

CALAVO GROWERS INC
Form 10-Q
September 09, 2009

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**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549**

FORM 10-Q

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended July 31, 2009

OR

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

Commission file number: 000-33385

CALAVO GROWERS, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

California

(State of incorporation)

33-0945304

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

**1141-A Cummings Road
Santa Paula, California 93060**

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code)

(805) 525-1245

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer, and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Registrant's number of shares of common stock outstanding as of July 31, 2009 was 14,504,833

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CAUTIONARY STATEMENT

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains statements relating to our future results (including certain projections and business trends) that are forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and are subject to the safe harbor created by those sections. Forward-looking statements frequently are identifiable by the use of words such as believe, anticipate, expect, intend, will, and other similar expressions. Our actual results may differ materially from those projected as a result of certain risks and uncertainties. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to: increased competition, conducting substantial amounts of business internationally, pricing pressures on agricultural products, adverse weather and growing conditions confronting avocado growers, new governmental regulations, as well as other risks and uncertainties, including but not limited to those set forth in Part I., Item 1A, *Risk Factors*, in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2008, and those detailed from time to time in our other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. These forward-looking statements are made only as of the date hereof, and we undertake no obligation to update or revise the forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise.

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Table of Contents**PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION
ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****CALAVO GROWERS, INC.
CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED)
(All amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)**

	July 31, 2009	October 31, 2008
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,054	\$ 1,509
Accounts receivable, net of allowances of \$2,392 (2009) and \$2,213 (2008)	37,208	27,717
Inventories, net	15,008	14,889
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	7,154	5,155
Advances to suppliers	1,962	2,927
Income tax receivable	204	992
Deferred income taxes	1,826	1,826
Total current assets	65,416	55,015
Property, plant, and equipment, net	38,506	37,709
Investment in Limoneira Company	25,929	29,904
Investments in unconsolidated entities	1,151	682
Goodwill	3,591	3,591
Other assets	6,189	7,785
	\$ 140,782	\$ 134,686
Liabilities and shareholders equity		
Current liabilities:		
Payable to growers	\$ 13,648	\$ 2,392
Trade accounts payable	3,104	4,567
Accrued expenses	22,300	16,104
Short-term borrowings	8,250	10,130
Dividend payable		5,047
Current portion of long-term obligations	1,366	1,362
Total current liabilities	48,668	39,602
Long-term liabilities:		
Long-term obligations, less current portion	13,925	25,351
Deferred income taxes	2,672	4,216
Total long-term liabilities	16,597	29,567
Commitments and contingencies		
Shareholders equity:		
Common stock, \$0.001 par value; 100,000 shares authorized; 14,505 (2009) and 14,419 (2008) issued and outstanding	14	14
Additional paid-in capital	39,751	38,626
Accumulated other comprehensive income	1,511	3,943
Retained earnings	34,241	22,934

Total shareholders equity	75,517	65,517
	\$ 140,782	\$ 134,686

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated condensed financial statements.

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Table of Contents**CALAVO GROWERS, INC.****CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (UNAUDITED)****(All amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)**

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	July 31,		July 31,	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
Net sales	\$ 106,347	\$ 96,903	\$ 263,823	\$ 267,921
Cost of sales	96,441	89,211	228,519	246,906
Gross margin	9,906	7,692	35,304	21,015
Selling, general and administrative	5,822	5,301	16,657	14,752
Operating income	4,084	2,391	18,647	6,263
Interest expense	(268)	(366)	(885)	(1,060)
Other income, net	246	248	867	907
Income before provision for income taxes	4,062	2,273	18,629	6,110
Provision for income taxes	1,597	884	7,322	2,377
Net income	\$ 2,465	\$ 1,389	\$ 11,307	\$ 3,733
Net income per share:				
Basic	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.78	\$ 0.26
Diluted	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.78	\$ 0.26
Number of shares used in per share computation:				
Basic	14,457	14,405	14,433	14,394
Diluted	14,529	14,467	14,511	14,494

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated condensed financial statements.

Table of Contents**CALAVO GROWERS, INC.****CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED)**

(All amounts in thousands)

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	July 31,		July 31,	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
Net income	\$ 2,465	\$ 1,389	\$ 11,307	\$ 3,733
Other comprehensive income (loss), before tax:				
Unrealized holding gains (losses) arising during period	3,111	864	(3,975)	(4,883)
Income tax benefit (expense) related to items of other comprehensive income (loss)	(1,213)	(334)	1,544	1,885
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	1,898	530	(2,431)	(2,998)
Comprehensive income	\$ 4,363	\$ 1,919	\$ 8,876	\$ 735

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated condensed financial statements.

Table of Contents**CALAVO GROWERS, INC.****CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)**

	Nine months ended July 31,	
	2009	2008
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Net income	\$ 11,307	\$ 3,733
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	2,275	1,795
Provision for losses on accounts receivable	93	59
Income from unconsolidated entity	(379)	(210)
Interest on deferred consideration	129	
Stock compensation expense	32	14
Loss on disposal of fixed assets		70
Effect on cash of changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(9,584)	(7,801)
Inventories, net	(119)	(7,636)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(356)	509
Advances to suppliers	965	401
Income taxes receivable	444	1,657
Other assets	(113)	193
Payable to growers	11,256	12,458
Trade accounts payable and accrued expenses	2,732	2,034
Income taxes payable		376
Net cash provided by operating activities	18,682	7,652
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Loan to Agricola Belher	(1,000)	(750)
Collections from Agricola Belher	507	1,000
Acquisitions of and deposits on property, plant, and equipment	(3,603)	(1,670)
Acquisitions of Hawaiian Sweet and Pride, net of cash acquired		(5,030)
Net cash used in investing activities	(4,096)	(6,450)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:		
Payment of dividend to shareholders	(5,047)	(5,032)
Proceeds from (payments on) revolving credit facilities, net	(8,430)	4,200
Exercise of stock options	783	296
Payments on long-term obligations	(1,347)	(1,320)
Net cash used in financing activities	(14,041)	(1,856)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	545	(654)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	1,509	967
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 2,054	\$ 313

Noncash Investing and Financing Activities:

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Tax benefit related to stock option exercise	\$ 310	\$ 118
Construction in progress in accounts payable	\$ 10	\$
Capital lease obligations	\$	\$ 1,125
Minimum earnout adjustment related to the acquisition of Hawaiian Sweet and Pride. (See Note 8)	\$ 1,010	\$
Unrealized investment holding losses	\$ (3,975)	\$ (4,883)

In May 2008, we acquired all of the outstanding shares of Hawaiian Sweet, Inc. and all ownership interests of Hawaiian Pride, LLC for approximately \$5.0 million, as well as approximately \$7.7 million in deferred and contingent consideration, plus acquisition costs of approximately \$0.2 million. See Note 8 for further explanation. The following table summarizes the estimated fair values of the non-cash assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition.

(in thousands)	2008
Current assets	\$ 1,303
Fixed assets	10,947
Intangible assets	1,310
Total non-cash assets acquired	13,560
Current liabilities assumed	809
Deferred and contingent consideration	7,721
Net non-cash assets acquired	\$ 5,030

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated condensed financial statements.

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CALAVO GROWERS, INC.

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)**

1. Description of the business

Business

Calavo Growers, Inc. (Calavo, the Company, we, us or our) procures and markets avocados and other perishable commodities and prepares and distributes processed avocado products. We deliver a wide array of fresh and processed food products to food distributors, produce wholesalers, supermarkets, and restaurants on a worldwide basis. We procure avocados principally from California, Mexico, and Chile. Through our operating facilities in southern California, Texas, New Jersey, Arizona, Hawaii, and Mexico, we sort, pack, and/or ripen avocados for distribution both domestically and internationally. Additionally, we also distribute other perishable foods, such as tomatoes, pineapples, and Hawaiian grown papayas, and prepare processed avocado products. We report our operations in two different business segments: fresh products and processed products.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared by the Company in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments, consisting of adjustments of a normal recurring nature necessary to present fairly the Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows. The results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for a full year. These statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2008.

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In July 2009, we adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standard (SFAS) 165, *Subsequent Events* (SFAS No. 165). SFAS No. 165 establishes accounting and reporting standards for events that occur after the balance sheet date but before financial statements are issued or are available to be issued. In addition, SFAS No. 165 requires the disclosure of the date through which an entity has evaluated subsequent events and the basis for selecting that date, that is, whether that date represents the date the financial statements were issued or were available to be issued. SFAS No. 165 was effective for fiscal years and interim periods ending after June 15, 2009. The adoption of SFAS No. 165 did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In March 2008, we adopted SFAS No. 161, *Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities* (SFAS No. 161). SFAS No. 161 requires expanded disclosures regarding the location and amount of derivative instruments in an entity's financial statements, how derivative instruments and related hedged items are accounted for under SFAS No. 133 and how derivative instruments and related hedged items affect an entity's financial position, operating results and cash flows. The adoption of SFAS No. 161 did not have an impact on our condensed consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In November 2008, we adopted SFAS No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements* (SFAS No. 157), for our financial assets and liabilities. Our adoption of SFAS No. 157 did not have a material impact on our financial position, results of operations or liquidity.

SFAS No. 157 provides a framework for measuring fair value and requires expanded disclosures regarding fair value measurements.

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CALAVO GROWERS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
(UNAUDITED)

SFAS No. 157 defines fair value as the price that would be received for an asset or the exit price that would be paid to transfer a liability in the principal or most advantageous market in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. SFAS No. 157 also establishes a fair value hierarchy which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs, where available. The following summarizes the three levels of inputs required by the standard that we use to measure fair value:

Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the related assets or liabilities.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

SFAS No. 157 requires the use of observable market inputs (quoted market prices) when measuring fair value and requires a Level 1 quoted price to be used to measure fair value whenever possible.

In accordance with FASB Staff Position (FSP) No. FAS 157-2, *Effective Date of FASB Statement No. 157* (FSP FAS 157-2), we elected to defer, until November 2009, the adoption of SFAS No. 157 for all nonfinancial assets and liabilities that are not recognized or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a recurring basis. The adoption of SFAS No. 157 for those assets and liabilities within the scope of FSP FAS 157-2 is not expected to have a material impact on our financial position, results of operations, or liquidity.

Under the SFAS No. 157 hierarchy, an entity is required to maximize the use of quoted market prices and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The following table sets forth our financial assets (there are no liabilities requiring disclosure) as of July 31, 2009 that are measured on a recurring basis during the period, segregated by level within the fair value hierarchy:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	(All amounts are presented in thousands)			
Assets at Fair Value:				
Investment in Limoneira Company ⁽¹⁾	\$ 25,929			\$ 25,929
Total assets at fair value	\$ 25,929	\$	\$	\$ 25,929

⁽¹⁾ The investment in Limoneira Company consists of marketable securities in the Limoneira Company stock. We currently own approximately 15% of Limoneira s

outstanding
common stock.
These securities
are measured at
fair value by
quoted market
prices.

Limoneira's
stock price at
July 31, 2009
and October 31,
2008 equaled
\$150.00 per
share and
\$173.00 per
share.

Unrealized gain
and losses are
recognized
through other
comprehensive
income.

Unrealized
pre-tax
investment
holding gains
arising during
the three month
period ended
July 31, 2009
was \$3.1
million.

Unrealized
pre-tax
investment
holding losses
arising during
the nine month
period ended
July 31, 2009
was
\$4.0 million.

In November 2008, we adopted SFAS No. 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities Including an Amendment of FASB Statement No. 115* (SFAS No. 159), which permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value. We already record our marketable securities at fair value in accordance with SFAS No. 115, *Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities*. The adoption of SFAS No. 159 did not have an impact on our condensed consolidated financial statements, as management did not elect the fair value option for any other financial instruments or certain other assets and liabilities.

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CALAVO GROWERS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
(UNAUDITED)

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In June 2009, the FASB issued Financial Accounting Standard No. 166, *Accounting for Transfers of Financial Assets* an amendment of FASB Statement No. 140 (SFAS No. 166). SFAS No. 166 clarifies the information that an entity must provide in its financial statements surrounding a transfer of financial assets and the effect of the transfer on its financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. This Statement is effective as of the beginning of the annual period beginning after November 15, 2009. We are evaluating any potential impact of the adoption of SFAS No. 166 on the consolidated financial statements.

In June 2009, the FASB issued Financial Accounting Standard No. 167, *Amendments to FASB Interpretation No. 46(R)* (SFAS No. 167). SFAS No. 167 clarifies and improves financial reporting by entities involved with variable interest entities. This Statement is effective as of the beginning of the annual period beginning after November 15, 2009. The Company is evaluating any potential impact of the adoption of SFAS No. 167 on the consolidated financial statements.

In June 2009, the FASB issued SFAS No. 168, *The FASB Accounting Standards Codification and the Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* (SFAS No. 168). SFAS No. 168 establishes the FASB Accounting Standards Codification (the Codification) as the source of authoritative accounting principles recognized by the FASB to be applied by nongovernmental entities in the preparation of financial standards in conformity with US GAAP. Rules and interpretive releases of the SEC under authority of federal securities laws are also sources of authoritative US GAAP for SEC registrants. SFAS No. 168 will be effective for financial statements issued by us for interim and annual periods after September 15, 2009. On the effective date of SFAS No. 168, all then-existing non-SEC accounting and reporting standards are superseded, with the exception of certain promulgations listed in SFAS No. 168. We currently anticipate that the adoption of SFAS No. 168 will have no effect on our condensed consolidated financial statements as the purpose of the Codification is not to create new accounting and reporting guidance. Rather, the Codification is meant to simplify user access to all authoritative US GAAP. References to US GAAP in our published financial statements will be updated, as appropriate, to cite the Codification following the effective date of SFAS No. 168.

In April 2008, the FASB issued FSP FAS 142-3, *Determination of the Useful Life of Intangible Assets* (FAS 142-3). FAS 142-3 amends the factors that should be considered in developing renewal or extension assumptions used to determine the useful life of a recognized intangible asset under SFAS No. 142. This change is intended to improve the consistency between the useful life of a recognized intangible asset under SFAS No. 142 and the period of expected cash flows used to measure the fair value of the asset under SFAS No. 141R and other generally accepted account principles (GAAP). The requirement for determining useful lives must be applied prospectively to intangible assets acquired after the effective date and the disclosure requirements must be applied prospectively to all intangible assets recognized as of, and subsequent to, the effective date. FAS 142-3 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008, and interim periods within those fiscal years, which will require us to adopt these provisions in our first quarter of fiscal 2010. We are currently evaluating the impact of adopting FAS 142-3 on our consolidated financial statements.

In December 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 160, *Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements, an amendment of ARB 51*, (SFAS No. 160) which changes the accounting and reporting for minority interests. Minority interests will be re-characterized as noncontrolling interests and will be reported as a component of equity separate from the parent's equity, and purchases or sales of equity interests that do not result in a change in control will be accounted for as equity transactions. In addition, net income attributable to the noncontrolling interest will be included in consolidated net income on the face of the income statement and, upon a loss of control, the interest sold, as well as any interest retained, will be recorded at fair value with any gain or loss recognized in earnings. We will adopt SFAS No. 160 no later than the first quarter of fiscal 2010. We are currently assessing the potential impact that adoption of SFAS No. 160 would have on our financial position and results of operations.

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CALAVO GROWERS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
(UNAUDITED)

In December 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 141 (revised 2008), *Business Combinations* (SFAS No. 141R), which replaces SFAS No. 141. The statement retains the purchase method of accounting for acquisitions, but requires a number of changes, including changes in the way assets and liabilities are recognized in the purchase accounting. It also changes the recognition of assets acquired and liabilities assumed arising from contingencies, requires the capitalization of in-process research and development at fair value, and requires the expensing of acquisition-related costs as incurred. We will adopt SFAS No. 141R no later than the first quarter of fiscal 2010 and it will apply prospectively to business combinations completed on or after that date.

2. Information regarding our operations in different segments

We report our operations in two different business segments: (1) fresh products and (2) processed products. These two business segments are presented based on how information is used by our president to measure performance and allocate resources. The fresh products segment includes all operations that involve the distribution of avocados grown both inside and outside of California, as well as the distribution of other non-processed, perishable food products. The processed products segment represents all operations related to the purchase, manufacturing, and distribution of processed avocado products. Additionally, selling, general and administrative expenses, as well as other non-operating income/expense items, are evaluated by our president in the aggregate. We do not allocate assets, or specifically identify them to, our operating segments.

The following table sets forth sales by product category, by segment (in thousands):

	Nine months ended July 31, 2009			Nine months ended July 31, 2008		
	Fresh products	Processed products	Total	Fresh products	Processed products	Total
Third-party sales:						
Avocados	\$ 197,589	\$	\$ 197,589	\$ 196,143	\$	\$ 196,143
Tomatoes	13,851		13,851	19,372		19,372
Pineapples	10,160		10,160	12,094		12,094
Papayas	5,560		5,560	5,638		5,638
Diversified products	4,208		4,208	1,715		1,715
Processed food service		27,084	27,084		29,286	29,286
Processed retail and club		11,836	11,836		10,543	10,543
Total third-party sales	231,368	38,920	270,288	234,962	39,829	274,791
Less sales incentives	(442)	(6,023)	(6,465)	(51)	(6,819)	(6,870)
Total net sales	\$ 230,926	\$ 32,897	\$ 263,823	\$ 234,911	\$ 33,010	\$ 267,921

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CALAVO GROWERS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
(UNAUDITED)

	Three months ended July 31, 2009			Three months ended July 31, 2008		
	Fresh products	Processed products	Total	Fresh products	Processed products	Total
Third-party sales:						
Avocados	\$ 87,220	\$	\$ 87,220	\$ 75,897	\$	\$ 75,897
Tomatoes	1,268		1,268	2,343		2,343
Pineapples	3,209		3,209	4,025		4,025
Papayas	1,909		1,909	1,712		1,712
Diversified products	1,248		1,248	884		884
Processed food service		9,686	9,686		10,208	10,208
Processed retail and club		4,111	4,111		4,457	4,457
Total third-party sales	94,854	13,797	108,651	84,861	14,665	99,526
Less sales incentives	(127)	(2,177)	(2,304)	(33)	(2,590)	(2,623)
Total net sales	\$ 94,727	\$ 11,620	\$ 106,347	\$ 84,828	\$ 12,075	\$ 96,903

For nine months ended July 31, 2009 and 2008, inter-segment sales and cost of sales for fresh products totaling \$11.1 million and \$10.2 million were eliminated. For nine months ended July 31, 2009 and 2008, inter-segment sales and cost of sales for processed products totaling \$5.7 million and \$7.3 million were eliminated. For three months ended July 31, 2009 and 2008, inter-segment sales and cost of sales for fresh products totaling \$2.9 million and \$2.1 million were eliminated. For three months ended July 31, 2009 and 2008, inter-segment sales and cost of sales for processed products totaling \$1.9 million and \$2.5 million were eliminated.

The following table sets forth net sales, cost of sales, and gross margins by segment (in thousands):

	Fresh products	Processed products	Total
Nine months ended July 31, 2009			
Net sales	\$ 230,926	\$ 32,897	\$ 263,823
Cost of sales	206,705	21,814	228,519
Gross margin	\$ 24,221	\$ 11,083	\$ 35,304
Nine months ended July 31, 2008			
Net sales	\$ 234,911	\$ 33,010	\$ 267,921
Cost of sales	220,678	26,228	246,906
Gross margin	\$ 14,233	\$ 6,782	\$ 21,015

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CALAVO GROWERS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
(UNAUDITED)

	Fresh products	Processed products	Total
Three months ended July 31, 2009			
Net sales	\$ 94,727	\$ 11,620	\$ 106,347
Cost of sales	88,319	8,122	96,441
Gross margin	\$ 6,408	\$ 3,498	\$ 9,906
Three months ended July 31, 2008			
Net sales	\$ 84,828	\$ 12,075	\$ 96,903
Cost of sales	78,670	10,541	89,211
Gross margin	\$ 6,158	\$ 1,534	\$ 7,692

3. Inventories

Inventories consist of the following (in thousands):

	July 31, 2009	October 31, 2008
Fresh fruit	\$ 7,408	\$ 6,019
Packing supplies and ingredients	2,728	3,059
Finished processed foods	4,872	5,811
	\$ 15,008	\$ 14,889

During the three and nine month periods ended July 31, 2009 and 2008, we were not required to, and did not, record any provisions to reduce our inventories to the lower of cost or market.

4. Related party transactions

Certain members of our Board of Directors market avocados through Calavo pursuant to marketing agreements substantially similar to the marketing agreements that we enter into with other growers. During the three months ended July 31, 2009 and 2008, the aggregate amount of avocados procured from entities owned or controlled by members of our Board of Directors was \$5.1 million and \$6.0 million. During the nine months ended July 31, 2009 and 2008, the aggregate amount of avocados procured from entities owned or controlled by members of our Board of Directors was \$6.4 million and \$7.6 million. Amounts payable to these board members were \$1.5 million and \$0.4 million as of July 31, 2009 and October 31, 2008.

During the three months ended July 31, 2008, we received \$0.1 million as dividend income from Limoneira. During the nine months ended July 31, 2009 and 2008, we received \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million as dividend income from Limoneira.

5. Other assets

At July 31, 2009, other assets in the accompanying consolidated condensed financial statements included the following intangible assets: customer-related, trade name and non-competition agreements of \$2.1 million (accumulated amortization of \$0.8 million), including brand name intangibles of \$0.3 million. The customer-related, trade name and non-competition agreements are being amortized over periods up to ten years. The intangible asset related to the brand name currently has an indefinite life and, as a result, is not currently subject to amortization. We

anticipate recording amortization expense of approximately \$38,000 for the remainder of fiscal

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CALAVO GROWERS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
(UNAUDITED)

2009, with \$153,000, \$144,000, 131,000, and \$131,000 of amortization expense for fiscal years 2010 through 2013. The remainder of approximately \$372,000 will be amortized over fiscal years 2014 through 2018.

6. Stock-Based Compensation

We have one active stock-based compensation plan under which employees and directors may be granted options to purchase shares of our common stock. Stock options are granted with exercise prices of not less than the fair market value at grant date, generally vest over one to five years and generally expire five years after the grant date. We settle stock option exercises with newly issued shares of common stock.

We account for our stock option plans in accordance with SFAS No. 123(R), *Share-Based Payment*. Under SFAS No. 123(R), we are required to measure compensation cost for all stock-based awards at fair value on the date of grant and recognize compensation expense in our consolidated statements of operations over the service period that the awards are expected to vest. We measure the fair value of our stock based compensation awards on the date of grant.

In December 2008, our Board of Directors approved the issuance of options to acquire a total of 10,000 shares of our common stock to one member of our Board of Directors. Such grant vests in equal increments over a five-year period and has an exercise price of \$8.05 per share. Vested options have a term of five years from the vesting date. The market price of our common stock at the grant date was \$8.05. The estimated fair market value of such option grant was approximately \$37,000. The total compensation cost not yet recognized as of July 31, 2009 was approximately \$32,000, which will be recognized over the remaining service period of 52 months.

We measure the fair value of our stock option awards on the date of grant. The following assumptions were used in the estimated grant date fair value calculations for such stock options:

	2009
Risk-free interest rate	2.02%
Expected volatility	67.95%
Dividend yield	4.3%
Expected life (years)	4.0

The expected stock price volatility rates were based on the historical volatility of our common stock. The risk free interest rate was based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant for periods approximating the expected life of the option. The expected life represents the average period of time that options granted are expected to be outstanding, as calculated using the simplified method described in the Securities and Exchange Commission's Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 107.

A summary of stock option activity, related to our 2005 Stock Incentive Plan, is as follows (in thousands, except for per share amounts):

	Number of Shares	Weighted-Average Exercise Price	Weighted-Average Fair-Value	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at October 31, 2008	360	\$ 10.02		
Granted	10	\$ 8.05	\$ 3.67	
Exercised	(86)	\$ 9.10		
Outstanding at July 31, 2009	284	\$ 10.23		\$ 2,925
Exercisable at July 31, 2009	222	\$ 9.41		\$ 2,464

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CALAVO GROWERS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
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At July 31, 2009, outstanding stock options had a weighted-average remaining contractual term of 2.6 years. At July 31, 2009, exercisable stock options had a weighted-average remaining contractual term of 1.3 years. The total cash received from employees/directors as a result of stock option exercises during the three and nine month periods ended July 31, 2009 totaled \$0.8 million. The total recognized stock-based compensation expense for the three and nine month periods ended July 31, 2009 totaled less than \$0.1 million.

7. Other events

Dividend payment

On December 23, 2008 we paid a \$0.35 per share dividend in the aggregate amount of \$5.0 million to shareholders of record on December 9, 2008.

Contingencies

Hacienda Suit We are currently under examination by the Mexican tax authorities (Hacienda) for the tax years ended December 31, 2000 and December 31, 2004. We have received assessments totaling approximately \$2.0 million and \$4.5 million from Hacienda related to the amount of income at our Mexican subsidiary. Subsequent to that initial assessment, the Hacienda offered a settlement of approximately \$400,000 related to the tax year 2000 assessment, which we declined. In the second quarter of 2009, we won our most recent appeal case for the tax year ended December 31, 2000. The Hacienda subsequently appealed that decision. We pledged our processed products building located in Uruapan, Michoacan, Mexico as collateral to the Hacienda in regards to these assessments.

In the second quarter of 2009, the Hacienda initiated an examination related to tax year ended December 31, 2007 as well. We are not aware of any assessments related to this examination, but we do not expect this examination to have a significant impact on our results of operations.

IRS examination The Internal Revenue Service has concluded their examination for the year ended October 31, 2005. No changes were noted.

From time to time, we are also involved in litigation arising in the ordinary course of our business that we do not believe will have a material adverse impact on our financial statements.

Term Revolving Credit Agreement

In July 2009, we renewed and extended our non-collateralized, revolving credit facility with Bank of America, N.A. Under the terms of this agreement, we are advanced funds for both working capital and long-term productive asset purchases. Total credit available under the borrowing agreement is now \$15 million, up from \$10 million and now expires on July 1, 2011. This increase was at our request and not due to any immediate cash flows needs. The credit facility contains various financial covenants, the most significant relating to working capital, tangible net worth (as defined), and Funded Debt to Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization (EBITDA) ratio (as defined). We were in compliance with all such covenants at July 31, 2009.

8. Business Acquisitions

Calavo and Lecil E. Cole, Suzanne Cole-Savard, Guy Cole, Eric Weinert, and Lecil E. Cole and Mary Jeanette Cole, as trustees of the Lecil E. and Mary Jeanette Cole Revocable Trust dated October 19, 1993 (the Cole Trust) (collectively, the Sellers), entered into an Acquisition Agreement, dated May 19, 2008 (the Acquisition Agreement), which sets forth the terms and conditions pursuant to which Calavo purchased all of the outstanding

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CALAVO GROWERS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
(UNAUDITED)

shares of Hawaiian Sweet, Inc. (HS) and all ownership interests of Hawaiian Pride, LLC (HP). HS and HP engage in tropical-product packing and processing operations in Hawaii. The Acquisition Agreement provides, among other things, that as a result of the Acquisition Agreement, Calavo shall make an initial purchase price payment in the aggregate amount of \$3,500,000 for both entities. Calavo made the initial payment on May 20, 2008. Calavo shall also make two additional annual payments, ranging from \$2,500,000 to \$4,500,000, based on certain operating results (the Earn-Out Payment(s)), as defined. Mr. Cole is President, Chief Executive Officer, and Chairman of the Board of Directors of Calavo.

The first Earn-Out Payment to be made by Calavo will be adjusted if the aggregate working capital (WC) of HS and HP does not equal \$700,000 as of the closing date. In the event that WC is less than \$700,000, Calavo shall reduce its first Earn-Out payment by an amount equal to the difference between \$700,000 and the closing date aggregate working capital of HS and HP. In the event that WC is greater than \$700,000, Calavo shall increase its first Earn-Out payment by an amount equal to the difference between \$700,000 and the closing date aggregate working capital of HS and HP.

Pursuant to the Acquisition Agreement, the transaction closed on May 30, 2008.

Pursuant to SFAS No. 141, *Business Combinations*, (SFAS 141) we initially recorded approximately \$7.7 million as a liability related to deferred and contingent consideration to the Sellers, of which \$3.9 million was recorded in accrued expenses and \$3.8 million was recorded in long-term obligations, less current portion. Additionally, we initially recorded \$1,310,000 as intangible assets, of which \$1,140,000 was assigned to customer contract/relationships with a weighted average life of 8 years, \$100,000 to trade names with an average life of 8 years and \$70,000 to non-competition agreements with an average life of 3 years.

Concurrently with the execution of the Acquisition Agreement, Calavo and the Cole Trust entered into an Agreement and Escrow Instructions for Purchase and Sale of Real Property (the Real Estate Contract), dated the same date as the acquisition agreement, pursuant to which Calavo purchased from the Cole Trust approximately 727 acres of agricultural land located in Paho, Hawaii for a purchase price of \$1,500,000, which Calavo delivered on May 19, 2008. The Real Estate Contract also closed on May 30, 2008.

We anticipate remitting the first annual Earn-Out payment in our fourth fiscal quarter, totaling approximately \$2.4 million. This represents the minimum payment of \$2.5 million, less \$0.1 million of working capital shortfall.

As a result of the expected payment shown above, we recorded an adjustment, pursuant to SFAS 141, decreasing property, plant and equipment by \$0.9 million, other assets by \$0.1 million, and accrued expenses by \$1.0 million. Such adjustment relates to first deferred and contingent payment resolving. We anticipate recording one more adjustment once the second deferred and contingent payment resolves.

Subsequent to the aforementioned adjustment, we had the following recorded as of July 31, 2009:

(in thousands)

Customer contract/relationships	\$1,046
Trade names	92
Non-competition agreement	64

9. Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated events subsequent to July 31, 2009 to assess the need for potential recognition or disclosure in this report. Such events were evaluated through September 8, 2009, the date these financial statements were issued. Based upon this evaluation, it was determined that no subsequent events occurred that require recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

This information should be read in conjunction with the unaudited consolidated condensed financial statements and the notes thereto included in this Quarterly Report, and the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations contained in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended October 31, 2008 of Calavo Growers, Inc. (Calavo, the Company, we, us or our).

Recent Developments

Dividend payment

On December 23, 2008 we paid a \$0.35 per share dividend in the aggregate amount of \$5.0 million to shareholders of record on December 9, 2008.

Contingencies

Hacienda Suit We are currently under examination by the Mexican tax authorities (Hacienda) for the tax years ended December 31, 2000 and December 31, 2004. We have received assessments totaling approximately \$2.0 million and \$4.5 million from Hacienda related to the amount of income at our Mexican subsidiary. Subsequent to that initial assessment, the Hacienda offered a settlement of approximately \$400,000 related to the tax year 2000 assessment, which we declined. In the second quarter of 2009, we won our most recent appeal case for the tax year ended December 31, 2000. The Hacienda subsequently appealed that decision. We pledged our processed products building located in Uruapan, Michoacan, Mexico as collateral to the Hacienda in regards to these assessments.

In the second quarter of 2009, the Hacienda initiated an examination related to tax year ended December 31, 2007 as well. We are not aware of any assessments related to this examination, but we do not expect this examination to have a significant impact on our results of operations.

IRS examination The Internal Revenue Service has concluded their examination for the year ended October 31, 2005. No changes were noted.

From time to time, we are also involved in litigation arising in the ordinary course of our business that we do not believe will have a material adverse impact on our financial statements.

Term Revolving Credit Agreement

In July 2009, we renewed and extended our non-collateralized, revolving credit facility with Bank of America, N.A. Under the terms of this agreement, we are advanced funds for both working capital and long-term productive asset purchases. Total credit available under the borrowing agreement is now \$15 million, up from \$10 million and now expires on July 1, 2011. This increase was at our request and not due to any immediate cash flows needs. The credit facility contains various financial covenants, the most significant relating to working capital, tangible net worth (as defined), and Funded Debt to Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization (EBITDA) ratio (as defined). We were in compliance with all such covenants at July 31, 2009.

First Earn-Out Payment

See footnote 8 to our condensed, consolidated financial statements for further explanation.

Table of Contents**Net Sales**

The following table summarizes our net sales by business segment for each of the three and nine month periods ended July 31, 2009 and 2008:

(in thousands)	Three months ended July 31,			Nine months ended July 31,		
	2009	Change	2008	2009	Change	2008
Net sales to third-parties:						
Fresh products	\$ 94,727	11.7%	\$ 84,828	\$ 230,926	(1.7)%	\$ 234,911
Processed products	11,620	(3.8)%	12,075	32,897	(0.3)%	33,010
Total net sales	\$ 106,347	9.7%	\$ 96,903	\$ 263,823	(1.5)%	\$ 267,921
As a percentage of net sales:						
Fresh products	89.1%		87.5%	87.5%		87.7%
Processed products	10.9%		12.5%	12.5%		12.3%
	100.0%		100.0%	100.0%		100.0%

Overview

Net sales for the third quarter of fiscal 2009, compared to fiscal 2008, increased by \$9.4 million, or 9.7%; whereas net sales for the nine months ended July 31, 2009, compared to fiscal 2008, decreased by \$4.1 million, or 1.5%. The increase in fresh product sales during the three-month periods of fiscal 2009 was primarily related to increased sales of Mexican and Chilean avocados, partially offset by a decrease in sales of California avocados, tomatoes, and pineapples. The decrease in fresh product sales during the nine-month periods of fiscal 2009 was primarily related to decreased sales of California and Chilean avocados, and tomatoes. These decreases were partially offset, however, by increased sales from Mexican sourced avocados. While the procurement of fresh avocados related to our fresh products segment is seasonal based on region, our processed products business is generally not subject to a seasonal effect. For the related three and nine-month periods, the slight decrease in net sales delivered by our processed products business was due primarily to a decrease in pounds sold.

Net sales to third parties by segment exclude value-added services billed by our Uruapan packinghouse and our Uruapan processing plant to the parent company. Intercompany sales are eliminated in our consolidated results of operations.

Fresh products**Third Quarter 2009 vs. Third Quarter 2008**

Net sales delivered by the fresh products business increased by approximately \$9.9 million, or 11.7%, for the third quarter of fiscal 2009, when compared to the same period for fiscal 2008. As discussed above, this increase in fresh product sales during the third quarter of fiscal 2009 was primarily related to increased sales of Mexican and Chilean avocados, partially offset by a decrease in sales of California sourced avocados, as well as tomatoes and pineapples.

Sales of Mexican sourced avocados have increased \$16.7 million, or 70.4%, for the third quarter of 2009, when compared to the same prior year period. The increase in Mexican sourced avocados was primarily related to an increase in the volume of Mexican fruit sold of 12.5 million pounds, or 78.1%, when compared to the same prior year period. We attribute some of this increase to the large Mexican avocado crop for fiscal 2009. Such increase was partially offset, however, by a decrease in the average selling price per carton of Mexican avocados, which decreased approximately 3.0% when compared to the same prior year period. We attribute much of this decrease on the size of the Mexican avocado crop.

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Sales of Chilean sourced avocados increased \$1.6 million for the third quarter of 2009, when compared to the same prior year period. This increase was primarily related to the increase in the volume of Chilean fruit sold for the quarter.

Partially offsetting such increases, however, was a decrease in sales of California sourced avocados of \$7.2 million, or 13.9%. Sales reflect a 29.1% decrease in pounds of avocados sold, for the third quarter of 2009, when compared to the same prior year period. This decrease in pounds sold is primarily related to the corresponding decrease in the California avocado crop for fiscal 2008/2009. Such decrease is believed to be primarily related to poor weather conditions. Our market share of California avocados increased to 29.0% for third quarter of 2009, when compared to a 27.3% market share for the same prior year period. The average selling price, on a per carton basis, of California avocados sold increased approximately 24.3% when compared to the same prior year period. We attribute some of this increase to the lower overall volume of California avocados in the marketplace.

Sales of tomatoes decreased \$1.1 million, or 45.9%, for the third quarter of fiscal 2009, when compared to the same period for fiscal 2008. The decrease in sales for tomatoes is primarily due to the decrease in the volume of tomatoes by approximately 0.1 million cartons, or 38.8%, in addition to the decrease in the average carton selling price by 9.2%, when compared to the same prior year period. We attribute most of this decrease in the per carton selling price to the volume of tomatoes in the U.S. marketplace.

Sales of pineapples decreased \$0.8 million, or 20.3%, for the third quarter of fiscal 2009, when compared to the same period for fiscal 2008. The decrease in sales for pineapples is primarily due to the decrease in the units sold by 12.6% and a decrease in the average sales price by 8.1%, when compared to the same prior year period.

Nine months Ended 2009 vs. Nine months Ended 2008

Net sales delivered by the business decreased by approximately \$4.1 million, or 1.5%, for the nine months ended July 31, 2009, when compared to the same prior year period for fiscal 2008. This decrease was primarily driven by decreased sales of California and Chilean sourced avocados, as well as tomatoes, partially offset by increased sales related to avocados sourced from Mexico.

California sourced avocado sales reflect a 35.0% decrease in pounds of avocados sold, when compared to the same nine-month prior period. As discussed above, this decrease in pounds sold is primarily related to the corresponding decrease in the California avocado crop for fiscal 2008/2009. Such decrease is believed to be primarily related to poor weather conditions. The average selling price, on a per carton basis, of California avocados sold increased approximately 19.0% when compared to the same prior year period. We attribute some of this increase to the lower overall volume of California avocados in the marketplace.

Sales of Chilean sourced avocados decreased \$2.9 million, or 44.9%, when compared to the same nine-month prior period. This decrease was primarily related to the decrease in the volume of Chilean fruit sold. This decrease was primarily related to the significantly smaller size of the Chilean avocado crop.

Sales of tomatoes decreased \$5.5 million, or 28.5%, when compared to the same nine-month prior period. The decrease in sales for tomatoes is primarily due to the decrease in the average carton selling price by 38.6%. This was partially offset by an increase in the volume of tomatoes by approximately 0.3 million cartons, or 17.0%, when compared to the same prior year period. We attribute some of this decrease in the per carton selling price to the volume of tomatoes in the U.S. marketplace and the recession in the United States.

Partially offsetting such decreases was an increase in sales of Mexican sourced avocados, which increased \$22.7 million, or 20.5%, for the nine month period ending July 31, 2009, when compared to the same prior year period. The increase in Mexican sourced avocados was primarily related to an increase in the volume of Mexican fruit sold of 29.0 million pounds, or 34.2%, when compared to the same prior year period. We attribute some of this increase to the large Mexican avocado crop for fiscal 2009. Such increase was partially offset, however, by a decrease in the average carton selling price of Mexican avocados, which decreased approximately 17.0% when compared to the

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same prior year period. We attribute some of this decrease to the higher overall volume of Mexican avocados in the marketplace.

We anticipate that net sales related to California sourced avocados to experience a seasonal decrease during our fourth fiscal quarter of 2009, as compared to the third fiscal quarter of 2009.

We anticipate that net sales related to non-California sourced avocados, as well as tomatoes, to experience a seasonal increase in the fourth fiscal quarter of 2009, as compared to the third fiscal quarter of 2009.

Processed products**Third Quarter 2009 vs. Third Quarter 2008**

For the quarter ended July 31, 2009, when compared to the same period for fiscal 2008, net sales decreased by approximately \$0.5 million, or 3.8%. This decrease is primarily related to a 2.1% decrease in total pounds sold during our third quarter of 2009, when compared to the same prior year period. The average net selling price per pound decreased 2.4% from the corresponding prior year period. This decrease is primarily related to a change in sales mix, whereby certain lower-margin items decreased.

Nine months Ended 2009 vs. Nine months Ended 2008

For the first nine-months ended July 31, 2009, when compared to the same period for fiscal 2008, net sales stayed relatively consistent, decreasing only approximately \$0.1 million, or 0.3%. This decrease is primary related to a decrease in pounds sold of 4.5%, offset by the increase in the average net sales prices of 4.6%. The decrease in pounds sold primarily relate to a decrease in the sales of our frozen guacamole products, which decreased approximately 8.2% when compared to the same prior year period and partially offset by our high-pressure guacamole, which increased approximately 0.9%. Based primarily on the slowing economy in the United States, we believe that retail sales, as a percentage of total net processed product sales, may increase in the future.

Gross Margins

The following table summarizes our gross margins and gross profit percentages by business segment for each of the three and nine month periods ended July 31, 2009 and 2008:

(in thousands)	Three months ended July 31,			Nine months ended July 31,		
	2009	Change	2008	2009	Change	2008
Gross margins:						
Fresh products	\$ 6,408	4.1%	\$ 6,158	\$ 24,221	70.2%	\$ 14,233
Processed products	3,498	128.0%	1,534	11,083	63.4%	6,782
Total gross margins	\$ 9,906	28.8%	\$ 7,692	\$ 35,304	68.0%	\$ 21,015
Gross profit percentages:						
Fresh products	6.8%		7.3%	10.5%		6.1%
Processed products	30.1%		12.7%	33.7%		20.5%
Consolidated	9.3%		7.9%	13.4%		7.8%

Our cost of goods sold consists predominantly of fruit costs, packing materials, freight and handling, labor and overhead (including depreciation) associated with preparing food products and other direct expenses pertaining to products sold. Gross margins increased by approximately \$2.2 million, or 28.8%, and \$14.3 million, or 68.0%, for the third quarter and first nine months of fiscal 2009, when compared to the same periods for fiscal 2008. These increases were attributable to improvements in both our fresh products and our processed products segment.

During the related three month period of fiscal 2009, as compared to the same prior year period, the decrease in our fresh products segment gross margin percentage was primarily related to a significant decrease in the volume of

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California avocados sold, which decreased 29.1%. This decrease was primarily related to the smaller California avocado crop, as discussed above. This had the effect of increasing our per pound costs, which, as a result, negatively impacted gross margins. For the related three month period of fiscal 2009, this decrease was partially offset by an increase in per carton sales prices for California avocados, which increased 24.3%.

During the related nine month period of fiscal 2009, as compared to the same prior year period, the increase in our fresh products segment gross margin percentage was primarily related to a significant decrease in fruit costs for Mexican sourced avocados, as well as a decrease in substantially all operating costs related to our Mexican operations. These decreases are primarily related to the large Mexican avocado crop, as well as the considerable strengthening of the U.S. Dollar compared to the Mexican Peso. Additionally, during the nine month period of fiscal 2009, when compared to the prior year period, we experienced an increase in the volume of Mexican sourced avocados sold by 29.0 million pounds or 34.2%. Combined, these had the effect of decreasing our per pound costs, which, as a result, positively impacted gross margins. For the related nine month period of fiscal 2009, these decreases were partially offset by a decrease in per carton sales prices for Mexican avocados of 17.0%.

The processed products gross profit percentages for the three and nine month periods of fiscal 2009, when compared to the same prior year period, increased primarily as a result of lower fruit and operating costs, partially offset by a decrease in total pounds sold. As discussed above, the anticipated large Mexican avocado crop, as well as the considerable strengthening of the U.S. Dollar compared to the Mexican Peso, significantly decreased our per pound costs.

Selling, General and Administrative

(in thousands)	Three months ended July 31,			Nine months ended July 31,		
	2009	Change	2008	2009	Change	2008
Selling, general and administrative	\$5,822	9.8%	\$5,301	\$16,657	12.9%	\$14,752
Percentage of net sales	5.5%		5.5%	6.3%		5.5%

Selling, general and administrative expenses include costs of marketing and advertising, sales expenses and other general and administrative costs. Selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$0.5 million, or 9.8%, for the three months ended July 31, 2009, when compared to the same period for fiscal 2008. This increase was primarily related to higher corporate costs, including, but not limited to, projected management bonuses (totaling approximately \$0.7 million), and general insurance (totaling approximately \$0.2 million). Such increases were partially offset, however, by lower broker commissions (totaling approximately \$0.2 million), audit/SOX fees (totaling approximately \$0.1 million) and bad debt expense (totaling approximately \$0.1 million).

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$1.9 million, or 12.9%, for the nine months ended July 31, 2009, when compared to the same period for fiscal 2008. This increase was primarily related to higher corporate costs, including, but not limited to, projected management bonuses (totaling approximately \$1.5 million), salaries and benefits (totaling approximately \$0.5 million), general insurance (totaling approximately \$0.2 million) and employee benefits (totaling approximately \$0.1 million). Such increases were partially offset, however, by lower broker commissions (totaling approximately \$0.3 million), and maintenance and repair expense (totaling approximately \$0.1 million).

Table of Contents**Other Income, net**

(in thousands)	Three months ended July 31,			Nine months ended July 31,		
	2009	Change	2008	2009	Change	2008
Other income, net	\$246	(0.8)%	\$248	\$867	(4.4)%	\$907
Percentage of net sales	0.2%		0.3%	0.3%		0.3%

Other income, net, includes interest income and expense generated in connection with our financing and operating activities, as well as certain other transactions that are outside of the course of normal operations. For the nine months ended July 31, 2009, other income, net, includes dividend income of \$0.1 million from Limoneira Company. For the three and nine months ended July 31, 2009, other income, net, includes \$0.2 million and \$0.4 million of income from Maui Fresh, LLC.

Provision for Income Taxes

(in thousands)	Three months ended July 31,			Nine months ended July 31,		
	2009	Change	2008	2009	Change	2008
Provision for income taxes	\$1,597	80.7%	\$ 884	\$7,322	208.0%	\$2,377
Percentage of income before provision for income taxes	39.3%		38.9%	39.3%		38.9%

For the third quarter of fiscal 2009, our provision for income taxes was \$1.6 million, as compared to \$0.9 million recorded for the comparable prior year period.

For the first nine months of fiscal 2009, our provision for income taxes was \$7.3 million, as compared to \$2.4 million recorded for the comparable prior year period. We expect our effective tax rate to approximate 39% during fiscal 2009.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash provided by operating activities was \$18.7 million for the nine months ended July 31, 2009, compared to \$7.7 million provided by operations for the similar period in fiscal 2008. Operating cash flows for the nine months ended July 31, 2009 reflect our net income of \$11.3 million, net non-cash charges (depreciation and amortization, stock compensation expense, provision for losses on accounts receivable, interest on deferred consideration, and income from Maui, LLC) of \$2.2 million and a net increase in the noncash components of our operating capital of approximately \$5.2 million.

Our operating capital increase includes a net increase in payable to growers of \$11.3 million, an increase in trade accounts payable of \$2.7 million, a decrease in advances to suppliers of \$1.0 million and a decrease in income tax receivable of \$0.4 million, partially offset by an increase in accounts receivable of \$9.6 million, an increase in prepaid expenses and other current assets of \$0.4 million, an increase in inventory of \$0.1 million and an increase in other assets of \$0.1 million.

The increase in payable to our growers primarily reflects an increase in California fruit delivered in the month of July 2009, as compared to the month of October 2008. The increase in trade accounts payable and accrued expenses primarily reflect the second Earn-Out payment that has been reclassified to a current liability. The increase in our accounts receivable balance, as of July 31, 2009, when compared to October 31, 2008, primarily reflects higher sales recorded in the month of July 2009, as compared to October 2008.

Cash used in investing activities was \$4.1 million for the nine months ended July 31, 2009 and related principally to the purchase of property, plant and equipment items of \$3.6 million, and collections from Belher of \$0.5 million, partially offset by loan payments made to Belher of \$1.0 million.

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Cash used by financing activities was \$14.0 million for the nine months ended July 31, 2009, which related principally to the payment of our \$5.0 million dividend, \$8.4 million in payments on our net borrowings on our lines of credit and \$1.3 million payments on our long-term debt. Partially offsetting these payments, however, \$0.7 million in cash was provided by the exercise of stock options.

Our principal sources of liquidity are our existing cash reserves, cash generated from operations and amounts available for borrowing under our existing credit facilities. Cash and cash equivalents as of July 31, 2009 and October 31, 2008 totaled \$2.1 million and \$1.5 million. Our working capital at July 31, 2009 was \$16.7 million, compared to \$15.4 million at October 31, 2008.

We believe that cash flows from operations and available credit facilities will be sufficient to satisfy our future capital expenditures, grower recruitment efforts, working capital and other financing requirements. We will continue to evaluate grower recruitment opportunities and exclusivity arrangements with food service companies to fuel growth in each of our business segments. Effective July 31, 2009, we entered into a new loan agreement with Bank of America, N.A. which increased our existing non-collateralized, revolving credit facility to \$15 million, from \$10 million. This new agreement expires July 1, 2011. Our non-collateralized, revolving credit facilities with Farm Credit West, PCA expires in February 2012. Under the terms of these agreements, we are advanced funds for both working capital and long-term productive asset purchases. Total credit available under these combined borrowing agreements was \$45 million, with a weighted-average interest rate of 2.5% and 4.8% at July 31, 2009 and October 31, 2008. Under these credit facilities, we had \$14.7 million and \$23.1 million outstanding as July 31, 2009 and October 31, 2008, of which \$6.5 million and \$13.0 million was classified as a long-term liability as July 31, 2009 and October 31, 2008. These credit facilities contain various financial covenants, the most significant relating to working capital, tangible net worth (as defined), and Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization (EBITDA) (as defined). We were in compliance with all such covenants at July 31, 2009.

Contractual Obligations

The following table summarizes contractual obligations pursuant to which we are required to make cash payments. The information is presented as of our fiscal year ended July 31, 2009:

Contractual Obligations	Total	Payments due by period			
		Less than 1 year	1-3 years	3-5 years	More than 5 years
Long-term debt obligations (including interest)	\$ 20,938	\$ 5,137	\$ 3,760	\$ 9,754	\$ 2,287
Revolving credit facilities	8,250	8,250			
Defined benefit plan	246	44	88	88	26
Operating lease commitments	8,927	1,083	1,841	1,716	4,287
Total	\$ 38,361	\$ 14,514	\$ 5,689	\$ 11,558	\$ 6,600

The California avocado industry is subject to a state marketing order whereby handlers are required to collect assessments from the growers and remit such assessments to the California Avocado Commission (CAC). The assessments are primarily for advertising and promotions. The amount of the assessment is based on the dollars paid to the growers for their fruit, and, as a result, is not determinable until the value of the payments to the growers has been calculated.

With similar precision, amounts remitted to the Hass Avocado Board (HAB) in connection with their assessment program, are likewise not determinable until the fruit is actually delivered to us. HAB assessments are primarily used to fund marketing and promotion efforts.

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Impact of Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

See footnote 1 to the consolidated condensed financial statements that are included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

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Table of Contents**ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK**

Our financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, payable to growers, accounts payable, current and long-term borrowings pursuant to our credit facilities with financial institutions, and long-term, fixed-rate obligations. All of our financial instruments are entered into during the normal course of operations and have not been acquired for trading purposes. The table below summarizes interest rate sensitive financial instruments and presents principal cash flows in U.S. dollars, which is our reporting currency, and weighted-average interest rates by expected maturity dates, as of July 31, 2009.

(All amounts in thousands)	Expected maturity date July 31,						Total	Fair Value
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	Thereafter		
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents (1)	\$ 2,054	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 2,054	\$ 2,054
Accounts receivable (1)	37,208						37,208	37,208
Liabilities								
Payable to growers (1)	\$13,648	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$13,648	\$13,648
Accounts payable (1)	3,104						3,104	3,104
Current borrowings pursuant to credit facilities (1)	8,250						8,250	8,250
Long-term borrowings pursuant to credit facilities (2)				6,450			6,450	6,460
Fixed-rate long-term obligations (3)	4,936	1,369	1,372	1,375	1,378	1,981	12,411	13,088

(1) We believe the carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, advances to suppliers, payable to growers, accounts payable, and current borrowings pursuant to credit facilities approximate their fair value due to the short maturity of these financial instruments.

(2) Long-term borrowings pursuant to our credit facility bears interest at

1.7%. We believe that a portfolio of loans with a similar risk profile would currently yield a return of 1.4%. We project the impact of an increase or decrease in interest rates of 100 basis points would result in a change of fair value by approximately \$244,000.

- (3) Fixed-rate long-term obligations bear interest rates ranging from 3.8% to 5.7% with a weighted-average interest rate of 5.0%. We believe that loans with a similar risk profile would currently yield a return of 2.5%. We project the impact of an increase or decrease in interest rates of 100 basis points would result in a change of fair value of approximately \$357,000.

We were not a party to any derivative instruments during the fiscal year. It is currently our intent not to use derivative instruments for speculative or trading purposes. Additionally, we do not currently use any hedging or forward contracts to offset market volatility.

Our Mexican-based operations transact business in Mexican pesos. Funds are transferred by our corporate office to Mexico on a weekly basis to satisfy domestic cash needs. Historically, the consistency of the spot rate for the Mexican peso has led to a small-to-moderate impact on our operating results. Based on the recent and significant decrease in the valuation of the Mexican peso to the U.S. dollar, however, we are currently considering the use of derivative instruments to hedge the fluctuation in the Mexican peso in our fiscal 2009. Total foreign currency translation gains

and losses for each of the three years in the period ended October 31, 2008, as well as the nine-months ended July 31, 2009, do not exceed \$0.5 million.

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ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, we conducted an evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act), as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on this evaluation, our principal executive officer and our principal financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

There were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended July 31, 2009 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are involved in litigation in the ordinary course of business, none of which we believe will have a material adverse impact on our financial position or results from operations.

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ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 7241, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 31.2 Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 7241, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32 Certification by Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of Periodic Report Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Calavo Growers, Inc.
(Registrant)

Date: September 8, 2009

By /s/ Lecil E. Cole
Lecil E. Cole
Chairman of the Board of Directors,
Chief Executive Officer and President
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: September 8, 2009

By /s/ Arthur J. Bruno
Arthur J. Bruno
Chief Operating Officer, Chief Financial
Officer and Corporate Secretary
(Principal Financial Officer)

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INDEX TO EXHIBITS

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