NITY INDUSTI	RIES INC			
n 8-K ch 02, 2015				
CII 02, 2013				







Edgar Filing: TRINITY INDUSTRIES INC - Form 8-K
A Premiere Diversified Industrial Company Trinity Industries, Inc. 5 II. Key Investment Considerations Leading Market Positions Diversified Portfolio of Businesses Flexible and Cost- Effective Manufacturing Seasoned Performers Enrichment Value Focused







Edgar Filing: TRINITY INDUSTRIES INC - Form 8-K
A Premiere Diversified Industrial Company Trinity Industries, Inc. 9 Enrichment Value Focused Ex te rn al R e p o rt in g G roup s Ope ra tio n al F ocu s A re as Rail Leasing Construction Energy Inland Barge Customer Sharing Internal Component Sourcing Shared Best Manufacturing Practices Facility Optimization Centralized Cost Savings Trinity focuses on collaboration across business segmentsgenerating synergies that enrich value and ultimately provide competitive benefits



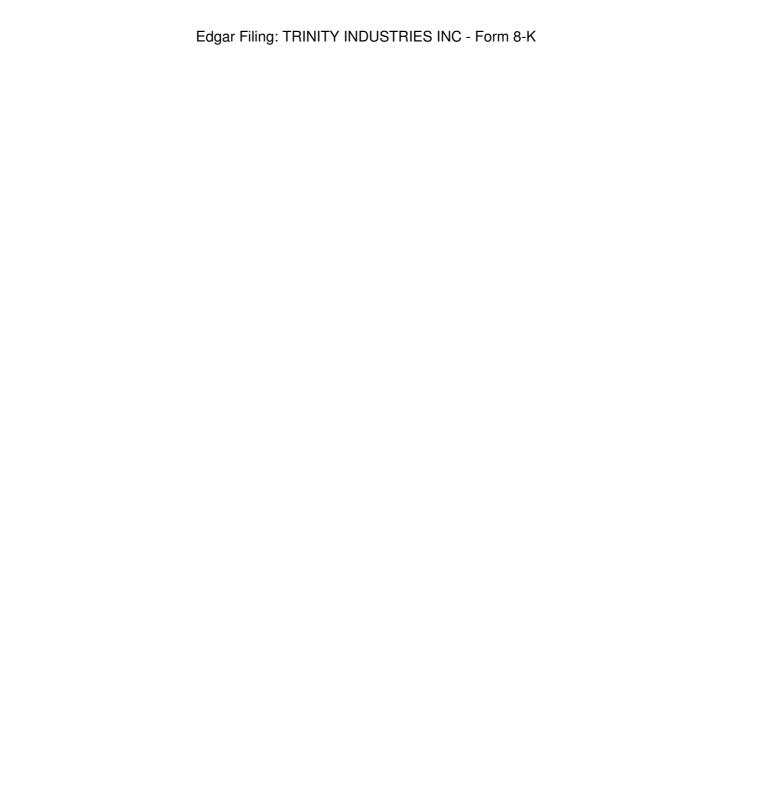






A Premiere Diversified Industrial Company Trinity Industries, Inc. 14 Guidance and Outlook (As of February 19, 2015) Rail Group Revenues ~ \$4.2 – 4.4 billion in FY 2015 OP Margin ~ 18% – 19% in FY 2015 Shipments ~ 32,000-34,000 in FY 2015 Leasing Group Revenues from Operations ~ \$700–725mm in FY 2015 OP from Operations ~ \$320 - 340mm in FY 2015 Revenue Eliminations ~ \$600 - 650mm in FY 2015 OP Elimination Impact ~ \$115–130mm in FY 2015 Net Lease Fleet Additions ~ \$55-70mm in FY 2015 Inland Barge Group Revenues ~ \$620 - 650mm in FY 2015 OP Margin ~ 13.0% – 14.0% in FY 2015 Construction Products Group Revenues ~ \$510-540mm in FY 2015 OP Margin ~ 8.5% – 9.5% in FY 2015 Energy Equipment Group Revenues ~ \$1.1- 1.25 billion in FY 2015 OP Margin ~ 11% – 12% in FY 2015 Total Company EPS ~ \$4.00 – 4.40 in FY 2015 Manufacturing and Corporate Capital Expenditures ~ \$250-300mm in FY 2015 Elimination Impact of Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interest ~ \$30-35mm in FY 2015 Any forward-looking statements made by the Company speak only as of the date on which they are made. The Company is under no obligation to, and expressly disclaims any obligation to, update or alter its forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, subsequent events or otherwise.





A Premiere Diversified Industrial Company Trinity Industries, Inc. 0 10,000 20,000 30,000 40,000 50,000 60,000 70,000 80,000 90,000 100,000 Railcar Deliveries (1958 - 2018P) Projections based on Third Party estimates(3) 16 Rail Group Business Conditions/Demand Outlook Market Positioning Current Performance Rail Group Revenues and OP Margin (1) Leading manufacturer of railcars, railcar axles, and coupling devices in North America Broadest product offering for railcar manufacturing in North America Networking of customers between railcar sales and railcar leasing Focus on new and advanced engineering designs Centralized sourcing provides cost savings Streamlined manufacturing efficiencies Trinity delivered 30,255 railcars representing 44% of industry shipments during LTM 12/31/14 Trinity received orders for 51,395 railcars representing 37% of the industry total during LTM 12/31/14 Trinity's order backlog was a record 61,035 railcars representing 43% of industry backlog as of 12/31/14 Trinity's record \$7.2 billion order backlog reflects a favorable mix of railcars and the strength in the pricing environment for certain railcar types due to strong demand from the oil, gas, and chemical industries All Footnotes throughout the presentation are listed on Slide 23. (2)





Production expansion and conversion activities completed in 2013 to increase manufacturing flexibility of barge plants to shift between tank and hopper barge products Replacement demand driver (as of 12/31/13):(4) 3,317 out of 17,517 hopper barges, or approximately 19%, are greater than 20 years old 981 out of 3,401 tank barges, or approximately 29%, are greater than 20 years old Over the past 10 years, 6% more barges were scrapped vs. built (8,220 scrapped vs. 7,743

built from 2003-2013) All Footnotes throughout the presentation are listed on Slide 23. (2) (3) (\$mm)





distribution containers and tank heads businesses as a result of the Energy Renaissance occurring across North America The current market for utility structures is competitive. However, long-term demand fundamentals remain positive due to expected future growth in investment spending. All Footnotes throughout the presentation are listed on Slide 23. (\$mm)



\$69.4 \$146.8 \$251.9 \$386.1 \$709.3 Add: Interest expense 109.4 123.1 182.1 185.3 194.7 187.3 193.4 Provision/(Benefit) for income taxes 163.5 (11.5) 37.3 92.2 134.0 204.4 354.8 Depreciati n & amortization expense 126.8 147.1 180.9 187.7 193.7 211.5 244.6 Goodwill impairment - 325.0 - - - - - Earnings from continuing operations before interest expense, income taxes, and depreciation and amortization expense \$666.5 \$442.9 \$469.7 \$612.0 \$774.3 \$989.3 \$1,502.1





amounting to \$1.57 per share; reported FY 2009 EPS was \$(0.91) (5) Beginning in FY 2010, TRIP Holdings Revenues and Operating Profit were consolidated with the Leasing Group (6) See Note in Appendix pg. 21 for Reconciliation of EBITDA; EBITDA for previous years has been adjusted as a result of the divestiture of the Company's Concrete business Slide 16 (1) Before eliminations for Intersegment Sales to Leasing and Intercompany Profit (2) Excludes \$325mm pretax charge for impairment of Goodwill; reported FY 2009 operating loss margin was 39.8% (3) Sources: Historical data as reported per the Railway Supply Institute. 2015-2018 projections are an average of estimates provided by Global Insight (01/15) and Economic Planning Associates, Inc. (02/15) and are provided as a point of reference Slide 17 (1) Includes TRIP Holdings starting in 2007 (2) Includes Partially-Owned Subsidiaries (3) Operations Margin calculated using only revenues and profit from Leasing Operations including Partially Owned Subsidiaries and excludes Car Sales; PBT Margin calculated using Operating Profit from Leasing Operations less Leasing Interest Expense Slide 18 (1) OP Margin excludes a \$5.1mm net gain due to flood-related insurance settlements; reported OP margin 19.4% (3) OP Margin excludes a \$3.8 mm net gain due to flood-related insurance settlements and the sale of leased barges; reported OP margin 18.5% (4) Informa Economics (03/2014) Slide 19 (1) Revenues and OP Margin in prior years have been adjusted as a result of the divestiture of the Concrete business in March 2013 (2) Acquired Quixote Corporation in February 2010 which increased Highway Products revenue by 31% during 2010. 23 Footnotes