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PROTON LABORATORIES INC  
Form 10KSB  
April 13, 2005

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-KSB

- Annual Report Under Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2004.
- Transition Report Under Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for the transition period from --- to ---

Commission file number: 000-31883

PROTON LABORATORIES, INC.  
(Name of small business issuer in its charter)

Washington 91-2022700  
(State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer  
incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

1135 Atlantic Avenue, Suite 101  
Alameda, CA 94501  
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(510) 865-6412  
Issuer's telephone number

Securities registered under Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of Each Class: Name of exchange on which registered:  
None. None.

Securities registered under Section 12(g) of the Act:  
Common Stock, \$0.0001 par value  
(Title of class)

Check whether the Issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.  
Yes  |  No

Check if there is no disclosure of delinquent filers in response to Item 405 of Regulation S-B is contained in this form, and no disclosure will be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of

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this Form 10-KSB or any amendment to this Form 10-KSB.

Registrant's revenues for its most recent fiscal year: \$379,989

The aggregate market value of the common stock held by non-affiliates of

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the registrant on March 30, 2005, based on the last price which was \$0.40 per share on March 30, 2005, was \$1,900,400. On March 30, 2005, the closing bid price on our common stock on the OTCBB was \$0.38.

On March 30, 2005, the registrant had outstanding 12,975,000 shares of Common Stock, \$0.0001 par value per share. However, 376,500 of those shares have not been certificated as of April 12, 2005.

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format:      Yes   |   |      No   |X|

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### PART I

ITEM 1.      DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS.

#### INTRODUCTION

Our business is marketing functional water systems. In March 2004 we filed

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an amendment to our Articles of Incorporation to change our name to Proton Laboratories, Inc. Our former name was BentleyCapitalCorp.com, Inc. In this Form 10-KSB, we refer to ourselves as "Proton", "We", "Us" and "Our." References to us in this Form 10-KSB include our wholly-owned subsidiary which also changed its name in April 2004. The new name of our subsidiary is Water Science, Inc. The former name of our subsidiary was Proton Laboratorie-s, Inc.

Our executive offices are located at: Proton Laboratories, Inc., 1135 Atlantic Avenue, Suite 101, Alameda, CA 94501, tel. (510) 865-6412, fax: (510) 865-9385. Our Web site is [www.protonlabs.com](http://www.protonlabs.com).

Our growth is dependent on attaining profit from our operations and our raising capital through the sale of stock or debt. There is no assurance that we will be able to raise any equity financing or sell any of our products at a profit.

Our functional currency is the U.S. dollar. Our independent auditors made a going concern qualification in their report dated March 7, 2005, which raises substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern.

Our stock is traded on the OTCBB. Our trading symbol is "PLBI."

### CORPORATE HISTORY

In November 2002, we entered into an Agreement and Plan of Reorganization whereby Proton Laboratories, LLC, a California limited liability company merged with and into VWO I Inc., our wholly owned subsidiary (the "Merger"). As a result of the Merger, Proton Laboratories, LLC's sole owner, Edward Alexander, exchanged 100% of his ownership of Proton Laboratories, LLC for 8,750,000 shares of our common stock, and we cancelled the similar amount of 8,750,000 shares of our common stock that Mr. Alexander had purchased from Michael Kirsh and Brian Gruson in June 2002.

VWO I Inc. changed its name to Proton Laboratorie-s, Inc. as part of the Merger, and we subsequently changed its name again to Water Science, Inc. in April 2004. Proton Laboratories, LLC itself was incorporated in February 2000 in the State of California. Proton Laboratories, LLC did not begin operations until January 2001 when Mr. Alexander contributed inventory and property and equipment to Proton Laboratories, LLC.

The consideration exchanged pursuant to the Merger was the result of negotiations between us and Proton Laboratories, LLC. However, no appraisal was done. In evaluating Proton Laboratories, LLC as a candidate for the proposed Merger, we used criteria such as the

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value of the assets of Proton Laboratories, LLC, Proton Laboratories, LLC's then current business operations and anticipated operations, and Proton Laboratories, LLC's business name and reputation. We determined that the consideration for the Merger was reasonable.

### OUR BUSINESS--THE BACKGROUND OF FUNCTIONAL WATER

Our business is the marketing of residential and commercial "functional water systems." "Functional water" is water that has been processed through an electrolytic ion separation process or electrolysis process and has a wide array of functional properties due to its unique characteristics. Our functional water systems restructure tap water into one type of water that is alkaline in concentration and one type of water that is acidic in concentration. We believe that the functional water systems that we market will have applications in a

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large variety of industries, such as corporate agriculture, organic agriculture, food processing, medicine and dentistry, dermatology, heavy industry, mining, environmental clean-up, product formulations and beverages.

We are an exclusive importer and master distributor of functional water systems that are manufactured by Matsushita Electric Corporation of America. We utilize functional water intellectual property under licensing agreements. We supply consumer products related to functional water. We consult on projects utilizing functional water. We facilitate knowledge about functional water between the manufacturer and industry, and we act as educators about the benefits of functional water. We are a provider of systems that produce functional water, also called "electrolyzed water" or "functional electrolyzed water." Functional water is water that has been restructured through the process of electrolysis. Electrolysis forces a separation to occur in the electrolytes that are present in the water molecules. Through the process of creating functional water, regular tap water can be restructured into two separate types of water. For instance, tap water can be restructured into one type of water that is alkaline in concentration and one type of water that is acidic in concentration.

We believe that water with these unique functional properties is desirable for a number of reasons. Water with smaller clusters of molecules has a lower surface tension. With a lower surface tension, water may have improved hydrating, permeating and solubility properties. These properties may enhance the overall functional effectiveness of water. The separation of the alkaline and acidic properties found in water provides the water with functional abilities. For example, functional acidic water has disinfecting abilities to meet a wide array of disinfecting requirements in food processing procedures. Functional alkaline water makes an excellent drinking water due to improved hydration.

### OUR BUSINESS--SYSTEMS AND MARKETS

We market functional water systems to the residential and commercial markets. For the residential market, we market functional water systems that are used to produce a health-beneficial, alkaline-concentrated drinking water. For the commercial market, we market commercial-grade functional water systems that are used in applications ranging from food preparation to hospital disinfection. Our goal is to take our functional water technology and market it throughout North America.

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Our business model envisions us as: a supplier of technology for functional water applications; a supplier of hardware for functional water systems; a provider of intellectual property for functional water systems under licensing agreements; a supplier of consumer functional water products; consultants to industries requiring functional water; facilitators between Japanese functional water manufacturers and industrial users in the U.S.A.; and educators of academia, government and industry on the benefits of functional water.

### OUR BUSINESS--SCIENCE

"Functional water" is a term that has been assigned to a new category of water. Functional water has a wide array of functional properties due to its unique characteristics. We believe the uses for this type of water are far reaching, since we are identifying new applications and uses for functional water on an ongoing basis. Functional water systems are capable of producing the following types of functional water:

Ionic-Structured Water. Ionic-structured water is electrolyzed drinking

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water that is alkaline-concentrated and utilizes smaller molecular clusters than regular water for improved hydration and solubility. Ionic structured water is smooth to the palate.

Electro-Structured Water. Electro-structured water is water that is  
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anti-microbial in nature and may be effective against virus, bacteria, fungus, mildew and spores. This water may have a wide array of disinfectant uses.

Derma-Structured Water. Derma-structured water is electrolyzed low pH  
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water that has astringent and disinfecting properties and may have a wide array of cosmetic, dermatological and post-plastic surgery applications that may minimize infections and scarring and expedite healing.

### FUNCTIONAL WATER RESEARCH IN ACADEMIA

The process to produce functional water was developed by Scottish inventor Michael Faraday in Boston, Massachusetts in 1834. In 1929, the value of electrolytic water separation to produce water with functional properties was realized in Japan. Japanese researchers have since taken this process, created a wide array of functional waters and have introduced this technology to food processing, hospital disinfection, wound care, agriculture, organic agriculture and food safety in Japan. During recent years, functional water applications have been studied by universities in the U.S.A. and Canada. For example, in a University of Georgia study published in the Journal of Food Protection in 1999 entitled "Inactivation of Escherichia coli O157:H7 and Listeria monocytogenes on Plastic Kitchen Cutting Boards by Electrolyzed Oxidizing Water," the immersion of plastic kitchen cutting boards in electrolyzed oxidizing water was found to be an effective method for inactivating food-borne pathogens such as E. coli. Other studies at the University of Georgia have looked at the efficacy of electrolyzed oxidizing water for inactivating E. coli, Salmonella and Listeria and have determined that such water may be a useful disinfectant. A University of Georgia study entitled "Antimicrobial effect of electrolyzed water for inactivating Campylobacter jejuni during poultry washing" demonstrated that electrolyzed water is not only effective in reducing the populations of C. jejuni on chicken, but also may be

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effective in the prevention of cross-contamination of processing environments.

### OUR BUSINESS--FUNCTIONAL WATER SYSTEMS

Residential Systems. The residential countertop, functional water systems  
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produce water that scientists believe contains more wellness and health-beneficial properties than regular tap water (see, "Electrolyzed-Reduced Water Scavenges Active Oxygen Species and Protects DNA from Oxidative Damage," Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications, Vol. 234, No. 1, pp. 269-274 (1997); and, Hanaoka, K., "Antioxidant Effects Of Reduced Water Produced By Electrolysis Of Sodium Chloride Solutions," 31 Journal of Applied Electrochemistry 1307-1313 (2001)). Generally, the residential countertop system sits next to the kitchen faucet, and through the use of a diverter, allows tap water to be routed through the system. The water is then processed through a charcoal filter where chlorine and sediments are removed. The filtered water then proceeds to the electrolysis chamber that is made up of electrodes and membranes. A positive and negative electrical charge is passed through the electrodes. The minerals that are found in the filtered water are attracted to opposite electrodes. For example, the alkaline minerals (minerals with

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positive(+) properties that include calcium, magnesium, sodium, manganese, iron and potassium) are attracted to the negatively charged (-) electrode. The acidic minerals (minerals with negative (-) properties include nitric acid, sulfuric acid and chlorine) are attracted to the positively-charged (+) electrode. Through this mineral separation process, two separate types of water are formed, which are water with alkaline-concentrated minerals, and water with acidic-concentrated minerals. Each type of water is held in a separate chamber in the residential countertop system. The alkaline-concentrated water may be consumed for drinking and cooking purposes, while the acidic-concentrated water may be used in a topical, astringent medium.

Commercial Systems. We are in preparation to market commercial functional

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water systems to the food processing, medical and agricultural industries. The system for the food processing industry includes: (1) a hand disinfectant system for proper hand washing, and (2) an anti-microbial water production system for general sterilization and disinfectant needs. We also intend to market similar systems to the medical industry. For the agricultural industry, we intend to sell functional water systems to organic food growers who desire to use functional water to replace the use of pesticides, fungicides, herbicides and chemical fertilizers. Our commercial functional water systems produce approximately one gallon per minute of electrolyzed alkaline and acidic waters. For the food processing industry, the alkaline water may be used as an effective medium for removing pesticides from agricultural products, while the acidic water may be used as anti-microbial water. For the hospital industry, the alkaline water may be used as an effective medium in removing protein buildup from surfaces, while the acidic water may be used as anti-microbial water. For the organic agricultural industry, the alkaline water may be used for plant growth and as a solid nutrient, while the acidic water may be used as a substitute for fungicides, pesticides, herbicides and sporicides.

### OUR BUSINESS--MARKETING STRATEGY

Our objectives are:

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- To create a revenue stream through our marketing of residential systems. These sales may be made through independent distributors, network marketing, infomercials, mail order, retail sales and direct sales generated through word-of-mouth referrals.
- To create a revenue stream through the sale of disinfectant systems to the food processing industry.
- To create a revenue stream through licensing agreements based upon a wide array of applications for functional water that will be targeted to specific industries. For example, electrolyzed water may be used in the beverage industry to extract flavors from their natural sources, such as extracting tea from tea leaves for use in bottled iced tea. Electrolyzed water may also be used in the formulation of nutraceutical-type dietary supplement products in the health-food and dietary supplement industries.

To continue the development of functional water applications for industries that are currently dependent upon chemicals as a processing medium. In addition to the food processing, medical and agricultural markets, we intend to develop market-driven applications for functional water, provide the science to these applications, publish the developments in scientific and industrial circulars and perform consulting functions to industries that can benefit from functional water. We intend to hire engineers from Japan to design, engineer and assemble

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prototypes of functional water systems that are built for specific industrial needs. We believe that by performing these functions ourselves, we will have all of the necessary tools to become a leading provider of functional water technology.

### OUR BUSINESS--GOVERNMENT REGULATIONS

Our functional water systems are, or may be, subject to regulation by a variety of federal, state and local agencies, including the Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) and the Food and Drug Administration ("FDA").

Our hand disinfectant functional water system may be subject to pre-market approval by the FDA under Title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations. We would expect such an approval process to take approximately 90 days after filing with the FDA, although there is no assurance that we will be able to obtain pre-market approval from the FDA. We have not made any applications to the FDA yet. We have engaged the consulting services of Environ Health Associates Inc. to assist us with our FDA application for the hand disinfectant. We anticipate filing the FDA application in the near future. Environ Health Associates Inc. is familiar with a modern food safety procedure known as Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point ("HACCP"). HACCP is a food safety procedure that focuses on identifying and preventing hazards that could cause food-borne illnesses. We believe that complying with the HACCP procedure may assist us in getting FDA approval, since the FDA generally encourages retailers to apply HACCP-based food safety principles, along with other recommended practices.

At such time as we may obtain FDA approval for the hand disinfectant, we then would

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request that the system be tested by Underwriter's Laboratories and the National Sanitation Foundation.

### OUR BUSINESS--MARKETING AND DISTRIBUTION

We intend to develop systems for the following markets:

- Hand disinfection for the food processing, fast food, medical, dental, personal care and general health care industries.
- Residential, countertop drinking water electrolysis systems.
- Commercial functional water systems, such as metal mining and refining, wine grape mildew treatment, and the formulation of dietary supplement products.

Hand Disinfection. After we obtain FDA approvals for the hand disinfection

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system, we plan to introduce the device and what we believe to be its operational simplicity, user-friendliness, high efficacy and affordability, through industrial circulars where hand disinfection is of a primary concern. We also intend to arrange with a leasing company to lease the hand disinfectant system to the fast food industry. A large part of our marketing efforts will be directed to educating our target markets about functional water. We plan to write and publish articles through industrial media, disinfection forums, trade shows and documentary-type films that may be aired through CNN, PBS and Voice of America introducing a new and novel method for hand disinfection. We intend to handle all inquiries through a toll-free number.

We plan to hire a public relations company that provides the news media

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with documentary videos for the purpose of educating the public on the technology, processes and applications that we market. The videos will cover the following subjects:

- The use of functional electrolyzed water for food safety.
- The use of functional electrolyzed water for effective disinfection in hospitals and clinical settings.
- The use of functional electrolyzed water for agriculture and organic agriculture.
- The use of functional electrolyzed water as a wellness medium.

Residential Countertop Units. The first step towards the marketing and  
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distribution of residential countertop units is to develop a national product distribution program through network marketing, mail order catalogs sales, infomercials, independent distributor channels and word of mouth sales. Since we understand that the demographics in these sales channels is predominately composed of females in the age groups of 35-60, we intend to concentrate on this market segment. The second step in the marketing and distribution of residential countertop units is to introduce a simplified, lower price-point system that will be introduced through retail outlets under a series of private labels.

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Commercial Functional Water Systems. In addition to marketing the  
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residential countertop systems, we plan to develop marketing plans for commercial systems. We may enter into agreements with companies to act as distributors of our functional water systems. We may also grant exclusive rights to companies to use our systems in specific industries for specific applications in exchange for royalties.

We presently have 12 product distributors. We are presently seeking 108 additional product distributors. In 2004 we had a radio advertising campaign to advertise our residential consumer products.

### OUR BUSINESS--COMPETITION

Our competitors include several entry-level importers of systems from Japan and Korea. We believe that we have several distinctive advantages over entry-level distributors:

We and our consultants, who are scientists, business people and advisers, are individuals who have helped pioneer the understanding, documentation, representation and structuring of the technology and its relevance to the U.S.A. during the past nine-year period through various companies and organizations. These consultants are the leaders in the U.S.A. in the knowledge and representation of functional water.

We have been able to create a strong platform of specialists to advance functional water technology in the U.S.A., which would be difficult for others to replicate due to our high level of focused commitment and dedication.

We have close working relationships with our Japanese counterparts which have been developed and nurtured over the past ten-year period. These members are highly respected within the Japanese electrolysis community and attend



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annual conferences as invited speakers.

We have excellent working relationships with the Japanese manufacturers and we are often relied upon to provide international perspectives to be used in the refinement of their scientific, design and engineering thought processes to create products that will be accepted on a global basis.

With our knowledge, experience and foresight into the electrolyzed water industry, we are well-positioned to branch out on our own without reliance on Japanese manufacturing, if necessary.

We have strategically positioned ourselves as the "go to" organization for technology, hardware and informational support for the public.

Although the majority of competitors are small resellers, the one significant competitor that we have is named Hoshizaki U.S.A., which is an established U.S.A.-based Japanese company that has a substantial market presence in refrigeration and icemakers. We expect that we may face additional competition from new market entrants and current competitors as they

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expand their business models, but we do not believe that any real strong competitors are imminent for the foreseeable 3 to 4 year period, other than Hoshizaki U.S.A.

To be competitive, we must assemble a strategic marketing and sales infrastructure. Our success will be dependent on our ability to become a formidable marketing and sales entity based upon the technology we have and our ability to aggressively introduce this technology and its far-reaching benefits through documentary videos and other methods of public relations.

### OUR BUSINESS--CUSTOMERS AND VENDORS

MAJOR CUSTOMERS. During the year ended December 31, 2004, our sales to -----  
three customers accounted for 37% of our total sales. As of December 31, 2004, there were no amounts due from these customers. During the year ended December 31, 2003, sales to one customer accounted for 11% of total sales. As of December 31, 2003, there were no amounts due from this customer.

MAJOR VENDOR. During the year ended December 31, 2004, our purchases from -----  
three vendors accounted for 96% of total inventory purchases. As of December 31, 2004, amounts due to these vendors accounted for 54% of accounts payable. During the year ended December 31, 2003, purchases from two vendors accounted for 87% of total inventory purchases. As of December 31, 2003, amounts due to these vendors accounted for 65% of accounts payable.

### INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

We plan to file patent applications for various functional water applications. We may also obtain licenses from others. There can be no assurance that our intellectual property rights, if any, will not be challenged, invalidated or circumvented, or that any rights granted under our intellectual property will provide competitive advantages to us. There can be no assurance that our patent claims allowed on any future patents would be sufficiently broad to protect our products.

### EMPLOYEES

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We currently have 3 full-time employees all of whom are in management positions. None of our employees is subject to a collective bargaining agreement. We believe that our employee relations are good.

### OTHER DEVELOPMENTS IN 2004

We have done preliminary testing in the wine industry with respect to the control of mildew on wine grapes in vineyards. Mildew on wine grapes is a serious grapevine fungal disease. The tendency for mildew to grow on wine grapes occurs, for example, in areas of Napa Valley where foggy conditions prevail. If mildew is found on the wine grapes, then spraying with dusty sulfur is done. Spraying with dusty sulfur will generally eliminate and control the mildew on grapes. If this fungus is ignored, the wine grapes may spoil. However, the long-term effects of sulfur exposure is unknown. The use of low pH functional water may remove mildew

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on wine grapes in a safe and efficacious, large scale manner. Our preliminary review of this use of functional water indicates a complete elimination of mildew on wine grapes in vineyards and the continued growth of healthy grapes. We plan to continue this preliminary test using an automated functional water sprayer.

We have done preliminary testing in the mining and refining industry with respect to the effect of the use of functional water on heap leaching and refining of precious metals.

We obtained, through a sublicense from Edward Alexander at no cost to us, the North American rights to manufacture and distribute an electrolyzed water-based antioxidant dietary supplement developed by MIZ Corporation, a Japanese company specializing in advanced uses of electrolyzed water. We plan to sell this product to the fitness, sports and wellness markets.

We have been developing a proprietary process allowing for electrolysis to be applied to wine. The primary objective for this application is to allow for a wine maker to have direct control over the aging process of wine such that it allows a wine maker to shorten, complement or, if desired, bypass the wine aging process. The test results that were achieved showed promise in creating the "optimal" wine through a controlled process which provides a smooth texture to the wine along with an enhancement to the various active properties of the wine.

We plan to file an FDA application for our hand disinfectant system and our surface disinfectant system.

### SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In February 2005, MIZ Company, a Japanese company that owns four U.S. patents whose subject matter is the electrolysis of water, assigned a 50% ownership interest in those four patents to Mr. Alexander in consideration of consulting services provided to MIZ Company by Mr. Alexander. Mr. Alexander has agreed to allow us to exploit the four patents on a royalty-free basis. Since MIZ Company and Mr. Alexander each has an ownership interest in the four patents, either Mr. Alexander or the Japanese company could grant licenses to others to use the four patents, and the Japanese company could exploit the four patents by itself.

In March 2005, we proposed to engaged the services of J. P. Turner & Company, L.L.C. for its best efforts to raise funds for us. We proposed to issue 550,000 shares of our restricted common stock to J. P. Turner & Company, L.L.C. as a non-refundable fee and we proposed to pay J. P. Turner & Company,

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L.L.C. a sales commission of 10% on any funds raised and grant a warrant to J. P. Turner & Company, L.L.C. to acquire our common stock in the amount of 10% of the equivalent of the funds that are raised. Upon a successful money raise, we proposed that J. P. Turner & Company, L.L.C. would act as our investment banker for a fee of 4.5% of our restricted common stock as calculated immediately after the funds are raised. This transaction is being finalized at this time. These share have not been issued yet.

In March 2005, we issued a note payable in the amount of \$164,000 for the purchase of inventory. The inventory will be held by the lender as collateral until the note is repaid in May 2005. We also agreed to pay \$28,500, or approximately 17%, in interest. In addition, we will issue to the lender 47,500 shares of common stock, which will be recorded as a \$27,075 discount

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valued on the date of issuance and amortized over the term of the note. These shares are to be issued prior to the note's due date.

In January 2005, a shareholder advanced \$40,000 to us. This advance bears interest at 7% with principal and accrued interest due January 2007.

### AVAILABLE INFORMATION ABOUT US

Our filings with the SEC may be obtained in person or by writing to the SEC's Public Reference Branch at 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549, tel. 1-800-SEC-0330, or through SEC's e-mail address: [publicinfo@sec.gov](mailto:publicinfo@sec.gov). In most cases, this information is also available on the SEC's Web site: [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov).

### ITEM 2. DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

We lease approximately 4,000 square feet of office and storage space located at 1135 Atlantic Avenue, Suite 101, Alameda, CA 94501, for a lease payment of approximately \$3,066 per month. Under this lease, we are required to pay a percentage of the property taxes, insurance and maintenance. The lease expires in June 2005 and we anticipate renewing the lease at that time. We believe this space is adequate for our current needs, and that additional space is available to us at a reasonable cost, if needed.

### ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

We are not a plaintiff or defendant in any litigation, nor is any litigation threatened against us.

### ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS.

None.

## PART II

### ITEM 5. MARKET FOR COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND SMALL BUSINESS ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES.

Our stock is traded on the OTCBB. Our trading symbol is "PLBI." Our stock was added to the OTCBB in late December 2003. The first reported trade in our stock on the OTCBB occurred in January 2004. We are not aware of any trading market for our stock prior to January 2004. The following table sets forth the quarterly high and low bid price per share for our common stock. These bid and asked price quotations reflect inter-dealer prices, without retail mark-up, mark-down or commission, and may not represent actual prices. There were no

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trades in our common stock until January 2004. Our fiscal year ends December 31.

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### COMMON STOCK PRICE RANGE

YEAR AND QUARTER	HIGH	LOW
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2003:

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First Quarter	(*)	(*)
Second Quarter	(*)	(*)
Third Quarter	(*)	(*)
Fourth Quarter	(*)	(*)

2004:

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First Quarter	\$ 2.45	\$ 0.60
Second Quarter	\$ 2.30	\$ 0.90
Third Quarter	\$ 1.15	\$ 0.30
Fourth Quarter	\$ 2.90	\$ 0.35

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(\* ) There was no trading market for our stock until January 2004.

On March 30, 2005, the closing price of our stock was \$0.40.

On March 30, 2005, we had outstanding 12,975,000 shares of common stock.

On March 30, 2005, we had approximately 80 shareholders of record which includes shares held directly by shareholders and shares beneficially owned by shareholders who have deposited their shares into an account at a broker-dealer. Such deposited shares into a brokerage account are accumulated in a nominee account in the name of Cede, Inc. Cede, Inc. is the nominee account that most broker-dealers use to deposit shares held in the name of the broker-dealer. Cede, Inc. is counted as one record shareholder, even though it could represent many beneficial shareholders who have deposited their shares into an account at a broker-dealer.

We have not paid any cash dividends on our common stock and we do not expect to declare or pay any cash dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future. Payment of any cash dividends will depend upon our future earnings, if any, our financial condition, and other factors as deemed relevant by the Board of Directors.

We have outstanding 8,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock. We have no outstanding options, warrants, convertible debt. Our Series A Preferred Stock pays dividends.

On December 3, 2004, we sold 280,000 shares of common stock to World Munsell for consideration of \$196,000 in cash. World Munsell is a Japanese company that is a division of ItoX Group, also a Japanese company. World Munsell has interests in the functional water industry. We will be working with

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World Munsell on various functional water applications for industry and consumer use. We issued these securities in reliance on Section 4(2) of the Act.

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This transaction occurred outside of the United States and the purchaser is not a U.S. company. This was a transaction by us as issuer that did not involve public offering. We believe that the purchaser was knowledgeable about our operations and financial condition. We believe that the purchaser had the knowledge and experience in financial and business matters which allowed the purchaser to evaluate the merits and risk of receipt of our securities.

### SECURITIES AUTHORIZED FOR ISSUANCE UNDER EQUITY COMPENSATION PLANS

	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights	Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights	Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a))
	(a)	(b)	(c)
<b>PLAN CATEGORY:</b>			
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	-0-	n/a	-0- (1)
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders (2)	-0-	n/a	-0-
Total	-0-	n/a	-0-

- 
- (1) All of the 500,000 shares under our 2004 Stock and Stock Option Plan (the "Plan") have been approved for issuance. However, 376,500 of those shares have not been certificated yet. This Plan was approved by our shareholders.
  - 2) In November 2004, our Board of Directors approved the 2004 Marketing Consultants Stock Plan which covered 945,000 shares which were all subsequently issued during 2004 pursuant to this Plan. This Plan was not approved by our shareholders as of the date of this Form 10-KSB.

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ITEM 6. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENT

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Certain statements contained in this report, including, without limitation, statements containing the words, "believes," "anticipates," "expects," and other words of similar meaning, constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause our actual results, performance or achievements, of to be materially different from any future results, performance, or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Given these uncertainties, readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements. We disclaim any obligation to update any such factors or to announce publicly the results of any revision of the forward-looking statements contained or incorporated by reference herein to reflect future events or developments. In addition to the forward-looking statements contained in this Form 10-KSB, the following forward-looking factors could cause our future results to differ materially our forward-looking statements: competition, funding, government compliance and market acceptance of our products.

### INTRODUCTION

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and accompanying notes and the other financial information appearing elsewhere in this Form 10-KSB. The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S.A., which contemplate our continuation as a going concern.

Our independent auditors made a going concern qualification in their report dated March 7, 2005, which raises substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. Our 2004 revenue increased by 59% compared to our 2003 revenue. Capital contributions were required from our President to fund operations. These conditions raise a substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts or amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should we be unable to continue in existence. Our ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon our ability to generate sufficient cash flows to meet our obligations on a timely basis, to obtain additional financing as may be required, and ultimately to attain profitable operations. However, there is no assurance that profitable operations or sufficient cash flows will occur in the future.

We have incurred net losses of \$965,840 in 2004 and \$217,333 in 2003. We had a working capital deficit of \$203,900 at December 31, 2004 and \$156,505 at December 31, 2003.

Our operations are located in Alameda, California. Our business consists of the sales and marketing of the industrial, environmental and residential systems throughout the U.S.A. which alter the properties of water to produce functional water. We act as an exclusive importer and

master distributor of these products to various companies in which uses for the product range from food processing to retail water sales. We: formulate intellectual properties under licensing agreements; supply consumer products; consult on projects utilizing functional water; facilitate usage, uses and users of functional water between manufacturer and industry; and act as educators on the benefits of functional water.

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### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate our estimates. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. These estimates and assumptions provide a basis for us to make judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Our actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions, and these differences may be material.

We recognize revenue when all four of the following criteria are met: (i) persuasive evidence that an arrangement exists; (ii) delivery of the products and/or services has occurred; (iii) the selling price is both fixed and determinable and; (iv) collectibility is reasonably probable. Our revenues are derived from sales of our industrial, environmental and residential systems which alter the properties of water to produce functional water. We believe that this critical accounting policy affects our more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements.

During the period from March 14, 2000 through November 15, 2002, prior to our acquisition of Proton Laboratories, LLC in November 2002, we did not engage in significant operations. No revenues were received by us during that period.

In November 2002, we acquired Proton Laboratories, LLC, which is active in the functional water business. This acquisition was reported in detail on our Form 8-K for the event dated November 15, 2002 as filed with the Commission on November 25, 2002. Proton Laboratories, LLC is now our wholly-owned subsidiary and in April 2004 was renamed Water Science Corporation. Since our acquisition of Proton Laboratories, LLC in November 2002, our business has been focused on marketing functional water equipment and systems. Alkaline-concentrated functional water may have health-beneficial properties and may be used for drinking and cooking purposes. Acidic-concentrated functional water may be used as a topical, astringent medium

Our fiscal year end is December 31.

### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS-YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004 AND 2003.

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We had revenue of \$379,989 for the year ended December 31, 2004 compared to revenue of \$238,805 for the year ended December 31, 2003. This increase is a 59% increase in revenue. This increase in revenue was due primarily to our hiring a sales manager in 2004.

We had a net loss \$965,840 for the year ended December 31, 2004 compared to a net loss of \$217,333 for the year ended December 31, 2003. This increase in net loss was due primarily to our increase in equity-based compensation for sales, general and administrative expenses.

Cash used by operating activities was \$365,845 for the year ended December 31, 2004 compared to cash used by operating activities of \$80,587 for the year ended December 31, 2003. This increase in cash used by operating activities was due primarily to the issuance of common stock used as in-kind compensation to

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pay for legal services and consulting services.

### LIQUIDITY

As of December 31, 2004, we had cash on hand of \$14,412. Our growth is dependent on attaining profit from our operations, or our raising additional capital either through the sale of stock or borrowing. There is no assurance that we will be able to raise any equity financing or sell any our products at a profit.

During the year ended December 31, 2004, our President, Edward Alexander, advanced to us the amount of \$178,000 in cash. This advance accrues interest at the rate of 7% per annum and is due on dates ranging from March through September 2006. At December 31, 2004, the aggregate balance we owe on loans from shareholders is \$262,000 which includes \$84,000 in loans from prior periods. All of these loans accrues interest at the rate of 7% per annum and are due on dates ranging from November 2005 through September 2006. At December 31, 2004, the aggregate accrued interest on these loans was \$16,681.

During the year ended December 31, 2004, we accrued \$60,000 as salary payable to Mr. Alexander resulting in an aggregate of \$105,000 of salary payable to Mr. Alexander at December 31, 2004.

During 2004, we raised \$276,000 in cash through the sale of our securities.

### FUTURE CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

Our growth is dependent on attaining profit from our operations, or our raising additional capital either through the sale of stock or borrowing. There is no assurance that we will be able to raise any equity financing or sell any of our products at a profit.

Our future capital requirements will depend upon many factors, including:

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- The cost to acquire equipment to resell.
- The cost of sales and marketing our products.
- The rate at which we expand our operations.
- The results of our consulting business.
- The response of competitors.

### ITEM 7. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

The financial statements required by this item are set forth beginning on page F-1.

### ITEM 8. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE.

None.

### ITEM 8A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES.

- (a) Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures.

Based on their evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as



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defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act")), our principal executive officer and principal financial officer have concluded that as of the end of the period covered by this annual report on Form 10-KSB such disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms.

(b) Changes in internal control over financial reporting.

During the year under report, there was no change in our internal control over financial reporting that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

The evaluation of our disclosure controls included a review of whether there were any significant deficiencies in the design or operation of such controls and procedures, material weaknesses in such controls and procedures, any corrective actions taken with regard to such deficiencies and weaknesses and any fraud involving management or other employees with a significant role in such controls and procedures.

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting.

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ITEM 8B. OTHER INFORMATION.

None.

### PART III

ITEM 9. DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS OF THE REGISTRANT.

#### EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS

NAME	AGE	POSITION
Edward Alexander	53	Director, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, President and Secretary
Michael Fintan Ledwith	62	Director, Member of the Audit Committee

Edward Alexander has been our Chairman, a Director, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, President and Secretary since 2002. He had been the owner and president of Proton Laboratories, LLC from January, 2001 until its merger with us. Proton Laboratories, LLC introduced an electrolytic water separation technology that has many uses in industry, product formulations and consumer products. From January 1997 to July 1998, Mr. Alexander served as owner and president of Advanced H2O, LLC. In July 1998, Mr. Alexander formed Advanced H2O, Inc. to specialize in bottled water production. Mr. Alexander continues to serve as a consultant to Advanced H2O, Inc. Prior to 1997, Mr. Alexander served as General Manager for Tomoe Incorporated and held various positions with various divisions of the U.S. Navy Resale System. In February 2002, the Securities and Exchange Commission accepted a settlement offer from Mr. Alexander and imposed a cease and desist order against Mr. Alexander from

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committing or causing any violation or future violation of Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act and Rule 10b-5 thereunder. This order was imposed in connection with a press release that Mr. Alexander was persuaded to release about Proton Laboratories, LLC by a business associate whom Mr. Alexander trusted at the time.

Michael Ledwith has been our Director since 2002. He has been a member of the Audit Committee since June 2004. He has been semi-retired from daily business activities since 1998. He was Professor of Systematic Theology at the Pontifical University of Maynooth in Ireland from 1976 to 1994. He was later Dean of the Faculty, Head of Department and Editor of "The Irish Theological Quarterly." He was later appointed as a Consulting Editor of the renowned international review "Communio" and still serves in that capacity. He was appointed Vice-President of the University in 1980, re-appointed in 1983, and was appointed President in 1985. He served as Chairman of the Committee of Heads of the Irish Universities and was a Member of the Governing Bureau of the European University Presidents' Federation (CRE). He retired from his Professorship on September 30, 1996 and has since continued to pursue his interest in research, writing, and lecturing in the field of actualizing human potential. Since November

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2001 he has been a partner in World of Star Stuff, which markets whole food products.

### COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

We do not have any nominating, or compensation committees of the Board, or committees performing similar functions.

In December 2003, our Board adopted our Audit Committee Charter (the "Charter") which established our Audit Committee. The Board of Directors has selected Michael Ledwith, our only independent Director, to be on the Audit Committee. Mr. Ledwith is not a financial expert. We have determined Mr. Ledwith's independence using the definition of independence set forth in NASD Rule 4200-(14). We have not yet been able to recruit an independent director who is also a financial expert.

The primary purpose of the Audit Committee is to oversee our financial reporting process on behalf of the Board of Directors. The Audit Committee will meet privately with our Chief Accounting Officer and with our independent public accountants and evaluate the responses by the Chief Accounting Officer both to the facts presented and to the judgments made by our independent accountants. The Charter establishes the independence of our Audit Committee and sets forth the scope of the Audit Committee's duties. The Purpose of the Audit Committee is to conduct continuing oversight of our financial affairs. The Audit Committee conducts an ongoing review of our financial reports and other financial information prior to filing them with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or otherwise providing them to the public. The Audit Committee also reviews our systems, methods and procedures of internal controls in the areas of: financial reporting, audits, treasury operations, corporate finance, managerial, financial and SEC accounting, compliance with law, and ethical conduct. A majority of the members of the Audit Committee will be independent directors. The Audit Committee is objective, and reviews and assesses the work of our independent accountants and our internal audit department. The Audit Committee will review and discuss the matters required by SAS 61 and our audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2004 with our management and our independent auditors. The Audit Committee will receive the written disclosures and the letter from our independent accountants required by Independence Standards Board No. 1, and the Audit Committee will discuss with

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the independent accountant the independent accountant's independence.

### MEETINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board of Directors did not hold meetings during the year ended December 31, 2004, but did act by consent on four occasions. There is no family relationship between or among any of our directors and executive officers.

### SECTION 16(A) BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP REPORTING COMPLIANCE

Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act requires our officers, directors and persons who beneficially own more than 10% of our common stock to file reports of ownership and changes in ownership with the SEC. These reporting persons also are required to furnish us with copies

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of all Section 16(a) forms they file. To the best of our knowledge, all persons required to file reports under Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act have done so in a timely manner.

### CODE OF ETHICS

We have a Code of Ethics that applies to our principal executive officer and our principal financial officer. We undertake to provide to any person, without charge, upon request, a copy of our Code of Ethics. You may request a copy of our Code of Ethics by mailing your written request to us. Your written request must contain the phrase "Request for a Copy of the Code of Ethics of Proton Laboratories, Inc." Our address is: Proton Laboratories, Inc., 1135 Atlantic Avenue, Suite 101, Alameda, CA 94501.

### SHAREHOLDER NOMINEES FOR DIRECTOR AND SHAREHOLDER COMMUNICATIONS WITH DIRECTORS

The deadline for stockholders to submit proposals to be considered for inclusion in the Proxy Statement for the 2005 Annual Meeting of Stockholders is October 31, 2004. If you have any proposals that you would like to be included in the Proxy Statement for the 2005 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, including nominees for Director, kindly mail them to us. We encourage our shareholders to communicate with our Directors by mail addressed to any Director or to all Directors. Our address is: Proton Laboratories, Inc., 1135 Atlantic Avenue, Suite 101, Alameda, CA, 94501. We will not screen such communications.

### ITEM 10. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION.

The following table sets forth certain information as to our highest paid officers and directors for our fiscal year ended December 31, 2004. No other compensation was paid to any such officers or directors other than the compensation set forth below.

#### SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE

Annual Compensation	Long-Term Compensation	
	Awards	Securities
	Other	Under-

Pay-  
Outs

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Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary \$	Bonus \$	Annual Compensation \$	Restricted Stock Award(s) \$	lying Options/SARs #	LTIP Payouts \$
	2004 (1)	62,400	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
Edward	2003 (2)	62,400	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
Alexander CEO, CFO	2002 (3)	60,000	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-

- 
- (1) Mr. Alexander received \$2,400 as cash compensation. We determined that the value of his services was \$62,400, of which \$60,000 was recorded as accrued wages.
  - (2) Mr. Alexander received \$2,400 as cash compensation. We determined that the value of

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his services was \$62,400, of which \$45,000 was recorded as additional paid-in capital and \$15,000 was recorded as accrued wages.

- (3) Mr. Alexander did not receive any cash compensation. This amount was determined to be the value of his services and was recorded as additional paid in capital.

OUTSTANDING STOCK OPTIONS

We have not granted any options to purchase common stock and we do not have any outstanding options to purchase common stock.

COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORS

Our directors do not receive cash compensation for their services as directors or members of committees of the Board of Directors.

EMPLOYEE STOCK OPTION PLANS

We believe that our future success will depend in part on our continued ability to attract and retain highly qualified personnel. We pay wages and salaries that we believe are competitive. We also believe that equity ownership is an important factor in our ability to attract and retain skilled personnel. Our Board of Directors has adopted the 2004 Stock and Stock Option Plan (the "Plan") which was approved by our shareholders in February 2004. The purpose of the Plan is to further our interests, our subsidiaries and our stockholders by providing incentives in the form of stock and stock options to our officers, directors, employees, vendors, consultants, attorneys and subcontractors. There are a total of 500,000 shares of our common stock that may be granted or optioned under the Plan, of which all 500,000 shares have been approved for issuance. However, 376,500 of those shares have not been certificated yet. This Plan was approved by our shareholders.

NO EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT

We do not have any employment agreements with any employees.

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ITEM 11. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS.

As a result of the Merger, Mr. Alexander became the majority owner of our common stock. The following table sets forth certain information concerning the number of shares of common stock owned beneficially as of March 30, 2005, by: (i) each person (including any group) known by us to own more than five percent (5%) of any class of our voting securities, (ii) each of our directors and executive officers, and (iii) our officers and directors as a group. Unless otherwise indicated, the shareholders listed possess sole voting and investment power with respect to the shares shown.

Name and Address	Amount of Shares Beneficially Owned	Class of Securities	Percentage of Class
Edward Alexander 1135 Atlantic Avenue, Suite 101 Alameda, CA 94501	8,224,000	Common Stock	63.43%
Michael Fintan Ledwith 6610 Churchill Rd. SE Tenino, WA 98589	-0-	Common Stock	-0-%
Executive Officers As A Group (2 Persons)	8,224,000	Common Stock	63.4%

We are not aware of any arrangements that could result in a change of control.

SECURITIES AUTHORIZED FOR ISSUANCE UNDER EQUITY COMPENSATION PLANS

	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights	Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights	Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a))
	(a)	(b)	(c)
PLAN CATEGORY:			
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	-0-	n/a	-0- (1)
Equity compensation			

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plans not approved by security holders	-0-	n/a	-0-
Total	-0-	n/a	-0- (1)

- 
- (1) All of the 500,000 shares under our 2004 Stock and Stock Option Plan (the "Plan") have been approved for issuance. However, 376,500 of those shares have not been certificated yet. This Plan was approved by our shareholders.
  - 2) In November 2004, our Board of Directors approved the 2004 Marketing Consultants Stock Plan which covered 945,000 shares which were all subsequently issued pursuant to this Plan. This Plan was not approved by our shareholders as of the date of this Form 10-KSB.

ITEM 12. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS.

We have a policy that our business affairs will be conducted in all respects by standards applicable to publicly held corporations and that we will not enter into any future transactions and/or loans between us and our officers, directors and 5% shareholders unless the terms are: (a) no less favorable than could be obtained from independent third parties, and (b) will be approved by a majority of our independent and disinterested directors. In our view, all of the transactions described below meet this standard.

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During the year ended December 31, 2004, our President, Edward Alexander, advanced to us the amount of \$178,000 in cash. This advance accrues interest at the rate of 7% per annum and is due on dates ranging from March through September 2006. At December 31, 2004, the aggregate balance we owe on loans from shareholders is \$262,000 which includes \$84,000 in loans from prior periods. All of these loans accrues interest at the rate of 7% per annum and are due on dates ranging from November 2005 through September 2006. At December 31, 2004, the aggregate accrued interest on these loans was \$16,681.

During 2004, we obtained, through a sublicense from Edward Alexander, at no cost to us, the North American rights to manufacture and distribute an electrolyzed water-based antioxidant dietary supplement developed by MIZ Corporation, a Japanese company specializing in advanced uses of electrolyzed water. We plan to sell this product to the fitness, sports and wellness markets.

ITEM 13. EXHIBITS.

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description
-----	
31.1	Certification pursuant to Section 13a-14 of CEO
31.2	Certification pursuant to Section 13a-14 of CFO
32.1	Certification pursuant to Section 1350 of CEO
32.2	Certification pursuant to Section 1350 of CFO

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### ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES.

#### OUR INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT

In 2004, our Board of Directors selected as our independent accountant the CPA firm of Hansen, Barnett & Maxwell, a Professional Corporation ("HBM") of Salt Lake City, Utah. HBM audited our financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003. Our Audit Committee approved 100% of the work of HBM.

#### 1. AUDIT FEES

For the two years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003, HBM billed us the aggregate amount of \$ 14,458 and \$24,813, respectively, for professional services rendered for their

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audits of our annual financial statements for those years and their reviews of our quarterly financial statements for those years. We were not billed for professional services from any other accounting firm for audits or reviews done in 2004 and 2003.

#### 2. AUDIT-RELATED FEES

For the two years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003, we were billed \$1,073 and \$0, respectively, by HBM for audit-related fees.

#### 3. TAX FEES

For the two years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003, we were not billed by HBM for any tax fees.

#### 4. ALL OTHER FEES

For the two years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003, we were not billed by HBM for any other professional services.

#### 5(I). PRE-APPROVAL POLICIES

Our Audit Committee does not pre-approve any work of our independent auditor, but rather approves independent auditor engagements before each engagement.

#### 5(II). PERCENTAGE OF SERVICES APPROVED BY OUR AUDIT COMMITTEE

There were no services performed by our independent auditor of the type described in Items 9(e)(2) through 9(e)(4) of Schedule 14A. Our Audit Committee considers that the work done for us by HBM is compatible with maintaining HBM's independence.

#### 6. AUDITOR'S TIME ON TASK

At least 50% of the work expended by HBM on our 2004 audit was attributed to work performed by HBM's full-time, permanent employees.

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SIGNATURES

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In accordance with Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized in Alameda, California.

PROTON LABORATORIES, INC.

April 12, 2005

By: /s/ Edward Alexander  
Edward Alexander  
Director, Chief Executive Officer, President and  
Chief Financial Officer

In accordance with the Exchange Act, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

April 12, 2005

By: /s/ Edward Alexander  
Edward Alexander  
Director, Chief Executive Officer, President and  
Chief Financial Officer

April 12, 2005

By: /s/ Michael Fintan Ledwith  
Michael Fintan Ledwith  
Director

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PROTON LABORATORIES, INC.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS  
AND  
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2004 AND 2003

HANSEN, BARNETT & MAXWELL  
A Professional Corporation  
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

PROTON LABORATORIES, INC.  
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Consolidated Statements of Operations for the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003	F-4



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Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Deficit for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2004 F-5

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003 F-6

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements F-7

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HANSEN, BARNETT & MAXWELL  
A Professional Corporation  
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS  
5 Triad Center, Suite 750  
Salt Lake City, UT 84180-1128  
Phone: (801) 532-2200  
Fax: (801) 532-7944  
www.hbmcpas.com

REGISTERED WITH THE PUBLIC COMPANY  
ACCOUNTING OVERSIGHT BOARD

[GRAPHIC OMITTED]  
in independent member of  
BAKER TILLY  
INTERNATIONAL

## REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and the Stockholders  
Proton Laboratories, Inc. and subsidiaries

We have audited the consolidated balance sheets of Proton Laboratories, Inc. as of December 31, 2004 and 2003, and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' deficit and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Proton Laboratories as of December 31, 2004 and 2003, and the results of their consolidated operations and their cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company has an accumulated deficit, has suffered reoccurring losses from operations, has negative working capital, and has required loans from the Company's majority shareholder to fund operations. These factors raise substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in regards to these matters are also described in Note 2. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

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HANSEN, BARNETT & MAXWELL

Salt Lake City, Utah  
March 7, 2005

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PROTON LABORATORIES, INC  
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS  
DECEMBER 31, 2004 AND 2003

	2004	2003
=====		
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash	\$ 14,412	\$ 4,423
Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$16,522 and \$10,092, respectively	10,633	24,583
Inventory	34,097	27,800
Deposit	69,500	-
-----		
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	128,642	56,806
-----		
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT		
Furniture and fixtures	18,438	4,670
Equipment and machinery	95,039	43,724
Leasehold improvements	10,995	1,886
Less: accumulated depreciation	(19,160)	(11,672)
-----		
NET PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT	105,312	38,608
-----		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 233,954	\$ 95,414
=====		
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$ 134,780	\$ 197,576
Accrued expenses	110,562	15,735
Preferred dividends payable	3,200	-
Stockholder loan, current portion	84,000	-
-----		
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	332,542	213,311
-----		
STOCKHOLDER LOAN, NET OF CURRENT PORTION	178,000	84,000
-----		
STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT		
Series A convertible preferred stock, 400,000 shares authorized		

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with a par value of \$0.0001; 8,000 and no shares issued and outstanding, respectively; liquidation preference of \$80,000 and \$0, respectively	80,000	-
Undesignated preferred stock, 19,600,000 shares authorized with a par value of \$0.0001; no shares issued or outstanding	-	-
Common stock, 100,000,000 common shares authorized with a par value of \$0.0001; 12,975,000 and 11,250,000 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	1,299	1,126
Additional paid in capital	1,350,616	536,440
Accumulated deficit	(1,708,503)	(739,463)
-----		
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT	(276,588)	(201,897)
-----		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT	\$ 233,954	\$ 95,414
=====		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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PROTON LABORATORIES, INC  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS  
FOR YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004 AND 2003

	2004	2003
=====		
SALES	\$ 379,989	\$ 238,805
COST OF GOODS SOLD	263,395	175,505
-----		
GROSS PROFIT	116,594	63,300
-----		
SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES (including equity-based expenses of \$663,349 and \$45,000, respectively)	1,065,595	270,420
-----		
LOSS FROM OPERATIONS	(949,001)	(207,120)
-----		
OTHER INCOME AND (EXPENSE)		
Loss on disposal of property and equipment	(1,648)	(9,483)
Interest income	20	5
Interest expense	(15,211)	(735)
-----		
NET OTHER EXPENSE	(16,839)	(10,213)
-----		
NET LOSS	(965,840)	(217,333)
PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND	(3,200)	-
-----		
LOSS APPLICABLE TO COMMON SHAREHOLDERS	\$ (969,040)	\$ (217,333)

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BASIC AND DILUTED LOSS PER COMMON SHARE	\$ (0.08)	\$ (0.02)
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BASIC AND DILUTED WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING	11,525,510	11,250,000
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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PROTON LABORATORIES, INC  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT  
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003 AND 2004

	PREFERRED STOCK		COMMON STOCK		ADDITIONAL PAID CAPITAL
	SHARES	AMOUNT	SHARES	AMOUNT	
BALANCE - DECEMBER 31, 2002	-	\$ -	11,250,000	1,126	491
Fair value of officer services, no additional shares issued	-	-	-	-	45
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-
-----					
BALANCE - DECEMBER 31, 2003	-	-	11,250,000	1,126	536
Sale of preferred stock	8,000	80,000	-	-	-
Issuance of shares for legal services	-	-	100,000	10	39
Issuance of shares for consulting services	-	-	1,345,000	135	578
Issuance of common stock for cash	-	-	280,000	28	195
Dividends accrued	-	-	-	-	-
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-
-----					
BALANCE - DECEMBER 31, 2004	8,000	\$ 80,000	12,975,000	\$ 1,299	\$1,350

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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PROTON LABORATORIES, INC  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS  
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004 AND 2003

	2004	2003
<hr/>		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net loss	\$ (965,840)	\$ (217,333)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation	9,814	7,480
Bad debt expense	6,430	-
Loss on disposal of property and equipment	1,648	9,483
Fair value of officer services	-	45,000
Common stock issued for legal services and consulting services	618,349	-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Accounts receivable	7,520	8,172
Inventory	(6,297)	(18,879)
Deposits	(69,500)	-
Accounts payable	(62,796)	69,938
Accrued expenses	94,827	15,552
<hr/>		
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(365,845)	(80,587)
<hr/>		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchases of property and equipment	(78,166)	(375)
<hr/>		
NET CASH FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(78,166)	(375)
<hr/>		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from stockholder loans	178,000	84,000
Proceeds from sale of preferred stock	80,000	-
Proceeds from sale of common stock	196,000	-
<hr/>		
NET CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	454,000	84,000
<hr/>		
NET INCREASE IN CASH	9,989	3,038
CASH AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	4,423	1,385
<hr/>		
CASH AT END OF PERIOD	\$ 14,412	\$ 4,423
<hr/>		
NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Transfer of inventory to equipment	\$ 27,377	\$ 11,740
<hr/>		

The accompanying notes are an itnegral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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## PROTON LABORATORIES, INC NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND BASIS OF PRESENTATIONS

ORGANIZATION- Proton Laboratorie-s, LLC. (Proton) was incorporated on February 16, 2000 in the State of California. Proton did not begin its operations until January 1, 2001. On January 1, 2001, Proton's sole owner contributed inventory and property and equipment to the Company.

BentleyCapitalCorp.com Inc. (Bentley) was incorporated in the State of Washington, U.S.A. on March 14, 2000. On November 15, 2002, Proton entered into an Agreement and Plan of Reorganization with Bentley whereby the Company merged with and into VWO I Inc. (VWO), a wholly owned subsidiary of Bentley (the "Merger"). In April 2004 the subsidiary changed its name to Water Science, Inc.

For financial statement purposes Proton is considered the parent corporation and originally elected to maintain BentleyCapitalCorp.com, Inc as its business name. In December 2003 the Company's board elected to change its name to Proton Laboratories, Inc., and hereafter collectively referred to as the "Company".

CONSOLIDATION POLICY - The accompanying consolidated financial statements reflect the financial position of and operations for Proton as of and for the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003. All significant intercompany transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

NATURE OF OPERATIONS - The Company's operations are located in Alameda, California. The core business of the Company consists of the sales and marketing of the Company's industrial, environmental and residential systems throughout the United States of America which alter the properties of water to produce functional water. The Company acts as an exclusive importer and master distributor of these products to various companies in which uses for the product range from food processing to retail water sales. Additionally, the Company formulates intellectual properties under licensing agreements, supplies consumer products, consults on projects utilizing functional water, facilitates between manufacturer and industry and acts as educators on the benefits of functional water.

### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

USE OF ESTIMATES - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS -The Company is subject to concentration of credit risk with respect to sales primarily in the functional water industry and sales to a significant customer and purchases from a significant vendor. Accounts receivable are generally unsecured. The Company normally obtains payments from customers prior to delivery of the related products. Otherwise, the Company does not require collateral for accounts receivable.

The carrying value of the note payable approximates fair value based on it bearing interest at a rate which approximates market rates. The amount reported as inventory is considered to be a reasonable

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## PROTON LABORATORIES, INC NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

approximation of its fair value. The fair value estimates presented herein were based on market information available to management at the time of the preparation of the financial statements.

**BUSINESS CONDITION** - The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which contemplate continuation of the Company as a going concern. The Company has incurred net losses of \$965,840 and \$217,333 for the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003, respectively. The Company had a working capital deficit of \$203,900 and \$156,505 at December 31, 2004 and 2003, respectively. Loans from the Company's president were required to fund operations. These conditions raise a substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts or amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue in existence.

The Company is working towards raising public funds to expand its marketing and revenues. The Company has spent considerable time in contracting with several major overseas corporations for the co-development of enhanced antioxidant beverages for distribution into the overseas markets. In addition, the Company is working with its Canadian business associates to identify institutional businesses to market various disinfection applications based upon functional water, pending government approval.

The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to generate sufficient cash flows to meet its obligations on a timely basis, to obtain additional financing as may be required, and ultimately to attain profitable operations. However, there is no assurance that profitable operations or sufficient cash flows will occur in the future.

**CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS** - The Company considers all highly liquid instruments purchased with a maturity of less than three months to be cash equivalents.

**ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE** - Accounts receivable are recorded at the invoiced amount and do not bear interest. The allowance for doubtful accounts is the Company's best estimate of the amount of probable credit losses in the Company's existing accounts receivable. The Company determines the allowance based on historical write-off experience. Past due balances over 90 days and a specified amount are reviewed individually for collectibility. Account balances are charged off against the allowance after all means of collection have been exhausted and the potential for recovery is considered remote. The Company does not have any off-balance sheet credit exposure related to its customers.

**INVENTORY** - Inventory consists of purchased finished goods and is stated at the lower of cost (using the first-in, first-out method) or market value.

**PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT** - Equipment, and furniture and fixtures are stated at cost. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Estimated useful lives range from 3 to 7 years. Depreciation expense for the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003, was \$9,814 and \$7,480, respectively. Expenditures for maintenance, repairs, and renewals are charged to expense as incurred. Expenditures for major renewals and betterments that extend the useful lives of existing equipment are capitalized and depreciated. On retirement or disposition of property and equipment, the cost and accumulated depreciation are removed and any resulting gain or loss is

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recognized in the statement of operations.

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### PROTON LABORATORIES, INC NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Long-lived assets are reviewed for impairment yearly. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to future net cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount that the carrying amount of the assets exceeds the fair value of the assets. Assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of the carrying amount or fair value less costs to sell. Based on the evaluation, no impairment was considered necessary during the years ended December 31, 2004 or 2003.

INCOME TAXES - The Company recognizes an asset or liability for the deferred tax consequences of all temporary differences between the tax bases of assets or liabilities and their reported amounts in the financial statements. That will result in taxable or deductible amounts in future years when the reported amounts of the assets or liabilities are recovered. These deferred tax assets and or liabilities are measured using the enacted tax rates that will be in effect when the differences are expected to reverse. Deferred tax assets are reviewed periodically for recoverability and valuation allowances and adjustments are provided as necessary.

ADVERTISING - The Company follows the policy of charging the cost of advertising to expense as incurred. Advertising expense for the year ended December 31, 2004 and 2003 was \$10,776 and \$3,952, respectively.

CONCENTRATIONS OF RISK - Sales to major customers are defined as sales to any one customer which exceeded 10% of total sales. The risk of loss of a major customer subjects the Company to the possibility of decreased sales. Purchases from major vendors are defined as inventory purchases from any one vendor which exceeded 10% of total inventory purchases. The risk of loss of a major vendor subjects the Company to the possibility of increased costs and not being able to fulfill customer orders. See Note 7.

REVENUE RECOGNITION - The Company recognizes revenue when all four of the following criteria are met: (i) persuasive evidence that arrangement exists; (ii) delivery of the products and/or services has occurred; (iii) the selling price is both fixed and determinable and; (iv) collectibility is reasonably probable. The Company's revenues are derived from sales of their industrial, environmental and residential systems which alter the properties of water to produce functional water.

BASIC AND DILUTED LOSS PER COMMON SHARE - Basic loss per common share is calculated by dividing net loss by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted loss per common share is calculated by dividing net loss by the weighted-average number of Series A convertible preferred shares and common shares outstanding to give effect to potentially issuable common shares except during loss periods when those potentially issuable shares are anti-dilutive. Potential common shares from convertible preferred stock have not been included as they are anti-dilutive.

NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS - In December 2004, the FASB issued SFAS No. 123 (revised 2004), "Share-Based Payment," which is an amendment to SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation." This new standard eliminates the ability to account for share-based compensation transactions using Accounting Principles Board (APB) No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees" (APB



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25) and requires such transactions to be accounted for using a fair-value-based method and the resulting cost recognized in the Company's financial statements. This new standard is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after June 15, 2005. The Company is currently evaluating SFAS No. 123 as revised and intends to implement it in the third quarter of 2005 and will not presently have an effect on the Company's financial statements.

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PROTON LABORATORIES, INC  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In December 2004, the FASB issued SFAS Statement No. 153, "Exchanges of Non-monetary Assets—an amendment of APB Opinion No. 29." This Statement amends APB Opinion 29 to eliminate the exception for non-monetary exchanges of similar productive assets and replaces it with a general exception for exchanges of non-monetary assets that do not have commercial substance. A non-monetary exchange has commercial substance if the future cash flows of the entity are expected to change significantly as a result of the exchange. The Statement will be effective in January 2006. The Company does not expect that the adoption of SFAS No. 153 will have a material impact on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

NOTE 3 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003, the Company's president and majority shareholder advanced the Company \$178,000 and \$84,000, respectively. These advances bear interest at 7% with principal and accrued interest due between November 2005 and September 2006. At December 31, 2004 and 2003, the accrued interest was \$15,946 and \$735, respectively.

NOTE 4 - INCOME TAXES

There was no provision for or benefit from income tax for any period. The components of the net deferred tax asset at December 31, 2004 and 2003 are as follows:

	2004	2003
Net operating loss carryforward	\$ 416,124	\$ 71,395
Bad debt reserve	6,381	3,898
Accrued salaries	29,000	5,793
Less: valuation allowance	(451,505)	(81,086)
<b>NET DEFERRED TAX ASSET</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>

For tax reporting purposes, the Company has net operating loss carry forwards in the amount of \$1,077,482 which will begin expiring in 2023.

The following is a reconciliation of the amount of tax benefit that would result from applying the federal statutory rate to pretax loss with the benefit from income taxes for the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003:

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	2004	2003
Benefit as statutory rate (34%)	\$(328,386)	\$(73,893)
Non-deductible expenses	2,589	17,567
Change in valuation allowance	370,419	66,367
State tax benefit, net of federal tax effect	(44,622)	(10,041)
<b>NET BENEFIT FROM INCOME TAXES</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>

NOTE 5 - PREFERRED STOCK

During May 2004, the Company designated 400,000 shares of the preferred stock as Series A convertible preferred stock.

The holders of Series A convertible preferred stock are entitled to a cumulative dividend of 8% per year in cash payable in arrears.

The holders of Series A convertible preferred stock may convert any or all of their shares plus all accrued dividends on the preferred stock into common stock at any time. Each share of preferred stock may be

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PROTON LABORATORIES, INC  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

converted into 5 shares of common stock. The holder will receive one share of common stock for \$2 of accrued dividends.

Upon the liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, holders of Series A convertible preferred stock, are entitled to receive, out of legally available assets, a liquidation preference of \$10 per share, plus an amount equal to any unpaid dividends through the payment date, before any payment or distribution was made to holders of common stock. The holders of Series A convertible preferred stock are not entitled to vote.

During the July 2004, the Company issued 8,000 shares of preferred stock for \$80,000. At December 31, 2004, dividends payable was \$3,200, or 40 cents per share.

NOTE 6 - COMMON STOCK

During September 2004, the Company issued 100,000 shares of common stock for \$40,000 of legal services. These shares were valued using the per share fair value of the Company's common stock on the date of issuance.

In December 2003, the Company's shareholders approved the 2004 Stock and Stock Option Plan effective January 1, 2004 whereby up to 500,000 shares may be granted, optioned or sold. The plan is for its key employees and directors who contribute materially to the success and profitability of the Company as well as attracting other key employees and directors. In November 2004, 400,000 common shares were issued pursuant to this plan, resulting in \$172,000 in consulting expense. These shares were valued using the per share fair value of the Company's common stock on the date of issuance.

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In November 2004, the Company's board of directors approved the 2004 Marketing Consultant Stock Plan whereby up to 945,000 common shares may be granted, optioned or sold. The plan is for its consultants, key employees, and directors who contribute materially to the success and profitability of the Company as well as attracting other key employees and directors. In November 2004, 945,000 shares were issued under this plan resulting in \$406,349 of consulting and employee expense valued using the per share fair value of the Company's common stock on the date of issuance.

### NOTE 7 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

OPERATING LEASES - The Company currently leases office and storage space from a third party. On August 1, 2004, the Company entered into a lease agreement to pay a monthly lease payment of \$3,066 until June 2005.

Future minimum lease payments under operating lease obligations as of December 31, 2004, were as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	
-----	
2005	\$21,462
-----	

Rent expense for the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003 was \$33,678 and \$27,097, respectively.

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### PROTON LABORATORIES, INC NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MAJOR CUSTOMER - During the year ended December 31, 2004, sales to three customers accounted for 37% of total sales. As of December 31, 2004, there were no amounts due from these customers. During the year ended December 31, 2003, sales to one customer accounted for 11% of total sales. As of December 31, 2003, there were no amounts due from this customer.

MAJOR VENDOR - During the year ended December 31, 2004, purchases from three vendors accounted for 96% of total inventory purchases. As of December 31, 2004, amounts due to these vendors accounted for 54% of accounts payable. During the year ended December 31, 2003, purchases from two vendors accounted for 87% of total inventory purchases. As of December 31, 2003, amounts due to these vendors accounted for 65% of accounts payable.

### NOTE 8 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

COMMON STOCK - During March 2005, the Company entered into an agreement with a consultant related to promoting the Company and the possibility of a future offering of the Company's common stock. Under this agreement, the Company agreed to immediately issue the consultant 550,000 shares of the Company's common stock, resulting in \$269,500 consulting expense valued using the per share fair value of the Company's common stock on the date of the agreement. In addition, the Company agreed to pay a cash fee equal to 10% of the gross proceeds of any future common stock offering. The Company also agreed to issue the investment bank company a warrant to purchase a number of the Company's common shares equal to 10% of the gross proceeds of the offering. As part of

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the agreement, the consultant is to provide advisory services for 12 months from the close of the offering. In consideration for these services, the Company will issue the consultant common shares equal to 4.5% of the total number of common shares outstanding following the close of the offering.

NOTES PAYABLE - In March 2005 the Company also issued a note payable in the amount of \$164,000 for the purchase of inventory. The inventory will be held by the lender as collateral until the note is repaid in May 2005. The Company has also agreed to pay \$28,500, or approximately 17%, in interest. In addition, the Company is to issue the lender 47,500 shares of common stock, which will be recorded as a \$27,075 discount valued on the date of issuance and amortized over the term of the note. These shares are to be issued prior to the note's due date.

During January 2005, a shareholder advanced the Company \$40,000. This advance bears interest at 7% with principal and accrued interest due January 2007.

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### EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description
31.1	Certification pursuant to Section 13a-14 of CEO
31.2	Certification pursuant to Section 13a-14 of CFO
32.1	Certification pursuant to Section 1350 of CEO
32.2	Certification pursuant to Section 1350 of CFO

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