

US BANCORP \DE\
Form 424B2
December 19, 2006

Table of Contents**CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE (1)**

Title of each Class of Securities to be Registered	Amount to be Registered	Proposed Maximum Offering Price Per Unit	Proposed Maximum Aggregate Offering Price (1)	Amount of Registration Fee
Floating Rate Convertible Senior Debentures due September, 2036 Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share	\$2,500,000,000 (2)	100.0% (2)	\$2,500,000,000 (2)	\$ 267,500 (3)
(1) Estimated solely for the purpose of calculating the registration fee pursuant to Rule 457(i) under the Securities Act, exclusive of accrued interest, if any.				
(2) Includes such indeterminate number of shares of Common Stock as are issuable upon conversion of the Debentures registered hereby.				
(3) Pursuant to Rule 457(i) under the Securities Act, there is no additional filing fee with respect to the shares of Common Stock issuable upon				

conversion of
the Debentures
because no
additional
consideration
will be received
by the registrant
in connection
with the
exercise of the
conversion
privilege.

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Filed Pursuant to Rule 424(b)(2)
Commission File No. 333-132297

**Prospectus Supplement
(To Prospectus Dated March 10, 2006)**

\$2,500,000,000

Floating Rate Convertible Senior Debentures due September, 2036

U.S. Bancorp issued the debentures in a private placement on September 20, 2006 at an issue price of \$1,000 per debenture. The initial purchaser resold the debentures to qualified institutional buyers in accordance with Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. This prospectus supplement will be used by the selling securityholders from time to time to resell their debentures and any common stock issuable upon conversion of their debentures. The debentures bear interest at an annual rate equal to 3-month LIBOR, reset quarterly, minus 1.75, initially 3.64%; provided that such rate will never be less than 0% per annum. Interest will be payable quarterly in arrears on March 20, June 20, September 20 and December 20 of each year, beginning December 20, 2006, until September 20, 2031. After that date, we will not pay interest on the debentures prior to maturity. Instead, on September 2036, the maturity date of the debentures, or any earlier redemption date, purchase date or change in control purchase date, a holder will receive the accreted principal amount of a debenture, which will be equal to the original principal amount of \$1,000 per debenture, increased daily by a variable yield beginning on September 20, 2031. The yield will be reset quarterly to a rate of 3-month LIBOR minus 1.75% per annum; provided that such yield will never be less than 0% per annum. The debentures are unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of U.S. Bancorp and will rank equally with all of our other unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness.

Holders may convert their debentures into a number of shares of our common stock determined as set forth in this prospectus supplement, which we refer to as the conversion rate. Upon conversion, we will have the right to deliver, in lieu of shares of our common stock, cash or a combination of cash and shares of our common stock in an amount described in this prospectus supplement. The conversion rate is initially 26.1233, subject to adjustment as described in this prospectus supplement.

Holders may require us to purchase for cash all or a portion of their debentures on September 20, 2007, 2008, 2011, 2016, 2021, 2026 and 2031 at 100% of the accreted principal amount thereof, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the date of purchase, if any. In addition, upon a change in control of U.S. Bancorp, as defined in the indenture governing the debentures, each holder may require us to purchase for cash all or a portion of such holder's debentures at 100% of the accreted principal amount thereof, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the date of purchase, if any.

We may redeem for cash all or a portion of the debentures at any time on or after September 20, 2007 at a price of 100% of the accreted principal amount thereof, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the date of purchase, if any.

Our common stock is traded on the New York Stock Exchange under the ticker symbol USB.

Investing in the debentures involves risks. See Risk Factors beginning on page S-5.

We will not receive any of the proceeds from the sale of the debentures or the shares of common stock by any of the selling securityholders. The debentures and the shares of common stock may be offered in negotiated transactions or otherwise, at market prices prevailing at the time of sale or at negotiated prices. In addition, the shares of common stock may be offered from time to time through ordinary brokerage transactions on the New York Stock Exchange. See Plan of Distribution. The selling securityholders may be deemed to be Underwriters as defined in the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or Securities Act. If any broker-dealers are used by the selling securityholders, any commissions paid to broker-dealers and, if broker-dealers purchase any debentures or common stock as principals, any profits received by these broker-dealers on the resale of the debentures or shares of common stock, may be deemed to be underwriting discounts or commissions under the Securities Act. In addition, any profits realized by the selling securityholders may be deemed to be underwriting commissions.

The debentures are not deposits or other obligations of a depository institution and are not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, The Bank Insurance Fund or any other governmental agency.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus supplement is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The date of this prospectus supplement is December 19, 2006.

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Prospectus

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We are not, and the selling securityholders are not, making an offer to sell the debentures in any jurisdiction except where an offer or sale is permitted.

This prospectus supplement summarizes certain documents and other information in a manner we believe to be accurate, but we refer you to the actual documents summarized herein for a more complete understanding of what we discuss in this prospectus supplement. In making an investment decision, you must rely on your own examination of us and the terms of the offering and the debentures, including the merits and risks involved.

We are not, and the selling securityholders are not, making any representation to any purchaser of the debentures regarding the legality of an investment in the debentures by the purchaser under any legal investment or similar laws or regulations. You should not consider any information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement to be legal, business or tax advice. You should consult your own attorney, accountant, business advisor and tax advisor for legal, tax, business and financial advice regarding an investment in the debentures.

You should rely only on the information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement. We have not, and the selling securityholders have not, authorized any person to provide you with different information or to make any representation not contained in, or incorporated by reference into, this prospectus supplement. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. You should not assume the information contained in this prospectus supplement is accurate after the date on the front cover of this prospectus supplement or that the information contained in documents incorporated by reference is accurate after the respective dates of the filing of such incorporated documents. Our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may have changed since those dates.

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The selling securityholders reserve the right to withdraw this offering of the debentures at any time. The selling securityholders also reserve the right to reject any offer to purchase some or all of the debentures for any reason and to allot to any prospective investor less than the full amount of debentures sought by the investor.

You must comply with all applicable laws and regulations in force in any applicable jurisdiction and you must obtain any consent, approval or permission required by you for the purchase, offer or sale of the debentures under the laws and regulations in force in the jurisdiction to which you are subject or in which you make your purchase, offer or sale, and neither we nor the initial purchaser will have any responsibility therefor.

ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

This document is called a prospectus supplement and is part of a registration statement that we filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC. The registration statement containing this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, including exhibits to the registration statement provides additional information about us and the securities offered under this prospectus supplement. The registration statement can be read at the SEC web site or at the SEC office mentioned under the heading **Where You Can Find More Information**.

If the information set forth in this prospectus supplement differs in any way from the information set forth in the accompanying prospectus, you should rely on the information set forth in this prospectus supplement.

WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

We file annual, quarterly and special reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. You may read and copy any document that we file at the SEC's public reference room at 100 F Street, N.E., Room 1580, Washington, D.C. 20549. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the public reference room. Our SEC filings are also available to the public from the SEC's website at <http://www.sec.gov>. Our SEC filings are also available at the offices of the New York Stock Exchange. For further information on obtaining copies of our public filings at the New York Stock Exchange, you should call (212) 656-5060.

The SEC allows us to incorporate by reference the information we file with them, which means that we can disclose important information to you by referring you to those documents. The information incorporated by reference is considered to be part of this prospectus supplement, and later information that we file with the SEC will automatically update and supersede this information. We incorporate by reference the following documents listed below and any future filings made with the SEC under Section 13(a), 13(c), 14, or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act), until this offering is completed:

Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005;

Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the quarters ended March 31, June 30 and September 30, 2006;

Current Reports on Form 8-K filed on January 17 (two reports), February 1 (filed on Form 8-K/A), March 17, March 27, March 29, April 12, April 21, July 20, August 3, August 30, September 5 (filed on Form 8-K/A), September 20, October 18, December 13 and December 19, 2006; and

the description of our common stock contained in Item 1 of the registration statement on Form 8-A dated March 19, 1984, as amended in its entirety by that Form 8 Amendment dated February 26, 1993 and that Form 8-A/A-2 dated October 6, 1994, and any amendment or report filed for the purpose of updating such description.

You may request a copy of these filings, at no cost, by writing or telephoning us at the following address:

U.S. Bancorp
800 Nicollet Mall
Minneapolis, Minnesota 55402
Attn: Investor Relations Department
(612) 303-0799 or (866) 775-9668

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SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, including documents incorporated by reference by this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Statements that are not historical or current facts, including statements about beliefs and expectations, are forward-looking statements. These statements often include the words may, could, would, should, believes, expects, anticipa estimates, intends, plans, targets, potentially, probably, projects, outlook or similar expressions.

These forward-looking statements cover, among other things, our anticipated future revenue and expenses and our future plans and prospects. Forward-looking statements involve inherent risks and uncertainties, and important factors could cause actual results to differ materially from those anticipated, including:

changes in general business and economic conditions;

changes in interest rates, legal and regulatory developments;

increased competition from both banks and non-banks;

changes in customer behavior and preferences;

effects of mergers and acquisitions and related integration; and

effects of critical accounting policies and judgments.

For discussion of these and other risks that may cause actual results to differ from expectations, refer to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005 on file with the SEC, including the sections entitled Risk Factors and Corporate Risk Profile. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made, and we undertake no obligation to update them in light of new information or future events.

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SUMMARY

The following summary highlights selected information contained elsewhere in this prospectus supplement, accompanying prospectus and certain documents incorporated by reference herein. You should read this entire prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and the documents we have incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement, including the section entitled Risk Factors and our financial statements and the notes thereto incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement, before making an investment decision. The terms we, our, and us, as used in this prospectus supplement, refer to U.S. Bancorp and its majority owned subsidiaries as a combined entity, except where otherwise stated or where it is clear that the terms mean only U.S. Bancorp.

U.S. Bancorp

We are a multi-state financial services holding company headquartered in Minneapolis, Minnesota. We were incorporated in Delaware in 1929 and operate as a financial holding company and a bank holding company under the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956. We provide a full range of financial services through our subsidiaries, including lending and depository services, cash management, foreign exchange and trust and investment management services. Our subsidiaries also engage in credit card services, merchant and automated teller machine processing, mortgage banking, insurance, brokerage and leasing services. We are the parent company of U.S. Bank National Association and U.S. Bank National Association N.D.

Our common stock is traded on the New York Stock Exchange under the ticker symbol USB. Our principal executive offices are located at 800 Nicollet Mall, Minneapolis, Minnesota, 55402. Our telephone number is (612) 303-0799.

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The Offering

Debentures	\$2,500,000,000 aggregate original principal amount of Floating Rate Convertible Senior Debentures due 2036. The original principal amount per debenture is \$1,000.
Maturity	September 20, 2036.
Payment at Maturity	On September 20, 2036, the maturity date of the debentures, or any earlier redemption date, purchase date or change in control purchase date, a holder will receive the accreted principal amount per debenture, which will be equal to the original principal amount of \$1,000 per debenture increased daily by a variable yield, which until September 20, 2031 will be 0% per annum and beginning on September 21, 2031 will be reset quarterly to a rate of 3-month LIBOR minus 1.75% per annum; provided that such yield will never be less than 0% per annum.
Interest	The debentures bear interest at an annual rate equal to 3-month LIBOR, reset quarterly, minus 1.75%, initially 3.64%; provided that such rate will never be less than 0% per annum. Interest will be payable quarterly in arrears on March 20, June 20, September 20 and December 20 of each year, beginning December 20, 2006, until September 20, 2031. After that date, we will not pay interest on the debentures prior to maturity.
Tax Original Issue Discount	Because cash interest is not payable throughout the term of the debentures, the debentures will be considered issued with original issue discount for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Accordingly, U.S. holders (as defined herein) generally will be required to include such original issue discount in their gross income for U.S. federal income tax purposes, regardless of the timing of receipt of the related cash payments. See Material United States Federal Income Tax Considerations.
Conversion Rights	A holder may convert its debentures at any time on or prior to the maturity date. If a holder surrenders its debentures for conversion, it will receive, in respect of each \$1,000 original principal amount of debentures surrendered for conversion, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> cash in an amount equal to the lesser of (1) the accreted principal amount of such debenture as of the conversion date and (2) the Conversion Value (as defined below), and if the Conversion Value is greater than the accreted principal amount of such debenture as of the conversion date, a number of shares of our common stock equal to the sum of the Daily Share Amounts (as defined below) for each of the ten consecutive trading days in the applicable Conversion Reference Period (as defined below), subject to our right to deliver cash in lieu of all or

a portion of such shares and provided that we will pay cash in lieu of fractional shares otherwise issuable upon conversion of such debenture.

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The **Conversion Value** means the average of the Daily Conversion Values (as defined below) for each of the ten consecutive trading days of the applicable Conversion Reference Period (as defined below).

The **Daily Conversion Value** means, with respect to any trading day, the product of (1) the applicable Conversion Rate (as defined below) and (2) the closing sale price of our common stock on such trading day.

The **Conversion Reference Period** means:
 for debentures that are converted after we have specified a redemption date, the ten consecutive trading days beginning on the third trading day following the redemption date (in the case of a partial redemption, this will apply only to those debentures that are subject to redemption); and

in all other instances, the ten consecutive trading days beginning on the third trading day following the conversion date.

The **Daily Share Amount** means, for each trading day of the applicable Conversion Reference Period, a number of shares determined by the following formula:

$$\frac{(\text{Closing Sale Price on Such Trading Day} * \text{Applicable Conversion Rate}) * \text{the Accreted Principal Amount of the Debenture on the Conversion Date}}{\text{Closing Sale Price on Such Trading Day} * 10}$$

*Closing Sale Price on Such Trading Day * 10*

The **Conversion Rate** is initially 26.1233, subject to adjustment as described under **Description of Debentures Conversion Rights Conversion Rate Adjustments**.

We will have the option to deliver cash in lieu of all or any portion of the shares of common stock, if any, deliverable upon conversion.

Upon conversion, a holder will not receive any cash payment representing accrued interest (unless such debenture or portion thereof is converted after a record date but prior to the next succeeding interest payment date or the debenture has been called for redemption on a redemption date that occurs between a regular record date and the interest payment date to which it relates). Instead, interest will be deemed paid by the delivery to the holder of the cash and common stock, if any, into which such holder's debentures are convertible, together with any cash payment for fractional shares. See **Description of Debentures Conversion Rights**.

Ranking

The debentures are our unsecured and unsubordinated obligations and rank equally in right of payment with all of our existing and future

unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness. The debentures are structurally subordinated to the liabilities of our subsidiaries, including but not limited to deposits and trade payables.

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Sinking Fund	None.
Redemption of Debentures at Our Option	We may redeem for cash all or a portion of the debentures at any time on or after September 20, 2007 at a price equal to 100% of the accreted principal amount of the debentures to be redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the redemption date, if any.
Purchase of Debentures by Us at the Option of Holder	Holder s may require us to purchase all or a portion of their debentures on September 20, 2007, 2008, 2011, 2016, 2021, 2026 and 2031 for cash at a price equal to 100% of the accreted principal amount of the debentures to be purchased, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, such purchase date, if any. See Description of Debentures Purchase of Debentures by Us at the Option of the Holder.
Change in Control	Upon a change in control (as defined in the indenture governing the debentures) of U.S. Bancorp, each holder may require us to purchase all or a portion of such holder s debentures for cash at a price equal to 100% of the accreted principal amount of the debentures to be purchased, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the date of purchase, if any. See Description of Debentures Change in Control Permits Purchase of Debentures by Us at the Option of the Holder.
Use of Proceeds	We will not receive any proceeds from the sale by selling securityholders of the debentures or the shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of the debentures.
DTC Eligibility	The debentures were issued in book-entry form and are represented by one or more permanent global certificates deposited with a custodian for and registered in the name of a nominee of The Depository Trust Company, or DTC, in New York, New York. Beneficial interests in any such securities are shown on, and transfers will be effected only through, records maintained by DTC and its direct and indirect participants. Any such interest may not be exchanged for certificated securities, except in limited circumstances. See Description of Debentures Book-Entry System.
NYSE Symbol for Our Common Stock	USB
<i>You should refer to the section Risk Factors for an explanation of some risks of investing in the debentures.</i>	

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RISK FACTORS

Your investment in the debentures will involve certain risks. You should carefully consider the risk factors included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005 and pay special attention to the following factors, in addition to the other information included or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus before making an investment in the debentures.

No public market exists for the debentures.

The debentures are a new issue of securities for which there is currently no public market. We do not intend to list the debentures on any national securities exchange or automated quotation system. We cannot assure you that an active or sustained trading market for the debentures will develop or that the holders will be able to sell their debentures. Although the initial purchaser informed us that it intends to make a market in the debentures, the initial purchaser may cease its market making at any time.

Moreover, even if the holders are able to sell their debentures, we cannot assure you as to the price at which any sales will be made. Future trading prices of the debentures will depend on many factors, including, among other things, prevailing interest rates, our operating results, the price of our common stock and the market for similar securities. Historically, the market for convertible debt has been subject to disruptions that have caused volatility in prices. It is possible that the market for the debentures will be subject to disruptions which may have a negative effect on the holders of the debentures, regardless of our prospects or financial performance.

The price of our common stock, and therefore of the debentures, may fluctuate significantly, which may make it difficult for you to resell the debentures, or common stock issuable upon conversion of the debentures, when you want or at prices you find attractive.

The price of our common stock on the New York Stock Exchange constantly changes. We expect that the market price of our common stock will continue to fluctuate. Because the debentures are convertible into our common stock, volatility or depressed prices for our common stock could have a similar effect on the trading price of the debentures. Holders who have received common stock upon conversion will also be subject to the risk of volatility and depressed prices.

Our stock price can fluctuate as a result of a variety of factors, many of which are beyond our control. These factors include:

actual or anticipated variations in our quarterly operating results;

recommendations by securities analysts;

new technology used, or services offered, by our competitors;

significant acquisitions or business combinations, strategic partnerships, joint ventures or capital commitments by or involving us or our competitors;

failure to integrate our acquisitions or realize anticipated benefits from our acquisitions;

operating and stock price performance of other companies that investors deem comparable to us;

news reports relating to trends, concerns and other issues in the financial services industry;

changes in government regulations; and

geopolitical conditions such as acts or threats of terrorism or military conflicts.

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General market fluctuations, industry factors and general economic and political conditions and events, such as terrorist attacks, economic slowdowns or recessions, interest rate changes, credit loss trends or currency fluctuations, also could cause our stock price to decrease regardless of our operating results.

In addition, the stock market in general has experienced extreme volatility that has often been unrelated to the operating performance of a particular company. These broad market fluctuations may adversely affect the market price of our common stock.

The yield on the debentures cannot be determined at this time and may be lower than the yield on a standard debt security of comparable maturity and may be zero.

The yield on the debentures is based on 3-month LIBOR, which is the London Interbank Offered Rate, minus 1.75% and was initially 3.64% at September 14, 2006, when 3-month LIBOR was 5.39% per annum. The yield on the debentures will be reset every three months. If LIBOR is at or below 1.75% per annum at the start of any three-month period before September 21, 2031, no interest will accrue on the debenture for such three-month period. If LIBOR is at or below 1.75% per annum at the start of any three-month period on or after 20, 2031, the principal amount of the debenture will not increase during that period. Therefore, the accreted principal amount of a debenture at maturity cannot be determined at this time and there can be no assurance that we will pay more than \$1,000 on the maturity date.

The amount we pay holders may be less than the return the holders could earn on other investments. The holder's yield may be less than the yield a holder would earn if it bought a standard senior debt security of U.S. Bancorp with the same stated maturity date. Your investment may not reflect the full opportunity cost to you when you take into account factors that affect the time value of money.

The conversion rate may not be adjusted for all dilutive events that may occur.

The conversion rate is subject to adjustment for certain events including, but not limited to, the issuance of stock dividends above the dividend threshold amount on our common stock, the issuance of certain rights or warrants, subdivisions or combinations of our common stock, certain distributions of assets, debt securities, capital stock or cash to holders of our common stock and certain issuer tender or exchange offers as described under Description of Debentures Conversion Rights Conversion Rate Adjustments. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in no event shall the Conversion Rate as adjusted exceed 30.3030 per \$1,000 principal amount of debentures, other than on account of certain proportional adjustments to the Conversion Rate as described under Description of Debentures Conversion Rights Conversion Rate Adjustments. The conversion rate will not be adjusted for other events, such as an issuance of common stock for cash or a third-party tender offer (including cash tender offers), that may adversely affect the trading price of the debentures or the common stock. There can be no assurance that an event that adversely affects the value of the debentures, but does not result in an adjustment to the conversion rate, will not occur.

The issuance of common stock, if any, upon conversion of the debentures will dilute the ownership interest of existing shareholders.

If we are required to issue common stock upon conversion of the debentures, such issuance will dilute the ownership interests of existing shareholders. Any sales in the public market of such common stock could adversely affect prevailing market prices of our common stock. In addition, the existence of the debentures may encourage short selling by market participants because the conversion of the debentures could depress the price of our common stock.

If you hold debentures, you will not be entitled to any rights with respect to our common stock, but you will be subject to all changes made with respect to our common stock.

If you hold debentures, you will not be entitled to any rights with respect to our common stock, including, without limitation, voting rights and rights to receive any dividends or other distributions on our common stock, but you will be subject to all changes affecting the common stock. You will have rights with respect to our common

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stock only if and when we deliver shares of common stock to you upon conversion of your debentures and, in limited cases, under the conversion rate adjustments applicable to the debentures. For example, in the event that an amendment is proposed to our certificate of incorporation or bylaws requiring stockholder approval and the record date for determining the stockholders of record entitled to vote on the amendment occurs prior to delivery of common stock to you, you will not be entitled to vote on the amendment, although you will nevertheless be subject to any changes in the powers, preferences or special rights of our common stock.

The trading prices for the debentures will be directly affected by the trading prices for our common stock, which is impossible to predict.

The price of our common stock could be affected by possible sales of our common stock by investors who view the debentures as a more attractive means of equity participation in U.S. Bancorp and by hedging or arbitrage trading activity that may develop involving the common stock. The arbitrage could, in turn, affect the trading prices of the debentures.

The U.S. federal income tax consequences of the conversion of the debentures into cash and common stock are unclear.

The U.S. federal income tax consequences of the conversion of debentures are unclear. The conversion of debentures into common stock and cash may be treated as in part a conversion into stock and in part a payment in redemption of a portion of the debentures. Alternatively, the conversion of debentures may be treated in its entirety as a recapitalization. In either event, U.S. holders who convert their debentures may be subject to tax on a portion of the converted debentures. See [Material United States Federal Income Tax Considerations U.S. Holders Conversion of Debentures into Cash and Common Stock](#) for more information.

The debentures are structurally subordinated to debt of our subsidiaries.

The debentures are our obligations but our assets consist primarily of equity in our subsidiaries and, as a result, our ability to make payments on the debentures depends on our receipt of dividends, loan payments and other funds from our subsidiaries.

The debentures are not obligations of our subsidiaries, and our subsidiaries have no obligation to pay any amounts due on the debentures. All amounts due on the debentures are structurally subordinated to all obligations and liabilities of our subsidiaries. The indenture relating to the debentures does not limit our ability or the ability of our subsidiaries to issue or incur additional debt or preferred stock.

We may not have the ability to raise the funds necessary to finance the purchase of the debentures if required by holders pursuant to the indenture or to settle any debentures that are converted.

Upon the occurrence of certain specific kinds of change in control events, holders may require us to purchase for cash any or all outstanding debentures. Certain important corporate events, such as leveraged recapitalizations that would increase the level of our indebtedness, would not constitute a change in control under the debentures. See [Description of Debentures Change in Control Permits Purchase of Debentures by Us at the Option of the Holder](#). In addition, holders may require us to purchase for cash all outstanding debentures on September 20, 2007, 2008, 2011, 2016, 2021, 2026 and 2031. Furthermore, we are required to settle any debentures that are submitted for conversion in whole or in part for cash. However, it is possible that we will not have sufficient funds available at any such time to make the required repurchase of debentures or cash settlement of conversions and restrictions in our other indebtedness outstanding in the future may not allow any such repurchase or cash settlement.

Certain provisions in our certificate of incorporation and bylaws may deter potential acquirors and may depress our stock price.

Our certificate of incorporation and bylaws contain provisions that could have the effect of discouraging unwanted or hostile takeover attempts that are not approved by the U.S. Bancorp board. See [Description of Capital Stock](#).

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We will not receive any proceeds from the sale by the selling securityholders of the debentures or the shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of the debentures.

RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES

Our ratio of earnings to fixed charges for each of the periods indicated is as follows:

	Nine Months Ended September 30		Year Ended December 31			
	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001
Ratio	2.29	2.84	3.88	3.64	2.79	1.50

For the purpose of computing the ratios of earnings to fixed charges, earnings consist of consolidated income from continuing operations before provision for income taxes, minority interest and fixed charges, and fixed charges consist of interest expense, amortization of debt issuance costs and the portion of rental expense deemed to represent interest.

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Table of Contents**DESCRIPTION OF DEBENTURES**

We issued the debentures on September 20, 2006 under a senior indenture, dated as of September 20, 2006, between us and Wilmington Trust Company, as trustee.

The following summary does not purport to be complete, and is subject to, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to, all of the provisions of the debentures and the indenture. We urge you to read the indenture and the form of the debentures, which you may obtain from us upon request, because they and not this description define your rights in respect of the debentures. As used in this description, all references to U.S. Bancorp, we, us or our mean U.S. Bancorp, excluding, unless otherwise expressly stated or the context otherwise requires, any of its subsidiaries.

General

The debentures are limited to \$2,500,000,000 aggregate original principal amount and were issued only in registered form without coupons in denominations of \$1,000 original principal amount and any integral multiple of \$1,000 above that amount. We use the term debenture in this prospectus supplement to refer to each \$1,000 original principal amount of debentures. The debentures will mature on September 20, 2036. On the maturity date of the debentures, or any earlier redemption date, purchase date or change in control purchase date, a holder will receive the accreted principal amount of a debenture. The accreted principal amount will equal the original principal amount of \$1,000 per debenture increased by a variable yield, which until September 20, 2031 will be 0% per annum and commencing on September 21, 2031 will be reset quarterly to a rate of 3-month LIBOR minus 1.75% per annum; provided that such yield will never be less than 0% per annum. The principal amount of the debentures will accrete daily beginning September 21, 2031 at the applicable yield. The rate of accretion will be applied to the accreted principal amount per debenture as of the day preceding the most recent yield reset date. LIBOR reset dates will be each March 21, June 21, September 21 and December 21, commencing on September 21, 2031. The yield will be calculated using the actual number of days elapsed between the LIBOR reset dates divided by 360.

The debentures bear interest at an annual rate equal to 3-month LIBOR, reset quarterly, minus 1.75% (initially 3.64%) on the original principal amount from September 20, 2006, or from the most recent date to which interest has been paid or provided for, until September 20, 2031. In no event shall such rate be less than 0% per annum. During such period interest will be payable quarterly in arrears on March 20, June 20, September 20 and December 20 of each year, beginning December 20, 2006, to the person in whose name a debenture is registered at the close of business on the March 1, June 1, September 1 and December 1, as the case may be, immediately preceding the relevant interest payment date. Each payment of interest will include interest accrued for the period, which we refer to as an interest period, commencing on and including the immediately preceding interest payment date (or, if none, September 20, 2006) to, but excluding the applicable interest payment date or purchase date or change in control purchase date, as the case may be. Interest on the debentures will be computed using the actual number of days elapsed between the LIBOR reset dates divided by 360.

If any interest payment date (other than an interest payment date coinciding with the maturity date or earlier redemption date or purchase date) of a debenture falls on a day that is not a business day, such interest payment date will be postponed to the next succeeding business day, provided that, if such business day falls in the next succeeding calendar month, the interest payment date will be brought forward to the immediately preceding business day. If the maturity date, redemption date or purchase date of a debenture would fall on a day that is not a business day, the required payment of interest, if any, and principal will be made on the next succeeding business day and no interest on such payment will accrue for the period from and after the maturity date, redemption date or purchase date to such next succeeding business day. The term business day means, with respect to any debenture, any day other than a Saturday, a Sunday or a day on which banking institutions in The City of New York are authorized or required by law, regulation or executive order to close, provided solely with respect to the LIBOR determination date (as defined below), such day is also a London banking day. The term London banking day is defined below under 3-month LIBOR.

The debentures are redeemable prior to maturity only on or after September 20, 2007 and as described below under Redemption of Debentures at Our Option, Purchase of Debentures by Us at the Option of the Holder and Change in Control Permits Purchase of Debentures by Us at the Option of the Holder, and do not have the

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benefit of a sinking fund. Principal of and interest on the debentures will be payable at the office of the paying agent, which initially will be an office or agency of U.S. Bank Trust National Association, or an office or agency maintained for such purpose, in the Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York. The debentures may be presented for conversion at the office of the conversion agent, and for registration of transfer or exchange at the office of the registrar, each such agent initially being U.S. Bank Trust National Association. No service charge will be made for any registration of transfer or exchange of debentures, but we may require payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge payable in connection therewith.

Maturity, conversion, purchase by us at the option of a holder or redemption of a debenture will cause interest to cease to accrue on such debenture. We may not reissue a debenture that has matured or been converted, purchased by us at the option of a holder, redeemed or otherwise cancelled, except for registration of transfer, exchange or replacement of such debenture.

3-month LIBOR

Prior to September 20, 2031, the annual rate of interest payable on the debentures will be reset on the first day of each interest period for the debentures. Beginning on September 21, 2031, the yield on the debentures will be reset on each March 21, June 21, September 21 and December 21, which we call the LIBOR reset date. If any LIBOR reset date would otherwise be a day that is not a business day, that LIBOR reset date will be postponed to the next succeeding business day, except if that business day falls in the next succeeding calendar month, in which case that LIBOR reset date will be the immediately preceding business day.

The calculation agent will determine 3-month LIBOR on the second London banking day preceding the related LIBOR reset date, which we refer to as the LIBOR determination date.

3-month LIBOR means:

the rate for three-month deposits in United States dollars commencing on the related LIBOR reset date, that appears on the Moneyline Telerate Page 3750 as of 11:00 A.M., London time, on the LIBOR determination date; or

if no rate appears on the particular LIBOR determination date on the Moneyline Telerate Page 3750, the rate calculated by the calculation agent as the arithmetic mean of at least two offered quotations obtained by the calculation agent after requesting the principal London offices of each of four major reference banks in the London interbank market to provide the calculation agent with its offered quotation for deposits in United States dollars for the period of three months, commencing on the related LIBOR reset date, to prime banks in the London interbank market at approximately 11:00 A.M., London time, on that LIBOR determination date and in a principal amount that is representative for a single transaction in United States dollars in that market at that time; or

if fewer than two offered quotations referred to in the preceding bullet are provided as requested, the rate calculated by the calculation agent as the arithmetic mean of the rates quoted at approximately 11:00 A.M., New York time, on the particular LIBOR determination date by three major banks in The City of New York selected by the calculation agent for loans in United States dollars to leading European banks for a period of three months and in a principal amount that is representative for a single transaction in United States dollars in that market at that time; or

if the banks so selected by the calculation agent are not quoting as mentioned in the preceding bullet, 3-month LIBOR in effect on the particular LIBOR determination date.

Moneyline Telerate Page 3750 means the display on Moneyline Telerate (or any successor service) on such page (or any other page as may replace such page on such service) for the purpose of displaying the London interbank rates of major banks for United States dollars.

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London banking day means a day on which commercial banks are open for business, including dealings in United States dollars, in London.

Ranking of Debentures

The debentures are unsecured and unsubordinated obligations and rank equally in right of payment with all of our existing and future unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness. The debentures are structurally subordinated to the indebtedness and liabilities of our subsidiaries, including but not limited to deposits and trade payables.

Conversion Rights

A holder may convert its debentures at any time on or prior to the maturity date. If a holder surrenders its debentures for conversion, such holder will receive, in respect of each \$1,000 original principal amount of debentures surrendered for conversion,

cash in an amount equal to the lesser of (1) the accreted principal amount of such debenture as of the conversion date and (2) the Conversion Value (as defined below); and

if the Conversion Value is greater than the accreted principal amount of such debenture as of the conversion date, a number of shares of our common stock equal to the sum of the Daily Share Amounts (as defined below) for each of the ten consecutive trading days in the applicable Conversion Reference Period (as defined below), subject to our right to deliver cash in lieu of all or a portion of such shares as described below.

The Conversion Value means the average of the Daily Conversion Values (as defined below) for each of the ten consecutive trading days of the applicable Conversion Reference Period (as defined below).

The Daily Conversion Value means, with respect to any trading day, the product of (1) the applicable Conversion Rate and (2) the closing sale price of our common stock on such trading day.

The Conversion Reference Period means:

for debentures that are converted after we have specified a redemption date, the ten consecutive trading days beginning on the third trading day following the redemption date (in the case of a partial redemption, this will apply only to those debentures that are subject to redemption); and

in all other instances, the ten consecutive trading days beginning on the third trading day following the conversion date.

The Daily Share Amount means, for each trading day of the applicable Conversion Reference Period, a number of shares determined by the following formula:

$$\frac{(\text{Closing Sale Price on Such Trading Day} * \text{Applicable Conversion Rate}) - \text{the Accreted Principal Amount of the Debenture on the Conversion Date}}{\text{Closing Sale Price on Such Trading Day} * 10}$$

The Conversion Rate is initially 26.1233, subject to adjustment as described under Description of Debentures Conversion Rights Conversion Rate Adjustments.

Trading day means a day during which trading in securities generally occurs on the New York Stock Exchange or, if our common stock is not listed on the New York Stock Exchange, on the principal other national or regional securities exchange on which our common stock is then listed or, if our common stock is not listed on a national or regional securities exchange, on the National Association of Securities Dealers Automated Quotation

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System or, if our common stock is not quoted on the National Association of Securities Dealers Automated Quotation System, on the principal other market on which our common stock is then traded.

The closing sale price of our common stock on any date means the closing sale price per share (or if no closing sale price is reported, the average of the bid and ask prices or, if more than one in either case, the average of the average bid and the average ask prices) on such date as reported in composite transactions for the principal United States securities exchange on which the common stock is traded or, if the common stock is not listed on a United States national or regional securities exchange, as reported by the National Association of Securities Dealers Automated Quotation System.

On any day prior to the first trading day of the applicable Conversion Reference Period, we may specify a percentage of the Daily Share Amount that will be settled in cash (the Cash Percentage). If we elect to specify a Cash Percentage, the amount of cash that we will deliver in respect of each trading day in the applicable Conversion Reference Period will equal the product of: (1) the Cash Percentage, (2) the Daily Share Amount for such trading day and (3) the closing sale price of our common stock for such trading day. The number of shares deliverable in respect of each trading day in the applicable Conversion Reference Period will be a percentage of the Daily Share Amount equal to 100% minus the Cash Percentage. If we do not specify a Cash Percentage by the start of the applicable Conversion Reference Period, we must settle 100% of the Daily Share Amount for each trading day in the applicable Conversion Reference Period with shares of our common stock; provided, however, that we will pay cash in lieu of fractional shares otherwise issuable upon conversion of such debenture.

Upon conversion of debentures, a holder will not receive any cash payment of interest (unless such debentures or portions thereof have been called for redemption on a redemption date that occurs between a regular record date and the interest payment date to which it relates). Our delivery to the holder of the cash and common stock, if any, into which such holder's debentures are convertible, together with any cash payment for fractional shares will be deemed to satisfy:

our obligation to pay the accreted principal amount of the debenture and

our obligation to pay accrued but unpaid interest, if any, attributable to the period from the most recent interest payment date through the conversion date.

As a result, accretion of the principal amount of the debenture and unpaid interest, if any, through the conversion date are deemed to be paid in full rather than cancelled, extinguished or forfeited.

Notwithstanding the above, if debentures are converted after a record date but prior to the next succeeding interest payment date, holders of such debentures at the close of business on the record date will receive the interest payable on such debentures on the corresponding interest payment date notwithstanding the conversion. Such debentures, upon surrender for conversion, must be accompanied by funds equal to the amount of interest payable on the debentures so converted, unless we have specified a redemption date or a change in control repurchase date that occurs after a regular record date and on or prior to the interest payment date to which it relates, in which case no such payment shall be required. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, if we specify a redemption date that is in the month of September 2007, such payment also shall not be required upon the surrender of debentures for conversion after September 1, 2007 and prior to such redemption date.

The amount of cash due to a holder upon conversion, together with a certificate for the number of shares, if any, then due and any cash payment for fractional shares, will be delivered through the conversion agent as soon as practicable following the end of the applicable Conversion Reference Period. For a discussion of the tax treatment of a holder receiving shares of common stock upon conversion, see Material United States Federal Income Tax Considerations Sale, Exchange, Conversion or Redemption.

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To convert a debenture into cash and shares of common stock, a holder must:

complete and manually sign the conversion notice on the back of the debenture or complete and manually sign a facsimile of the conversion notice and deliver the conversion notice to the conversion agent;

surrender the debenture to the conversion agent;

if required by the conversion agent, furnish appropriate endorsements and transfer documents; and

if required, pay all transfer or similar taxes.

Pursuant to the indenture, the date on which all of the foregoing requirements have been satisfied is the conversion date.

Conversion Rate Adjustments. The Conversion Rate will be adjusted if we:

issue shares of our common stock as a dividend or a distribution with respect to the outstanding shares of our common stock;

effect subdivisions, combinations, recapitalizations or reclassifications of our common stock;

issue rights or warrants to all holders of our common stock entitling them to subscribe for or purchase shares of our common stock at a price less than the then current market price of our common stock;

pay dividends or other distributions to all holders of our common stock of shares of our capital stock or evidences of our indebtedness or our assets (including securities and shares of stock of our subsidiaries, but excluding (1) those dividends and distributions and rights and warrants referred to above or (2) distributions and dividends paid exclusively in cash referred to in the following bullet);

pay dividends or other distributions consisting exclusively of cash to all holders of our common stock, excluding: (A) any cash that is distributed as part of a distribution referred to in the preceding bullet and (B) any quarterly cash dividend on our common stock to the extent that such quarterly cash dividend per share of our common stock in any quarter does not exceed \$0.330 (the current dividend amount); the current dividend amount is also subject to adjustment on a basis inversely proportional to the Conversion Rate, provided that no adjustment will be made to the current dividend amount in respect of any cash dividend or other distribution that results in an adjustment to the Conversion Rate pursuant to this clause; and

purchase shares of our common stock pursuant to a tender offer or exchange offer made by us or any of our subsidiaries to the extent that the cash and fair market value of any other consideration included in the payment per share for our common stock exceeds the closing sale price per share of our common stock on the trading day next succeeding the last date on which tenders or exchanges may be made pursuant to such tender or exchange offer.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, in no event shall the Conversion Rate as adjusted in accordance with the foregoing exceed 30.3030 per \$1,000 principal amount of the debentures, other than on account of proportional adjustments to the Conversion Rate in the manner set forth in clauses (1) through (4) above.

If an adjustment is required to be made pursuant to the fifth bullet above as a result of a distribution that is a quarterly dividend, the adjustment would be based upon the amount by which the distribution exceeds the amount of the quarterly cash dividend permitted to be excluded under such bullet. If an adjustment is required to be made pursuant to the fifth bullet above as a result of a distribution that is not a quarterly dividend, the adjustment would be based upon the amount of the distribution.

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In the event that we pay a dividend or make a distribution on shares of our common stock consisting of capital stock of, or similar equity interests in, a subsidiary or other business unit of ours, the Conversion Rate will be adjusted based on the market value of the securities so distributed relative to the market value of our common stock, in each case based on the average closing sale prices of those securities for the 10 trading days commencing on and including the fifth trading day after the date on which ex-dividend trading commences for such dividend or distribution on the New York Stock Exchange or such other national or regional exchange or market on which the securities are then listed or quoted.

The indenture provides that, if the shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of the notes are reclassified or changed in certain respects, if we are party to a consolidation or merger in which we are not the surviving corporation, if all or substantially all of our property and assets are sold or conveyed to any person (other than such a sale or conveyance in which holders of our common stock immediately prior to the transaction do not receive securities, cash or assets of our company or any other person) or if there is a statutory share exchange, then we or our successor in any such transaction, as a condition precedent to such transaction, will execute a supplemental indenture providing that the holders of notes may convert them into the kind and amount of securities, cash or other assets that such holders would have received immediately after the transactions if such holders had converted the notes into shares of our common stock, based on the applicable Conversion Rate, immediately before the effective date of the transaction.

In addition, the indenture provides that upon conversion of the debentures, the holders of such debentures will receive, in addition to the shares of our common stock issuable upon such conversion, the rights related to such common stock pursuant to our existing and any future shareholder rights plan, whether or not such rights have separated from such common stock at the time of such conversion. However, there shall not be any adjustment to the conversion privilege or Conversion Rate as a result of:

the issuance of the rights;

the distribution of separate certificates representing the rights; or

the termination or invalidation of the rights.

The indenture permits us to increase the Conversion Rate from time to time.

In the event of:

a taxable distribution to holders of shares of our common stock which results in an adjustment of the Conversion Rate; or

an increase in the Conversion Rate at our discretion,

the holders of the debentures may, in certain circumstances, be deemed to have received a distribution subject to federal income tax as a dividend. See *Material United States Federal Income Tax Considerations Constructive Dividends*.

We will not be required to make an adjustment in the Conversion Rate unless the adjustment would require a change of at least 1% in the Conversion Rate; provided that we will carry forward any adjustments that are less than 1% of the Conversion Rate and make such carried forward adjustments, regardless of whether the aggregate adjustment is less than 1%, (a) annually on the anniversary of the first date of issue of the debentures and otherwise (b)(1) five business days prior to the maturity of the debentures (whether at stated maturity or otherwise) or (2) five business days prior to the redemption date or repurchase date, unless such adjustment has already been made. Except as described above in this section, we will not adjust the Conversion Rate for any issuance of our common stock or convertible or exchangeable securities or rights to purchase our common stock or convertible or exchangeable securities.

Table of Contents**Redemption of Debentures at Our Option**

Prior to September 20, 2007, the debentures will not be redeemable at our option. Beginning on September 20, 2007 and thereafter, we may redeem the debentures for cash at any time as a whole, or from time to time in part. The redemption price of a debenture will be the accreted principal amount of such debenture on the redemption date, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, such date, if any. We will give not less than 30 days nor more than 60 days notice of redemption by mail to holders of the debentures. The notice of redemption will inform the holders of the percentage of the Daily Share Amount that will be settled in cash, if any.

If we decide to redeem fewer than all of the outstanding debentures, the registrar may select the debentures by lot, pro rata, or by another method the registrar considers fair and appropriate.

If the registrar selects a portion of your debentures for partial redemption and you convert a portion of your debentures, the converted portion will be deemed to be the portion selected for redemption.

Holders of the debentures called for redemption may convert their debentures until 5:00 P.M., New York time, on the business day immediately preceding the redemption date.

The accreted principal amount of a debenture will be equal to the original principal amount of \$1,000 per debenture increased daily by a variable yield, which until September 20, 2031 will be 0% per annum and commencing on September 21, 2031 will be reset quarterly on the LIBOR reset date to a rate of 3-month LIBOR minus 1.75% per annum; provided that such yield will never be less than 0% per annum. Because the redemption price of a debenture at any time is dependent upon the accreted principal amount of a debenture at that time, the redemption price cannot be determined at this time. The following table indicates what the redemption prices would be on each date below if LIBOR was a constant 2.00%, 5.00% and 8.00% from September 20, 2031. This table represents an example of only three possibilities and you should realize that because LIBOR and therefore the yield on the debentures will fluctuate, any increases in accreted principal amount and redemption prices will differ, and may differ significantly, from the results below. The redemption price of a debenture redeemed between the dates below would include an additional amount reflecting the additional yield accrued since the next preceding date in the table.

Hypothetical Redemption Prices

Redemption Dates	Assuming 2.00% LIBOR			Assuming 5.00% LIBOR			Assuming 8.00% LIBOR		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Original Principal Amount	Accretion	Redemption Price (1) + (2)	Original Principal Amount	Accretion	Redemption Price (1) + (2)	Original Principal Amount	Accretion	Redemption Price (1) + (2)
September 20, 2031*	\$1,000.00	\$ 0.00	\$1,000.00	\$1,000.00	\$ 0.00	\$1,000.00	\$1,000.00	\$ 0.00	\$1,000.00
September 20, 2032	\$1,000.00	\$ 2.54	\$1,002.54	\$1,000.00	\$ 33.45	\$1,033.45	\$1,000.00	\$ 65.07	\$1,065.07
September 20, 2033	\$1,000.00	\$ 5.09	\$1,005.09	\$1,000.00	\$ 67.93	\$1,067.93	\$1,000.00	\$134.18	\$1,134.18
September 20, 2034	\$1,000.00	\$ 7.64	\$1,007.64	\$1,000.00	\$103.56	\$1,103.56	\$1,000.00	\$207.78	\$1,207.78
September 20, 2035	\$1,000.00	\$10.19	\$1,010.19	\$1,000.00	\$140.37	\$1,140.37	\$1,000.00	\$286.15	\$1,286.15
September 20, 2036	\$1,000.00	\$12.76	\$1,012.76	\$1,000.00	\$178.52	\$1,178.52	\$1,000.00	\$369.85	\$1,369.85

* Date on which holders may require us to purchase outstanding debentures at a price equal to the redemption price.

Purchase of Debentures by Us at the Option of the Holder

You have the right to require us to purchase for cash all or a portion of your debentures on September 20, 2007, 2008, 2011, 2016, 2021, 2026 and 2031, or, if such day is not a business day, on the immediate succeeding business day, each such day a purchase date. We will be required to purchase, at a purchase price equal to 100% of the accreted principal amount thereof on the applicable purchase date, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, such purchase date, if any, any outstanding debenture for which a written purchase notice has been properly delivered by the holder to the paying agent and not withdrawn, subject to certain additional conditions. We may also add additional dates on which you may require us to purchase all or a portion of your debentures, although we cannot assure you that we will do so. You may submit your debentures for purchase to the paying agent at any time from the opening of business on the date that is 21 business days prior to the purchase date until the close of

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business on the business day immediately preceding the purchase date. Also, our ability to satisfy our purchase obligations may be affected by the factors described in Risk Factors under the heading We may not have the ability to raise the funds necessary to finance the purchase of the debentures if required by holders pursuant to the indenture or to cash settle any debentures that are converted.

We will be required to give notice on a date not less than 21 business days prior to the purchase date to all holders at their addresses shown in the register of the registrar, and to beneficial owners as required by applicable law, stating among other things, the procedures that holders must follow to require us to purchase their debentures.

Your purchase notice electing to require us to purchase your debentures must state:

if certificated debentures have been issued, the debenture certificate numbers, or if not, such information as may be required under applicable DTC procedures; and

the portion of the original principal amount of debentures to be purchased, in integral multiples of \$1,000; and

that we are to purchase the debentures pursuant to the applicable provisions of the debentures and the indenture.

You may withdraw any purchase notice by a written notice of withdrawal delivered to the paying agent prior to the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the purchase date. The notice of withdrawal must state: the original principal amount of the withdrawn debentures;

if certificated debentures have been issued, the certificate numbers of the withdrawn debentures, or if not, such information as may be required under applicable DTC procedures; and

the original principal amount, if any, of debentures that remain subject to your purchase notice.

Our ability to purchase debentures with cash may be limited by the terms of our then existing borrowing agreements. The indenture will prohibit us from purchasing debentures in connection with the holders purchase right if any event of default under the indenture has occurred and is continuing, except a default in the payment of the purchase price with respect to the debentures. As a result, if an event of default has occurred and is continuing, we will also default on the payment of the purchase price of any debentures that we are required to purchase.

A holder must either effect book-entry transfer or deliver the debentures to be purchased, together with necessary endorsements, to the office of the paying agent after delivery of the purchase notice to receive payment of the purchase price. You will receive payment in cash on the later of the purchase date or the time of book-entry transfer or the delivery of the debenture. If the paying agent holds money or securities sufficient to pay the purchase price of the debenture on the business day following the purchase date, then, immediately after the purchase date:

the debenture will cease to be outstanding;

interest will cease to accrue; and

all other rights of the holder will terminate.

This will be the case whether or not book-entry transfer of the debenture is made or whether or not the debenture is delivered to the paying agent.

We will, to the extent applicable, comply with the provisions of Rule 13e-4 and any other tender offer rules under the Exchange Act that may then be applicable; and file Schedule TO or any other required schedule under the Exchange Act.

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Change in Control Permits Purchase of Debentures by Us at the Option of the Holder

In the event of a change in control, you will have the right, at your option, subject to the terms and conditions of the indenture, to require us to purchase for cash any or all of your debentures in integral multiples of \$1,000 original principal amount. We will purchase the debentures at a price equal to 100% of the accreted principal amount of the debentures to be purchased plus, accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the change in control purchase date, if any.

We will be required to purchase the debentures as of the date specified by us that is between 20 and 35 days following our notice of a change in control (which we refer to as a change in control purchase date).

Under the indenture, a change in control of U.S. Bancorp is deemed to have occurred at such time as:

any person, including its affiliates and associates, other than U.S. Bancorp, its subsidiaries or their employee benefit plans, files a Schedule 13D or 14D-1 (or any successor schedule, form or report under the Exchange Act) disclosing that such person has become the beneficial owner of 50% or more of the voting power of our common stock or other capital stock into which the common stock is reclassified or changed, with certain exceptions as described in the indenture; or

there shall be consummated any consolidation or merger of U.S. Bancorp pursuant to which our common stock would be converted into cash, securities or other property, in each case other than a consolidation or merger of U.S. Bancorp in which the holders of the shares of our common stock immediately prior to the consolidation or merger have, directly or indirectly, at least a majority of the total voting power of all classes of capital stock of the continuing or surviving corporation immediately after the consolidation or merger.

Within 5 business days after the occurrence of a change in control, we are obligated to mail to the trustee and to all holders of debentures at their addresses shown in the register of the registrar, and to beneficial owners as required by applicable law, a notice (upon which the trustee shall have no liability in relying) regarding the change in control, stating, among other things:

the events causing a change in control;

the date of such change in control;

the last date on which the purchase right may be exercised;

the change in control purchase price;

the change in control purchase date;

the name and address of the paying agent and the conversion agent;

the Conversion Rate and any adjustments to the Conversion Rate;

that debentures with respect to which a change in control purchase notice is given by the holder may be converted only if the change in control purchase notice has been withdrawn in accordance with the terms of the debentures and the indenture; and

the procedures that holders must follow to exercise these rights.

To exercise this right, you must deliver a written notice to the paying agent prior to the close of business on the business day immediately before the change in control purchase date. The required purchase notice upon a change in control must state:

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if certificated debentures have been issued, the debenture certificate numbers, or if not, such information as may be required under applicable DTC procedures;

the portion of the original principal amount of debentures to be purchased, in integral multiples of \$1,000; and

that we are to purchase such debentures pursuant to the applicable provisions of the debentures and the indenture.

You may withdraw any change in control purchase notice by a written notice of withdrawal delivered to the paying agent prior to the close of business on the business day before the change in control purchase date. The notice of withdrawal must state:

the principal amount of the withdrawn debentures, in integral multiples of \$1,000;

if certificated debentures have been issued, the debenture certificate numbers, or if not, such information as may be required under applicable DTC procedures; and

the principal amount, if any, of debentures that remain subject to your change in control purchase notice.

A holder must either effect book-entry transfer or deliver the debentures to be purchased, together with necessary endorsements, to the office of the paying agent after delivery of the change in control purchase notice to receive payment of the change in control purchase price. You will receive payment in cash on the later of the change in control purchase date or the time of book-entry transfer or the delivery of the debentures. If the paying agent holds money or securities sufficient to pay the change in control purchase price of the debentures on the business day following the change in control purchase date, then, immediately after the change in control purchase date:

the debentures will cease to be outstanding;

interest will cease to accrue; and

all other rights of the holder will terminate.

This will be the case whether or not book-entry transfer of the debentures is made or whether or not the debentures are delivered to the paying agent.

We will, to the extent applicable comply with the provisions of Rule 13e-4 and any other tender offer rules under the Exchange Act that may then be applicable; and file Schedule TO or any other required schedule under the Exchange Act in connection with any offer by us to purchase the debentures at your option upon a change in control.

The change in control purchase feature of the debentures may in certain circumstances make more difficult or discourage a takeover of us. The change in control purchase feature, however, is not the result of our knowledge of any specific effort:

to accumulate shares of common stock;

to obtain control of us by means of a merger, tender offer, solicitation or otherwise; or

by management to adopt a series of anti-takeover provisions.

Instead, the terms of the change in control purchase feature resulted from negotiations between the initial purchaser and us.

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We could, in the future, enter into certain transactions, including certain recapitalizations, that would not constitute a change in control with respect to the change in control purchase feature of the debentures but that would increase the amount of our (or our subsidiaries) outstanding indebtedness.

No debentures may be purchased by us at the option of holders upon a change in control if there has occurred and is continuing an event of default with respect to the debentures, other than a default in the payment of the change in control purchase price with respect to the debentures. As a result, if an event of default has occurred and is continuing, we will also default on the payment of the purchase price of any debentures that we are required to purchase.

Consolidation, Merger, Sale or Conveyance

We may not consolidate with or merge into any other person or convey, transfer or lease all or substantially all of our properties and assets to any person, unless:

we are the surviving corporation or the successor is a U.S. domestic corporation and such corporation expressly assumes our obligations on the debentures and under the indenture;

immediately after giving effect to the transaction, no default or event of default shall have occurred and be continuing;

if, as a result of such transaction, the debentures become convertible into common stock or other securities issued by a third party, such third party fully and unconditionally guarantees all obligations of us or such successor under the debentures, the indenture and the registration rights agreement; and

certain other conditions are met.

Events of Default; Waiver and Notice

The indenture defines an event of default as one or more of the following:

default in payment of the accreted principal amount, redemption price, purchase price or change in control purchase price with respect to any debenture when such payment becomes due and payable;

default for 30 days in payment of any interest on the debentures;

failure to convert any debentures into cash and, if applicable, shares of our common stock in the amounts set forth in the indenture;

our failure to comply with any of our other agreements in the debentures or the indenture upon receipt by us of written notice of such default by the trustee or by holders of not less than 25% in aggregate original principal amount of the debentures then outstanding and our failure to cure (or obtain a waiver of) such default within 90 days after receipt by us of such notice; and

the bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization of U.S. Bancorp.

If an event of default, other than an event of default described in the fifth bullet above, shall have happened and be continuing, either the trustee or the holders of not less than 25% in aggregate original principal amount of the debentures then outstanding may declare the accreted principal amount of the debentures as of the date of such declaration plus accrued interest, if any, through the date of such declaration to be immediately due and payable. If an event of default described in the fifth bullet above shall occur, the accreted principal amount of the debentures as of the date on which such event occurs plus accrued interest, if any, through the date on which such event occurs shall automatically become and be immediately due and payable.

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After acceleration, the holders of a majority in aggregate original principal amount of the debentures may, under certain circumstances, rescind and annul such acceleration if all events of default, other than the non-payment of accelerated principal or other specified amount, have been cured or waived.

Prior to the declaration of the acceleration of the debentures, the holders of a majority in aggregate original principal amount of the debentures may waive, on behalf of all of the holders of the debentures, any default and its consequences, except an event of default described in the first three bullets above or a default in respect of a provision that cannot be amended without the consent of all of the holders of the debentures. Other than the duty to act with the required care during an event of default, the trustee will not be obligated to exercise any of its rights or powers at the request of the holders unless the holders shall have offered to the trustee reasonable indemnity. Generally, the holders of a majority in aggregate original principal amount of the debentures will have the right to direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the trustee or exercising any trust or power conferred on the trustee.

A holder will not have any right to institute any proceeding under the indenture, or for the appointment of a receiver or a trustee, or for any other remedy under the indenture, unless:

the holder has previously given to the trustee written notice of a continuing event of default with respect to the debentures;

the holders of at least 25% in aggregate original principal amount of the debentures have made a written request to the trustee to institute the proceeding;

such holder or holders offer to the trustee security or indemnity satisfactory to the trustee against any loss, liability or expense; and

the trustee has failed to institute the proceeding and has not received direction inconsistent with the original request from the holders of a majority in aggregate original principal amount of the debentures within 60 days after the original request.

Holders may, however, sue to enforce the payment of the accreted principal amount, accrued and unpaid interest, if any, redemption price, purchase price or change in control purchase price with respect to any debenture on or after the due date or to enforce the right, if any, to convert any debenture without following the procedures listed in the first three bullets above.

We will furnish the trustee an annual statement by our officers as to whether or not we are in default in the performance of the indenture and, if so, specifying all known defaults.

Modification of the Indenture

We and the trustee may, without the consent of the holders of the debentures, enter into supplemental indentures for, among others, one or more of the following purposes:

to evidence the succession of another corporation to our company, and the assumption by such successor of our obligations under the indenture and the debentures;

to add to our covenants, or surrender any of our rights, or add any rights for the benefit of the holders of debentures;

to cure any ambiguity, omission, defect or inconsistency in the indenture, to correct or supplement any provision in the indenture, or to make any other provisions with respect to matters or questions arising under the indenture, so long as the interests of holders of debentures are not adversely affected in any material respect under the indenture;

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to evidence and provide for the acceptance of any successor trustee with respect to the debentures or to facilitate the administration of the trust thereunder by the trustee in accordance with such indenture; and

to provide any additional events of default;

provided that any amendment described in the third bullet point above made solely to conform the provisions of the indenture to the description of the debentures contained in this prospectus supplement will not be deemed to adversely affect the interests of holders of the debentures.

With certain exceptions, the indenture or the rights of the holders of the debentures may be modified by us and the trustee with the consent of the holders of a majority in aggregate original principal amount of the debentures then outstanding, but no such modification may be made without the consent of the holder of each outstanding debenture affected thereby that would:

change, in an adverse manner, the rights of the holders of the debentures to convert the debentures;

change, in an adverse manner, the rights of the holders of the debentures to require us to repurchase their debentures on specific dates or upon a change in control;

change the maturity of any payment of principal of or any installment of interest on any debenture, or reduce the original principal amount or accreted principal amount thereof or alter the manner or rate of accretion of principal or the manner or rate of accrual of interest, or change any place of payment where, or the coin or currency in which, any debenture or interest thereon is payable, or impair the right to institute suit for the enforcement of any such payment on or after the maturity thereof (or, in the case of redemption or repayment, on or after the redemption date or the repayment date, as the case may be);

reduce the percentage in original principal amount of the outstanding debentures, the consent of whose holders is required for any such modification, or the consent of whose holders is required for any waiver of compliance with certain provisions of the indenture or certain defaults thereunder and their consequences provided for in the indenture; or

modify any of the provisions of certain sections of the indenture, including the provisions summarized in this paragraph, except to increase any such percentage or to provide that certain other provisions of the indenture cannot be modified or waived without the consent of the holder of each outstanding debenture affected thereby.

Discharge of the Indenture

We may satisfy and discharge our obligations under the indenture by delivering to the trustee for cancellation all outstanding debentures or by depositing with the trustee, the paying agent or the conversion agent, if applicable, after the debentures have become due and payable, whether at stated maturity, or any redemption date, or any purchase date, or a change in control purchase date, or upon conversion or otherwise, cash or common stock (as applicable under the terms of the indenture) sufficient to pay all of the outstanding debentures and paying all other sums payable by us under the indenture.

Governing Law

The indenture and the debentures are governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York.

Book-Entry System

The debentures are represented by one or more global securities. Each global security was deposited with, or on behalf of, DTC and registered in the name of a nominee of DTC. Except under circumstances described below, the debentures will not be issued in definitive form.

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Ownership of beneficial interests in a global security will be limited to persons that have accounts with DTC or its nominee (participants) or persons that may hold interests through participants. Owners of beneficial interests in the debentures represented by the global securities will hold their interests pursuant to the procedures and practices of DTC. Ownership of beneficial interests in a global security will be shown on, and the transfer of that ownership will be effected only through, records maintained by DTC or its nominee (with respect to interests of persons other than participants). The laws of some states require that certain purchasers of securities take physical delivery of such securities in definitive form. Such limits and such laws may impair the ability to transfer beneficial interests in a global security.

So long as DTC or its nominee is the registered owner of a global security, DTC or its nominee, as the case may be, will be considered the sole owner or holder of the debentures represented by that global security for all purposes under the indenture. Except as provided below, owners of beneficial interests in a global security will not be entitled to have debentures represented by that global security registered in their names, will not receive or be entitled to receive physical delivery of debentures in definitive form and will not be considered the owners or holders thereof under the indenture. Beneficial owners will not be holders and will not be entitled to any rights provided to the holders of debentures under the global securities or the indenture. Principal and interest payments, if any, on debentures registered in the name of DTC or its nominee will be made to DTC or its nominee, as the case may be, as the registered owner of the relevant global security. Neither we, the trustee, any paying agent, any conversion agent or the registrar for the debentures will have any responsibility or liability for any aspect of the records relating to or payments made on account of beneficial interests in a global security or for maintaining, supervising or reviewing any records relating to such beneficial interests.

We expect that DTC or its nominee, upon receipt of any payment of principal or interest, if any, will credit immediately participants accounts with payments in amounts proportionate to their respective beneficial interests in the principal amount of the relevant global security as shown on the records of DTC or its nominee. We also expect that payments by participants to owners of beneficial interests in a global security held through such participants will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in street name, and will be the responsibility of such participants.

If DTC is at any time unwilling or unable to continue as a depository and a successor depository is not appointed by us within 90 days or if an event of default shall occur under the indenture, we will issue debentures in definitive form in exchange for the entire global security for the debentures. In addition, we may at any time and in our sole discretion determine not to have debentures represented by a global security and, in such event, will issue debentures in definitive form in exchange for the entire global security relating to such debentures. In any such instance, an owner of a beneficial interest in a global security will be entitled to physical delivery in definitive form of debentures represented by such global security equal in original principal amount to such beneficial interest and to have such debentures registered in its name. Debentures so issued in definitive form will be issued as registered debentures in denominations of \$1,000 original and integral multiples thereof, unless otherwise specified by us.

Registration Rights

We entered into a registration rights agreement with the initial purchaser of the debentures pursuant to which we have, at our expense, for the benefit of the holders, filed with the SEC a shelf registration statement, of which this prospectus supplement is a part, covering resale of the debentures and the shares of our common stock issuable upon conversion of the debentures. Our obligation to keep the shelf registration statement effective terminates upon the earlier of (i) the sale pursuant to Rule 144 under the Securities Act or the shelf registration statement of all the securities registered thereunder, and (ii) the expiration of the holding period applicable to such securities held by persons that are not affiliates of ours under Rule 144(k) under the Securities Act or any successor provision.

We may suspend the use of this prospectus supplement under certain circumstances. Any suspension period shall not exceed 45 days in any 90-day period, or an aggregate of 90 days in any 360-day period.

We will pay predetermined liquidated damages as described herein (liquidated damages) to holders of transfer restricted debentures if this prospectus supplement is unavailable for periods in excess of those permitted above. Such liquidated damages shall accrue on the debentures until such unavailability is cured:

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at an annual rate equal to 0.25% for the first 90-day period after the occurrence of such event; and

thereafter at an annual rate equal to 0.50%.

Following conversion of any debentures liquidated damages shall cease to accrue at an annual rate equal to 0.50% with respect to the underlying common stock.

So long as the unavailability continues, we will pay all accrued liquidated damages quarterly in arrears, with the first quarterly payment due on the first interest payment date, as applicable, following the date on which such liquidated damages begin to accrue.

A holder who sells debentures or shares of our common stock issued upon conversion of the debentures pursuant to this prospectus supplement generally will be required to:

be named as a selling securityholder in this prospectus supplement or a related prospectus supplement;

deliver a prospectus to purchasers; and

be bound by certain provisions of the registration rights agreement that are applicable to such holder, including certain indemnification provisions, and will be subject to certain civil liability provisions under the Securities Act.

Under the registration rights agreement we will:

provide copies of this prospectus supplement and accompanying prospectus to each holder that has notified us of its acquisition of debentures or shares of our common stock issued upon conversion of the debentures, and

take certain other actions as are required to permit, subject to the foregoing, unrestricted resales of the debentures and the shares of our common stock issued upon conversion of the debentures.

The summary herein of certain provisions of the registration rights agreement is subject to, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to, all the provisions of the registration rights agreement, a copy of which is filed as an exhibit to this registration statement of which this prospectus supplement is a part.

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DESCRIPTION OF CAPITAL STOCK

The following description summarizes the terms of our capital stock but does not purport to be complete, and it is qualified in its entirety by reference to the applicable provisions of federal law governing bank holding companies, Delaware law and our certificate of incorporation and bylaws.

Common Stock

We are authorized to issue up to 4,000,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$.01 per share. As of September 30, 2006, there were 1,972,643,007 shares of common stock issued (including 209,488,841 shares held in treasury). Our common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol USB.

Voting and Other Rights. Each share of common stock is entitled to one vote per share, and, in general, a majority of votes cast with respect to a matter is sufficient to authorize action upon routine matters. Directors are elected by a majority of the votes cast, and shareholders do not have the right to cumulate their votes in the election of directors. For that reason, holders of a majority of the shares of common stock entitled to vote in any election of directors may elect all of the directors standing for election. In general, however:

amendments to the certificate of incorporation are approved if the votes cast within a voting group favoring the action exceed the votes cast within the voting group opposing the action; and

a merger or dissolution, or the sale of all or substantially all of its assets, must be approved by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the voting power of the outstanding voting shares and the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of each class entitled to vote on the matter as a class.

No Preemptive or Conversion Rights. Our common stock will not entitle its holders to any preemptive rights, redemption privileges, sinking fund privileges or conversion rights.

Assets upon Dissolution. In the event of liquidation, holders of common stock will receive proportionately any assets legally available for distribution to our shareholders with respect to shares held by them, subject to any prior rights of any of our preferred stock then outstanding.

Distributions. Holders of our common stock will be entitled to receive the dividends or distributions that our board of directors may declare out of funds legally available for these payments. The payment of distributions by us is subject to the restrictions of Delaware law applicable to the declaration of distributions by a corporation. Under Delaware law, a corporation may not pay a dividend out of net profits if the capital stock of the corporation is less than the stated amount of capital represented by the issued and outstanding stock of all classes having a preference upon the distribution of the corporation's assets. In addition, the payment of distributions to shareholders is subject to any prior rights of outstanding preferred stock.

As a bank holding company, our ability to pay distributions is affected by the ability of our banking subsidiaries to pay dividends. The ability of these banking subsidiaries, as well as us, to pay dividends in the future currently is, and could be further, influenced by bank regulatory requirements and capital guidelines.

Restrictions on Ownership. The Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 requires any bank holding company (as defined in that Act) to obtain the approval of the Federal Reserve Board prior to acquiring more than 5% of our outstanding common stock. Any person other than a bank holding company is required to obtain prior approval of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System to acquire 10% or more of our outstanding common stock under the Change in Bank Control Act. Any holder of 25% or more of our outstanding common stock, other than an individual, is subject to regulation as a bank holding company under the Bank Holding Company Act.

U.S. Bancorp Dividend Reinvestment and Common Stock Purchase Plan. Pursuant to our U.S. Bancorp Dividend Reinvestment and Purchase Plan, or DRIP, we provides eligible shareholders with a method of investing cash dividends and optional cash payments at 100% of the average price (as defined in the DRIP) in additional shares

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of our common stock. Participants in the DRIP will pay a brokerage commission or service charge, which currently is \$.03 per share. The DRIP includes some dollar limitations on participation. Shareholders who are eligible to elect dividend reinvestment may choose to participate in the DRIP with respect to some of their shares and not to participate with respect to others. If shareholders choose not to participate in the DRIP with respect to some or all of their shares, any dividends payable on those shares will be paid in cash and will not be reinvested in our common stock.

Preferred Stock

We are authorized to issue up to 50,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$1.00 per share. The board of directors is authorized to issue preferred stock in one or more series, to fix the number of shares in each series, and to determine the designations and preferences, limitations and relative rights of each series, including dividend rates, terms of redemption, liquidation preferences, sinking fund requirements, conversion rights, voting rights, and whether the preferred stock can be issued as a share dividend with respect to another class or series of shares, all without any vote or other action on the part of shareholders. This power is limited by applicable laws or regulations and may be delegated to a committee of our board of directors. We currently have no preferred stock outstanding and have no current plans or agreements with respect to the issuance of any shares of preferred stock.

The rights of holders of our common stock will be subject to, and may be adversely affected by, the rights of holders of any preferred stock that may be issued in the future. Any such issuance may adversely affect the interests of holders of our common stock by (1) limiting the control that the holders may exert by exercise of their voting rights or (2) subordinating their rights in liquidation to the rights of the holders of preferred stock. In addition, the issuance of shares of preferred stock may discourage takeover attempts and other changes in control by limiting the exercise of control by a person who has gained a substantial equity interest in U.S. Bancorp.

Shareholder Rights Plan

We have a shareholder rights plan that could discourage unwanted or hostile takeover attempts that are not approved by our board. On February 27, 2001, our board declared a dividend of one preferred share purchase right for each outstanding share of common stock as of March 9, 2001. The rights currently trade with, and are inseparable from, the common stock.

Each right allows its holder to purchase from us one one-thousandth of a share of our Series A Junior Participating Preferred Stock for \$100, once the rights become exercisable. This portion of a preferred share will give the shareholder approximately the same dividend and liquidation rights as would one share of common stock. Prior to exercise, a right does not give its holder any dividend, voting or liquidation rights.

The rights generally will not be exercisable until the earlier of:

10 days after a public announcement that a person or group has obtained beneficial ownership of 10% or more of our outstanding common stock; or

10 business days after a person or group begins a tender or exchange offer that, if completed, would result in that person or group becoming the beneficial owner of 10% or more of our outstanding common stock.

The date when the rights become exercisable is referred to in the rights plan as the distribution date. After that date, the rights will separate from the common stock and will be evidenced by book-entry credits or by rights certificates that we will mail to all eligible holders of common stock. A person or member of a group that has obtained beneficial ownership of 10% or more of U.S. Bancorp's outstanding common stock may not exercise any rights even after the distribution date.

A person or group that acquires beneficial ownership of 10% or more of our outstanding common stock is called an acquiring person. The consequences of a person or group becoming an acquiring person include the following:

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Flip In. If a person or group becomes an acquiring person, all holders of rights other than the acquiring person may purchase shares of our common stock at half their market value.

Flip Over. If, after a person or group becomes an acquiring person, we are acquired by another entity in a merger or similar transaction, all holders of rights other than the acquiring person may purchase shares of the acquiring company at half their market value.

Our board may redeem the rights for \$.01 per right at any time before a person or group becomes an acquiring person. If the board redeems any rights, it must redeem all of the rights. Once the rights are redeemed, the only right of the holders of rights will be to receive the redemption price of \$.01 per right.

Our board may adjust the purchase price of the preferred shares, the number of preferred shares issuable and the number of outstanding rights to prevent dilution that may occur from a stock dividend, a stock split or a reclassification of the preferred shares or common stock. No adjustments to the exercise price of less than 1% will be made.

The terms of the rights plan may be amended by our board without the consent of the holders of the rights. However, after a person or group becomes an acquiring person, the board may not amend the plan in a way that adversely affects the holders of the rights.

Additional Anti-takeover Provisions Contained in the Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaws

In addition to the ability to issue preferred stock and preferred share rights as described above, our certificate of incorporation and bylaws contain additional provisions that may make it less likely that our management would be changed or that someone would acquire voting control of us without our board's consent.

Amendment of Bylaws. Under our bylaws, our board of directors can supplement, amend or repeal the bylaws, subject to limitations under the Delaware General Corporation Law. Our stockholders also have the power to supplement, amend or repeal our bylaws at any annual or special meeting of the stockholders.

Classified Board. Our board of directors is divided into three classes, with the classes serving staggered three-year terms. The members of one of the three classes are elected by our stockholders each year.

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MATERIAL UNITED STATES FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

The following summary discusses certain material U.S. federal income tax (and if you are a non-U.S. holder, as defined below, certain U.S. federal estate tax) consequences relating to your purchase (other than income tax consequences relating to a current sale of U.S. Bancorp common stock, if any), ownership, and disposition of debentures and shares of common stock into which debentures may be converted. Except where noted, this summary deals only with debentures and shares of common stock of which you are the beneficial owner and which you hold as capital assets and is applicable only if you are the initial holder and purchased debentures for an amount of cash equal to their initial offering price. Additionally, this summary does not deal with special situations, such as tax consequences:

if you are a dealer in securities or currencies, a bank, a financial institution, an insurance company, a tax-exempt entity or a trader in securities that elects to use a mark-to-market method of accounting for your securities holdings;

if you hold our debentures or common stock as part of a hedging, integrated, constructive sale or conversion transaction or a straddle;

if your functional currency is not the U.S. dollar;

if you hold our debentures or common stock through a partnership or other pass-through entity;

under the alternative minimum tax regime, if applicable; or

under any state, local or foreign laws.

The discussion below is based upon the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the Code), and U.S. Treasury regulations, rulings and judicial decisions as of the date hereof. Those authorities may be changed, perhaps retroactively, so as to result in U.S. federal income tax consequences different from those discussed below. There can be no assurance that the Internal Revenue Service (the IRS) will not challenge one or more of the tax consequences discussed herein.

Whether a debenture is treated as debt (and not equity) for U.S. federal income tax purposes is an inherently factual question and no single factor is determinative. We will treat the debentures as indebtedness for U.S. federal income tax purposes and the following discussion assumes that such treatment will be respected.

U. S. Holders

For purposes of this summary, you are a U.S. holder if you are the beneficial owner of our debentures or common stock and you are:

a citizen or resident of the United States;

a corporation (or other entity taxable as a corporation) created or organized in or under the laws of the United States or any state thereof or the District of Columbia;

an estate the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of its source; or

a trust if it (1) is subject to the primary supervision of a court within the United States and one or more U.S. persons have the authority to control all of its substantial decisions or (2) has a valid election in effect under applicable U.S. Treasury regulations to be treated as a U.S. person.

If you are the beneficial owner of our debentures or common stock and you are not a U.S. holder, you are referred to herein as a non-U.S. holder.

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If a partnership holds our debentures or common stock, the tax treatment of a partner in the partnership will generally depend upon the status of the partner and the activities of the partnership. If you are a partner of a partnership holding our debentures or common stock, you should consult your tax advisor.

Interest and Yield on Debentures

The debentures will bear interest at a variable interest rate that is a qualified floating rate and thus should be treated as variable rate debt instruments under the U.S. Treasury regulations governing original issue discount (OID), in part because:

the issue price of the debentures will not substantially exceed the total noncontingent principal payments due under the debentures;

the variation in the value of the variable rate on the debentures can reasonably be expected to measure contemporaneous variations in the cost of newly borrowed funds in U.S. dollars; and

the debentures will provide for stated interest, paid or compounded at least annually, at one or more qualified floating rates.

Although not free from doubt, the adjustments in the accreted principal amount of the debentures beginning September 21, 2031 (discussed above under Description of Debentures Redemption of Debentures at our Option) should be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as the compounding of interest on at least an annual basis for purposes of satisfying the requirements for variable rate debt instruments.

Because the debentures do not provide for any payments of stated interest beginning on September 21, 2031, the debentures will be considered issued with OID equal to the excess of their stated redemption price at maturity over their issue price of \$1,000. The stated redemption price at maturity of the debentures will include all payments on the debentures, including any payment of stated interest paid on or before September 20, 2031, and will include the adjustments in the accreted principal amount of the debenture beginning September 21, 2031. The issue price is the first price at which a substantial amount of the debentures are sold for money (excluding sales to bond houses, brokers or similar persons or organizations acting as underwriters, placement agents or wholesalers). Although not free from doubt, pursuant to the Treasury Regulations relating to variable rate debt instruments, it appears that OID will accrue at the stated interest rate until September 20, 2031, and at the accretion rate thereafter. The OID accrues ratably over each quarterly accrual period and you must include the amount accruing for each day in the taxable year (or portion thereof) in which you hold the debenture, regardless of your normal method of accounting and regardless of whether interest is being paid currently.

Because of the complexities relating to variable rate debt instruments and the proper reporting of OID, holders are strongly encouraged to consult their tax advisors with respect to this issue.

Liquidated Damages on Debentures

We may be required to make payments of liquidated damages if we do not cause to be declared effective a registration statement, as described under Description of Debentures Registration Rights. We intend to take the position for U.S. federal income tax purposes that any payments of liquidated damages should be taxable to you as additional ordinary income when received or accrued, in accordance with your method of tax accounting. This position is based in part on the assumption that as of the date of issuance of the debentures, the possibility that liquidated damages will have to be paid is a remote or incidental contingency within the meaning of applicable U.S. Treasury regulations. Our determination that such possibility is a remote or incidental contingency is binding on you, unless you explicitly disclose that you are taking a different position to the IRS on your tax return for the year during which you acquire the debentures. The IRS, however, may take a contrary position from that described above, which could affect the timing and character of both your income from the debentures and our deduction with respect to the payments of liquidated damages.

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If we do fail to file or cause to be declared effective a registration statement, you should consult your tax advisor concerning the appropriate tax treatment of the payment of liquidated damages with respect to the debentures.

Constructive Dividends

The conversion price of your debentures is subject to adjustment in certain circumstances. Under Section 305 of the Code and the U.S. Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder, adjustments to the conversion price of your debentures may result in a taxable constructive distribution to you if, and to the extent that, certain adjustments in the conversion price that may occur in limited circumstances (particularly an adjustment to reflect a taxable dividend to holders of our common stock) increase your proportionate interest in our assets or earnings and profits. Such a constructive distribution will be treated as a dividend, resulting in ordinary income to the extent of our current and accumulated earnings and profits, with any excess treated first as a tax-free return of capital which reduces your tax basis in the debentures to the extent thereof and thereafter as gain from the sale or exchange of your debentures. Generally, your tax basis in your debentures will be increased to the extent of any such constructive distribution treated as a dividend. Moreover, if there is not a full adjustment to the conversion price of your debentures (or any other outstanding option, warrant, convertible debt or similar instrument) to reflect a stock dividend or other event increasing the proportionate interest of the holders of our outstanding common stock in our assets or earnings and profits, then such increase in the proportionate interest of the holders of our common stock generally will be treated as a constructive distribution to such holders, taxable as described above.

Sale, Exchange, Redemption, Certain Conversions and Other Disposition of Debentures

Except as provided below under U.S. Holders Conversion of Debentures into Cash and Common Stock, you will generally recognize gain or loss upon the sale, exchange, redemption, conversion (if we exercise our option to deliver cash in lieu of any shares of common stock deliverable upon conversion) or other disposition of a debenture equal to the difference between the amount realized upon the sale, exchange, redemption or other disposition and your adjusted tax basis in the debenture, which will be equal to the amount paid for the debenture, increased by both the amount of OID previously included in income and the amount of any constructive distributions treated as dividends (as discussed above), and decreased by the amount of payments of interest and principal. Any gain or loss recognized on a disposition of the debenture will be capital gain or loss. If you are a non-corporate U.S. holder and have held the debenture for more than one year, any such capital gain will be subject to tax at long-term capital gain rates (currently 15% or less). Your ability to deduct capital losses may be limited.

Conversion of Debentures into Cash and Common Stock

The tax treatment of the conversion of your debentures into our common stock and cash is uncertain. You should consult your tax advisor to determine the correct treatment of such conversion. It is possible that the conversion may be treated as a partially taxable exchange as briefly discussed below.

Possible treatment as part conversion and part redemption. The conversion of your debenture into our common stock and cash may be treated as in part a conversion into stock and in part a payment in redemption of a portion of the debenture. In that event, you would not recognize any income, gain or loss with respect to the portion of the debenture considered to be converted into stock, except with respect to any cash received in lieu of a fractional share of stock. If you receive cash in lieu of a fractional share of stock, you would be treated as if you received the fractional share and then redeemed it for cash. Accordingly, you generally would recognize capital gain or loss with respect to the receipt of cash in lieu of a fractional share measured by the difference between the cash received for the fractional share and your adjusted tax basis in the fractional share. Your adjusted tax basis in the stock received upon conversion generally would be equal to the portion of your adjusted tax basis in the debenture allocable to the portion of the debenture deemed converted (less the basis allocable to any fractional share for which you receive cash). Your holding period for such common stock generally would include the period during which you held the debenture.

With respect to the part of the conversion that would be treated under this characterization as a payment in redemption of the remaining portion of the debenture, you generally would recognize capital gain or loss equal to the difference between the amount of cash received and your adjusted tax basis allocable to such portion of the debenture. Gain or loss recognized will be long-term capital gain or loss if you have held the debenture for more than one year.

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If you are a non-corporate U.S. holder, your long-term capital gain will be subject to tax at long-term capital gain rates (currently 15% or less). Your ability to deduct capital losses may be limited.

Possible treatment as a recapitalization. The conversion of your debenture into our common stock and cash may instead be treated in its entirety as a recapitalization for U.S. federal income tax purposes, in which case you would be required to recognize gain on the conversion but would not be allowed to recognize any loss. Accordingly, such tax treatment may be less favorable to you than if the conversion were treated as part conversion and part redemption, as described above. If the conversion constitutes a recapitalization, you generally: (a) would recognize gain (but not loss) in an amount equal to the lesser of

(i) the excess (if any) of (A) the amount of cash (not including cash received in lieu of fractional shares) and the fair market value of common stock you received (treating fractional shares as received for this purpose) in the exchange over (B) your adjusted tax basis in the debenture; and

(ii) the amount of cash you received upon conversion (other than cash received in lieu of fractional shares); (b) with respect to cash you received in lieu of a fractional share of common stock, such cash would be treated as if you received the fractional share and then redeemed it for cash (and you would recognize capital gain or loss in an amount equal to the difference between (i) the amount of cash received in lieu of the fractional share and (ii) the portion of your adjusted tax basis in the debenture that is allocated to the fractional share); (c) you would have an aggregate tax basis in the common stock you received in the conversion equal to the aggregate tax basis of the debentures you converted (less any basis allocable to any fractional shares deemed received in the conversion), decreased by the aggregate amount of cash (other than cash in lieu of fractional shares) you received upon conversion and increased by the aggregate amount of gain (if any) you recognized upon conversion (other than gain realized as a result of cash received in lieu of fractional shares); and (d) you would have a holding period for such common stock received that includes the period during which you held the debenture. Any gain you recognize will be long-term capital gain if you have held the debenture for more than one year and if you are a non-corporate U.S. holder you will be subject to tax at long-term capital gain rates (currently 15% or less).

You are urged to consult your tax advisor with respect to the U.S. federal income tax consequences resulting from the exchange of your debentures into a combination of cash and common stock.

Dividends on Common Stock

If, after you convert a debenture, you receive shares of our common stock, and we make a distribution of cash or other property (other than certain pro rata distributions of our common stock) in respect of that stock, the distribution will be treated as a dividend, taxable to you as ordinary income, to the extent it is paid from our current or accumulated earnings and profits. If the distribution exceeds our current and accumulated earnings and profits, the excess will be treated first as a tax-free return of your investment, up to your basis in your shares. Any remaining excess will be treated as capital gain. If you are a corporation, you may be able to claim a dividend received deduction for a portion of any distribution received that is considered a dividend.

Sale or Other Disposition of Common Stock

You will generally recognize capital gain or loss on a sale or other disposition of your shares of our common stock. Your gain or loss will equal the difference between the proceeds you received and your adjusted tax basis in your shares. The proceeds received will include the amount of any cash and the fair market value of any other property received for the shares. If you are a non-corporate U.S. holder and your holding period for the shares (determined under the rules discussed under U.S. Holders Conversion of Debentures into Cash and Common Stock) exceeds one year, your capital gain will be subject to tax at long-term capital gain rates (currently 15% or less). Your ability to deduct capital losses may be limited.

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Current U.S. Bancorp Shareholders

For U.S. holders who hold our common stock immediately prior to your purchase of the debentures (other than pursuant to a securities borrowing of our stock), the U.S. federal income tax consequences to you of our purchase of your stock contemporaneously with your purchase of the debentures are not entirely certain. We intend to take the position for U.S. federal income tax purposes that this aspect of the transaction is properly treated as a sale of stock and does not result in a dividend. If you are a U.S. holder who held our common stock immediately prior to your purchase of the debentures, you should consult your tax advisor.

Non-U.S. Holders

The following is a summary of certain material U.S. federal tax consequences that will apply to you if you are a non-U.S. holder of debentures or common stock. Special rules may apply to you if you are a controlled foreign corporation, passive foreign investment company, or foreign personal holding company for U.S. federal income tax purposes, or a U.S. expatriate. Those special rules are not discussed in this summary. You should consult your own tax advisor to determine the U.S. federal, state, local and other tax consequences that may be relevant to you.

Payment of Interest to Non-U.S. Holders

Payments of interest (including OID) on a debenture to you will not be subject to U.S. federal income or withholding tax if:

the payments are not effectively connected with your conduct of a trade or business in the United States;

you do not actually or constructively own 10% or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of our stock entitled to vote;

you are not a controlled foreign corporation related to us;

you are not a bank whose receipt of interest on your debenture is described in Section 881(c)(3)(A) of the Code; and

prior to payment, we or our agent receive a statement (generally made on a properly completed and duly executed IRS Form W-8BEN) certifying that you are the beneficial owner of the debenture and not a U.S. person.

Special certification rules may apply if you hold your debenture through certain intermediaries or through pass-through entities.

If you cannot satisfy the requirements described above, payments of interest and OID on a debenture to you will generally be subject to U.S. federal income and withholding tax at a rate of 30% unless:

you are entitled to the benefits of an applicable income tax treaty and claim an exemption from or reduction in such tax (generally by providing a properly completed and duly executed IRS Form W-8BEN on which you will claim the benefits of such treaty); or

the interest or OID is effectively connected with your conduct of a trade or business in the United States and we or our agent receive a statement certifying to that effect (generally on a properly completed and duly executed IRS Form W-8ECI).

If the interest or OID on a debenture is effectively connected with your conduct of a trade or business in the United States (and, if you are entitled to the benefits of an applicable income tax treaty, such interest or OID is attributable to your U.S. permanent establishment), you will be subject to U.S. federal income tax on such interest or OID on a net income basis, generally under the same rules that would apply if you were a U.S. holder. In addition, if you are a

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foreign corporation, you could be subject to a branch profits tax equal to 30% (or lower applicable treaty rate) of your adjusted effectively connected earnings and profits for the taxable year.

Conversion of the Debentures by Non-U.S. Holders

As a non-U.S. holder, you will generally not recognize any income, gain or loss on converting a debenture into cash and our common stock. Any gain resulting from your receipt of cash in lieu of a fractional share of stock would also generally not be subject to U.S. federal income tax. See " Non-U.S. Holders Sale, Exchange or Redemption of Debentures or Common Stock by Non-U.S. Holders below.

Dividends Paid to Non-U.S. Holders

Any dividends paid to you with respect to our common stock (and any deemed dividends resulting from certain adjustments, or failure to make adjustments, to the number of shares of common stock to be issued on conversion, see U.S. Holders Constructive Dividends above) will generally be subject to U.S. federal income and withholding tax at rate of 30% unless:

you are entitled to the benefits of an applicable income tax treaty and claim a reduction in such tax (generally by providing a properly completed and duly executed IRS Form W-8BEN on which you will claim the benefits of such treaty); or

the dividends or deemed dividends are effectively connected with your conduct of a trade or business in the United States and we or our agent receives a statement certifying to that effect (generally on a properly completed and duly executed IRS Form W-8ECI).

If the dividends or deemed dividends are effectively connected with your conduct of a trade or business in the United States (and, if you are entitled to the benefits of an applicable income tax treaty, such dividends or deemed dividends are attributable to your U.S. permanent establishment), you will be subject to U.S. federal income tax on such dividends or deemed dividends on a net income basis, generally under the same rules that would apply if you were a U.S. holder. In addition, if you are a foreign corporation, you could be subject to a branch profits tax equal to 30% (or lower applicable treaty rate) of your adjusted effectively connected earnings and profits for the taxable year.

Sale, Exchange or Redemption of Debentures or Common Stock by Non-U.S. Holders

The gain you may realize upon a sale, exchange, redemption or other disposition of a debenture or share of our common stock generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income or withholding tax unless:

the gain is effectively connected with your conduct of a trade or business in the United States (and, if you are entitled to the benefits of an applicable income tax treaty, the gain is attributable to your U.S. permanent establishment);

you are an individual who is present in the United States for 183 days or more in the taxable year of that disposition and certain other conditions are met, or

we are or have been a U.S. real property holding corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

If the gain you realize is described in the first bullet point above, you will be subject to U.S. federal income tax on such gain on a net income basis, generally under the same rules that would apply if you were a U.S. holder. In addition, if you are a foreign corporation, you could be subject to a branch profits tax equal to 30% (or lower applicable treaty rate) of your adjusted effectively connected earnings and profits for the taxable year.

If the gain you realize is described in the second bullet point above, subject to any provision to the contrary under an applicable tax treaty, you will generally be subject to a flat 30% U.S. federal income tax on such gain.

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We believe we are not and do not anticipate becoming a U.S. real property holding corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes. However, there can be no assurances that we will not become a U.S. real property holding corporation in the future.

U.S. Federal Estate Tax

If you are a non-U.S. holder other than an individual, you will not be subject to the U.S. federal estate tax. If you are a non-U.S. holder and an individual, your debentures will not be included in your gross estate for U.S. federal estate tax purposes unless at the time of death (i) you were a citizen or resident of the United States (as defined for U.S. federal estate tax purposes) and (ii) either (a) payments of interest or OID on the debentures would have been effectively connected with your conduct of a trade or business in the United States or (b) you actually or constructively owned 10 percent or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of our stock entitled to vote.

By contrast, common stock held by you at the time of your death will be included in your gross estate for U.S. estate tax purposes unless an applicable estate tax treaty provides otherwise.

You should consult with your own tax advisor regarding the potential application of the U.S. federal estate tax rules to you and your estate before considering an investment in the debentures.

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

If you are a U.S. holder, in general, information reporting requirements will apply to certain payments of principal and interest (including OID) on the debentures, dividends paid on the common stock, and the proceeds of a sale of debentures or shares of our common stock unless you are an exempt recipient (such as a corporation). Backup withholding tax at the applicable rate will apply to such payments if you fail to provide your taxpayer identification number or a certification of foreign status or to report in full dividend and interest income, or if you fail to otherwise establish an exemption.

If you are a non-U.S. holder and you have provided a certification of non-U.S. status (e.g., on a properly completed and duly executed IRS Form W-8BEN), in general and subject to the discussion in the following paragraph, you will not be subject to information reporting or backup withholding with respect to payments that we make to you provided that we do not have actual knowledge or reason to know that you are a U.S. person. In addition, you will not be subject to information reporting or backup withholding with respect to the proceeds of a sale of a debenture or share of common stock, even if such sale is effected within the United States or conducted through a U.S.-related financial intermediary, as long as the payor does not have actual knowledge or reason to know that you are a U.S. person.

We are required to and will report annually to the IRS and to you the amount of, and the tax withheld, if any, with respect to, any interest or dividends paid to a non-U.S. holder. Copies of these information returns may be made available to the tax authorities of the country in which you are a resident under the provisions of a specific treaty or agreement.

Any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules will be allowed as a refund or a credit against your U.S. federal income tax liability provided the required information is furnished timely to the IRS.

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We originally issued the debentures on September 20, 2006. The debentures were resold by the initial purchaser to qualified institutional buyers under Rule 144A under the Securities Act. Selling securityholders, including their transferees, pledgees, donees or their successors, may offer and sell the debentures and the underlying common stock pursuant to this prospectus supplement.

The following table sets forth information as of December 19, 2006 about the principal amount of debentures and the underlying common stock beneficially owned by each selling securityholder that may be offered using this prospectus supplement.

Name	Principal Amount of Debentures Beneficially Owned and Offered	Shares of Common Stock Beneficially Owned Upon Conversion of Debentures⁽¹⁾	Common Stock Offered Upon Conversion of Debentures⁽¹⁾	Common Debentures Owned After Completion of Offering⁽²⁾	Common Stock Owned After Completion of Offering⁽²⁾
Acuity Master Fund Ltd.	8,600,000	224,660	224,660	0	0
Alexandra Global Master Fund Ltd.	10,000,000	261,233	261,233	0	0
Allstate Insurance Company Allstate Life Insurance Company	7,000,000	669,312	182,863	0	486,449
Attorney s Title Insurance Fund	8,000,000	208,986	208,986	0	0
Basso Fund Ltd.	215,000	5,616	5,616	0	0
Basso Holdings Ltd.	1,483,000	38,740	38,740	0	0
Basso Multi-Strategy Holding Fund Ltd.	25,925,000	677,246	677,246	0	0
Bear Stearns International Limited	5,842,000	152,612	152,612	0	0
Boilermakers Blacksmith Pension Trust	5,000,000	130,616	130,616	0	0
CGNU Life Fund	2,700,000	70,532	70,532	0	0
Citigroup Global Markets Inc.	1,200,000	31,347	31,347	0	0
Commercial Union Life Fund	165,700,000	4,328,630	4,328,630	0	0
CQS Convertible and Quantitative Strategies Master Fund Limited	1,500,000	39,184	39,184	0	0
DBAG London	164,500,000	4,297,282	4,297,282	0	0
Five Sticks, L.P.	47,229,000	1,233,777	1,233,777	0	0
FPL Group Employees Pension Plan	1,750,000	45,715	45,715	0	0
Global Convertible Opportunities Fund Ltd.	785,000	20,506	20,506	0	0
Guggenheim Portfolio Company XXXI, LLC	1,000,000	26,123	26,123	0	0
	4,365,000	114,028	114,028	0	0
	2,565,000	67,006	67,006	0	0

HFR RVA Combined Master Trust					
KBC Convertibles MAC28 Limited	22,000,000	574,712	574,712	0	0
KBC Diversified Fund, A Segregated Portfolio of KBC Diversified Fund, SPC	46,475,000	1,214,080	1,214,080	0	0
Linden Capital LP	20,000,000	522,466	522,466	0	0
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Name	Principal Amount of Debentures Beneficially Owned and Offered	Shares of Common Stock Beneficially Owned Upon Conversion of Debentures⁽¹⁾	Common Stock Offered Upon Conversion of Debentures⁽¹⁾	Common Debentures Owned After Completion of Offering⁽²⁾	Common Stock Owned After Completion of Offering⁽²⁾
Lydian Global Opportunities Master Fund Limited	50,000,000	1,306,165	1,306,165	0	0
Lydian Overseas Partners Master Fund L.T.D.	122,000,000	3,187,042	3,187,042	0	0
Lyxor/Acuity Fund Ltd.	11,400,000	297,805	297,805	0	0
Old Lane Cayman Master Fund LP	21,945,000	573,275	573,275	0	0
Old Lane HMA Master Fund LP	5,180,000	135,318	135,318	0	0
Old Lane US Master Fund LP	7,875,000	205,720	205,720	0	0
Norwich Union Life and Pensions	3,000,000	78,369	78,369	0	0
PIMCO Convertible Fund	500,000	13,061	13,061	0	0
Polygon Global Opportunities Master Fund	15,000,000	391,849	391,849	0	0
Rhythm Fund, Ltd.	41,525,000	1,084,770	1,084,770	0	0
Satellite Convertible Arbitrage Master Fund LLC	10,000,000	261,233	261,233	0	0
Stark Master Fund Ltd.	90,000	2,351	2,351	0	0
SuttonBrook Capital Portfolio LP	25,000,000	653,082	653,082	0	0
UBS Securities LLC	66,225,000	1,730,015	1,730,015	0	0
Vicis Capital Master Fund	5,000,000	130,616	130,616	0	0
Whitebox Convertible Arbitrage Partners, L.P.	38,070,000	994,514	994,514	0	0
Whitebox Diversified Convertible Arbitrage Partners, L.P.	5,000,000	130,616	130,616	0	0
Other ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	1,518,356,000				

(1) Assumes conversion of all of the holders debentures at the maximum initial conversion rate of 26.1233 shares per debenture. However, the maximum conversion rate is

subject to adjustment as described under Description of Debentures Conversion Rights Conversion Rate Adjustments. As a result, the amount of common stock issuable upon conversion of the debentures may increase or decrease in the future.

- (2) Assumes that all of the debentures and/or all of the common stock into which the debentures are convertible are sold. No selling securityholder will own more than 1% of our outstanding common stock after the offering by such securityholder.
- (3) Information about other selling securityholders will be set forth in an amendment to the registration statement of which this prospectus supplement is a part or in additional prospectus supplements, as required.
- (4) Assumes that any other holders of debentures, or any future transferees, pledgees, donees or successors of or from any such other holders of debentures, do not beneficially own any common stock other than the common stock issuable upon conversion of the debentures.

We prepared this table based on the information supplied to us by the selling securityholders named in the table. The selling securityholders listed in the above table may have sold or transferred, in transactions exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act, some or all of their debentures since the date on which the information is presented in the above table. Information about the selling securityholders may change over time. Any changed information will be set forth in additional prospectus supplements and/or amendments to the registration statement of which this prospectus supplement is a part.

Because the selling securityholders may offer all or some of their debentures or the underlying common stock from time to time, we cannot estimate the amount of the debentures or the underlying common stock that will be held by the selling securityholders upon the termination of any particular offering. See Plan of Distribution.

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None of the named selling securityholders nor any of their affiliates, officers, directors or principal equity holders has held any position or office or has had any material relationship with us within the past three years.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

We will not receive any of the proceeds of the sale of the debentures and the underlying common stock offered by this prospectus supplement. The debentures and the underlying common stock may be sold from time to time to purchasers:

directly by the selling securityholders and their successors, including their transferees, pledgees and donees; or

through underwriters, broker-dealers or agents who may receive compensation in the form of discounts, concessions or commissions from the selling securityholders or the purchasers of the debentures and the underlying common stock.

The selling securityholders and any such broker-dealers or agents who participate in the distribution of the debentures and the underlying common stock may be deemed to be underwriters. As a result, any profits on the sale of the debentures or the underlying common stock by selling securityholders and any discounts, commissions or concessions received by any such broker-dealers or agents might be deemed to be underwriting discounts and commissions under the Securities Act. If the selling securityholders were deemed to be underwriters, the selling securityholders may be subject to certain statutory liabilities of, including, but not limited to, Sections 11, 12 and 17 of the Securities Act and Rule 10b-5 under the Exchange Act.

If the debentures and the underlying common stock are sold through underwriters, broker-dealers or agents, the selling securityholders will be responsible for underwriting discounts or commissions or agent's commissions.

The debentures and the underlying common stock may be sold in one or more transactions at:

fixed prices;

prevailing market prices at the time of sale;

varying prices determined at the time of sale; or

negotiated prices.

These sales may be effected in transactions:

on any national securities exchange or quotation service on which the debentures and underlying common stock may be listed or quoted at the time of the sale, including the New York Stock Exchange in the case of the common stock;

in the over-the-counter market;

in transactions otherwise than on such exchange or services or in the over-the-counter market; or

through the writing of options.

These transactions may include block transactions or crosses. Crosses are transactions in which the same broker acts as an agent on both sides of the trade.

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To our knowledge, there are currently no plans, arrangements or understandings between any selling securityholders and any underwriter, broker-dealer or agent regarding the sale of the debentures and the underlying common stock by the selling securityholders.

In connection with sales of the debentures and the underlying common stock or otherwise, the selling securityholders may enter into hedging transactions with broker-dealers or other financial institutions that in turn may engage in short sales of the debentures and the underlying common stock in the course of hedging their positions. The selling securityholders also may deliver the debentures and the underlying common stock to close out short positions, or loan or pledge debentures and the underlying common stock to broker-dealers or other financial institutions that in turn may sell the debentures and the underlying common stock.

The selling securityholders may transfer and donate debentures and the underlying common stock in other circumstances, in which case the transferees, donees, pledgees or other successors in interest will be the selling securityholders for purposes of this prospectus supplement.

Selling securityholders may not sell any, or may not sell all, of the debentures and the underlying common stock offered by them pursuant to this prospectus supplement. In addition, we cannot assure you that any such selling securityholder will not transfer, devise or gift the debentures and the underlying common stock by other means not described in this prospectus supplement. Moreover, any debentures or underlying common stock covered by this prospectus supplement that qualify for sale pursuant to Rule 144 or Rule 144A of the Securities Act may be sold under Rule 144 or Rule 144A rather than pursuant to this prospectus supplement. Each of the selling securityholders reserves the right to accept and, together with their agents from time to time, to reject, in whole or in part, any proposed purchase of the debentures or underlying common stock.

Our common stock is quoted on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol USB. The debentures were designated for trading on the PORTAL market in connection with the private placement of the debentures. Debentures sold by means of this prospectus supplement will not be eligible for trading in the PORTAL market. We do not intend to apply for listing of the debentures on any securities exchange or for quotation through Nasdaq. Accordingly, no assurance can be given as to the development of liquidity or any trading market for the debentures.

The selling securityholders and any other person participating in the distribution of the debentures and the underlying common stock will be subject to the Exchange Act. The Exchange Act rules include, without limitation, Regulation M, which may limit the timing of purchases and sales of any of the debentures and the underlying common stock by the selling securityholders and any such other person. In addition, under Regulation M, any person engaged in the distribution of the debentures and the underlying common stock may not engage in market-making activities with respect to the debentures and the underlying common stock for certain periods prior to the commencement of such distribution. The foregoing may affect the marketability of the debentures and the underlying common stock and the ability of any person or entity to engage in market-making activities with respect to the debentures and the underlying common stock.

To the extent required, the specific debentures or common stock to be sold, the names of the selling securityholders, the respective purchase prices and public offering prices, the names of any agent, dealer or underwriter, and any applicable commissions or discounts with respect to a particular offer will be set forth in an accompanying prospectus supplement or, if appropriate, a post-effective amendment to the registration statement of which this prospectus supplement forms a part.

Pursuant to the registration rights agreement that has been filed as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this prospectus supplement is a part, we and the selling securityholders have agreed to indemnify each other against certain liabilities, including certain liabilities under the Securities Act, and that each is entitled to contribution from the others in connection with these liabilities.

We have agreed to pay substantially all of the expenses incidental to the issuance, registration, offering and sale of the debentures and the underlying common stock to the public other than commissions, fees and discounts of underwriters, brokers, dealers and agents. We estimate these expenses to be approximately \$519,000.

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LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters relating to the validity of the debentures and the underlying common stock issuable upon conversion of the debentures have been passed upon for us by Squire, Sanders & Dempsey L.L.P., Cincinnati, Ohio.

EXPERTS

Our financial statements as of December 31, 2005 and 2004 and for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2005 and management's assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2005 incorporated in this prospectus supplement by reference from our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005 have been audited by Ernst & Young LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their reports which are incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement. Such financial statements and management's assessment are incorporated in reliance upon the reports of said firm given on its authority as experts in accounting and auditing.

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PROSPECTUS

**U.S. Bancorp
800 Nicollet Mall
Minneapolis, Minnesota 55402
(651) 466-3000
U.S. Bancorp
Junior Subordinated Notes
Debentures
Stock Purchase Contracts
Preferred Stock
Guarantees
Senior Notes
Subordinated Notes
Common Stock
Depositary Shares
Debt Warrants
Equity Warrants
USB Capital IX
Normal ITS
Stripped ITS
Capital ITS**

The securities of each class may be offered and sold by us and/or may be offered and sold, from time to time, by one or more selling securityholders to be identified in the future. We will provide the specific terms of these securities in supplements to this prospectus. You should read this prospectus and the applicable prospectus supplement carefully before you invest in the securities described in the applicable prospectus supplement.

These securities will be our equity securities or unsecured obligations and will not be savings accounts, deposits or other obligations of any bank or nonbank subsidiary of ours and are not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Bank Insurance Fund or any other government agency.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

This prospectus may not be used to sell securities unless accompanied by the applicable prospectus supplement.

The date of this prospectus is March 10, 2006.

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The words USB, Company, we, our, ours and us refer to U.S. Bancorp and its subsidiaries, unless otherwise

WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. You may read and copy any document that we file at the SEC's public reference room at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the public reference room. In addition, our SEC filings are available to the public from the SEC's web site at <http://www.sec.gov>. Our SEC filings are also available at the offices of the New York Stock Exchange. For further information on obtaining copies of our public filings at the New York Stock Exchange, you should call (212) 656-5060.

The SEC allows us to incorporate by reference the information we file with them, which means that we can disclose important information to you by referring you to those documents. The information incorporated by reference is considered to be a part of this prospectus, and later information that we file with the SEC will automatically update and supersede this information. We incorporate by reference the following documents listed below and any future filings made with the SEC under Section 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, until we or any underwriters sell all of the securities:

Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005; and

Current Reports on Form 8-K filed on January 17, 2006 (two reports) and February 1, 2006 (on Form 8-K/A). You may request a copy of these filings, at no cost, by writing or telephoning us at the following address:

U.S. Bancorp
800 Nicollet Mall
Minneapolis, Minnesota 55402
Attn: Investor Relations Department
(612) 303-0799 or (866) 775-9668

The trust has no separate financial statements. The statements would not be material to holders of the securities because the trust has no independent operations.

VALIDITY OF SECURITIES

Unless otherwise indicated in the applicable prospectus supplement, some legal matters will be passed upon for us by our counsel, Squire, Sanders & Dempsey L.L.P., Cincinnati, Ohio. Richards, Layton & Finger, P.A., Wilmington, Delaware, special Delaware counsel for the trust, will pass on some legal matters for the trust. Squire, Sanders & Dempsey L.L.P. will rely on the opinion of Richards, Layton & Finger, P.A., Wilmington, Delaware as to matters of Delaware law regarding the trust. Any underwriters will be represented by their own legal counsel.

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EXPERTS

Our financial statements as of December 31, 2005 and 2004 and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2005 and management's assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2005 incorporated in this prospectus by reference from our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005 have been audited by Ernst & Young LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their reports which are incorporated by reference in this prospectus. Such financial statements and management's assessment are incorporated in reliance upon the reports of such firm given on its authority as experts in accounting and auditing.

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**\$2,500,000,000
Floating Rate Convertible Senior Debentures
due September, 2036**

**Prospectus Supplement
December 19, 2006**