Any of these activities may raise or maintain the market price of the securities above independent market levels or prevent or retard a decline in the market price of the securities. The Agent is not required to engage in these activities, and may end any of these activities at any time.

To the extent the total aggregate Face Amount of securities offered pursuant to the pricing supplement is not purchased by investors, one or more of our affiliates may agree to purchase for investment the unsold portion. As a result, upon completion of this offering, our affiliates may own up to approximately 10% of the securities offered in this offering.

No action has been or will be taken by us, the Agent or any dealer that would permit a public offering of the securities or possession or distribution of this pricing supplement or the accompanying prospectus supplement or prospectus, other than in the United States, where action for that purpose is required. No offers, sales or deliveries of the securities, or distribution of this pricing supplement or the accompanying prospectus supplement or prospectus or any other offering material relating to the securities, may be made in or from any jurisdiction except in circumstances which will result in compliance with any applicable laws and regulations and will not impose any obligations on us, the Agent or any dealer.

The Agent has represented and agreed, and any other Agent through which we may offer the securities will represent and agree, that it (i) will comply with all applicable laws and regulations in force in each non-U.S. jurisdiction in which it purchases, offers, sells or delivers the securities or possesses or distributes this pricing supplement and the accompanying prospectus supplement and prospectus and (ii) will obtain any consent, approval or permission required by it for the purchase, offer or sale by it of the securities under the laws and regulations in force in each non-U.S. jurisdiction to which it is subject or in which it makes purchases, offers or sales of the securities. We shall not have responsibility for the Agent's compliance with the applicable laws and regulations or obtaining any required consent, approval or permission.

Settlement

We expect to deliver the securities against payment for the securities on the Settlement Date indicated above, which may be a date that is greater than three business days following the Trade Date. Under Rule 15c6-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, trades in the secondary market generally are required to settle in three business days, unless the parties to a trade expressly agree otherwise. Accordingly, if the Settlement Date is more than three business days after the Trade Date, purchasers who wish to transact in the securities more than three business days prior to the Settlement Date will be required to specify alternative settlement arrangements to prevent a failed settlement.

Validity of the Securities

In the opinion of Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP, as special United States products counsel to the Issuer, when the securities offered by this pricing supplement have been executed and issued by the Issuer and authenticated by the authenticating agent, acting on behalf of the trustee, pursuant to the senior indenture, and delivered against payment as contemplated herein, such securities will be valid and binding obligations of the Issuer, enforceable in accordance with their terms, subject to applicable bankruptcy, insolvency and similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally, concepts of reasonableness and equitable principles of general applicability (including, without limitation, concepts of good faith, fair dealing and the lack of bad faith), provided that such counsel expresses no opinion as to the effect of fraudulent conveyance, fraudulent transfer or similar provision of applicable law on the conclusions expressed above. This opinion is given as of the date hereof and is limited to the laws of the State of New York. Insofar as this opinion involves matters governed by German law, Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP has relied, without independent investigation, on the opinion of Group Legal Services of Deutsche Bank AG, dated as of September 28, 2012, filed as an exhibit to the letter of Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP, and this opinion is subject to the same assumptions, qualifications and limitations with respect to such matters as are contained in such opinion of Group Legal Services of Deutsche Bank AG. In addition, this opinion is subject to customary assumptions about the trustee's authorization, execution and delivery of the senior indenture and the authentication of the securities by the authenticating agent and the validity, binding nature and enforceability of the senior indenture with respect to the trustee, all as stated in the letter of Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP dated September 28, 2012, which has been filed as an exhibit to the registration statement referred to above.