SCBT FINANCIAL CORP Form 10-Q August 06, 2010 Table of Contents

(Mark One)

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q



X QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2010

OR

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from

to

Commission file number 001-12669

SCBT FINANCIAL CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

South Carolina (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)

57-0799315 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

520 Gervais Street Columbia, South Carolina (Address of principal executive offices)

29201 (Zip Code)

(800) 277-2175

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate website, if any, every Interactive Data file required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (Section 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes o No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer, and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large Accelerated Filer o

Accelerated Filer x

Non-Accelerated Filer o

Smaller Reporting Company o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No x

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of issuer s classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date:

Class
Common Stock, \$2.50 par value

Outstanding as of July 31, 2010 12,778,658

SCBT Financial Corporation and Subsidiaries

June 30, 2010 Form 10-Q

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PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SCBT Financial Corporation and Subsidiary

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(Dollars in thousands, except par value)

June 201 (Unauc	10	20	iber 31, 109 te 1)	(June 30, 2009 (Unaudited)
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents:	50.554	Φ	00.500	Φ	00.022
Cash and due from banks \$	72,574	\$	80,523	\$	80,822
Interest-bearing deposits with banks	182		174		220
ı e	112,122		24,211		40,050
Money market mutual funds	2,147		104.000		36,000
•	187,025		104,908		157,092
Investment securities:					
Securities held to maturity (fair value of \$20,584, \$21,901 and \$21,748,					
respectively)	20,092		21,538		22,356
	251,644		173,303		153,643
Other investments	22,181		16,271		15,416
	293,917		211,112		191,415
Loans held for sale	22,724		17,563		53,853
Loans:					
	413,549				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,227,442	2	2,203,238		2,236,162
Less allowance for loan losses	(46,167)		(37,488)		(32,431)
	,594,824	2	2,165,750		2,203,731
FDIC receivable for loss share agreements	265,890				
Other real estate owned (covered of \$31,750, \$0, and \$0, respectively; and					
non-covered of \$9,803, \$3,102 and \$9,165, respectively)	41,553		3,102		9,165
Premises and equipment, net	84,206		71,829		73,404
Goodwill and other intangibles	73,468		65,695		65,958
Other assets	55,039		62,229		52,691
Total assets \$ 3,	,618,646	\$ 2	2,702,188	\$	2,807,309
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY					
Deposits:					
Noninterest-bearing \$	465,594	\$	346,248	\$	322,270
Interest-bearing 2,	,546,273	1	1,758,391		1,858,096
	,011,867	2	2,104,639		2,180,366
Federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to repurchase	177,281		162,515		187,677
Other borrowings	62,557		143,624		144,430
Other liabilities	32,338		8,591		15,084
Total liabilities 3,	,284,043	2	2,419,369		2,527,557
Shareholders equity:			. ,		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

Preferred stock - \$.01 par value; authorized 10,000,000 shares; no shares issued and outstanding

Common stock - \$2.50 par value; authorized 40,000,000 shares; 12,773,855,			
12,739,533 and 12,696,849 shares issued and outstanding	31,935	31,849	31,742
Surplus	197,305	196,437	195,181
Retained earnings	105,115	59,915	60,550
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	248	(5,382)	(7,721)
Total shareholders equity	334,603	282,819	279,752
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	\$ 3,618,646	\$ 2,702,188	\$ 2,807,309

The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of the Financial Statements.

SCBT Financial Corporation and Subsidiary

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income (unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

			Ionths En	nded		Six Months Ended June 30,			
		2010	ine 30,	2009	2010	ne su,	2009		
Interest income:		2010		2002			2003		
Loans, including fees	\$	35,994	\$	33,373	70,167	\$	67,090		
Investment securities:	·				., .				
Taxable		2,740		2,144	5,254		4,514		
Tax-exempt		164		231	429		466		
Federal funds sold and securities purchased under				-					
agreements to resell		214		109	466		235		
Total interest income		39,112		35,857	76,316		72,305		
Interest expense:		,		22,021	1 0,0 = 0		, _,, = , =		
Deposits		7,077		8,188	14,132		17,929		
Federal funds purchased and securities sold under		7,077		0,100	11,102		11,525		
agreements to repurchase		184		118	349		243		
Other borrowings		691		1,532	2,044		3,116		
Total interest expense		7,952		9,838	16,525		21,288		
Net interest income		31,160		26,019	59,791		51,017		
Provision for loan losses		12,509		4,521	33,287		9,564		
Net interest income after provision for loan losses		18,651		21,498	26,504		41,453		
Noninterest income:		10,051		21,490	20,504		41,433		
Gain on acquisition					98,081				
Service charges on deposit accounts		5,582		3,819	10,105		7,404		
Bankcard services income		2,348		1,290	4,147		2,472		
Mortgage banking income		1,660		2,134	2,842		3,395		
Trust and investment services income		1,187		671	1,971		1,362		
Total other-than-temporary impairment losses		(675)	(2,482)	(6,261)		(2,482)		
Portion of impairment losses recognized in other				1.020			1.020		
comprehensive loss		(675		1,938	((2(1)		1,938		
Net impairment losses recognized in earnings		(675)	(544)	(6,261)		(544)		
Other		1,319		391	2,495		803		
Total noninterest income		11,421		7,761	113,380		14,892		
Noninterest expense:									
Salaries and employee benefits		15,656		9,517	29,747		20,036		
Federal Home Loan Bank advances prepayment fee					3,189		2.4.2		
Net occupancy expense		1,937		1,559	4,280		3,142		
Furniture and equipment expense		1,907		1,499	3,573		3,059		
Information services expense		2,157		1,286	4,528		2,728		
FDIC assessment and other regulatory charges		1,227		2,333	2,550		3,517		
OREO expense and loan related		825		1,367	555		2,041		
Advertising and marketing		1,028		571	1,615		1,221		
Professional fees		616		443	1,173		759		
Amortization of intangibles		432		132	781		263		
Merger-related expense		964			4,872				
Other		2,628		2,331	5,432		4,459		
Total noninterest expense		29,377		21,038	62,295		41,225		
Earnings:									
Income before provision for income taxes		695		8,221	77,589		15,120		

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Provision for income taxes	120	2,836	28,053	5,215
Net income	575	5,385	49,536	9,905
Preferred stock dividends		450		1,115
Accretion on preferred stock discount		3,410		3,559
Net income available to common shareholders	\$ 575	\$ 1,525	\$ 49,536	\$ 5,231
Earnings per common share:				
Basic	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.13	\$ 3.93	\$ 0.45
Diluted	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.13	\$ 3.90	\$ 0.45
Dividends per common share	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.34	\$ 0.34
Weighted-average common shares outstanding:				
Basic	12,612	11,827	12,599	11,516
Diluted	12,738	11,871	12,713	11,560

The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of the Financial Statements.

SCBT Financial Corporation and Subsidiary

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders Equity (unaudited)

Six Months Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	Preferre	d Stock	Commo	n Sto	ock			Retained	Accumula Compre			
	Shares	Amount	Shares	A	Amount	Surplus		Earnings	Income	(Loss)	Total	
Balance, December 31, 2008		\$	11,250,603	\$	28,127	\$ 166,8	15 \$	59,171	\$	(9,185)\$	244,928	
Comprehensive income:												
Net income								9,905			9,905	
Change in pension liability for plan curtailment, net of tax										1,283	1,283	
Change in net unrealized gain on securities available for sale, net of												
tax										1,382	1,382	
Noncredit portion of other-than-temporary impairment losses not recognized in earnings,										(1.201)	(1.201)	
net of tax										(1,201)	(1,201)	
Total comprehensive income											11,369	
Cash dividends on Series T												
preferred stock at annual dividend		2.550						(4.67.4	`		(1.115)	
rate of 5%		3,559						(4,674)		(1,115)	
Cash dividends declared at \$.34 per share								(3,852)		(3,852)	
Issuance of Series T preferred stock									,			
and warrants to purchase common												
stock, net of issuance costs	64,779	61,220				3,4	12				64,632	
Repurchase of Series T preferred												
stock and warrants	(64,779)	(64,779)				(1,4	00)				(66,179)	
Employee stock purchases		, , ,	9,089		23		39				162	
Restricted stock awards			86,560		217	(2	17)					
Common stock repurchased			(5,903)		(16)		63)				(179)	
Share-based compensation expense			,		, ,	`	53				753	
Common stock issued in public												
offering			1,356,500		3,391	25,8	42				29,233	
Balance, June 30, 2009		\$	12,696,849	\$	31,742			60,550	\$	(7,721)\$	279,752	
			,,.		- ,-	,		,		() , , , ,	,,,,,,	
Balance, December 31, 2009		\$	12,739,533	\$	31,849	\$ 196,4	37 \$	59,915	\$	(5,382)\$	282,819	
Comprehensive income:												
Net income								49,536			49,536	
Change in net unrealized gain on												
securities available for sale, net of												
tax										6,153	6,153	
Change in unrealized losses on derivative financial instruments qualifying as cash flow hedges, net												
of tax										(523)	(523)	
Total comprehensive income											55,166	

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Cash dividends declared at \$.34 per						
share				(4,336)		(4,336)
Employee stock purchases	5,294	13	129			142
Stock options exercised	11,782	30	196			226
Restricted stock awards	22,698	57	(57)			
Common stock repurchased	(5,452)	(14)	(184)			(198)
Share-based compensation expense			784			784
Balance, June 30, 2010	\$ 12,773,855	\$ 31,935 \$	197,305 \$	105,115 \$	248 \$	334,603

The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of the Financial Statements.

SCBT Financial Corporation and Subsidiary

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands)

		Six Months Ended			
		June 2010	30,	2009	
Cash flows from operating activities:		2010		2009	
Net income	\$	49,536	\$	9,906	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	Ψ	15,000	Ψ	2,200	
Depreciation and amortization		4,316		3,388	
Provision for loan losses		33,287		9,564	
Other-than-temporary impairment on securities		6,261		544	
Gain on acquisition		(98,081)		311	
Share-based compensation expense		784		753	
Federal Home Loan Bank advances prepayment fee		3,189			
Accretion on FDIC indemnification asset		(918)			
Net amortization (accretion) of investment securities		358		(207)	
Net change in loans held for sale		(5,161)		(38,112)	
Net change in accrued income taxes		24,929		(00,112)	
Net change in miscellaneous assets and liabilities		(1,364)		(1,998)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		17,136		(16,162)	
Cash flows from investing activities:		17,100		(10,102)	
Proceeds from maturities and calls of investment securities held to maturity		1,445		1,870	
Proceeds from maturities and calls of investment securities available for sale		49,083		39,244	
Proceeds from sales of other investment securities		49		451	
Purchases of investment securities available for sale		(24,685)		(9,709)	
Purchases of other investment securities		(21,000)		(1,088)	
Net (increase) decrease in customer loans		(5,234)		71,257	
Net cash received from acquisition		306,298		, 1,20 ,	
Purchases of premises and equipment		(4,497)		(4,588)	
Net cash provided by investing activities		322,459		97,437	
Cash flows from financing activities:		022,10		77,137	
Net (increase) decrease in deposits		(101,277)		27,093	
Net increase (decrease) in federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to		(101,277)		27,055	
repurchase and other short-term borrowings		13,992		(5,443)	
Repayment of FHLB advances		(166,027)		(18,000)	
Issuance of preferred stock and warrants, net of issuance costs		(100,027)		64.632	
Repurchase of preferred stock and warrants				(66,179)	
Common stock issuance		142		29,395	
Common stock repurchased		(198)		(179)	
Dividends paid on preferred stock		(1) ()		(1,115)	
Dividends paid on common stock		(4,336)		(3,852)	
Stock options exercised		226		(3,032)	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		(257,478)		26,352	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		82,117		107,627	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		104,908		49,465	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	187,025	\$	157,092	
	Ť	==-,0==	7	23.,02	
Supplemental Disclosures:					
Cash paid for:					
Interest	\$	16,277	\$	22,244	

Income taxes \$ **6,324** \$ 5,154

The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of the Financial Statements.

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SCBT Financial Corporation and Subsidiary

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

Note 1 Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Certain prior period information has been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation, and these reclassifications had no impact on net income or equity as previously reported. Operating results for the three months ended June 30, 2010 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2010.

The condensed consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2009, has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date, but does not include all of the information and disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements.

Note 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The information contained in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes included in SCBT Financial Corporation s (the Company) Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009 should be referenced when reading these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

The following accounting policies were adopted during the fiscal year 2010.

Business Combinations, Method of Accounting for Loans Acquired, and FDIC Indemnification Asset

The Company accounts for its acquisitions under Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 805, *Business Combinations*, which requires the use of the purchase method of accounting. All identifiable assets acquired, including loans, are recorded at fair value. No allowance for loan losses related to the acquired loans is recorded on the acquisition date as the fair value of the loans acquired incorporates assumptions regarding credit risk. Loans acquired are recorded at fair value in accordance with the fair value methodology prescribed in FASB ASC Topic 820, exclusive of the loss share agreements with the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (the FDIC). The fair value estimates associated with the loans include estimates related to expected prepayments and the amount and timing of undiscounted expected principal, interest and other cash flows.

Acquired credit-impaired loans are accounted for under the accounting guidance for loans and debt securities acquired with deteriorated credit quality, found in ASC Topic 310-30, Receivables Loans and Debt Securities Acquired with Deteriorated Credit Quality, formerly American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) Statement of Position (SOP) 03-3, Accounting for Certain Loans or Debt Securities Acquired in a Transfer, and initially measured at fair value, which includes estimated future credit losses expected to be incurred over the life of the loans. Loans acquired in business combinations with evidence of credit deterioration since origination and for which it is probable that all contractually required payments will not be collected are considered to be credit impaired. Evidence of credit quality deterioration as of purchase dates may include information such as past-due and nonaccrual status, borrower credit scores and recent loan to value percentages. The Company considers expected prepayments and estimates the amount and timing of undiscounted expected principal, interest and other cash flows for each loan or pool of loans meeting the criteria above, and determines the excess of the loan s scheduled contractual principal and contractual interest payments over all cash flows expected at acquisition as an amount that should not be accreted (nonaccretable difference). The remaining amount, representing the excess of the loan s or pool s cash flows expected to be collected over the amount deemed paid for the loan or pool of loans, is accreted into interest income over the remaining life of the loan or pool (accretable yield). The Company records a discount on these loans at acquisition to record them at their realizable cash flow. In accordance with ASC Topic 310-30, the Company aggregated loans that have common risk characteristics into pools within the following loan categories: commercial real estate, commercial real estate construction and development, residential real estate, residential real estate junior lien, home equity, consumer, commercial and industrial, and single pay.

Loans acquired through business combinations that do not meet the specific criteria of ASC Topic 310-30, but for which a discount is attributable at least in part to credit quality, are also accounted for under this guidance. As a result, related discounts are recognized subsequently through accretion based on the expected cash flow of the acquired loans.

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Note 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Pursuant to an AICPA letter dated December 18, 2009, the AICPA summarized the SEC staff's view regarding the accounting in subsequent periods for discount accretion associated with loan receivables acquired in a business combination or asset purchase. Regarding the accounting for such loan receivables, that in the absence of further standard setting, the AICPA understands that the SEC staff would not object to an accounting policy based on contractual cash flows (ASC Topic 310-20 approach) or an accounting policy based on expected cash flows (ASC Topic 310-30 approach). Management believes the approach using expected cash flows is a more appropriate option to follow in accounting for the fair value discount.

Subsequent to the acquisition date, increases in cash flows expected to be received in excess of the Company s initial investment in the loans should be accreted into interest income on a level-yield basis over the life of the loan. Decreases in cash flows expected to be collected should be recognized as impairment through the provision for loan losses. The FDIC indemnification asset will be adjusted accordingly with increases and decreases in expected cash flows.

The FDIC indemnification asset is measured separately from the related covered asset as it is not contractually embedded in the assets and is not transferable with the assets should the Company choose to dispose of them. Fair value was estimated using projected cash flows related to the loss sharing agreements based on the expected reimbursements for losses and the applicable loss sharing percentages. These expected reimbursements do not include reimbursable amounts related to future covered expenditures. These cash flows were discounted to reflect the uncertainty of the timing and receipt of the loss sharing reimbursement from the FDIC.

Note 3 Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In July 2010, the FASB issued an update to the accounting standards governing the disclosures associated with credit quality and the allowance for loan losses. This new guidance requires additional disclosures related to the allowance for loan losses with the objective of providing financial statement users with greater transparency about an entity s loan loss reserves and overall credit quality. Additional disclosures include showing on a disaggregated basis the aging of receivables, credit quality indicators, and troubled debt restructures with their effect on the allowance for loan losses. The provisions of this standard are effective for interim and annual reporting periods ending on or after December 15, 2010. The adoption of this standard will not have a material impact on the Company s financial position and results of operations; however, it will increase the amount of disclosures in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

In January 2010, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2010-06, an update to ASC 820-10, Fair Value Measurements. This update adds a new requirement to disclose transfers in and out of level 1 and level 2, along with the reasons for the transfers, and requires a gross presentation of purchases and sales of level 3 activities. Additionally, the update clarifies that entities provide fair value measurement disclosures for each class of assets and liabilities and that entities provide enhanced disclosures around level 2 valuation techniques and inputs. The Company adopted the disclosure requirements for level 1 and level 2 transfers and the expanded fair value measurement and valuation disclosures effective January 1, 2010. The disclosure requirements for level 3 activities are effective for the Company on January 1, 2011. The adoption of the disclosure requirements for level 1 and level 2 transfers and the expanded qualitative disclosures, had no impact on the Company s financial position, results of operations, and earnings per share (EPS). The Company does not expect the adoption of the level 3 disclosure requirements to have an impact on its financial position, results of operations, and EPS.

In February 2010, the FASB issued ASU 2010-09 amending its guidance in FASB ASC 855-10, *Subsequent Events*, to remove the requirement for Securities & Exchange Commission (SEC) filers to disclose the date through which an entity has evaluated subsequent events. This change alleviates potential conflicts with current SEC guidance.

In April 2009, the FASB issued FSP No. FAS 141(R)-1, *Accounting for Assets Acquired and Liabilities Assumed in a Business Combination That Arise from Contingencies.* FASB ASC 805-10-65-1 in topic 805, *Business Combinations*, includes the transition and open effective date information related to this FSP. The guidance amends and clarifies the accounting for assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination that arise from contingencies. Assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination that arise from contingencies should be recognized at fair value on the acquisition date if fair value can be determined during the measurement period. If fair value cannot be determined, companies should typically account for the acquired contingencies using existing guidance. Contingent consideration arrangements of an acquiree assumed by the acquirer as part of a business combination will be accounted for as contingent consideration by the acquirer. The guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. The guidance was effective and applied to the Company s FDIC-assisted acquisition during the first quarter of 2010.

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Note 4 Mergers and Acquisitions

On January 29, 2010, the Company s wholly owned bank subsidiary, SCBT, N.A. (the Bank), entered into a purchase and assumption agreement (the P&A Agreement), including loss share arrangements, with the FDIC to purchase certain assets and assume substantially all of the deposits and certain liabilities of Community Bank & Trust (CBT), a full service Georgia state-chartered community bank headquartered in Cornelia, Georgia. CBT operated 38 locations, including 36 branches, one loan production office and one trust office in the Northeast region of Georgia.

Pursuant to the P&A Agreement, the Bank received a discount of \$158.0 million on the assets acquired and did not pay the FDIC a premium to assume all customer deposits. The loans and foreclosed real estate purchased are covered by a loss share agreement between the FDIC and the Bank. Under this loss share agreement, the FDIC has agreed to cover 80% of loan and foreclosed real estate losses up to \$233.0 million and 95% of losses that exceed that amount. Gains and recoveries on covered assets will offset losses, or be paid to the FDIC, at the applicable loss share percentage at the time of recovery. The loss sharing agreement applicable to single family residential mortgage loans provides for FDIC loss sharing and Bank reimbursement to the FDIC for ten years. The loss share agreement applicable to commercial loans provides for FDIC loss sharing for five years and Bank reimbursement to the FDIC for eight years. As of the date of acquisition, we calculated the amount of such reimbursements that we expect to receive from the FDIC using the present value of anticipated cash flows from the covered assets based on the credit adjustments estimated for each pool of loans and the estimated losses on foreclosed assets. In accordance with ASC Topic 805, the FDIC Indemnification Asset was initially recorded at its fair value, and is measured separately from the loan assets and foreclosed assets because the loss sharing agreements are not contractually embedded in them or transferrable with them in the event of disposal. The balance of the FDIC Indemnification Asset increases and decreases as the expected and actual cash flows from the covered asset fluctuates, as loans are paid off or impaired and as loans and foreclosed assets are sold. There are no contractual interest rates on this contractual receivable from the FDIC; however, a discount was recorded against the initial balance of the FDIC Indemnification Asset in conjunction with the fair value measurement as this receivable will be collected over the term of the loss s

The Bank did not immediately acquire the real estate, banking facilities, furniture or equipment of CBT as a part of the P&A Agreement. However, the Bank had the option to purchase the real estate, furniture and equipment from the FDIC. The term of this option expired on April 29, 2010, 90 days from the date of the acquisition. On April 28, 2010, the Bank notified the FDIC that it planned to acquire seven bank facilities with an appraised value of approximately \$10.9 million. In addition, the Bank notified the FDIC that it plans to purchase approximately \$700,000 of furniture or equipment related to 27 locations being retained by the Bank. The Bank will settle this purchase along with other settlement items identified by September 30, 2010 and currently expects to pay \$4.7 million as of June 30, 2010. These 27 banking facilities include both leased and owned locations. In late May and early June of 2010, the Bank closed 10 bank branches, 1 trust office, and converted the operating system of the acquired Georgia franchise.

The acquisition was accounted for under the acquisition method of accounting in accordance with FASB ASC 805, *Business Combinations*. Both the purchased assets and liabilities assumed are recorded at their respective acquisition date fair values. Determining the fair value of assets and liabilities, especially the loan portfolio and foreclosed real estate, is a complicated process involving significant judgment regarding methods and assumptions used to calculate estimated fair values. Fair values are preliminary and subject to refinement for up to one year after the closing date of the acquisition as additional information regarding the closing date fair values becomes available. During the second quarter of 2010, the Company continued to gather information regarding the initial fair value estimates of assets and liabilities acquired, but have identified no material adjustments as of June 30, 2010. The purchase accounting adjustments and the loss sharing arrangement with the FDIC will significantly impact the effects of the acquired entity on the ongoing operations of the Company. Disclosure of pro forma financial information is also made more difficult by the troubled nature of CBT prior to the date of the combination. The Company has omitted certain financial information of CBT required by Rule 3-05 of Regulation S-X and the related pro forma financial information under Article 11 of Regulation S-X pursuant to the guidance provided in SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin 1:K, *Financial Statements of Acquired Troubled Financial Institutions* (SAB 1:K). SAB 1:K provides relief from the requirements of Rule 3-05 in certain instances, such as the CBT transaction, where a registrant engages in an acquisition of a significant amount of assets of a troubled financial institution that involves pervasive federal assistance and audited financial statements of the troubled financial institution are not reasonably available.

As of June 30, 2010, noninterest income includes a pre-tax gain of \$98.1 million which resulted from the acquisition of CBT. The amount of the gain is equal to the amount by which the fair value of assets acquired exceeded the fair value of liabilities assumed. The Company recognized \$964,000 and \$4.9 million in merger-related expense during the three months and six months ended June 30, 2010, respectively.

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Note 4 Mergers and Acquisitions (continued)

The following table presents the assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of January 29, 2010, as record by CBT on the acquisition date and as adjusted for purchase accounting adjustments.

(Dollars in thousands)	A	As Recorded by CBT	Balances Kept by FDIC	Balances Acquired from FDIC	Fair Value Adjustments	As Recorded by SCBT
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	80,615	\$ (12)	\$ 80,603	\$ \$	80,603
Investment securities		116,270	(10,046)	106,224	(613)(a)	105,611
Loans		828,223	(56,725)	771,498	(312,033)(b)	459,465
Premises and equipment		24,063	(24,015)	48		48
Intangible assets					8,535(c)	8,535
FDIC receivable for loss sharing agreement					276,789(d)	276,789
Other real estate owned and repossessed						
assets		46,271	4,852	51,123	(25,194)(e)	25,929
Other assets		26,414	(18,541)	7,873		7,873
Total assets	\$	1,121,856	\$ (104,487)	\$ 1,017,369	\$ (52,516) \$	964,853
Liabilities						
Deposits:						
Noninterest-bearing	\$	107,617	\$ (11,602)	\$ 96,015	\$ \$	96,015
Interest-bearing		907,288	311	907,599	4,892(f)	912,491
Total deposits		1,014,905	(11,291)	1,003,614	4,892	1,008,506
Other borrowings		80,250		80,250	2,316(g)	82,566
Other liabilities		10,748	(3,614)	7,134	194(h)	7,328
Total liabilities		1,105,903	(14,905)	1,090,998	7,402	1,098,400
Net assets acquired over liablities assumed	\$	15,953	\$ (89,582)	\$ (73,629)	\$ (59,918) \$	(133,547)
Excess of assets acquired over liabilities						
assumed	\$	15,953	\$ (89,582)	\$ (73,629)		
Aggregate fair value adjustments					\$ (59,918)	
3					` ' '	
Cash received from the FDIC					\$	225,695
Cash due from FDIC						5,933
Total cash received and due from the FDIC						231,628
Pre-tax gain on acquisition					\$	
· ·						

Explanation of fair value adjustments

Adjustment reflects:

- (a) Adjustment reflects marking the available-for-sale portfolio to fair value as of the acquisition date.
- (b) Adjustment reflects the fair value adjustments based on the Company s evaluation of the acquired loan portfolio.
- (c) Adjustment reflects the recording of the core deposit intangible on the acquired deposit accounts.

- (d) Adjustment reflects the estimated fair value of payments the Company will receive from the FDIC under the loss share agreements.
- (e) Adjustment reflects the estimated OREO losses based on the Company s evaluation of the acquired OREO portfolio.
- (f) Adjustment arises since the rates on interest-bearing deposits are higher than rates available on similar deposits as of the acquisition date.
- (g) Adjustment reflects the prepayment penalty paid when FHLB advances were completely paid off in early February 2010.
- (h) Adjustment reflects the fair value of leases assumed.

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Note 5 Investment Securities

The following is the amortized cost and fair value of investment securities held to maturity:

(Dollars in thousands)	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
June 30, 2010:				
State and municipal obligations	\$ 20,092	\$ 506	\$ (14) \$	20,584
December 31, 2009:				
State and municipal obligations	\$ 21,538	\$ 391	\$ (28) \$	21,901
June 30, 2009:				
State and municipal obligations	\$ 22,356	\$ 88	\$ (696) \$	21,748

The following is the amortized cost and fair value of investment securities available for sale:

		Gross		Gross	
	Amortized	Unrealized		Unrealized	Fair
(Dollars in thousands)	Cost	Gains		Losses	Value
June 30, 2010:					
Government-sponsored enterprises debt *	\$ 111,383	\$ 1,909	\$	(2)	\$ 113,290
State and municipal obligations	40,495	1,330		(373)	41,452
Mortgage-backed securities **	85,789	4,998			90,787
Trust preferred (collateralized debt obligations)	5,883			(123)	5,760
Corporate stocks	285	89		(19)	355
	\$ 243,835	\$ 8,326	\$	(517)	\$ 251,644
December 31, 2009:					
Government-sponsored enterprises debt *	\$ 36,785	\$ 166	\$	(336)	\$ 36,615
State and municipal obligations	26,727	489		(411)	26,805
Mortgage-backed securities **	99,192	4,182		(106)	103,268
Trust preferred (collateralized debt obligations)	12,042			(5,792)	6,250
Corporate stocks	285	80			365
	\$ 175,031	\$ 4,917	\$	(6,645)	\$ 173,303
June 30, 2009:					
Government-sponsored enterprises debt *	\$ 11,477	\$ 246	\$		\$ 11,723
State and municipal obligations	19,146	70		(1,100)	18,116
Mortgage-backed securities **	109,736	4,003			113,739
Trust preferred (collateralized debt obligations)	16,447			(6,745)	9,702
Corporate stocks	369	208		(214)	363
	\$ 157,175	\$ 4,527	\$	(8,059)	\$ 153,643

^{* -} Government-sponsored enterprises holdings are comprised of debt securities offered by Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC) or Freddie Mac, Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) or Fannie Mae, Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB), and Federal Farm Credit Banks (FFCB).

** - All of the mortgage-backed securities are issued by government-sponsored enterprises; no private-label holdings.

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Note 5 Investment Securities (continued)

The following is the amortized cost and fair value of other investment securities:

		_	Gross	Gross	
(Dollars in thousands)	Amortized Cost	ι		nrealized Losses	Fair Value
June 30, 2010:	Cost		Gains	Lusses	v aluc
Federal Reserve Bank stock	5,987	\$	\$	\$	5,987
Federal Home Loan Bank stock	14,862	_	•	,	14,862
Investment in unconsolidated subsidiaries	1,332				1,332
\$	22,181	\$	\$	\$	22,181
December 31, 2009:					
Federal Reserve Bank stock	5,987	\$	\$	\$	5,987
Federal Home Loan Bank stock	8,952				8,952
Investment in unconsolidated subsidiaries	1,332				1,332
S	16,271	\$	\$	\$	16,271
June 30, 2009:					
Federal Reserve Bank stock	5,132	\$	\$	\$	5,132
Federal Home Loan Bank stock	8,952				8,952
Investment in unconsolidated subsidiaries	1,332				1,332
\$	15,416	\$	\$	\$	15,416

The Company has determined that the investment in Federal Reserve Bank stock and Federal Home Loan Bank stock is not other than temporarily impaired as of June 30, 2010 and ultimate recoverability of the par value of these investments is probable. See Item 2 in MD&A under Other Investments.

The amortized cost and fair value of debt securities at June 30, 2010 by contractual maturity are detailed below. Expected maturities will differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without prepayment penalties.

	Securities Held to Maturity					Securities Available for Sale			
(Dollars in thousands)	Amortized Cost		Fair Value		Amortized Cost		Fair Value		
Due in one year or less	\$	489	\$	494	\$	3,911	\$	4,029	
Due after one year through five years		260		260		41,361		42,070	
Due after five years through ten years		3,322		3,443		45,033		46,607	
Due after ten years		16,021		16,387		153,530		158,938	
	\$	20,092	\$	20,584	\$	243,835	\$	251,644	

Note 5 Investment Securities (continued)

Information pertaining to the Company s securities available for sale with gross unrealized losses at June 30, 2010, December 31, 2009 and June 30, 2009, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position is as follows:

	Less Than Twelve Months Gross				Twelve Months or More Gross			
		realized		Fair		Unrealized	Fair	
(Dollars in thousands)	_	Losses		Value		Losses		Value
June 30, 2010:								
Securities Held to Maturity								
State and municipal obligations	\$		\$		\$	14	\$	808
Securities Available for Sale								
Government-sponsored enterprises debt	\$	2	\$	2,574	\$		\$	
State and municipal obligations		55		2,563		319		4,322
Trust preferred (collateralized debt obligations)						122		2,450
Corporate stocks		19		150				
	\$	76	\$	5,287	\$	441	\$	6,772
D 1 21 2000								
December 31, 2009:								
Securities Held to Maturity		• •		4.000	_			
State and municipal obligations	\$	28	\$	4,308	\$		\$	
Securities Available for Sale								
Government-sponsored enterprises debt	\$	336	\$	21,117	\$		\$	
State and municipal obligations	Ψ	13	Ψ	3,281	Ψ	398	Ψ	4,400
Mortgage-backed securities		106		9,388		370		1,100
Trust preferred (collateralized debt obligations)		100		7,500		5,792		6,250
Trust preferred (conditionalized debt congulations)	\$	455	\$	33,786	\$	6,190	\$	10,650
	-		-	22,100	-	2,22	_	23,020
June 30, 2009:								
Securities Held to Maturity								
State and municipal obligations	\$	696	\$	16,747	\$		\$	
Securities Available for Sale								
	Ф	1 100	Ф	14.500	ф		ф	
State and municipal obligations	\$	1,100	\$	14,520	Э	6745	\$	0.702
Trust preferred (collateralized debt obligations)		21.4		162		6,745		9,702
Corporate stocks	Ф	214	d.	163	ф	6745	ф	0.702
	\$	1,314	\$	14,683	\$	6,745	\$	9,702

Note 5 Investment Securities (continued)

The following table presents a roll forward of recognized charges to earnings on certain trust preferred securities for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010:

(Dollars in thousands)	Ju	onths Ended ne 30, 2010	Six Months Ended June 30, 2010
Balance at beginning of period	\$	10,418 \$	4,922
Additional fair market value losses on debt securities for which			
other-than-temporary impairment was previously recognized			
PreTSL IX B-3		29	1,258
PreTSL X B-1		334	1,550
PreTSL X B-3		95	431
PreTSL XI B-1		81	1,569
PreTSL XIII B-2		30	459
PreTSL XIV		96	894
Net fair market value losses recognized in earnings		665	6,161
Balance at end of period	\$	11,083 \$	11,083

In the second quarter of 2010, the Company continued to evaluate its pooled trust preferred collateralized debt obligations (TRUPs) for other-than-temporary impairment (OTTI). As of June 30, 2009, the Company adopted FSP FAS 115-2 and FAS 124-2, *Recognition and Presentation of Other-than-Temporary Impairments*, in FASB ASC 320-10-65-1 which requires that credit-related OTTI on debt securities be recognized in earnings while noncredit-related OTTI on debt securities not expected to be sold be recognized in other comprehensive income. During the first quarter of 2010, the Company concluded that there appears to have been a change in the fundamental behavior and inclination of some issuers toward earlier deferrals or defaults on their payments in the trust preferred pools and as a result the performance of the pools has decreased the probability that the Company would be able to recognize cash flows in excess of the estimated fair value of the securities. In addition, the Company may decide to liquidate these securities before anticipated recovery given the impact of the changes in the nature of the Company s balance sheet and levels of classified assets to capital resulting from the CBT acquisition. As a result of this analysis, the Company changed its intent and expectations relative to these securities, and has written these securities down to fair market value (reflecting both credit and non-credit related considerations). Therefore, a \$665,000 charge was recognized in earnings during the second quarter of 2010 to write these securities down to their estimated fair value of \$3.3 million as of June 30, 2010, compared to a \$5.5 million charge during the first quarter of 2010. These earnings charges were taken on six of the eight TRUPs, as presented in the table above. PreTSL XVI C was fully written off as of December 31, 2009. All future fair market value losses in these securities will be charged to earnings, and any gains will be recorded through other comprehensive income, net of tax.

MMCaps I A is a senior security in a pool where deferral/default experience has been more predictable, and the Company currently expects to collect all contractual principal and interest. Any unrealized gain or loss related to this security has been recorded through other comprehensive income (equity), net of tax.

On an ongoing basis, the Company reviews its investment portfolio for indications of impairment. This review includes analyzing the length of time and the extent to which fair value has been lower than the cost, the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuers on a specific collateral approach basis (discussed further below), including any specific events which may influence the operations of those issuers. The Company evaluates its intent and ability to hold investments for a period of time sufficient to allow for any anticipated recovery in the market,

including consideration of its investment strategy, cash flow needs, liquidity position, capital adequacy and interest rate risk position.

Additionally, the risk of further OTTI charges may be influenced by additional bank failures, prolonged recession of the U.S. economy, changes in real estate values, interest deferrals, and whether the federal government continues to provide financial assistance to financial institutions.

At June 30, 2010, the book value of the Company s TRUPs totaled \$5.9 million with an estimated fair value of \$5.8 million. One of these securities is a senior tranche (MMCaps I A) and the remaining seven securities are mezzanine tranches. During the second quarter of 2010, Moody s downgraded PreTSL X B-1 and X B-3 to C from a Ca credit rating.

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Note 5 Investment Securities (continued)

As of June 30, 2010, the following table provides detail of the Company s pooled TRUPs:

		Current Information for the Securities					Receiving	Deferral / Default Statistics			
(Dollars in thousands)	Class	# of Issuers	Book Value	Fair Value	Princi Inter Contrac Tair Unrealized Credit at		Principal / Interest Contractually at 6/30/10?	Defaults % of Total Collateral Balance (4)	Excess Su	with the second	
PreTSL IX B-3	Mezzanine	44	\$ 1,036	\$ 1,036	\$	Ca / C	Yes / No (3)	29.2%	\$	0.0%	
PreTSL X B-1	Mezzanine	53	134	134		C/C	Yes / No (3)	44.3%	•	0.0%	
PreTSL X B-3	Mezzanine	53	38	38		C/C	Yes / No (3)	44.3%		0.0%	
PreTSL XI B-1	Mezzanine	60	1,095	1,095		Ca / C	Yes / Yes	23.7%		0.0%	
PreTSL XIII B-2	Mezzanine	64	385	385		Ca / C	Yes / Yes	21.6%		0.0%	
PreTSL XIV B-2	Mezzanine	62	622	622		Ca/C	Yes / No (3)	22.9%		0.0%	
PreTSL XVI C	Mezzanine	46				Ca / C	Yes / No (3)	37.0%		0.0%	
MMCaps I A	Senior	27	2,572	2,450	(122)	A3 / A	Yes / Yes	20.7%	56,019	26.2%	
Total			\$ 5.882	\$ 5.760	\$ (122)						

Notes to table above:

- (1) Unrealized loss greater than twelve months.
- (2) Credit Ratings represent Moody s and Fitch ratings (S&P does not rate these securities).
- (3) Interest on this security is currently not being paid in cash, but is being added (capitalized) to the principal balance, a process known as a payment in kind (PIK). This is the result of a current, temporary interest shortfall being experienced due to the amount of deferrals within the given deal, and therefore, there is not enough interest available to pay the current interest on the given class of notes. Also, a PIK may occur as a result of breaching the principal coverage test of the class of notes immediately senior to the given class. The Company has four TRUPs, PreTSL X B-1, X B-3, XIV B-2, and XVI C, which are fully PIK. In addition, PreTSL IX B-3 is partially PIK.
- (4) This ratio represents the amount of specific deferrals/defaults that have occurred, plus those that are known or projected for the following quarters, to the total amount of original collateral for a given deal. Fewer deferrals/defaults produce a lower ratio.
- (5) Excess subordination amount is the additional defaults/deferrals necessary in the next reporting period to deplete the entire credit enhancement (excess interest and over-collateralization) beneath our tranche within each pool to the point that would cause a break in yield. This amount assumes that all currently performing collateral continues to perform. A break in yield means that our security would not be expected to receive all the contractual cash flows (principal and interest) by maturity. The percent of current performing collateral is the ratio of the excess subordination amount to current performing collateral a higher percent means there is more excess subordination to absorb additional defaults/deferrals, and the better our security is protected from loss.

Note 6 Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses

The Company s loan portfolio is comprised of the following:

(Dollars in thousands)	June 30, 2010	D	December 31, 2009	June 30, 2009	
Loans covered under loss share agreements	\$ 413,549	\$	\$		
Loans not covered under loss share agreements:					
Commercial non-owner occupied real estate:					
Construction and land development	443,758		467,284	489,730	
Commercial non-owner occupied	294,804		303,650	318,909	
Total commercial non-owner occupied real estate	738,562		770,934	808,639	
Consumer real estate:					
Consumer owner occupied	304,598		284,484	289,423	
Home equity loans	251,951		248,639	239,250	
Total consumer real estate	556,549		533,123	528,673	
Commercial owner occupied real estate	498,879		469,101	456,973	
Commercial and industrial	212,863		214,174	214,384	
Other income producing property	126,004		137,736	136,098	
Consumer	63,133		68,770	79,386	
Other loans	31,452		9,400	12,009	
Total loans not covered under loss share agreements	2,227,442		2,203,238	2,236,162	
Less, allowance for loan losses	(46,167)		(37,488)	(32,431)	
Loans, net	\$ 2,594,824	\$	2,165,750 \$	2,203,731	

The Company s loans covered under loss share agreements portfolio is comprised of the following balances:

(Dollars in thousands)	Impaired Acquired Loans	_	ne 30, 2010 All Other Acquired Loans	Total
Loans covered under loss share agreements:				
Commercial real estate:				
Construction and land development	\$ 58,933	\$	24,222	\$ 83,155
Commercial real estate	48,180		71,110	119,290
Total commercial real estate	107,113		95,332	202,445
Consumer real estate:				
Consumer owner occupied	77,295		58,890	136,185
Home equity loans	4,669		6,241	10,910
Total consumer real estate	81,964		65,131	147,095
Commercial and industrial	15,678		29,087	44,765
Consumer	9,447		6,849	16,296
Other loans			2,948	2,948
Total loans covered under loss share agreements	\$ 214,202	\$	199,347	\$ 413,549

Note 6 Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses (continued)

Contractual loan payments receivable, estimates of amounts not expected to be collected, other fair value adjustments and the resulting fair values of acquired loans impaired at acquisition date and all other acquired loans as of June 30, 2010 are as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)	Impaired Loans	Non-impaired Loans	Total
Contractually-required principal and interest	\$ 386,729	268,488	\$ 655,217
Non-accretable difference	(169,778)	(60,359)	(230,137)
Cash flows expected to be collected	216,951	208,129	425,080
Accretable yield	(2,749)	(8,782)	(11,531)
Fair value	\$ 214,202	199,347	\$ 413,549

Income on acquired loans that are not impaired at acquisition date is recognized in the same manner as loans impaired at acquisition date. A portion of the fair value discount on acquired non-impaired loans has been ascribed as an accretable yield that is accreted into interest income over the estimated remaining life of the loans. The remaining nonaccretable difference represents cash flows not expected to be collected.

The following are changes in the carrying value of acquired loans at acquisition date during the six months ended June 30, 2010:

(Dollars in thousands)	Impaired Loans	Non-impaired Loans
Balance, December 31, 2009	\$ 9	\$
Fair value of acquired impaired loans	233,236	226,229
Reductions for payments and foreclosures	(19,034)	(26,882)
Balance, June 30, 2010	\$ 214,202	\$ 199,347

An analysis of the changes in the allowance for loan losses for non-covered loans is as follows:

	June 30,							
(Dollars in thousands)		2010		2009				
Balance at beginning of period	\$	37,488	\$	31,525				
Loans charged-off		(25,543)		(9,518)				
Recoveries of loans previously charged-off		935		860				
Net charge-offs		(24,608)		(8,658)				
Provision for loan losses		33,287		9,564				
Balance at end of period	\$	46,167	\$	32,431				

At June 30, 2010 and 2009, there were \$54.7 million and \$23.3 million, respectively, of non-covered loans classified as impaired because it is probable that the Company will be unable to collect all principal and interest payments due according to the terms of the related loan agreements. Specific reserves allocated to these impaired non-covered loans totaled \$7.7 million and \$2.5 million at June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. At June 30, 2010, there were approximately \$33.3 million of impaired non-covered loans with specific reserves. At June 30, 2010, there were approximately \$21.4 million of impaired non-covered loans for which there are no specific reserves. The average recorded investments in impaired non-covered loans for the quarters ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 were \$43.7 million and \$19.2 million, respectively.

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Note 7 Deposits

The Company s total deposits are comprised of the following:

(Dollars in thousands)	June 30, 2010	December 31, 2009	June 30, 2009
Certificates of deposit	\$ 1,276,085	\$ 863,507	\$ 1,026,260
Interest-bearing demand deposits	1,072,842		