

SELECT MEDICAL HOLDINGS CORP  
Form 10-Q  
May 03, 2012  
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**UNITED STATES**  
**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Washington, D.C. 20549

**FORM 10-Q**

(Mark One)

**Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

**For the Quarterly Period Ended March 31, 2012**

**Transition report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

**For the Transition Period From                      to                      .**

**Commission File Numbers: 001 34465 and 001 31441**

**SELECT MEDICAL HOLDINGS CORPORATION**

**SELECT MEDICAL CORPORATION**

(Exact name of Registrants as specified in their charters)

**Delaware**  
**Delaware**  
(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

**20-1764048**  
**23-2872718**  
(I.R.S. employer identification  
number)

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4714 Gettysburg Road, P.O. Box 2034, Mechanicsburg, Pennsylvania 17055

(Address of principal executive offices and zip code)

(717) 972-1100

(Registrants telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrants (1) have filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter periods as the Registrants were required to file such reports), and (2) have been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES x NO o

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrants have submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrants were required to submit and post such files). YES x NO o

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrants are large accelerated filers, accelerated filers, non-accelerated filers, or smaller reporting companies. See definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer o

Accelerated filer x

Non-accelerated filer o

Smaller reporting company o

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrants are shell companies (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). YES o NO x

As of April 30, 2012, Select Medical Holdings Corporation had outstanding 141,056,662 shares of common stock.

This Form 10-Q is a combined quarterly report being filed separately by two Registrants: Select Medical Holdings Corporation and Select Medical Corporation. Unless the context indicates otherwise, any reference in this report to Holdings refers to Select Medical Holdings Corporation and any reference to Select refers to Select Medical Corporation, the wholly-owned operating subsidiary of Holdings. References to the Company, we, us, and our refer collectively to Select Medical Holdings Corporation and Select Medical Corporation.

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Table of Contents**PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION****ITEM 1. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****Consolidated Balance Sheets**

(unaudited)

(in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

	Select Medical Holdings Corporation		Select Medical Corporation	
	December 31, 2011	March 31, 2012	December 31, 2011	March 31, 2012
<b>ASSETS</b>				
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,043	\$ 9,274	\$ 12,043	\$ 9,274
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$47,469 and \$44,466 in 2011 and 2012, respectively	413,743	465,687	413,743	465,687
Current deferred tax asset	18,305	19,894	18,305	19,894
Prepaid income taxes	9,497		9,497	
Other current assets	29,822	34,178	29,822	34,178
<b>Total Current Assets</b>	<b>483,410</b>	<b>529,033</b>	<b>483,410</b>	<b>529,033</b>
Property and equipment, net	510,028	491,773	510,028	491,773
Goodwill	1,631,716	1,631,383	1,631,716	1,631,383
Other identifiable intangibles	72,123	71,868	72,123	71,868
Assets held for sale	2,742	2,742	2,742	2,742
Other assets	72,128	79,779	70,719	78,463
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$ 2,772,147</b>	<b>\$ 2,806,578</b>	<b>\$ 2,770,738</b>	<b>\$ 2,805,262</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>				
Current Liabilities:				
Bank overdrafts	\$ 16,609	\$ 19,100	\$ 16,609	\$ 19,100
Current portion of long-term debt and notes payable	10,848	14,451	10,848	14,451
Accounts payable	95,618	94,058	95,618	94,058
Accrued payroll	82,888	70,634	82,888	70,634
Accrued vacation	51,250	54,701	51,250	54,701
Accrued interest	15,096	5,942	11,980	5,489
Accrued restructuring	5,027	4,325	5,027	4,325
Accrued other	101,076	95,652	106,316	95,652
Income taxes payable		16,095		16,095
Due to third party payors	5,526	6,011	5,526	6,011
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>	<b>383,938</b>	<b>380,969</b>	<b>386,062</b>	<b>380,516</b>
Long-term debt, net of current portion	1,385,950	1,399,039	1,218,650	1,231,739

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Non-current deferred tax liability	82,028	85,029	82,028	85,029
Other non-current liabilities	64,905	69,459	64,905	69,459
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>1,916,821</b>	<b>1,934,496</b>	<b>1,751,645</b>	<b>1,766,743</b>
<b>Stockholders' Equity:</b>				
Common stock of Holdings, \$0.001 par value, 700,000,000 shares authorized, 145,268,190 shares and 142,158,133 shares issued and outstanding in 2011 and 2012, respectively	145	142		
Common stock of Select, \$0.01 par value, 100 shares issued and outstanding			0	0
Capital in excess of par	493,828	479,547	848,844	850,800
Retained earnings	328,882	359,990	137,778	155,316
<b>Total Select Medical Holdings Corporation and Select Medical Corporation Stockholders' Equity</b>	<b>822,855</b>	<b>839,679</b>	<b>986,622</b>	<b>1,006,116</b>
Non-controlling interest	32,471	32,403	32,471	32,403
<b>Total Equity</b>	<b>855,326</b>	<b>872,082</b>	<b>1,019,093</b>	<b>1,038,519</b>
<b>Total Liabilities and Equity</b>	<b>\$ 2,772,147</b>	<b>\$ 2,806,578</b>	<b>\$ 2,770,738</b>	<b>\$ 2,805,262</b>

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.*

Table of Contents**Consolidated Statements of Operations**

(unaudited)

(in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Select Medical Holdings Corporation For the Quarter Ended March 31,		Select Medical Corporation For the Quarter Ended March 31,	
	2011	2012	2011	2012
Net operating revenues	\$ 693,186	\$ 744,021	\$ 693,186	\$ 744,021
Costs and expenses:				
Cost of services	557,416	611,619	557,416	611,619
General and administrative	16,566	14,224	16,566	14,224
Bad debt expense	14,350	10,375	14,350	10,375
Depreciation and amortization	17,222	16,199	17,222	16,199
Total costs and expenses	605,554	652,417	605,554	652,417
Income from operations	87,632	91,604	87,632	91,604
Other income and expense:				
Equity in earnings (losses) of unconsolidated subsidiaries	(73)	2,465	(73)	2,465
Interest income	56		56	
Interest expense	(25,664)	(23,922)	(18,662)	(21,250)
Income before income taxes	61,951	70,147	68,953	72,819
Income tax expense	26,564	27,575	29,014	28,510
Net income	35,387	42,572	39,939	44,309
Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests	1,715	1,030	1,715	1,030
Net income attributable to Select Medical Holdings Corporation and Select Medical Corporation	\$ 33,672	\$ 41,542	\$ 38,224	\$ 43,279
Income per common share:				
Basic	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.29		
Diluted	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.29		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**Select Medical Holdings Corporation****Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and Income**

(unaudited)

(in thousands)

	Select Medical Holdings Corporation Stockholders					
	Total	Common Stock Issued	Common Stock Par Value	Capital in Excess of Par	Retained Earnings	Non-controlling Interests
Balance at December 31, 2011	\$ 855,326	145,268	\$ 145	\$ 493,828	\$ 328,882	\$ 32,471
Net income	42,572				41,542	1,030
Issuance and vesting of restricted stock	960	65	0	960		
Exercise of stock options	95	29	0	95		
Stock option expense	300			300		
Repurchase of common shares	(25,739)	(3,204)	(3)	(15,302)	(10,434)	
Distributions to non-controlling interests	(1,098)					(1,098)
Other	(334)			(334)		
Balance at March 31, 2012	\$ 872,082	142,158	\$ 142	\$ 479,547	\$ 359,990	\$ 32,403

**Select Medical Corporation****Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and Income**

(unaudited)

(in thousands)

	Select Medical Corporation Stockholders					
	Total	Common Stock Issued	Common Stock Par Value	Capital in Excess of Par	Retained Earnings	Non-controlling Interests
Balance at December 31, 2011	\$ 1,019,093	0	\$ 0	\$ 848,844	\$ 137,778	\$ 32,471
Net income	44,309				43,279	1,030
Federal tax benefit of losses contributed by Holdings	935			935		
Additional investment by Holdings	95			95		
Net change in dividends payable to Holdings	5,240				5,240	
Dividends declared and paid to Holdings	(30,981)				(30,981)	
	(1,098)					(1,098)

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Distributions to non-controlling interests											
Other		(334)				(334)					
Contribution related to restricted stock awards and stock option issuances by Holdings		1,260				1,260					
Balance at March 31, 2012	\$	1,038,519	0	\$	0	\$	850,800	\$	155,316	\$	32,403

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.*



Table of Contents**Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

(unaudited)

(in thousands)

	Select Medical Holdings Corporation For the Three Months Ended March 31,		Select Medical Corporation For the Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2011	2012	2011	2012
<b>Operating activities</b>				
Net income	\$ 35,387	\$ 42,572	\$ 39,939	\$ 44,309
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization	17,222	16,199	17,222	16,199
Provision for bad debts	14,350	10,375	14,350	10,375
Loss (gain) from disposal or sale of assets	188	(3,550)	188	(3,550)
Non-cash stock compensation expense	880	1,261	880	1,261
Amortization of debt discount	507	311		311
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of effects from acquisition of businesses:				
Accounts receivable	(100,135)	(62,319)	(100,135)	(62,319)
Other current assets	(3,076)	(4,419)	(3,076)	(4,419)
Other assets	2,052	2,028	1,914	1,935
Accounts payable	11,777	(1,560)	11,777	(1,560)
Due to third-party payors	(474)	485	(474)	485
Accrued expenses	(9,948)	(20,585)	(3,588)	(17,922)
Income and deferred taxes	26,238	27,382	28,688	28,317
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(5,032)	8,180	7,685	13,422
<b>Investing activities</b>				
Purchases of property and equipment	(12,920)	(11,751)	(12,920)	(11,751)
Proceeds from sale of assets	250	16,511	250	16,511
Investment in business		(7,840)		(7,840)
Acquisition of businesses, net of cash acquired	(2,000)		(2,000)	
Net cash used in investing activities	(14,670)	(3,080)	(14,670)	(3,080)
<b>Financing activities</b>				
Borrowings on revolving credit facilities	205,000	230,000	205,000	230,000
Payments on revolving credit facilities	(105,000)	(215,000)	(105,000)	(215,000)
Payments on 2011 credit facility term loans		(2,125)		(2,125)
Payments on 2005 credit facility term loans	(59,563)		(59,563)	
Borrowings of other debt	5,496	5,835	5,496	5,835
Principal payments on other debt	(2,494)	(2,328)	(2,494)	(2,328)
Dividends paid to Holdings			(14,743)	(30,981)
Repurchase of common stock	(2,026)	(25,739)		
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	81	95		
Equity investment by Holdings			81	95
Proceeds from (repayment of) bank overdrafts	(9,418)	2,491	(9,418)	2,491
Distributions to non-controlling interests	(1,671)	(1,098)	(1,671)	(1,098)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	30,405	(7,869)	17,688	(13,111)

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Net increase (decrease in) cash and cash equivalents	10,703	(2,769)	10,703	(2,769)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	4,365	12,043	4,365	12,043
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 15,068	\$ 9,274	\$ 15,068	\$ 9,274
<b>Supplemental Cash Flow Information</b>				
Cash paid for interest	\$ 41,365	\$ 31,285	\$ 28,648	\$ 26,042
Cash paid for taxes	\$ 103	\$ 204	\$ 103	\$ 204

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.*

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**SELECT MEDICAL HOLDINGS CORPORATION AND SELECT MEDICAL CORPORATION**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)**

**1. Basis of Presentation**

Select Medical Corporation ( Select ) was formed in December 1996 and commenced operations during February 1997 upon the completion of its first acquisition. Select Medical Holdings Corporation ( Holdings ) was formed in October 2004 for the purpose of affecting a leveraged buyout of Select, which was a publicly traded entity. On February 24, 2005, Select merged with a subsidiary of Holdings, which resulted in Select becoming a wholly-owned subsidiary of Holdings (the Merger ). On September 30, 2009 Holdings completed its initial public offering of common stock. Generally accepted accounting principles ( GAAP ) require that any amounts recorded or incurred (such as goodwill and compensation expense) by the parent as a result of the Merger or for the benefit of the subsidiary be pushed down and recorded in Select s consolidated financial statements. Holdings and Select and their subsidiaries are collectively referred to as the Company. The consolidated financial statements of Holdings include the accounts of its wholly-owned subsidiary Select. Holdings conducts substantially all of its business through Select and its subsidiaries.

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company as of March 31, 2012 and for the three month period ended March 31, 2011 and 2012 have been prepared in accordance with GAAP. In the opinion of management, such information contains all adjustments, which are normal and recurring in nature, necessary for a fair statement of the financial position, results of operations and cash flow for such periods. All significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated. The results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2012 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full fiscal year ending December 31, 2012.

Certain information and disclosures normally included in the notes to consolidated financial statements have been condensed or omitted consistent with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC ), although the Company believes the disclosure is adequate to make the information presented not misleading. The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2011 contained in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 2, 2012.

**2. Accounting Policies**

**Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates.



Table of Contents**Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

In June 2011, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ( FASB ) issued Accounting Standards Update ( ASU ) 2011-05, Comprehensive Income (Topic 220) Presentation of Comprehensive Income ( Update 2011-05 ) that improves the comparability, consistency and transparency of financial reporting and increases the prominence of items reported in other comprehensive income by eliminating the option to present components of other comprehensive income as part of the statement of changes in stockholders' equity. Update 2011-05 requires that all non-owner changes in stockholders' equity be presented either in a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or in two separate but consecutive statements. Under either method, adjustments must be displayed for items that are reclassified from other comprehensive income ( OCI ) to net income, in both net income and OCI. Update 2011-05 does not change the current option for presenting components of OCI gross or net of the effect of income taxes, provided that such tax effects are presented in the statement in which OCI is presented or disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. Additionally, Update 2011-05 does not affect the calculation or reporting of earnings per share. Update 2011-05 was effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2011 and is to be applied retrospectively. The Company adopted Update 2011-05 on January 1, 2012. Update 2011-05 had no effect on the Company's presentation of other comprehensive income for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2012 because the Company did not have any items of other comprehensive income during these periods.

**3. Intangible Assets**

The Company's intangible assets consist of the following:

	As of March 31, 2012	
	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization
	(in thousands)	
<u>Amortized intangible assets:</u>		
Non-compete agreements	\$ 25,909	\$ (25,824)
<u>Indefinite-lived intangible assets:</u>		
Goodwill	\$ 1,631,383	
Trademarks	57,709	
Certificates of need	11,914	
Accreditations	2,160	
Total	\$ 1,703,166	

The Company's accreditations and trademarks have renewal terms. The costs to renew these intangibles are expensed as incurred. At March 31, 2012, the accreditations and trademarks have a weighted average time until next renewal of approximately 1.5 years and 8.2 years, respectively.

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Amortization expense for the Company's intangible assets with finite lives follows:

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>
	<b>(in thousands)</b>	
Amortization expense	\$ 326	\$ 255

Amortization expense for the Company's intangible assets primarily relates to the amortization of the value associated with the non-compete agreement entered into in connection with the acquisition of the outpatient rehabilitation division of HealthSouth Corporation. The useful life of the outpatient rehabilitation division of HealthSouth Corporation's non-compete is five years. Amortization expense related to this intangible asset for each of the next five years commencing January 1, 2012 is approximately as follows (in thousands):

2012	\$ 340
2013	0
2014	0
2015	0
2016	0

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the Company's reportable segments for the three months ended March 31, 2012 are as follows:

	<b>Specialty Hospitals</b>	<b>Outpatient Rehabilitation (in thousands)</b>	<b>Total</b>
Balance as of December 31, 2011	\$ 1,333,553	\$ 298,163	\$ 1,631,716
Other	(333)		(333)
Balance as of March 31, 2012	\$ 1,333,220	\$ 298,163	\$ 1,631,383

#### 4. Restructuring Reserves

In connection with the acquisition of substantially all of the outpatient rehabilitation division of HealthSouth Corporation, the Company recorded an estimated liability of \$18.7 million in 2007 for business restructuring which was accounted for as additional purchase price. This reserve primarily included costs associated with workforce reductions and lease termination costs in accordance with the Company's restructuring plan.

In connection with the acquisition of all the issued and outstanding equity securities of Regency Hospital Company, L.L.C. (Regency), an operator of long term acute care hospitals, the Company recorded an estimated liability of \$4.3 million in 2010 for business restructuring related to lease termination costs.



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The following summarizes the Company's restructuring activity:

	<b>Lease Termination Costs</b> (in thousands)	
December 31, 2011	\$	5,027
Amounts paid in 2012		(435)
Accretion expense		83
Revision of estimate		(350)
March 31, 2012	\$	4,325

The Company expects to pay out the remaining lease termination costs through 2014 for the acquisition of the outpatient rehabilitation division of HealthSouth Corporation and through 2015 for the Regency acquisition.

## 5. Fair Value

Financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, notes payable and long-term debt. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents approximates fair value because of the short-term maturity of these instruments.

The carrying value of Select's senior secured credit facility was \$878.0 million and \$891.2 million at December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2012, respectively. The fair value of Select's senior secured credit facility was \$823.3 million and \$859.0 million at December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2012, respectively. The fair value of Select's senior secured credit facility was based on quoted market prices for this debt in the syndicated loan market.

The carrying value of Select's 7 5/8% senior subordinated notes was \$345.0 million at both December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2012. The fair value of Select's 7 5/8% senior subordinated notes was \$326.4 million and \$341.1 million at December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2012, respectively. The fair value of this registered debt was based on quoted market prices.

The carrying value of Holdings' senior floating rate notes was \$167.3 million at both December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2012. The fair value of Holdings' senior floating rate notes was \$143.9 million and \$147.6 million at December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2012, respectively. The fair value of this registered debt was based on quoted market prices.



Table of Contents**6. Segment Information**

The Company's reportable segments consist of (i) specialty hospitals and (ii) outpatient rehabilitation. All other represents amounts associated with corporate activities and non-healthcare related services. The outpatient rehabilitation reportable segment has two operating segments: outpatient rehabilitation clinics and contract therapy. These operating segments are aggregated for reporting purposes as they have common economic characteristics and provide a similar service to a similar patient base. The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies. The Company evaluates performance of the segments based on Adjusted EBITDA. Adjusted EBITDA is defined as net income before interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization, gain (loss) on early retirement of debt, stock compensation expense, equity in earnings (losses) of unconsolidated subsidiaries, and other income (expense).

The following tables summarize selected financial data for the Company's reportable segments for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2012. The segment results of Holdings are identical to those of Select with the exception of total assets:

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31, 2011</b>			
	<b>Specialty Hospitals</b>	<b>Outpatient Rehabilitation</b>	<b>All Other</b>	<b>Total</b>
	(in thousands)			
Net operating revenue	\$ 519,924	\$ 173,191	\$ 71	\$ 693,186
Adjusted EBITDA	100,353	21,406	(16,025)	105,734
Total assets:				
Select Medical Corporation	2,140,798	482,444	178,201	2,801,443
Select Medical Holdings Corporation	2,140,798	482,444	180,577	2,803,819
Capital expenditures	10,487	2,181	252	12,920

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31, 2012</b>			
	<b>Specialty Hospitals</b>	<b>Outpatient Rehabilitation</b>	<b>All Other</b>	<b>Total</b>
	(in thousands)			
Net operating revenue	\$ 553,038	\$ 190,899	\$ 84	\$ 744,021
Adjusted EBITDA	99,954	22,478	(13,368)	109,064
Total assets:				
Select Medical Corporation	2,222,825	437,364	145,073	2,805,262
Select Medical Holdings Corporation	2,222,825	437,364	146,389	2,806,578
Capital expenditures	7,051	3,791	909	11,751

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A reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to income before income taxes is as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2011				
	Specialty Hospitals	Outpatient Rehabilitation	All Other	Select Medical Holdings Corporation	Select Medical Corporation
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 100,353	\$ 21,406	\$ (16,025)		
Depreciation and amortization	(12,046)	(4,459)	(717)		
Stock compensation expense			(880)		
Income (loss) from operations	\$ 88,307	\$ 16,947	\$ (17,622)	\$ 87,632	\$ 87,632
Equity in losses of unconsolidated subsidiaries				(73)	(73)
Interest expense, net				(25,608)	(18,606)
Income before income taxes				\$ 61,951	\$ 68,953

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2012				
	Specialty Hospitals	Outpatient Rehabilitation	All Other	Select Medical Holdings Corporation	Select Medical Corporation
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 99,954	\$ 22,478	\$ (13,368)		
Depreciation and amortization	(11,843)	(3,650)	(706)		
Stock compensation expense			(1,261)		
Income (loss) from operations	\$ 88,111	\$ 18,828	\$ (15,335)	\$ 91,604	\$ 91,604
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated subsidiaries				2,465	2,465
Interest expense, net				(23,922)	(21,250)
Income before income taxes				\$ 70,147	\$ 72,819

**7. Income per Common Share**

The Company applies the two-class method for calculating and presenting income per common share. The two-class method is an earnings allocation formula that determines earnings per share for each class of stock participation rights in undistributed earnings. Effective January 1, 2009 the Financial Accounting Standards Board ( FASB ) clarified that share based payment awards that have not yet vested meet the definition of a participating security provided the right to receive the dividend is non-forfeitable and non-contingent. Participating securities are defined as securities that participate in dividends with common stock according to a predetermined formula. These participating securities should be included in the computation of basic earnings per share under the two class method. Based upon the clarification made by FASB, the Company

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concluded that its non-vested restricted stock awards meet the definition of a participating security and should be included in the Company's computation of basic earnings per share.

The following table sets forth for the periods indicated the calculation of net income per share in the Company's consolidated statement of operations and the differences between basic weighted average shares outstanding and diluted weighted average shares outstanding used to compute basic and diluted earnings per share, respectively:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2011	2012
(in thousands, except per share data)		
Numerator:		
Net income attributable to Select Medical Holdings Corporation	\$ 33,672	\$ 41,542
Less: Earnings allocated to unvested restricted stockholders	361	633
Net income available to common stockholders	\$ 33,311	\$ 40,909
Denominator:		
Weighted average shares basic	152,838	141,426
Effect of dilutive securities:		
Stock options	218	214
Weighted average shares diluted	153,056	141,640
Basic income per common share	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.29
Diluted income per common share	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.29

The following share amounts are shown here for informational and comparative purposes only since their inclusion would be anti-dilutive:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2011	2012
(in thousands)		
Stock options	2,372	2,415

**8. Commitments and Contingencies****Litigation**

The Company is a party to various legal actions, proceedings and claims (some of which are not insured), and regulatory and other governmental audits and investigations in the ordinary course of its business. The Company cannot predict the ultimate outcome of pending litigation, proceedings and regulatory and other governmental audits and investigations. These matters could potentially subject us to sanctions, damages,



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recoupments, fines and other penalties. The Department of Justice, CMS or other federal and state enforcement and regulatory agencies may conduct additional investigations related to the Company's businesses in the future that may, either individually or in the aggregate, have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial position, results of operations and liquidity.

To cover claims arising out of the operations of the Company's specialty hospitals and outpatient rehabilitation facilities, the Company maintains professional malpractice liability insurance and general liability insurance, subject to self-insured retention of \$2.0 million per medical incident for professional liability claims and \$2.0 million per occurrence for general liability claims. The Company also maintains umbrella liability insurance covering claims which, due to their nature or amount, are not covered by or not fully covered by the Company's other insurance policies. These insurance policies also do not generally cover punitive damages and are subject to various deductibles and policy limits. Significant legal actions could subject the Company to substantial uninsured liabilities. In the Company's opinion, the outcome of these actions, individually or in the aggregate, will not have a material adverse effect on its financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

Healthcare providers are subject to lawsuits under the qui tam provisions of the federal False Claims Act. Qui tam lawsuits typically remain under seal (hence, usually unknown to the defendant) for some time while the government decides whether or not to intervene on behalf of a private qui tam plaintiff (known as a relator) and take the lead in the litigation. These lawsuits can involve significant monetary damages and penalties and award bounties to private plaintiffs who successfully bring the suits. The Company has been a defendant in these cases in the past, and may be named as a defendant in similar cases from time to time in the future.

During April 2012, the Company's long term acute care hospital in Evansville, Indiana (SSH Evansville) received two subpoenas from the Office of Attorney General for the State of Indiana. One subpoena demanded certain patient medical records of SSH Evansville. The second subpoena demanded reports and documents related to SSH Evansville for various periods beginning in 2006, including certain financial, statistical, billing and quality reports; certain policies and procedures; joint venture board meeting minutes and documents related to certain complaints and internal investigations. Two days later, SSH-Evansville received a Request for Information or Assistance from the Office of Inspector General of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (Indianapolis, Indiana Field Office) covering the period beginning in 2007 seeking substantially the same records demanded by the Office of Attorney General for the State of Indiana, additional patient medical records of SSH Evansville and additional documents and information of SSH Evansville, including documents concerning SSH Evansville's relationships with its joint venture partner and eight other identified persons and entities. Separately, also in April 2012, the Company's long term acute care hospital in Beech Grove, Indiana received a request from an investigator with the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit of the Office of Attorney General for the State of Indiana to produce the medical records of a single patient. On May 1, 2012, the Evansville (Indiana) Police Department executed a search warrant at SSH-Evansville purporting to seek evidence pertaining to the crime of theft. The search warrant sought various items of personal property, including copy machines, facsimile machines, printers and personal communication devices, and various documents and business records regarding SSH-Evansville for a period beginning in May 2004, including claims for Medicaid and Medicare payment, EOB forms, patient files, Medicaid and Medicare reimbursement manuals, personnel files, complaints and investigations of employees, contractors and physicians and other documents. The Company has produced and will continue to produce documents in response to these requests, and intends to fully cooperate with these government investigations. At this time, the Company is unable to predict the timing and outcome of this matter.

**Construction Commitments**

At March 31, 2012, the Company had outstanding commitments under construction contracts related to new construction, improvements and renovations at the Company's long term acute care properties and inpatient rehabilitation facilities totaling approximately \$6.1 million.



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**9. Financial Information for Subsidiary Guarantors and Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries under Select's 7 5/8% Senior Subordinated Notes**

Select's 7 5/8% senior subordinated notes are fully and unconditionally guaranteed, except for customary limitations, on a senior subordinated basis by all of Select's wholly-owned subsidiaries (the Subsidiary Guarantors). Certain of Select's subsidiaries did not guarantee the 7 5/8% senior subordinated notes (the Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries).

Select conducts a significant portion of its business through its subsidiaries. Presented below is condensed consolidating financial information for Select, the Subsidiary Guarantors and the Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries at December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2012 and for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2012.

The equity method has been used by Select with respect to investments in subsidiaries. The equity method has been used by Subsidiary Guarantors with respect to investments in Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries. Separate financial statements for Subsidiary Guarantors are not presented.

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**Select Medical Corporation**  
**Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet**  
**March 31, 2012**  
**(unaudited)**

	Select Medical Corporation (Parent Company Only)	Subsidiary Guarantors	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries (in thousands)	Eliminations	Consolidated
<b>Assets</b>					
Current Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,255	\$ 3,355	\$ 664	\$	\$ 9,274
Accounts receivable, net		419,428	46,259		465,687
Current deferred tax asset	13,388	2,798	3,708		19,894
Other current assets	10,817	19,262	4,099		34,178
<b>Total Current Assets</b>	<b>29,460</b>	<b>444,843</b>	<b>54,730</b>		<b>529,033</b>
Property and equipment, net	14,844	421,174	55,755		491,773
Investment in affiliates	2,798,795	74,531		(2,873,326)(a) (b)	
Goodwill		1,631,383			1,631,383
Other identifiable intangibles		71,868			71,868
Assets held for sale	2,742				2,742
Other assets	25,832	51,852	779		78,463
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$ 2,871,673</b>	<b>\$ 2,695,651</b>	<b>\$ 111,264</b>	<b>\$ (2,873,326)</b>	<b>\$ 2,805,262</b>
<b>Liabilities and Equity</b>					
Current Liabilities:					
Bank overdrafts	\$ 19,100	\$	\$	\$	\$ 19,100
Current portion of long-term debt and notes payable	12,519	365	1,567		14,451
Accounts payable	8,755	72,263	13,040		94,058
Intercompany accounts	968,181	(880,432)	(87,749)		
Accrued payroll	95	70,296	243		70,634
Accrued vacation	4,219	43,784	6,698		54,701
Accrued interest	5,286	203			5,489
Accrued restructuring		4,325			4,325
Accrued other	36,427	52,441	6,784		95,652
Income taxes payable	16,095				16,095
Due to third party payors		18,661	(12,650)		6,011
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>	<b>1,070,677</b>	<b>(618,094)</b>	<b>(72,067)</b>		<b>380,516</b>
Long-term debt, net of current portion	749,069	419,086	63,584		1,231,739
Non-current deferred tax liability	(3,660)	79,745	8,944		85,029
Other non-current liabilities	49,471	19,608	380		69,459
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>1,865,557</b>	<b>(99,655)</b>	<b>841</b>		<b>1,766,743</b>
Stockholder's Equity:					
Common stock	0				0
Capital in excess of par	850,800				850,800
Retained earnings	155,316	669,785	18,861	(688,646)(b)	155,316
Subsidiary investment		2,125,521	59,159	(2,184,680)(a)	
<b>Total Select Medical Corporation Stockholder's Equity</b>	<b>1,006,116</b>	<b>2,795,306</b>	<b>78,020</b>	<b>(2,873,326)</b>	<b>1,006,116</b>



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Non-controlling interest				32,403		32,403
Total Equity	1,006,116	2,795,306	110,423	(2,873,326)		1,038,519
<b>Total Liabilities and Equity</b>	<b>\$ 2,871,673</b>	<b>\$ 2,695,651</b>	<b>\$ 111,264</b>	<b>\$ (2,873,326)</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>2,805,262</b>

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(a) Elimination of investments in consolidated subsidiaries.

(b) Elimination of investments in consolidated subsidiaries earnings.

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	<b>Select Medical Corporation</b>				
	<b>Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations</b>				
	<b>For the Quarter Ended March 31, 2012</b>				
	<b>(Unaudited)</b>				
	<b>Select Medical Corporation (Parent Company Only)</b>	<b>Subsidiary Guarantors</b>	<b>Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries (in thousands)</b>	<b>Eliminations</b>	<b>Consolidated</b>
Net operating revenues	\$ 84	\$ 644,325	\$ 99,612	\$	\$ 744,021
Costs and expenses:					
Cost of services	489	525,465	85,665		611,619
General and administrative	14,110	114			14,224
Bad debt expense		8,842	1,533		10,375
Depreciation and amortization	705	13,170	2,324		16,199
Total costs and expenses	15,304	547,591	89,522		652,417
Income (loss) from operations	(15,220)	96,734	10,090		91,604
Other income and expense:					
Intercompany interest and royalty fees	(793)	785	8		
Intercompany management fees	29,374	(25,083)	(4,291)		
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated subsidiaries		2,455	10		2,465
Interest expense	(12,974)	(7,198)	(1,078)		(21,250)
Income from operations before income taxes	387	67,693	4,739		72,819
Income tax expense (benefit)	(235)	28,527	218		28,510
Equity in earnings of subsidiaries	42,657	3,499		(46,156)(a)	
Net income	43,279	42,665	4,521	(46,156)	44,309
Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests			1,030		1,030
Net income attributable to Select Medical Corporation	\$ 43,279	\$ 42,665	\$ 3,491	\$ (46,156)	\$ 43,279

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(a) Elimination of equity in earnings of subsidiaries.

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**Select Medical Corporation**  
**Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows**  
**For the Quarter Ended March 31, 2012**  
**(Unaudited)**

	Select Medical Corporation (Parent Company Only)	Subsidiary Guarantors	Non- Guarantor Subsidiaries (in thousands)	Eliminations	Consolidated
<b>Operating activities</b>					
Net income	\$ 43,279	\$ 42,665	\$ 4,521	\$ (46,156)(a)	\$ 44,309
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization	705	13,170	2,324		16,199
Provision for bad debts		8,842	1,533		10,375
Loss (gain) from disposal of assets		(3,565)	15		(3,550)
Non-cash stock compensation expense	1,261				1,261
Amortization of debt discount	311				311
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of effects from acquisition of businesses:					
Equity in earnings of subsidiaries	(42,657)	(3,499)		46,156(a)	
Intercompany	(9,083)	11,082	(1,999)		
Accounts receivable		(60,482)	(1,837)		(62,319)
Other current assets	(4,477)	82	(24)		(4,419)
Other assets	2,554	(693)	74		1,935
Accounts payable	1,402	(3,944)	982		(1,560)
Due to third-party payors		5,028	(4,543)		485
Accrued expenses	(17,577)	(286)	(59)		(17,922)
Income and deferred taxes	28,317				28,317
Net cash provided by operating activities	4,035	8,400	987		13,422
<b>Investing activities</b>					
Purchases of property and equipment	(909)	(7,438)	(3,404)		(11,751)
Proceeds from sale of assets		16,511			16,511
Investment in business		(7,840)			(7,840)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(909)	1,233	(3,404)		(3,080)
<b>Financing activities</b>					
Borrowings on revolving credit facility	230,000				230,000
Payments on revolving credit facility	(215,000)				(215,000)
Payments on 2011 credit facility term loans	(2,125)				(2,125)
Borrowings of other debt	5,557		278		5,835
Principal payments on other debt	(1,893)	(137)	(298)		(2,328)
Dividends paid to Holdings	(30,981)				(30,981)
Equity investment by Holdings	95				95
Repayment of bank overdrafts	2,491				2,491
Intercompany debt reallocation	2,558	(6,141)	3,583		
Distributions to non-controlling interests			(1,098)		(1,098)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(9,298)	(6,278)	2,465		(13,111)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(6,172)	3,355	48		(2,769)

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Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	11,427			616			12,043
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 5,255	\$ 3,355	\$ 664	\$ 9,274			

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(a) Elimination of equity in earnings of consolidated subsidiaries.

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**Select Medical Corporation**  
**Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet**  
**December 31, 2011**  
(unaudited)

	Select Medical Corporation (Parent Company Only)	Subsidiary Guarantors	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries (in thousands)	Eliminations	Consolidated
<b>Assets</b>					
Current Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,427	\$	\$ 616	\$	\$ 12,043
Accounts receivable, net		369,321	44,422		413,743
Current deferred tax asset	11,415	3,221	3,669		18,305
Prepaid income taxes	9,497				9,497
Other current assets	6,340	19,407	4,075		29,822
<b>Total Current Assets</b>	<b>38,679</b>	<b>391,949</b>	<b>52,782</b>		<b>483,410</b>
Property and equipment, net	14,641	440,736	54,651		510,028
Investment in affiliates	2,751,776	83,772		(2,835,548)(a) (b)	
Goodwill		1,631,716			1,631,716
Other identifiable intangibles		72,123			72,123
Assets held for sale	2,742				2,742
Other assets	28,386	41,480	853		70,719
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$ 2,836,224</b>	<b>\$ 2,661,776</b>	<b>\$ 108,286</b>	<b>\$ (2,835,548)</b>	<b>\$ 2,770,738</b>
<b>Liabilities and Equity</b>					
Current Liabilities:					
Bank overdrafts	\$ 16,609	\$	\$	\$	\$ 16,609
Current portion of long-term debt and notes payable	8,853	390	1,605		10,848
Accounts payable	7,353	76,207	12,058		95,618
Intercompany accounts	975,809	(880,537)	(95,272)		
Accrued payroll	229	82,518	141		82,888
Accrued vacation	3,703	41,305	6,242		51,250
Accrued interest	11,843	137			11,980
Accrued restructuring		5,027			5,027
Accrued other	47,829	51,086	7,401		106,316
Due to third party payors		13,633	(8,107)		5,526
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>	<b>1,072,228</b>	<b>(610,234)</b>	<b>(75,932)</b>		<b>386,062</b>
Long-term debt, net of current portion	733,328	425,315	60,007		1,218,650
Non-current deferred tax liability	(2,509)	75,750	8,787		82,028
Other non-current liabilities	46,555	17,970	380		64,905
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>1,849,602</b>	<b>(91,199)</b>	<b>(6,758)</b>		<b>1,751,645</b>
Stockholder's Equity:					
Common stock	0				0
Capital in excess of par	848,844				848,844
Retained earnings	137,778	627,120	23,154	(650,274)(b)	137,778
Subsidiary investment		2,125,855	59,419	(2,185,274)(a)	
<b>Total Select Medical Corporation Stockholder's Equity</b>	<b>986,622</b>	<b>2,752,975</b>	<b>82,573</b>	<b>(2,835,548)</b>	<b>986,622</b>

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Non-controlling interest				32,471		32,471
Total Equity	986,622	2,752,975	115,044	(2,835,548)		1,019,093
<b>Total Liabilities and Equity</b>	<b>\$ 2,836,224</b>	<b>\$ 2,661,776</b>	<b>\$ 108,286</b>	<b>\$ (2,835,548)</b>		<b>\$ 2,770,738</b>

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(a) Elimination of investments in consolidated subsidiaries.

(b) Elimination of investments in consolidated subsidiaries earnings.

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	Select Medical Corporation Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations For the Quarter Ended March 31, 2011 (unaudited)					
	Select Medical Corporation (Parent Company Only)	Subsidiary Guarantors	Non- Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated	
	(in thousands)					
Net operating revenues	\$ 71	\$ 600,253	\$ 92,862	\$	\$ 693,186	
Costs and expenses:						
Cost of services	638	481,222	75,556		557,416	
General and administrative	16,455	111			16,566	
Bad debt expense		13,001	1,349		14,350	
Depreciation and amortization	646	14,356	2,220		17,222	
Total costs and expenses	17,739	508,690	79,125		605,554	
Income (loss) from operations	(17,668)	91,563	13,737		87,632	
Other income and expense:						
Intercompany interest and royalty fees	(995)	986	9			
Intercompany management fees	23,472	(19,230)	(4,242)			
Equity in earnings (losses) of unconsolidated subsidiaries		(88)	15		(73)	
Interest income	31	24	1		56	
Interest expense	(7,365)	(9,949)	(1,348)		(18,662)	
Income (loss) before income taxes	(2,525)	63,306	8,172		68,953	
Income tax expense	926	27,820	268		29,014	
Equity in earnings of subsidiaries	41,675	5,797		(47,472)(a)		
Net income	38,224	41,283	7,904	(47,472)	39,939	
Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests			1,715		1,715	
Net income attributable to Select Medical Corporation	\$ 38,224	\$ 41,283	\$ 6,189	\$ (47,472)	\$ 38,224	

(a) Elimination of equity in earnings of subsidiaries.

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**Select Medical Corporation**  
**Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows**  
**For the Quarter Ended March 31, 2011**  
(unaudited)

	Select Medical Corporation (Parent Company Only)	Subsidiary Guarantors	Non- Guarantor Subsidiaries (in thousands)	Eliminations	Consolidated
<b>Operating activities</b>					
Net income	\$ 38,224	\$ 41,283	\$ 7,904	\$ (47,472)(a)	\$ 39,939
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization	646	14,356	2,220		17,222
Provision for bad debts		13,001	1,349		14,350
Loss from disposal of assets	2	181	5		188
Non-cash stock compensation expense	880				880
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of effects from acquisition of businesses:					
Equity in earnings of subsidiaries	(41,675)	(5,797)		47,472(a)	
Intercompany	3,234	(3,781)	547		
Accounts receivable		(94,955)	(5,180)		(100,135)
Other current assets	(4,480)	1,267	137		(3,076)
Other assets	676	1,174	64		1,914
Accounts payable	1,778	8,352	1,647		11,777
Due to third-party payors		8,422	(8,896)		(474)
Accrued expenses	(6,487)	4,096	(1,197)		(3,588)
Income and deferred taxes	28,688				28,688
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	21,486	(12,401)	(1,400)		7,685
<b>Investing activities</b>					
Purchases of property and equipment	(288)	(11,561)	(1,071)		(12,920)
Proceeds from sale of assets		250			250
Acquisition of businesses, net of cash acquired		(2,000)			(2,000)
Net cash used in investing activities	(288)	(13,311)	(1,071)		(14,670)
<b>Financing activities</b>					
Borrowings on revolving credit facility	205,000				205,000
Payments on revolving credit facility	(105,000)				(105,000)
Payments on 2005 credit facility term loans	(59,563)				(59,563)
Borrowings of other debt	5,496				5,496
Principal payments on other debt	(1,880)	(279)	(335)		(2,494)
Dividends paid to Holdings	(14,743)				(14,743)
Equity investment by Holdings	81				81
Proceeds from bank overdrafts	(9,418)				(9,418)
Intercompany debt reallocation	(32,456)	28,014	4,442		
Distributions to non-controlling interests			(1,671)		(1,671)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(12,483)	27,735	2,436		17,688
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	8,715	2,023	(35)		10,703
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	149	3,567	649		4,365



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Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	8,864	\$	5,590	\$	614	\$	15,068
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(a) Elimination of equity in earnings of subsidiaries.

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**ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

*You should read this discussion together with the Selected Financial Data and consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes included elsewhere herein.*

**Forward-Looking Statements**

This report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the federal securities laws. Statements that are not historical facts, including statements about our beliefs and expectations, are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements include statements preceded by, followed by or that include the words may, could, would, should, believe, expect, anticipate, plan, target, project, intend and similar expressions. These statements include, among others, statements regarding our expected business outlook, anticipated financial and operating results, our business strategy and means to implement our strategy, our objectives, the amount and timing of capital expenditures, the likelihood of our success in expanding our business, financing plans, budgets, working capital needs and sources of liquidity.

Forward-looking statements are only predictions and are not guarantees of performance. These statements are based on our management's beliefs and assumptions, which in turn are based on currently available information. Important assumptions relating to the forward-looking statements include, among others, assumptions regarding our services, the expansion of our services, competitive conditions and general economic conditions. These assumptions could prove inaccurate. Forward-looking statements also involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties, which could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statement. Many of these factors are beyond our ability to control or predict. Such factors include, but are not limited to, the following:

- additional changes in government reimbursement for our services, including changes that will result from the expiration of the moratorium for long term acute care hospitals established by the Medicare, Medicaid, and SCHIP Extension Act of 2007, the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act, and the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act may result in a reduction in net operating revenues, an increase in costs and a reduction in profitability;
- the failure of our specialty hospitals to maintain their Medicare certifications may cause our net operating revenues and profitability to decline;
- the failure of our facilities operated as hospitals within hospitals to qualify as hospitals separate from their host hospitals may cause our net operating revenues and profitability to decline;
- a government investigation or assertion that we have violated applicable regulations may result in sanctions or reputational harm and increased costs;

- acquisitions or joint ventures may prove difficult or unsuccessful, use significant resources or expose us to unforeseen liabilities;
- private third-party payors for our services may undertake future cost containment initiatives that limit our future net operating revenues and profitability;

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- the failure to maintain established relationships with the physicians in the areas we serve could reduce our net operating revenues and profitability;
- shortages in qualified nurses or therapists could increase our operating costs significantly;
- competition may limit our ability to grow and result in a decrease in our net operating revenues and profitability;
- the loss of key members of our management team could significantly disrupt our operations;
- the effect of claims asserted against us could subject us to substantial uninsured liabilities; and
- other factors discussed from time to time in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC), including factors discussed under the heading Risk Factors for the year ended December 31, 2011 contained in our annual report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 2, 2012.

Except as required by applicable law, including the securities laws of the United States and the rules and regulations of the SEC, we are under no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of any new information, future events or otherwise. You should not place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future results or performance.

Investors should also be aware that while we do, from time to time, communicate with securities analysts, it is against our policy to disclose to securities analysts any material non-public information or other confidential commercial information. Accordingly, stockholders should not assume that we agree with any statement or report issued by any securities analyst irrespective of the content of the statement or report. Thus, to the extent that reports issued by securities analysts contain any projections, forecasts or opinions, such reports are not the responsibility of the Company.

**Overview**

We believe that we are one of the largest operators of both specialty hospitals and outpatient rehabilitation clinics in the United States based on number of facilities. As of March 31, 2012, we operated 111 long term acute care hospitals and 12 acute medical rehabilitation hospitals in 28 states, and 950 outpatient rehabilitation clinics in 32 states and the District of Columbia. We also provide medical rehabilitation services on a contracted basis to nursing homes, hospitals, assisted living and senior care centers, schools and work sites. We began operations in 1997 under the leadership of our current management team. As of March 31, 2012 we had operations in 44 states and the District of Columbia.

We manage our Company through two business segments, our specialty hospital segment and our outpatient rehabilitation segment. We had net operating revenues of \$744.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012. Of this total, we earned approximately 74% of our net operating revenues from our specialty hospitals and approximately 26% from our outpatient rehabilitation business. Our specialty hospital segment consists of hospitals designed to serve the needs of long term stay acute patients and hospitals designed to serve patients that require intensive medical rehabilitation care. Patients are typically admitted to our specialty hospitals from general acute care hospitals. These patients have specialized needs, and serious and often complex medical

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conditions such as respiratory failure, neuromuscular disorders, traumatic brain and spinal cord injuries, strokes, non-healing wounds, cardiac disorders, renal disorders and cancer. Our outpatient rehabilitation segment consists of clinics and contract services that provide physical, occupational and speech rehabilitation services. Our outpatient rehabilitation patients are typically diagnosed with musculoskeletal impairments that restrict their ability to perform normal activities of daily living.

**Significant 2012 Events**

***Stock Repurchase Program***

On February 22, 2012, the Company's board of directors authorized an increase of \$100.0 million in the capacity of its common stock repurchase program from \$150.0 million to \$250.0 million. The program will remain in effect until March 31, 2013, unless extended by the board of directors. Stock repurchases under this program may be made in the open market or through privately negotiated transactions, and at times and in such amounts as the Company deems appropriate. The timing of purchases of stock will be based upon market conditions and other factors. The Company is funding this program with cash on hand or borrowings under its revolving credit facility. The Company repurchased 3,203,692 shares at a cost of \$25.7 million, which includes transaction costs, during the three months ended March 31, 2012. Since the inception of the program through March 31, 2012, the Company has repurchased 19,968,299 shares at a cost of \$142.6 million, which includes transaction costs.

**Summary Financial Results**

***First Quarter Ended March 31, 2012***

For the three months ended March 31, 2012, our net operating revenues increased 7.3% to \$744.0 million compared to \$693.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011. This increase in net operating revenues resulted principally from a 6.4% increase in our specialty hospital net operating revenue. We had income from operations for the three months ended March 31, 2012 of \$91.6 million compared to \$87.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011. Our Adjusted EBITDA for the three months ended March 31, 2012, was \$109.1 million compared to \$105.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011. See the section entitled *Results of Operations* for a reconciliation of net income to Adjusted EBITDA. The increase in our income from operations and Adjusted EBITDA is due to a reduction in our general and administrative expense that resulted primarily from a gain on the sale of a building and an increase in the operating performance of our outpatient rehabilitation segment.

Holdings' interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2012 was \$23.9 million compared to \$25.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011. Select's interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2012 was \$21.3 million compared to \$18.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011. The decrease in interest expense for Holdings is attributable to lower interest rates on portions of the debt we refinanced on June 1, 2011, and reduced borrowings for the three months ended March 31, 2012 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2011. The increase in the interest expense for Select is due to the refinancing of \$150.0 million of Holdings' debt, for which Select was not previously obligated, through indebtedness incurred by Select under its new senior secured credit facility on June 1, 2011.

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Net income attributable to Holdings increased 23.4% to \$41.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012 compared to \$33.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011. The increase resulted from an increase in our income from operations described above, increases in our equity earnings principally related to

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our investment in our joint venture with the Baylor Health Care System that was formed on April 1, 2011 ( Baylor JV ), and a reduction of interest expense as described above.

Cash flow from operations provided \$8.2 million of cash for the three months ended March 31, 2012 for Holdings and \$13.4 million of cash for the three months ended March 31, 2012 for Select. The difference in cash flow from operations between Holdings and Select primarily relates to interest payments on Holdings' senior floating rate notes.

**Regulatory Changes**

In the past few years, there have been significant regulatory changes that have affected our net operating revenues and, in some cases, caused us to change our operating models and strategies. The following is a discussion of recent regulatory changes that have affected our results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2012 or may have an effect on our future results of operations. Our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ( SEC ) on March 2, 2012 contains a more detailed discussion of the regulations that affect our business in Part I Business Government Regulations, and the information below should be read in connection with that more detailed discussion.

***Health Reform Legislation***

Federal agencies, including the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services ( CMS ), continue to implement provisions of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act ( PPACA ). The PPACA expands access to health insurance through subsidies, coverage mandates and other insurance market reforms. In addition, PPACA makes dramatic changes to the Medicare and Medicaid programs by adopting numerous initiatives addressing, among other things, reductions in healthcare spending, patient safety incentives and protections against fraud and abuse of federal healthcare programs. The PPACA adopts significant changes to the Medicare program that are particularly relevant to long term acute care hospitals ( LTCHs ), inpatient rehabilitation facilities ( IRFs ) and outpatient rehabilitation services. As part of health reform legislation, President Obama also signed the Health Care and Education Affordability Reconciliation Act of 2010, which made some limited but important changes to the PPACA.

We have included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011 a discussion of the PPACA provisions that affect our business, as well as regulatory initiatives adopted by CMS in response to particular provisions of the PPACA.

A number of states attorneys general and other parties have filed legal challenges to the PPACA seeking to block its implementation on constitutional grounds. The United States Supreme Court agreed to review the law and issue a final ruling, which is expected in June 2012. The Court could uphold the law, strike down some or all of its provisions, or determine that a decision is premature at this time.

***Budget Control Act of 2011***



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Beginning in January 2013, the Budget Control Act of 2011 will automatically reduce federal spending by approximately \$1.2 trillion split evenly between domestic and defense spending. Payments to Medicare providers are subject to these automatic spending reductions, subject to a 2% cap. Unless further legislation is enacted, we believe this will generally result in a 2% reduction to Medicare payments, beginning in January 2013.

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***Medicare Payment of Long Term Acute Care Hospitals during Fiscal Year 2012***

On August 18, 2011, CMS published the policies and payment rates for LTCH-PPS for fiscal year 2012 (affecting discharges and cost reporting periods beginning on or after October 1, 2011 through September 30, 2012). The standard federal rate for fiscal year 2012 is \$40,222, an increase from the fiscal year 2011 standard federal rate of \$39,600. The final rule establishes a fixed-loss amount for high cost outlier cases for fiscal year 2012 of \$17,931, which is a decrease from the fixed-loss amount in the 2011 fiscal year of \$18,785.

The labor-related share of the LTCH-PPS standard federal rate is adjusted annually to account for geographic differences in area wage levels by applying the applicable LTCH-PPS wage index. CMS adopted a decrease in the labor-related share from 75.271% to 70.199% under the LTCH-PPS for fiscal year 2012.

In addition, CMS applied an area wage level budget neutrality factor to the standard federal rate to make annual changes to the area wage level adjustment budget neutral. Previously, there was no statutory or regulatory requirement that these adjustments to the area wage level be made in a budget neutral manner. The final rule creates a regulatory requirement that any adjustments or updates to the area wage level adjustment be made in a budget neutral manner such that estimated aggregate LTCH-PPS payments are not affected.

An LTCH must have an average inpatient length of stay for Medicare patients (including both Medicare covered and non-covered days) of greater than 25 days. In the preamble to the final rule for fiscal year 2012, CMS clarified its policy on the calculation of the average length of stay by specifying that all data on all Medicare inpatient days, including Medicare Advantage days, must be included in the average length of stay calculation effective for cost reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2012.

***Medicare Payment of Long Term Acute Care Hospitals during Fiscal Year 2013***

On April 24, 2012, CMS released an advanced copy of the proposed policies and payment rates for LTCH-PPS for fiscal year 2013 (affecting discharges and cost reporting periods beginning on or after October 1, 2012 through September 30, 2013). Under the proposal, two different standard federal rates would apply during fiscal year 2013. The standard federal rate for the first three months of fiscal year 2013 would be set at \$41,027, an increase from \$40,222 applicable during fiscal year 2012. The standard federal rate for the last nine months of fiscal year 2013 would be set at \$40,507. The increase for the first three months of fiscal year 2013, if adopted, would be based on a market basket increase estimate of 3.0% less a productivity adjustment of -0.8% and less an additional reduction of -0.1% mandated by the PPACA. For the last nine months of fiscal year 2013 the market basket increase is further reduced by a portion of the one-time budget neutrality adjustment, as discussed below. The fixed loss amount for high cost outlier cases would be set at \$15,728. This is a decrease from the fixed loss amount in the 2011 fiscal year of \$17,931.

***Very Short Stay Outlier Policy***

CMS established a different payment methodology for Medicare patients with a length of stay less than or equal to five-sixths of the geometric average length of stay for that particular MS-LTC-DRG, referred to as a short stay outlier, or SSO. The SSO rule was further revised adding a category referred to as a very short stay outlier for discharges occurring after July 1, 2007. For cases with a length of stay that is less than the

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average length of stay plus one standard deviation for the same MS-DRG under IPPS, referred to as the so-called IPPS comparable threshold, the rule lowers the LTCH payment to a rate based on the general acute care hospital IPPS per diem. SSO cases with covered lengths of stay that exceed the IPPS comparable threshold would continue to be paid under the SSO payment policy. The SCHIP Extension Act, as amended by the PPACA, prevented CMS from applying the very short-stay outlier policy before December 29, 2012. Under existing regulations Medicare payment for very short-stay cases will be generally lowered to a rate based on the general acute care hospital IPPS per diem beginning with discharges on or after December 29, 2012.

### ***25 Percent Rule***

The 25 Percent Rule is a downward payment adjustment that applies to Medicare patients discharged from LTCHs who were admitted from a co-located hospital or a non-co-located hospital and caused the LTCH to exceed the applicable percentage thresholds of discharged Medicare patients. The SCHIP Extension Act as amended by the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act, or ARRA, and the PPACA limited the full application of the Medicare percentage threshold and, in some cases, postponed application of the percentage threshold until cost reporting periods beginning on or after July 1, 2012 or October 1, 2012.

CMS has proposed a one-year extension of relief granted by the SCHIP Extension Act from the full application of Medicare admission thresholds in a proposed rule that would update the Medicare policies and payment rates for the long-term care hospital prospective payment system for fiscal year 2013. If the one-year extension is adopted, full implementation of the Medicare admission thresholds would not go into effect until cost reporting periods beginning on or after October 1, 2013, except for LTCHs with cost reporting periods that begin between July 1, 2012 and September 30, 2012 that would not qualify for the proposed one-year extension of relief until their subsequent cost reporting period.

In the preamble to the proposed update to the Medicare policies and payment rates for fiscal year 2013, CMS indicates that within the near future it may recommend revisions to the payment policies addressing MedPAC's recommendations for the development of patient-level and facility-level criteria. CMS also indicates that these recommendations may render unnecessary the existing payment reductions for Medicare patients admitted from a general acute care hospital in excess of the applicable admission thresholds.

### ***One-Time Budget Neutrality Adjustment***

Congress required that the LTCH-PPS payment rates maintain budget neutrality during the first years of the prospective payment system with total expenditures that would have been made under the previous reasonable cost-based payment system. The LTCH-PPS regulations give CMS the ability to make a one-time adjustment to the standard federal rate to correct any significant difference between actual payments and estimated payments for the first year of LTCH-PPS. The SCHIP Extension Act, as amended by the PPACA, precluded CMS from implementing the one-time prospective adjustment to the LTCH standard federal rate before December 29, 2012.

In the proposed update to the Medicare policies and payment rates for fiscal year 2013, CMS proposed to adopt a one-time budget neutrality adjustment that, if adopted, would result in a permanent negative adjustment of 3.75% to the LTCH base rate. CMS is proposing to implement the adjustment over a three-year period by applying a factor of 0.98734 to the standard federal rate in fiscal years 2013, 2014 and 2015, except that the adjustment would not apply to payments for discharges occurring on or after October 1, 2012 through December 29, 2012.

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***Medicare Market Basket Adjustments***

In the proposed update to the Medicare policies and payment rates for fiscal year 2013, CMS proposed to adopt for the first time an LTCH-specific market basket based entirely on Medicare cost report data from LTCHs. The LTCH-specific market basket would replace the rehabilitation, psychiatric and long-term care hospital market basket currently used to determine the annual update to the LTCH-PPS. CMS estimates that the LTCH-specific market basket update for fiscal year 2013 would be the same as the market basket update using the existing rehabilitation, psychiatric and long-term care hospital market basket.

The PPACA institutes a market basket payment adjustment to LTCHs. For fiscal years 2012 and 2013, the reduction is 0.1%. For fiscal year 2014, the reduction is 0.3%. For fiscal years 2015 and 2016, the reduction is 0.2%. For fiscal years 2017 through fiscal year 2019, the reduction is 0.75%.

***Medicare Payment of Inpatient Rehabilitation Facilities during Fiscal Year 2012***

On August 5, 2011, CMS published the policies and payment rates for IRF-PPS for fiscal year 2012 (affecting discharges and cost reporting periods beginning on or after October 1, 2011 and through September 30, 2012). The standard payment conversion factor for discharges for fiscal year 2012 is \$14,076, an increase from the fiscal year 2011 standard payment conversion factor of \$13,860. CMS initially decreased the outlier threshold amount for fiscal year 2012 to \$10,660 from \$11,410 for fiscal year 2011. In a notice published September 26, 2011, CMS corrected its calculation of the outlier threshold amount for fiscal year 2012 to \$10,713.

The PPACA instituted a market basket payment reduction adjustment for IRFs. For fiscal years 2012 and 2013, the reduction is 0.1%. For fiscal year 2014, the reduction is 0.3%. For fiscal years 2015 and 2016, the reduction is 0.2%. For fiscal years 2017 - 2019, the reduction is 0.75%.

In its March 2012 Report to Congress, MedPAC recommended that CMS provide no annual update to the payment rates for IRF-PPS for fiscal year 2013.

***Medicare Payment of Inpatient Rehabilitation Facilities during Fiscal Year 2013***

CMS has not published the policies and payment rates for IRF-PPS for fiscal year 2013 (affecting discharges and cost reporting periods beginning on or after October 1, 2012 through September 30, 2013). We expect CMS to issue a notice updating the IRF-PPS payment rates before the start of fiscal year 2013 on October 1, 2013. We expect the notice to include the annual update to the market basket and a negative adjustment of 0.1% as required by the PPACA.



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*Medicare Payment of Outpatient Rehabilitation Services*

*Medicare Physician Fee Schedule Sustainable Growth Rate Update*

The Medicare program reimburses outpatient rehabilitation providers based on the Medicare physician fee schedule. The Medicare physician fee schedule rates are automatically updated annually based on the sustainable growth rate ( SGR ) formula contained in legislation. The SGR formula has resulted in automatic reductions in rates in every year since 2002; however, for each year through 2012 CMS or Congress has taken action to prevent the SGR formula reductions. The Middle Class Tax Relief and Job Creation Act of 2012 froze Medicare physician fee schedule rates at 2011 levels through December 31, 2012, temporarily averting a scheduled 27.4% cut as a result of the SGR formula that would have taken effect on March 1, 2012. A reduction in the Medicare physician fee schedule payment rates will occur on January 1, 2013, unless Congress again takes legislative action to prevent the SGR formula reductions from going into effect.

On October 6, 2011, MedPAC recommended that Congress repeal and replace the statutory SGR formula. The MedPAC proposal, which would require Congressional approval, would freeze current Medicare physician fee schedule rates for primary care services for 10 years, while other services would be subject to annual payment reductions of 5.9% for 3 years, followed by a freeze on payments for the next seven years. MedPAC offered a list of options for Congress to consider if it decides to offset SGR repeal costs (estimated at about \$200 billion over 10 years) within the Medicare program.

In addition to the SGR proposal, MedPAC recommended that Congress direct CMS to collect data on provider service volume and work time to establish more accurate relative value unit payment rates and to identify and reduce overpriced fee schedule services. Similarly, the PPACA requires CMS to identify and review potentially misvalued codes and make appropriate adjustments to the relative values of those services identified as being misvalued. In the final update to the Medicare physician fee schedule for calendar year 2012 CMS identified several CPT codes used by physical therapists as codes they will review.

*Therapy Caps*

Beginning on January 1, 1999, the Balanced Budget Act of 1997 subjected certain outpatient therapy providers reimbursed under the Medicare physician fee schedule to annual limits for therapy expenses. Effective January 1, 2012, the annual limit on outpatient therapy services is \$1,880 for combined physical and speech language pathology services and \$1,880 for occupational therapy services. The per beneficiary caps were \$1,870 for calendar year 2011. The annual limits for therapy expenses do not apply to services furnished and billed by outpatient hospital departments. However, beginning no later than October 1, 2012 and expiring on December 31, 2012, the Middle Class Tax Relief and Job Creation Act of 2012 will apply the annual limits on therapy expenses to hospital outpatient department settings. The application of annual limits to hospital outpatient department settings will sunset at the end of 2012 unless extended by Congress. We operated 950 outpatient rehabilitation clinics at March 31, 2012, of which 133 are provider-based outpatient rehabilitation clinics operated as departments of the inpatient rehabilitation hospitals.

In the Deficit Reduction Act of 2005, Congress implemented an exceptions process to the annual limit for therapy expenses. Under this process, a Medicare enrollee (or person acting on behalf of the Medicare enrollee) is able to request an exception from the therapy caps if the provision of therapy services was deemed to be medically necessary. Therapy cap exceptions have been available automatically for certain conditions and on

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a case-by-case basis upon submission of documentation of medical necessity. The Middle Class Tax Relief and Job Creation Act of 2012 extended the exceptions process for outpatient therapy caps through December 31, 2012. Unless Congress extends the exceptions process, the therapy caps will apply to all outpatient therapy

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services beginning January 1, 2013, except those services furnished and billed by outpatient hospital departments.

The Middle Class Tax Relief and Job Creation Act of 2012 made several changes to the exceptions process to the annual limit for therapy expenses. For any claim above the annual limit, the claim must contain a modifier, such as the KX modifier, indicating that the services are medically necessary and justified by appropriate documentation in the medical record. Effective October 1, 2012, all claims exceeding \$3,700 will be subject to a manual medical review process. The \$3,700 threshold will be applied separately to the combined physical therapy/speech therapy cap and the occupational therapy cap. Effective October 1, 2012, all therapy claims, whether above or below the annual limit, must include the national provider identifier (NPI) of the physician responsible for certifying and periodically reviewing the plan of care.

Several government agencies are expected to release reports on aspects of the Medicare payment system for therapy services. In the final 2011 Medicare physician fee schedule rule, CMS indicated the agency is evaluating alternative payment methodologies that would provide appropriate payment for medically necessary and effective therapy services furnished to Medicare beneficiaries based on patient needs rather than the current therapy caps. The Middle Class Tax Relief and Job Creation Act of 2012 directs the MedPAC to submit a report to Congress by June 15, 2013 making recommendations on how to reform the payment system to better reflect acuity, condition, and the therapy needs of the patient. The MedPAC report is to include an examination of private sector initiatives related to therapy benefits. In addition, the GAO is directed to issue a report no later than May 1, 2013 regarding implementation of the manual medical review process instituted by the Middle Class Tax Relief and Job Creation Act of 2012. The report must detail the number of beneficiaries subject to the process, the number of reviews conducted, and the outcome of the reviews. Finally, beginning on January 1, 2013, CMS is required to collect additional data on therapy claims related to patient function during the course of therapy in order to better understand patient conditions and outcomes.

*Multiple Procedure Payment Reduction*

CMS adopted a multiple procedure payment reduction for therapy services in the final update to the Medicare physician fee schedule for calendar year 2011. Under the policy, the Medicare program pays 100% of the practice expense component of the therapy procedure or unit of service with the highest Relative Value Unit and then reduces the payment for the practice expense component by 20% in office and other non-institutional settings and 25% in institutional settings for the second and subsequent therapy procedures or units of service furnished during the same day for the same patient, regardless of whether those therapy services are furnished in separate sessions. This multiple procedure payment reduction policy became effective January 1, 2011 and applies to all outpatient therapy services paid under Medicare Part B. Furthermore, the multiple procedure payment reduction policy applies across all therapy disciplines – occupational therapy, physical therapy and speech-language pathology. Our outpatient rehabilitation therapy services are primarily offered in institutional settings and, as such, are subject to the applicable 25% payment reduction in the practice expense component for the second and subsequent therapy services furnished by us to the same patient on the same day. In the 2012 Medicare physician fee schedule rule, CMS indicated that over the next year it will continue to review whether specific CPT codes billed under the fee schedule are overvalued or undervalued, including certain specific CPT codes used by physical therapists.

*Medicare Quality Reporting Program for LTCHs and IRFs*

The PPACA requires that CMS establish new quality data reporting programs for LTCHs and IRFs by fiscal year 2014. CMS has adopted a quality data reporting program requiring LTCHs to submit data from three quality measures in order to receive the full payment update in fiscal year 2014, including measures related to





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(1) catheter-associated urinary tract infections, (2) central line catheter-associated blood stream infection, and (3) pressure ulcers that are new or have worsened. In addition to the foregoing measures, CMS has proposed adding the following quality measures for LTCH reporting beginning in fiscal year 2016 (1) percent of nursing home residents who were assessed and appropriately given the seasonal influenza vaccine, (2) percent of residents assessed and appropriately given the pneumococcal vaccine, (3) ventilator bundle, (4) restraint rate per 1,000 patient days, (5) influenza vaccination coverage among healthcare personnel. CMS adopted a quality data reporting program requiring IRFs to submit data from two quality measures in order to receive the full payment update in fiscal year 2014, including measures related to (1) catheter-associated urinary tract infections and (2) pressure ulcers that are new or have worsened. Under the PPACA and CMS regulations, if an LTCH or IRF fails to report on the selected quality measures, it will see its reimbursement reduced by 2.0% of the annual market basket update. The reduction can result in payment rates less than the prior year. However, the reduction will not carry over into the subsequent fiscal years.

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The following tables set forth operating statistics for our specialty hospitals and our outpatient rehabilitation clinics for each of the periods presented. The data in the tables reflect the changes in the number of specialty hospitals and outpatient rehabilitation clinics we operate that resulted from acquisitions, start-up activities, closures and sales. The operating statistics reflect data for the period of time these operations were managed by us.

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
	2011	2012
<b>Specialty hospital data(1):</b>		
Number of hospitals owned start of period	116	115
Number of hospitals acquired	1	1
Number of hospital start-ups		1
Number of hospitals closed/sold	(1)	
Number of hospitals owned end of period	116	117
Number of hospitals managed end of period	2	6
Total number of hospitals (all) end of period	118	123
Long term acute care hospitals	110	111
Rehabilitation hospitals	8	12
Available licensed beds (2)	5,153	5,205
Admissions (2)	13,810	14,055
Patient days (2)	333,856	343,021
Average length of stay (days) (2)	25	24
Net revenue per patient day (2)(3)	\$ 1,514	\$ 1,525
Occupancy rate (2)	72%	73%
Percent patient days Medicare (2)	64%	65%
<b>Outpatient rehabilitation data:</b>		
Number of clinics owned start of period	875	850
Number of clinic start-ups	8	8
Number of clinics closed/sold	(9)	(10)
Number of clinics owned end of period	874	848
Number of clinics managed end of period	71	102
Total number of clinics (all) end of period	945	950
Number of visits (2)	1,138,700	1,152,209
Net revenue per visit (2)(4)	\$ 103	\$ 103

(1) Specialty hospitals consist of long term acute care hospitals and inpatient rehabilitation facilities.

(2) Data excludes specialty hospitals and outpatient clinics managed by the Company.

(3) Net revenue per patient day is calculated by dividing specialty hospital direct patient service revenues by the total number of patient days.

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(4) Net revenue per visit is calculated by dividing outpatient rehabilitation clinic revenue by the total number of visits. For purposes of this computation, outpatient rehabilitation clinic revenue does not include contract services revenue.

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The following table outlines, for the periods indicated, selected operating data as a percentage of net operating revenues:

	Select Medical Holdings Corporation Three Months Ended March 31,		Select Medical Corporation Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2011	2012	2011	2012
Net operating revenues	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Cost of services(1)	80.4	82.2	80.4	82.2
General and administrative	2.4	1.9	2.4	1.9
Bad debt expense	2.1	1.4	2.1	1.4
Depreciation and amortization	2.5	2.2	2.5	2.2
Income from operations	12.6	12.3	12.6	12.3
Equity in earnings (losses) of unconsolidated subsidiaries	(0.0)	0.3	(0.0)	0.3
Interest expense, net	(3.7)	(3.2)	(2.7)	(2.9)
Income before income taxes	8.9	9.4	9.9	9.7
Income tax expense	3.8	3.7	4.2	3.8
Net income	5.1	5.7	5.7	5.9
Net income attributable to non-controlling interest	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1
Net income attributable to Holdings and Select	4.9%	5.6%	5.5%	5.8%

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The following tables summarize selected financial data by business segment, for the periods indicated:

	Select Medical Holdings Corporation Three Months Ended March 31,			Select Medical Corporation Three Months Ended March 31,		
	2011	2012	% Change (in thousands)	2011	2012	% Change
<b>Net operating revenues:</b>						
Specialty hospitals	\$ 519,924	\$ 553,038	6.4%	\$ 519,924	\$ 553,038	6.4%
Outpatient rehabilitation	173,191	190,899	10.2	173,191	190,899	10.2
Other(3)	71	84	18.3	71	84	18.3
Total company	\$ 693,186	\$ 744,021	7.3%	\$ 693,186	\$ 744,021	7.3%
<b>Income (loss) from operations:</b>						
Specialty hospitals	\$ 88,307	\$ 88,111	(0.2)%	\$ 88,307	\$ 88,111	(0.2)%
Outpatient rehabilitation	16,947	18,828	11.1	16,947	18,828	11.1
Other(3)	(17,622)	(15,335)	13.0	(17,622)	(15,335)	13.0
Total company	\$ 87,632	\$ 91,604	4.5%	\$ 87,632	\$ 91,604	4.5%
<b>Adjusted EBITDA:(2)</b>						
Specialty hospitals	\$ 100,353	\$ 99,954	(0.4)%	\$ 100,353	\$ 99,954	(0.4)%
Outpatient rehabilitation	21,406	22,478	5.0	21,406	22,478	5.0
Other(3)	(16,025)	(13,368)	16.6	(16,025)	(13,368)	16.6
Total company	\$ 105,734	\$ 109,064	3.1%	\$ 105,734	\$ 109,064	3.1%
<b>Adjusted EBITDA margins:(2)</b>						
Specialty hospitals	19.3%	18.1%		19.3%	18.1%	
Outpatient rehabilitation	12.4	11.8		12.4	11.8	
Other(3)	N/M	N/M		N/M	N/M	
Total company	15.3%	14.7%		15.3%	14.7%	
<b>Total assets:</b>						
Specialty hospitals	\$ 2,140,798	\$ 2,222,825		\$ 2,140,798	\$ 2,222,825	
Outpatient rehabilitation	482,444	437,364		482,444	437,364	
Other(3)	180,577	146,389		178,201	145,073	
Total company	\$ 2,803,819	\$ 2,806,578		\$ 2,801,443	\$ 2,805,262	
<b>Purchases of property and equipment, net:</b>						
Specialty hospitals	\$ 10,487	\$ 7,051		\$ 10,487	\$ 7,051	
Outpatient rehabilitation	2,181	3,791		2,181	3,791	
Other(3)	252	909		252	909	
Total company	\$ 12,920	\$ 11,751		\$ 12,920	\$ 11,751	

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N/M Not Meaningful.

(1) Cost of services includes salaries, wages and benefits, operating supplies, lease and rent expense and other operating costs.

(2) We define Adjusted EBITDA as net income before interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization, gain (loss) on early retirement of debt, stock compensation expense, equity in earnings (losses) of unconsolidated subsidiaries, and other income (expense). We believe that the presentation of Adjusted EBITDA is important to investors because Adjusted EBITDA is commonly used as an analytical indicator of performance by investors within the healthcare industry. Adjusted EBITDA is used by management to evaluate financial performance and determine resource allocation for each of our operating units. Adjusted EBITDA is not a measure of financial performance under generally accepted accounting principles. Items excluded from Adjusted EBITDA are significant components in understanding and assessing financial performance. Adjusted EBITDA should not be considered in isolation or as an alternative to, or substitute for, net income, cash flows generated by operations, investing or financing activities, or other financial statement data presented in the consolidated financial statements as indicators of financial performance or liquidity. Because Adjusted EBITDA is not a measurement determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and is thus susceptible to varying calculations, Adjusted EBITDA as presented may not be comparable to other similarly titled measures of other companies.

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Following is a reconciliation of net income to Adjusted EBITDA as utilized by us in reporting our segment performance:

	Select Medical Holdings Corporation		Select Medical Corporation	
	Three Months Ended March 31,		Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2011	2012	2011	2012
	(in thousands)		(in thousands)	
Net income	\$ 35,387	\$ 42,572	\$ 39,939	\$ 44,309
Income tax expense	26,564	27,575	29,014	28,510
Interest expense, net of interest income	25,608	23,922	18,606	21,250
Equity in (earnings) losses of unconsolidated subsidiaries	73	(2,465)	73	(2,465)
Stock compensation expense:				
Included in general and administrative	470	772	470	772
Included in cost of services	410	489	410	489
Depreciation and amortization	17,222	16,199	17,222	16,199
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 105,734	\$ 109,064	\$ 105,734	\$ 109,064

(3) Other includes our general and administrative services and non-healthcare services.



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**Three Months Ended March 31, 2012 Compared to Three Months Ended March 31, 2011**

In the following discussion, we address the results of operations of Select and Holdings. With the exception of incremental interest expense and income taxes, the results of operations of Holdings are identical to those of Select. Therefore, discussion related to net operating revenues, operating expenses, Adjusted EBITDA, income from operations and non-controlling interest is identical for Holdings and Select.

***Net Operating Revenues***

Our net operating revenues increased by 7.3% to \$744.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012 compared to \$693.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011.

*Specialty Hospitals.* Our specialty hospital net operating revenues increased by 6.4% to \$553.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012 compared to \$519.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011. The growth in net operating revenue primarily resulted from increases in Medicare patient volumes and revenues that are generated from contracted labor services provided to the Baylor JV. Our patient days increased 2.7% to 343,021 days for the three months ended March 31, 2012 primarily as a result of an increase in Medicare patient days. The occupancy percentage increased to 73% for the three months ended March 31, 2012 compared to 72% for the three months ended March 31, 2011. Our average net revenue per patient day was \$1,525 for the three months ended March 31, 2012 compared to \$1,514 for the three months ended March 31, 2011. The increase in our net revenue per patient day was principally due to increases in our average non-Medicare net revenue per patient day.

*Outpatient Rehabilitation.* Our outpatient rehabilitation net operating revenues increased 10.2% to \$190.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012 compared to \$173.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011. The net operating revenues generated by our outpatient rehabilitation clinics for the three months ended March 31, 2012 grew approximately 5.1% compared to the three months ended March 31, 2011. The increase was related to revenues we generated from contracted labor services provided to the Baylor JV and volume growth in our outpatient clinics. The number of patient visits in our owned outpatient rehabilitation clinics increased 1.2% for the three months ended March 31, 2012 to 1,152,209 visits compared to 1,138,700 visits for the three months ended March 31, 2011. Excluding the clinics transferred to the Baylor JV, clinics acquired, newly opened clinics and closed clinics, our patient visits in our owned clinics increased approximately 3.3%. Net revenue per visit in our clinics was \$103 for both the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011. Our contract services business experienced an increase in net operating revenues of approximately 27.6% compared to the three months ended March 31, 2011, which resulted from the addition of new contracts.

***Operating Expenses***

Our operating expenses include our cost of services, general and administrative expense and bad debt expense. Our operating expenses increased by \$47.9 million to \$636.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012 compared to \$588.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011. As a percentage of our net operating revenues, our operating expenses were 85.5% for the three months ended March 31, 2012 compared to 84.9% for the three months ended March 31, 2011. Our cost of services, a major component of which is labor expense, were \$611.6 million or 82.2% of net operating revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2012 compared to \$557.4 million or 80.4% of net operating revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2011. The principal causes of the increase in cost of services as a percentage of net

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operating revenue resulted from increased labor costs in our specialty hospitals. Our specialty hospitals experienced an increase in relative labor costs due to the labor costs associated with the Baylor JV services agreement and our

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inefficiency in adjusting our staffing to correspond to a lower acuity patient population we treated during the three months ended March 31, 2012 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2011. Our Medicare case mix index, which is an indicator of patient acuity, declined in the three months ended March 31, 2012 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2011. We believe the decline in our patient acuity was due to the lower incident of respiratory illnesses experienced nationwide during the three months ended March 31, 2012. Facility rent expense, which is a component of cost of services, was \$30.3 million for three months ended March 31, 2012 compared to \$30.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011. General and administrative expenses were 1.9% of net operating revenue or \$14.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012 compared to 2.4% of net operating revenue or \$16.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011. The decline in our general and administrative expenses resulted primarily from a gain on the sale of a building that occurred during the three months ended March 31, 2012. Our bad debt expense was \$10.4 million or 1.4% of net operating revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2012 compared to \$14.4 million or 2.1% for the three months ended March 31, 2011. The decline in our bad debt expense was primarily attributed to our favorable collections experience of accounts receivable associated with our Regency hospitals for the three months ended March 31, 2012 as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2011.

***Adjusted EBITDA***

*Specialty Hospitals.* Adjusted EBITDA for our specialty hospitals decreased by 0.4% to \$100.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012 compared to \$100.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011. Our Adjusted EBITDA margins for the segment decreased to 18.1% for the three months ended March 31, 2012 from 19.3% for the three months ended March 31, 2011. The decrease in the Adjusted EBITDA for our specialty hospitals was primarily the result of increases in our labor costs discussed above under *Operating Expenses* offset in part by a reduction in bad debt expense.

*Outpatient Rehabilitation.* Our Adjusted EBITDA for our outpatient rehabilitation segment increased 5.0% to \$22.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012 from \$21.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011. Our Adjusted EBITDA margins decreased to 11.8% for the three months ended March 31, 2012 from 12.4% for the three months ended March 31, 2011. The Adjusted EBITDA in our outpatient rehabilitation clinics increased by \$0.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2011. Our Adjusted EBITDA margins for our outpatient rehabilitation clinics decreased to 13.2% for the three months ended March 31, 2012 from 13.4% for the three months ended March 31, 2011. The decline in our Adjusted EBITDA margin in our rehabilitation clinics was principally due to increased labor costs associated with the Baylor JV services agreement. The Adjusted EBITDA in our contract services business increased by \$0.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2011. The Adjusted EBITDA margins for our contract services business declined to 7.8% for the three months ended March 31, 2012 compared to 8.7% for the three months ended March 31, 2011. The decline in Adjusted EBITDA margins was principally due to increased labor costs associated with new business and lower productivity resulting from regulatory changes that became effective on October 1, 2011.

*Other.* The Adjusted EBITDA loss was \$13.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012 compared to an Adjusted EBITDA loss of \$16.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and is primarily related to lower general and administrative expenses, as described under *Operating Expenses*.

***Income from Operations***

For the three months ended March 31, 2012 we had income from operations of \$91.6 million compared to \$87.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011. The increase in our income from operations resulted



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principally from a reduction in our general and administrative expenses and an increase in the operating performance of our outpatient rehabilitation segment.

***Interest Expense***

*Select Medical Corporation.* Interest expense was \$21.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012 compared to \$18.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011. The increase in interest expense resulted primarily from the refinancing of \$150.0 million of Holdings debt, for which Select was not previously obligated, through indebtedness incurred by Select under the new senior secured credit facility on June 1, 2011.

*Select Medical Holdings Corporation.* Interest expense was \$23.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012 compared to \$25.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011. The decrease in interest expense resulted primarily from the lower interest rates on the portions of the debt that were refinanced on June 1, 2011 and reduced borrowings for the three months ended March 31, 2012 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2011.

***Income Taxes***

*Select Medical Corporation.* We recorded income tax expense of \$28.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012. The expense represented an effective tax rate of 39.2%. We recorded income tax expense of \$29.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011. The expense represented an effective tax rate of 42.1%. Select Medical Corporation is part of the consolidated federal tax return for Select Medical Holdings Corporation. We allocate income taxes between Select and Holdings for purposes of financial statement presentation. Because Holdings is a passive investment company incorporated in Delaware, it does not incur any state income tax expense or benefit on its specific income or loss and, as such, receives a tax allocation equal to the federal statutory rate of 35% on its specific income or loss. Based upon the relative size of Holdings' income or loss, this can cause the effective tax rate for Select to differ from the effective tax rate for the consolidated company.

*Select Medical Holdings Corporation.* We recorded income tax expense of \$27.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012. The expense represented an effective tax rate of 39.3%. We recorded income tax expense of \$26.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011. The expense represented an effective tax rate of 42.9%. The decline in our effective tax rate is primarily a consequence of the 2011 rate having been impacted by a tax gain associated with a hospital exchange that occurred in 2011.

***Non-Controlling Interests***

Non-controlling interests in consolidated earnings were \$1.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012 and \$1.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011.



Table of Contents**Liquidity and Capital Resources***Cash Flows for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2012 and Three Months Ended March 31, 2011*

	Select Medical Holdings Corporation Three Months Ended March 31,		Select Medical Corporation Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2011 (in thousands)	2012	2011 (in thousands)	2012
Cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (5,032)	\$ 8,180	\$ 7,685	\$ 13,422
Cash flows used in investing activities	(14,670)	(3,080)	(14,670)	(3,080)
Cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities	30,405	(7,869)	17,688	(13,111)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	10,703	(2,769)	10,703	(2,769)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	4,365	12,043	4,365	12,043
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 15,068	\$ 9,274	\$ 15,068	\$ 9,274

Operating activities for Select provided \$13.4 million of cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2012. Our days sales outstanding were 57 days at March 31, 2012 and at March 31, 2011 and 53 days at December 31, 2011. The increase in days sales outstanding between December 31, 2011 and March 31, 2012 is primarily related to the timing of the periodic interim payments we receive from Medicare for the services provided at our specialty hospitals.

The operating cash flows of Select exceeded the operating cash flows of Holdings by \$5.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2012 and by \$12.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011. The difference relates to interest payments on Holdings' indebtedness.

Investing activities used \$3.1 million of cash flow for the three months ended March 31, 2012. The principal use of cash included \$11.8 million related to the purchase of property and equipment and \$7.8 million related to an investment in a business. This use of cash was offset by \$16.5 million in proceeds related to the sale of a building. Investing activities used \$14.7 million of cash flow for the three months ended March 31, 2011. The principal use of cash included \$12.9 million related to the purchase of property and equipment and \$2.0 million related to a hospital exchange.

Financing activities for Select used \$13.1 million of cash flow for the three months ended March 31, 2012. The primary uses of cash related to dividends paid to Holdings to fund interest payments and stock repurchases of \$31.0 million and distributions to non-controlling interests of \$1.1 million. These uses were offset by net borrowings under our senior secured credit facility of \$12.9 million, net borrowings of other debt of \$3.5 million and proceeds from bank overdrafts of \$2.5 million. Financing activities for Select provided \$17.7 million of cash flow for the three months ended March 31, 2011. The primary sources of cash related to proceeds from net borrowings under our revolving credit facility of \$100.0 million and net borrowings of other debt of \$3.0 million. These borrowings were offset by aggregate payments on our term loans of \$59.6 million,





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dividends paid to Holdings to fund interest payments and stock repurchases of \$14.7 million, reduction in bank overdrafts of \$9.4 million and \$1.7 million in distributions to non-controlling interests.

**Capital Resources**

*Select Medical Corporation.* Select had net working capital of \$148.5 million at March 31, 2012 compared to a net working capital of \$97.3 million at December 31, 2011. The increase in net working capital is primarily due to increases in accounts receivable as of March 31, 2012.

*Select Medical Holdings Corporation.* Holdings had net working capital of \$148.1 million at March 31, 2012 compared to a net working capital of \$99.5 million at December 31, 2011. The increase in net working capital is primarily due to increases in accounts receivable as of March 31, 2012.

Holdings has authorized a program to repurchase up to \$250.0 million worth of shares of our common stock. The program will remain in effect until March 31, 2013, unless extended by the board of directors. During the three months ended March 31, 2012, Holdings has repurchased 3,203,692 shares at a cost of \$25.7 million and since the inception of the program has repurchased 19,968,299 shares under the program at a cost of \$142.6 million, which includes related transaction costs. We anticipate funding this program through available operating cash flow and borrowings under our senior secured credit facility.

We may from time to time seek to retire or purchase our outstanding debt through cash purchases and/or exchanges for equity securities, in open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions, tender offers or otherwise. Such repurchases or exchanges, if any, may be funded from operating cash flows or other sources and will depend on prevailing market conditions, our liquidity requirements, contractual restrictions and other factors. The amounts involved may be material.

We believe our internally generated cash flows and borrowing capacity under our senior secured credit facility will be sufficient to finance operations over the next twelve months.

As a result of the SCHIP Extension Act as amended by PPACA, which prohibits the establishment and classification of new LTCHs or satellites during the five calendar years commencing on December 29, 2007, we have stopped all new LTCH development. However, we continue to evaluate opportunities to develop new joint venture relationships with significant health systems, and from time to time we may also develop new inpatient rehabilitation hospitals. We also intend to open new outpatient rehabilitation clinics in local areas that we currently serve where we can benefit from existing referral relationships and brand awareness to produce incremental growth. In addition to our development activities, we may grow our network of specialty hospitals through opportunistic acquisitions.

**Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

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In June 2011, the FASB issued ASU 2011-05, Comprehensive Income (Topic 220) Presentation of Comprehensive Income ( Update 2011-05 ) that improves the comparability, consistency and transparency of financial reporting and increases the prominence of items reported in other comprehensive income by eliminating the option to present components of other comprehensive income as part of the statement of changes in stockholders' equity. Update 2011-05 requires that all non-owner changes in stockholders' equity be presented either in a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or in two separate but consecutive statements. Under either method, adjustments must be displayed for items that are reclassified from other comprehensive income ( OCI ) to net income, in both net income and OCI. Update 2011-05 does not change the current option for presenting components of OCI gross or net of the effect of income taxes, provided that

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such tax effects are presented in the statement in which OCI is presented or disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. Additionally, Update 2011-05 does not affect the calculation or reporting of earnings per share. Update 2011-05 was effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2011 and is to be applied retrospectively. We adopted Update 2011-05 on January 1, 2012. Update 2011-05 had no effect on our presentation of other comprehensive income for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2012 because we did not have any items of other comprehensive income during these periods.

**ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK**

**Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk**

We are subject to interest rate risk in connection with our long-term indebtedness. Our principal interest rate exposure relates to the loans outstanding under Select's senior secured credit facility and Holdings' senior floating rate notes. As of March 31, 2012, we had \$891.2 million in term and revolving loans outstanding under our senior secured credit facility and \$167.3 million in senior floating rate notes outstanding, which bear interest at variable rates. Each eighth point change in interest rates on the variable rate portion of our long-term indebtedness would result in a \$1.3 million annual change in interest expense on our term loans. However, because the variable interest rate for our \$843.6 million in term loans is subject to an Adjusted LIBO Rate floor of 1.75% until the Adjusted LIBO Rate exceeds 1.75%, our interest rate on this indebtedness is effectively fixed at 5.50% as long as LIBOR remains under 1.75%.

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**ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

**Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

We carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) as of the end of the period covered in this report. Based on this evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures, including the accumulation and communication of disclosure to our principal executive officer and principal financial officer as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding disclosure, are effective as of March 31, 2012 to provide reasonable assurance that material information required to be included in our periodic SEC reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the relevant SEC rules and forms.

**Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) identified in connection with the evaluation required by Rule 13a-15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 that occurred during the first quarter ended March 31, 2012 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

**Inherent Limitations on Effectiveness of Controls**

It should be noted that any system of controls, however well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the system will be met. In addition, the design of any control system is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events. Because of these and other inherent limitations of control systems, there is only reasonable assurance that our controls will succeed in achieving their goals under all potential future conditions.

**PART II OTHER INFORMATION**

**ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

The Company is a party to various legal actions, proceedings and claims (some of which are not insured), and regulatory and other governmental audits and investigations in the ordinary course of its business. The Company cannot predict the ultimate outcome of pending litigation, proceedings and regulatory and other governmental audits and investigations. These matters could potentially subject us to sanctions, damages, recoupments, fines and other penalties. The Department of Justice, CMS or other federal and state enforcement and regulatory agencies may

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conduct additional investigations related to the Company's businesses in the future that may, either individually or in the aggregate, have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial position, results of operations and liquidity.

To cover claims arising out of the operations of the Company's specialty hospitals and outpatient rehabilitation facilities, the Company maintains professional malpractice liability insurance and general liability insurance, subject to self-insured retention of \$2.0 million per medical incident for professional liability claims and \$2.0 million per occurrence for general liability claims. The Company also maintains umbrella liability insurance covering claims which, due to their nature or amount, are not covered by or not fully covered by the Company's other insurance policies. These insurance policies also do not generally cover punitive damages and are subject to various deductibles and policy limits. Significant legal actions could subject the Company to

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substantial uninsured liabilities. In the Company's opinion, the outcome of these actions, individually or in the aggregate, will not have a material adverse effect on its financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

Healthcare providers are subject to lawsuits under the qui tam provisions of the federal False Claims Act. Qui tam lawsuits typically remain under seal (hence, usually unknown to the defendant) for some time while the government decides whether or not to intervene on behalf of a private qui tam plaintiff (known as a relator) and take the lead in the litigation. These lawsuits can involve significant monetary damages and penalties and award bounties to private plaintiffs who successfully bring the suits. The Company has been a defendant in these cases in the past, and may be named as a defendant in similar cases from time to time in the future.

During April 2012, the Company's long term acute care hospital in Evansville, Indiana (SSH Evansville) received two subpoenas from the Office of Attorney General for the State of Indiana. One subpoena demanded certain patient medical records of SSH Evansville. The second subpoena demanded reports and documents related to SSH Evansville for various periods beginning in 2006, including certain financial, statistical, billing and quality reports; certain policies and procedures; joint venture board meeting minutes and documents related to certain complaints and internal investigations. Two days later, SSH-Evansville received a Request for Information or Assistance from the Office of Inspector General of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (Indianapolis, Indiana Field Office) covering the period beginning in 2007 seeking substantially the same records demanded by the Office of Attorney General for the State of Indiana, additional patient medical records of SSH Evansville and additional documents and information of SSH Evansville, including documents concerning SSH Evansville's relationships with its joint venture partner and eight other identified persons and entities. Separately, also in April 2012, the Company's long term acute care hospital in Beech Grove, Indiana received a request from an investigator with the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit of the Office of Attorney General for the State of Indiana to produce the medical records of a single patient. On May 1, 2012, the Evansville (Indiana) Police Department executed a search warrant at SSH-Evansville purporting to seek evidence pertaining to the crime of theft. The search warrant sought various items of personal property, including copy machines, facsimile machines, printers and personal communication devices, and various documents and business records regarding SSH-Evansville for a period beginning in May 2004, including claims for Medicaid and Medicare payment, EOB forms, patient files, Medicaid and Medicare reimbursement manuals, personnel files, complaints and investigations of employees, contractors and physicians and other documents. The Company has produced and will continue to produce documents in response to these requests, and intends to fully cooperate with these government investigations. At this time, the Company is unable to predict the timing and outcome of this matter.

**ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS.**

There have been no material changes from our risk factors as previously reported in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011.

**ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS**

**Purchases of Equity Securities by the Issuer**

In November 2010, our board of directors authorized a stock repurchase program pursuant to which we may purchase up to \$100.0 million worth of our common stock. On August 3, 2011, our board of directors authorized an increase of \$50.0 million in the capacity of our common stock

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repurchase program, from \$100.0 million to \$150.0 million and on February 22, 2012 increased the capacity by an additional \$100.0 million to \$250.0 million. The other terms of the plan remain unchanged. Stock repurchases under this program may be made in the open market or through privately negotiated transactions, and at times and in such amounts as the Company deems appropriate. The program will remain in effect until March 31, 2013, unless extended by our board of directors. During the three months ended March 31, 2012, we purchased a total of 3,203,692 shares of our common stock at an average purchase price of \$8.02.

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The following table sets forth the monthly purchases made under this program during the three months ended March 31, 2012:

<b>Period</b>	<b>Total Number of Shares Purchased</b>	<b>Average Price Paid Per Share</b>	<b>Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs</b>	<b>Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs</b>
January 1, 2012 to January 31, 2012	1,800,000	\$ 7.99	1,800,000	\$ 118,727,928
February 1, 2012 to February 29, 2012	509,192	\$ 8.39	509,192	\$ 114,456,624
March 1, 2012 to March 31, 2012	894,500	\$ 7.86	894,500	\$ 107,406,829
First Quarter 2012	3,203,692	\$ 8.02	3,203,692	\$ 107,406,829

**ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES**

Not applicable.

**ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES**

Not applicable.

**ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION**

None.

**ITEM 6. EXHIBITS**

The exhibits to this report are listed in the Exhibit Index appearing on page 46 hereof.





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**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

SELECT MEDICAL CORPORATION

By: /s/ Martin F. Jackson  
Martin F. Jackson  
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer  
(Duly Authorized Officer)

By: /s/ Scott A. Romberger  
Scott A. Romberger  
Senior Vice President, Chief Accounting Officer and  
Controller  
(Principal Accounting Officer)

**Dated: May 3, 2012**

SELECT MEDICAL HOLDINGS CORPORATION

By: /s/ Martin F. Jackson  
Martin F. Jackson  
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer  
(Duly Authorized Officer)

By: /s/ Scott A. Romberger  
Scott A. Romberger  
Senior Vice President, Chief Accounting Officer and  
Controller  
(Principal Accounting Officer)

**Dated: May 3, 2012**

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EXHIBIT INDEX

<b>Exhibit</b>	<b>Description</b>
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Certification of Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer, and Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101	The following financial information from the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2012 formatted in XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language): (i) Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011, (ii) Consolidated Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, (iii) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011, (iv) Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity and Income for the three months ended March 31, 2012 and (v) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.*

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\* XBRL information is furnished and not filed herewith, is not part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of section 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, is deemed not filed for purposes of section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and otherwise is not subject to liability under these sections.