VALEANT PHARMACEUTICALS INTERNATIONAL Form DEFM14A August 23, 2010

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

## **SCHEDULE 14A**

Proxy Statement Pursuant to Section 14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (Amendment No. )

Filed by the Registrant b
Filed by a Party other than the Registrant o
Check the appropriate box:
Preliminary Proxy Statement
Confidential, for Use of the Commission Only (as permitted by Rule 14a-6(e)(2))
Definitive Proxy Statement
Definitive Additional Materials
Soliciting Material Dursuent to \$240,146,12

o Soliciting Material Pursuant to §240.14a-12

Valeant Pharmaceuticals International (Name of Registrant as Specified In Its Charter)

(Name of Person(s) Filing Proxy Statement, if other than the Registrant)

Payment of Filing Fee (Check the appropriate box): b No fee required.

1 1

- o Fee computed on table below per Exchange Act Rules 14a-6(i)(1) and 0-11.
  - (1) Title of each class of securities to which transaction applies:
  - (2) Aggregate number of securities to which transaction applies:
  - (3) Per unit price or other underlying value of transaction computed pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 0-11 (set forth the amount on which the filing fee is calculated and state how it was determined):
  - (4) Proposed maximum aggregate value of transaction:
  - (5) Total fee paid:
  - o Fee paid previously with preliminary materials.
- o Check box if any part of the fee is offset as provided by Exchange Act Rule 0-11(a)(2) and identify the filing for which the offsetting fee was paid previously. Identify the previous filing by registration statement number, or the Form or Schedule and the date of its filing.

#### Table of Contents

- (1) Amount Previously Paid:
- (2) Form, Schedule or Registration Statement No.:
- (3) Filing Party:
- (4) Date Filed:

# MERGER PROPOSAL YOUR VOTE IS VERY IMPORTANT

The board of directors of Valeant Pharmaceuticals International (Valeant) and the board of directors of Biovail Corporation (Biovail) have agreed to a business combination (the merger) of their two companies under the terms of the Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of June 20, 2010 (the merger agreement). In order to effect the combination of Valeant and Biovail, Valeant will merge with a wholly owned subsidiary of Biovail and the name of the combined company will be changed to Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, Inc. Valeant has also announced its intention to pay, on the business day immediately preceding the effective time of the merger, a special dividend to Valeant stockholders of record as of the close of business on such date in the amount of \$16.77 per share (the pre-merger special dividend).

If the merger is completed, Valeant stockholders will receive a fixed ratio of 1.7809 Biovail common shares, no par value ( Biovail common shares ), for each share of Valeant common stock, par value \$0.01 ( Valeant common stock ), that they own. In addition, on the business day immediately preceding the effective time of the merger, each Valeant stockholder of record as of the close of business on such date will be paid \$16.77 per share of Valeant common stock pursuant to the pre-merger special dividend. The 1.7809 exchange ratio is fixed and will not be adjusted to reflect stock price changes prior to the closing of the merger. Biovail shareholders will continue to own their existing Biovail common shares after the merger.

Based on the number of Biovail common shares and the number of shares of Valeant common stock estimated to be outstanding immediately prior to the closing of the merger, we estimate that upon such closing current Biovail shareholders will own approximately 50.5% of the combined company and former Valeant stockholders will own approximately 49.5% of the combined company, in each case on a fully diluted basis. Biovail common shares are traded on both the New York Stock Exchange (the NYSE ) and the Toronto Stock Exchange (the TSX ) under the symbol BVF and shares of Valeant common stock are traded on the NYSE under the symbol VRX. Following completion of the merger and the change of the name of the combined company, the common shares of Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, Inc. are expected to trade on the NYSE under the symbol VRX and on the TSX under a symbol to be determined.

At the special meeting of Biovail shareholders, Biovail shareholders will be asked to vote on (1) the issuance of such number of common shares in the capital of Biovail as is necessary to complete the merger with Valeant, being 1.7809 Biovail common shares for each share of Valeant common stock, and such other common shares in the capital of Biovail as contemplated by the merger agreement and (2) the amendment of the articles of continuance of Biovail to change the name of Biovail to Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, Inc. At the special meeting of Valeant stockholders will be asked to vote on proposals to adopt the merger agreement and to approve the adjournment of the Valeant special meeting, if necessary or appropriate to solicit additional proxies if there are not sufficient votes to adopt the merger agreement at the time of the Valeant special meeting.

We cannot complete the merger unless the shareholders of both of our companies approve the respective proposals related to the merger. Your vote is very important, regardless of the number of shares you own. Whether or not you expect to attend the Valeant or Biovail special meeting, as applicable, in person, please vote your shares as promptly as possible so that your shares may be represented and voted at your special meeting. If you are a Biovail shareholder, please note that a failure to vote your Biovail common shares may result in a failure to vote your shares of Valeant common stock has the same effect as a vote against the adoption of the merger agreement.

The Biovail board of directors recommends that the Biovail shareholders vote FOR the proposal to issue Biovail common shares necessary to complete the merger and to issue such other Biovail common shares as contemplated by the merger agreement and FOR the proposal to change the name of Biovail to Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, Inc. The Valeant board of directors recommends that the Valeant stockholders vote FOR the proposal to adopt the merger agreement and FOR the proposal to approve the adjournment of the Valeant special meeting, if necessary or appropriate to solicit additional proxies if there are not sufficient votes to adopt the merger agreement at the time of the Valeant special meeting.

The obligations of Valeant and Biovail to complete the merger are subject to the satisfaction or waiver of the conditions in the merger agreement. More information about Biovail, Valeant and the merger is contained in this management proxy circular and joint proxy statement/prospectus. You should read this entire management proxy circular and joint proxy statement/prospectus carefully, including the section entitled Risk Factors beginning on page 22.

We look forward to the successful combination of Valeant and Biovail.

Sincerely,

J. Michael Pearson Chairman and Chief Executive Officer Valeant Pharmaceuticals International William M. Wells Chief Executive Officer Biovail Corporation

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission nor any Canadian securities regulator has approved or disapproved of the securities to be issued under this management proxy circular and joint proxy statement/prospectus or determined that this management proxy circular and joint proxy statement/prospectus is accurate or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

This management proxy circular and joint proxy statement/prospectus is dated August 18, 2010 and is first being mailed to the stockholders of Valeant and the shareholders of Biovail on or about August 20, 2010.

# Biovail Corporation 7150 Mississauga Road Mississauga, Ontario Canada L5N 8M5 (905) 286-3000

### NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS To Be Held On September 27, 2010

Dear Shareholders of Biovail Corporation:

We are pleased to invite you to attend a special meeting of shareholders of Biovail Corporation (Biovail), which will be held at the Canadian Broadcasting Centre, Glenn Gould Studio, 250 Front Street West, Toronto, Ontario, on September 27, 2010, at 10:00 a.m., local time, for the following purposes:

to consider and if thought fit, approve with or without variation, an ordinary resolution authorizing Biovail to issue such number of common shares in the capital of Biovail as is necessary to complete the merger with Valeant, being 1.7809 Biovail common shares for each share of Valeant common stock, and such other common shares in the capital of Biovail as contemplated by the merger agreement dated as of June 20, 2010 (the merger agreement ) among Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, Biovail, Biovail Americas Corp., a wholly owned subsidiary of Biovail (BAC), and Beach Merger Corp., a wholly owned subsidiary of BAC, a copy of which is included as Annex A to the management proxy circular and joint proxy statement/prospectus of which this notice forms a part (the share issuance resolution );

conditional upon the approval of the share issuance resolution, to consider, and if deemed advisable, pass, with or without variation, a special resolution to amend the articles of continuance of Biovail to change the name of Biovail from Biovail Corporation to Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, Inc., the full text of which is attached as Annex E to the management proxy circular and joint proxy statement/prospectus of which this notice forms a part (the name change resolution ); and

to transact such further or other business as may properly come before the Biovail special meeting and any adjournments or postponements thereof.

An ordinary resolution is a resolution passed by at least a majority of the votes cast by the Biovail shareholders who voted in respect of that resolution at the Biovail special meeting while a special resolution is a resolution passed by a majority of not less than two-thirds of the votes cast by the Biovail shareholders who voted in respect of that resolution at the Biovail special meeting.

If the share issuance resolution is not approved by the Biovail shareholders at the Biovail special meeting, the approval of the name change resolution as set forth in this Notice of Special Meeting will not be proceeded with.

The items of business listed above and the merger agreement and the merger are described in detail in the accompanying management proxy circular and joint proxy statement/prospectus of which this notice forms a part. Biovail will transact no other business at the special meeting except such business as may properly be brought before the Biovail special meeting or any adjournment or postponement thereof. The Biovail board of directors has unanimously determined that the merger and the other transactions contemplated by the merger agreement, including the share issuance resolution and name change resolution, are advisable and in the best interests of Biovail and its shareholders. Accordingly, the Biovail board of directors recommends that the Biovail shareholders vote FOR the share issuance resolution and FOR the name change resolution.

Registered holders of Biovail common shares at the close of business on August 18, 2010, are entitled to vote in person or by proxy at the Biovail special meeting and any adjournment or postponement thereof.

Completion of the merger is conditioned on approval of the share issuance resolution and the name change resolution.

#### Table of Contents

Shareholders are invited to attend the Biovail special meeting. Registered shareholders who are unable to attend the Biovail special meeting in person are requested to complete, date and sign the enclosed form of proxy (the proxy card ) and send it in the enclosed envelope or otherwise to the CIBC Mellon Trust Company, Proxy Department, P.O. Box 721, Agincourt, Ontario, Canada M1S 0A1, facsimile: 416-368-2502 or to Biovail at Biovail s registered office, which is located at 7150 Mississauga Road, Mississauga, ON L5N 8M5, fax number 905-286-3050, or via the Internet, by going to www.eproxyvoting.com/biovail and following the instructions on the website, or by calling toll free 1-866-271-1207 on a touch tone phone and following the instructions provided by Vote Voice. You will need to refer to the proxy card and to your 13 digit control number provided on the proxy card. Non-registered shareholders who receive these materials through their broker or other intermediary should follow the instructions provided by their broker or intermediary.

To be effective, your proxy card must be received by CIBC Mellon Trust Company not later than 10:00 a.m., Toronto time, on September 24, 2010, or, in the case of any adjournment or postponement of the Biovail special meeting, not less than 48 hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and holidays, prior to the time of such adjournment or postponement. The time limit for deposit of proxies may be waived by Biovail s board of directors at its discretion. Completing and sending the proxy card will cancel any other proxy you may have previously submitted in connection with the Biovail special meeting, as it is the later dated proxy that will be counted.

# Your vote is important. Whether or not you expect to attend in person, we urge you to authorize a proxy to vote your shares as promptly as possible so that your shares may be represented and voted at the Biovail special meeting.

If you have any questions about the information contained in this document or require assistance in completing your proxy card, please contact Biovail s proxy solicitor, Georgeson, toll free at 1-888-605-8403.

Dated at Mississauga, Ontario this 18th day of August, 2010

By order of the Board of Directors

Gregory Gubitz Senior Vice-President, Corporate Development and General Counsel

# VALEANT PHARMACEUTICALS INTERNATIONAL One Enterprise Aliso Viejo, California 92656

#### NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS TO BE HELD ON SEPTEMBER 27, 2010

To the Stockholders of Valeant Pharmaceuticals International:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a special meeting of stockholders of Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, a Delaware corporation (Valeant), will be held on September 27, 2010 at 10:00 a.m., local time, at 14 Main Street, Suite 140, Madison, New Jersey 07940, solely for the following purposes:

to consider and vote upon a proposal to adopt the Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of June 20, 2010, among Valeant, Biovail Corporation, a Canadian corporation (Biovail), Biovail Americas Corp., a Delaware corporation and a wholly owned subsidiary of Biovail (BAC), and Beach Merger Corp., a Delaware corporation and a wholly owned subsidiary of BAC (the merger agreement), a copy of which is attached as Annex A to the management proxy circular and joint proxy statement/prospectus accompanying this notice; and

to approve the adjournment of the Valeant special meeting, if necessary or appropriate to solicit additional proxies if there are not sufficient votes to adopt the merger agreement at the time of the special meeting.

These items of business, including the merger agreement and the proposed merger are described in detail in the accompanying management proxy circular and joint proxy statement/prospectus. The Valeant board of directors, by unanimous vote, has determined that the merger agreement and the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement, including the merger, are advisable and in the best interests of Valeant and its stockholders and recommends that Valeant stockholders vote FOR the adoption of the merger agreement and FOR the adjournment of the Valeant special meeting, if necessary or appropriate to solicit additional proxies in favor of such adoption.

The record date for the special meeting is August 18, 2010. Only Valeant stockholders of record as of the close of business on that date will be entitled to notice of the Valeant special meeting and to vote, in person or by proxy, at the Valeant special meeting or at any adjournment or postponement thereof. A list of stockholders entitled to vote at the Valeant special meeting will be available in Valeant s offices located at One Enterprise, Aliso Viejo, California 92656, during regular business hours for a period of no less than 10 days before the Valeant special meeting and at the place of the Valeant special meeting during the meeting.

Adoption of the merger agreement by the Valeant stockholders is a condition to the merger and requires the affirmative vote, in person or by proxy, of holders of a majority of the shares of Valeant common stock outstanding and entitled to vote thereon. Therefore, your vote is very important. Your failure to vote your shares will have the same effect as a vote against the adoption of the merger agreement. Whether or not you plan to attend the special meeting, please promptly vote your proxy by telephone or by accessing the Internet site following the instructions in the accompanying management proxy circular and joint proxy statement/prospectus or by marking, dating, signing and returning the accompanying proxy card as promptly as possible.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

Steve T. Min Corporate Secretary

Dated: August 18, 2010

**Table of Contents** 

#### **ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

This management proxy circular and joint proxy statement/prospectus incorporates important business and financial information about Valeant and Biovail from other documents that are not included in or delivered with this management proxy circular and joint proxy statement/prospectus. This information is available to you without charge upon your request. You can obtain the documents incorporated by reference into this management proxy circular and joint proxy statement in writing or by telephone from the appropriate company or its representative at the following addresses and telephone numbers:

Innisfree M&A Incorporated 501 Madison Avenue, 20th Floor New York, New York 10022 Stockholders call toll-free: (877) 456-3442 Banks and Brokers may call collect: (212) 750-5833 Georgeson 100 University Avenue 11th Floor, South Tower Toronto, Ontario Canada M5J 2Y1 North American Toll Free Number: 1-888-605-8403

OR

Valeant Pharmaceuticals International One Enterprise Aliso Viejo, California 92656 (949) 461-6178 Attn: Investor Relations OR

Biovail Corporation 7150 Mississauga Road Mississauga, Ontario Canada L5N 8M5 (905) 286-3000 Attn: Investor Relations

Investors may also consult Valeant s or Biovail s website for more information about Valeant or Biovail, respectively. Valeant s website is www.valeant.com. Biovail s website is www.biovail.com. Information included on these websites is **not** incorporated by reference into this management proxy circular and joint proxy statement/prospectus.

# If you would like to request any documents, please do so by September 20, 2010, in order to receive them before the special meetings.

For a more detailed description of the information incorporated by reference in this management proxy circular and joint proxy statement/prospectus and how you may obtain it, see Where You Can Find More Information beginning on page 175.

# ABOUT THIS JOINT PROXY STATEMENT/PROSPECTUS

For ease of reference, when we refer to this joint proxy statement/prospectus, we mean the management proxy circular and joint proxy statement/prospectus described above.

This joint proxy statement/prospectus, which forms part of a registration statement on Form S-4 filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC) by Biovail, constitutes a prospectus of Biovail under Section 5 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the Securities Act), with respect to the Biovail common shares to be issued to Valeant stockholders pursuant to the share issuance resolution. This joint proxy statement/prospectus also constitutes a joint proxy statement of both Valeant and Biovail under Section 14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act), and a management proxy circular under National Instrument 51-102 Continuous Disclosure Obligations (NI 51-102) of the Canadian Securities Administrators (the CSA). It also

constitutes a notice of meeting with respect to the special meeting of Biovail shareholders and a notice of meeting with respect to the special meeting of Valeant stockholders.

You should rely only on the information contained in or incorporated by reference into this joint proxy statement/prospectus. No one has been authorized to provide you with information that is different from that contained in, or incorporated by reference into, this joint proxy statement/prospectus. This joint proxy statement/prospectus is dated August 18, 2010. You should not assume that the information contained in this joint proxy statement/prospectus is accurate as of any date other than that date. Neither our mailing of this joint proxy statement/prospectus to Valeant stockholders or Biovail shareholders nor the issuance by Biovail of common shares in connection with the merger will create any implication to the contrary.

This joint proxy statement/prospectus does not constitute an offer to sell, or a solicitation of an offer to buy, any securities, or the solicitation of a proxy, in any jurisdiction to or from any person to whom it is unlawful to make any such offer or solicitation. Information contained in this joint proxy statement/prospectus regarding Biovail has been provided by Biovail and information contained in this joint proxy statement/prospectus regarding Valeant has been provided by Valeant.

## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS	iv
SUMMARY	1
The Companies	1
Pre-Merger Special Dividend	2
Post-Merger Special Dividend	2
The Merger and the Merger Agreement	2
The Biovail Special Meeting	9
The Valeant Special Meeting	10
Litigation Related to the Merger	11
Voting Agreement	12
Commitment Letter	12
Selected Historical Consolidated Financial Data of Biovail	13
Selected Historical Consolidated Financial Data of Valeant	15
Summary Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Information	18
Selected Comparative Per Share Market Price and Dividend Information	19
Certain Historical and Pro Forma Per Share Data	20
<u>RISK FACTORS</u>	22
Risk Factors Relating to the Merger	22
Risk Factors Relating to the Combined Company Following the Merger	25
Other Risk Factors of Valeant and Biovail	29
SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS	30
THE COMPANIES	32
Biovail Corporation	32
Biovail Americas Corp.	32
Beach Merger Corp.	32
Valeant Pharmaceuticals International	32
THE BIOVAIL SPECIAL MEETING	33
Date, Time and Place	33
Purpose of the Biovail Special Meeting	33
Recommendations of the Board of Directors of Biovail	33
Share Issuance Resolution	33
Biovail Record Date; Shares Entitled to Vote	34
Share Ownership by and Voting Rights of Biovail s Directors and Executive Officers	34
Quorum	34
Required Vote	34
Failure to Vote and Broker Non-Votes	34
Appointment of Proxyholder	34
Record Holders	34
Shares Held in Street Name/Non-Registered Shareholders	35
Revocability of Proxy; Changing Your Vote	35
Solicitation of Proxies	36

**Table of Contents** 

Principal Shareholders

THE VALEANT SPECIAL MEETING

36

37

Page

	Page
Date, Time and Place	37
Purpose of the Valeant Special Meeting	37
Recommendations of the Board of Directors of Valeant	37
Valeant Record Date; Stock Entitled to Vote	37
Stock Ownership by and Voting Rights of Valeant s Directors and Executive Officers	37
Ouorum	38
Required Vote	38
Failure to Vote, Broker Non-Votes and Abstentions	38
Record Holders	38
Shares Held in Street Name	39
Revocability of Proxy; Changing Your Vote	39
Solicitation of Proxies	39
Principal Stockholders	40
No Other Business	40
Delivery of Proxy Materials to Households Where Two or More Valeant Stockholders Reside	40
PRE-MERGER SPECIAL DIVIDEND	41
POST-MERGER SPECIAL DIVIDEND	41
THE MERGER	42
Effects of the Merger	42
Background of the Merger	42
Recommendations of the Biovail Board of Directors; Biovail s Reasons for the Merger	53
Opinion of Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated, Biovail s Financial Advisor	56
Certain Biovail Prospective Financial Information	67
Recommendations of the Valeant Board of Directors; Valeant s Reasons for the Merger	68
Opinions of Valeant s Financial Advisors	72
Certain Valeant Prospective Financial Information	89
Board of Directors and Management After the Merger	90
Treatment of Valeant Restricted Stock Units and Options	91
Financial Interests of Biovail Directors and Officers in the Merger	92
Financial Interests of Valeant Directors and Officers in the Merger	96
Effect of the Merger on Valeant s Convertible Notes	101
Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences	102
Certain Canadian Federal Income Tax Considerations	108
Accounting Treatment of the Merger	109
Regulatory Approvals Required for the Merger and Other Regulatory Matters	110
Exchange of Shares in the Merger	110
Intended Dividend Payment Post-Merger	111
Listing of Biovail Common Shares	111
De-Listing and Deregistration of Valeant Common Stock	111
Appraisal/Dissent Rights	111
Restrictions on Sales of Shares by Certain Affiliates	112
Litigation Related to the Merger	112
Amendments to Biovail s Articles of Continuance	115
Summary of the Merger Agreement	115

	Page
Voting Agreement	128
Commitment Letter	120
INDEBTEDNESS OF THE COMBINED COMPANY FOLLOWING THE MERGER	133
Credit Facilities	133
<u>Notes</u>	133
BIOVAIL CORPORATION AND VALEANT PHARMACEUTICALS INTERNATIONAL UNAUDITED	
PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	134
COMPARATIVE PER SHARE MARKET PRICE DATA AND DIVIDEND INFORMATION	152
CERTAIN HISTORICAL AND PRO FORMA PER SHARE DATA	153
COMPARISON OF RIGHTS OF VALEANT STOCKHOLDERS AND BIOVAIL SHAREHOLDERS	155
APPRAISAL/DISSENT RIGHTS	169
Biovail	169
Valeant	169
LEGAL MATTERS	173
<u>EXPERTS</u>	173
SHAREHOLDER PROPOSALS	174
Biovail	174
Valeant	174
WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION	175
ANNEX A AGREEMENT AND PLAN OF MERGER	A-1
ANNEX B OPINION OF MORGAN STANLEY & CO. INCORPORATED	B-1
<u>ANNEX C OPINION OF GOLDMAN, SACHS &amp; CO.</u>	C-1
ANNEX D OPINION OF JEFFERIES & COMPANY, INC.	D-1
ANNEX E NAME CHANGE RESOLUTION	E-1
ANNEX F SECTION 262 OF THE DELAWARE GENERAL CORPORATION LAW	F-1

iii

### **QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS**

Set forth below are questions that you, as a stockholder of Valeant or a shareholder of Biovail, may have regarding the merger and the other matters to be considered at the special meetings of stockholders of Valeant or shareholders of Biovail and the answers to those questions. Valeant and Biovail urge you to read carefully the remainder of this joint proxy statement/prospectus because the information in this section does not provide all the information that might be important to you with respect to the merger and the other matters to be considered at the special meetings. Additional important information is also contained in the Annexes to and the documents incorporated by reference into this joint proxy statement/prospectus. All references in this joint proxy statement/prospectus to Valeant refer to Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, a Delaware corporation; all references in this joint proxy statement/prospectus to Biovail refer to Biovail Corporation, a Canadian corporation; all references in this joint proxy statement/prospectus to BAC refer to Biovail Americas Corp., a Delaware corporation and a direct wholly owned subsidiary of Biovail; all references to Beach Merger Corp., refer to Beach Merger Corp., a Delaware corporation and a direct wholly owned subsidiary of BAC; unless otherwise indicated or as the context requires, all references in this joint proxy statement/prospectus to we, our and us refer to both Valeant and Biovail; and all references to the merger agreement refer to the Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of June 20, 2010, among Valeant, Biovail, BAC and Beach Merger Corp., a copy of which is included as Annex A to this joint proxy statement/prospectus. Biovail following completion of the merger is sometimes referred to in this joint proxy statement/prospectus as the combined company. All references to USD or \$ are to United States dollars, and all references to C\$ are to Canadian dollars.

#### **Q:** Why am I receiving this joint proxy statement/prospectus?

A: Valeant and Biovail have agreed to combine under the terms of the merger agreement (the merger ) that is described in this joint proxy statement/prospectus. In order to effect the combination of Valeant and Biovail, Valeant will merge with a wholly owned subsidiary of Biovail, and the name of the combined company will be changed to Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, Inc.

In order to complete the merger:

Biovail shareholders must approve the issuance of Biovail common shares necessary to complete the merger and the issuance of such other Biovail common shares as contemplated by the merger agreement;

Biovail shareholders must approve the amendment of Biovail s articles of continuance to change Biovail s name to Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, Inc. ; and

Valeant stockholders must adopt the merger agreement.

Valeant and Biovail will hold separate special meetings to obtain these approvals. This joint proxy statement/prospectus contains important information about the merger and the special meetings of the stockholders of Valeant and shareholders of Biovail, and you should read it carefully.

Your vote is important. You do not need to attend the special meetings in person to vote. We encourage you to vote as soon as possible.

#### **Q:** What will I receive in the merger?

A: If the merger is completed, holders of shares of Valeant common stock (except for shares of Valeant common stock owned by Biovail, BAC or Beach Merger Corp. (all of which will be cancelled), and other than those shares with respect to which appraisal rights are properly exercised and not withdrawn) will receive, for each share of Valeant common stock outstanding immediately prior to the merger, 1.7809 Biovail common shares. In addition, on the business day immediately preceding the effective time of the merger, each Valeant stockholder of record as of the close of business on such date will be paid \$16.77 per share of Valeant common stock pursuant to the pre-merger special dividend. Valeant stockholders will not receive any fractional Biovail common shares in the merger. Instead, Valeant stockholders will receive cash for any fractional Biovail common shares that a Valeant stockholder would otherwise have been entitled to receive.

Biovail shareholders will not receive any merger consideration and will continue to hold their Biovail common shares after the merger.

iv

#### Q: Will I receive the pre-merger special dividend?

A: All holders of record of Valeant common stock as of the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the effective time of the merger will have the right to receive the pre-merger special dividend. Valeant intends to pay the pre-merger special dividend on the business day immediately preceding the effective time of the merger.

Biovail shareholders will not receive the pre-merger special dividend.

#### **Q:** What is the value of the merger consideration?

A: Because Biovail will issue a fixed number of Biovail common shares in exchange for each share of Valeant common stock, the value of the merger consideration that Valeant stockholders will receive will depend on the price per share of Biovail common shares at the time the merger is completed. That price will not be known at the time of the special meetings and may be less or more than the current price or the price at the time of the special meetings.

#### Q: When and where will the special meetings be held?

A: The Biovail special meeting will be held at the Canadian Broadcasting Centre, Glenn Gould Studio, 250 Front Street West, Toronto, Ontario, on September 27, 2010, at 10:00 a.m., local time. The Valeant special meeting will be held at 14 Main Street, Suite 140, Madison, New Jersey 07940, on September 27, 2010, at 10:00 a.m., local time.

#### **Q:** Who is entitled to vote at the Biovail and Valeant special meetings?

A: Biovail has fixed August 18, 2010 as the record date for the Biovail special meeting. If you were a Biovail shareholder as of the close of business on such date, you are entitled to vote on matters that come before the Biovail special meeting.

Valeant has fixed August 18, 2010 as the record date for the Valeant special meeting. If you were a Valeant stockholder as of the close of business on such date, you are entitled to vote on matters that come before the Valeant special meeting.

#### Q: How many votes do I have?

A: *Biovail:* You are entitled to one vote for each Biovail common share that you owned as of the close of business on the Biovail record date. As of the close of business on the Biovail record date, there were approximately 158,646,462 outstanding Biovail common shares.

*Valeant:* You are entitled to one vote for each share of Valeant common stock that you owned as of the close of business on the Valeant record date. As of the close of business on the Valeant record date, there were approximately 76,696,012 outstanding shares of Valeant common stock.

#### Q: How do I vote?

A: If you are a registered shareholder of Biovail as of the close of business on the record date for the Biovail special meeting or a stockholder of record of Valeant as of the close of business on the record date for the Valeant

#### Table of Contents

special meeting, you may vote in person by attending your respective special meeting or, to ensure your shares are represented at the meeting, you may authorize a proxy to vote by:

accessing the Internet website specified on your proxy card;

calling the toll-free number specified on your proxy card; or

signing and returning your proxy card in the postage-paid envelope provided.

If you hold Biovail common shares or shares of Valeant common stock in street name through a stock brokerage account or through a bank or other nominee, please follow the voting instructions provided by your broker, bank or other nominee to ensure that your shares are represented at your special meeting.

v

# Q: My shares are held in street name by my broker or I am a non-registered shareholder. Will my broker automatically vote my shares for me?

A: No. If your shares are held in the name of a broker, bank or other nominee, you are considered the beneficial owner of the shares held for you in what is known as street name. You are **not** the record holder or registered holder of such shares. If this is the case, this joint proxy statement/prospectus has been forwarded to you by your broker, bank or other nominee. As the beneficial owner, unless your broker, bank or other nominee has discretionary authority over your shares, you generally have the right to direct your broker, bank or other nominee as to how to vote your shares. If you do not provide voting instructions, your shares will not be voted on any proposal on which your broker, bank or other nominee does not have discretionary authority. This is often called a broker non-vote.

Please follow the voting instructions provided by your broker, bank or other nominee so that it may vote your shares on your behalf. Please note that you may not vote shares held in street name by returning a proxy card directly to Valeant or Biovail or by voting in person at your special meeting unless you first provide a proxy from your broker, bank or other nominee.

If you are a Biovail shareholder and you do not instruct your broker, bank or other nominee on how to vote your shares, your broker, bank or other nominee will not vote your shares on any matter over which they do not have discretionary authority. Such a broker non-vote will have no effect on the vote on any of the Biovail proposals, assuming a quorum is present.

If you are a Valeant stockholder and you do not instruct your broker, bank or other nominee on how to vote your shares, your broker, bank or other nominee will not vote your shares over which they do not have discretionary authority. This broker non-vote will have the same effect as a vote against the proposal to adopt the merger agreement, and will have no effect on the proposal to adjourn the Valeant special meeting, if necessary or appropriate to solicit additional proxies if there are not sufficient votes to adopt the merger agreement at the time of the Valeant special meeting.

#### **Q:** What vote is required to approve each proposal?

A: *Biovail:* The issuance of Biovail common shares to Valeant stockholders necessary to complete the merger, and the issuance of such other Biovail common shares as contemplated by the merger agreement will be approved if a majority of the votes cast in person or by proxy on the proposal vote in favor of the proposal.

The amendment to Biovail s articles of continuance to change Biovail s name will be approved if two-thirds of the votes cast in person or by proxy on the proposal vote in favor of the proposal.

*Valeant:* The proposal at the Valeant special meeting to adopt the merger agreement requires the affirmative vote of holders of a majority of the shares of Valeant common stock outstanding and entitled to vote as of the close of business on the Valeant record date.

The proposal to approve the adjournment of the Valeant special meeting, if necessary or appropriate to solicit additional proxies, if there are not sufficient votes to adopt the merger agreement at the time of the Valeant special meeting, requires the affirmative vote of holders of a majority of the shares of Valeant common stock present in person or represented by proxy at the Valeant special meeting and entitled to vote thereon.

#### **Q:** What will happen if I fail to vote or I abstain from voting?

A: *Biovail:* If you are a Biovail shareholder and fail to vote or fail to instruct your broker, bank or other nominee to vote, it will have no effect on any of the Biovail proposals, assuming a quorum is present.

*Valeant*: If you are a Valeant stockholder and fail to vote, fail to instruct your broker, bank or other nominee to vote, or mark your proxy or voting instructions to abstain, this will have the effect of a vote against the proposal to adopt the merger agreement. If you are a Valeant stockholder and are present in person at the Valeant special meeting and abstain from voting or mark your proxy or voting instructions to abstain, this will have the effect of a vote against the effect of a vote against the proposal to approve the adjournment of the Valeant special meeting. If you are a Valeant stockholder and are not present in person at the Valeant special meeting and do not respond by proxy, this will have

vi

no effect on the vote held on the proposal to approve the adjournment of the Valeant special meeting. Failure to instruct your broker, bank or other nominee to vote will also have no effect on the vote held on this proposal.

#### Q: What will happen if I return my proxy card without indicating how to vote?

A: If you are a holder of record of shares of Valeant common stock or a registered holder of Biovail common shares and sign and return your proxy card without indicating how to vote on any particular proposal, the Valeant common stock or Biovail common shares represented by your proxy will be voted in accordance with the recommendations of the board of directors of Valeant or Biovail, as applicable.

#### **Q:** What constitutes a quorum?

A: *Biovail:* At least two persons present, each being a shareholder entitled to vote at the Biovail special meeting or a duly appointed proxyholder or representative for a shareholder so entitled, and together holding or representing Biovail common shares having not less than 25% of the outstanding votes entitled to be cast at the Biovail special meeting, constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at the Biovail special meeting. All Biovail common shares represented at the Biovail special meeting, including shares that are represented but that abstain from voting, will be treated as present and entitled to vote for purposes of determining the presence or absence of a quorum.

*Valeant:* A majority of the outstanding shares of Valeant common stock entitled to vote at the Valeant special meeting must be represented in person or by proxy at the Valeant special meeting in order to constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at the Valeant special meeting. All shares of Valeant common stock represented at the Valeant special meeting, including shares of Valeant common stock that are represented but that abstain from voting, and shares (if any) of Valeant common stock that are represented but that are held by brokers, banks and other nominees who do not have authority to vote such shares (i.e., broker non-votes), will be treated as present and entitled to vote for purposes of determining the presence or absence of a quorum.

#### Q: Can I change my vote after I have returned a proxy or voting instruction card?

#### A: Yes.

If you are a record holder of Valeant common stock as of the close of business on the record date for the Valeant special meeting: You can change your vote at any time before the start of your special meeting. In addition to revocation in any other manner permitted by law, you can revoke your proxy in one of the following ways:

you can grant a new, valid proxy bearing a later date (including by telephone or Internet);

you can send a signed notice of revocation; or

you can attend your special meeting and vote in person, which will automatically cancel any proxy previously given, or you may revoke your proxy in person, but your attendance alone will not revoke any proxy that you have previously given.

If you choose any of the foregoing methods, your notice of revocation or your new proxy must be received by Valeant no later than the beginning of the Valeant special meeting. If you have voted your shares by telephone or through the Internet, you may revoke your prior telephone or Internet vote by any manner described above. Only your latest-dated proxy will count.

If you are a registered holder of Biovail common shares as of the close of business on the record date for the Biovail special meeting: You can change your vote at any time before the start of your special meeting, unless otherwise noted. In addition to revocation in any other manner permitted by law, you can revoke your proxy in one of the following ways:

you can grant a new, valid proxy bearing a later date (including by telephone or Internet);

you can deposit a signed notice of revocation at Biovail s registered office at any time up to and including the last business day preceding the day of the Biovail special meeting (or any adjournment or postponement thereof) or with the chair of the Biovail special meeting on the day of the Biovail special meeting (or any adjournment or postponement thereof); or

vii

you can attend the special meeting and vote in person, which will automatically cancel any proxy previously given, or you may revoke your proxy in person, but your attendance alone will not revoke any proxy that you have previously given.

If you choose any of the foregoing methods, your notice of revocation or your new proxy must be received by Biovail no later than the beginning of the Biovail special meeting. If you have voted your shares by telephone or through the Internet, you may revoke your prior telephone or Internet vote by any manner described above. Only your latest dated proxy will count.

*If you hold shares of Valeant common stock or Biovail common shares in street name* : You may change your vote by submitting another later-dated voting instruction form to your broker, bank or other nominee or by voting again by telephone or by Internet. In order to simply revoke a previous instruction, you must notify your broker, bank or other nominee in writing of your revocation. In order to ensure that the broker, bank or other nominee acts upon revocation, the written notice should be received by the broker, bank or other nominee well in advance of your special meeting.

# Q: What are the material U.S. Federal income tax consequences of the merger and the pre-merger special dividend to U.S. holders of Valeant common stock?

*The Merger.* The merger is intended to qualify as a reorganization within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the Code ) with no gain or loss recognition to U.S. holders of Valeant common stock for U.S. Federal income tax purposes, except with respect to cash received in lieu of fractional Biovail common shares. It is a condition to the closing of the merger that, at the effective time of the merger, Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP (Skadden) will deliver to Valeant and Cravath, Swaine & Moore LLP (Cravath) will deliver to Biovail their respective opinions substantially to the effect that the merger should be subject to the tax treatment described in the immediately preceding sentence. The conclusions in the tax opinions will not be free from doubt, and there are significant factual and legal uncertainties concerning these conclusions. If the conclusions in the tax opinions were to be challenged by the Internal Revenue Service (the

IRS ) and such challenge were to be sustained, a U.S. holder of Valeant common stock would recognize gain (and might not be allowed to recognize loss) in the merger based on the amount such U.S. holder realizes in the merger.

*The Pre-Merger Special Dividend.* The pre-merger special dividend is intended to be treated as a distribution by Valeant within the meaning of Section 301 of the Code and not as consideration paid for Valeant stock in the merger. The tax opinions that are to be delivered by counsels to Valeant and Biovail as a condition to the closing of the merger will be based in part on a determination that the pre-merger special dividend should be treated as such. Assuming this determination is sustained, the pre-merger special dividend will be treated as a dividend for U.S. Federal income tax purposes to the extent paid out of current or accumulated earnings and profits of Valeant. If the amount of the dividend exceeds Valeant s current and accumulated earnings and profits, the excess will be treated as a tax-free return of capital to the extent of your adjusted tax basis in the Valeant common stock and any remaining portion of the dividend will be taxed as capital gain. However, it is possible that the IRS would instead seek to characterize the pre-merger special dividend as consideration paid by Biovail in the merger for a portion of a U.S. holder s Valeant common stock. If this characterization were to be sustained, a U.S. holder realizes in the merger including the pre-merger special dividend.

See The Merger Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences beginning on page 102.

#### **Q:** When do you expect the merger to be completed?

A: Valeant and Biovail are working to complete the merger before the end of 2010. However, the merger is subject to a financing condition, the obtaining of various regulatory approvals and other conditions, and it is possible that factors outside the control of both companies could result in the merger being completed at a later time, or not at all. There may be a substantial amount of time between the respective Valeant and Biovail special meetings and the completion of the merger. Valeant and Biovail hope to complete the merger as soon as reasonably practicable.

#### Q: What do I need to do now?

A: Carefully read and consider the information contained in, and incorporated by reference into, this joint proxy statement/prospectus, including its Annexes. Then please authorize a proxy to vote your shares as soon as possible so that your shares may be represented at your special meeting.

#### Q: Do I need to do anything with my shares now?

A: No. If you are a Valeant stockholder, after the merger is completed, your shares of Valeant common stock (other than those shares with respect to which appraisal rights are properly exercised and not withdrawn) will be converted automatically into the right to receive 1.7809 Biovail common shares and cash in lieu of fractional shares. You do not need to take any action at the current time. If you are a Valeant stockholder of record as of the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the effective time of the merger, you will be paid the pre-merger special dividend on such date.

If you are a Biovail shareholder, you are not required to take any action with respect to your Biovail common shares.

### Q: Are shareholders entitled to appraisal/dissent rights?

A: Under the merger agreement, stockholders of Valeant are entitled to appraisal rights in connection with the merger, provided that the applicable Valeant stockholder complies with all applicable requirements and procedures under the Delaware General Corporation Law (the DGCL ). See Appraisal/Dissent Rights beginning on page 169.

Under the Canada Business Corporations Act (the CBCA ), the shareholders of Biovail are not entitled to dissent rights in connection with the merger. See Appraisal/Dissent Rights beginning on page 169.

# **Q:** What happens if I sell my shares before the special meeting?

A: The record date of each of the special meetings is earlier than the date of each of the special meetings and the date that the merger is expected to be completed. If you transfer your shares after the record date but before your special meeting, you will retain (subject to any arrangements made with the purchaser of your shares) your right to vote at the special meeting, but, in the case of Valeant stockholders, you will not have the right to receive the pre-merger special dividend and the merger consideration in the merger. In order to receive the merger consideration, you must hold your shares of Valeant common stock through the effective time of the merger. In order to receive the pre-merger special dividend, you must hold your shares of Valeant common stock as of the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the effective time of the merger.

#### **Q:** Who is soliciting my proxy?

A: *Biovail.* Biovail s management is soliciting your proxy for use at the Biovail special meeting and any adjournment or postponement thereof. All associated costs of the proxy solicitation will be borne by Biovail. In addition to the use of the mail, proxies may be solicited by directors, officers and other employees of Biovail, without additional remuneration, by personal interview, telephone, facsimile or otherwise. Biovail will also request brokerage firms, nominees, custodians and fiduciaries to forward proxy materials to the beneficial owners of shares and will provide customary reimbursement to such firms for the cost of forwarding these materials. Biovail has retained Georgeson to assist in its solicitation of proxies and has agreed to pay them a fee of

approximately C\$30,000, plus reasonable expenses, for these services.

*Valeant*. Valeant s management is soliciting your proxy for use at the Valeant special meeting and any adjournment or postponement thereof. All associated costs of the proxy solicitation will be borne by Valeant. In addition to the use of the mail, proxies may be solicited by directors, officers and other employees of Valeant, without additional remuneration, by personal interview, telephone, facsimile or otherwise. Valeant will also request brokerage firms, nominees, custodians and fiduciaries to forward proxy materials to the beneficial owners of shares and will provide customary reimbursement to such firms for the cost of forwarding these materials. Valeant has retained Innisfree M&A Incorporated (Innisfree) to assist in its solicitation of proxies and has agreed to pay them a fee of approximately \$20,000, plus reasonable out-of-pocket expenses, for these services.

ix

# Q: When will I receive the post-merger special dividend?

A. Contingent upon the closing of the merger and subject to the discretion of the board of directors of the combined company, and to compliance with applicable law, it is anticipated that, on December 31, 2010, or such other date as the board of directors of the combined company may determine, the combined company will pay an additional one-time special dividend of \$1.00 per common share of the combined company (the post-merger special dividend ) to shareholders of the combined company.

### Q: What if I hold shares in both Valeant and Biovail?

A: If you are a shareholder of both Valeant and Biovail, you will receive two separate packages of proxy materials. A vote as a Valeant stockholder will not count as a vote as a Biovail shareholder, and a vote as a Biovail shareholder will not count as a vote as a Valeant stockholder. Therefore, please separately vote each of your shares of Valeant common stock and Biovail common shares.

### **Q:** Who can help answer my questions?

A: Valeant stockholders or Biovail shareholders who have questions about the merger or the other matters to be voted on at the special meetings or desire additional copies of this joint proxy statement/prospectus or additional proxy cards should contact:

### If you are a Valeant stockholder:

#### **Innisfree M&A Incorporated**

501 Madison Avenue, 20th Floor New York, New York 10022 Stockholders call toll-free: (877) 456-3442 Banks and Brokers may call collect: (212) 750-5833

#### If you are a Biovail shareholder:

Georgeson 100 University Avenue 11th Floor, South Tower Toronto, Ontario Canada M5J 2Y1 North American Toll Free Number: 1-888-605-8403

х

# SUMMARY

This summary highlights information contained elsewhere in this joint proxy statement/prospectus and may not contain all the information that is important to you. Valeant and Biovail urge you to read carefully the remainder of this joint proxy statement/prospectus, including the Annexes, the documents incorporated by reference and the other documents to which we have referred you because this summary does not provide all the information that might be important to you with respect to the merger and the other matters being considered at the Valeant and Biovail special meetings. See also the section entitled Where You Can Find More Information beginning on page 175. We have included page references in this summary to direct you to a more complete description of the topics presented below.

# The Companies

### **Biovail Corporation (see page 32)**

Biovail Corporation 7150 Mississauga Road Mississauga, Ontario Canada L5N 8M5 Telephone: (905) 286-3000

Biovail, a Canadian corporation, is a specialty pharmaceutical company with a strategic focus on developing and commercializing products that address unmet medical needs in specialty central nervous system (CNS) disorders. The growth and development of Biovail s specialty CNS business is financially supported by its former base business model which focused on the development and large-scale manufacture of pharmaceutical products incorporating its oral drug-delivery technologies. While Biovail s strategy has transitioned to specialty CNS, this base business model continues to provide revenues and significant operating cash flow that can be used to support and fund licensing and acquisition opportunities in specialty CNS. Biovail s drug delivery expertise also provides support for life cycle management of its specialty CNS products. Biovail also continues to identify and evaluate complementary acquisitions or business opportunities that support its specialty CNS strategy (such as the May 2009 acquisition of the full U.S. commercialization rights to Wellbutrin XL<sup>®</sup>).

Additional information about Biovail and its subsidiaries is included in documents incorporated by reference into this joint proxy statement/prospectus. See Where You Can Find More Information beginning on page 175.

# Biovail Americas Corp. (see page 32)

Biovail Americas Corp., a wholly owned subsidiary of Biovail, is a Delaware corporation that holds ownership of Biovail subsidiaries that operate in the United States.

# Beach Merger Corp. (see page 32)

Beach Merger Corp., a wholly owned subsidiary of BAC, is a Delaware corporation that was formed on June 15, 2010, for the sole purpose of effecting the merger. In the merger, Beach Merger Corp. will be merged with and into Valeant, with Valeant surviving as a wholly owned subsidiary of BAC.

# Valeant Pharmaceuticals International (see page 32)

Valeant Pharmaceuticals International One Enterprise Aliso Viejo, CA 92656 Telephone: (949) 461-6000

Valeant, a Delaware corporation, is a multinational specialty pharmaceutical company that develops, manufactures and markets a broad range of pharmaceutical products. Valeant s specialty pharmaceutical and OTC products are marketed under brand names and are sold in the United States, Canada, Australia and New Zealand, where Valeant focuses most of its efforts on the dermatology and neurology therapeutic classes. Valeant also has

1

branded generic and OTC operations in Europe and Latin America which focus on pharmaceutical products that are bioequivalent to original products and are marketed under company brand names.

Additional information about Valeant and its subsidiaries is included in documents incorporated by reference in this joint proxy statement/prospectus. See Where You Can Find More Information beginning on page 175.

#### Pre-Merger Special Dividend (see page 41)

Valeant intends to pay to its stockholders of record as of the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the effective time of the merger the pre-merger special dividend, a special dividend of \$16.77 per share of Valeant common stock, on the business day immediately preceding the effective time of the merger. The payment of the pre-merger special dividend is a condition to the completion of the merger.

### Post-Merger Special Dividend (see page 41)

The boards of directors of Valeant and Biovail also have determined that, contingent upon the closing of the merger and subject to the discretion of the board of directors of the combined company, and to compliance with applicable law, the post-merger special dividend, a special dividend of \$1.00 per common share of the combined company to be declared following the consummation of the merger and contemplated to be paid on December 31, 2010, or such other payment date as the board of directors of the combined company determines, will be in the best interests of the combined company and its shareholders and that it is the intention of those directors of Valeant and Biovail that will continue as directors of the combined company to support the declaration and payment of the post-merger special dividend at the applicable time following the merger.

#### The Merger and the Merger Agreement

# The Merger (see page 42)

The board of directors of Valeant and the board of directors of Biovail have agreed to a business combination of their two companies under the terms of the merger agreement. The merger agreement is the product of arm s-length negotiations between Valeant and Biovail. In order to effect the combination of Valeant and Biovail, Valeant will merge with a wholly owned subsidiary of Biovail, and the name of the combined company will be changed to Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, Inc. Valeant and Biovail encourage you to read the entire merger agreement carefully because it is the principal document governing the merger.

#### Terms of the Merger; Merger Consideration (see page 115)

In order to effect the combination of Valeant and Biovail, the merger agreement provides for the merger of Beach Merger Corp. with and into Valeant, with Valeant surviving as a wholly owned subsidiary of BAC. On the business day immediately preceding the effective time of the merger, Valeant intends to pay to its stockholders of record the pre-merger special dividend. In the merger, each share of Valeant common stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to the completion of the merger, except for any shares of Valeant common stock held by Valeant, as treasury stock, Biovail, BAC or Beach Merger Corp. (all of which will be cancelled) and other than those shares with respect to which appraisal rights are properly exercised and not withdrawn, will be converted into the right to receive 1.7809 Biovail common shares. Valeant s convertible notes will be treated as described in Effect of the Merger on Valeant s convertible Notes beginning on page 98. Valeant s outstanding restricted stock units and options will be treated as described in Treatment of Valeant Restricted Stock Units and Options beginning on page 88.

Biovail will not issue any fractional Biovail common shares in the merger. Instead, a Valeant stockholder who otherwise would have received a fraction of a Biovail common share will receive an amount in cash equal to such fractional amount multiplied by the average of the volume weighted average price per Biovail common share on the NYSE on each of the 10 consecutive trading days ending with the second complete trading day prior to the effective time of the merger.

# Treatment of Valeant Restricted Stock Units and Options (see page 91); Change in Control Provisions (see page 122)

Accelerating Restricted Stock Units. With the exception of restricted stock units held by J. Michael Pearson, each Valeant restricted stock unit award (including performance-based restricted stock units) that, in accordance with its existing terms, provides for vesting, in whole or in part, upon a change in control will vest and settle at the level provided for under the terms of the award on the day prior to the payment of the pre-merger special dividend as if that day was the closing date of the merger (and any performance metrics applicable to the accelerated restricted stock units will be measured as of that day). Any portion of the restricted stock units that vests will be settled in common shares of the combined company at the merger (with the number of shares determined by multiplying the number of shares of Valeant common stock subject to such vested restricted stock unit immediately prior to the completion of the merger by the exchange ratio) and the pre-merger special dividend will be paid to the holder of the restricted stock units that does not vest on the day prior to the payment of the pre-merger special dividend will be forfeited on that day for no consideration.

*Stock Options and Continuing Restricted Stock Units.* Each stock option to acquire Valeant common stock, each restricted stock unit award that, in accordance with existing terms, does not vest, in whole or in part, upon a change in control, and, except as discussed under The Merger Financial Interests of Valeant Directors and Officers in the Merger, each equity award held by Mr. Pearson (each, a continuing award ) will be adjusted to take into account the pre-merger special dividend by multiplying the number of shares underlying the award by the pre-merger special dividend adjustment ratio of 1.5710 (rounded down to the nearest whole share) and, in the case of stock options, dividing the per share exercise price of the stock option by the pre-merger special dividend adjustment ratio (rounded up to the nearest whole cent). As contemplated by the merger agreement, at the closing of the merger, each continuing award will be converted into an award to acquire common shares of the combined company, on the same terms and conditions as were applicable to the award prior to the merger. The number of common shares of the combined company subject to the award following the merger will be determined by multiplying the number of shares of Valeant common stock underlying the continuing award (as adjusted to take into account the pre-merger special dividend) by the exchange ratio (rounded down to the nearest whole share) and, in the case of stock options, by dividing the per share exercise price (as adjusted to take into account the pre-merger special dividend) by the exchange ratio (rounded down to the nearest whole share) and, in the case of stock options, by dividing the per share exercise price (as adjusted to take into account the pre-merger special dividend) by the exchange ratio (rounded down to the nearest whole share) and, in the case of stock options, by dividing the per share exercise price (as adjusted to take into account the pre-merger special dividend) by the exchange ratio (rounded down to the nearest whole

*Change in Control Provisions.* The board of directors of each of Valeant and Biovail has determined that the merger will be deemed to be, and the merger agreement provides that it will be treated as, a change in control under the Valeant and Biovail employee benefit plans and agreements.

#### Effect of the Merger on Valeant s Convertible Notes (see page 101)

In the event a holder of Valeant s 4.0% Convertible Subordinated Notes due 2013 (the 4% Convertible Notes ) converts its 4% Convertible Notes and receives shares of Valeant common stock prior to the effective time of the merger, those shares would be treated in the merger like all other shares of Valeant common stock. In the event a holder of the 4% Convertible Notes does not convert its notes prior to the effective time of the merger, those 4% Convertible Notes will remain outstanding and will be convertible into the merger consideration payable in respect of the Valeant common stock into which such 4% Convertible Notes would have been convertible prior to the merger, and the conversion rate for the 4% Convertible Notes will be adjusted pursuant to the indenture pursuant to which the notes were issued to account for the pre-merger special dividend. Based on the exchange ratio for the merger, the amount of the pre-merger special dividend (assuming a Current Market Price (as defined in the indenture pursuant to which the notes were issued) of \$57.75 at the close of business on the record date for the pre-merger special dividend) and the

terms of the indenture pursuant to which the notes were issued, after the merger the 4% Convertible Notes would have a conversion rate of 79.3904 Biovail common shares per \$1,000 principal amount of notes. On August 16, 2010, Valeant s outstanding 3.0% Convertible Subordinated Notes due August 16, 2010 (the 3% Convertible Notes) matured and warrants to purchase Valeant s common stock issued pursuant to an Exchange Agreement entered into in August 2009 (the Valeant Warrants) expired.

#### Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences (see page 102)

*The Merger*. The merger is intended to qualify as a reorganization within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code with no gain or loss recognition to U.S. holders of Valeant common stock for U.S. Federal income tax purposes. It is a condition to the closing of the merger that, at the effective time of the merger, Skadden will deliver to Valeant and Cravath will deliver to Biovail their respective opinions to the effect that (1) the merger should qualify for U.S. Federal income tax purposes as a reorganization within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code, and (2) U.S. holders of Valeant common stock should not recognize gain under Section 367(a) of the Code on the exchange of their Valeant common stock for Biovail common shares in the merger.

Assuming these conclusions are sustained, a U.S. holder of Valeant common stock generally will not recognize any gain or loss upon receipt of Biovail common shares in exchange for Valeant common stock in the merger, except with respect to cash received in lieu of fractional Biovail common shares. If either of these conclusions were to be challenged by the IRS and such challenge were to be sustained, then each U.S. holder of Valeant common stock would recognize gain (and might not be allowed to recognize loss) equal to the difference between the sum of the fair market value of the Biovail common shares and the amount of cash received in the merger (including the pre-merger special dividend to the extent it is not treated as a distribution within the meaning of Section 301 of the Code, as described below, and cash received in lieu of fractional Biovail common shares) and its tax basis in the Valeant shares surrendered in exchange therefor.

The conclusions in the tax opinions will not be free from doubt and there are significant factual and legal uncertainties concerning these conclusions (including as to the impact of the pre-merger special dividend described below). In particular, Section 367(a) of the Code and the applicable Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder require that in order for U.S. holders of Valeant common stock to avoid recognizing gain on the exchange of their Valeant common stock in the merger, certain requirements must be met, including that the fair market value of Biovail equal or exceed that of Valeant at the effective time of the merger. There are significant factual and legal uncertainties concerning the determination of fair market value for this purpose. If at the effective time of the merger the fair market value of Valeant were found to exceed that of Biovail, a U.S. holder of Valeant common stock would recognize gain (but not loss) based on the amount such U.S. holder realizes in the merger.

The Pre-Merger Special Dividend. Under the terms of the merger agreement, Valeant stockholders of record as of the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the effective time of the merger will be paid the pre-merger special dividend, a one-time special cash dividend of \$16.77 per share, on such business day. The pre-merger special dividend is intended to be treated as a distribution by Valeant within the meaning of Section 301 of the Code and not as consideration paid for Valeant stock in the merger. The tax opinions that are to be delivered by counsels to Valeant and Biovail as a condition to the closing of the merger will be based in part on a determination that the pre-merger special dividend should be treated as such. Assuming this determination is sustained, the pre-merger special dividend will be treated as a dividend for U.S. Federal income tax purposes to the extent paid out of current or accumulated earnings and profits of Valeant. To the extent that the amount of the dividend exceeds Valeant s current and accumulated earnings and profits, the excess will first be treated as a tax-free return of capital, causing a reduction in the U.S. holder s adjusted basis in the Valeant common stock. If such basis is reduced to zero, any remaining portion of the pre-merger special dividend will be taxed as capital gain, which would be long-term capital gain if the U.S. holder has held the Valeant common stock for more than one year at the time the pre-merger special dividend is received. However, it is possible that the IRS would disagree with the characterization of the pre-merger special dividend as a distribution by Valeant and instead seek to characterize the pre-merger special dividend as merger consideration paid by Biovail in exchange for a portion of a U.S. holder s Valeant common stock. If this characterization were to be sustained, the merger would fail to qualify as a reorganization within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code.

Tax matters are very complicated and the tax consequences of the merger and pre-merger special dividend to each U.S. holder of Valeant common stock may depend on such stockholder s particular facts and circumstances. Holders of Valeant common stock are urged to consult their tax advisors to understand fully the tax consequences to them of the merger and pre-merger special dividend.

#### Recommendations of the Board of Directors of Biovail (see page 33)

At a special meeting held on June 20, 2010, the Biovail board of directors unanimously determined that the merger and the other transactions contemplated by the merger agreement, including the issuance of Biovail common shares necessary to complete the merger and the issuance of such other Biovail common shares as contemplated by the merger agreement and the amendment of Biovail s articles of continuance to effect the name change, were advisable and in the best interests of Biovail and its shareholders. Accordingly, the Biovail board of directors recommends that the Biovail shareholders vote FOR the proposal to issue Biovail common shares necessary to complete the merger and to issue such other Biovail common shares as contemplated by the merger agreement and FOR the proposal to amend Biovail s articles of continuance to change Biovail s name to Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, Inc.

#### Recommendations of the Board of Directors of Valeant (see page 37)

At a special meeting held on June 20, 2010, the Valeant board of directors unanimously (1) determined that the merger agreement and the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement, including the merger, are advisable and in the best interests of Valeant and its stockholders, (2) approved the merger and the merger agreement and (3) resolved to recommend adoption of the merger agreement to Valeant stockholders. Accordingly, the Valeant board of directors recommends that the Valeant stockholders vote FOR the adoption of the merger agreement and FOR the adjournment of the Valeant special meeting, if necessary or appropriate to solicit additional proxies if there are not sufficient votes to adopt the merger agreement at the time of the Valeant special meeting.

#### Opinion of Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated, Biovail s Financial Advisor (see page 56)

In connection with the merger, on June 20, 2010, Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated ( Morgan Stanley ) rendered to Biovail s board of directors its oral opinion, subsequently confirmed in writing, that, on such date and based upon and subject to the limitations, qualifications and assumptions set forth in the written opinion, the exchange ratio pursuant to the merger agreement was fair from a financial point of view to Biovail. The full text of Morgan Stanley s written fairness opinion, which sets forth, among other things, the assumptions made, procedures followed, matters considered and qualifications and limitations on the scope of the review undertaken by Morgan Stanley in rendering its opinion, is attached as Annex B to this joint proxy statement/prospectus. The opinion was directed to the Biovail board of directors and addresses only the fairness from a financial point of view of the exchange ratio pursuant to the merger agreement on the date of the opinion. The opinion does not address any other aspect of the merger and does not constitute a recommendation to any Biovail shareholder or Valeant stockholder as to how to vote or act on any matter with respect to the merger.

# **Opinions of Valeant s Financial Advisors (see page 72)**

# Opinion of Goldman, Sachs & Co.

Goldman, Sachs & Co. (Goldman Sachs) delivered its opinion to the board of directors of Valeant that, as of June 20, 2010 and based upon and subject to the factors and assumptions set forth therein, the exchange ratio, together with the pre-merger special dividend to be paid to the holders (other than Biovail and its affiliates) of outstanding shares of Valeant s common stock, pursuant to the merger agreement was fair from a financial point of view to such holders.

The full text of the written opinion of Goldman Sachs, dated June 20, 2010, which sets forth assumptions made, procedures followed, matters considered and limitations on the review undertaken in connection with the opinion, is attached as Annex C to this joint proxy statement/prospectus. Goldman Sachs provided its opinion for the information

and assistance of the board of directors of Valeant in connection with its consideration of the merger. The Goldman Sachs opinion does not constitute a recommendation as to how any holder of Valeant s common stock should vote with respect to the merger or any other matter.

#### Opinion of Jefferies & Company, Inc.

Valeant retained Jefferies & Company, Inc. ( Jefferies ) to act as a financial advisor to Valeant in connection with the merger and to render to the Valeant board of directors an opinion as to the fairness to the holders of Valeant

#### Table of Contents

common stock of the exchange ratio of 1.7809 pursuant to the merger agreement, together with the pre-merger special dividend of \$16.77 per share to be paid to the holders of Valeant common stock. At the meeting of the Valeant board of directors on June 20, 2010, Jefferies rendered its opinion to the Valeant board of directors to the effect that, as of that date and based upon and subject to the various considerations set forth in its opinion, the exchange ratio of 1.7809 pursuant to the merger agreement, together with the pre-merger special dividend of \$16.77 per share to be paid to the holders of Valeant common stock, was fair, from a financial point of view, to such holders.

Jefferies opinion sets forth, among other things, the assumptions made, procedures followed, matters considered and limitations on the scope of the review undertaken by Jefferies in rendering its opinion. Jefferies opinion was directed to the Valeant board of directors and addresses only the fairness from a financial point of view of the exchange ratio, together with the pre-merger special dividend, as of the date of the opinion. It does not address any other aspects of the merger and does not constitute a recommendation as to how any holder of Valeant common stock should vote on the merger or any matter related thereto.

The full text of the written opinion of Jefferies is attached to this joint proxy statement/prospectus as Annex D. Valeant encourages its stockholders to read the opinion carefully and in its entirety.

#### Board of Directors and Management After the Merger (see page 90)

Under the terms of the merger agreement, upon the effective time of the merger, Mr. Pearson (currently Chairman of the Valeant board of directors and Chief Executive Officer of Valeant) will be appointed the Chief Executive Officer of the combined company, William M. Wells (currently Chief Executive Officer of Biovail and a Biovail director) will be appointed as non-executive Chairman of the board of directors of the combined company, Robert A. Ingram (currently Lead Director of the Valeant board of directors) will be appointed as Lead Director of the board of directors of the combined company and Michael R. Van Every (currently Chairman of the audit committee of the Biovail board of directors of the combined company and Michael R. Van Every (currently Chairman of the audit committee of the board of directors of the combined company.

Under the terms of the merger agreement, upon the effective time of the merger, the board of directors of the combined company will consist of Messrs. Pearson, Wells, Ingram, Van Every, three additional directors selected by Valeant, three additional directors selected by Biovail (one of whom will be a resident Canadian) and one independent director who is recruited by a search firm mutually retained by Valeant and Biovail, which director shall be selected by Valeant from a list of candidates presented by such firm, shall be subject to the approval of Biovail and shall be a resident Canadian.

Biovail has selected Dr. Laurence E. Paul, Mr. Robert N. Power and Mr. Lloyd M. Segal (who is a resident Canadian) to continue as members of the board of directors of the combined company.

Valeant has selected Theo Melas-Kyriazi, G. Mason Morfit and Norma A. Provencio to serve as members of the board of directors of the combined company.

#### Financial Interests of Biovail Directors and Officers in the Merger (see page 92)

Biovail s directors and executive officers have interests in the merger that are in addition to those of Biovail shareholders generally. The Biovail board of directors was aware of and considered these potential interests, among other matters, in evaluating the merger agreement and the merger, and in recommending to you that you approve the issuance of Biovail common shares necessary to complete the merger and the issuance of such other Biovail common shares as contemplated by the merger agreement and the amendment of Biovail s articles of continuance to effect the name change. For the Biovail directors who will not remain on the board of directors of the combined company

following the merger, these interests include redemption in cash of their deferred share units within 30 days following the completion of the merger, in the case of United States directors, and in one or two payments on dates chosen by the director prior to December 15, 2011, in the case of Canadian directors. For Biovail executive officers, these interests include, in the event of certain terminations of employment following the merger, enhanced severance payments and accelerated vesting of equity compensation. In addition, Mr. Wells has entered into an agreement with Biovail setting forth the terms of his role as non-executive Chairman of the board of directors of the combined company following the merger and providing for certain additional responsibilities during a transition period following the merger. In connection with the merger, the

Biovail board of directors has taken action so that, for any executive officer whose employment is terminated while the executive officer holds any performance-based restricted share units that are scheduled to vest upon such termination, the extent of the vesting of such performance-based restricted share units will be determined based on performance during the applicable performance period through termination of employment and, if termination of employment occurs prior to payment of the post-merger special dividend, for purposes of determining the multiplier used to determine the number of such performance-based restricted share units that will vest, the price per Biovail common share on the day of termination of employment will be increased by the value of the post-merger special dividend. In addition, Biovail will consider the merger a change in control for purposes of employment agreements of its executive officers, which would give rise to enhanced severance benefits upon certain terminations of employment within 12 months following the change in control. Please see the section titled The Merger Financial Interests of Biovail Directors and Officers in the Merger beginning on page 92 for additional information about these interests.

# Financial Interests of Valeant Directors and Officers in the Merger (see page 96)

Valeant s directors and executive officers have interests in the merger that are in addition to those of Valeant stockholders generally. The Valeant board of directors was aware of and considered these potential interests, among other matters, in evaluating the merger agreement and the merger, and in recommending to you that you adopt the merger agreement. For the Valeant directors, these interests include settlement within thirty days of the merger (and, in some cases, accelerated vesting) of restricted stock units granted to them in 2010, and for the Valeant directors who will not remain on the board of directors of the combined company, settlement of all other grants of restricted stock units on the first anniversary of the merger. The Valeant executive officers hold Valeant stock options and time-based and performance-based restricted stock units, which will be treated as described in The Merger Treatment of Valeant Restricted Stock Units and Options beginning on page 91. As described in that section, Mr. Pearson has agreed to waive accelerated vesting of a portion of his outstanding equity awards. In addition, in connection with entering into the merger agreement, Mr. Pearson has entered into an employment agreement with Biovail and Biovail Laboratories International SRL, a wholly owned subsidiary of Biovail, (BLS), which will become effective on the closing of the merger and which will supersede Mr. Pearson s employment agreement with Valeant. In connection with entering into the new employment agreement and agreeing to waive existing rights to acceleration, and to further incentivize Mr. Pearson, Mr. Pearson will be granted a performance-based restricted share unit award under which Mr. Pearson will be eligible to earn additional shares of the combined company upon achievement of compound annual total shareholder return between 45% and 60% through February 1, 2014, measured off a base price of \$13.37 per share. Each of Messrs. De Silva, Min and Blott, Dr. Chaudhuri and Ms. Karlson (who are other Valeant executive officers) are parties to severance agreements or offer letters that provide benefits in the event of a termination of employment following the merger. Please see the section titled The Merger Financial Interests of Valeant Directors and Officers in the Merger beginning on page 96 for additional information about these interests.

#### Regulatory Approvals Required for the Merger and Other Regulatory Matters (see page 110)

Valeant and Biovail have agreed to use their reasonable best efforts to obtain all governmental and regulatory approvals required to complete the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement.

*United States Antitrust.* Under the Hart Scott Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976, as amended (the HSR Act ), Biovail and Valeant were required to file notifications with the Federal Trade Commission (the FTC ) and the Antitrust Division of the Department of Justice and observe a mandatory pre-merger waiting period before completing the merger. Valeant and Biovail each filed its required HSR Act notification and report form with respect to the merger on July 6, 2010. On July 22, 2010, the FTC granted early termination of the waiting period under the HSR Act with respect to the proposed merger contemplated by the merger agreement.

*Canada.* The merger is not notifiable under Part IX of the Competition Act (Canada). The Commissioner of Competition can, however, apply to the Competition Tribunal on substantive grounds (namely whether the merger prevents or lessens competition substantially or is likely to do so) for a remedial order under Section 92 of the Competition Act (Canada) at any time before the merger has been completed or, if completed, within one year after it was substantially completed.

#### **Table of Contents**

*Other Jurisdictions.* In Poland, under the Competition and Consumer Protection Act, Biovail is required to submit a pre-merger notification. On July 2, 2010, Biovail filed its notification with the Polish Competition and Consumer Protection Office (the CCPO). In Mexico, under the Federal Economic Competition Law, Biovail was required to submit a pre-merger notification to the Mexican Federal Competition Commission (the MFCC). On July 8, 2010, Biovail filed its notification with the MFCC. On July 21, 2010, the MFCC cleared the transaction.

#### Completion of the Merger (see page 116)

Valeant and Biovail currently expect to complete the merger before the end of 2010, subject to receipt of required shareholder and regulatory approvals and the satisfaction or waiver of the financing and other conditions to the merger described in the merger agreement.

#### Conditions to Completion of the Merger (see page 125)

As more fully described in this joint proxy statement/prospectus and in the merger agreement, the completion of the merger depends on a number of conditions being satisfied or, where legally permissible, waived. These conditions include, among others, the receipt of the approval of Biovail shareholders to issue Biovail common shares necessary to complete the merger and to issue such other common shares as contemplated by the merger agreement and to amend Biovail s articles of continuance to effect the name change, the adoption by Valeant stockholders of the merger agreement, the receipt of all necessary regulatory approvals (including under antitrust and competition laws), the consummation of the financing (or alternative financing), the payment of the pre-merger special dividend, New York Stock Exchange ( NYSE ) and Toronto Stock Exchange ( TSX ) approval of the listing of the Biovail common shares to be issued in connection with the merger, the accuracy of representations and warranties made by the parties in the merger agreement (subject to certain materiality standards), performance by the parties of their obligations under the merger agreement (subject to certain materiality standards), the absence of a material adverse effect on each party, and the receipt of legal opinions by each party regarding the qualification of the merger as a reorganization with no gain recognition to U.S. holders of Valeant common stock for U.S. Federal income tax purposes. We cannot be certain when, or if, the conditions to the merger will be satisfied or waived, or that the merger will be completed.

#### Termination of the Merger Agreement (see page 126)

The merger agreement may be terminated at any time prior to the effective time of the merger under the following circumstances:

by mutual written consent of Valeant and Biovail; or

by either Valeant or Biovail if:

the merger is not completed by February 28, 2011;

certain legal restraints regarding the merger become final and nonappealable;

Biovail shareholders fail to approve the issuance of Biovail common shares necessary to complete the merger and the issuance of such other common shares as contemplated by the merger agreement or the amendment to Biovail s articles of continuance to effect the name change;

Valeant stockholders fail to adopt the merger agreement; or

the other party breaches or fails to perform any of its covenants and agreements contained in the merger agreement or any of the other party s representations and warranties fails to be true and correct, in each case in a way that would entitle the party seeking to terminate the merger agreement not to complete the merger, subject to the right of the breaching party to cure the breach.

Either party may also terminate the merger agreement prior to the applicable shareholder approval of the other party being obtained if the board of directors of the other party withdraws or modifies in any adverse manner, or proposes publicly to withdraw or modify in any adverse manner, its approval or recommendation with respect to the merger, or in the case of the board of directors of Biovail, the merger or the other matters to be voted on by its

#### **Table of Contents**

stockholders/shareholders in connection with the merger, or approves or recommends, or proposes publicly to approve, recommend or declare advisable, any alternative transaction with a third party.

#### Expenses and Termination Fees; Liability for Breach (see page 127)

Generally, all fees and expenses incurred in connection with the merger and the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement will be paid by the party incurring those expenses. However, upon termination of the merger agreement under certain circumstances, Biovail may be obligated to pay Valeant a termination fee of \$100 million and, in other similar circumstances, Valeant may be obligated to pay Biovail a termination fee of \$100 million.

#### Appraisal/Dissent Rights (see page 169)

Under the merger agreement, Valeant stockholders of record who do not vote in favor of the adoption of the merger agreement and who otherwise comply with the procedures for exercising appraisal rights under Delaware law will be entitled to seek appraisal rights in connection with the merger and, if the merger is completed, obtain payment in cash of the fair value of their shares of Valeant common stock, as determined by the Delaware Chancery Court, instead of the merger consideration. To exercise appraisal rights, Valeant stockholders of record must strictly follow the procedures described by Delaware law.

The shareholders of Biovail are not entitled to dissent rights in connection with the merger under the CBCA.

#### The Biovail Special Meeting

#### Date, Time and Place (see page 33)

The special meeting of Biovail shareholders will be held at the Canadian Broadcasting Centre, Glenn Gould Studio, 250 Front Street West, Toronto, Ontario on September 27, 2010, at 10:00 a.m., local time.

#### Purpose of the Biovail Special Meeting (see page 33)

At the Biovail special meeting, Biovail shareholders will be asked to vote on the following proposals (the Biovail proposals ):

to consider and if thought fit, approve with or without variation, an ordinary resolution authorizing Biovail to issue such number of common shares in the capital of Biovail as is necessary to complete the merger with Valeant, being 1.7809 Biovail common shares for each share of Valeant common stock, and such other common shares in the capital of Biovail as contemplated by the merger agreement (the share issuance resolution );

conditional upon approval of the foregoing resolution, to consider and, if deemed advisable, pass, with or without variation, a special resolution to amend the articles of continuance of Biovail to change the name of Biovail from Biovail Corporation to Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, Inc. (the name change resolution ); and

to transact such further or other business as may properly come before the Biovail special meeting and any adjournments or postponements thereof.

Completion of the merger is conditioned on approval of the share issuance resolution and the name change resolution.

#### Share Issuance Resolution

Pursuant to the rules of the TSX, securityholder approval is required in instances where the number of securities issued or issuable in payment of the purchase price in a transaction such as the merger exceeds 25% of the number of securities of the listed issuer which are outstanding, on a non-diluted basis. Because the merger agreement contemplates the issuance of greater than 25% of the current outstanding Biovail common shares on a non-diluted basis, the rules of the TSX require that Biovail obtain approval of the share issuance resolution by the holders of a majority of the Biovail common shares represented in person or by proxy at the Biovail special meeting.

#### Table of Contents

As of the close of business on the date of this joint proxy statement/prospectus, there were approximately 158,646,462 outstanding Biovail common shares. If the merger is completed, Biovail currently estimates that it will issue or reserve for issuance approximately 170,177,852 Biovail common shares (equal to approximately 107% of Biovail s current issued and outstanding common shares) pursuant to or as contemplated by the merger agreement, including approximately (a) 137,837,582 Biovail common shares issuable in exchange for shares of Valeant common stock in the merger, (b) 24,256,911 Biovail common shares issuable in respect of Valeant stock options (approximately 13,419,867) and Valeant restricted stock units (approximately 10,837,044) that Biovail has agreed to assume pursuant to the merger agreement and (c) 8,083,358 Biovail common shares into which the 4% Convertible Notes will be convertible.

#### Biovail Record Date; Shares Entitled to Vote (see page 34)

Only holders of Biovail common shares at the close of business on August 18, 2010, the record date for the Biovail special meeting, will be entitled to notice of, and to vote at, the Biovail special meeting or any adjournments or postponements thereof. On the record date, there were outstanding a total of approximately 158,646,462 Biovail common shares. Each outstanding Biovail common share is entitled to one vote on each proposal and any other matter properly coming before the Biovail special meeting.

#### Required Vote (see page 34)

The required votes to approve the Biovail proposals are as follows:

The share issuance resolution will be approved if a majority of the votes cast in person or by proxy on the proposal vote in favor of the proposal.

The name change resolution will be approved if two-thirds of the votes cast in person or by proxy on the proposal vote in favor of the proposal.

# Share Ownership by and Voting Rights of Biovail s Directors and Executive Officers (see page 34)

As of the close of business on the Biovail record date, Biovail s directors and executive officers and their affiliates beneficially owned and had the right to vote 211,108 Biovail common shares at the Biovail special meeting, which represents approximately 0.13% of the Biovail common shares entitled to vote at the Biovail special meeting. It is expected that Biovail s directors and executive officers will vote FOR the share issuance resolution and FOR the name change resolution.

#### Failure to Vote and Broker Non-Votes (see page 34)

If you are a Biovail shareholder and fail to vote or fail to instruct your broker, bank or other nominee to vote, it will have no effect on any of the Biovail proposals, assuming a quorum is present.

# The Valeant Special Meeting

# Date, Time and Place (see page 37)

The special meeting of Valeant stockholders will be held at 14 Main Street, Suite 140, Madison, New Jersey 07940 on September 27, 2010, at 10:00 a.m., local time.

# Purpose of the Valeant Special Meeting (see page 37)

At the Valeant special meeting, Valeant stockholders will be asked to vote on the following proposals (the Valeant proposals ):

to adopt the merger agreement; and

to approve the adjournment of the Valeant special meeting, if necessary or appropriate to solicit additional proxies if there are not sufficient votes to adopt the merger agreement at the time of the Valeant special meeting.

#### Valeant Record Date; Stock Entitled to Vote (see page 37)

Only Valeant stockholders of record at the close of business on August 18, 2010, the record date for the Valeant special meeting, will be entitled to receive notice of, and to vote at, the Valeant special meeting or any adjournments or postponements thereof. As of the close of business on the Valeant record date of August 18, 2010, there were approximately 76,696,012 shares of Valeant common stock outstanding and entitled to vote at the Valeant special meeting. Each holder of Valeant common stock is entitled to one vote for each share of common stock owned as of the Valeant record date.

#### Required Vote (see page 38)

The required votes to approve the Valeant proposals are as follows:

To adopt the merger agreement, holders of a majority of the shares of Valeant common stock outstanding and entitled to vote thereon must vote in favor of adoption of the merger agreement. Valeant cannot complete the merger unless its stockholders adopt the merger agreement.

To approve the adjournment of the Valeant special meeting, if necessary or appropriate to solicit additional proxies if there are not sufficient votes to adopt the merger agreement at the time of the Valeant special meeting, the affirmative vote of holders of a majority of the shares of Valeant common stock present in person or represented by proxy at the Valeant special meeting and entitled to vote thereon is required.

#### Stock Ownership by and Voting Rights of Valeant s Directors and Executive Officers (see page 37)

At the close of business on the Valeant record date, Valeant s directors and executive officers and their affiliates beneficially owned and had the right to vote 15,853,000 shares of Valeant common stock at the Valeant special meeting (which includes shares of which Mr. Morfit may be deemed to share beneficial ownership, as a member of the management board of ValueAct Holdings GP, LLC, which entity controls the general partner and the manager of ValueAct Capital Master Fund, L.P.), which represents approximately 21% of the Valeant common stock entitled to vote at the Valeant special meeting. It is expected that Valeant s directors and executive officers will vote their shares

FOR the adoption of the merger agreement and FOR the adjournment of the Valeant special meeting, if necessary or appropriate to solicit additional proxies if there are not sufficient votes to adopt the merger agreement at the time of the Valeant special meeting.

#### Failure to Vote, Broker Non-Votes and Abstentions (see page 38)

If you are a Valeant stockholder and fail to vote, fail to instruct your broker, bank or other nominee to vote, or mark your proxy or voting instructions to abstain, this will have the effect of a vote against the proposal to adopt the merger agreement. If you are a Valeant stockholder and are present in person at the Valeant special meeting and abstain from voting or mark your proxy or voting instructions to abstain, this will have the effect of a vote against the proposal to approve the adjournment of the Valeant special meeting. If you are a Valeant stockholder and are not present in person at the Valeant special meeting and do not respond by proxy, this will have no effect on the vote held on the proposal to approve the adjournment of the Valeant special meeting. Failure to instruct your broker, bank or other nominee to vote will also have no effect on the vote held on this proposal.

#### Litigation Related to the Merger (see page 112)

Since the merger was announced on June 21, 2010, Valeant, certain Valeant directors, Biovail, BAC and Beach Merger Corp. have been named as defendants in one or more of the four purported stockholder class actions filed in the Superior Court of California, County of Orange by stockholders of Valeant challenging the proposed merger. The actions seek, among other things, to enjoin the defendants from completing the merger on the agreed upon terms. Three other purported stockholder class actions have been filed in the Court of Chancery for the State of Delaware that also bring claims against Valeant, Valeant s directors, Biovail, BAC and Beach Merger Corp. and similarly seek to enjoin the defendants from completing the merger.

#### Voting Agreement (see page 128)

As a condition to Biovail s willingness to enter into the merger agreement, Valeant and Biovail entered into a voting agreement (the voting agreement ), dated as of June 20, 2010, with ValueAct Capital Master Fund, L.P. (ValueAct Capital ), pursuant to which ValueAct Capital agreed, upon the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the voting agreement, to (1) vote its shares of Valeant common stock for the merger and against any competing transaction that may be proposed and (2) not sell or otherwise transfer its shares, except in connection with the merger. As of June 20, 2010, ValueAct Capital beneficially owned shares of Valeant common stock equal to approximately 20.0% of the outstanding shares of Valeant common stock.

#### **Commitment Letter (see page 129)**

Valeant and Biovail have entered into a commitment letter (the commitment letter ), dated as of June 20, 2010, with Goldman Sachs Bank USA (GS Bank), Goldman Sachs Lending Partners LLC (GSLP), Jefferies Group, Inc. (Jefferies Group) and Morgan Stanley Senior Funding, Inc. (Morgan Stanley Senior Funding) (such financial institutions being referred to as the commitment parties), pursuant to which the commitment parties have committed to provide up to \$3.022 billion in loans for the purposes of (1) refinancing Valeant s existing credit facility, 8.375% Senior Notes due 2016 and 7.625% Senior Notes due 2020, (2) funding the pre-merger special dividend and certain expenses incurred in connection with the merger, (3) providing post-closing liquidity to the combined company and (4) funding the post-merger special dividend.

The commitment letter provides for the following facilities:

Revolver: \$250 million under a senior secured revolving credit facility;

Term Loan A: \$500 million under a senior secured term loan facility; and

Term Loan B: up to \$2.272 billion under a senior secured term loan facility (\$300 million of which is a delayed draw directly linked to the payment of the post-merger special dividend).

The financing commitments of the commitment parties are subject to various conditions set forth in the commitment letter.

Valeant, Biovail and the commitment parties are currently finalizing the structure of the financing to be incurred in connection with the transaction, including the form of the debt to be incurred as well as the parties that will incur such indebtedness. It is expected that Valeant, Biovail and the commitment parties will enter into definitive loan documents with respect to the financing as contemplated by the commitment letter or with such changes to which the parties may agree prior to the closing of the merger.

#### Selected Historical Consolidated Financial Data of Biovail

The following selected consolidated financial information of Biovail as of December 31, 2009 and 2008 and for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007, has been derived from the audited financial statements appearing in Biovail s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009, incorporated by reference in this joint proxy statement/prospectus. The selected financial information as of December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005 and for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005 was derived from historical financial statements not incorporated by reference in this joint proxy statement/prospectus.

The selected consolidated financial data of Biovail as of and for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 are derived from Biovail s unaudited consolidated financial statements and related notes contained in its Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2010, which is incorporated by reference in this joint proxy statement/prospectus. In the opinion of Biovail s management, all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the interim three-month financial information have been included. The information set forth below is only a summary and is not necessarily indicative of the results of future operations of Biovail or the combined company, and you should read the following information together with Biovail s audited consolidated financial statements, the notes related thereto and the section entitled Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations contained in Biovail s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009, and Biovail s unaudited consolidated financial statements, the notes related thereto and the section entitled Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations contained in Biovail s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2010, which are incorporated by reference in this joint proxy statement/prospectus. For more information, see the section entitled Where You Can Find More Information beginning on page 175.

		As of and Six Month										
	J	June 30,	June 30,		As of and for the Year Ended Decen						ember 31,	
		2010	2009	2009 2008				2007	2006	200		
			(USD in	n the	ousands, exce	pt p	er share amo	unts	and where n	ote	ed)	
ng Operations:												
ue	\$	458,406	\$ 366,854	\$	820,430	\$	757,178	\$	842,818	\$	1,067,722	\$ 93
ne	\$	30,819(1)	\$ 63,093(2)	\$	176,455(3)	\$	199,904(4)	\$	195,539(5)	\$	211,626(6)	\$ 24
nings (loss) per												
ng operations	\$	0.19(1)	\$ 0.40(2)	\$	1.11(3)	\$	1.25(4)	\$	1.22(5)	\$	1.35(7)	\$
ued operations	\$		\$	\$		\$		\$		\$	(0.03)	\$
ic earnings per												
	\$	0.19(1)	\$ 0.40(2)	\$	1.11(3)	\$	1.25(4)	\$	1.22(5)	\$	1.32(6)	\$
arnings (loss) e:												
ng operations	\$	0.19(1)	\$ 0.40(2)	\$	1.11(3)	\$	1.25(4)	\$	1.22(5)	\$	1.35(7)	\$
ued operations	\$		\$ ····(2)	\$	(0)	\$		\$	(0)	\$	(0.03)	\$
	\$	0.19(1)	\$ 0.40(2)	\$	1.11(3)	\$	1.25(4)	\$	1.22(5)	\$	1.32(6)	\$

# ted earnings per

of net revenue:								, I
oods sold	27%	26%	25%	26%	27%	20%		ľ
and								ļ
lent	23%	16%	15%	12%	14%	9%		ļ
eneral and								ľ
ative	19%	25%	22%	25%	19%	22%		ļ
tion of								ļ
e assets	15%	10%	13%	7%	6%	5%		ľ
ring costs	1%	3%	2%	9%		1%		ļ
on-related costs	2%	2%	1%					ļ
tlements, net of								ľ
recoveries			1%	4%	11%	1%		ļ
sheet data:								ļ
ets	\$ 2,029,723	\$ 2,058,370	\$ 2,067,044	\$ 1,623,565	\$ 1,782,115	\$ 2,192,442	\$	2,03
n obligations,								
current portion	\$ 319,223	\$ 450,663	\$ 326,085	\$	\$	\$ 410,525	\$	43
ders equity (net								ļ
	1,360,683	\$ 1,254,132	\$ 1,354,372	\$ 1,201,599	\$ 1,297,819	\$ 1,302,257	\$	1,22
share data:	-	-	-	-	-	-		I
s per share	\$ 0.185	\$ 0.465	\$ 0.65	\$ 1.50	\$ 1.50	\$ 1.00	\$	
of common								
sued and								
ing (in 000 s)	158,584	158,228	158,311	158,216	161,024	160,444		15
	·	·	•			·		l
l			13					l
	 	 	 	 	 	 	_	

- (1) Includes charges of \$61,245 for in-process research and development ( IPR&D ); \$7,577 for acquisition-related costs; \$3,494 for restructuring costs; \$781 for SEC/OSC independent consultant and related costs; and \$547 for impairment losses on debt securities.
- (2) Includes charges of \$30,414 for IPR&D; \$12,715 for restructuring costs; \$5,596 for acquisition-related costs; \$4,324 for impairment losses on debt securities; \$2,973 for SEC/OSC independent consultant and related costs; \$629 for proxy contest costs; \$537 for write-down of deferred financing costs; and \$241 for legal settlements. Those charges were partially offset by a \$22,000 gain on auction rate security settlement; and a gain of \$338 on disposal of investments.
- (3) Includes charges of \$59,354 for IPR&D; \$19,065 for restructuring costs; \$10,968 for loss on sale and leaseback of assets; \$6,191 for legal settlements; \$5,596 for acquisition-related costs; \$2,887 for SEC/OSC independent consultant costs; \$1,028 for proxy contest costs; \$5,210 for impairment losses on debt and equity securities; and \$537 for write-down of deferred financing costs. Those charges were partially offset by a \$26,000 deferred income tax benefit related to a reduction in a valuation allowance; a \$22,000 gain on auction rate security settlement; and a gain of \$804 on disposal of investment.
- (4) Includes charges of \$70,202 for restructuring costs; \$32,565 for legal settlements; \$13,606 for management succession and proxy contest costs; \$9,869 for impairment losses on debt and equity securities; and an equity loss of \$1,195. Those charges were partially offset by a \$90,000 deferred income tax benefit related to a reduction in a valuation allowance; and a gain of \$6,534 on disposal of investments.
- (5) Includes charges of \$95,114 for legal settlements (net of insurance recoveries); \$9,910 for intangible asset impairments; \$668 for restructuring costs; \$12,463 for loss on early extinguishment of debt; \$8,949 for impairment losses on debt and equity securities; and an equity loss of \$2,528. Those charges were partially offset by a \$1,735 contract recovery; and a gain of \$24,356 on disposal of investments.
- (6) Includes charges of \$143,000 for intangible asset impairments (net of gain on disposal of \$4,000); \$54,800 for contract losses; \$15,126 for restructuring costs; \$14,400 for legal settlements; an equity loss of \$529; and \$1,084 for asset impairments of discontinued operation.
- (7) Includes charges of \$143,000 for intangible asset impairments (net of gain on disposal of \$4,000); \$54,800 for contract losses; \$15,126 for restructuring costs; \$14,400 for legal settlements; and an equity loss of \$529.
- (8) Includes charges of \$25,833 for intangible asset impairments; \$19,810 for restructuring costs; \$4,862 for write-off of inventory; \$3,397 for loss on impairment of investments; an equity loss of \$1,160; and \$5,570 for asset impairments of discontinued operation.
- (9) Includes charges of \$25,833 for intangible asset impairments; \$19,810 for restructuring costs; \$4,862 for write-off of inventory; \$3,397 for loss on impairment of investments; and an equity loss of \$1,160.

#### Selected Historical Consolidated Financial Data of Valeant

The following selected consolidated financial information of Valeant as of December 31, 2009 and 2008 and for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007, has been derived from the audited financial statements appearing in Valeant s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009, incorporated by reference in this joint proxy statement/prospectus. The selected financial information as of December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005 and for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005 and for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2006 and 2005 was derived from historical financial statements not incorporated by reference in this joint proxy statement/prospectus.

The selected consolidated financial data of Valeant as of and for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 are derived from Valeant s unaudited consolidated financial statements and related notes contained in its Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2010, which is incorporated by reference in this joint proxy statement/prospectus. In the opinion of Valeant s management, all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the interim six-month financial information have been included. The information set forth below is only a summary and is not necessarily indicative of the results of future operations of Valeant or the combined company, and you should read the following information together with Valeant s audited consolidated financial statements, the notes related thereto and the section entitled Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations contained in Valeant s unaudited financial statements, the notes related thereto and the section entitled Guarterly Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009, and Valeant s unaudited consolidated financial statements, the notes related thereto and the section entitled Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations contained in Valeant s unaudited financial statements, the notes related thereto and the section entitled Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations contained in Valeant s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2010, which are incorporated by reference in this joint proxy statement/prospectus. For more information, see the section entitled Where You Can Find More Information beginning on page 175.

	Six Mont	hs Ended									
	Jun	e 30,		Year Ended December 31,							
	2010(1)	2009	2009(1)	2008(1)	2007	2006	2005(1)				
			(USD in thou								
<b>Revenues:</b>											
Product sales	\$ 423,965	\$ 319,698	\$ 710,761	\$ 593,165	\$ 603,051	\$ 603,810	\$ 546,429				
Service revenue	9,356	12,344	22,389								
Alliance revenue	54,244	37,579	97,311	63,812	86,452	81,242	91,646				
Total revenues	487,565	369,621	830,461	656,977	689,503	685,052	638,075				
Income (loss) from continuing operations before											
income taxes Provision	110,217	87,830	199,349	(172,680)	20,145	3,522	(92,838)				
(benefit) for											
income taxes(2)	42,378	23,996	(58,270)	34,688	13,535	36,577	67,034				
Income (loss) from continuing	67,839	63,834	257,619	(207,368)	6,610	(33,055)	(159,872)				

# Table of Contents

432		223		6,125		166,548		(26,796)		(37,332)		(40,468)
68,271		64,057		263,744		(40,820)		(20,186)		(70,387)		(200,340)
2		2		3		7		2		3		287
\$ 68,269	\$	64,055	\$	263,741	\$	(40,827)	\$	(20,188)	\$	(70,390)	\$	(200,627)
\$ 0.87	\$	0.77	\$	3.15	\$	(2.37)	\$	0.07	\$	(0.35)	\$	(1.74)
0.01				0.07		1.90		(0.29)		(0.40)		(0.45)
\$ 0.88	\$	0.77	\$	3.22	\$	(0.47)	\$	(0.22)	\$	(0.75)	\$	(2.19)
	68,271 2 \$ 68,269 \$ 0.87 \$ 0.01	68,271 2 \$ 68,269 \$ \$ \$ 0.87 \$ 0.01	68,271 64,057 2 2 \$ 68,269 \$ 64,055 \$ 0.87 \$ 0.77 0.01	68,271 64,057 2 2 \$ 68,269 \$ 64,055 \$ \$ 0.87 \$ 0.77 \$ 0.01	68,271       64,057       263,744         2       2       3         \$       68,269       \$       64,055       \$       263,741         \$       68,269       \$       64,055       \$       263,741         \$       68,269       \$       64,055       \$       263,741         \$       68,269       \$       64,055       \$       263,741         \$       0.87       \$       0.777       \$       3.15         \$       0.01       0.077       \$       3.15         \$       0.88       \$       0.777       \$       3.22	68,271       64,057       263,744         2       2       3         \$       68,269       \$       64,055       \$       263,741       \$         \$       68,269       \$       64,055       \$       263,741       \$         \$       68,269       \$       64,055       \$       263,741       \$         \$       0.87       \$       0.77       \$       3.15       \$         0.01       0.07       0.07       \$       0.07       \$	68,271       64,057       263,744       (40,820)         2       2       3       7         \$       68,269       \$       64,055       \$       263,741       \$       (40,827)         \$       68,269       \$       64,055       \$       263,741       \$       (40,827)         \$       0.87       \$       0.77       \$       3.15       \$       (2.37)         0.01       0.07       1.90       1.90       1.90       1.90         \$       0.88       \$       0.77       \$       3.22       \$       (0.47)	68,271       64,057       263,744       (40,820)         2       2       3       7         \$       68,269       \$       64,055       \$       263,741       \$       (40,827)       \$         \$       68,269       \$       64,055       \$       263,741       \$       (40,827)       \$         \$       0.87       \$       0.77       \$       3.15       \$       (2.37)       \$         0.01       0.07       1.90       1.90       1.90       \$       \$       0.47)       \$	68,271       64,057       263,744       (40,820)       (20,186)         2       2       3       7       2         \$       68,269       \$       64,055       \$       263,741       \$       (40,827)       \$       (20,188)         \$       68,269       \$       64,055       \$       263,741       \$       (40,827)       \$       (20,188)         \$       0.87       \$       0.77       \$       3.15       \$       (2.37)       \$       0.07         0.01       0.07       1.90       (0.29)       \$       0.88       \$       0.77       \$       3.22       \$       (0.47)       \$       (0.22)	68,271       64,057       263,744       (40,820)       (20,186)         2       2       3       7       2         \$       68,269       \$       64,055       \$       263,741       \$       (40,827)       \$       (20,188)       \$         \$       68,269       \$       64,055       \$       263,741       \$       (40,827)       \$       (20,188)       \$         \$       0.87       \$       0.77       \$       3.15       \$       (2.37)       \$       0.07       \$         0.01       0.07       1.90       (0.29)       \$       \$       0.29)       \$         \$       0.88       \$       0.77       \$       3.22       \$       (0.47)       \$       (0.22)       \$	68,271       64,057       263,744       (40,820)       (20,186)       (70,387)         2       2       3       7       2       3         \$       68,269       \$       64,055       \$       263,741       \$       (40,820)       (20,186)       (70,387)         \$       68,269       \$       64,055       \$       263,741       \$       (40,827)       \$       (20,188)       \$       (70,390)         \$       0.87       \$       0.77       \$       3.15       \$       (2.37)       \$       0.07       \$       (0.35)         0.01       0.07       1.90       (0.29)       (0.40)         \$       0.88       \$       0.77       \$       3.22       \$       (0.47)       \$       (0.22)       \$       (0.75)	68,271       64,057       263,744       (40,820)       (20,186)       (70,387)         2       2       3       7       2       3         \$       68,269       \$       64,055       \$       263,741       \$       (40,827)       \$       (20,186)       (70,387)         \$       68,269       \$       64,055       \$       263,741       \$       (40,827)       \$       (20,188)       \$       (70,390)       \$         \$       0.87       \$       0.77       \$       3.15       \$       (2.37)       \$       0.07       \$       (0.35)       \$         0.01       0.07       1.90       (0.29)       (0.40)       \$

		Six M En Jun	ded			Year Er	ıde	d Decen	nbe	er 31,		
	20	10(1)	2	2009 (US]	09(1) thous	008(1) s except		2007 r share	-	2006 ta)	20	005(1)
<b>Diluted income (loss) per share</b> <b>attributable to Valeant:</b> Income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to Valeant Income (loss) from discontinued operations attributable to Valeant	\$	0.82 0.01	\$		\$ 3.07 0.07	\$ (2.37) 1.90	\$	0.07 (0.28)		(0.35) (0.40)	\$	(1.74) (0.45)
Net income (loss) per share attributable to Valeant	\$	0.83	\$	0.77	\$ 3.14	\$ (0.47)	\$	(0.21)	\$	(0.75)	\$	(2.19)
Dividends declared per share of common stock	\$		\$		\$	\$	\$		\$	0.24	\$	0.23

		As of June 30,					As of December 31,								
		2010		2009		2009		2008		2007		2006		2005	
						<b>(U</b>	JSD	in thousan	ds)						
<b>Balance Sheet</b>															
Data:															
Cash and cash															
equivalents	\$	75,383	\$	345,620	\$	68,080	\$	199,582	\$	287,728	\$	311,012	\$	208,397	
Working capital(4)		112,141		469,544		125,079		175,450		412,272		348,402		220,447	
Net assets of															
discontinued															
operations(3)										272,047		282,251		307,096	
Total assets		1,888,106		1,395,279		1,305,479		1,185,932		1,492,321		1,503,386		1,512,740	
Total debt(5)		1,037,858		650,213		600,589		398,802		716,821		698,502		681,606	
Stockholders equity	/	353,009		317,013		371,179		251,748		479,571		509,857		527,843	

#### Notes to Selected Financial Data:

(1) The results of operations of Coria, DermaTech, Dow, Emo-Farm, Tecnofarma, PFI, Dr. Renaud, Delta, another Brazilian pharmaceutical company, Vital Science and Aton are included since their respective acquisition dates of October 15, 2008; November 14, 2008; December 31, 2008; April 29, 2009; July 31, 2009; October 6, 2009; December 15, 2009; April 7, 2010; April 20, 2010; May 19, 2010 and May 26, 2010. In connection with Valeant s acquisitions prior to 2009, portions of the purchase price are allocated to acquired in-process research and development (IPR&D) on projects that, as of the acquisition date, had not yet reached technological feasibility and had no alternative future use. In 2008, Valeant recorded \$185.8 million and \$0.5 million of IPR&D expense related to the acquisitions of Dow and Coria, respectively. In 2005, Valeant acquired Xcel for approximately

\$280.0 million of which \$126.4 million was allocated to IPR&D costs and charged to expense.

(2) The tax provision in 2005 included a net charge of \$27.4 million associated with an Internal Revenue Service examination of Valeant s U.S. tax returns for the years 1997 to 2001 (including interest). The tax provision in 2007 includes a net credit of \$21.5 million to partially reverse the 2005 charge, as a result of resolving many of the issues raised during the examination through an appeals process. In 2007, 2006 and 2005, Valeant recorded valuation allowance increases of \$58.6 million, \$33.1 million and \$44.5 million, respectively, against deferred tax assets to recognize the uncertainty of realizing the benefits of accumulated U.S. and state net operating losses and credits. In 2007, the increase in the U.S. valuation allowance was offset by liabilities for uncertain tax positions of \$60.1 million, with a net decrease of the valuation allowance of \$7.0 million. As of December 31, 2008, the valuation allowances totaled \$123.8 million. During 2008, based upon certain transactions including the sale of the WEEMEA business and reversal of the intent to indefinitely reinvest foreign earnings, Valeant released \$23.6 million and \$4.5 million of the valuation allowance through additional capital and goodwill, respectively. Additionally, the tax provisions in 2005 and 2008 do not reflect tax benefits for acquired IPR&D charged to expense. The tax benefit in 2009 includes \$102.5 million related to the partial release of valuation allowance in the U.S. as Valeant determined that it is more likely than not that it would utilize the deferred tax assets with the exception of state capital losses and foreign net operating losses.

#### Table of Contents

- (3) In September 2008 and September 2007, Valeant reclassified its Western and Eastern Europe, Middle East and Africa business and Infergen operations, respectively, as discontinued operations. The consolidated financial statements have been reclassified for all historical periods presented. In 2006, the loss from discontinued operations was partly offset by the partial release of \$5.6 million from a reserve for an environmental liability related to Valeant s former biomedical facility. In December 2005, Valeant acquired the U.S. and Canadian rights to Infergen from InterMune. In this transaction, \$47.2 million was charged to acquired IPR&D. As a result of the reclassification of the Infergen operations to discontinued operations, this charge was classified as an expense within discontinued operations.
- (4) Working capital at June 30, 2010, December 31, 2007 and December 31, 2006 excludes \$1.6 million, \$325.9 million and \$236.6 million, respectively, of assets held for sale.
- (5) In May 2010, Valeant borrowed \$30.0 million principal amount under a senior secured term loan. In April 2010, Valeant issued \$400.0 million aggregate principal amount of senior notes due 2020. In June 2009, Valeant issued \$365.0 million aggregate principal amount of senior notes due 2016. In 2009, Valeant repurchased \$173.5 million aggregate principal amount of its 3.0% Convertible Notes and 4.0% Convertible Notes. In 2008, Valeant repurchased \$32.6 million aggregate principal amount of its 3.0% Convertible Notes. In July 2008, Valeant redeemed \$300.0 million aggregate principal amount of 7.0% Senior Notes due 2011.

#### Summary Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Information

The following table shows summary unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information regarding the financial condition and results of operations of the combined company after giving effect to the merger. The summary unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements have been prepared using the acquisition method of accounting under existing accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) under which the assets and liabilities of Valeant will be recorded by Biovail at their respective fair values as of the date the merger is completed. The summary unaudited pro forma condensed combined statements of income for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009, and for the six months ended June 30, 2010, assume that the merger took place on January 1, 2009, the first day of Biovail s 2009 fiscal year.

The summary unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information has been derived from and should be read in conjunction with the more detailed unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements of the combined company appearing elsewhere in this joint proxy statement/prospectus and the accompanying notes to the unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements. In addition, the summary unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements were based on and should be read in conjunction with the historical consolidated financial statements and related notes of both Valeant and Biovail for the applicable periods, which have been incorporated in this joint proxy statement/prospectus by reference. See Where You Can Find More Information beginning on page 175 and Biovail Corporation and Valeant Pharmaceuticals International Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements beginning on page 134.

The summary unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information has been presented for informational purposes only. The summary unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information is not necessarily indicative of what the combined company s financial position or results of operations actually would have been had the merger been completed as of the dates indicated. In addition, the summary unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information does not purport to project the future financial position or operating results of the combined company. Also, as explained in more detail in the accompanying notes to the unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements, this information excludes certain third quarter events and the preliminary allocation of the pro forma purchase price reflected in the unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information is subject to adjustment and may vary significantly from the actual purchase price allocation that will be recorded upon completion of the merger. Furthermore, the determination of the final purchase price will be based on the number of shares of Valeant common stock outstanding immediately prior to completion of the merger and the price of Biovail common shares immediately prior to completion of the merger.

	 elve Months Ended cember 31,	Six I	Months Ended
	2009 \$ in thousands,		ıne 30, 2010 t per share
Summary Statement of Pro Forma Combined Income Data:			
Revenue	\$ 1,650,891	\$	945,971
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ 72,967	\$	6,658
	\$ 0.24	\$	0.02

Income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to controlling interest per share basic Income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to controlling interest per share diluted	\$ 0.24	\$	0.02
		-	As of ne 30, 2010 n thousands)
Summary Pro Forma Combined Balance Sheet Data:			
Total assets(1)		\$	9,507,186
Long-term debt, including current portion		\$	2,983,830
Total shareholders equity		\$	4,736,032

(1) Includes intangible assets and goodwill of \$8,253,773.

#### Selected Comparative Per Share Market Price and Dividend Information

Valeant s common stock is listed and traded on the NYSE under the symbol VRX. Biovail s common shares are listed and traded on the NYSE and TSX under the symbol BVF. The following table sets forth, for the fiscal quarters indicated, the high and low sales price per share of Valeant common stock and the high and low sales price per share of Biovail common shares, in each case as reported on the NYSE. In addition, the table also sets forth the quarterly cash dividends per share declared by Valeant (excluding the pre-merger special dividend) with respect to its common shares. On the Valeant record date (August 18, 2010), there were approximately 76,696,012 shares of Valeant common stock outstanding. On the Biovail record date (August 18, 2010), there were approximately 158,646,462 Biovail common shares outstanding.

	Valeant				Biovail			
	High	Low	Dividends Declared	High	Low	Dividends Declared		
2008								
First Quarter	\$ 14.63	\$ 11.00	\$	\$ 14.90	\$ 10.00	\$ 0.375		
Second Quarter	\$ 17.71	\$ 11.99	\$	\$ 12.96	\$ 9.53	\$ 0.375		
Third Quarter	\$ 21.00	\$ 16.00	\$	\$ 11.27	\$ 9.27	\$ 0.375		
Fourth Quarter	\$ 23.28	\$ 14.58	\$	\$ 9.88	\$ 6.65	\$ 0.375		
2009								
First Quarter	\$ 24.65	\$ 15.64	\$	\$ 12.15	\$ 9.41	\$ 0.375		
Second Quarter	\$ 26.22	\$ 16.34	\$	\$ 13.75	\$ 9.26	\$ 0.09		
Third Quarter	\$ 28.13	\$ 22.17	\$	\$ 15.50	\$ 12.14	\$ 0.09		
Fourth Quarter	\$ 34.44	\$ 26.63	\$	\$ 15.49	\$ 12.91	\$ 0.09		
2010								
First Quarter	\$ 43.42	\$ 31.03	\$	\$ 16.97	\$ 13.64	\$ 0.09		
Second Quarter	\$ 53.50	\$ 40.50	\$	\$ 19.81	\$ 13.67	\$ 0.095		
Third Quarter (until August 17, 2010)	\$ 59.42	\$ 50.25	\$	\$ 23.40	\$ 18.07	\$ 0.095		
	1	9						

#### **Certain Historical and Pro Forma Per Share Data**

The following tables set forth certain historical, pro forma and pro forma equivalent per share financial information for Valeant common stock and Biovail common shares. The pro forma and pro forma equivalent per share information gives effect to the merger as if the merger had occurred on June 30, 2010 in the case of book value per share data and as of January 1, 2009 in the case of net income per share data.

The pro forma per share balance sheet information combines Valeant s June 30, 2010 unaudited consolidated balance sheet with Biovail s June 30, 2010 unaudited consolidated balance sheet. The pro forma per share income statement information for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009, combines Valeant s audited consolidated statement of income for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009, with Biovail s audited consolidated statement of income for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009, with Biovail s audited consolidated statement of income for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009. The pro forma per share income statement information for the six months ended June 30, 2010, combines Valeant s unaudited consolidated statement of income for the six months ended June 30, 2010, with Biovail s unaudited consolidated statement of income for the six months ended June 30, 2010, with Biovail s unaudited consolidated statement of income for the six months ended June 30, 2010, with Biovail s unaudited consolidated statement of income for the six months ended June 30, 2010, with Biovail s unaudited consolidated statement of income for the six months ended June 30, 2010. The Valeant pro forma equivalent per share financial information is calculated by multiplying the unaudited Biovail pro forma combined per share amounts by the 1.7809 exchange ratio.

The following information should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements of Valeant and Biovail contained in Valeant s and Biovail s Annual Reports on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009, and the unaudited consolidated financial statements of Valeant and Biovail contained in Valeant s and Biovail s quarterly reports on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2010, which are incorporated by reference in this joint proxy statement/prospectus, and the financial information contained in the section entitled Biovail Corporation and Valeant Pharmaceuticals International Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements beginning on page 134. The unaudited pro forma information below is not necessarily indicative of the operating results or financial position that would have occurred if the merger had been completed as of the periods presented, nor is it necessarily indicative of the future operating results or financial position of the combined company. In addition, the unaudited pro forma information does not purport to indicate balance sheet data or results of operations data as of any future date or for any future period.

	As of and fo Six Mont Ended June 2010	hs	As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2009			
Valeant Historical Data per Share of Common Stock Income from continuing operations attributable to controlling interest						
Basic	\$	0.87	\$	3.15		
Diluted Dividends declared per share of Common Stock	\$	0.82	\$	3.07		
Book value per share of Common Stock	\$	4.65	\$	4.80		

As of and for the
Six Months
Ended

Table of Contents

As of and for the

	June 30, 2010		Year Ended December 3 2009		
Biovail Historical Data per Common Share					
Income from continuing operations					
Basic	\$	0.19	\$	1.11	
Diluted	\$	0.19	\$	1.11	
Dividends declared per Common Share	\$	0.185	\$	0.65	
Book value per Common Share	\$	8.58	\$	8.56	
	20				

	As of and for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2010		As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2009	
Valeant Pro Forma Equivalent Combined Data per Share of Common Stock Income from continuing operations attributable to controlling interest				
Basic	\$	0.04	\$	0.43
Diluted	\$ \$ \$ \$	0.04	\$	0.43
Dividends declared per share of Common Stock	\$	0.33	\$	1.15
Book value per share of Common Stock	\$	28.71		N/A
	As of and for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2010		As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2009	
<b>Biovail Pro Forma Combined Data per Common Share</b> Income from continuing operations				
Basic	\$	0.02	\$	0.24
Diluted	\$	0.02	\$	0.24
Dividends declared per Common Share	\$ \$	0.185	\$	0.65
Book value per Common Share	\$	16.12		N/A
	21			

#### **RISK FACTORS**

In addition to the other information included and incorporated by reference into this joint proxy statement/prospectus, including the matters addressed in the section entitled Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements, you should carefully consider the following risks before deciding whether to vote for the Valeant proposals, in the case of Valeant stockholders, or the Biovail proposals, in the case of Biovail shareholders. In addition, you should read and consider the risks associated with each of the businesses of Valeant and Biovail because these risks will also affect the combined company these risks can be found in Valeant s and Biovail s respective Annual Reports on Form 10-K, as updated by subsequent Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, all of which are filed with the SEC and, in the case of Biovail, the CSA, and incorporated by reference into this joint proxy statement/prospectus. You should also read and consider the other information in this joint proxy statement/prospectus, including the Annexes, and the other documents incorporated by reference into this joint proxy statement/prospectus. See Where You Can Find More Information beginning on page 175.

#### **Risk Factors Relating to the Merger**

# The exchange ratio is fixed and will not be adjusted in the event of any change in either Valeant's stock price or Biovail's share price.

In the merger, each share of Valeant common stock (except for shares of Valeant common stock owned by Valeant, as treasury stock, Biovail, BAC or Beach Merger Corp. (all of which will be cancelled), and other than those shares with respect to which appraisal rights are properly exercised and not withdrawn) will be converted into the right to receive 1.7809 Biovail common shares. This exchange ratio is fixed in the merger agreement and will not be adjusted for changes in the market price of either Valeant common stock or Biovail common shares. Changes in the price of Biovail common shares prior to completion of the merger will affect the market value that Valeant stockholders will receive on the date of the merger. Share price changes may result from a variety of factors (many of which are beyond our control), including the following:

changes in Valeant s and Biovail s respective businesses, operations and prospects, or the market assessments thereof;

market assessments of the likelihood that the merger will be completed, including related considerations regarding regulatory approvals of the merger; and

general market and economic conditions and other factors generally affecting the price of Valeant s common stock and Biovail s common shares.

The price of Biovail common shares at the closing of the merger may vary from the price on the date the merger agreement was executed, on the date of this joint proxy statement/prospectus and on the date of the special meetings of Valeant and Biovail. As a result, the market value represented by the exchange ratio will also vary. For example, based on the range of closing prices of Biovail common shares during the period from June 18, 2010, the last trading day before public announcement of execution of the merger agreement, through August 17, 2010, the last trading date before the date of this joint proxy statement/prospectus, the exchange ratio represented a market value, which does not take into account the \$16.77 per share pre-merger special dividend, ranging from a low of \$26.00 to a high of \$41.12 for each share of Valeant common stock. The \$16.77 per share pre-merger special dividend is payable as a fixed amount per outstanding share of Valeant common stock.

# Because the merger will be completed after the date of the special meetings, at the time of your special meeting, you will not know the exact market value of the Biovail common shares that Valeant stockholders will receive upon completion of the merger.

If the price of Biovail common shares increases between the time of the special meetings and the effective time of the merger, Valeant stockholders will receive Biovail common shares that have a market value that is greater than the market value of such shares at the time of the special meetings. If the price of Biovail common shares decreases between the time of the special meetings and the effective time of the merger, Valeant stockholders will receive Biovail common shares that have a market value of such shares at the time of the special meetings. If the price of Biovail common shares decreases between the time of the special meetings and the effective time of the merger, Valeant stockholders will receive Biovail common shares that have a market value that is less than the market value of such shares at the time of the special meetings. Therefore, because the exchange ratio is fixed, shareholders cannot be sure at the time of the

special meetings of the market value of the consideration that will be paid to Valeant stockholders upon completion of the merger.

# Obtaining required approvals necessary to satisfy closing conditions may delay or prevent completion of the merger.

Completion of the merger is conditioned upon the receipt of certain governmental authorizations, consents, orders or other approvals, including but not limited to the expiration or termination of the waiting period under the HSR Act in the United States and under the Federal Economic Competition Law in Mexico, and approval under the Competition and Consumer Protection Act in Poland. Biovail and Valeant have agreed to use their reasonable best efforts to obtain all required approvals in accordance with the merger agreement. On July 22, 2010, the FTC granted early termination of the waiting period under the HSR Act with respect to the proposed merger contemplated by the merger agreement. On July 21, 2010, the MFCC cleared the transaction. Biovail and Valeant are still awaiting approval under the Competition and Consumer Protection Act in Poland. This approval may impose conditions on, or require divestitures relating to, the operations or assets of Valeant or Biovail. Such conditions or divestitures may jeopardize or delay completion of the merger or may reduce the anticipated benefits of the merger. Each of Valeant and Biovail has agreed that the other party would not be required, or permitted without prior written consent, to take any actions with respect to such conditions or divestitures if such actions would, or would reasonably be expected to, result (after giving effect to any reasonably expected proceeds of any divestiture or sale of assets) in a Material Adverse Effect on the combined company. No assurance can be given that the required approval will be obtained, and, even if such approval is obtained, no assurance can be given as to the terms, conditions and timing of the approval or that it will satisfy the terms of the merger agreement. See The Merger Summary of the Merger Agreement Conditions to Completion of the Merger beginning on page 125 for a discussion of the conditions to the completion of the merger and The Merger Regulatory Approvals Required for the Merger and Other Regulatory Matters on page 110 for a description of the regulatory approvals necessary in connection with the merger.

# Failure to complete the merger could negatively impact the share prices and the future business and financial results of Valeant and Biovail.

If the merger is not completed, the ongoing businesses of Valeant and Biovail may be adversely affected. Additionally, if the merger is not completed and the merger agreement is terminated, either Valeant or Biovail, as the case may be, may be required to pay to the other a termination fee under the merger agreement of \$100 million. The foregoing risks, or other risks arising in connection with the failure of the merger, including the diversion of management attention from conducting the business of the respective company and pursuing other opportunities during the pendency of the merger, may have an adverse effect on the business, operations, financial results and share prices of Valeant and Biovail.

# The merger agreement contains provisions that could discourage a potential competing acquiror of either Valeant or Biovail.

The merger agreement contains no shop provisions that, subject to limited exceptions, restrict Valeant s and Biovail s ability to solicit, encourage, facilitate or discuss competing third-party proposals to acquire shares or assets of Valeant or Biovail. Further, even if the Valeant board of directors or the Biovail board of directors withdraws or qualifies its recommendation with respect to the merger, it will still be required to submit the applicable matters to a vote at its respective special meeting. In addition, the other party generally has an opportunity to offer to modify the terms of its proposal in response to any competing acquisition proposals before the board of directors of the company that has received a third-party proposal may withdraw or qualify its recommendation with respect to the merger. In certain specified circumstances, upon termination of the merger agreement, one of the parties will be required to pay a termination fee of \$100 million to the other party. See The Merger Summary of the Merger Agreement No

Solicitation of Alternative Proposals on page 119, Termination of the Merger Agreement beginning on page 126 and Expenses and Termination Fees; Liability for Breach beginning on page 127.

#### Table of Contents

These provisions could discourage a potential competing acquiror that might have an interest in acquiring all or a significant part of Valeant or Biovail from considering or proposing that acquisition, even if it were prepared to pay consideration with a higher per share cash or market value than the market value proposed to be received or realized in the merger, or might result in a potential competing acquiror proposing to pay a lower price than it might otherwise have proposed to pay because of the added expense of the \$100 million termination fee that may become payable in certain circumstances.

If the merger agreement is terminated and either Valeant or Biovail determines to seek another business combination, it may not be able to negotiate a transaction with another party on terms comparable to, or better than, the terms of the merger.

# Lawsuits have been filed against Valeant and Biovail relating to the merger and an adverse ruling in any such lawsuit may prevent the merger from being completed.

Since the merger was announced on June 21, 2010, Valeant, certain Valeant directors, Biovail, BAC and Beach Merger Corp. have been named as defendants in one or more of the four purported stockholder class actions filed in the Superior Court of California, County of Orange by stockholders of Valeant challenging the proposed merger. The actions seek, among other things, to enjoin the defendants from completing the merger on the agreed upon terms. Three other purported stockholder class actions have been filed in the Court of Chancery for the State of Delaware that also bring claims against Valeant, Valeant s directors, Biovail, BAC and Beach Merger Corp. and similarly seeks to enjoin the defendants from completing the merger. See The Merger Litigation Related to the Merger beginning on page 112 for more information about the lawsuits related to the merger that have been filed.

One of the conditions to the closing of the merger is that no judgment, injunction (whether preliminary, temporary or permanent) or other legal restraint or prohibition shall be in effect that prevents the completion of the merger. As such, if any of the plaintiffs are successful in obtaining an injunction prohibiting the defendants from completing the merger, then such injunction may prevent the merger from becoming effective, or from becoming effective within the expected time frame.

# If the financing for the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement becomes unavailable, the merger may not be completed.

Valeant and Biovail have entered into the commitment letter, pursuant to which the commitment parties have committed to provide up to \$3.022 billion in loans for the purposes of (1) refinancing Valeant s existing credit facility, 8.375% Senior Notes due 2016 and 7.625% Senior Notes due 2020, (2) funding the pre-merger special dividend and certain expenses incurred in connection with the merger, (3) providing post-closing liquidity to the combined company and (4) funding the post-merger special dividend.

The completion of the merger depends on a number of conditions being satisfied or, where legally permissible, waived. These conditions include, among others, the consummation of the financing contemplated by the commitment letter (or alternative financing) and the payment of the pre-merger special dividend.

In the event that the financing contemplated by the commitment letter is not available, other financing, including any permitted offering of debt securities by Valeant, may be available only on less favorable terms or may not be available on acceptable terms, in a timely manner or at all. If other financing becomes necessary and Valeant and Biovail are unable to secure such additional financing, Valeant may be unable to pay the pre-merger special dividend and the merger may not be completed.

# If the merger does not qualify as a reorganization under Section 368(a) of the Code or is otherwise taxable to U.S. holders of Valeant common stock, then such holders may be required to pay substantial U.S. Federal income taxes.

The obligations of Valeant and Biovail to complete the merger are conditioned on, respectively, Valeant s receipt of an opinion of Skadden, and Biovail s receipt of an opinion of Cravath, each to the effect that (1) the merger should qualify for U.S. Federal income tax purposes as a reorganization within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code, and (2) U.S. holders of Valeant common stock should not recognize gain under

Section 367(a) of the Code on the exchange of their Valeant common stock for Biovail common shares in the merger. These opinions will be based upon, among other things, certain assumptions and representations as to factual matters made by Valeant, Biovail and Beach Merger Corp. and their financial advisors. The failure of any such assumptions or representation to be true could adversely affect the validity of the opinions. Additionally, the conclusions in the tax opinions will not be free from doubt and there are significant factual and legal uncertainties concerning these conclusions (including as to the impact of the pre-merger special dividend described below). In particular, Section 367(a) of the Code and the applicable Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder provide that where a U.S. shareholder exchanges stock in a U.S. corporation for stock in a non-U.S. corporation in a transaction that would otherwise qualify as a reorganization within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code, the U.S. shareholder is required to recognize gain, but not loss, realized on such exchange unless certain requirements are met, including that the fair market value of Biovail equal or exceed that of Valeant at the effective time of the merger. There are significant factual and legal uncertainties concerning the determination of fair market value for this purpose and no assurance can be given that the IRS will not challenge the conclusions reflected in the opinions or that a court would not sustain such a challenge. If at the effective time of the merger the fair market value of Valeant were found to exceed that of Biovail, a U.S. holder of Valeant common stock would recognize gain (but not loss) based on the amount such U.S. holder realizes in the merger.

Additionally, each opinion will be based, in part, on a determination that the pre-merger special dividend should qualify as a distribution by Valeant within the meaning of Section 301 of the Code and not as consideration paid for Valeant stock in the merger. However, an opinion of counsel represents counsel s legal judgment, and is not binding on the IRS or the courts. If the IRS or a court disagrees with the characterization of the pre-merger special dividend as a distribution by Valeant within the meaning of Section 301 of the Code and instead treats the pre-merger special dividend as a distribution by Valeant within the meaning of Section 301 of the Code and instead treats the pre-merger special dividend as merger consideration paid by Biovail in exchange for a portion of a holder s Valeant common stock, or otherwise determines that the merger is taxable, U.S. holders of Valeant common stock would recognize taxable gain or loss on their receipt of Biovail common shares in the merger.

For a further discussion, see The Merger Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences beginning on page 102.

# The directors and executive officers of Valeant and Biovail have interests in the merger that are in addition to those of other Valeant stockholders and Biovail shareholders, which could have influenced their decisions to support or approve the merger.

In considering whether to approve the proposals at the special meetings, Valeant stockholders and Biovail shareholders should recognize that the directors and executive officers of Valeant and Biovail have interests in the merger that are in addition to their interests as stockholders of Valeant or shareholders of Biovail. These interests include, among others, ownership interests in the combined company, continued service as a director or an executive officer of the combined company, and the accelerated vesting of certain equity awards or certain severance benefits in connection with the merger. These interests, among others, may influence the directors and executive officers of Valeant to support or approve the proposals at the Valeant special meeting or the directors and executive officers of Biovail to support or approve the proposals at the Biovail special meeting. See The Merger Financial Interests of Valeant Directors and Officers in the Merger beginning on page 96 and The Merger Financial Interests of Biovail Directors and Officers in the Merger beginning on page 92.

# **Risk Factors Relating to the Combined Company Following the Merger**

The failure to integrate successfully the businesses of Valeant and Biovail in the expected timeframe would adversely affect the combined company s future results.

The success of the merger will depend, in large part, on the ability of the combined company to realize the anticipated benefits, including cost savings, from combining the businesses of Valeant and Biovail. To realize these anticipated benefits, the businesses of Valeant and Biovail must be successfully integrated. This integration will be complex and time-consuming. The failure to integrate successfully and to manage successfully the challenges presented by the integration process may result in the combined company not fully achieving the anticipated benefits of the merger.

#### Table of Contents

Potential difficulties that may be encountered in the integration process include the following:

integrating the research and development, manufacturing, distribution, marketing and promotion activities and information technology systems of Valeant and Biovail;

challenges and difficulties associated with managing the larger, more complex, combined business;

conforming standards, controls, procedures and policies, business cultures and compensation structures between the companies;

integrating personnel from the two companies while maintaining focus on developing, producing and delivering consistent, high quality products;

consolidating corporate and administrative infrastructures;

consolidating sales and marketing operations;

retaining existing customers and attracting new customers;

identifying and eliminating redundant and underperforming operations and assets;

coordinating geographically dispersed organizations;

managing inefficiencies associated with integrating the operations of the combined company;

potential unknown liabilities and unforeseen expenses, delays or regulatory conditions associated with the merger;

performance shortfalls at one or both of the companies as a result of the diversion of management s attention caused by completing the merger and integrating the companies operations;

complying with the terms of Biovail s corporate integrity agreement as a combined company;

the ability of the combined company to deliver on its strategy going forward; and

making any necessary modifications to operating control standards to comply with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder and National Instrument 52-107 Certification of Disclosure in Issuers Annual Report and Interim Filings.

# The combined company s future results will suffer if the combined company does not effectively manage its expanded operations.

The size of the combined company s business will be dramatically larger than the size of each of Valeant s and Biovail s businesses today. The combined company s future success depends, in part, upon its ability to manage this expanded business, which will pose substantial challenges for management, including challenges related to the management and monitoring of new operations and associated increased costs and complexity. Valeant and Biovail cannot assure you that the combined company will be successful or that the combined company will realize the expected operating efficiencies, synergies, cost savings, revenue enhancements and other benefits currently anticipated from the merger.

## The combined company s effective tax rates may increase.

The combined company will have operations in various countries that have differing tax laws and rates. A significant portion of the combined company s revenue and income will be earned in Barbados, a country with a low domestic tax rate. Dividends from such after-tax business income will be received tax-free in Canada. The combined company s tax structure will be supported by current domestic tax laws in the countries in which the combined company will operate and the application of tax treaties between the various countries in which the combined company will operate. The combined company s income tax reporting will be, and the historic tax reporting of each of Valeant and Biovail is, subject to audit by domestic and foreign authorities. The combined company s effective tax rate may change from year to year based on changes in the mix of activities and income allocated or earned among the different jurisdictions in which it will operate; changes in tax laws in these

### Table of Contents

jurisdictions; changes in the tax treaties between various countries in which it will operate; changes in its eligibility for benefits under those tax treaties; and changes in the estimated values of deferred tax assets and liabilities. Such changes could result in an increase in the effective tax rate on all or a portion of the combined company s income to a rate possibly exceeding the statutory income tax rate of Canada or the U.S.

The combined company s provision for income taxes will be based on certain estimates and assumptions made by management. The combined company s consolidated income tax rate will be affected by the amount of net income earned in its various operating jurisdictions, the availability of benefits under tax treaties, and the rates of taxes payable in respect of that income. The combined company will enter into many transactions and arrangements in the ordinary course of business in respect of which the tax treatment is not entirely certain. The combined company will therefore make estimates and judgments based on its knowledge and understanding of applicable tax laws and tax treaties, and the application of those tax laws and tax treaties to its business, in determining its consolidated tax provision. For example, certain countries could seek to tax a greater share of income than will be provided for by the combined company. The final outcome of any audits of the combined company may use in determining its consolidated tax provisions and accruals. This could result in a material adverse effect on the combined company s consolidated income tax provision, financial condition and the net income for the period in which such determinations are made.

The combined company will record a valuation allowance on deferred tax assets relating to Biovail s Canadian and U.S. operating losses, Scientific Research and Experimental Development pool, investment tax credit carry-forward balances, provisions for legal settlements, and future tax depreciation. Valeant and Biovail have assumed that these deferred tax assets are more likely than not to remain unrealized by the combined company.

The combined company s deferred tax liabilities, deferred tax assets and any related valuation allowances will be affected by events and transactions arising in the ordinary course of business, acquisitions of assets and businesses, and non-recurring items. The assessment of the appropriate amount of a valuation allowance against the deferred tax assets will be dependent upon several factors, including estimates of the realization of deferred income tax assets, which realization will be primarily based on forecasts of future taxable income. Significant judgment will be applied to determine the appropriate amount of valuation allowance to record. Changes in the amount of any valuation allowance required could materially increase or decrease the combined company s provision for income taxes in a given period.

# The market price of Biovail s common shares after the merger may be affected by factors different from those currently affecting the shares of Valeant or Biovail.

Upon completion of the merger, holders of Valeant common stock will become holders of Biovail common shares. The businesses of Valeant differ from those of Biovail in important respects and, accordingly, the results of operations of the combined company and the market price of Biovail s common shares following the merger may be affected by factors different from those currently affecting the independent results of operations of Valeant and Biovail. For a discussion of the businesses of Valeant and Biovail and of certain factors to consider in connection with those businesses, see the documents incorporated by reference into this joint proxy statement/prospectus referred to under the section entitled Where You Can Find More Information beginning on page 175.

Valeant will incur substantial additional indebtedness to finance the merger (including the pre-merger special dividend), which will be guaranteed by Biovail after the merger and which may, after the merger, decrease the combined company s business flexibility and may increase its borrowing costs.

In connection with its financing of the pre-merger special dividend and the merger, Valeant expects to incur approximately \$3.0 billion indebtedness, of which approximately \$1.0 billion will be used to refinance its 8.375% Senior Notes due 2016, 7.625% Senior Notes due 2020 and current credit facility, approximately \$1.3 billion will be used for the pre-merger special dividend and approximately \$300 million would be used for the contemplated post-merger special dividend. Upon completion of the merger, Valeant is expected to have outstanding indebtedness of approximately \$3.0 billion, including \$225 million of its 4% Convertible Notes and \$2.8 billion of indebtedness composed of a combination of (i) up to \$2.8 billion of loans incurred under the senior secured credit facilities contemplated by the commitment letter and (ii) net proceeds from any permitted issuance of

debt securities by Valeant. Such senior secured credit facilities are expected to be guaranteed by Biovail and its subsidiaries (including Valeant and its subsidiaries) post-closing, and to contain covenants restricting certain actions by Biovail and its subsidiaries (including Valeant and its subsidiaries), including financial, affirmative and negative covenants, which include limitations on the ability to incur indebtedness, create liens, and merge and consolidate with other companies, in each case, subject to exceptions and baskets to be mutually agreed upon by Valeant and the lender parties thereto, the exact terms of which are to be negotiated before the closing of the merger. The financial and other covenants in the senior secured credit facilities contemplated by the commitment letter, and the combined company s increased consolidated indebtedness and higher debt-to-equity ratio in comparison to that of each of Valeant and Biovail on a recent historical basis may have the effect, among other things, of reducing the combined company s flexibility to respond to changing business and economic conditions and may increase borrowing costs. Valeant currently anticipates that, prior to the completion of the merger, it will repay in full its 8.375% Senior Notes due 2016 and 7.625% Senior Notes due 2020.

# Substantial debt and debt service obligations may adversely affect the combined company.

After the merger, the combined company will have a significant amount of indebtedness. On a pro forma basis assuming the merger was consummated on June 30, 2010 and assuming that Valeant s 8.375% Senior Notes due 2016 and 7.625% Senior Notes due 2020 are repaid prior to the merger, the combined company would have had \$3.0 billion of indebtedness. The combined company may also obtain additional long-term debt and working capital lines of credit to meet future financing needs, subject to certain restrictions under its existing indebtedness, which would increase its total debt.

The potential significant negative consequences on the combined company s financial condition and results of operations that could result from its substantial debt include:

limitations on the combined company s ability to obtain additional debt or equity financing;

instances in which the combined company is unable to meet the financial covenants contained in its debt agreements or to generate cash sufficient to make required debt payments, which circumstances would have the potential of accelerating the maturity of some or all of the combined company s outstanding indebtedness;

the allocation of a substantial portion of the combined company s cash flow from operations to service the combined company s debt, thus reducing the amount of the combined company s cash flow available for other purposes, including operating costs and capital expenditures that could improve the combined company s competitive position, results of operations or share price;

requiring the combined company to sell debt or equity securities or to sell some of its core assets, possibly on unfavorable terms, to meet payment obligations;

compromising the combined company s flexibility to plan for, or react to, competitive challenges in its business and the pharmaceutical industry;

the possibility of the combined company being put at a competitive disadvantage with competitors that do not have as much debt as the combined company, and competitors that may be in a more favorable position to access additional capital resources; and

limitations on the combined company s ability to execute business development activities to support its strategies.

# The combined company is expected to incur substantial expenses related to the integration of Valeant and Biovail.

The combined company is expected to incur substantial expenses in connection with the merger and the integration of Valeant and Biovail. There are a large number of processes, policies, procedures, operations, technologies and systems that must be integrated, including purchasing, accounting and finance, sales, billing, payroll, manufacturing, research and development, marketing and benefits. While Valeant and Biovail have assumed that a certain level of expenses will be incurred, there are many factors beyond their control that could affect the total amount or the timing of the integration expenses. Moreover, many of the expenses that will be

incurred are, by their nature, difficult to estimate accurately. These integration expenses likely will result in the combined company taking significant charges against earnings following the completion of the merger, and the amount and timing of such charges are uncertain at present.

# If goodwill or other intangible assets that the combined company records in connection with the merger become impaired, the combined company could have to take significant charges against earnings.

In connection with the accounting for the merger, the combined company expects to record a significant amount of goodwill and other intangible assets. Under U.S. GAAP, the combined company must assess, at least annually and potentially more frequently, whether the value of goodwill and other indefinite-lived intangible assets has been impaired. Amortizing intangible assets will be assessed for impairment in the event of an impairment indicator. Any reduction or impairment of the value of goodwill or other intangible assets will result in a charge against earnings, which could materially adversely affect the combined company s results of operations and shareholders equity in future periods.

# Valeant, Biovail and, subsequently, the combined company must continue to retain, motivate and recruit executives and other key employees, which may be difficult in light of the uncertainty regarding the merger, and failure to do so could negatively affect the combined company.

For the merger to be successful, during the period before the merger is completed, both Valeant and Biovail must continue to retain, recruit and motivate executives and other key employees. The combined company also must be successful at retaining, recruiting and motivating key employees following the completion of the merger. Experienced employees in the pharmaceutical industry are in high demand and competition for their talents can be intense. Employees of both Valeant and Biovail may experience uncertainty about their future role with the combined company until, or even after, strategies with regard to the combined company are announced or executed. These potential distractions of the merger may adversely affect the ability of Valeant, Biovail or the combined company to attract, motivate and retain executives and other key employees and keep them focused on applicable strategies and goals. A failure by Valeant, Biovail or the combined company to retain and motivate executives and other key employees during the period prior to or after the completion of the merger could have an adverse impact on the business of Valeant, Biovail or the combined company.

# The Biovail common shares to be received by Valeant stockholders as a result of the merger will have different rights from the shares of Valeant common stock.

Upon completion of the merger, Valeant stockholders will become Biovail shareholders and their rights as shareholders will be governed by Biovail s articles of continuance and bylaws and the CBCA. The rights associated with Valeant common stock are different from the rights associated with Biovail common shares. Please see

Comparison of Rights of Valeant Stockholders and Biovail Shareholders beginning on page 155 for a discussion of the different rights associated with Biovail common shares.

# The merger may not be accretive and may cause dilution to the combined company s earnings per share, which may negatively affect the market price of the combined company s common shares.

Valeant and Biovail currently anticipate that the merger will be accretive to earnings per share of the combined company within the first 12 months after the merger. This expectation is based on preliminary estimates, which may materially change. The combined company could also encounter additional transaction and integration-related costs or other factors such as the failure to realize all of the benefits anticipated in the merger. All of these factors could cause dilution to the combined company s earnings per share or decrease or delay the expected accretive effect of the merger and cause a decrease in the market price of the combined company s common shares.

# **Other Risk Factors of Valeant and Biovail**

Valeant s and Biovail s businesses are and will be subject to the risks described above. In addition, Valeant s and Biovail s businesses are, and will continue to be, subject to the risks described in Valeant s and Biovail s respective Annual Reports on Form 10-K, as updated by subsequent Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, all of which are filed with the SEC and, in the case of Biovail, the CSA and incorporated by reference into this joint proxy statement/prospectus. See Where You Can Find More Information beginning on page 175 for the location of information incorporated by reference in this joint proxy statement/prospectus.

## SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This joint proxy statement/prospectus and the documents incorporated by reference herein contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 with respect to the financial condition, results of operations, business strategies, operating efficiencies, synergies, revenue enhancements, competitive positions, plans and objectives of management and growth opportunities of Valeant and Biovail, and with respect to the merger and the markets for Valeant common stock and Biovail common shares and other matters. Statements in this joint proxy statement/prospectus and the documents incorporated by reference herein that are not historical facts are hereby identified as forward-looking statements for the purpose of the safe harbor provided by Section 27A of the Securities Act and Section 21E of the Exchange Act and forward-looking information within the meaning defined under applicable Canadian securities legislation (collectively, forward-looking statements ).

These forward-looking statements, including, without limitation, those relating to the expected benefits of the proposed merger, such as efficiencies, cost savings, tax benefits, enhanced revenues and cash flow, growth potential, market profile and financial strength, the competitive ability and position of the combined company, the expected timing of the completion of the transaction and the expected payment of the pre-merger special dividend to Valeant s stockholders and the post-merger special dividend to the combined company s shareholders, wherever they occur in this joint proxy statement/prospectus or the documents incorporated by reference herein, are necessarily estimates reflecting the judgment of the management of each of Valeant and Biovail. Although Valeant and Biovail believe that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, such statements involve risks and uncertainties, and undue reliance should not be placed on such statements. These forward-looking statements should, therefore, be considered in light of various important factors, including those set forth in this joint proxy statement/prospectus and incorporated by reference herein. There can be no assurance that the proposed merger will in fact be consummated.

Forward-looking statements can generally be identified by the use of words such as believe, anticipate, expect, estimate. intend. continue. plan. project, will. may. should. could. would. target. potential a expressions. In addition, any statements that refer to expectations, projections or other characterizations of future events or circumstances are forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements are found at various places throughout this joint proxy statement/prospectus and the documents incorporated by reference herein and all such statements are qualified by these cautionary statements. Actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied in such statements. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from these expectations include, among other things, the following:

the risk that the anticipated benefits from the proposed merger cannot be fully realized or may take longer to realize than expected;

the failure to receive, on a timely basis or otherwise, the required approvals by Valeant stockholders and Biovail shareholders and government or regulatory agencies (including the terms of such approvals);

the risk that a condition to closing of the merger may not be satisfied;

the risk that the businesses will not be integrated successfully, or that the integration will be more costly or more time consuming and complex than anticipated;

the ability of the combined company to service its significant debt service obligations;

the ability of the combined company to retain and hire key personnel and maintain relationships with customers, suppliers or other business partners;

the impact of legislative, regulatory, competitive and technological changes;

the risk that the credit ratings of the combined company may be different from what the companies expect;

general market, labor and economic conditions and related uncertainties; and

other risk factors relating to the pharmaceutical industry, as detailed from time to time in each of Valeant s and Biovail s reports filed with the SEC and, in the case of Biovail, the CSA.

### **Table of Contents**

Additional information about these factors and about the material factors or assumptions underlying such forward-looking statements may be found in this joint proxy statement/prospectus, as well as under Item 1.A. in each of Valeant s and Biovail s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009, and Item 1.A in each of Valeant s and Biovail s most recent Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2010. These important factors also include those set forth under the section entitled Risk Factors, beginning on page 22.

Readers are cautioned that any forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date of this joint proxy statement/prospectus or, if such statement is included in a document incorporated by reference into this joint proxy statement/prospectus, as of the date of such other document. Neither Biovail nor Valeant undertakes any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as may be required by law. Valeant and Biovail caution further that, as it is not possible to predict or identify all relevant factors that may impact forward-looking statements, the foregoing list should not be considered a complete statement of all potential risks and uncertainties.

# THE COMPANIES

# **Biovail Corporation**

Biovail Corporation 7150 Mississauga Road Mississauga, Ontario Canada L5N 8M5 Telephone: (905) 286-3000

Biovail, a Canadian corporation, is a specialty pharmaceutical company with a strategic focus on developing and commercializing products that address unmet medical needs in specialty CNS disorders. The growth and development of Biovail s specialty CNS business is financially supported by its former base business model which focused on the development and large-scale manufacture of pharmaceutical products incorporating its oral drug-delivery technologies. While Biovail s strategy has transitioned to specialty CNS, this base business model continues to provide revenues and significant operating cash flow that can be used to support and fund licensing and acquisition opportunities in specialty CNS. Biovail s drug delivery expertise also provides support for life cycle management of its specialty CNS products. Biovail also continues to identify and evaluate complementary acquisitions or business opportunities that support its specialty CNS strategy (such as the May 2009 acquisition of the full U.S. commercialization rights to Wellbutrin XL<sup>®</sup>).

Additional information about Biovail and its subsidiaries is included in documents incorporated by reference into this joint proxy statement/prospectus. See Where You Can Find More Information beginning on page 175.

## **Biovail Americas Corp.**

Biovail Americas Corp., a wholly owned subsidiary of Biovail, is a Delaware corporation that holds ownership of Biovail subsidiaries that operate in the United States.

## **Beach Merger Corp.**

Beach Merger Corp., a wholly owned subsidiary of BAC, is a Delaware corporation that was formed on June 15, 2010, for the sole purpose of effecting the merger. In the merger, Beach Merger Corp. will be merged with and into Valeant, with Valeant surviving as a wholly owned subsidiary of BAC.

## **Valeant Pharmaceuticals International**

Valeant Pharmaceuticals International One Enterprise Aliso Viejo, CA 92656 Telephone: (949) 461-6000

Valeant, a Delaware corporation, is a multinational specialty pharmaceutical company that develops, manufactures and markets a broad range of pharmaceutical products. Valeant s specialty pharmaceutical and OTC products are marketed under brand names and are sold in the United States, Canada, Australia and New Zealand, where Valeant focuses most of its efforts on the dermatology and neurology therapeutic classes. Valeant also has branded generic and OTC operations in Europe and Latin America which focus on pharmaceutical products that are bioequivalent to

original products and are marketed under company brand names.

Additional information about Valeant and its subsidiaries is included in documents incorporated by reference in this joint proxy statement/prospectus. See Where You Can Find More Information beginning on page 175.

# THE BIOVAIL SPECIAL MEETING

## Date, Time and Place

The special meeting of Biovail shareholders will be held at the Canadian Broadcasting Centre, Glenn Gould Studio, 250 Front Street West, Toronto, Ontario, on September 27, 2010, at 10:00 a.m., local time.

# Purpose of the Biovail Special Meeting

At the Biovail special meeting, Biovail shareholders will be asked:

to consider and if thought fit, approve with or without variation, an ordinary resolution authorizing Biovail to issue such number of common shares in the capital of Biovail as is necessary to complete the merger with Valeant, being 1.7809 Biovail common shares for each share of Valeant common stock, and such other common shares in the capital of Biovail as contemplated by the merger agreement (the share issuance resolution );

conditional upon the approval of the share issuance resolution, to consider, and if deemed advisable, pass, with or without variation, a special resolution to amend the articles of continuance of Biovail to change the name of Biovail from Biovail Corporation to Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, Inc. (the name change resolution); and

to transact such further or other business as may properly come before the Biovail special meeting and any adjournments or postponements thereof.

Completion of the merger is conditioned on approval of the share issuance resolution and the name change resolution.

# **Recommendations of the Board of Directors of Biovail**

At a special meeting held on June 20, 2010, the Biovail board of directors unanimously determined that the merger and the other transactions contemplated by the merger agreement, including the issuance of Biovail common shares necessary to complete the merger and the issuance of such other Biovail common shares as contemplated by the merger agreement and the amendment of Biovail s articles of continuance to effect the name change were advisable and in the best interests of Biovail and its shareholders. **Accordingly, the Biovail board of directors recommends that Biovail shareholders vote FOR the share issuance resolution and FOR the name change resolution.** For a discussion of the material factors considered by the Biovail board of directors in reaching its conclusions, see The Merger Recommendations of the Biovail Board of Directors; Biovail s Reasons for the Merger beginning on page 53.

Biovail shareholders should carefully read this joint proxy statement/prospectus in its entirety for more detailed information concerning the merger, the merger agreement and the treatment of the Valeant equity plans and Valeant equity awards. In addition, Biovail shareholders are directed to the merger agreement which is included as Annex A in this joint proxy statement/prospectus.

## **Share Issuance Resolution**

Pursuant to the rules of the TSX, securityholder approval is required in instances where the number of securities issued or issuable in payment of the purchase price in a transaction such as the merger exceeds 25% of the number of

securities of the listed issuer which are outstanding, on a non-diluted basis. Because the merger agreement contemplates the issuance of greater than 25% of the current outstanding Biovail common shares on a non-diluted basis, the rules of the TSX require that Biovail obtain approval of the share issuance resolution by the holders of a majority of the Biovail common shares represented in person or by proxy at the Biovail special meeting.

As of the close of business on the date of this joint proxy statement/prospectus, there were approximately 158,646,462 outstanding Biovail common shares. If the merger is completed, Biovail currently estimates that it will issue or reserve for issuance approximately 170,177,852 Biovail common shares (equal to approximately 107% of Biovail s current issued and outstanding common shares) pursuant to or as contemplated by the merger agreement,

## Table of Contents

including approximately (a) 137,837,582 Biovail common shares issuable in exchange for shares of Valeant common stock in the merger, (b) 24,256,911 Biovail common shares issuable in respect of Valeant stock options (approximately 13,419,867) and Valeant restricted stock units (approximately 10,837,044) that Biovail has agreed to assume pursuant to the merger agreement and (c) 8,083,358 Biovail common shares into which the 4% Convertible Notes will be convertible.

### **Biovail Record Date; Shares Entitled to Vote**

Only holders of Biovail common shares at the close of business on August 18, 2010, the record date for the Biovail special meeting, will be entitled to notice of, and to vote at, the Biovail special meeting or any adjournments or postponements thereof. On the record date, there were outstanding a total of approximately 158,646,462 Biovail common shares. Each outstanding Biovail common share is entitled to one vote on each proposal and any other matter properly coming before the Biovail special meeting.

## Share Ownership by and Voting Rights of Biovail s Directors and Executive Officers

As of the close of business on the record date, Biovail s directors and executive officers and their affiliates beneficially owned and had the right to vote 211,108 Biovail common shares at the Biovail special meeting, which represents approximately 0.13% of Biovail common shares entitled to vote at the Biovail special meeting. We expect that Biovail s directors and executive officers will vote their shares in favor of the Biovail proposals, although no director or executive officer has entered into any agreement obligating him or her to do so.

### Quorum

At least two persons present, each being a shareholder entitled to vote at the Biovail special meeting or a duly appointed proxyholder or representative for a shareholder so entitled, and together holding or representing Biovail common shares having not less than 25% of the outstanding votes entitled to be cast at the Biovail special meeting constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at the Biovail special meeting.

## **Required Vote**

The required votes to approve the Biovail proposals are as follows:

The share issuance resolution will be approved if a majority of the votes cast on the proposal vote in favor of the proposal.

The name change resolution will be approved if two-thirds of the votes cast on the proposal vote in favor of the proposal.

### Failure to Vote and Broker Non-Votes

If you are a Biovail shareholder and fail to vote or fail to instruct your broker, bank or other nominee to vote, it will have no effect on any of the Biovail proposals, assuming a quorum is present.

#### **Appointment of Proxyholder**

The persons designated by management of Biovail in the enclosed proxy card are William M. Wells and Gregory Gubitz. Each Biovail shareholder has the right to appoint as proxyholder a person or company, who need not be a shareholder of Biovail, other than the persons designated by management of Biovail in the enclosed form

## Table of Contents

of proxy, to attend and act on the shareholder s behalf at the Biovail special meeting or at any adjournment or postponement thereof. Such right may be exercised by inserting the name of the person or company in the blank space provided in the enclosed proxy card or by completing another proxy card.

# **Record Holders**

If you are a registered holder of Biovail common shares as of the close of business on the record date for the Biovail special meeting, a proxy card is enclosed for your use. Biovail requests that you vote your shares by

telephone or through the Internet, or sign the accompanying proxy card and return it promptly in the enclosed postage-paid envelope. Information and applicable deadlines for voting by telephone or through the Internet are set forth on the enclosed proxy card. When the enclosed proxy card is returned properly executed, the Biovail common shares represented by it will be voted at the Biovail special meeting or any adjournment or postponement thereof in accordance with the instructions contained in the proxy card and if the shareholder specifies a choice with respect to any matter to be acted upon, the Biovail common shares will be voted accordingly. Your telephone or Internet vote authorizes the named proxies to vote your shares in the same manner as if you had marked, signed and returned a proxy card.

# Your vote is important. Accordingly, if you are a registered holder of Biovail common shares as of the close of business on the record date, please sign and return the enclosed proxy card or vote via telephone or the Internet whether or not you plan to attend the Biovail special meeting in person.

If a proxy card is signed and returned without an indication as to how the Biovail common shares represented are to be voted with regard to a particular proposal, the Biovail common shares represented by the proxy will be voted in accordance with the recommendations of the Biovail board of directors. At the date hereof, the Biovail board of directors has no knowledge of any business that will be presented for consideration at the special meeting and which would be required to be set forth in this joint proxy statement/prospectus or the related Biovail proxy card other than the matters set forth in Biovail s Notice of Special Meeting of Shareholders. Business transacted at the Biovail special meeting is expected to be limited to those matters set forth in such notice. Nonetheless, if any amendments to matters identified in the accompanying Notice of Biovail Special Meeting of Shareholders or any other matter is properly presented at the Biovail special meeting for consideration, it is intended that the persons named in the enclosed proxy card and acting thereunder will vote in accordance with their best judgment and pursuant to such discretionary authority on such matter.

## Shares Held in Street Name/Non-Registered Shareholders

The proxy card provided with this joint proxy statement/prospectus will indicate whether or not you are a registered shareholder. Non-registered shareholders hold their Biovail common shares through intermediaries, such as banks, trust companies, securities dealers or brokers. If you are a non-registered shareholder, the intermediary holding your Biovail common shares should provide a voting instruction form which you must complete by using any one of the methods outlined therein. This voting instruction form will constitute voting instructions that the intermediary must follow and should be returned in accordance with the instructions to ensure it is counted for the Biovail special meeting. In order to expedite your vote, you may vote by using a touch-tone telephone or via the Internet, following the instructions outlined on the voting instruction form.

If, as a non-registered shareholder, you wish to attend the Biovail special meeting and vote your common shares in person, or have another person attend and vote your common shares on your behalf, you should fill your own name, or the name of your appointee, in the space provided on the voting instruction form. An intermediary s voting instruction form will likely provide corresponding instructions to cast your vote in person. In either case, you should carefully follow the instructions provided by the intermediary and contact the intermediary promptly if you need help.

A non-registered shareholder may revoke a proxy or voting instruction which has been previously given to an intermediary by written notice to the intermediary. In order to ensure that the intermediary acts upon a revocation, the written notice should be received by the intermediary well in advance of the Biovail special meeting.

# **Revocability of Proxy; Changing Your Vote**

If you are a registered holder of Biovail common shares as of the close of business on the record date for the Biovail special meeting: You can change your vote at any time before the start of your special meeting, unless otherwise noted. In addition to revocation in any other manner permitted by law, you can do this in one of the following ways:

you can grant a new, valid proxy bearing a later date (including by telephone or Internet);

### **Table of Contents**

you can deposit a signed notice of revocation at Biovail s registered office at any time up to and including the last business day preceding the day of the Biovail special meeting (or any adjournment or postponement thereof) or with the chair of the Biovail special meeting on the day of the Biovail special meeting (or any adjournment or postponement thereof); or

you can attend the special meeting and vote in person, which will automatically cancel any proxy previously given, or you may revoke your proxy in person, but your attendance alone will not revoke any proxy that you have previously given.

If you choose any of the foregoing methods, your notice of revocation or your new proxy must be received by Biovail no later than the beginning of the Biovail special meeting. If you have voted your shares by telephone or through the Internet, you may revoke your prior telephone or Internet vote by any manner described above.

*If you hold Biovail common shares in street name*: You must contact your broker, bank or other nominee in writing to change your vote. In order to ensure that the broker, bank or other nominee acts upon revocation, the written notice should be received by the broker, bank or other nominee well in advance of your special meeting.

## **Solicitation of Proxies**

The management of Biovail is soliciting proxies for use at the Biovail special meeting or at any adjournment or postponement thereof. In accordance with the merger agreement, the cost of proxy solicitation for the Biovail special meeting will be borne by Biovail. In addition to the use of the mail, proxies may be solicited by directors, officers and other employees of Biovail, without additional remuneration, by personal interview, telephone, facsimile or otherwise. Biovail will also request brokerage firms, nominees, custodians and fiduciaries to forward proxy materials to the beneficial owners of shares and will provide customary reimbursement to such firms for the cost of forwarding these materials. Biovail has retained Georgeson to assist in its solicitation of proxies and has agreed to pay them a fee of approximately C\$30,000, plus reasonable expenses, for these services.

## **Principal Shareholders**

According to a Schedule 13G filed on August 10, 2010, by FMR LLC (FMR), FMR beneficially owns 16.91% of the issued and outstanding Biovail common shares. Other than the shareholdings reflected in such filing, to the knowledge of the directors and officers of Biovail, as of August 17, 2010, no person beneficially owned, directly or indirectly, or controls or directs, more than 10% of the voting rights attached to the issued and outstanding Biovail common shares.

# THE VALEANT SPECIAL MEETING

### Date, Time and Place

The special meeting of Valeant s stockholders will be held at 14 Main Street, Suite 140, Madison, New Jersey 07940 on September 27, 2010 at 10:00 a.m., local time.

### **Purpose of the Valeant Special Meeting**

At the Valeant special meeting, Valeant stockholders will be asked to vote on the following proposals:

to adopt the merger agreement; and

to approve the adjournment of the Valeant special meeting, if necessary to solicit additional proxies if there are not sufficient votes to adopt the merger agreement at the time of the Valeant special meeting.

## **Recommendations of the Board of Directors of Valeant**

The Valeant board of directors unanimously (1) determined that the merger agreement and the merger are advisable and in the best interests of Valeant and its stockholders, (2) approved the merger and the merger agreement and (3) resolved to recommend adoption of the merger agreement to Valeant stockholders. **The Valeant board of directors recommends that the Valeant stockholders vote FOR the adoption of the merger agreement and FOR the adjournment of the Valeant special meeting, if necessary or appropriate to solicit additional proxies if there are not sufficient votes to adopt the merger agreement at the time of the Valeant special meeting.** For a discussion of the material factors considered by the Valeant board of directors in reaching its conclusions, see The Merger Recommendations of the Valeant Board of Directors; Valeant s Reasons for the Merger beginning on page 68.

Valeant stockholders should carefully read this joint proxy statement/prospectus in its entirety for more detailed information concerning the merger. In addition, Valeant stockholders are directed to the merger agreement, which is included as Annex A in this joint proxy statement/prospectus.

## Valeant Record Date; Stock Entitled to Vote

The record date for the Valeant special meeting is August 18, 2010. Only Valeant stockholders of record at the close of business on August 18, 2010 will be entitled to receive notice of, and to vote at, the Valeant special meeting or any adjournments or postponements thereof. Shares of Valeant common stock held by Valeant as treasury shares and by Valeant s subsidiaries will not be entitled to vote.

As of the close of business on the record date of August 18, 2010, there were approximately 76,696,012 shares of Valeant common stock outstanding and entitled to vote at the Valeant special meeting. Each holder of Valeant common stock is entitled to one vote for each share of Valeant common stock owned as of the Valeant record date.

A complete list of Valeant stockholders entitled to vote at the Valeant special meeting will be available for inspection at the principal place of business of Valeant during regular business hours for a period of no less than 10 days before the special meeting and at the place of the Valeant special meeting during the meeting.

## Stock Ownership by and Voting Rights of Valeant s Directors and Executive Officers

## Table of Contents

At the close of business on the record date for the Valeant special meeting, Valeant s directors and executive officers and their affiliates beneficially owned and had the right to vote 15,853,000 shares of Valeant common stock at the Valeant special meeting (which includes shares of which Mr. Morfit may be deemed to share beneficial ownership, as a member of the management board of ValueAct Holdings GP, LLC, which entity controls the general partner and the manager of ValueAct Capital), which represents approximately 21% of the Valeant common stock entitled to vote at the Valeant special meeting. It is expected that Valeant s directors and executive officers will vote their shares FOR the adoption of the merger agreement and FOR the adjournment of the Valeant special meeting, if necessary or appropriate to solicit additional proxies if there are not sufficient votes to adopt the merger agreement at the time of the Valeant special meeting.

### **Table of Contents**

# Quorum

A quorum of stockholders is required to carry on the business of the Valeant special meeting. A majority of the outstanding shares of Valeant common stock entitled to vote at the Valeant special meeting must be represented in person or by proxy at the meeting in order to constitute a quorum. Any abstentions will be counted in determining whether a quorum is present at the Valeant special meeting. In the event that a quorum is not represented in person or by proxy at the Valeant special meeting, the holders of Valeant common stock present in person or represented by proxy at the Valeant special meeting and entitled to vote thereat may adjourn the meeting until a quorum is represented in person or by proxy, without notice other than announcement at the meeting. If the adjournment is for more than 30 days, or if after adjournment a new record date is set, a notice of the adjourned meeting will be given to each Valeant stockholder of record entitled to vote at the meeting.

The Valeant proposals are not considered a routine matter with respect to shares of Valeant common stock that are represented at the special meeting, but that are held by brokers, banks or other nominees who do not have authority to vote such shares (i.e., broker non-votes). Therefore, your broker will not be permitted to vote on the Valeant proposals without instruction from you as the beneficial owner of the shares of Valeant common stock. Broker non-votes (if any) will, however, be counted for purposes of determining whether a quorum is present at the Valeant special meeting.

# **Required Vote**

The required votes to approve the Valeant proposals are as follows:

To adopt the merger agreement, holders of a majority of the shares of Valeant common stock outstanding and entitled to vote on the proposal must vote in favor of adoption of the merger agreement.

To approve the adjournment of the Valeant special meeting, if necessary or appropriate to solicit additional proxies if there are not sufficient votes to adopt the merger agreement at the time of the Valeant special meeting, the affirmative vote of holders of a majority of the shares of Valeant common stock present in person or represented by proxy at the special meeting and entitled to vote thereon is required, regardless of whether a quorum is present.

## Failure to Vote, Broker Non-Votes and Abstentions

If you are a Valeant stockholder and fail to vote, fail to instruct your broker, bank or other nominee to vote, or mark your proxy or voting instructions to abstain, this will have the effect of a vote against the proposal to adopt the merger agreement. If you are a Valeant stockholder and are present in person at the Valeant special meeting and abstain from voting or mark your proxy or voting instructions to abstain, this will have the effect of a vote against the proposal to approve the adjournment of the Valeant special meeting. If you are a Valeant stockholder and are not present in person at the Valeant special meeting and do not respond by proxy, this will have no effect on the vote held on the proposal to approve the adjournment of the Valeant special meeting. Failure to instruct your broker, bank or other nominee to vote will also have no effect on the vote held on this proposal.

# **Record Holders**

If you are entitled to vote at the Valeant special meeting and hold your shares in your own name, you can submit a proxy or vote in person by completing a ballot at the special meeting. However, Valeant encourages you to submit a

proxy before the Valeant special meeting even if you plan to attend the Valeant special meeting in order to ensure that your shares are voted. A proxy is a legal designation of another person to vote your shares of Valeant common stock on your behalf. If you hold shares in your own name, you may submit a proxy for your shares by:

calling the toll-free number specified on the enclosed proxy card and follow the instructions when prompted;

accessing the Internet web site specified on the enclosed proxy card and follow the instructions provided to you; or

filling out, signing and dating the enclosed proxy card and mailing it in the prepaid envelope included with these proxy materials.

#### **Table of Contents**

When a stockholder submits a proxy by telephone or through the Internet, his or her proxy is recorded immediately. Valeant encourages its stockholders to submit their proxies using these methods whenever possible. If you submit a proxy by telephone or the Internet web site, please do not return your proxy card by mail.

All shares represented by each properly executed and valid proxy received before the Valeant special meeting will be voted in accordance with the instructions given on the proxy. If a Valeant stockholder executes a proxy card without giving instructions, the shares of Valeant common stock represented by that proxy card will be voted in accordance with the recommendations of the Valeant board of directors.

Your vote is important. Accordingly, please submit your proxy by telephone, through the Internet or by mail, whether or not you plan to attend the meeting in person.

### Shares Held in Street Name

If your shares are held in an account at a broker, bank or through another nominee, you must instruct the broker, bank or other nominee on how to vote your shares by following the instructions that the broker, bank or other nominee provides to you with these proxy materials. Most brokers offer the ability for stockholders to submit voting instructions by mail by completing a voting instruction card, by telephone and via the Internet.

If you do not provide voting instructions to your broker, bank or other nominee your shares will not be voted on any proposal on which your broker, bank or other nominee does not have discretionary authority to vote. This is referred to in this joint proxy statement/prospectus and in general as a broker non-vote. Under the current rules of the NYSE, brokers do not have discretionary authority to vote on the proposal to adopt the merger agreement, nor on the proposal to approve the adjournment of the Valeant special meeting, if necessary or appropriate to solicit additional proxies if there are not sufficient votes to adopt the merger agreement at the time of the Valeant special meeting. Any broker non-votes would have the same effect as a vote against adoption of the merger agreement and would have no effect on the proposal to approve the adjournment of the Valeant special meeting.

If you hold shares through a broker, bank or other nominee and wish to vote your shares in person at the Valeant special meeting, you must obtain a proxy from your broker, bank or other nominee and present it to the inspector of election with your ballot when you vote at the Valeant special meeting.

## **Revocability of Proxy; Changing Your Vote**

You may revoke your proxy and/or change your vote at any time before your proxy is voted at the Valeant special meeting. *If you are a stockholder of record, you can do this by*:

sending a written notice stating that you revoke your proxy to Valeant at One Enterprise, Aliso Viejo, California 92656, Attn: Corporate Secretary that bears a date later than the date of the proxy and is received prior to the Valeant special meeting and states that you revoke your proxy;

submitting a valid, later-dated proxy by mail, telephone or Internet that is received prior to the special meeting; or

attending the Valeant special meeting and voting by ballot in person (your attendance at the Valeant special meeting will not, by itself, revoke any proxy that you have previously given).

If you hold your shares of Valeant common stock in street name through a broker, bank or other nominee, you must follow the directions you receive from your broker, bank or other nominee in order to revoke or change your vote.

# **Solicitation of Proxies**

Valeant s management is soliciting proxies for use at the Valeant special meeting and any adjournment or postponement thereof. In addition to the use of the mail, proxies may be solicited by directors, officers and other employees of Valeant, without additional remuneration, by personal interview, telephone, facsimile or otherwise. Valeant will also request brokerage firms, nominees, custodians and fiduciaries to forward proxy materials to the beneficial owners of shares and will provide customary reimbursement to such firms for the cost of forwarding these

materials. Valeant has retained Innisfree to assist in its solicitation of proxies and has agreed to pay them a fee of approximately \$20,000, plus reasonable out-of-pocket expenses, for these services.

Stockholders should not send stock certificates with their proxies. A letter of transmittal and instructions for the surrender of Valeant common stock certificates will be mailed to Valeant stockholders shortly after the completion of the merger.

# **Principal Stockholders**

According to a Schedule 13D/A filed on June 24, 2010, by ValueAct Capital, ValueAct Capital beneficially owns 20% of the common stock of Valeant. According to a Schedule 13G filed on June 10, 2010, by Ruane, Cunniff & Goldfarb Inc. ( Ruane ), Ruane beneficially owns 13.76% of the common stock of Valeant. According to a Schedule 13G filed on May 10, 2010, by FMR, FMR beneficially owns 10.69% of the common stock of Valeant. According to a Schedule 13G/A filed on January 28, 2010, by Iridian Asset Management LLC ( Iridian ), Iridian beneficially owns 10.9% of the common stock of Valeant. Other than the shareholdings reflected in such filings, to the knowledge of the directors and officers of Valeant, as of August 17, 2010, no person beneficially owns, directly or indirectly, or controls or directs, more than 10% of the voting rights attached to Valeant common stock.

# **No Other Business**

Under Valeant s amended and restated bylaws, the business to be conducted at the Valeant special meeting will be limited to the purposes stated in the notice to Valeant stockholders provided with this joint proxy statement/prospectus.

## Delivery of Proxy Materials to Households Where Two or More Valeant Stockholders Reside

As permitted by the Exchange Act, only one copy of this joint proxy statement/prospectus is being delivered to Valeant stockholders residing at the same address, unless Valeant stockholders have notified Valeant of their desire to receive multiple copies of this joint proxy statement/prospectus. This is known as householding.

Valeant will promptly deliver, upon oral or written request, a separate copy of this joint proxy statement/prospectus to any Valeant stockholder residing at an address to which only one copy was mailed. Requests for additional copies should be directed to Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, Attn: Investor Relations, One Enterprise, Aliso Viejo, California, 92656.

# PRE-MERGER SPECIAL DIVIDEND

Under the terms of the merger agreement, Valeant stockholders of record as of the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the effective time of the merger will be paid the pre-merger special dividend, a one-time special cash dividend of \$16.77 per share, on such business day. The payment of the pre-merger special dividend is a condition to the completion of the merger.

# POST-MERGER SPECIAL DIVIDEND

It is anticipated that on December 31, 2010, contingent upon the closing of the merger and subject to the discretion of the board of directors of the combined company, and to compliance with applicable law, the combined company will pay the post-merger special dividend, an additional one-time special dividend of \$1.00 per common share of the combined company, to shareholders of the combined company. After the payment of the post-merger special dividend, the combined company does not intend to pay dividends.

# THE MERGER

# **Effects of the Merger**

In order to effect the combination of Valeant and Biovail, Beach Merger Corp., a wholly owned subsidiary of BAC that has been organized to effect the merger, will merge with and into Valeant. Valeant will be the surviving corporation in the merger and will become a wholly owned subsidiary of BAC.

Prior to the merger, Valeant intends to pay its stockholders of record as of the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the effective time of the merger the \$16.77 per share pre-merger special dividend. The payment of the pre-merger special dividend is a condition to the completion of the merger. In the merger, each outstanding share of Valeant common stock (other than shares of Valeant common stock owned by Valeant, as treasury stock, Biovail, BAC or Beach Merger Corp. (all of which will be cancelled), and other than those shares with respect to which appraisal rights are properly exercised and not withdrawn) will be converted into the right to receive 1.7809 Biovail common shares, with cash paid in lieu of fractional shares. This exchange ratio is fixed and will not be adjusted to reflect share price changes prior to the closing of the merger. Biovail shareholders will continue to hold their existing Biovail common shares after the merger. Upon the completion of the merger, former Biovail shareholders will own approximately 50.5% and former Valeant stockholders will own approximately 49.5%, respectively, of the shares of the combined company on a fully diluted basis.

# **Background of the Merger**

In light of the nature of Valeant s and Biovail s businesses, management of each of Valeant and Biovail has been and continues to be generally familiar with the other s businesses. In addition, each company periodically reviews and assesses developments in the specialty pharmaceuticals industry, and considers acquisitions, divestitures and collaborations involving other companies. In considering potential transaction partners in the past, Valeant and Biovail had each independently considered the possibility of a business combination or other transaction with the other.

In early 2008, Valeant embarked on a new business strategy to transform itself from an R&D based global specialty pharmaceuticals company focused on neurology and infectious disease products into a more streamlined specialty pharmaceuticals company focused on shifting investment from R&D towards acquiring small in-line, undervalued products and companies with businesses in core geographies and lower risk therapeutic classes. Valeant also considered the possible merits of pursuing in the future a transformational business combination in order to apply the new strategy to a larger asset base to enhance stockholder value. In early 2008, Valeant identified Biovail as a potential future transaction partner if such a transaction were pursued, in light of Biovail s size and spend and its corporate structural efficiencies.

Following the Valeant board of directors strategic retreat in mid-August 2009, J. Michael Pearson, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Valeant, telephoned William M. Wells, Chief Executive Officer of Biovail, to discuss the possibility of a transaction involving a Valeant neurological product, in light of Biovail s primary focus on specialty neurology. During the conversation, Mr. Wells expressed an interest in further discussions with respect to such a transaction and also expressed an interest in discussing the possibility of a transaction involving Valeant s Canadian operations. Shortly thereafter, Mr. Pearson informed Mr. Wells that Valeant was not interested in pursuing a transaction involving Valeant s Canadian operations.

From mid-September 2009 through mid-January 2010, representatives of Valeant and Biovail continued discussions with respect to a potential transaction involving the Valeant neurological product. During this period, Valeant Pharmaceuticals North America, a wholly owned subsidiary of Valeant, and Biovail entered into a confidentiality agreement. In addition, with Biovail s consent, Mr. Pearson informed representatives of Valeant s collaboration partner on the product of Biovail s interest in a potential transaction.

During this period, senior management of Valeant began to consult with representatives of Goldman, Sachs & Co. (Goldman Sachs), which from time to time had performed various financial advisory services for Valeant, about the possibility of pursuing a broader business combination transaction with Biovail.

### **Table of Contents**

In December 2009, the Biovail board of directors reviewed the discussions between Valeant and Biovail and discussed the possibility of a business combination with Valeant.

In January 2010, a representative of Jefferies & Company, Inc. (Jefferies), which from time to time had performed various financial advisory services for Valeant, raised with representatives of Valeant the possibility that Valeant explore such a transaction. Senior management of Valeant discussed with its advisors potential transaction structures for a merger of Valeant and Biovail.

In the last week of January 2010, a representative of Jefferies contacted Mr. Wells, with the knowledge of Valeant, to inquire whether Mr. Wells would be interested in discussing with Mr. Pearson a potential merger of Biovail and Valeant. Biovail, with the assistance of Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated (Morgan Stanley), which from time to time had performed various financial advisory services for Biovail, began to consider a potential merger with Valeant. The Biovail board of directors authorized Mr. Wells to engage in discussions with Mr. Pearson.

In early February, Mr. Pearson called Mr. Wells to determine if Biovail would like to discuss a potential business combination with Valeant. They agreed to arrange a meeting or conference call to discuss such a transaction.

On February 10, 2010, representatives of Jefferies met with representatives of senior management of Valeant, as well as G. Mason Morfit and Brandon Boze, members of the Valeant board of directors, regarding a potential merger with Biovail and reviewed information and preliminary financial analyses.

A telephone call was held on February 11, 2010, with Mr. Wells, Mr. Pearson, Gregory Gubitz, Senior Vice President, Corporate Development and General Counsel of Biovail, and Rajiv De Silva, Chief Operating Officer of Specialty Pharmaceuticals of Valeant, participating, during which a potential merger transaction between Valeant and Biovail was preliminarily discussed. As a follow up to that call, Mr. Wells and Mr. Pearson met for lunch on February 15, 2010, in Montreal, Canada, to preliminarily discuss a possible transaction.

On February 18, 2010, Valeant Pharmaceuticals North America and Biovail amended their existing confidentiality agreement dated September 28, 2009, to include mutual standstill provisions.

On February 25, 2010, members of Biovail senior management met with Mr. Pearson and other members of Valeant senior management to discuss a potential combination involving the two companies, with a particular focus on the realignment of the businesses of the combined company following a potential merger transaction and potential synergies that could be gained from such a transaction. These discussions were followed by a meeting among Mr. Wells, Mr. Pearson, Douglas J.P. Squires, Chairman of the board of directors of Biovail, and Mr. Morfit on February 26, 2010, to review the discussion that took place on the previous day.

On March 1, 2010, Mr. Gubitz, other members of Biovail management and Mr. De Silva met again in Biovail s offices in Mississauga, Ontario, with Mr. Blott and other members of Valeant management participating telephonically, to discuss potential synergies that could be gained from a transaction combining the two companies.

On March 3, 2010, at a previously scheduled board meeting, the Valeant board of directors discussed the status of the conversations regarding a potential business combination transaction between Valeant and Biovail that had occurred over the past several weeks. Representatives of senior management and Goldman Sachs attended the meeting and reviewed with the directors preliminary financial analyses and operating information regarding Biovail. The board of directors also discussed the potential transaction structure for a merger. As part of the meeting, the independent directors of the Valeant board of directors met without members of management present. The Valeant board of directors directed senior management to continue pursuing a potential merger with Biovail.

On March 4, 2010, another meeting was held in New York, New York, to review potential synergies, with Mr. Wells, Dr. Squires, Mr. Gubitz, Mr. Pearson, Mr. Morfit and Mr. De Silva in attendance.

On March 5, 2010, Dr. Squires, Mr. Wells, Mr. Gubitz and a representative of Cravath, Swaine & Moore LLP, Biovail s U.S. external legal counsel (Cravath), and a representative of Blake, Cassels & Graydon LLP, Biovail s Canadian external legal counsel (Blakes), spoke by telephone regarding a potential transaction involving Biovail and Valeant and also discussed the advisability of forming a committee of the Biovail board of directors to assist the Biovail board of directors and management in reviewing the proposed merger with Valeant. On March 5, 2010, the Biovail board

### Table of Contents

of directors authorized the formation of a committee of the board (the Biovail committee ). The Biovail board of directors determined that the Biovail committee would consist of four independent directors: Laurence Paul, Mark Parrish, Robert Power and Lloyd Segal. Dr. Paul was appointed chairman of the Biovail committee.

On March 5, 2010, the Valeant board of directors held a meeting to review the status of the discussions between Valeant and Biovail with respect to the proposed transaction. Representatives of Valeant senior management attended and provided the board of directors an update on potential synergy opportunities. At the meeting, the Valeant board of directors (the Valeant ad hoc committee ) to assist Valeant senior management and the Valeant board of directors in considering a

Valeant ad hoc committee ) to assist Valeant senior management and the Valeant board of directors in considering a potential transaction with Biovail, which committee consisted of Mr. Morfit (as Chairman), Robert Ingram, Theo Melas-Kyriazi and Stephen F. Stefano. The Valeant board of directors also authorized the engagement of Goldman Sachs and Jefferies as Valeant s financial advisors and the engagement of a strategic consulting firm to assist Valeant in its due diligence on Biovail s pipeline and key products.

On March 8, 2010, Dr. Paul, Dr. Squires, Mr. Morfit and Mr. Ingram participated in a call to discuss a potential combination of Valeant and Biovail.

The Biovail committee first met on March 9, 2010, with Dr. Squires, members of Biovail management, members of the Biovail board of directors, representatives of Morgan Stanley and a representative of Sullivan & Cromwell LLP (Sullivan & Cromwell), as counsel engaged by the Biovail committee to advise it in connection with its mandated activities, in attendance. The Biovail committee reviewed the status of discussions between Valeant and Biovail, as well as initial valuation analyses that Morgan Stanley had performed.

Dr. Squires, Mr. Wells, Mr. Pearson and Mr. De Silva, along with representatives of Morgan Stanley and Goldman Sachs, met in New York, New York, on March 11, 2010, to discuss strategic fit, potential synergies that could be gained from a transaction, value creation and process.

On March 12, 2010, the Valeant ad hoc committee and other Valeant directors, including Mr. Boze, Richard Koppes and Norma Provencio, held a meeting, with members of Valeant senior management and representatives of Goldman Sachs and Jefferies participating, to review the status of the discussions between Valeant and Biovail with respect to the proposed transaction.

On March 15, 2010, the Biovail committee met with Dr. Squires, members of Biovail management, representatives of Morgan Stanley and a representative of Sullivan & Cromwell to review the events of the prior week and to review potential structures for a transaction with Valeant. The Biovail committee authorized Mr. Wells to continue discussions with Mr. Pearson within the parameters set forth by the Biovail committee. Mr. Wells placed a call to Mr. Pearson that day to continue discussions, and Mr. Wells and Mr. Pearson spoke on the phone the next day.

On March 19, 2010, the Biovail committee met with Dr. Squires, members of Biovail management, representatives of Morgan Stanley and a representative of Sullivan & Cromwell. The committee was provided with an update on discussions between Biovail and Valeant, as well as discussions between Morgan Stanley and Goldman Sachs. The Biovail committee reviewed with Morgan Stanley potential valuations of Valeant.

On March 19, 2010, the Valeant ad hoc committee and other Valeant directors, including Mr. Pearson, Mr. Boze, Mr. Koppes, Lawrence Kugelman and Ms. Provencio, held a meeting to review the status of the discussions between Valeant and Biovail with respect to the proposed transaction. Members of Valeant senior management and representatives of Goldman Sachs and Jefferies attended. At the meeting, the committee discussed governance matters and Valeant s financial advisors reviewed with the committee potential transaction structures. It was the committee s view that it was important that the strategy of the combined company after closing be consistent with Valeant s

historical business strategy and that Valeant have the right to appoint a majority of the initial board of directors of the combined company in order to support that business strategy.

Mr. Wells and Mr. Pearson had a discussion on March 20, 2010, in New York, New York, during which the chief executive officers, based on input from the Valeant ad hoc committee and the Biovail committee, respectively, discussed valuation and governance of the combined company after a potential transaction.

On March 22, 2010, the Biovail committee met with Dr. Squires, members of Biovail management, representatives of Morgan Stanley and a representative of Sullivan & Cromwell. Mr. Wells reported to the Biovail

44

committee on his discussions with Mr. Pearson. The Biovail committee affirmed its desire for Mr. Wells to continue discussions with Mr. Pearson.

On March 23, 2010, the Valeant ad hoc committee and other Valeant directors, including Mr. Pearson, Mr. Boze, Mr. Koppes, Mr. Kugelman and Ms. Provencio, met with members of Valeant senior management and representatives of Goldman Sachs and Jefferies to discuss Mr. Pearson s recent communications with Mr. Wells and Goldman Sachs representatives conversations with Morgan Stanley s representatives regarding valuation. Advantages and disadvantages of the proposed transaction with Biovail were reviewed, including the benefits of achieving significant synergies and greater, more stable cash flow as well as execution risk.

The Biovail committee met on March 24, 2010, with Dr. Squires, members of Biovail management, representatives of Morgan Stanley and a representative of Sullivan & Cromwell. Dr. Paul reported on a conversation he had with Mr. Morfit. After deliberation, the Biovail committee requested that Mr. Wells discuss certain transaction details with representatives of Valeant. The Biovail committee adjourned to allow Mr. Wells to have such discussions.

The Biovail committee reconvened after the discussions between Mr. Wells and Mr. Pearson and, after additional deliberation, requested that Dr. Paul, Mr. Morfit and a representative from each of Morgan Stanley and Goldman Sachs engage in further discussions to clarify each company s position regarding a potential transaction. A conference call was then held and the individuals discussed the terms of a potential transaction, including valuation and governance.

On March 25, 2010, the Biovail committee met with Dr. Squires, members of Biovail management, representatives of Morgan Stanley and a representative of Sullivan & Cromwell. Dr. Paul provided an update regarding the March 24 conference call with Mr. Morfit, Morgan Stanley and Goldman Sachs.

On March 26, 2010, the Valeant ad hoc committee and other Valeant directors, including Mr. Pearson, Mr. Boze, Mr. Kugelman, Anders Lönner and Ms. Provencio met. Also in attendance were representatives of Goldman Sachs, Jefferies, the law firm Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP, outside legal counsel (Skadden) to Valeant, and the strategic consulting firm engaged by Valeant. At the meeting, representatives of the strategic consulting firm provided its due diligence analysis relating to Biovail and its pipeline and products. Representatives of Goldman Sachs then reviewed financial analyses regarding Valeant and Biovail and their businesses. Valeant s senior management discussed with the committee Biovail and its businesses and the strategic rationales and opportunities and risks associated with a potential transaction with Biovail. The committee reviewed the discussions between Mr. Pearson and Mr. Wells, and Mr. Morfit and Dr. Paul, that had occurred over the previous few days. The committee authorized Mr. Morfit to communicate to Dr. Paul Valeant s positions on terms, including on valuation; that Valeant appointees should constitute a majority of the directors of the combined company board following the proposed transaction; and that Mr. Pearson should serve as chief executive officer of the combined company and Mr. Wells should serve as non-executive chairman.

On March 26, 2010, and in a number of calls between March 26, 2010, and March 29, 2010, Dr. Paul discussed with Mr. Morfit governance for the combined company. Dr. Paul indicated that he did not believe Biovail would wish to pursue the transaction that Mr. Morfit had described.

On March 29, 2010, each of the Biovail committee and the Valeant board of directors met separately to discuss the recent conversations and determined that discussions regarding a potential merger transaction and any transaction involving Valeant s U.S. neurology business were concluded.

Between April 7, 2010, and April 11, 2010, Mr. Morfit and Dr. Paul discussed the reasons for the recent termination of discussions and determined to schedule a meeting to discuss Valeant s and Biovail s respective positions that led to

the termination.

On April 9, 2010, the Biovail committee met with representatives of Morgan Stanley and a representative of Sullivan & Cromwell. Dr. Paul informed the Biovail committee that a meeting with representatives of Valeant was planned in Los Angeles, California, for the following week to review why discussions regarding a potential transaction were discontinued and to clarify Valeant s and Biovail s respective positions.

### Table of Contents

Mr. Wells and Mr. Pearson spoke on April 11, 2010, to coordinate plans for the meeting in Los Angeles, California.

On April 13, 2010, the Biovail committee met with Dr. Squires, members of Biovail management, representatives of Morgan Stanley and a representative from each of Cravath and Sullivan & Cromwell. The agenda for the upcoming meeting was reviewed.

On April 15, 2010, Dr. Squires, Dr. Paul, Mr. Wells, Mr. Pearson, Mr. Ingram and Mr. Morfit met in Los Angeles, California, to discuss Valeant s and Biovail s respective positions and the reasons why discussions recently were terminated. In this context, the parties discussed Valeant s and Biovail s views regarding the opportunities to enhance shareholder value for both companies that were available from combining Valeant and Biovail, as well as combined company governance and management. As part of the meeting, Mr. Morfit, Mr. Ingram, Dr. Squires and Dr. Paul discussed these matters without Mr. Wells or Mr. Pearson present. At the meeting, the representatives of the two companies indicated a willingness to re-commence discussions if acceptable to the Valeant ad hoc committee and the Biovail committee, respectively.

On the same day, the Valeant board of directors convened a meeting with representatives of senior management participating, to update the board on the meeting held in Los Angeles, California.

On April 16, 2010, the Biovail committee met with members of Biovail management, representatives of Morgan Stanley and a representative of each of Cravath and Sullivan & Cromwell. Dr. Paul provided an update of the meeting on the prior day in Los Angeles, California. The Biovail committee authorized representatives of Biovail to meet with representatives of Valeant to prepare a strategy for the combined company.

On April 19, 2010, the Biovail committee met with Dr. Squires, members of Biovail management, representatives of Morgan Stanley and a representative from each of Cravath and Sullivan & Cromwell. The Biovail committee discussed the upcoming meeting in Barbados among representatives of Valeant, Biovail and the strategic consulting firm engaged by both Valeant and Biovail, which was familiar with both companies. The purpose of the meeting would be to commence preparation of a combined strategy, integration plan and organizational chart and to review potential synergies. A tentative work plan was discussed, including work relating to due diligence, the drafting of definitive agreements and the discussion between Morgan Stanley and Goldman Sachs of matters relating to financial analyses of, and the capital structure for, the combined company. Following deliberation, the Biovail committee indicated that it was supportive of plans to further engage in discussions with Valeant.

Also on April 19, 2010, the Valeant ad hoc committee and other Valeant directors, including Mr. Pearson, Mr. Boze, Mr. Koppes, Mr. Kugelman and Ms. Provencio, held a meeting, with members of senior management, Goldman Sachs and Jefferies participating, to further discuss the meeting in Los Angeles, California, and communications between Mr. Pearson and Mr. Wells. Following discussion, the Valeant ad hoc committee determined that, in light of the opportunities created by a potential combination, Valeant management should resume discussions with Biovail regarding a potential transaction providing for a merger of Valeant and Biovail.

On April 20, 2010, the Biovail board of directors met, together with members of Biovail management, for the purpose of receiving an update from the Biovail committee on the renewed discussions regarding the potential merger. At the meeting, among other things, the Biovail board of directors discussed strategy and the structure of a potential transaction.

During April 21, 2010, and April 22, 2010, representatives of Biovail and Valeant met in Barbados to discuss business strategy, potential integration and organization of the potential combined company and to discuss potential synergies arising from the transaction.

On April 25, 2010, the Biovail committee met with Dr. Squires, members of Biovail management, representatives of Morgan Stanley and a representative from each of Cravath, Blakes and Sullivan & Cromwell. Mr. Wells provided an update on the meetings between representatives of Valeant and Biovail. Next steps were discussed, including required diligence and financing plans.

On April 26, 2010, Mr. Gubitz, Margaret Mulligan, Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Biovail, and Gilbert Godin, Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer of Biovail, met with

representatives of Valeant in the offices of the strategic consulting firm engaged by both Valeant and Biovail to discuss potential synergies.

On April 28, 2010, the Valeant board of directors held a meeting, with members of senior management attending, to review the recent synergies-related discussions and discuss Biovail s operations and the potential transaction.

In late April 2010, and early May 2010, Valeant, Biovail and each company s respective representatives conducted due diligence reviews of each other s businesses.

On April 29, 2010, and April 30, 2010, Mr. Gubitz, Mrs. Mulligan and Mr. Godin met with Mr. Pearson and other representatives of Valeant in Mississauga, Ontario, to continue discussions regarding a potential transaction. Mr. Wells participated in the discussions on April 30, 2010.

Between April 30, 2010, and May 3, 2010, there were multiple interactions between representatives of each of Valeant and Biovail.

On May 3, 2010, Mr. Gubitz, Mrs. Mulligan and other members of Biovail management met with Mr. Pearson, Mr. De Silva, Mr. Blott and other members of Valeant management and representatives of each of Fenwick & West LLP, Biovail s U.S. external tax counsel, and Deloitte & Touche, Valeant s external tax advisor, in New York, New York, to discuss potential synergies. Representatives of each of Morgan Stanley and Goldman Sachs were also in attendance to discuss financing of a potential transaction.

On May 4, 2010, Mr. Gubitz, Mrs. Mulligan, Mr. Godin and a representative of Cravath met with Mr. Pearson, Mr. De Silva, Mr. Min and a representative of Skadden, in Newark, New Jersey, to discuss the potential transaction.

On May 6, 2010, Dr. Paul, Dr. Squires, Mr. Morfit and Mr. Ingram participated in a call to discuss concerns Biovail had regarding the potential merger due to changes in the relative prices of Biovail common shares and shares of Valeant common stock and the resulting increased leverage on the combined company as a result of the price differential.

On May 6, 2010, the Biovail committee met with Dr. Squires, members of Biovail management, representatives of Morgan Stanley and a representative of each of Cravath and Sullivan & Cromwell. Because of the concerns discussed on the May 6, 2010 call, the Biovail committee decided to halt discussions with Valeant. Representatives of Morgan Stanley informed representatives of Goldman Sachs of this decision later that day.

On May 7, 2010, the Valeant ad hoc committee and other Valeant directors, including Mr. Koppes, Mr. Kugelman and Ms. Provencio met, with representatives of senior management, Goldman Sachs and Jefferies in attendance. Mr. Morfit reviewed with the committee members the outstanding issues relating to a possible merger between Valeant and Biovail, including open valuation and governance issues. The committee determined that Valeant s financial advisors should perform additional analyses in light of the recent market changes.

On May 10, 2010, the Valeant ad hoc committee and other Valeant directors, including Mr. Pearson, Mr. Boze, Mr. Koppes, Mr. Kugelman and Ms. Provencio, met with members of Valeant senior management and representatives of Goldman Sachs and Jefferies to review and consider proposed terms upon which Valeant would be willing to pursue further discussion of a potential merger with Biovail. Members of Valeant senior management reviewed Biovail and potential transaction benefits with the committee. Representatives of Goldman Sachs and Jefferies reviewed preliminary financial analyses of Valeant and Biovail and discussed with the committee the possible structures for a merger as well as governance and valuation matters. The committee determined that the strategy of the combined company after closing be consistent with Valeant science and scie

should constitute a majority of the combined company board of directors in order to support that business strategy and Biovail s name should be changed to Valeant Pharmaceuticals International at the closing, and asked management to propose terms consistent with this premise. At the meeting, the Valeant board of directors, in consultation with representatives of Goldman Sachs, reviewed other strategic alternatives available to Valeant.

On May 10, 2010, the Biovail committee met with Dr. Squires, members of Biovail management and a representative of Sullivan & Cromwell to review whether there was a basis on which to proceed with discussions with Valeant.

### Table of Contents

On May 12, 2010, the Valeant board of directors convened a meeting, with representatives of senior management, Goldman Sachs, Jefferies and Skadden attending, to discuss the matters reviewed and determinations made at the Valeant ad hoc committee meeting on May 10, 2010. The Valeant board of directors authorized management to pursue further discussions with Biovail.

On May 17, 2010, and May 18, 2010, prior to and after Biovail s annual general meeting of shareholders, the Biovail committee met with Dr. Squires, Mr. Wells, Mr. Gubitz and representatives of Morgan Stanley, Cravath, Blakes and Sullivan & Cromwell to discuss a revised merger proposal received from Valeant. The Biovail board of directors also discussed the revised proposal and Biovail s potential response. On May 18, 2010, a response to that revised proposal was presented to representatives of Valeant by Dr. Paul on behalf of the Biovail committee.

On May 19, 2010, the Valeant ad hoc committee and other Valeant directors, including Mr. Pearson, Mr. Boze and Ms. Provencio, held a meeting, with representatives of senior management, Goldman Sachs, Jefferies and Skadden attending, to review and discuss the revised proposal.

On May 20, 2010, the Biovail committee met with Dr. Squires, members of Biovail management, representatives of Morgan Stanley and a representative of each of Cravath, Blakes and Sullivan & Cromwell to further discuss the revised proposal and next steps, including a joint meeting of the Biovail committee with the Valeant ad hoc committee.

On May 22, 2010, and May 24, 2010, the Biovail committee met with a representative of Sullivan & Cromwell to further discuss the revised proposal.

On May 25, 2010, Dr. Paul and Mr. Ingram discussed a joint meeting of the Biovail committee and Valeant ad hoc committee scheduled for the next day in New York, New York, to discuss the current proposals. The Biovail committee met later that day with a representative of Sullivan & Cromwell to discuss the joint meeting.

On May 26, 2010, the Biovail committee met with Dr. Squires, members of each of Biovail management, representatives of Morgan Stanley and a representative of each of Cravath, Blakes and Sullivan & Cromwell, to discuss the joint meeting being held later that day.

Later that day the Biovail committee met with the Valeant ad hoc committee in New York, New York, to discuss the potential merger, with Dr. Squires, Mr. Wells and Mr. Pearson in attendance. As part of the meeting, the committee members met without Mr. Wells or Mr. Pearson present. After discussions, the parties ended negotiations due to differences over valuation and governance.

On June 8, 2010, the Valeant ad hoc committee held a conference call to discuss whether Mr. Pearson should make one final attempt to re-engage Mr. Wells and Biovail. Following consideration of the advantages and disadvantages of the proposed merger with Biovail, the committee agreed that Mr. Pearson should reach out to Mr. Wells.

On June 9, 2010, the Biovail committee met with Dr. Squires, members of Biovail management and a representative of Sullivan & Cromwell to update the Biovail committee on the contact from Mr. Pearson and to discuss the possibility of continuing discussions with Valeant. The Biovail committee authorized Mr. Wells to meet with Mr. Pearson based on the last proposal for the potential transaction provided to Valeant by Biovail.

On June 9, 2010, Mr. Pearson and Mr. Wells met for dinner to continue discussing the terms of a potential merger, including a proposed governance structure that could be considered by each of Valeant s and Biovail s board of directors, including potentially structuring the board of the combined company with an equal number of directors from Biovail and Valeant with an additional independent director identified through a search process and to be nominated

by Valeant and agreed to by Biovail.

On the morning of June 10, 2010, Mr. Wells and Mr. Pearson, together with representatives of Cravath and Skadden, met to discuss the proposed terms of the merger.

After the morning meeting on June 10, 2010, between Mr. Wells, Mr. Pearson and counsel, the Biovail committee met with Dr. Squires, members of Biovail management, representatives of Morgan Stanley and a representative from each of Cravath and Sullivan & Cromwell. Prior to the meeting, the members of the Biovail committee had been briefed on the proposed terms of the merger as discussed by Mr. Wells and Mr. Pearson on the

48

### Table of Contents

previous day. The Biovail committee reviewed the proposed terms and noted that the Valeant ad hoc committee also was meeting to discuss the merger. The possible timetable for a potential transaction was discussed. A representative of Cravath presented the proposed structure and other terms of the proposed transaction. Morgan Stanley also reviewed its financial analysis of the potential transaction. The Biovail committee tasked Mr. Power and Mr. Segal with working with two members of the Valeant compensation committee to negotiate contracts for each of Mr. Wells, as non-executive chairman of the combined company, and Mr. Pearson, as chief executive officer of the combined company. The contracts were negotiated between June 11, 2010, and June 20, 2010.

On the afternoon of June 10, 2010, Mr. Wells and Mr. Pearson, together with representatives of Cravath, Skadden, Morgan Stanley, Goldman Sachs and Jefferies, met to discuss financing of the potential merger.

Following these meetings, Mr. Pearson and representatives of Goldman Sachs, Jefferies and Skadden updated certain members of the Valeant board of directors.

On June 11, 2010, the Biovail board of directors met, together with Biovail management, representatives of Morgan Stanley and a representative of each of Cravath and Sullivan & Cromwell. At the meeting, among other things, the Biovail board of directors discussed the potential transaction.

On June 11, 2010, the Valeant ad hoc committee and other Valeant directors, including Mr. Pearson, Mr. Boze, Mr. Kugelman and Ms. Provencio, met to discuss the status of negotiations with Biovail regarding the proposed transaction, with representatives of senior management, Goldman Sachs, Jefferies and Skadden participating. The representatives of Valeant s financial and legal advisors discussed the proposed terms of the merger. The committee also discussed next steps in connection with negotiations of a merger agreement and a voting agreement, arrangement of financing commitments and determination of employment arrangements for Messrs. Wells and Pearson. The committee also confirmed the request that Mr. Morfit and Ms. Provencio work with two representatives of the Biovail committee to develop and negotiate employment and compensation arrangements for Mr. Wells and Mr. Pearson.

On June 11, 2010, the Biovail committee met with Dr. Squires, members of Biovail management, representatives of Morgan Stanley and Cravath and a representative of Sullivan & Cromwell. The status of negotiations was reviewed and the timing of the transaction was discussed.

On June 11, 2010, Cravath delivered a draft merger agreement to Skadden. Thereafter, between June 11, 2010, and June 20, 2010, Valeant, Biovail and each company s respective representatives engaged in negotiations of the terms of the merger agreement and financing commitments. Between June 11, 2010, and June 20, 2010, Valeant, Biovail and each company s respective representatives conducted further due diligence review of each other s businesses, which included review of materials made available in electronic datarooms created by each company.

During the period from June 12, 2010, to June 20, 2010, Mr. Morfit, Ms. Provencio, Mr. Power and Mr. Segal worked with Valeant s and Biovail s outside legal and compensation advisors to develop and negotiate employment and compensation arrangements for Mr. Wells and Mr. Pearson.

On June 12, 2010, Cravath delivered a draft voting agreement to Skadden. The voting agreement with Valeant s largest stockholder was a condition to Biovail s willingness to execute a merger agreement. Thereafter, between June 12, 2010, and June 18, 2010, Valeant, Biovail, ValueAct Capital and each company s respective representatives engaged in discussions of the terms of the voting agreement.

On June 13, 2010, the Biovail board of directors convened a special meeting in New York, New York, to consider the proposed transaction. Present at the meeting were the Biovail board of directors, Mr. Pearson and representatives of Morgan Stanley, Cravath and Blakes. At the outset of the meeting, the Biovail board of directors invited Mr. Pearson

to present a proposed strategic plan for the combined company. After presenting to the Biovail board of directors, Mr. Pearson departed. At the meeting, among other things, Biovail management provided a summary of the due diligence review of Valeant s businesses, Morgan Stanley discussed its financial analysis of Biovail and reviewed other strategic alternatives available to Biovail, including other potential business combination candidates, Cravath discussed the most recent draft of the merger agreement, and Blakes reviewed the fiduciary duties of the Biovail board of directors in light of the proposed transaction.

### Table of Contents

On June 14, 2010, the Biovail committee met with representatives of Morgan Stanley, Cravath and Hugessen Consulting Inc. (Hugessen Consulting), as well as a representative of Sullivan & Cromwell. The discussions of Mr. Power and Mr. Segal were reviewed, as well as appropriate compensation packages for Mr. Wells and Mr. Pearson.

On June 14, 2010, the Valeant board of directors convened a special meeting with representatives of senior management, Goldman Sachs, Jefferies and Skadden participating and Mr. Wells joining for a portion of the meeting at the invitation of the Valeant directors. The Valeant board of directors reviewed with its advisors and management the recent discussions with Biovail regarding the proposed transaction. Representatives of Goldman Sachs and Jefferies reviewed with the Valeant board of directors their respective preliminary financial analyses and discussed the proposed financing for the transaction, and representatives of Skadden reviewed with the directors an overview of the transaction terms reflected in the current merger agreement and voting agreement, and certain legal considerations in connection with the proposed transaction. Mr. Morfit and Ms. Provencio reviewed with the Valeant board of directors the proposed terms being contemplated for the employment arrangements for Mr. Wells and Mr. Pearson. As part of the meeting, the independent directors on the Valeant board of directors met without management present.

On June 15, 2010, the Biovail committee met with a representative of Sullivan & Cromwell. The latest discussions of Mr. Power and Mr. Segal were reviewed, as well as proposed employment arrangements for Mr. Wells and Mr. Pearson.

On June 15, 2010, and June 16, 2010, the finance and audit committee of the Valeant board of directors convened meetings, with representatives of senior management and Skadden participating, to discuss the terms of the proposed financing and progress on the proposed commitment letter.

On June 16, 2010, and June 17, 2010, the Biovail committee met with representatives of Cravath and Hugessen Consulting, as well as a representative of Sullivan & Cromwell. The current status of the negotiations was discussed. In addition, the Biovail committee discussed the proposed employment arrangements for Mr. Wells and Mr. Pearson, including compensation.

On June 17, 2010, the audit committee of the Biovail board of directors met with members of Biovail management as well as representatives of Deloitte & Touche and a representative of each of Ernst & Young LLP, Cravath and Fenwick & West LLP. At the meeting, the audit committee reviewed, among other things, the transaction accounting.

On June 18, 2010, the Biovail committee met with Dr. Squires and a representative of Sullivan & Cromwell. The Biovail committee reviewed the negotiations of the employment arrangements for Mr. Wells and Mr. Pearson. It later reconvened with Dr. Squires, members of Biovail management, representatives of Morgan Stanley and Cravath and a representative from each of Hugessen Consulting and Sullivan & Cromwell. Morgan Stanley discussed the valuation analysis it had been performing on the transaction, and Cravath discussed terms of the proposed transaction and financing for the transaction. The merger agreement was also reviewed and the remaining open issues discussed. The Biovail committee determined to meet again the following day in order to conclude its review of the transaction based on resolution of the remaining economic issues.

On June 19, 2010, the Biovail committee met with Dr. Squires, members of Biovail management and representatives of Cravath and a representative of Hugessen Consulting as well as Sullivan & Cromwell. The Biovail committee received a report on the final agreed terms for the employment arrangements of each of Mr. Wells and Mr. Pearson from Mr. Power and Mr. Segal, and discussed the report to the Biovail board of directors at its meeting scheduled for the following day. After deliberation and review of the then current draft of the merger agreement, the Biovail committee determined that the transaction was in the best interests of the Biovail shareholders and resolved to recommend that the merger agreement be adopted by the Biovail board of directors on terms substantially in the form

provided to the Biovail board of directors and that the Biovail board of directors recommend the transaction to the Biovail shareholders for their approval.

On June 19, 2010, members of each of Biovail management and Valeant management met in New York, New York, to continue work on the proposed transaction. On June 19, 2010, and June 20, 2010, negotiations regarding the merger agreement continued, and Valeant and Biovail, with the assistance of each company s respective financial advisors, calculated and agreed to the exchange ratio and size of the special pre-merger dividend to Valeant

stockholders that would be necessary to achieve the appropriate proportional ownership interests in the combined company by former Valeant and Biovail shareholders.

On June 20, 2010, the Biovail board of directors convened a special meeting at Biovail s headquarters in Mississauga, Ontario, to consider the proposed transaction. Prior to the meeting, the members of the Biovail board of directors had been provided with a summary of the merger agreement and related agreements and copies of the most recent drafts thereof. Present at the meeting were members of Biovail management and representatives of Morgan Stanley, Cravath and Blakes, with a representative of Sullivan & Cromwell joining by telephone. At the meeting, among other things, Biovail management discussed with the Biovail board of directors the current status of negotiations with Valeant and provided a summary of the due diligence review of Valeant s businesses; Biovail management and Cravath reviewed the terms of the proposed commitment letter that had been negotiated with Goldman Sachs, Jefferies and Morgan Stanley; Morgan Stanley discussed its financial analysis of the proposed transaction and delivered its oral opinion, which opinion was confirmed by delivery of a written opinion dated June 20, 2010, to the effect that on such date and based upon and subject to the limitations, qualifications and assumptions set forth in the written opinion (as more fully described below under the caption Opinions of Biovail s Financial Advisor ), the exchange ratio pursuant to the merger agreement was fair from a financial point of view to Biovail (Morgan Stanley s opinion is attached as Annex B to this joint proxy statement/prospectus); Cravath discussed the most recent draft of the merger agreement, the proposed employment agreement with Mr. Pearson, the proposed non-executive chairman agreement with Mr. Wells and the voting agreement and the changes made to such agreements since the last drafts circulated to the Biovail board of directors; Blakes reviewed the fiduciary duties of the Biovail board of directors in light of the proposed transaction; and Hugessen discussed the proposed employment agreement with Mr. Pearson and the proposed non-executive chairman agreement with Mr. Wells. During the special meeting, the Biovail committee unanimously recommended that the merger agreement be adopted by the Biovail board of directors on terms substantially in the form provided to the Biovail board of directors and that the Biovail board of directors recommend the transaction to the Biovail shareholders for their approval and approve the non-executive chairman agreement with Mr. Wells and the employment agreement with Mr. Pearson. As part of the meeting, the Biovail board of directors met without Biovail management or representatives of Morgan Stanley, Cravath, Blakes and Sullivan & Cromwell present. Following further discussion, the Biovail board of directors unanimously approved the merger agreement and the merger, the non-executive chairman agreement with Mr. Wells, the employment agreement with Mr. Pearson and the commitment letter, and recommended that Biovail shareholders approve the issuance of Biovail common shares necessary to complete the merger and the issuance of such other common shares as contemplated by the merger agreement and amendment of Biovail s articles of continuance to change Biovail s name to Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, Inc. The Biovail board of directors authorized the appropriate officers of Biovail to finalize, execute and deliver the merger agreement, the employment agreement with Mr. Pearson, the non-executive chairman agreement with Mr. Wells and related documents.

In the morning on June 20, 2010, the finance and audit committee of the Valeant board of directors convened a special meeting to review and consider certain financial matters relating to the proposed transaction with Biovail, including the terms of the proposed financing and the due diligence performed on Biovail. Present at the meeting were representatives of senior management, Goldman Sachs, Jefferies, Skadden and PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP (PricewaterhouseCoopers). Prior to the meeting the members of the committee had been provided with a summary of the proposed commitment letter and copies of the most recent draft thereof. Members of Valeant s senior management and representatives of Skadden provided an update regarding the negotiations of the terms of the commitment letter relating to the proposed transaction that had been negotiated with Goldman Sachs, Jefferies and Morgan Stanley. Representatives of Goldman Sachs and Jefferies further reviewed the contemplated financing and terms of the proposed commitment letter. As part of the meeting, the committee met without representatives of Goldman Sachs or Jefferies present. Members of Valeant s senior management and representatives of PricewaterhouseCoopers summarized the results of the financial, tax and accounting diligence that was conducted regarding Biovail and its businesses. Following discussion, the members of the finance and audit committee of Valeant unanimously

determined to recommend to the Valeant board of directors that the board approve the proposed commitment letter.

At noon on the same day, the compensation committee of the Valeant board of directors convened a special meeting to review and consider employment and compensation related matters relating to the proposed transaction with Biovail. Present at the meeting were representatives of senior management, Skadden and ClearBridge

Compensation Group, a compensation consulting firm providing advisory services to the committee. Prior to the meeting the members of the committee had been provided with a summary of the proposed employment agreement with Mr. Pearson and the proposed non-executive chairman agreement with Mr. Wells and copies of the most recent drafts thereof. Representatives of Skadden summarized the terms of the proposed agreements to be entered into by the combined company and each of Mr. Pearson and Mr. Wells as of the effective time of the merger. See Financial Interests of Valeant Directors and Officers in the Merger beginning on page 96 of this joint proxy Financial Interests of Biovail Directors and Officers in the Merger beginning on page 92 of statement/prospectus and this joint proxy statement/prospectus for a detailed descriptions of these agreements. The committee noted the importance of having these agreements in place prior to entering into any transaction with Biovail in order to ensure Mr. Pearson s and Mr. Wells availability to the combined company and, with respect to Mr. Pearson, his availability to lead the execution of business strategy for the combined company. Representatives of Skadden also described the treatment of the equity awards of Valeant in the merger pursuant to the merger agreement. See Treatment of Valeant Restricted Stock Units and Options beginning on page 91 of this joint proxy statement/prospectus for a detailed description of these matters. The committee then met with representatives of Skadden without members of management present to discuss compensation, benefits and severance matters. The committee unanimously determined to recommend to the Valeant board of directors that the board approve the proposed employment agreement and proposed non-executive chairman agreement.

In the early afternoon on the same day, the Valeant board of directors convened a special meeting to review and consider the proposed transaction with Biovail. Present at the meeting were representatives of senior management, Skadden, Goldman Sachs and Jefferies. Prior to the meeting the members of the Valeant board of directors had been provided with a summary of the merger agreement and related agreements and copies of the most recent drafts thereof. Representatives of Skadden reviewed with the directors the terms and conditions of the merger agreement that had been negotiated with Biovail. Representatives of Skadden also reviewed with the directors the terms of the voting agreement that had been negotiated with Biovail and ValueAct Capital. Representatives of Goldman Sachs and Skadden reviewed the terms of the proposed commitment letter that had been negotiated with Goldman Sachs, Jefferies and Morgan Stanley. Mr. Morfit and representatives of Skadden reviewed the proposed compensation, benefit and severance arrangements contemplated by the proposed merger agreement, employment agreement of Mr. Pearson and non-executive chairman agreement of Mr. Wells. Following discussion of these and other matters, each of Goldman Sachs and Jefferies discussed with the Valeant board of directors its respective financial analyses in connection with the proposed transaction and rendered its respective oral opinion to the Valeant board of directors, which opinion was confirmed by delivery of a written opinion dated as of June 20, 2010, to the effect that, based upon and subject to the qualifications, limitations and assumptions stated in its opinion (as more fully described under

Opinions of Valeant s Financial Advisors beginning on page 72 of this joint proxy statement/prospectus), as of June 20, 2010, the exchange ratio of 1.7809, together with the pre-merger special dividend of \$16.77 per share to be paid to the holders (other than Biovail and its affiliates) of Valeant common stock, pursuant to the merger agreement, was fair from a financial point of view to such holders. Goldman Sachs and Jefferies respective opinions are attached as Annex C and Annex D to this joint proxy statement/prospectus. As part of the meeting, Valeant s independent directors met in executive session with representatives of Skadden to discuss the proposed terms of the merger agreement and related agreements, including the proposed arrangements with Mr. Wells and Mr. Pearson. The independent directors unanimously approved, and unanimously determined to recommend that the Valeant board of directors approve, the merger agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby, the commitment letter and the proposed employment agreement of Mr. Pearson and non-executive chairman agreement of Mr. Wells. The Valeant board of directors unanimously determined that the merger agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby, thereby, including the merger, are advisable and in the best interests of Valeant and its stockholders and authorized the appropriate officers of Valeant to finalize, execute and deliver the merger agreement and related documents.

Following the board meetings, members of management of each of Biovail and Valeant met in New York, New York, to finalize the definitive agreements. All agreements were finalized, the merger agreement was executed by Valeant,

Biovail, BAC and Beach Merger Corp., and the employment agreement with Mr. Pearson and the non-executive chairman agreement with Mr. Wells were executed by Biovail or one of the Biovail subsidiaries and by Mr. Wells or Mr. Pearson, as applicable. On June 21, 2010, prior to the opening of trading on the NYSE and TSX, Valeant and Biovail issued a joint press release announcing the transaction.

### Recommendations of the Biovail Board of Directors; Biovail s Reasons for the Merger

On June 20, 2010, at a special meeting of the Biovail board of directors, by unanimous vote, the Biovail board of directors determined that the merger and the other transactions contemplated by the merger agreement, including the issuance of Biovail common shares to Valeant stockholders necessary to complete the merger and the issuance of such other Biovail common shares as contemplated by the merger agreement and the amendment of Biovail s articles of continuance to effect the name change, are advisable and in the best interests of Biovail and its shareholders. **Accordingly, the Biovail board of directors recommends that the Biovail shareholders vote FOR the share issuance resolution and FOR the name change resolution.** In reaching these determinations, the Biovail board of directors consulted with Biovail s management and its legal, financial and other advisors, and also considered numerous factors, including the following factors which the Biovail board of directors viewed as supporting its decisions:

*Strategic Benefits of the Merger.* The Biovail board of directors believes that the combination of Valeant and Biovail should result in significant strategic benefits to the combined company, which benefits would accrue to Biovail s shareholders, as shareholders of the combined company, and to the combined company. These strategic benefits include the following:

that combining Valeant and Biovail would create a larger, more globally diversified company than Biovail currently has, with a broader and better diversified array of products than that offered by Biovail alone, a deeper drug development pipeline and an expanded presence in North America and internationally;

that both Valeant and Biovail are well known and respected specialty pharmaceutical companies, and the belief that the combination of such companies could create a superior combined specialty pharmaceutical company;

the belief that the combined company could achieve approximately \$175 million in annual operational cost savings by the second year of operations, coming from, among other things, reductions in general and administrative expenses, research and development consolidation and sales and marketing;

that Valeant s and Biovail s product lines and geographic scopes are generally complementary, and do not present areas of significant overlap;

the belief that the combined company will have increased resources (including an increased market capitalization and an anticipated increased access to capital over the long-term) to invest in future growth opportunities in comparison to Biovail on a stand-alone basis;

the opportunity to combine two strong senior management teams, as described under Board of Directors and Management After the Merger, with the result that Mr. Pearson will become Chief Executive Officer of the combined company and Mr. Wells will serve as Non-Executive Chairman of the board of directors of the combined company;

the belief that the combined company would be able to operate under Biovail s existing corporate structure; and

that the merger is the best strategic transaction available to Biovail, following a review of other strategic alternatives with Morgan Stanley (including the stand-alone alternative of continuing with Biovail s current strategic plan).

*Financial Benefits of the Merger*. The Biovail board of directors believes that the combination of Valeant and Biovail should result in significant financial benefits to Biovail s shareholders and the combined company. These financial benefits include the following:

the 15% premium to Biovail shareholders implied by the exchange ratio, based on a calculation of the share prices of Biovail and Valeant over the 10 trading days prior to entering into the merger agreement;

the fact that the exchange ratio is fixed and will not fluctuate based upon changes in the market price of Valeant common stock or Biovail common shares between the date of the merger agreement and the date of completion of the merger;

53

#### **Table of Contents**

the \$1.00 per share post-merger special dividend anticipated to be paid to shareholders of the combined company, including current Biovail shareholders that retain ownership of their Biovail common shares through the record date of the post-merger special dividend;

the anticipated market capitalization, strong balance sheet, free cash flow, liquidity and capital structure of the combined company;

the significant value to Biovail shareholders represented by the expected increased cash flow and earnings improvement of the combined company, including as a result of the anticipated synergies of \$175 million in annual cost benefits by the second year of operations, and the views of Biovail s management as to the expected realization of synergies by the combined company;

the belief that the combined company will be better positioned to pursue an aggressive growth strategy, as a result of the combined company s larger market capitalization, enhanced access to capital over the long-term and the likelihood of increased access to business development opportunities as a result of the combined company s larger market presence; and

the belief that, after closing, the combined company will continue to have a strong financial profile.

*Corporate Governance Benefits of the Merger*. During the course of its deliberations relating to the merger, the Biovail board of directors also considered factors related to the corporate governance of the combined company, including the following benefits:

the initial composition of the combined company s board of directors comprised of 11 directors, including five representatives of Valeant, five representatives of Biovail, and one additional resident Canadian director to be identified through a search process and selected by Valeant subject to the approval of Biovail;

the fact that directors and senior executives of Biovail who have an in-depth knowledge of Biovail and its businesses would have substantial representation on the board of directors and on the senior management team, respectively, of the combined company; and

the fact that directors and senior executive officers of Valeant (including Mr. Pearson) who have an in-depth knowledge of Valeant and its businesses and who were responsible for overseeing Valeant s significant growth and success over the past two years would have substantial representation on the board of directors and on the senior management team, respectively, of the combined company.

*Other Factors Considered.* During the course of its deliberations relating to the merger, the Biovail board of directors considered the following factors in addition to the benefits described above:

its knowledge of Biovail s business, operations, financial condition, earnings, strategy and future prospects and its knowledge of Valeant s business, operations, financial condition, earnings, strategy and future prospects, taking into account, among many factors, Biovail s and Valeant s internal financial forecasts for the 2010 to 2014 fiscal years and the results of Biovail s due diligence review of Valeant;

the history of each of Valeant s and Biovail s management teams in successfully completing strategic transactions and the success of each of Valeant s and Biovail s management teams in the integration of businesses and products acquired in such transactions with their respective businesses;

the opinion of Morgan Stanley, dated June 20, 2010, to the Biovail board of directors to the effect that, as of that date and based on and subject to the limitations, qualifications and assumptions described in the Morgan Stanley opinion included with this joint proxy statement/prospectus as Annex B, the exchange ratio pursuant to the merger agreement was fair, from a financial point of view, to Biovail (as more fully described below under the caption Opinion of Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated, Biovail s Financial Advisor );

its view of the possible prospects of the combined company in light of industry and economic trends, as well as Biovail-specific factors, following presentations and discussion with Biovail management and Morgan Stanley;

the current and prospective competitive climate in the industry in which Valeant and Biovail operate, including the potential for further consolidation;

54

#### **Table of Contents**

the terms and conditions of the merger agreement, including the commitments by both Valeant and Biovail to complete the merger, and the likelihood of completing the merger;

the recommendation of the Biovail committee;

the likelihood that Valeant and Biovail would be able to obtain the necessary financing given the financing commitments from the commitment parties, and the fact that Biovail would not be required to complete the transaction in the event that the financing contemplated by the merger agreement (or alternative financing) is not consummated;

the terms and conditions of the agreements entered into with Mr. Pearson and Mr. Wells, and the recommendations of the independent compensation consultant in connection therewith;

that Mr. Pearson agreed to waive accelerated vesting of a significant portion of the equity awards to which he would otherwise be entitled to in connection with the merger, and that a significant portion of his future compensation as Chief Executive Officer of the combined company will be in the form of equity in the combined company and will be contingent on the performance of the combined company;

the impact of the merger on all stakeholders in Biovail, including holders of Biovail common shares;

the fact that Biovail s head office in Mississauga, Ontario, would remain the combined company s head office in Canada;

the fact that the merger agreement does not preclude a third party from making a proposal for an acquisition of or business combination with Biovail and, that under certain circumstances more fully described in the sections

Summary of the Merger Agreement No Solicitation of Alternative Proposals on page 119 and Summary of the Merger Agreement Changes in Board Recommendations on page 120, Biovail may provide information to and negotiate with such a third party and the Biovail board of directors may change its recommendations to Biovail shareholders regarding the merger;

the fact that ValueAct Capital, a Valeant stockholder owning approximately 20% of the shares of Valeant common stock outstanding as of the date of the merger agreement, entered into a voting agreement with Valeant and Biovail to vote in favor of the merger and the merger agreement (see Voting Agreement beginning on page 128);

the results of due diligence investigations of Valeant by Biovail s management and financial, legal and other advisors; and

the fact that the shareholders of both Valeant and Biovail would vote on approval of the transaction, including the fact that the required vote of Biovail shareholders for the name change resolution is approval of at least two-thirds of those shares voting and for the share issuance resolution is approval of at least one-half of those shares voting.

The Biovail board of directors weighed these factors against a number of uncertainties, risks and potentially negative factors relevant to the merger, including:

the challenges inherent in the combination of two businesses of the size, geographic diversity and complexity of Valeant and Biovail, including the possible diversion of management attention for an extended period of

time;

the restrictions on the conduct of Biovail s business during the period between execution of the merger agreement and the consummation of the merger;

the risk of not being able to realize all of the anticipated cost savings and operational synergies between Valeant and Biovail and the risk that other anticipated benefits to the combined company might not be realized;

the change of Biovail s name to Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, Inc. and the reaction to such name change in the market and from Biovail stakeholders;

55

#### **Table of Contents**

the risk that, despite the combined efforts of Valeant and Biovail prior to the consummation of the merger, the combined company may lose key personnel;

the possibility that the efficiencies inherent in Biovail s corporate structure cannot be fully realized for the combined company or may take longer to realize than expected;

the costs associated with completion of the merger and the realization of the benefits expected to be obtained in connection with the merger, including transaction expenses arising from the merger, payments owed to management and other employees of Valeant and Biovail, and the costs associated with the prepayment of certain of Valeant s indebtedness;

the possible impact on Biovail employees, including the possible loss of employment as a result of the merger;

the risk that regulatory agencies may not approve the merger or may impose terms and conditions on their approvals that adversely affect the business and financial results of the combined company (see Regulatory Approvals Required for the Merger and Other Regulatory Matters on page 110);

the risk that the merger may not be completed despite the parties efforts or that completion may be unduly delayed, even if the requisite approval is obtained from Valeant s stockholders and Biovail s shareholders;

the increased leverage of the combined company which will result in high interest payments and could negatively affect the combined company s credit ratings, limit access to credit markets or make such access more expensive and reduce operational and strategic flexibility;

the fact that certain provisions of the merger agreement, although reciprocal, may have the effect of discouraging alternative acquisition transactions involving Biovail, including: (1) the restrictions on Biovail s ability to solicit proposals for alternative transactions; (2) the requirement that the Biovail board of directors submit the share issuance resolution and name change resolution to the Biovail shareholders for adoption in certain circumstances, even if the Biovail board of directors withdraws its recommendation for those proposals; and (3) the requirement that Biovail pay a termination fee of \$100 million to Valeant in certain circumstances following the termination of the merger agreement; and

the risks of the type and nature described under the section entitled Risk Factors, beginning on page 22 and the matters described under Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements beginning on page 30.

The Biovail board of directors concluded that the uncertainties, risks and potentially negative factors relevant to the merger were outweighed by the potential benefits that it expected Biovail and Biovail shareholders would achieve as a result of the merger.

This discussion of the information and factors considered by the Biovail board of directors includes the principal positive and negative factors considered by the Biovail board of directors, but is not intended to be exhaustive and may not include all of the factors considered by the Biovail board of directors. In view of the wide variety of factors considered in connection with its evaluation of the merger and the other transactions contemplated in connection with the merger, and the complexity of these matters, the Biovail board of directors did not find it useful and did not attempt to quantify or assign any relative or specific weights to the various factors that it considered in reaching its determination to approve the merger and the other transactions contemplated in connection with the merger and to make its recommendations to Biovail shareholders. Rather, the Biovail board of directors viewed its decisions as being based on the totality of the information presented to it and the factors it considered. In addition, individual

members of the Biovail board of directors may have given differing weights to different factors.

## **Opinion of Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated, Biovail s Financial Advisor**

Under a letter agreement dated June 13, 2010, Biovail retained Morgan Stanley to act as its financial advisor in connection with the transaction. Biovail selected Morgan Stanley to act as its financial advisor based on Morgan Stanley s qualifications, expertise and reputation and its knowledge of the business and affairs of Biovail. On June 20, 2010, Morgan Stanley rendered to Biovail s board of directors its oral opinion, subsequently confirmed in

writing, that, on such date and based upon and subject to the limitations, qualifications and assumptions set forth in the written opinion, the exchange ratio pursuant to the merger agreement was fair from a financial point of view to Biovail.

The full text of the written fairness opinion of Morgan Stanley, dated June 20, 2010, is attached to this joint proxy statement/prospectus as Annex B. The opinion sets forth, among other things, the assumptions made, procedures followed, matters considered and qualifications and limitations on the scope of the review undertaken by Morgan Stanley in rendering its opinion. You should read the entire opinion carefully and in its entirety. Morgan Stanley s opinion is directed to Biovail s board of directors and addresses only the fairness from a financial point of view of the exchange ratio pursuant to the merger agreement on the date of the opinion. It does not address any other aspect of the merger and does not constitute a recommendation to the shareholders of Biovail or stockholders of Valeant as to how to vote with respect to the merger or any other matter. In addition, this opinion does not in any manner address the prices at which Biovail common shares will trade following the consummation of the merger. The summary of the opinion of Morgan Stanley set forth in this joint proxy statement/prospectus is qualified in its entirety by reference to the full text of the opinion.

In arriving at its opinion, Morgan Stanley, among other things:

Reviewed certain publicly available financial statements and other business and financial information of Biovail and Valeant, respectively;

Reviewed certain internal financial statements and other financial and operating data concerning Biovail and Valeant, respectively;

Reviewed certain financial projections prepared by the managements of Biovail and Valeant, respectively;

Reviewed information relating to certain strategic, financial and operational benefits anticipated from the merger, prepared by the managements of Biovail and Valeant, respectively;

Discussed the past and current operations and financial condition and the prospects of Biovail, including information relating to certain strategic, financial and operational benefits anticipated from the merger, with senior executives of Biovail;

Discussed the past and current operations and financial condition and the prospects of Valeant, including information relating to certain strategic, financial and operational benefits anticipated from the merger, with senior executives of Valeant;

Reviewed the pro forma impact of the merger on Biovail s earnings per share, cash flow, consolidated capitalization and financial ratios;

Reviewed the reported prices and trading activity for Biovail common shares and Valeant common stock;

Compared the financial performance of Biovail and Valeant and the prices and trading activity of the Biovail common shares and the Valeant common stock with that of certain other publicly traded companies comparable with Biovail and Valeant, respectively, and their securities;

Reviewed the financial terms, to the extent publicly available, of certain comparable acquisition transactions;

Participated in certain discussions and negotiations among representatives of Biovail and Valeant and certain parties and their financial and legal advisors;

Reviewed the merger agreement, the draft commitment letter addressed to Biovail and Valeant from certain lenders substantially in the form of the draft dated June 20, 2010, and certain related documents; and

Performed such other analyses, reviewed such other information and considered such other factors as Morgan Stanley had deemed appropriate.

In arriving at its opinion, Morgan Stanley assumed and relied upon, without independent verification, the accuracy and completeness of the information that was publicly available or supplied or otherwise made available to

57

it by Biovail and Valeant and that formed a substantial basis for its opinion. With respect to the financial projections, including information relating to certain strategic, financial and operational benefits anticipated from the merger, Morgan Stanley assumed that it had been reasonably prepared on bases reflecting the best currently available estimates and judgments of the respective managements of Biovail and Valeant of the future financial performance of Biovail and Valeant. In addition, Morgan Stanley assumed that (1) the merger would be consummated in accordance with the terms described in the merger agreement without any waiver, amendment or delay of any material terms or conditions, including, among other things, that the merger would be treated as a tax-free reorganization pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended; (2) the required financings would be obtained in accordance with the terms set forth in the commitment letter; (3) the pre-merger special dividend would be paid to the holders of Valeant s common stock; and (4) there would be no adjustment to the exchange ratio. Morgan Stanley assumed that in connection with the receipt of all the necessary governmental, regulatory or other approvals and consents required for the proposed merger, no delays, limitations, conditions or restrictions would be imposed that would have a material adverse effect on the contemplated benefits expected to be derived in the proposed merger. Morgan Stanley relied upon, without independent verification, the assessment by the managements of Biovail and Valeant of: (1) the strategic, financial and other benefits expected to result from the merger; (2) the timing and risks associated with the integration of Biovail and Valeant; (3) their ability to retain key employees of Biovail and Valeant, respectively; and (4) the validity of, and risks associated with, Biovail s and Valeant s existing and future technologies, intellectual property, products, services and business models.

In its opinion, Morgan Stanley noted that it is not a legal, tax or regulatory advisor and that as financial advisor only it relied upon, without independent verification, the assessment of Biovail and Valeant and their legal, tax, and regulatory advisors with respect to legal, tax, and regulatory matters. Morgan Stanley expressed no opinion with respect to the fairness of the amount or nature of the compensation to any of Valeant s officers, directors or employees, or any class of such persons, relative to the exchange ratio to be paid to the holders of shares of Valeant common stock in the transaction. Morgan Stanley did not make any independent valuation or appraisal of the assets or liabilities of Biovail or Valeant, nor was it furnished with any such appraisals. Morgan Stanley s opinion was necessarily based on financial, economic, market and other conditions as in effect on, and the information made available to it as of, the date of the opinion. Events occurring after the date of the opinion may affect Morgan Stanley s opinion and the assumptions used in preparing it, and Morgan Stanley did not assume any obligation to update, revise or reaffirm its opinion.

In arriving at its opinion, Morgan Stanley was not authorized to solicit, and did not solicit, interest from any party with respect to the merger, business combination or other extraordinary transaction, involving Biovail, nor did it negotiate with any parties, other than Valeant, with respect to such potential transaction.

The following is a brief summary of the material analyses performed by Morgan Stanley in connection with its oral opinion and the preparation of its written opinion dated June 20, 2010. Although each analysis was provided to the Biovail board of directors, in connection with arriving at its opinion, Morgan Stanley considered all of its analysis as a whole and did not attribute any particular weight to any analysis described below. This summary of financial analyses includes information presented in tabular format. In order to fully understand the financial analyses used by Morgan Stanley, the tables must be read together with the text of each summary. The tables alone do not constitute a complete description of the financial analyses. The analyses listed in the tables and described below must be considered as a whole; considering any portion of such analyses and of the factor considered, without considering all analyses and factors, could create a misleading or incomplete view of the process underlying Morgan Stanley s fairness opinion.

### Historical Share Price Analysis

Morgan Stanley reviewed the price performance and trading volumes of Biovail common shares and Valeant common stock during various periods ending on June 18, 2010.

## Table of Contents

Morgan Stanley noted that the range of low and high closing prices of Biovail common shares during the 52-week period ending on June 18, 2010, was approximately \$12 to \$17. Morgan Stanley then noted that the average price per Biovail common share during the 10-trading day period ending June 18, 2010, was \$14.37, during

### Table of Contents

the 30-trading day period ending on June 18, 2010, was \$15.12, during the six-month period ending June 18, 2010, was \$15.36 and during the 12-month period ending on June 18, 2010, was \$14.56.

Morgan Stanley noted that the range of low and high closing prices of Valeant common stock during the 52-week period ending on June 18, 2010, was approximately \$22 to \$50. Morgan Stanley then noted that the average price per share of Valeant common stock during the 10-trading day period ending June 18, 2010, was \$46.12, during the 30-trading day period ending on June 18, 2010, was \$46.15, during the six-month period ending June 18, 2010, was \$40.01 and during the 12-month period ending on June 18, 2010, was \$34.05.

Morgan Stanley next compared the implied transaction consideration of \$16.49 per Biovail common share and \$42.31 per share of Valeant common stock, after giving effect to the pre-merger special dividend, to the closing share prices of Biovail common shares and Valeant common stock as of June 18, 2010, of \$14.60 per share and \$45.87 per share, respectively, with historical Biovail and Valeant share prices for the 12-month period ending on June 18, 2010. The following table lists the share price premiums (discounts) represented by the implied transaction consideration during the selected periods:

Time Period	Biovail Transaction Premium (Discount) to Share Price	Valeant Transaction Premium (Discount) to Share Price	
June 18, 2010(1)(2)	13.0%	(7.8)%	
Last 10 Trading Days	14.8%	(8.3)%	
Last 30 Trading Days	9.1%	(8.3)%	
Last 6 Months	7.3%	5.7%	
Last 12 Months	13.3%	24.2%	

(1) Based on Biovail share price of \$14.60, as of June 18, 2010.

(2) Based on Valeant share price of \$45.87, as of June 18, 2010.

### **Equity Research Price Targets**

Morgan Stanley reviewed and analyzed the public market trading price targets for Biovail s common shares prepared and published by equity research analysts during the period from February 27, 2010, through May 28, 2010. These targets reflected each analyst s publicly available estimate of the future public market trading price of Biovail s common shares at the end of the particular time period considered for each estimate. Morgan Stanley noted that such analyst price targets for Biovail s common shares ranged from \$13 to \$24 per Biovail common share. Using a discount rate of 10%, based on an analysis of Biovail s cost of equity, Morgan Stanley discounted these estimates to arrive at a range of present values of the equity analyst price targets for Biovail s common shares.

Morgan Stanley also reviewed and analyzed the public market trading price targets for Valeant s common stock prepared and published by equity research analysts during the period from May 3, 2010, through June 9, 2010. These targets reflected each analyst s publicly available estimate of the future public market trading price of Valeant s common stock at the end of the particular time period considered for each estimate. Morgan Stanley noted that such analyst price targets for Valeant s common stock ranged from \$39 to \$58 per share of Valeant common stock. Using a discount rate of 10%, based on an analysis of Valeant s cost of equity, Morgan Stanley discounted these estimates to arrive at a range of present values of the equity analyst price targets for Valeant s common stock of \$35 to \$53 per

share.

The public market trading price targets published by equity research analysts do not necessarily reflect current market trading prices for Biovail common shares or Valeant common stock and these estimates are subject to uncertainties, including the future financial performance of Biovail and Valeant and future financial market conditions.

## Comparable Company Analysis

Morgan Stanley performed a comparable company analysis, which is designed to provide an implied value of a company by comparing it to similar companies. In performing this analysis, Morgan Stanley reviewed and compared certain financial information of Biovail and Valeant with publicly available information for comparable companies that operate in and are exposed to similar lines of business as Biovail and Valeant, namely companies in the pharmaceutical industry generally. The group of comparable companies included:

Shire plc Medicis Pharmaceutical Corporation King Pharmaceuticals, Inc. Cephalon, Inc. Forest Laboratories, Inc. Warner Chilcott Public Limited Company Endo Pharmaceuticals Holdings Inc.

Based upon Institutional Broker Estimate System (IBES) consensus estimates for calendar year 2011 earnings per share (EPS) and EPS growth rates for 2010 to 2012, and using the closing prices as of June 18, 2010, for shares of the comparable companies, Morgan Stanley calculated, among other things, the ratio of share price to 2011 estimated EPS for Biovail, Valeant and each of the companies listed above. The following table lists the results of these calculations:

Company	2011 EPS Multiple	
Shire plc	14.4x	
Medicis Pharmaceutical Corporation	10.5x	
King Pharmaceuticals, Inc.	10.2x	
Cephalon, Inc.	8.3x	
Forest Laboratories, Inc.	7.1x	
Warner Chilcott Public Limited Company	6.6x	
Endo Pharmaceuticals Holdings Inc.	6.6x	
Valeant (management estimates)	11.6x	
Valeant (analyst consensus estimates)	12.6x	
Biovail (management estimates)	7.5x	
Biovail (analyst consensus estimates)	7.6x	

Based on the analysis of the relevant metrics for each of the comparable companies, Morgan Stanley selected a reference range of share price to 2011 estimated EPS multiple of 6.5x to 9.5x for Biovail and a reference range of stock price to 2011 estimated EPS multiple of 11.0x to 14.0x for Valeant.

Applying the reference range of multiples derived from the comparable public companies analysis described above, Morgan Stanley calculated a range of implied equity values per Biovail common share and share of Valeant common stock with respect to stock price to 2011 EPS based on a consensus of selected brokers of projected financial results

adjusted to reflect management s definition of EPS for each of Biovail and Valeant. Based on this analysis, Morgan Stanley derived a range of implied equity value per Biovail common share of \$12 to \$18 and a range of implied equity value per Valeant common stock of \$40 to \$51. Additionally Morgan Stanley noted that this range implied a multiple range for price to earnings divided by 2010 to 2012 EPS growth rate for Biovail of 2.6x to 3.9x and for Valeant of 0.9x to 1.1x. Morgan Stanley noted that such analyses indicated a range of implied exchange ratios (after giving effect to the pre-merger special dividend) of 1.885x to 1.893x based on analyst consensus estimates for 2011 estimated EPS, compared to an exchange ratio of 1.7809x for the merger.

60

### Table of Contents

Morgan Stanley also calculated a range of implied equity values per Biovail common share and Valeant common stock with respect to stock price to 2011 EPS based on management estimates of projected financial results for each of Biovail and Valeant. Applying the same reference range of multiples derived from the comparable public companies analysis, Morgan Stanley calculated a range of implied equity value per Biovail common share of \$13 to \$19 and a range of implied equity value per share of Valeant common stock of \$44 to \$56. Additionally Morgan Stanley noted that this range implied a multiple range for price to earnings divided by 2010 to 2012 EPS growth rate for Biovail of 1.4x to 2.0x and for Valeant of 0.7x to 0.9x. Morgan Stanley noted that such analyses indicated a range of implied exchange ratios (after giving effect to the pre-merger special dividend) of 2.089x to 2.116x based on management estimates for 2011 estimated EPS, compared to an exchange ratio of 1.7809x for the merger.

No company utilized in the peer group comparison is identical to Biovail or Valeant. In evaluating the comparable companies, Morgan Stanley made judgments and assumptions with regard to general business, economic, market and financial conditions and other matters, which are beyond the control of Biovail and Valeant, such as the impact of competition on the business of Biovail, Valeant or the industry generally, industry growth and the absence of any adverse material change in the financial condition of Biovail, Valeant or the industry or in the financial markets in general, which could affect the public trading value of the companies. Mathematical analysis (such as determining the median) is not in itself a meaningful method of using comparable company data.

### **Discounted Equity Value Analysis**

Morgan Stanley calculated a range of equity values per share for each of Biovail and Valeant based on a discounted equity value analysis, which is designed to provide insight into the future price of a company s common equity as a function of the company s future earnings and its current forward price to earnings multiples.

In arriving at the estimated equity values per Biovail common share, Morgan Stanley applied a 9.0x to 12.0x next twelve-month P/E multiple range to Biovail management s projections of 2014 adjusted earnings per share based on the analysis of relevant metrics for the comparable companies. Morgan Stanley then discounted the resulting values at an estimated cost of equity of 10%, based on Morgan Stanley s professional judgment having taken into consideration the cost of equity based on the capital asset pricing model and considering certain financial metrics, including betas, for Biovail and certain comparable companies which exhibited similar business characteristics to Biovail, as well as certain financial metrics for the United States equity markets generally. Based on the calculations set forth above, this analysis implied a range for Biovail s common shares of approximately \$15 to \$21 per share.

In arriving at the estimated equity values per share of Valeant common stock, Morgan Stanley applied a 9.0x to 12.0x next twelve-month P/E multiple range to Valeant management s projections of 2014 adjusted earnings per share based on the analysis of relevant metrics for the comparable companies. Morgan Stanley then discounted the resulting values at an estimated cost of equity of 10% based on Morgan Stanley s professional judgment having taken into consideration the cost of equity based on the capital asset pricing model and considering certain financial metrics, including betas, for Valeant and certain comparable companies which exhibited similar business characteristics to Valeant, as well as certain financial metrics for the United States equity markets generally. Based on the calculations set forth above, this analysis implied a range for Valeant s common stock of approximately \$43 to \$57 per share.

Morgan Stanley noted that such analyses indicated a range of implied exchange ratios (after giving effect to the pre-merger special dividend) of 1.705x to 1.977x, compared to an exchange ratio of 1.7809x for the merger.

### **Discounted Cash Flow Analysis**

Morgan Stanley performed a discounted cash flow analysis, which is designed to provide an implied value of a company by calculating the present value of the estimated future cash flows and terminal value of the company.

Morgan Stanley calculated ranges of implied equity values per share for each of Biovail and Valeant, based on estimates of future cash flows for calendar years 2010 through 2014. In preparing its analysis, Morgan Stanley relied upon management projections with respect to the projected future financial performance of Biovail and Valeant, respectively. Morgan Stanley used the following unlevered free cash flow projections for Biovail, which were

derived from Biovail management s projections regarding revenue and adjusted net income and based on guidance from management, for 4Q 2010 through calendar year 2014:

4Q 2010	2011	2012 (in \$ millions)	2013	2014
\$69	\$315	\$346	\$360	\$368

For purposes of its discounted cash flow analysis of both Valeant and Biovail, Morgan Stanley calculated unlevered free cash flow as earnings before interest and tax (EBIT), plus (a) depreciation and amortization, minus (b) taxes, capital expenditures and changes in working capital and deferred revenue. In each case, Morgan Stanley treated stock-based compensation as a cash expense.

In arriving at the estimated equity values per Biovail common share, Morgan Stanley noted the estimated unlevered free cash flows for calendar years 2010 through 2014 and then calculated the terminal value by applying a range of perpetual growth rates for unlevered free cash flow in the terminal year ranging from -1% to 1%. The range of perpetuity growth rates was estimated by Morgan Stanley utilizing its professional judgment and experience, taking into account the financial forecasts and market expectations regarding long-term growth of gross domestic product and inflation. Morgan Stanley also cross-checked such estimates of perpetuity growth rates against the EBITDA multiples that are implied by such growth rates. The unlevered free cash flows and the terminal value were then discounted to present values using a range of discount rates from 9% to 10%. The range of discount rates was selected based on Morgan Stanley s professional judgment having taken into consideration a weighted average cost of capital analysis based on the capital asset pricing model and considering certain financial metrics, including betas, for Biovail and certain comparable companies which exhibited similar business characteristics to Biovail, as well as certain financial metrics for the United States equity markets generally. Based on the calculations set forth above, this analysis implied a range for Biovail s common shares of approximately \$18 to \$24 per share.

In arriving at the estimated equity values per share of Valeant common stock, Morgan Stanley noted the estimated unlevered free cash flows for calendar years 2010 through 2014 and then calculated the terminal value by applying a range of perpetual growth rates for unlevered free cash flow in the terminal year ranging from 0% to 2%. The range of perpetuity growth rates was estimated by Morgan Stanley utilizing its professional judgment and experience, taking into account the financial forecasts and market expectations regarding long-term growth of gross domestic product and inflation. Morgan Stanley also cross-checked such estimates of perpetuity growth rates against the EBITDA multiples that are implied by such growth rates. The unlevered free cash flows and the terminal value were then discounted to present values using a range of discount rates from 9% to 10%. The range of discount rates was selected based on Morgan Stanley s professional judgment having taken into consideration a weighted average cost of capital analysis based on the capital asset pricing model and considering certain financial metrics, including betas, for Valeant and certain comparable companies which exhibited similar business characteristics to Valeant, as well as certain financial metrics for the United States equity markets generally. Based on the calculations set forth above, this analysis implied a range for Valeant s common stock of approximately \$51 to \$74 per share.

Morgan Stanley noted that the discounted cash flow analysis of each of Biovail and Valeant indicated a range of implied exchange ratios (after giving effect to the pre-merger special dividend) of 1.900x to 2.407x, compared to an exchange ratio of 1.7809x for the merger.

### **Contribution Analysis**

Morgan Stanley also performed a contribution analysis which reviewed the pro forma contribution of each of Biovail and Valeant to the combined entity and implied contributions based on certain operational and financial metrics using management plans for both Biovail and Valeant. Such operational and financial metrics included revenue, EBITDA, adjusted pre-tax income and adjusted net income. Based on the relative contributions of each company, Morgan Stanley derived an implied equity contribution for each company by multiplying the cumulative total enterprise value of the two standalone companies by the respective contribution percentages and subtracting net debt attributable to each standalone company. Morgan Stanley also noted the implied exchange ratio (after giving effect to the pre-merger special dividend) derived from the implied equity contributions across the selected metrics.

The computations resulted in the following implied equity contributions and implied exchange ratios:

Equity Contribution Analysis	Biovail	Valeant	Implied Exchange Ratio
Revenue			
2010E Revenue	48.2%	51.8%	0.751x
2011E Revenue	45.2%	54.8%	1.059x
2012E Revenue	44.2%	55.8%	1.193x
2013E Revenue	40.9%	59.1%	1.710x
EBITDA			
2010E EBITDA	48.7%	51.3%	0.711x
2011E EBITDA	44.8%	55.2%	1.113x
2012E EBITDA	41.6%	58.4%	1.574x
2013E EBITDA	36.6%	63.4%	2.699x
Adjusted Pre-Tax Income			
2010E EBT	44.5%	55.5%	1.157x
2011E EBT	40.5%	59.5%	1.778x
2012E EBT	38.1%	61.9%	2.294x
2013E EBT	33.4%	66.6%	3.750x
Adjusted Net Income			
2010E Adjusted Net Income	52.1%	47.9%	0.457x
2011E Adjusted Net Income	48.4%	51.6%	0.737x
2012E Adjusted Net Income	46.3%	53.7%	0.938x
2013E Adjusted Net Income	41.7%	58.3%	1.561x
Equity Value			
Assumes 15% premium to Biovail s 10-trading day volume-weighted			
average price and Valeant s 10-trading day volume-weighted average			
price, each as of June 18, 2010.	40.5%	59.5%	1.781x

Morgan Stanley noted that the 1.7809 exchange ratio of Biovail common shares to Valeant common stock would result in pro forma ownership of the combined company for holders of Biovail common shares equal to approximately 50.5% after giving effect to the pre-merger special dividend.

### Precedent Merger of Equals Premium Analysis

Morgan Stanley reviewed the acquisition premium paid for a target s common stock compared to the closing price on the trading day prior to the announcement of the applicable acquisition and to the 30-trading day average stock price prior to the announcement of the applicable acquisition in precedent merger of equals, focusing on deals with a transaction value above \$1.0 billion since January 1, 2004. Morgan Stanley reviewed transactions where the consideration paid consisted primarily of stock. Morgan Stanley also reviewed the composition of the board of directors and senior management, and analyzed publicly available information, including the respective transaction values and pro forma ownership, for the selected transactions reviewed.

The following transactions were reviewed in connection with this analysis:

UAL Corporation/Continental Airlines, Inc.

RRI Energy, Inc./Mirant Corporation

Quadra Mining Ltd./FNX Mining Company Inc.

Live Nation Entertainment, Inc./Ticketmaster Entertainment LLC

Mediceo Paltac Holdings Co., Ltd./Alfresa Holdings Corporation

Republic Services, Inc./Allied Waste Industries, Inc.

Grey Wolf, Inc./Basic Energy Services, Inc.

Macrovision Corporation/Gemstar-TV Guide International, Inc. Sirius Satellite Radio Inc./XM Satellite Radio Holdings Inc. Universal Compression, Inc./Hanover Compressor Company Bowater Incorporated/Abitibi-Consolidated Inc. CVS Corporation/Caremark Rx, Inc. EuroZinc Mining Corporation/Lundin Mining Corporation WPS Resources Corporation/Peoples Energy Corporation **Regions Financial Corporation/AmSouth Bancorporation** NYSE Group, Inc./Euronext N.V. Thermo Electron Corporation/Fisher Scientific International Inc. Alcatel/Lucent Technologies Inc. Tattersall s Limited/UNiTAB Limited FPL Group, Inc./Constellation Energy Group, Inc. Axalto Holding N.V./Gemplus International S.A. Lincoln National Corporation/Jefferson-Pilot Corporation Boots Group PLC/Alliance UniChem Plc American Tower Corporation/SpectraSite, Inc. iPCS, Inc./Horizon PCS, Inc. Crompton Corporation/Great Lakes Chemical Corporation Symantec Corporation/VERITAS Software Corporation Sprint Corporation/Nextel Communications, Inc. Adolph Coors Company/Molson Inc. Harrah s Entertainment, Inc./Caesars Entertainment, Inc. Sanofi-Synthélabo/Aventis

Fisher Scientific International Inc./Apogent Technologies Inc.

North Fork Bancorporation, Inc./GreenPoint Financial Corp.

Regions Financial Corporation/Union Planters Corporation

JPMorgan Chase & Co./Bank One Corporation

Based on these analyses, Morgan Stanley noted that the average premium paid relative to the closing stock price one day prior to transaction announcement was 6.02%, and that the average premium paid relative to the most recent 30-trading day average was 10.20%.

No company or transaction utilized in the precedent merger of equals premium analyses is identical to Biovail, Valeant, or the merger. In evaluating the precedent transactions, Morgan Stanley made judgments and assumptions with regard to general business, market and financial conditions and other matters, which are beyond the control of Biovail and Valeant, such as the impact of competition on the business of Biovail, Valeant or the industry generally, industry growth and the absence of any adverse material change in the financial condition of Biovail, Valeant or the industry or in the financial markets in general, which could affect the public trading value of the companies and the aggregate value of the transactions to which they are being compared.

#### Pro Forma Accretion/Dilution Analysis

Using financial projections provided by the managements of Biovail and Valeant, Morgan Stanley calculated the accretion/dilution of the adjusted earnings per Biovail common share as a result of the merger. For each of the years ended December 31, 2010, through December 31, 2014, Morgan Stanley compared the adjusted EPS of the pro forma entity to the adjusted EPS of Biovail as a standalone entity. The analysis indicated that the merger would be accretive to Biovail s adjusted earnings per share for calendar years 2011 through 2014.

In performing its analysis, Morgan Stanley made numerous assumptions with respect to industry performance, general business and economic conditions and other matters, many of which are beyond the control of Biovail or Valeant. Any estimates contained in Morgan Stanley s analysis are not necessarily indicative of future results or actual values, which may be significantly more or less favorable than those suggested by the estimates. These analyses were prepared solely as part of the analysis of Morgan Stanley of the fairness to Biovail from a financial point of view of the exchange ratio pursuant to the merger agreement and were conducted in connection with the delivery of Morgan Stanley s opinion to Biovail s board of directors.

### Package Value Analysis

Using financial projections provided by the managements of Biovail and Valeant, Morgan Stanley calculated the present value of the expected value per Biovail common share plus dividends discounted assuming a 10% cost of equity. For each of the years ended December 31, 2010, through December 31, 2014, Morgan Stanley compared the present value of the expected value per Biovail common share plus dividends of the proforma entity to the present value of the expected value per Biovail common share plus dividends as a standalone entity. The analysis indicated that the merger would be accretive to Biovail s expected value per share for calendar years 2011 through 2014.

In performing its analysis, Morgan Stanley made numerous assumptions with respect to industry performance, general business and economic conditions and other matters, many of which are beyond the control of Biovail or Valeant. Any estimates contained in Morgan Stanley s analysis are not necessarily indicative of future results or actual values, which may be significantly more or less favorable than those suggested by the estimates. These analyses were prepared solely as part of the analysis of Morgan Stanley of the fairness to Biovail from a financial point of view of the exchange ratio pursuant to the merger agreement and were conducted in connection with the delivery of Morgan Stanley s opinion to Biovail s board of directors.

### Pro Forma Intrinsic Value Analysis

Using the mid-point of the estimated discounted cash flow values of Biovail and Valeant, Morgan Stanley calculated the merger s effect on the intrinsic value of Biovail s ownership stake in the combined entity as compared to the intrinsic value of Biovail as a standalone entity. Beginning with the full intrinsic value of standalone Biovail, Morgan Stanley subtracted 49.5% of the value of standalone Biovail and added 50.5% of the value of standalone Valeant, accounting for the contemplated post-merger 50.5% ownership by Biovail. Morgan Stanley then added 50.5% of the increased debt of the combined entity over the aggregate pre-merger debt of Biovail and Valeant. Based on the calculations set forth above, this analysis implied that the merger would result in a 25.4% increase in intrinsic value to Biovail.

### General

In connection with the review of the merger by Biovail s board of directors, Morgan Stanley performed a variety of financial and comparative analyses for purposes of rendering its opinion. The preparation of a financial opinion is a complex process and is not susceptible to a partial analysis or summary description. In arriving at its opinion, Morgan

Stanley considered the results of all of its analyses as a whole and did not attribute any particular weight to any analysis or factor it considered. Furthermore, Morgan Stanley believes that the summary provided and the analyses described above must be considered as a whole and that selecting any portion of the analyses, without considering all of the analyses as a whole, would create an incomplete view of the process underlying Morgan Stanley s analyses and opinion. In addition, Morgan Stanley may have given various analyses and factors more or less weight than other analyses and factors, and may have deemed various assumptions more or less probable than other assumptions. As a result, the ranges of valuations resulting from any particular analysis or combination of

#### Table of Contents

analyses described above should not be taken to be the view of Morgan Stanley with respect to the actual value of Biovail or Valeant. In performing its analyses, Morgan Stanley made numerous assumptions with respect to industry performance, general business, regulatory, economic, market and financial conditions and other matters. Many of these assumptions are beyond the control of Biovail and Valeant. Any estimates contained in Morgan Stanley s analyses are not necessarily indicative of future results or actual values, which may be significantly more or less favorable than those suggested by such estimates.

Morgan Stanley conducted the analyses described above solely as part of its analysis of the fairness of the exchange ratio pursuant to the merger agreement from a financial point of view to Biovail and in connection with the delivery of its opinion to Biovail s board of directors. These analyses do not purport to be appraisals or to reflect the prices at which Biovail common shares or shares of Valeant common stock might actually trade.

Morgan Stanley s opinion and its presentation to Biovail s board of directors was one of many factors taken into consideration by Biovail s board of directors in deciding to approve, adopt and authorize the merger agreement. Consequently, the analyses as described above should not be viewed as determinative of the opinion of Biovail s board of directors with respect to the exchange ratio or of whether Biovail s board of directors would have been willing to agree to a different exchange ratio. The exchange ratio was determined through arm s-length negotiations between Biovail and Valeant and was approved by Biovail s board of directors. Morgan Stanley provided advice to Biovail during these negotiations. Morgan Stanley did not, however, recommend any specific exchange ratio to Biovail or that any specific exchange ratio constituted the only appropriate exchange ratio for the merger.

Morgan Stanley s opinion was approved by a committee of Morgan Stanley investment banking and other professionals in accordance with its customary practice.

Morgan Stanley is a global financial services firm engaged in the securities, investment management and individual wealth management businesses. Its securities business is engaged in securities underwriting, trading and brokerage activities, foreign exchange, commodities and derivatives trading, prime brokerage, as well as providing investment banking, financing and financial advisory services. Morgan Stanley, its affiliates, directors and officers may at any time invest on a principal basis or manage funds that invest, hold long or short positions, finance positions, and may trade or otherwise structure and effect transactions, for their own account or the accounts of its customers, in debt or equity securities or loans of Biovail, Valeant, or any other company, or any currency or commodity, that may be involved in this transaction, or any related derivative instrument. During the two-year period prior to the date of Morgan Stanley s opinion, Morgan Stanley entered into a derivatives transaction and participated in a share repurchase transaction for Valeant and provided financial advisory and banking financing services to Biovail, all of which were unrelated to the merger and for which Morgan Stanley received fees for the rendering of these services and participation in such transactions. Morgan Stanley may also seek to provide such services to Biovail in the future and expects to receive fees for the rendering of these services.

Under the terms of its engagement letter with Biovail, Morgan Stanley provided Biovail with financial advisory services in connection with the merger for which Biovail has agreed to pay Morgan Stanley a transaction fee of \$21.7 million, \$4 million of which was paid upon execution of the merger agreement between Biovail and Valeant and the remainder of which will become payable upon completion of the merger. Morgan Stanley or one of its affiliates is also providing a portion of the commitments under the commitment letter and will receive fees in connection with such commitment. Biovail has also agreed to reimburse Morgan Stanley for its expenses incurred in performing its services. In addition, Biovail has agreed to indemnify Morgan Stanley and its affiliates, their respective directors, officers, agents and employees and each person, if any, controlling Morgan Stanley or any of its affiliates against certain liabilities and expenses, including certain liabilities under the federal securities laws, related to or arising out of Morgan Stanley s engagement. Morgan Stanley has also entered into an engagement letter with Valeant to serve as joint lead underwriter, joint initial purchaser, joint bookrunner, joint arranger or joint placement agent in connection

with a potential issuance or sale for cash of notes of Valeant or one or more of its affiliates, as applicable, in connection with the merger, pursuant to which Morgan Stanley may receive customary fees.

### **Certain Biovail Prospective Financial Information**

Biovail does not as a matter of course make public long-term forecasts as to future performance or other prospective financial information beyond the current fiscal year, and Biovail is especially wary of making forecasts or projections for extended periods due to the unpredictability of the underlying assumptions and estimates. However, as part of the due diligence review of Biovail in connection with the merger, Biovail s management prepared and provided to Valeant, as well as to Morgan Stanley, Goldman Sachs and Jefferies in connection with their respective evaluation of the fairness of the merger consideration, non-public, internal financial forecasts regarding Biovail s projected future operations for the 2010 through 2014 fiscal years. Biovail has included below a summary of these forecasts for the purpose of providing shareholders and investors access to certain non-public information that was furnished to third parties and such information may not be appropriate for other purposes. These forecasts were also considered by the Biovail board of directors for purposes of evaluating the merger. The Biovail board of directors also considered non-public, financial forecasts prepared by Valeant regarding Valeant s anticipated future operations for the 2010 through 2014 fiscal years of evaluating Valeant and the merger. See The Merger Certain Valeant Prospective Financial Information beginning on page 89 for more information about the forecasts prepared by Valeant.

The Biovail internal financial forecasts were not prepared with a view toward public disclosure, nor were they prepared with a view toward compliance with published guidelines of the SEC, the guidelines established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants for preparation and presentation of financial forecasts, the guidelines established by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants Handbook, rules relating to future oriented financial information under Canadian securities laws or generally accepted accounting principles in the United States or Canada. Ernst & Young LLP has not examined, compiled or performed any procedures with respect to the accompanying prospective financial information and, accordingly, Ernst & Young LLP does not express an opinion or any other form of assurance with respect thereto. The Ernst & Young LLP reports incorporated by reference in this joint proxy statement/prospectus relate only to Biovail s historical financial information. They do not extend to the prospective financial information and should not be read to do so. The summary of these internal financial forecasts included below is not being included to influence your decision whether to vote for the merger and the transactions contemplated in connection with the merger, but because these internal financial forecasts were provided by Biovail to Valeant and Morgan Stanley, Goldman Sachs and Jefferies.

While presented with numeric specificity, these internal financial forecasts were based on numerous variables and assumptions (including, but not limited to, those related to industry performance and competition and general business, economic, market and financial conditions and additional matters specific to Biovail s businesses) that are inherently subjective and uncertain and are beyond the control of Biovail s management. Important factors that may affect actual results and cause these internal financial forecasts to not be achieved include, but are not limited to, risks and uncertainties relating to Biovail s business (including its ability to achieve strategic goals, objectives and targets over applicable periods), industry performance, general business and economic conditions and other factors described in the Risk Factors section of Biovail s Annual Report on Form 10-K, as updated by subsequent Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, all of which are filed with the SEC and the CSA and incorporated by reference into this joint proxy statement/prospectus. These internal financial forecasts also reflect numerous variables, expectations and assumptions available at the time they were prepared as to certain business decisions that are subject to change. As a result, actual results may differ materially from those contained in these internal financial forecasts. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that the forecasted results summarized below will be realized.

The inclusion of a summary of these internal financial forecasts in this joint proxy statement/prospectus should not be regarded as an indication that any of Biovail, Valeant or their respective affiliates, advisors or representatives

considered these internal financial forecasts to be predictive of actual future events, and these internal financial forecasts should not be relied upon as such nor should the information contained in these internal financial forecasts be considered appropriate for other purposes. None of Biovail, Valeant or their respective affiliates, advisors, officers, directors, partners or representatives can give you any assurance that actual results will not differ materially from these internal financial forecasts, and none of them undertakes any obligation to update or otherwise revise or reconcile these internal financial forecasts to reflect circumstances existing after the date these internal financial forecasts were generated or to reflect the occurrence of future events, even in the event that any or all of the assumptions underlying these forecasts are shown to be in error. Since the forecasts cover multiple years, such

information by its nature becomes less meaningful and predictive with each successive year. Biovail does not intend to make publicly available any update or other revision to these internal financial forecasts. None of Biovail or its affiliates, advisors, officers, directors, partners or representatives has made or makes any representation to any shareholder or other person regarding Biovail s ultimate performance compared to the information contained in these internal financial forecasts or that the forecasted results will be achieved. Biovail has made no representation to Valeant, in the merger agreement or otherwise, concerning these internal financial forecasts. The below forecasts do not give effect to the merger. Biovail urges all shareholders to review Biovail s most recent SEC filings for a description of Biovail s reported financial results.

	Fiscal Year				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
			( <b>\$ in milli</b> o	ons)	
Revenue	\$ 913	\$ 954	\$ 1,029	\$ 1,063	\$ 1,095
Operating Income	\$ 186	\$ 225	\$ 249	\$ 259	\$ 268
EBITDA	\$ 383	\$ 384	\$ 409	\$ 419	\$ 428
Adjusted Net Income	\$ 314	\$ 309	\$ 344	\$ 361	\$ 379

Biovail management did not prepare or provide free cash flow forecasts for Biovail to Valeant, Goldman Sachs or Jefferies. As discussed above in the section of this joint proxy statement/prospectus entitled Opinion of Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated, Biovail s Financial Advisor, Morgan Stanley used projected free cash flow for 4Q 2010 through calendar year 2014 which was based on Biovail management s projections regarding revenue and adjusted net income and guidance from Biovail management for the purpose of Morgan Stanley s discounted cash flow analysis and other analyses.

### Recommendations of the Valeant Board of Directors; Valeant s Reasons for the Merger

On June 20, 2010, at a special meeting of the Valeant board of directors, by unanimous vote, the Valeant board of directors determined that the merger agreement and the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement, including the merger, are advisable and in the best interests of Valeant and its stockholders. The Valeant board of directors recommends that Valeant stockholders vote FOR the adoption of the merger agreement and FOR the adjournment of the Valeant special meeting if necessary or appropriate to solicit additional proxies in favor of such adoption.

In considering the proposed business combination with Biovail and in making its determination that the merger is advisable and in the best interests of Valeant and its stockholders, the Valeant board of directors consulted with its management and financial, legal and other advisors, and considered a variety of factors weighing in favor of or relevant to the merger, including the factors discussed below.

*Strategic Benefits of the Merger.* The Valeant board of directors believes that the combination of Valeant and Biovail should result in significant strategic benefits to the combined company, which would benefit Valeant and its stockholders as shareholders of the combined company. These strategic benefits include the following:

The creation of a more diversified, larger combined specialty pharmaceutical company than Valeant currently is alone, including a significantly expanded presence in Canada and a more diversified business in the U.S.;

The advantages presented by the larger scale and expanded scope of the combined company in meeting the challenges facing the pharmaceutical industry in light of current and potential future changes in regulatory,

financial and economic conditions affecting the industry, including possible industry consolidation;

The complementary nature of the respective products and geographic markets of Valeant and Biovail, and the opportunity created by the transaction to enhance the capabilities of both companies to operate more effectively and efficiently;

The additional revenue growth opportunities presented by the expanded product offerings of the combined company and strong and stable cash flows from legacy products that are expected to support future growth coupled with limited patent exposure with respect to the combined company s existing portfolio of products;

#### **Table of Contents**

The expected market capitalization, strong balance sheet, free cash flow, liquidity and capital structure of the combined company relative to Valeant on a stand-alone basis, including the potential for the combined company to participate in strategic opportunities that otherwise might not be available to Valeant;

The opportunity for the combined company to achieve significant synergy benefits, anticipated to be at least \$175 million in annual cost savings by the second year of operations after closing;

The fact that the name of the combined company will be Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, Inc., which the Valeant board of directors believes is valuable to the combined company;

The opportunity for the combined company to retain Biovail s corporate structure, potentially leading to enhanced financial performance; and

The opportunity for the combined company to enhance its senior management led by Mr. Pearson, relative to that of Valeant and Biovail separately.

*Financial Benefits of the Merger.* The Valeant board of directors believes that the combination of Valeant and Biovail should result in significant financial benefits to Valeant s stockholders and the combined company. These financial benefits include the following:

The payment of the \$16.77 per share pre-merger special dividend, payable in cash, giving Valeant stockholders an opportunity to immediately realize value for a significant portion of their investment and providing certainty of value;

The exchange ratio of 1.7809 Biovail common shares for each share of Valeant common stock, the fact that the exchange ratio is fixed and would not fluctuate based upon changes in the market price of Valeant or Biovail stock between the date of the merger agreement and the date of the consummation of the proposed merger, as well as the opportunity Valeant stockholders may have as a result of the fixed exchange ratio to benefit from any increase in the trading price of Biovail common shares between the announcement and completion of the merger;

The fact that Valeant stockholders would receive the merger consideration (excluding any cash received in lieu of fractional shares) in the form of shares of the combined company s common stock, which would allow Valeant stockholders to share in value-creation opportunities of the combined company, including the realization of synergies;

The value to Valeant stockholders of the \$1.00 per share post-merger special dividend intended to be paid by the combined company in respect of its shares of common stock;

The significant value to Valeant stockholders represented by the increased cash flow and earnings improvement of the combined company, including as a result of the anticipated synergies of at least \$175 million in annual cost benefits by the second year of operations, and the views of Valeant s management as to the expected realization of synergies by the combined company;

The belief that, after closing, the combined company will have a strong financial profile;

The fact that the merger is intended to qualify as a reorganization for U.S. Federal income tax purposes, and the expectation that, assuming it does so qualify, a U.S. holder of Valeant common stock generally would not

recognize any gain or loss upon receipt of Biovail common shares solely in exchange for Valeant common stock in the merger (excluding any cash received in lieu of fractional shares); and

The business operations and prospects of the combined company and each of Valeant and Biovail, and the then-current financial market conditions and historical market prices, volatility and trading information with respect to shares of common stock of Valeant and Biovail.

#### Table of Contents

*Corporate Governance Benefits of the Merger.* During the course of its deliberations relating to the merger, the Valeant board of directors also considered factors related to the corporate governance of the combined company, including the following benefits:

The initial composition of the combined company s board of directors comprised of 11 directors, including five representatives of Valeant, five representatives of Biovail, and one additional resident Canadian director to be identified through a search process and selected by Valeant subject to the approval of Biovail; and

The fact that directors of Valeant who have an in-depth knowledge of Valeant and its business would have substantial representation on the board of directors of the combined company.

*Other Factors Considered.* During the course of its deliberations relating to the merger, the Valeant board of directors considered the following factors in addition to the benefits described above:

The Valeant board of directors and management s analysis and understanding of the business, operations, financial performance, financial condition, earnings, strategy and future prospects of Valeant on a stand-alone basis, and the assessment, based on such analysis and understanding, that the merger would be more favorable to Valeant and its stockholders in the long-term in light of the potential rewards, risks and uncertainties associated with Valeant continuing to operate as a stand-alone entity;

The alternatives available to Valeant if it continued on a stand-alone basis;

The history of Valeant s management team in successfully completing strategic transactions and the success of Valeant s management team in the integration of businesses and products acquired in such transactions with its other businesses;

The fact that Mr. Pearson agreed to waive accelerated vesting of a significant portion of the equity awards he would otherwise be entitled to in connection with the merger, and that a significant portion of his future compensation as Chief Executive Officer of the combined company will be in the form of equity in the combined company and will be contingent on the performance of the combined company s common shares;

The financial analyses reviewed and discussed with the Valeant board of directors by representatives of Goldman Sachs, as well as the opinion rendered by Goldman Sachs to the Valeant board of directors to the effect that, as of June 20, 2010 and based upon and subject to the various considerations set forth in its opinion, the exchange ratio of 1.7809, together with the pre-merger special dividend of \$16.77 per share to be paid to the holders of Valeant common stock (other than Biovail and its affiliates), pursuant to the merger agreement, was fair, from a financial point of view, to such holders;

The financial analyses reviewed and discussed with the Valeant board of directors by representatives of Jefferies, as well as the opinion rendered by Jefferies to the Valeant board of directors to the effect that, as of June 20, 2010 and based upon and subject to the various considerations set forth in its opinion, the exchange ratio of 1.7809 pursuant to the merger agreement, together with the pre-merger special dividend of \$16.77 per share to be paid to the holders of Valeant common stock, was fair, from a financial point of view, to such holders;

The likelihood that Valeant would be able to obtain financing for the transaction given Valeant s financial resources and the financing commitments it obtained from the commitment parties, and the fact that Valeant would not be required to complete the transaction in the event that the financing contemplated by the merger

agreement (or alternative financing) is not consummated;

The fact that the respective stockholders of Valeant and shareholders of Biovail would vote on approval of the transaction, including the fact that the required vote of Valeant stockholders for the adoption of the merger agreement is a majority of the shares of Valeant common stock outstanding and entitled to vote;

The fact that ValueAct Capital, a Valeant stockholder owning approximately 20% of the shares of Valeant common stock outstanding as of the date of the merger agreement, which will receive the same per share consideration as all other Valeant stockholders, entered into a voting agreement with Valeant and Biovail to vote in favor of the merger and the merger agreement (see Voting Agreement beginning on page 128);

#### **Table of Contents**

The results of the due diligence investigations of Biovail by Valeant s management and financial, legal and other advisors;

The structure of the merger and terms and conditions of the merger agreement, including the commitment by Valeant and Biovail to take all actions to complete the merger as soon as reasonably possible (see Summary of the Merger Agreement beginning on page 115); and

The fact that the merger agreement does not preclude a third party from making a proposal for an acquisition of or business combination with Valeant and that, under certain circumstances more fully described in the sections Summary of the Merger Agreement No Solicitation of Alternative Proposals on page 119 and Summary of the Merger Agreement Changes in Board Recommendations on page 120 of this joint proxy statement/prospectus, Valeant may provide information to and negotiate with such a third party and the Valeant board may change its recommendation to Valeant stockholders regarding the transaction with Biovail.

The Valeant board of directors weighed these factors against a number of uncertainties, risks and potentially negative factors relevant to the merger, including:

The challenges inherent in the combination of companies of the size and geographic scope of Valeant and Biovail, the risk of not capturing all of the anticipated synergies and the risk that other anticipated benefits might not be fully realized or may take longer than expected to achieve;

The risk that integration of the two businesses, including the transaction expenses associated with the merger, may be more costly, and may divert management attention for a greater period of time, than anticipated and that it may be difficult to retain key employees;

The possibility that the efficiencies inherent in Biovail s corporate structure cannot be fully realized for the combined company or may take longer to realize than expected;

The risk of not maintaining Valeant s and Biovail s product revenues given the challenges facing the pharmaceutical industry in light of changes in regulatory, financial and economic conditions affecting the industry, including possible industry consolidation;

The fact that because the merger consideration is a fixed exchange ratio of shares of Biovail common shares to Valeant common stock, Valeant stockholders could be adversely affected by a decrease in the trading price of Biovail common shares during the pendency of the merger and the fact that the merger agreement does not provide Valeant with a price-based termination right or similar protection;

The possibility that, due to the current monetization of a portion of the value of each outstanding Valeant share pursuant to the pre-merger special dividend or other factors, the future per share value of Valeant on a standalone basis could be greater than the value to Valeant stockholders of the merger consideration;

The restrictions on the conduct of Valeant s business during the period between execution of the merger agreement and the completion of the merger;

The risk that regulatory agencies may not approve the proposed merger or may impose terms and conditions on their approvals that adversely affect the business and financial results of the combined company;

The risk that the merger may not be completed despite the parties efforts or that completion may be unduly delayed, even if the requisite approval is obtained from Valeant s stockholders and Biovail s shareholders;

The fact that certain provisions of the merger agreement, although reciprocal, may have the effect of discouraging alternative acquisition transactions involving Valeant, including: (1) the restrictions on Valeant s ability to solicit proposals for alternative transactions; (2) the requirement that the Valeant board of directors submit the merger agreement to the Valeant stockholders for adoption in certain circumstances, even if it withdraws its recommendation for the merger; and (3) the requirement that Valeant pay a termination fee of \$100 million to Biovail in certain circumstances following the termination of the merger agreement;



#### Table of Contents

The increased leverage of the combined company which, while believed to be appropriate for a company with the expected earnings profile of the combined company, could negatively affect the combined company s credit ratings, limit access to credit markets or make such access more expensive and reduce operational and strategic flexibility;

The potential challenges of operating the business of the combined company pursuant to the terms of the Biovail corporate integrity agreement;

The risk that changes in the regulatory, competitive or technological landscape may adversely affect the business benefits anticipated to result from the proposed merger; and

The other risks described in the sections entitled Risk Factors beginning on page 22 and Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements beginning on page 30.

The Valeant board of directors concluded that the uncertainties, risks and potentially negative factors relevant to the merger were outweighed by the potential benefits that it expected Valeant and Valeant stockholders would achieve as a result of the merger.

This discussion of the information and factors considered by the Valeant board of directors includes the principal positive and negative factors considered by the board of directors, but is not intended to be exhaustive and may not include all of the factors considered. The Valeant board of directors did not quantify or assign any relative or specific weights to the various factors that it considered in reaching its determination that the merger agreement and the merger are advisable and in the best interests of Valeant and its stockholders. Rather, the Valeant board of directors viewed its position and recommendation as being based on the totality of the information presented to it and the factors it considered. In addition, individual members of the Valeant board of directors may have given differing weights to different factors. It should be noted that this explanation of the reasoning of the board of directors of Valeant and certain information presented in this section is forward-looking in nature and, therefore, that information should be read in light of the factors discussed in the section entitled Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements in this joint proxy statement/prospectus, beginning on page 30.

### **Opinions of Valeant** s Financial Advisors

### Opinion of Goldman, Sachs & Co.

Goldman Sachs rendered its opinion to the board of directors of Valeant that, as of June 20, 2010 and based upon and subject to the factors and assumptions set forth therein, the exchange ratio, together with the pre-merger special dividend to be paid to the holders (other than Biovail and its affiliates) of outstanding shares of Valeant s common stock, pursuant to the merger agreement was fair from a financial point of view to such holders.

The full text of the written opinion of Goldman Sachs, dated June 20, 2010, which sets forth assumptions made, procedures followed, matters considered and limitations on the review undertaken in connection with the opinion, is attached as Annex C to this joint proxy statement/prospectus. Goldman Sachs provided its opinion for the information and assistance of the board of directors of Valeant in connection with its consideration of the merger. The Goldman Sachs opinion does not constitute a recommendation as to how any holder of Valeant s common stock should vote with respect to the merger or any other matter.

In connection with rendering the opinion described above and performing its related financial analyses, Goldman Sachs reviewed, among other things:

### Table of Contents

the merger agreement;

annual reports to stockholders and annual reports on Form 10-K of Valeant for the five fiscal years ended December 31, 2009;

annual reports on Form 10-K or Form 20-F of Biovail for the five fiscal years ended December 31, 2009;

certain interim reports to shareholders and Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q of Valeant and Biovail;

certain other communications from Valeant and Biovail to their respective shareholders;

certain publicly available research analyst reports for Valeant and Biovail; and

certain internal financial analyses and forecasts for Valeant prepared by its management and for Biovail prepared by its management, in each case as approved for Goldman Sachs use by Valeant (referred to as the Forecasts ) and certain cost savings and operating synergies projected by the management of Valeant to result from the merger, as approved for Goldman Sachs use by Valeant (referred to as the Synergies ).

Goldman Sachs also: held discussions with members of the senior managements of Valeant and Biovail regarding their assessment of the strategic rationale for, and the potential benefits of, the merger and the past and current business operations, financial condition, and future prospects of their respective companies; reviewed the reported price and trading activity for Valeant common stock and Biovail common shares; compared certain financial and stock market information for Valeant and Biovail with similar information for certain other companies the securities of which are publicly traded; reviewed the financial terms of certain recent business combinations in the specialty pharmaceuticals industry specifically and in other industries generally; and performed such other studies and analyses, and considered such other factors, as it deemed appropriate.

For purposes of rendering the opinion described above, Goldman Sachs relied upon and assumed, without assuming any responsibility for independent verification, the accuracy and completeness of all of the financial, legal, accounting, tax and other information provided to, discussed with or reviewed by it and it does not assume any responsibility for any such information. In that regard, Goldman Sachs assumed with the consent of the board of directors of Valeant that the Forecasts and the Synergies were reasonably prepared on a basis reflecting the best then available estimates and judgments of the management of Valeant. Goldman Sachs did not make an independent evaluation or appraisal of the assets and liabilities (including any contingent, derivative or other off-balance-sheet assets and liabilities) of Valeant or Biovail or any of their respective subsidiaries, nor was any evaluation or appraisal of the assets or liabilities of Valeant or Biovail or any of their respective subsidiaries furnished to Goldman Sachs. Goldman Sachs assumed that all governmental, regulatory or other consents and approvals necessary for the consummation of the transaction will be obtained without any adverse effect on Valeant or Biovail or on the expected benefits of the transaction in any way meaningful to its analysis. Goldman Sachs has also assumed that the pre-merger special dividend will be paid to the holders of outstanding shares of Valeant s common stock on the terms set forth in the merger agreement and that the merger will be consummated on the terms set forth in the merger agreement, without the waiver or modification of any term or condition the effect of which would be in any way meaningful to its analysis.

Goldman Sachs opinion does not address the underlying business decision of Valeant to engage in the transaction or the relative merits of the merger as compared to any strategic alternatives that may be available to Valeant; nor does it address any legal, regulatory, tax or accounting matters. Goldman Sachs opinion addresses only the fairness from a financial point of view, as of the date of the opinion, of the exchange ratio, together with the pre-merger special dividend to be paid to the holders (other than Biovail and its affiliates) of outstanding shares of Valeant s common stock, pursuant to the merger agreement. Goldman Sachs opinion does not express any view on, and does not address, any other term or aspect of the merger agreement or the merger or any term or aspect of any other agreement or instrument contemplated by the merger agreement or entered into or amended in connection with the merger, including, without limitation, the fairness of the merger to, or any consideration received in connection therewith by, the holders of any other class of securities, creditors, or other constituencies of Valeant, nor as to the fairness of the amount or nature of any compensation to be paid or payable to any of the officers, directors or employees of Valeant or class of such persons, in connection with the merger, whether relative to the exchange ratio, together with the pre-merger special dividend to be paid to the holders (other than Biovail and its affiliates), pursuant to the merger agreement or otherwise. Goldman Sachs does not express any opinion as to the prices at which shares of Biovail s common shares will trade at any time or as to the impact of the merger on the solvency or viability of Valeant or

Biovail or the ability of Valeant or Biovail to pay its obligations when they come due. Goldman Sachs opinion was necessarily based on economic, monetary market and other conditions, as in effect on, and the information made available to it as of, the date of the opinion. Goldman Sachs assumed no responsibility for updating, revising or reaffirming its opinion based on circumstances, developments or events occurring after the date of its opinion. Goldman Sachs opinion was approved by a fairness committee of Goldman Sachs.

### Table of Contents

The following is a summary of the material financial analyses delivered by Goldman Sachs to the board of directors of Valeant in connection with rendering the opinion described above. The following summary, however, does not purport to be a complete description of the financial analyses performed by Goldman Sachs, nor does the order of analyses described represent relative importance or weight given to those analyses by Goldman Sachs. Some of the summaries of the financial analyses include information presented in tabular format. The tables must be read together with the full text of each summary and are alone not a complete description of Goldman Sachs financial analyses. Except as otherwise noted, the following quantitative information, to the extent that it is based on market data, is based on market data as it existed on or before June 18, 2010, which was the last business day prior to the date that Goldman Sachs delivered its opinion to the board of directors of Valeant, and is not necessarily indicative of current market conditions.

#### Selected Companies Analysis

Goldman Sachs reviewed and compared certain financial information for Valeant and Biovail to corresponding financial information, ratios and public market multiples for the following publicly traded corporations in the specialty pharmaceuticals industry:

Allergan, Inc.;

Cephalon, Inc.;

King Pharmaceuticals, Inc.;

Endo Pharmaceuticals;

Forest Laboratories, Inc.;

Medicis Pharmaceutical Corporation;

Mylan Inc.;

Warner Chilcott Plc; and

Watson Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (referred to collectively as the Selected Companies ).

Although none of the Selected Companies is directly comparable to Valeant or Biovail, the companies included were chosen because they are publicly traded companies with operations that for purposes of analysis may be considered similar to certain operations of Valeant and Biovail. With respect to each of the Selected Companies, Goldman Sachs calculated the following multiples and compared them to the results for Valeant and Biovail:

enterprise value (referred to as EV ), which is the market value of common equity on a diluted basis (including outstanding warrants, options and restricted stock units but prior to the payment of the pre-merger special dividend) plus the par value of total debt (including convertible debt), preferred equity and minority interest less cash and cash equivalents per the latest publicly available financial statements, as a multiple of estimated 2010 fiscal year earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (referred to as EBITDA ); and

price per share as a multiple of estimated 2011 cash earnings per share (referred to as the P/E multiple ).

#### Table of Contents

The calculations for the Selected Companies were based on the closing prices per share of the Selected Companies respective common stock on June 18, 2010, information from SEC filings and EBITDA and cash earnings per share estimates from the Institutional Brokers Estimate System (IBES). The calculations for Valeant and Biovail were based on the closing prices per share of Valeant s common stock and Biovail s common shares, respectively, on June 18, 2010 and the Forecasts. The results of these analyses are summarized as follows:

Company	EV/Estimated 2010 EBITDA	2011 P/E Multiple
Valeant (standalone, as of June 18, 2010)	10.1x	11.4x
Biovail (standalone, as of June 18, 2010)	6.8x	7.3x
Allergan, Inc.	11.9x	15.8x
Cephalon, Inc.	5.9x	8.3x
King Pharmaceuticals, Inc.	5.1x	10.2x
Endo Pharmaceuticals	3.7x	6.1x
Forest Laboratories, Inc.	N/A	7.0x
Medicis Pharmaceutical Corporation	4.3x	9.5x
Mylan Inc.	7.9x	7.4x
Warner Chilcott Plc	7.1x	6.6x
Watson Pharmaceuticals, Inc.	8.2x	11.9x
Median of Selected Companies	6.5x	9.4x

### Contribution Analysis

Goldman Sachs reviewed specific estimated future operating and financial information including, among other things, revenue, EBITDA and cash net income for Valeant and Biovail based on the Forecasts. Goldman Sachs analyzed the relative potential financial contributions of Valeant and Biovail to the combined company following the merger, before taking into account any Synergies, but after taking into account the pre-merger special dividend and, in particular, the interest expense of the indebtedness to be incurred by Valeant to finance the pre-merger special dividend. Goldman Sachs then adjusted the relative potential financial contributions to calculate an adjusted contribution of Valeant and Biovail to the combined company following the merger based on an appropriate weighted average enterprise valuation multiple, which is referred to as the implied equity contribution. The following table presents the results of this analysis:

	Contri	Contribution		Implied Equity Contribution	
	Valeant	Valeant Biovail		Biovail	
Revenue:					
FY 2011(estimated)	58.6%	41.4%	41.0%	59.0%	
FY 2012 (estimated)	59.5%	40.5%	42.3%	57.7%	
EBITDA:					
FY 2011(estimated)	59.2%	40.8%	41.9%	58.1%	
FY 2012 (estimated)	61.6%	38.4%	45.4%	54.6%	
Cash Net Income:					
FY 2011(estimated)	46.3%	53.7%	46.3%	53.7%	

FY 2012 (estimated)

49.2% 50.8% 49.2% 50.8%

### Illustrative Discounted Cash Flow Analysis

Goldman Sachs performed an illustrative discounted cash flow analysis on Valeant, Biovail and the combined company using the Forecasts. Goldman Sachs calculated indications of net present value of unlevered free cash flows for Valeant, Biovail and the combined company for the years 2010 through 2014, discounted back to September 30, 2010. In each case, unlevered free cash flows in the terminal year were adjusted such that

### Table of Contents

depreciation was equal to capital expenditures. In this analysis, unlevered free cash flow, which is the relevant company s projected EBITDA, minus taxes (calculated by multiplying the tax rate for the relevant company contained in the Forecasts by the relevant company s projected earnings before interest and taxes), minus its projected capital expenditures and minus the projected increase in net working capital, was calculated using the Forecasts. In addition, stock based compensation expense was treated as a cash expense for purposes of determining unlevered free cash flow.

Goldman Sachs calculated implied prices per share of Valeant common stock using illustrative terminal values in the year 2014 based on multiples ranging from 8.0x EBITDA to 11.0x EBITDA. These illustrative terminal values were then discounted to calculate implied indications of present values using illustrative discount rates ranging from 9.0% to 11.0%, derived by utilizing a weighted average cost of capital analysis based on the capital asset pricing model and taking into account certain financial metrics, including betas, for Valeant and certain Selected Companies which exhibited similar business characteristics to Valeant, as well as certain financial metrics for the United States equity markets generally. The applied discount rates ranging from 9.0% to 11.0% were based upon Goldman Sachs judgment of an illustrative range based upon the above analysis. This analysis resulted in a range of illustrative per share value indications of \$60 to \$87 for Valeant s common stock. Goldman Sachs then calculated the implied perpetuity growth rates from the analysis described in this paragraph. This analysis resulted in a range of implied perpetuity growth rates from the analysis described in this paragraph. This analysis resulted in a range of implied perpetuity growth rates from 1.1% to 5.0%

Goldman Sachs calculated implied prices per share of Biovail common shares using illustrative terminal values in the year 2014 based on multiples ranging from 6.0x EBITDA to 9.0x EBITDA. These illustrative terminal values were then discounted to calculate implied indications of present values using illustrative discount rates ranging from 9.0% to 11.0%, derived by utilizing a weighted average cost of capital analysis based on the capital asset pricing model and taking into account certain financial metrics, including betas, for Biovail and certain Selected Companies which exhibited similar business characteristics to Biovail, as well as certain financial metrics for the United States equity markets generally. The applied discount rates ranging from 9.0% to 11.0% were based upon Goldman Sachs judgment of an illustrative range based upon the above analysis. This analysis resulted in a range of illustrative per share value indications of \$16 to \$23 for Biovail s common shares. Goldman Sachs then calculated the implied perpetuity growth rates for Biovail using the same range of illustrative per share value indications for Biovail s common shares, EBITDA multiples and discount rates from the analysis described in this paragraph. This analysis resulted in a range of implied perpetuity growth rates from tates from the analysis described in this paragraph. This analysis resulted in a range of implied perpetuity growth rates from the tates from the analysis described in this paragraph. This analysis resulted in a range of implied perpetuity growth rates from tates from the tates from the analysis described in this paragraph. This analysis resulted in a range of implied perpetuity growth rates from tates from the tates from the tates from tates from tates from the tates from tates fr

Goldman Sachs calculated the total equity value per share of common shares of the combined company using illustrative terminal values in the year 2014 based on multiples ranging from 8.0x EBITDA to 11.0x EBITDA, based upon how certain key peer companies in the specialty pharmaceuticals industry traded as of June 18, 2010 and upon Goldman Sachs judgment as to how the combined company s stock will trade following the consummation of the merger. These illustrative terminal values were then discounted to calculate implied indications of present values using illustrative discount rates ranging from 9.0% to 11.0%, derived by utilizing a weighted average cost of capital analysis based on the capital asset pricing model and taking into account certain financial metrics, including betas, for the combined company and certain Selected Companies which exhibited similar business characteristics to the combined company, as well as certain financial metrics for the United States equity markets generally. The applied discount rates ranging from 9.0% to 11.0% were based upon Goldman Sachs judgment of an illustrative range based upon the above analysis. Based on the Forecasts, this analysis assumed pretax Synergies of \$150 million achieved in 2011, Synergies of \$175 million achieved in 2012 and each year thereafter, and total pretax integration costs of \$125 million between 2010 and 2011. This analysis further assumed that (1) Valeant s 8.375% senior notes due 2016 (aggregate principal amount \$365,000,000), its 7.625% senior notes due 2020 (aggregate principal amount \$400,000,000) and its existing credit facility due December 2010 (aggregate principal amount \$30,000,000) will be refinanced, (2) debt will be raised to fund the pre-merger special dividend, (3) a \$250 million term loan will be drawn

down in the fourth quarter of 2010 to fund the post-merger special dividend, with the balance of such dividend to be paid with cash on the combined company s balance sheet and (4) free cash flow will be used to pay down the combined company s debt. This analysis resulted in a range of illustrative total equity values per share of \$24 to \$36 for the combined company s common shares.

### Table of Contents

Goldman Sachs then calculated the implied value of the exchange ratio, together with the pre-merger special dividend per share of Valeant common stock, by multiplying the illustrative equity values per share of the combined company s common shares, as determined pursuant to the preceding paragraph, by the exchange ratio, and adding the pre-merger special dividend. This calculation resulted in an illustrative range of implied values per share of \$59 to \$80 for Valeant s common stock.

Goldman Sachs also calculated an illustrative range of implied prices per share of Valeant common stock and of combined company common shares using the illustrative terminal values in the year 2014, as determined above, based on perpetuity growth rates ranging from 2.00% to 3.00%. The range of perpetuity growth rates was estimated by Goldman Sachs utilizing its professional judgment and experience, taking into account the Forecasts and market expectations regarding long-term growth of gross domestic product and inflation. Goldman Sachs also cross-checked such estimates of perpetuity growth rates against the EBITDA multiples that are implied by such growth rates and a range of discount rates to be applied to Valeant s future unlevered cash flow based upon the Forecasts. These illustrative terminal values were then discounted using illustrative discount rates ranging from 9.0% to 11.0%, and added to the net present value of the free cash flows for Valeant and the combined company, respectively, for the years 2010 through 2014 to calculate an illustrative range of implied indications of present values for each of a share of Valeant common stock and a share of combined company common shares discounted to September 30, 2010. This analysis resulted in a range of illustrative present values of \$55 to \$83 per share of Valeant common stock, and \$25 to \$42 per share of combined company common shares.

Goldman Sachs then calculated the implied value of the transaction per share of Valeant common stock by multiplying the illustrative present values per share of the combined company s common shares, as determined pursuant to the preceding paragraph, by the exchange ratio, and adding the pre-merger special dividend. This analysis resulted in an illustrative range of implied values per share of \$62 to \$91 for Valeant s common stock.

### Illustrative Present Value of Future Share Price Analysis

Goldman Sachs performed illustrative analyses of the present value of the future price per share of common stock of Valeant, using the Forecasts for each of the fiscal years 2010 to 2013 and publicly available Wall Street research.

### Illustrative Present Value of Future Share Price Analysis EBITDA Analysis

For this analysis, Goldman Sachs first calculated the illustrative future values per share of Valeant common stock prior to the merger by applying EV to estimated 2010 EBITDA multiples ranging from 6.5x to 11.4x to estimates of EBITDA for Valeant, based on the Forecasts, for the applicable forward fiscal year for each of fiscal years 2011 through 2013. The EV to estimated 2010 EBITDA multiples were selected taking into account corresponding multiples of Valeant, of certain key peer companies in the specialty pharmaceuticals industry including Warner Chilcott Plc, Mylan Inc. and Watson Pharmaceuticals Inc., and of the Selected Companies, respectively. The illustrative future values per share of Valeant common stock in each year were then discounted back to June 18, 2010, using a discount rate of 11.0%, derived by utilizing a cost of equity analysis based on the capital asset pricing model and taking into account certain financial metrics, including betas, for Valeant and the Selected Companies, as well as certain financial metrics for the United States equity markets generally. The applied discount rate of 11.0% was based upon Goldman Sachs judgment based upon the above analysis.

Goldman Sachs then calculated the illustrative future values per share of common shares of the combined company by applying EV to a range of estimated 2010 EBITDA multiples ranging from 6.5x to 11.4x to estimates of EBITDA for the combined company, based on the Forecasts, for the applicable forward fiscal year for each of fiscal years 2011 through 2013. The EV to estimated 2010 EBITDA multiples were selected taking into account corresponding multiples of Valeant, of certain key peer companies in the specialty pharmaceuticals industry including Warner

Chilcott Plc, Mylan Inc. and Watson Pharmaceuticals Inc., and of the Selected Companies, respectively. The illustrative future values per share of common shares of the combined company in each year were then discounted back to June 18, 2010, using a discount rate of 11.0%, derived by utilizing a cost of equity analysis based on the capital asset pricing model and taking into account certain financial metrics, including betas, for the combined company and the Selected Companies, as well as certain financial metrics for the United States equity

markets generally. The applied discount rate of 11.0% was based upon Goldman Sachs judgment based upon the above analysis. Goldman Sachs multiplied the resulting illustrative present values by the exchange ratio and added the pre-merger special dividend to determine a range of illustrative present values per share of Valeant common stock following the merger.

The results of these analyses are summarized as follows:

	Illustrative Ranges of Present Value of Future Share		e of	Illustrative Ranges of Implied Present Value per Share of Valeant Common		
Fiscal Year		Price for Valeant Prior to the Merger		Stock Following the Merger		
			0	1 One	0	0
2011	\$	34.50	\$63.00	\$	39.00	\$65.50
2012	\$	41.00	\$71.50	\$	43.00	\$69.50
2013	\$	50.50	\$84.00	\$	46.50	\$73.50

Illustrative Present Value of Future Share Price Analysis Price/Cash Earnings Per Share Analysis

For this analysis, Goldman Sachs first calculated the illustrative future values per share of Valeant common stock prior to the merger by applying price / cash earnings per share (referred to as P/E) multiples ranging from 9.4x to 14.1x to estimates of cash earnings per share for Valeant, based on the Forecasts, for the applicable forward fiscal year for each of fiscal years 2011 through 2013. The P/E multiples were selected taking into account corresponding multiples of Valeant, of certain key peer companies in the specialty pharmaceuticals industry including Warner Chilcott Plc, Mylan Inc. and Watson Pharmaceuticals Inc., and of the Selected Companies, respectively. The illustrative future values per share of Valeant common stock in each year were then discounted back to June 18, 2010, using a discount rate of 11.0%, derived by utilizing a cost of equity analysis based on the capital asset pricing model and taking into account certain financial metrics, including betas, for Valeant and the Selected Companies, as well as certain financial metrics for the United States equity markets generally. The applied discount rate of 11.0% was based upon Goldman Sachs judgment based upon the above analysis.

Goldman Sachs then calculated the illustrative future values per share of common shares of the combined company by applying P/E multiples ranging from 9.4x to 14.1x to estimates of cash earnings per share for the combined company, based on the Forecasts, for the applicable forward fiscal year for each of fiscal years 2011 through 2013. The P/E multiples were selected taking into account corresponding multiples of Valeant, of certain key peer companies in the specialty pharmaceuticals industry including Warner Chilcott Plc, Mylan Inc. and Watson Pharmaceuticals Inc., and of the Selected Companies, respectively. The illustrative future values per share of common shares of the combined company in each year were then discounted back to June 18, 2010, using a discount rate of 11.0%, derived by utilizing a cost of equity analysis based on the capital asset pricing model and taking into account certain financial metrics, including betas, for the combined company and the Selected Companies, as well as certain financial metrics for the United States equity markets generally. The applied discount rate of 11.0% was based upon Goldman Sachs judgment based upon the above analysis. Goldman Sachs multiplied the resulting illustrative present values by the exchange ratio and added the pre-merger special dividend to determine a range of illustrative present values per share of Valeant common stock following the merger.

The results of these analyses are summarized as follows:

Fiscal Year	F	Illustrative Ranges of Present Value of Future Share Price for Valeant Prior to the Merger		Illustrative Ranges of Implied Present Value per Share of Valeant Common Stock Following the Merger		
2011	\$	37.50	\$56.00	\$	53.00	\$71.00
2012	\$	40.50	\$60.50	\$	54.50	\$73.50
2013	\$	45.50	\$68.00	\$	54.50	\$75.00
	78					

#### Selected Transactions Analysis

Goldman Sachs analyzed certain information relating to the following selected transactions in the specialty pharmaceuticals industry:

H. Lundbeck A/S acquisition of Ovation Pharmaceuticals, Inc., announced on February 9, 2009;

Shionogi & Co., Ltd. s acquisition of Sciele Pharma, Inc., announced on September 1, 2008;

Nycomed International Management GmbH s acquisition of Bradley Pharmaceuticals, Inc., announced on October 30, 2007;

Abbott Laboratories acquisition of Solvay Pharmaceuticals, Inc., announced on September 29, 2009;

Sepracor Inc. s merger with Dainippon Sumitomo Pharma America, Inc., announced on September 3, 2009; and

Warner Chilcott PLC s acquisition of Proctor & Gamble Company s global branded prescription pharmaceuticals business, announced on August 24, 2009.

While none of the businesses or companies that participated in these selected transactions are directly comparable to Valeant s or Biovail s current businesses and operations, the businesses and companies that participated in the selected transactions are businesses and companies with operations that, for the purposes of analysis, may be considered similar to certain of Valeant s or Biovail s results, market size, product profile and end market exposure.

For each of the selected transactions, Goldman Sachs calculated and compared, based on publicly available information, the EV of the transaction as a multiple of the last twelve months (referred to as LTM) EBITDA. The following table presents the results of this analysis:

Selected Transactions	EV as a Multiple of LTM EBITDA
H. Lundbeck A/S acquisition of Ovation Pharmaceuticals, Inc.	14.0x
Shionogi & Co., Ltd. s acquisition of Sciele Pharma, Inc.	13.7x
Nycomed International Management GmbH s acquisition of Bradley Pharmaceuticals, Inc.	11.2x
Abbott Laboratories acquisition of Solvay Pharmaceuticals, Inc.	7.7x
Sepracor Inc. s merger with Dainippon Sumitomo Pharma America, Inc.	7.6x
Warner Chilcott PLC s acquisition of Proctor & Gamble Company s global branded	
prescription pharmaceuticals business	4.0x
Median of selected transactions	9.4x
Valeant (standalone, as of June 18, 2010)	13.2x

The preparation of a fairness opinion is a complex process and is not necessarily susceptible to partial analysis or summary description. Selecting portions of the analyses or of the summary set forth above, without considering the analyses as a whole, could create an incomplete view of the processes underlying Goldman Sachs opinion. In arriving at its fairness determination, Goldman Sachs considered the results of all of its analyses and did not attribute any particular weight to any factor or analysis considered by it. Rather, Goldman Sachs made its determination as to fairness on the basis of its experience and professional judgment after considering the results of all of its analyses. No company or transaction used in the above analyses as a comparison is directly comparable to Valeant or Biovail or the

EX7 - - - N/--149--1-

contemplated transaction.

Goldman Sachs prepared these analyses for purposes of Goldman Sachs providing its opinion to the board of directors of Valeant that, as of June 20, 2010 and based upon and subject to the factors and assumptions set forth therein, the exchange ratio, together with the pre-merger special dividend to be paid to the holders (other than Biovail and its affiliates) of outstanding shares of Valeant s common stock, pursuant to the merger agreement was fair from a financial point of view to such holders. These analyses do not purport to be appraisals nor do they necessarily reflect the prices at which businesses or securities actually may be sold. Analyses based upon forecasts

of future results are not necessarily indicative of actual future results, which may be significantly more or less favorable than suggested by these analyses. Because these analyses are inherently subject to uncertainty, being based upon numerous factors or events beyond the control of the parties or their respective advisors, none of Valeant, Biovail, Goldman Sachs or any other person assumes responsibility if future results are materially different from those forecast.

The exchange ratio and pre-merger special dividend were determined through arm s-length negotiations between Valeant and Biovail and were approved by the board of directors of Valeant. Goldman Sachs provided advice to Valeant during these negotiations. Goldman Sachs did not, however, recommend any specific exchange ratio or pre-merger special dividend to Valeant or its board of directors or recommend that any specific exchange ratio and pre-merger special dividend constituted the only appropriate exchange ratio and pre-merger special dividend for the transaction.

As described above, Goldman Sachs opinion to the board of directors of Valeant was one of many factors taken into consideration by the board of directors of Valeant in making its determination to approve the merger agreement. The foregoing summary does not purport to be a complete description of the analyses performed by Goldman Sachs in connection with the fairness opinion and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the written opinion of Goldman Sachs attached as Annex C.

Goldman Sachs and its affiliates are engaged in investment banking and financial advisory services, commercial banking, securities trading, investment management, principal investment, financial planning, benefits counseling, risk management, hedging, financing, brokerage activities and other financial and non-financial activities and services for various persons and entities. In the ordinary course of these activities and services, Goldman Sachs and its affiliates may at any time make or hold long or short positions and investments, as well as actively trade or effect transactions, in the equity, debt and other securities (or related derivative securities) and financial instruments (including bank loans and other obligations) of third parties, Valeant, Biovail and any of their respective affiliates or any currency or commodity that may be involved in the transaction contemplated by the merger agreement for their own account and for the accounts of their customers. Goldman Sachs acted as financial advisor to Valeant in connection with, and participated in certain of the negotiations leading to, the merger agreement. At the request of the board of directors of Valeant, (a) an affiliate of Goldman Sachs has entered into financing commitments with Valeant and Biovail to provide Valeant with senior secured credit facilities including a revolving credit facility and term loan credit facilities in connection with the merger, subject to the terms of such commitments, and pursuant to which one or more affiliates of Goldman Sachs will receive customary fees and (b) Goldman Sachs has entered into an engagement letter with Valeant to serve as joint lead underwriter, joint initial purchaser, joint bookrunner, joint arranger or joint placement agent in connection with a potential issuance or sale for cash of notes of Valeant and/or one or more of its affiliates in connection with the merger, pursuant to which Goldman Sachs may receive customary fees. In addition, Goldman Sachs has provided certain investment banking and other financial services to Valeant and its affiliates from time to time for which its investment banking division has received, and may receive, compensation, including having acted as Valeant s financial advisor in connection with the sale of its Western Europe, Eastern Europe, Middle East and Africa businesses in September 2008; as a joint bookrunning manager with respect to Valeant s 8.375% Senior Unsecured Notes due June 2016 (aggregate principal amount \$365,000,000) in June 2009; as a joint bookrunning manager with respect to Valeant s 7.625% Senior Unsecured Notes due March 2020 (aggregate principal amount \$400,000,000) in April 2010; and as sole lead arranger, administrative agent, collateral agent and lender with respect to Valeant s existing credit facility due December 2010 (aggregate principal amount \$30,000,000) in May 2010. Goldman Sachs also may provide investment banking and other financial services to Valeant and Biovail and their respective affiliates in the future for which its investment banking division may receive compensation. Concurrent with the issuance of the Valeant Convertible Notes (as defined in the merger agreement) in November 2003, Valeant entered into convertible note hedge and written call option transactions with respect to shares of Valeant s common stock (referred to as the Hedging Transactions ) with Goldman Sachs Financial Markets L.P. (GSFM), an affiliate of

Goldman Sachs, and another financial institution consisting of the purchase by Valeant of call options on 12,653,440 shares of Valeant s common stock and the sale by Valeant of call options on 12,653,440 shares of Valeant s common stock. GSFM was counterparty to 50% of each of the Hedging Transactions.

#### Table of Contents

Certain of the Hedging Transactions remain in place as of the date hereof. The number of shares of Valeant s common stock covered by the specific Hedging Transactions to which GSFM is a counterparty is approximately 772,904 in the case of each of the convertible note hedge and written call option transactions corresponding to Valeant s 3.0% Convertible Subordinated Notes due 2010 (the 2010 Options ) and approximately 3,163,360 in the case of each of the convertible note hedge and written call option transactions expiring in 2011 and corresponding to Valeant s 4.0% Convertible Subordinated Notes due 2013 (the 2011 Options ). The convertible note hedge transactions have strike prices of approximately \$34.61 and \$35.36 for the 2010 Options and 2011 Options, respectively. The written call option transactions each have a strike price of approximately \$39.52.

The treatment of the Hedging Transactions to which GSFM is a counterparty following the consummation of the merger is subject to ongoing discussions among Valeant and GSFM and its affiliates. The Hedging Transactions may remain outstanding (subject to fair value adjustment) or be terminated at fair value. Discussions among the parties are in preliminary stages and the result of the negotiations, including any fair value adjustment or termination payment, will depend on the facts and circumstances, including interest rates, stock price and volatility, at the time of the termination or the consummation of the merger.

The board of directors of Valeant selected Goldman Sachs as its financial advisor because it is an internationally recognized investment banking firm that has substantial experience in transactions similar to the transaction. Pursuant to a letter agreement dated June 20, 2010, Valeant engaged Goldman Sachs to act as its financial advisor in connection with the contemplated transaction. Pursuant to the terms of this engagement letter, Valeant has agreed to pay Goldman Sachs a transaction fee of 0.65% of the aggregate consideration paid in the transaction, all of which is contingent upon consummation of the transaction, and Valeant has agreed to reimburse Goldman Sachs for its expenses arising, and indemnify Goldman Sachs against certain liabilities that may arise, out of its engagement.

#### **Opinion of Jefferies & Company, Inc.**

Valeant retained Jefferies to act as a financial advisor to Valeant in connection with the merger and to render to the Valeant board of directors an opinion as to the fairness to the holders of Valeant common stock of the exchange ratio of 1.7809 pursuant to the merger agreement, together with the pre-merger special dividend of \$16.77 per share to be paid to the holders of Valeant common stock. At the meeting of the Valeant board of directors on June 20, 2010, Jefferies rendered its opinion to the Valeant board of directors to the effect that, as of that date and based upon and subject to the various considerations set forth in its opinion, the exchange ratio of 1.7809 pursuant to the merger agreement, together with the pre-merger special dividend of \$16.77 to be paid to the holders of Valeant common stock, was fair, from a financial point of view, to such holders.

The full text of the written opinion of Jefferies, dated as of June 20, 2010, is attached as Annex D to this joint proxy statement/prospectus. Jefferies opinion sets forth, among other things, the assumptions made, procedures followed, matters considered and limitations on the scope of the review undertaken by Jefferies in rendering its opinion. Valeant encourages its stockholders to read the opinion carefully and in its entirety. Jefferies opinion was directed to the Valeant board of directors and addresses only the fairness from a financial point of view of the exchange ratio, together with the pre-merger special dividend, as of the date of the opinion. It does not address any other aspects of the merger and does not constitute a recommendation as to how any holder of Valeant common stock should vote on the merger or any matter related thereto. The summary of the opinion of Jefferies set forth below is qualified in its entirety by reference to the full text of the opinion.

In arriving at its opinion, Jefferies, among other things:

reviewed a draft dated June 19, 2010 of the merger agreement;

reviewed certain publicly available financial and other information about Valeant and Biovail;

reviewed certain information furnished to Jefferies by the management of each of Valeant and Biovail, including financial forecasts and analyses, relating to the business, operations and prospects of Valeant and Biovail, respectively, and estimates as to the amount and timing of certain cost savings and related expenses

jointly anticipated by the management of each of Valeant and Biovail to result from the merger, which are referred to as the synergies ;

held discussions with members of the senior management of each of Valeant and Biovail concerning the matters described in the two immediately preceding bullet points;

reviewed the share trading price history and valuation multiples for Valeant common stock and Biovail common shares and compared them with those of certain publicly traded companies that Jefferies deemed relevant;

compared the proposed financial terms of the merger with the financial terms of certain other transactions that Jefferies deemed relevant;

reviewed the relative financial contributions of Valeant and Biovail to the future financial performance of the combined company on a pro forma basis;

considered the potential pro forma impact of the merger; and

conducted such other financial studies, analyses and investigations as Jefferies deemed appropriate.

In Jefferies review and analysis and in rendering its opinion, Jefferies assumed and relied upon, but did not assume any responsibility to independently investigate or verify, the accuracy and completeness of all financial and other information that was supplied or otherwise made available by Valeant and Biovail to Jefferies or that was publicly available (including, without limitation, the information described above), or that was otherwise reviewed by it. In its review, Jefferies relied on assurances of the managements of Valeant and Biovail that they were not aware of any facts or circumstances that would make such information inaccurate or misleading. In its review, Jefferies did not obtain any independent evaluation or appraisal of any of the assets or liabilities of, nor did Jefferies conduct a physical inspection of any of the properties or facilities of, Valeant or Biovail. Jefferies was not furnished with any such evaluations or appraisals of such physical inspections and did not assume any responsibility to obtain any such evaluations or appraisals.

With respect to the financial forecasts provided to and examined by Jefferies, Jefferies opinion noted that projecting future results of any company is inherently subject to uncertainty. Valeant and Biovail informed Jefferies, however, and Jefferies assumed, that such financial forecasts were reasonably prepared on bases reflecting the best currently available estimates and good faith judgments of the management of each of Valeant and Biovail as to the future financial performance of Valeant and Biovail, respectively. In addition, Valeant and Biovail informed Jefferies, and Jefferies assumed, that the synergies were reasonably prepared on bases reflecting the best currently available estimates and good faith judgments of the management of each of Valeant and Biovail informed Jefferies, and Jefferies assumed, that the synergies were reasonably prepared on bases reflecting the best currently available estimates and good faith judgments of the management of each of Valeant and Biovail as to the amount and timing of certain cost savings and related expenses anticipated by the management of each of Valeant and Biovail to result from the merger, and Jefferies relied upon the assessment of the management of each of Valeant and Biovail as to the ability of the combined company to achieve the synergies in the amounts and at the times projected. Jefferies expressed no opinion as to the financial forecasts or the synergies provided to it by Valeant and Biovail, or the assumptions on which they were made.

Jefferies opinion was based on economic, monetary, regulatory, market and other conditions existing and which could be evaluated as of the date of its opinion. Jefferies expressly disclaimed any undertaking or obligation to advise any person of any change in any fact or matter affecting Jefferies opinion of which Jefferies became aware after the date of its opinion.

Jefferies made no independent investigation of any legal or accounting matters affecting Valeant or Biovail, and Jefferies assumed the correctness in all respects material to Jefferies analysis of all legal and accounting advice given to Valeant and the Valeant board of directors, including, without limitation, advice as to the legal, accounting and tax consequences of the terms of, and transactions contemplated by, the merger agreement to Valeant and its stockholders. In addition, in preparing its opinion, Jefferies did not take into account any tax consequences of the merger to any holder of Valeant common stock. In its review and analysis and in rendering its opinion, Jefferies assumed that the pre-merger special dividend will be declared and paid. In addition, Jefferies assumed that the final form of the merger agreement would be substantially similar to the last draft reviewed by it. Jefferies also assumed that in the course of obtaining the necessary regulatory or third party approvals, consents and releases for the

82

merger, no delay, limitation, restriction or condition would be imposed that would have an adverse effect on Valeant, Biovail or the contemplated benefits of the merger.

Jefferies opinion was for the use and benefit of the Valeant board of directors in its consideration of the merger, and Jefferies opinion did not address the relative merits of the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement as compared to any alternative transaction or opportunity that might be available to Valeant, nor did it address the underlying business decision by Valeant to engage in the merger or the terms of the merger agreement or the documents referred to therein. Jefferies opinion did not constitute a recommendation as to how any holder of Valeant common stock should vote on the merger or any matter related thereto. Jefferies opinion also did not address the fairness to, or any other consideration of, the holders of any class of securities, creditors, or other constituencies of Valeant, other than the holders of Valeant common stock. Jefferies expressed no opinion as to the price at which Valeant common stock or Biovail common shares would trade at any time. Jefferies did not express any view or opinion as to the fairness, financial or otherwise, of the amount or nature of any compensation payable or to be received by any of Valeant s officers, directors or employees, or any class of such persons, in connection with the merger relative to the consideration to be received by any other person. Jefferies opinion was authorized by the Fairness Committee of Jefferies & Company, Inc.

In preparing its opinion, Jefferies performed a variety of financial and comparative analyses. The preparation of a fairness opinion is a complex process involving various determinations as to the most appropriate and relevant quantitative and qualitative methods of financial analysis and the applications of those methods to the particular circumstances and, therefore, is not necessarily susceptible to partial analysis or summary description. Jefferies believes that its analyses must be considered as a whole. Considering any portion of Jefferies analyses or the factors considered by Jefferies, without considering all analyses and factors, could create a misleading or incomplete view of the process underlying the conclusion expressed in Jefferies opinion. In addition, Jefferies may have given various analyses more or less weight than other analyses, and may have deemed various assumptions more or less probable than other assumptions, so that the range of valuations resulting from any particular analysis described below should not be taken to be Jefferies view of Valeant s or Biovail s actual value. Accordingly, the conclusions reached by Jefferies are based on all analyses and factors taken as a whole and also on the application of Jefferies own experience and judgment.

In performing its analyses, Jefferies made numerous assumptions with respect to industry performance, general business, economic, monetary, regulatory, market and other conditions and other matters, many of which are beyond Valeant s, Biovail s and Jefferies control. The analyses performed by Jefferies are not necessarily indicative of actual values or actual future results, which may be significantly more or less favorable than suggested by such analyses. In addition, analyses relating to the per share value of Valeant common stock or Biovail common shares do not purport to be appraisals or to reflect the prices at which Valeant common stock or Biovail common shares may actually be sold. The analyses performed were prepared solely as part of Jefferies analysis of the fairness, from a financial point of view, of the exchange ratio, together with the pre-merger special dividend, and were provided to the Valeant board of directors in connection with the delivery of Jefferies opinion.

The following is a summary of the material financial and comparative analyses performed by Jefferies in connection with Jefferies delivery of its opinion. The financial analyses summarized below include information presented in tabular format. In order to fully understand Jefferies financial analyses, the tables must be read together with the text of each summary. The tables alone do not constitute a complete description of the financial analyses. Considering the data described below without considering the full narrative description of the financial analyses, including the methodologies and assumptions underlying the analyses, could create a misleading or incomplete view of Jefferies financial analyses.

#### Comparable Company Analysis

#### Table of Contents

Using publicly available information and information provided by the management of each of Valeant and Biovail, respectively, Jefferies analyzed the trading multiples of Valeant, Biovail and the following specialty pharmaceutical companies, which are referred to as the Selected Comparable Companies :

Allergan, Inc.;

Cephalon, Inc.;

Endo Pharmaceuticals Holdings, Inc.;

Forest Laboratories, Inc.;

King Pharmaceuticals, Inc;

Medicis Pharmaceutical Corporation;

Shire plc; and

Warner Chilcott plc.

In its analysis, Jefferies derived and compared multiples for Valeant, Biovail and the Selected Comparable Companies, calculated and referred to as follows:

the enterprise value divided by projected earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, or EBITDA, for calendar year 2010, which is referred to as Enterprise Value/2010E EBITDA ;

the enterprise value divided by projected EBITDA for calendar year 2011, which is referred to as Enterprise Value/2011E EBITDA ;

the enterprise value divided by projected EBITDA for calendar year 2012, which is referred to as Enterprise Value/2012E EBITDA ;

the price per share divided by projected earnings per share, or EPS, for calendar year 2010, which is referred to as Price/2010E EPS ;

the price per share divided by projected EPS for calendar year 2011, which is referred to as Price/2011E EPS ; and

the price per share divided by projected EPS for calendar year 2012, which is referred to as Price/2012E EPS.

This analysis indicated the following:

#### **Comparable Company Multiples**

Benchmark	High	Low	Median
Enterprise Value/2010E EBITDA	11.7x	3.6x	5.4x
Enterprise Value/2011E EBITDA	10.5x	3.2x	5.0x
Enterprise Value/2012E EBITDA	9.6x	3.4x	5.9x
Price/2010E EPS	19.4x	7.0x	10.0x
Price/2011E EPS	17.1x	6.7x	9.3x
Price/2012E EPS	15.0x	6.3x	10.2x

Using the reference ranges summarized in the table below for each of Valeant s and Biovail s 2010E EBITDA, 2011E EBITDA and 2012E EBITDA, Jefferies determined implied enterprise values for each of Valeant and Biovail, then

#### Table of Contents

subtracted total indebtedness and added cash and cash equivalents to determine implied equity values for each of Valeant and Biovail. Jefferies then determined a range of implied values per share for each of Valeant and Biovail by dividing such implied equity values by the fully diluted (calculated using the treasury stock method) shares outstanding for each of Valeant and Biovail and, for Valeant, subtracting the amount of the pre-merger special dividend of \$16.77 per share. The reference ranges used and approximate implied values per share derived in this analysis were as follows:

### **Enterprise Value/EBITDA Analysis**

	2010E EBITDA		2011E EBITDA			2012E EBITDA						
	Vale	ant	Biov	vail	Vale	ant	Biov	ail	Vale	ant	Biov	vail
erence Range lied Value	8.0	x 10.0x	6.	.0x 7.5x	7.	0x 9.0x	5.	.5x 7.0x	6.	5x 8.5x	5.	.0x
Share	\$18.54	\$28.45	\$12.68	\$16.07	\$19.13	\$30.80	\$11.53	\$15.08	\$22.96	\$36.64	\$11.07	\$14
					8	4						

#### Table of Contents

Using the reference ranges summarized in the table below for each of Valeant s and Biovail s 2010E EPS, 2011E EPS and 2012E EPS, Jefferies determined implied equity values for each of Valeant and Biovail. Jefferies then determined a range of implied values per share for each of Valeant and Biovail and, for Valeant, subtracted the amount of the pre-merger special dividend of \$16.77 per share. The reference ranges used and approximate implied values per share derived in this analysis were as follows:

#### **Price/EPS Analysis**

	<b>2010E EPS</b>		<b>2011E</b>	EPS	<b>2012E EPS</b>		
	Valeant	Biovail	Valeant	Biovail	Valeant	Biovail	
rence Range lied Value	11.0x 15.0x	7.5x 11.5x	8.5x 12.5x	7.0x 10.0x	7.0x 11.0x	6.5x	
Share	\$21.25 \$35.08	\$13.04 \$20.00	\$17.31 \$33.35	\$14.07 \$20.10	\$16.74 \$35.90	\$14.45 \$21	

After adjusting the implied equity values for Valeant common stock for payment of the pre-merger special dividend of \$16.77 per share, Jefferies then calculated implied exchange ratios based upon the implied equity values for each of Valeant and Biovail determined as described above by:

dividing the lowest implied value per share of Valeant common stock by the highest implied value per share of Biovail common shares to arrive at the low end of the implied exchange ratio range; and

dividing the highest implied value per share of Valeant common stock by the lowest implied value per share of Biovail common shares to arrive at the high end of the implied exchange ratio range.

This analysis indicated the following:

### Implied Exchange Ratios for Enterprise Value/EBITDA and Price/EPS Analyses

Benchmark	Low	High
Enterprise Value/2010E EBITDA	1.1536x	2.2431x
Enterprise Value/2011E EBITDA	1.2687x	2.6705x
Enterprise Value/2012E EBITDA	1.5446x	3.3090x
Price/2010E EPS	1.0625x	2.6890x
Price/2011E EPS	0.8611x	2.3698x
Price/2012E EPS	0.7929x	2.4843x

This analysis indicated, in each case compared to the exchange ratio of 1.7809 pursuant to the merger agreement:

exchange ratios implied from enterprise value to EBITDA multiple valuation ranging from 1.1536x to 3.3090x; and

exchange ratios implied from price to EPS multiple valuation ranging from 0.7929x to 2.6890x.

No company utilized in the comparable company analysis is identical to Valeant or Biovail. In evaluating the selected companies, Jefferies made judgments and assumptions with regard to industry performance, general business, economic, market and financial conditions and other matters, many of which are beyond the control of Valeant, Biovail and Jefferies. Mathematical analysis, such as determining the mean or median, is not in itself a meaningful method of using comparable company data.

### Comparable Transaction Analysis

Using publicly available and other information, Jefferies examined 14 transactions involving specialty pharmaceutical companies announced since October 2004. Using publicly available estimates and other information for each transaction, Jefferies derived and compared the transaction value, or TV, as a multiple of EBITDA

85

#### **Table of Contents**

projections for FY+1 (which indicates the projected EBITDA for the current fiscal year if the merger closed prior to the fourth quarter, or the forward fiscal year if the transaction closed during the fourth quarter). The transactions considered, the month and year each transaction was announced, and the transaction value as a multiple of FY+1 EBITDA for each transaction, were as follows:

Target	Acquiror	Month and Year Announced	TV as a Multiple of FY+1 EBITDA*
Mepha AG	Cephalon, Inc.	February 2010	N/A
Sepracor, Inc.	Dainippon Sumitono		
	Pharma Co., Ltd.	September 2009	6.4x
P&G Company (Pharma Segment)	Warner Chilcott plc	August 2009	N/A
Noven Pharmaceuticals Inc.	Hisamitsu Pharmaceutical Co.		
	Inc.	July 2009	7.6x
Stiefel Laboratories, Inc.	GlaxoSmithKline plc	April 2009	N/A
OVATION Pharmaceuticals, Inc.	H. Lundbeck A/S	February 2009	N/A
Sciele Pharma Inc.	Shionogi & Co. Ltd.	September 2008	7.9x
Alpharma, Inc.	King Pharmaceuticals Inc.	August 2008	10.3x
Axcan Pharma Inc.	TPG	November 2007	8.9x
Aspreva Pharmaceuticals Corporation	Galenica Ltd.	October 2007	2.5x
Schwarz Pharma AG	UCB SA	September 2006	N/M
ALTANA Pharma AG	Nycomed Pharma AS	September 2006	6.1x
Fournier Pharma	Solvay SA	July 2005	N/A
Warner Chilcott plc	Private Equity Consortium	October 2004	9.3x

\* N/A indicates that the data was not publicly available, and N/M indicates that the data was not meaningful.

This analysis indicated the following:

#### **Selected Comparable Transaction Multiples**

Benchmark	High	Low	Median
TV/FY+1 EBITDA	10.3x	2.5x	7.8x

Using a reference range of 7.0x to 8.5x Biovail s 2010E EBITDA based on the selected comparable transaction multiples set forth above and 8.0x to 10.0x Valeant s 2010E EBITDA based on the multiples set forth above in the comparable company analysis, Jefferies determined implied enterprise values for Biovail and Valeant, then subtracted total indebtedness and added cash and cash equivalents to determine the implied equity value for each of Biovail and Valeant. After adjusting the implied equity values for Valeant common stock for payment of the pre-merger special dividend of \$16.77 per share, Jefferies calculated a range of implied values per share for Valeant of approximately \$18.54 \$28.45 and a range of implied values per share for Biovail of approximately \$15.04 \$18.13, and then calculated implied exchange ratios based upon the implied equity values for each of Biovail and Valeant determined as described above by:

dividing the lowest implied value per share of Valeant common stock by the highest implied value per share of Biovail common shares to arrive at the low end of the implied exchange ratio range; and

dividing the highest implied value per share of Valeant common stock by the lowest implied value per share of Biovail common shares to arrive at the high end of the implied exchange ratio range.

This analysis indicated implied exchange ratios ranging from 1.0225x to 1.8917x, compared to the exchange ratio of 1.7809 pursuant to the merger agreement.

No transaction utilized as a comparison in the comparable transaction analysis is identical to the merger. In evaluating the merger, Jefferies made numerous judgments and assumptions with regard to industry performance, general business, economic, market, and financial conditions and other matters, many of which are beyond Valeant s, Biovail s and Jefferies control. Mathematical analysis, such as determining the average or the median, is not in itself a meaningful method of using comparable transaction data.

86

#### Discounted Cash Flow Analysis

Jefferies performed a discounted cash flow analysis to estimate the present value of the unlevered free cash flows of Valeant and Biovail through the fiscal year ending December 31, 2014. In this analysis, unlevered free cash flow, which is the relevant company s projected EBIT, minus taxes (calculated by multiplying the tax rate for the relevant company contained in the forecasts provided to Jefferies by the relevant company s projected earnings before interest and taxes), minus its projected capital expenditures, minus the projected increase in net working capital and plus depreciation and amortization, was calculated using the forecasts provided to Jefferies. Using financial projections provided by the management of each of Valeant and Biovail, discount rates ranging from 8.0% to 10.0% for Valeant and from 8.5% to 10.5% for Biovail and, for the purpose of calculating the terminal value for each of Valeant and Biovail at the end of the forecast period, EBITDA terminal multiples ranging from 7.5x to 8.5x for Valeant and from 6.5x to 7.5x for Biovail, Jefferies derived a range of implied enterprise values for each of Valeant and Biovail. EBITDA terminal multiples were based upon the multiples observed in the foregoing comparable company analysis and upon Jefferies judgment as to how those multiples would apply to Valeant and Biovail in their respective terminal years. Jefferies then subtracted total indebtedness and added cash and cash equivalents to determine a range of implied equity values for each of Valeant and Biovail. After adjusting the implied equity values for Valeant common stock for payment of the pre-merger special dividend of \$16.77 per share, Jefferies calculated a range of implied values per share for Valeant of approximately \$43.87 \$55.39 and a range of implied values per share for Biovail of approximately \$18.37 \$21.04, and then calculated implied exchange ratios based upon the implied equity values for each of Biovail and Valeant determined as described above by:

dividing the lowest implied value per share of Valeant common stock by the highest implied value per share of Biovail common shares to arrive at the low end of the implied exchange ratio range; and

dividing the highest implied value per share of Valeant common stock by the lowest implied value per share of Biovail common shares to arrive at the high end of the implied exchange ratio range.

This analysis indicated implied exchange ratios ranging from 2.0848x to 3.0148x, compared to the exchange ratio of 1.7809 pursuant to the merger agreement.

#### Pro Forma Relative Contribution Analysis

Based on information provided by the management of each of Valeant and Biovail, Jefferies compared the standalone contribution of each of Valeant and Biovail to projected EBITDA and net income excluding amortization of intangibles and non-recurring charges, or cash net income, for fiscal years 2010, 2011 and 2012 for the combined company excluding any adjustments resulting from the merger. Based on the relative contributions of each company, Jefferies derived an equity value for each company by multiplying the cumulative total enterprise value of the two standalone company. After adjusting Valeant s equity value for payment of the pre-merger special dividend of \$16.77 per share, Jefferies calculated implied exchange ratios by dividing the dividend-adjusted equity value of Valeant by the implied equity value of Biovail. Jefferies then used these implied dividend-adjusted exchange ratios to calculate an implied ownership for Valeant and Biovail. This analysis indicated implied exchange ratios and implied ownership as follows:

	Dividend	Implied
	Adjusted Implied	Ownership
Metric	Exchange Ratio	(Biovail/Valeant)

2010P EBITDA	1.4202x	56.9%/43.1%
2011P EBITDA	1.6307x	53.5%/46.5%
2012P EBITDA	1.7775x	51.4%/48.6%
2010P Cash Net Income	1.4030x	57.2%/42.8%
2011P Cash Net Income	1.4169x	57.0%/43.0%
2012P Cash Net Income	1.5194x	55.3%/44.7%

#### Table of Contents

This analysis indicated implied exchange ratios ranging from 1.4030x to 1.7775x, compared to the exchange ratio of 1.7809 pursuant to the merger agreement.

#### Implied Historical Exchange Ratio

Based on the daily closing prices per share of Biovail common shares and Valeant common stock during the one-year period ending June 18, 2010, and after adjusting the daily closing prices per share of Valeant common stock for payment of the pre-merger special dividend of \$16.77 per share, Jefferies calculated a range of implied historical exchange ratios by dividing the dividend-adjusted daily closing price per share of the Valeant common stock by the daily closing price per share of the Biovail common shares. This analysis indicated implied historical exchange ratios during this period ranging from 0.4495x to 2.1112x, compared to the exchange ratio of 1.7809 pursuant to the merger agreement.

Jefferies opinion was one of many factors taken into consideration by the Valeant board of directors in its consideration of the merger and should not be considered alone to have been determinative of the views of the Valeant board of directors with respect to the merger.

Jefferies was selected by the Valeant board of directors based on Jefferies qualifications, expertise and reputation. Jefferies is an internationally recognized investment banking and advisory firm. Jefferies, as part of its investment banking business, is regularly engaged in the valuation of businesses and securities in connection with mergers and acquisitions, negotiated underwritings, competitive biddings, secondary distributions of listed and unlisted securities, private placements, financial restructurings and other financial services.

Jefferies has, in the past, provided financial advisory services to Valeant and may continue to do so and has received, and may receive, fees for the rendering of such services. Jefferies maintains a market in the securities of Valeant and Biovail, and in the ordinary course of business, Jefferies and its affiliates may trade or hold securities of Valeant or Biovail and/or their respective affiliates for its own account and for the accounts of its customers and, accordingly, may at any time hold long or short positions in those securities. In addition, Jefferies may seek to, in the future, provide financial advisory and financing services to Valeant, Biovail or entities that are affiliated with Valeant or Biovail, for which Jefferies would expect to receive compensation. Jefferies and its affiliates may arrange and/or provide a portion of the financing to Valeant in connection with the pre-merger special dividend and the refinancing of existing indebtedness for customary compensation.

Pursuant to a letter agreement dated as of June 20, 2010, Valeant engaged Jefferies to act as a financial advisor in connection with the merger. Pursuant to that letter agreement, Valeant has agreed to pay Jefferies a fee for its services, a portion of which was payable upon delivery of Jefferies opinion and a significant portion of which is payable contingent upon consummation of the merger and is based upon, in part, the value of the consideration to be paid in the merger, which fee is expected to be approximately \$15.0 million, of which approximately \$14.0 million is payable contingent upon consummation of the merger, as of the date of this joint proxy statement/prospectus. In addition, Valeant has agreed to reimburse Jefferies for expenses incurred. Valeant also has agreed to indemnify Jefferies against liabilities arising out of or in connection with the services rendered and to be rendered by it under its engagement.

#### **Certain Valeant Prospective Financial Information**

Valeant does not as a matter of course make public long-term forecasts as to future performance or other prospective financial information beyond the current fiscal year, and Valeant is especially wary of making forecasts or projections for extended periods due to the unpredictability of the underlying assumptions and estimates. However, as part of the due diligence review of Valeant in connection with the merger, Valeant s management prepared and provided to Biovail, as well as to Morgan Stanley, Goldman Sachs and Jefferies in connection with their respective evaluation of

the fairness of the merger consideration, non-public, internal financial forecasts regarding Valeant s projected future operations for the 2010 through 2014 fiscal years. Valeant has included below a summary of these forecasts for the purpose of providing stockholders and investors access to certain non-public information that was furnished to third parties and such information may not be appropriate for other purposes. These forecasts were also considered by the Valeant board of directors for purposes of evaluating the merger. The Valeant board of directors also considered non-public, financial forecasts prepared by Biovail regarding Biovail s

anticipated future operations for the 2010 through 2014 fiscal years for purposes of evaluating Biovail and the merger. See The Merger Certain Biovail Prospective Financial Information beginning on page 67 for more information about the forecasts prepared by Biovail.

The Valeant internal financial forecasts were not prepared with a view toward public disclosure, nor were they prepared with a view toward compliance with published guidelines of the SEC, the guidelines established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants for preparation and presentation of financial forecasts, the guidelines established by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants Handbook, rules relating to future oriented financial information under Canadian securities laws or generally accepted accounting principles in the United States or Canada. PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP has not examined, compiled or performed any procedures with respect to the accompanying prospective financial information and, accordingly, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP does not express an opinion or any other form of assurance with respect thereto. The PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP reports incorporated by reference in this joint proxy statement/prospectus relate to Valeant s historical financial information. They do not extend to the prospective financial information and should not be read to do so. The summary of these internal financial forecasts included below is not being included to influence your decision whether to vote for the merger and the transactions contemplated in connection with the merger, but because these internal financial forecasts were provided by Valeant to Biovail and Morgan Stanley, Goldman Sachs and Jefferies.

While presented with numeric specificity, these internal financial forecasts were based on numerous variables and assumptions (including, but not limited to, those related to industry performance and competition and general business, economic, market and financial conditions and additional matters specific to Valeant s businesses) that are inherently subjective and uncertain and are beyond the control of Valeant s management. Important factors that may affect actual results and cause these internal financial forecasts to not be achieved include, but are not limited to, risks and uncertainties relating to Valeant s business (including its ability to achieve strategic goals, objectives and targets over applicable periods), industry performance, general business and economic conditions and other factors described in the Risk Factors section of Valeant s Annual Report on Form 10-K, as updated by subsequent Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, all of which are filed with the SEC and incorporated by reference into this joint proxy statement/prospectus. These internal financial forecasts also reflect numerous variables, expectations and assumptions available at the time they were prepared as to certain business decisions that are subject to change. As a result, actual results may differ materially from those contained in these internal financial forecasts. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that the forecasted results summarized below will be realized.

89

The inclusion of a summary of these internal financial forecasts in this joint proxy statement/prospectus should not be regarded as an indication that any of Valeant, Biovail or their respective affiliates, advisors or representatives considered these internal financial forecasts to be predictive of actual future events, and these internal financial forecasts should not be relied upon as such nor should the information contained in these internal financial forecasts be considered appropriate for other purposes. None of Valeant, Biovail or their respective affiliates, advisors, officers, directors, partners or representatives can give you any assurance that actual results will not differ materially from these internal financial forecasts, and none of them undertakes any obligation to update or otherwise revise or reconcile these internal financial forecasts to reflect circumstances existing after the date these internal financial forecasts were generated or to reflect the occurrence of future events, even in the event that any or all of the assumptions underlying these forecasts are shown to be in error. Since the forecasts cover multiple years, such information by its nature becomes less meaningful and predictive with each successive year. Valeant does not intend to make publicly available any update or other revision to these internal financial forecasts. None of Valeant or its affiliates, advisors, officers, directors, partners or representatives has made or makes any representation to any shareholder or other person regarding Valeant sultimate performance compared to the information contained in these internal financial forecasts or that the forecasted results will be achieved. Valeant has made no representation to Biovail, in the merger agreement or otherwise, concerning these internal financial forecasts. The below forecasts do not give effect to the merger. Valeant urges all stockholders to review Valeant s most recent SEC filings for a description of Valeant s reported financial results.

	Fiscal Year					
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	
Revenue	\$ 1,169	\$ 1,353	\$ 1,513	\$ 1,758	\$ 1,954	
Operating Income(1)	\$ 152(2)	\$ 541	\$ 638	\$ 791	\$ 889	
EBITDA	\$ 483	\$ 558	\$ 656	\$ 810	\$ 908	
Net Income	\$ 236	\$ 352	\$ 373	\$ 498	\$ 521	
Unlevered Free Cash Flow(3)	\$ 113(4)	\$ 343	\$ 453	\$ 564	\$ 573	

- (1) Operating income excludes amortization expense.
- (2) For the quarterly period ended December 31, 2010 only.
- (3) Calculated as earnings before interest and tax (EBIT), plus (a) depreciation and amortization, minus (b) taxes, capital expenditures and changes in working capital.
- (4) For the quarterly period ended December 31, 2010 only.

#### **Board of Directors and Management After the Merger**

Under the terms of the merger agreement, upon the effective time of the merger, Mr. Pearson (currently Chairman of the Valeant board of directors and Chief Executive Officer of Valeant) will be appointed the Chief Executive Officer of the combined company, Mr. Wells (currently Chief Executive Officer of Biovail and a Biovail director) will be appointed as non-executive Chairman of the board of directors of the combined company, Mr. Ingram (currently Lead Director of the Valeant board of directors) will be appointed as Lead Director of the board of directors of the combined company and Mr. Van Every (currently Chairman of the audit committee of the Biovail board of directors and a resident Canadian) will continue as Chairman of the audit committee of the board of directors of the combined company.

#### company.

Under the terms of the merger agreement, the board of directors of the combined company will consist of Messrs. Pearson, Wells, Ingram and Van Every, three additional directors selected by Valeant, three additional directors selected by Biovail (one of whom is a resident Canadian), and one independent director who is recruited by a search firm mutually retained by Valeant and Biovail, which director shall be selected by Valeant from a list of candidates presented by such firm, shall be subject to the approval of Biovail and shall be a resident Canadian.

Upon the effective time of the merger, until the 2011 annual shareholders meeting, (1) the Chairman of the compensation committee of the board of directors of the combined company will be a Biovail-selected director, (2) the Chairman of the risk and compliance committee of the board of directors of the combined company will be a Valeant-selected director, (3) the Chairman of the nominating and corporate governance committee of the board of directors of the combined company will be a Valeant-selected director, (4) each committee of the board of directors of the combined company will be a Valeant-selected director, (5) the Chairman of the nominating and corporate governance committee of the board of directors of the combined company will be a Valeant-selected director, (6) each committee of the board of directors of the board of directors of the combined company will be a Valeant-selected director, (7) each committee of the board of directors of the board of directors

90

#### Table of Contents

of the combined company (other than the compensation committee) will have an equal number of Valeant-selected directors and Biovail-selected directors (such committees may also include the new independent director), (5) the compensation committee of the board of directors of the combined company will consist of three members, two of whom will be Valeant-selected directors, and (6) no other committees of the board of directors of the combined company will be formed prior to the first meeting of the board of directors of the combined company following such time as the Valeant-selected directors are appointed, without the written consent of Valeant.

A Valeant-selected director is either Mr. Ingram or one of the three directors selected to serve on the board of directors of the combined company by Valeant. A Biovail-selected director is either Mr. Van Every or one of the three directors selected to serve on the board of directors of the combined company by Biovail.

Biovail has selected Dr. Laurence E. Paul, Mr. Robert N. Power and Mr. Lloyd M. Segal (who is a resident Canadian) to continue as members of the board of directors of the combined company.

Valeant has selected Theo Melas-Kyriazi, G. Mason Morfit and Norma A. Provencio to serve as members of the board of directors of the combined company.

#### **Treatment of Valeant Restricted Stock Units and Options**

#### **Restricted Stock Units**

Accelerating Units. Except as described below with respect to Mr. Pearson, any Valeant restricted stock unit award that is outstanding on the day prior to the payment of the pre-merger special dividend and that, in accordance with its existing terms, provides for vesting, in whole or in part, upon a change in control (the accelerated restricted stock units ) will vest at the level provided for under the terms of the award on the day prior to the payment of the pre-merger special dividend as if that day was the closing date of the merger (and any performance metrics applicable to the accelerated restricted stock units will be measured as of that day). Any portion of the accelerated restricted stock units that does not vest on the day prior to the payment of the pre-merger special dividend will be forfeited on that day for no consideration. In connection with the merger, the vested portion of the accelerated restricted stock units will be cancelled in exchange for (1) a number of common shares of the combined company equal to the number of shares underlying the cancelled units multiplied by the exchange ratio and (2) an amount in cash equal to the number of shares underlying the cancelled units multiplied by the pre-merger special dividend. Assuming the pre-merger special dividend is paid on September 27, 2010 and the per share price of Valeant common stock on the business day prior to the payment of the pre-merger special dividend is \$57.75, which was the closing price per share of Valeant common stock on August 13, 2010, 2,264,936 restricted stock units, including restricted stock units held by Valeant s executive officers (other than Mr. Pearson) and non-employee directors, will vest and be settled through the issuance of an aggregate of 4,033,632 common shares of the combined company; an aggregate cash payment of \$37,982,980 will be made to Valeant s employees, including Valeant s executive officers (other than Mr. Pearson), and non-employee directors in respect of the pre-merger special dividend; and the opportunity to earn 12,843 additional restricted stock units will be forfeited.

*Continuing Units.* Except as described below with respect to Mr. Pearson, any Valeant restricted stock unit award that is outstanding immediately prior to the payment of the pre-merger special dividend and that, in accordance with its existing terms, does not provide for vesting, in whole or in part, upon a change in control (the continuing restricted stock unit awards ) will be adjusted to take into account the pre-merger special dividend by multiplying the number of shares underlying the continuing restricted stock unit award by the pre-merger special dividend adjustment ratio of 1.5710 (rounded down to the nearest whole share). As contemplated by the merger agreement, upon the closing of the merger, each outstanding continuing restricted stock unit award (as adjusted to take into account the pre-merger special dividend) held by Valeant s employees, including Valeant s executive officers (other than Mr. Pearson), and

non-employee directors will be converted into an award to acquire common shares of the combined company, on the same terms and conditions as were applicable to the award prior to the merger. The number of common shares of the combined company subject to the award following the merger will be determined by multiplying the number of shares of Valeant common stock underlying the continuing restricted stock unit award (as adjusted to take into account the pre-merger special dividend) by the exchange ratio. Assuming the merger occurs on September 28, 2010, 807,981 restricted stock units (prior to adjustment for the pre-merger special dividend), including restricted stock units held by Valeant s executive officers (other than Mr. Pearson) and

non-employee directors, will be converted into awards to acquire an aggregate of 2,260,564 common shares of the combined company.

As discussed in Financial Interests of Valeant Directors and Officers in the Merger, Mr. Pearson has agreed to waive accelerated vesting of his restricted stock units that would have occurred at the merger under the terms of his existing employment agreement. Instead, each of Mr. Pearson s restricted stock units (including performance-based and time-based awards) will be treated as continuing restricted stock unit awards except that, with respect to the performance-based restricted stock units granted to Mr. Pearson in 2008, (1) the number of shares underlying the grant will not be adjusted to reflect the pre-merger special dividend, and (2) to the extent these units vest at the end of the applicable performance period (February 2011) based on performance, Mr. Pearson will receive a cash payment at such time equal to the number of vested units multiplied by the pre-merger special dividend.

#### Stock Options

In connection with the payment of the pre-merger special dividend, all Valeant stock options granted under the equity plans of Valeant which are outstanding as of immediately prior to the payment of the pre-merger special dividend, whether vested or unvested, will be adjusted to take into account the pre-merger special dividend by multiplying the number of shares of Valeant common stock underlying the stock option by the pre-merger special dividend adjustment ratio (rounded down to the nearest whole share) and dividing the per share exercise price of the stock option by the pre-merger special dividend adjustment ratio (rounded up to the nearest whole cent).

As contemplated by the merger agreement, upon the closing of the merger, each outstanding Valeant option (as adjusted to take into account the pre-merger special dividend) will be converted into an option to acquire common shares of the combined company, on the same terms and conditions as were applicable to the stock option prior to the merger (except that, as discussed in Financial Interests of Valeant Directors and Officers in the Merger, Mr. Pearson has agreed to waive accelerated vesting of his stock options that would have occurred at the merger under the terms of his existing employment agreement). The number of common shares of the combined company subject to the option following the merger will be determined by multiplying the number of shares of Valeant common stock subject to the Valeant stock option (as adjusted to take into account the pre-merger special dividend) by the exchange ratio, and the per share exercise price of each option will be determined by dividing the per share exercise price of the Valeant stock option (as adjusted to take into account the pre-merger special dividend) by the exchange ratio. Except as discussed in

Financial Interests of Valeant Directors and Officers in the Merger, Valeant stock options will not vest solely as a result of the merger. Assuming the merger occurs on September 28, 2010 and that no options are exercised prior to the merger, an aggregate of 4,796,589 options to acquire Valeant common stock (prior to adjustment for the pre-merger special dividend), including stock options held by Valeant s executive officers (other than Mr. Pearson) and non-employee directors, will be converted into options to acquire an aggregate of 13,420,036 common shares of the combined company, 7,579,811 of which options will be unvested.

#### Financial Interests of Biovail Directors and Officers in the Merger

In considering the recommendation of the Biovail board of directors that you vote to approve the share issuance resolution and the name change resolution, you should be aware that some of Biovail s directors and executive officers have financial interests in the merger that are in addition to those of Biovail shareholders generally. The Biovail board of directors was aware of and considered these potential interests, among other matters, in evaluating the merger agreement and the merger, and in recommending to you that you approve the share issuance resolution and the name change resolution.

#### Positions with the Combined Company

Following the completion of the merger, certain members of the Biovail board of directors will continue to be directors of the combined company, and Mr. Wells will serve as non-executive Chairman of the board of directors of the combined company, as described under Board of Directors and Management After the Merger.

#### **Deferred Share Units of Terminating Directors**

As part of their overall compensation for services on the Biovail board of directors, Biovail s non-management directors receive annual equity grants of fully vested deferred share units, and they may elect to receive additional fully vested deferred share units in lieu of cash compensation. In connection with the termination of the services of the non-management Biovail directors who will not remain on the board of directors of the combined company (the terminating directors ) and in accordance with the terms of Biovail s Deferred Share Unit Plans for non-management directors, the deferred share units of the terminating directors will be redeemed, entitling each terminating director to a payment of the cash value of his deferred share units (based on the price per share of the combined company on the date of redemption of the units). Each United States terminating director will receive such cash amount as a lump sum payment within 30 days following the termination of his service upon the completion of the merger. Each Canadian terminating director will receive such cash amount in one or two payments, shortly following dates specified by such Canadian terminating director, which dates may be no later than December 15, 2011.

The following table summarizes the outstanding deferred share units expected to be held by each of Biovail s terminating directors, as of September 28, 2010.

Non-Management Directors	Number of Deferred Share Units
Dr. Douglas J.P. Squires	41,283
J. Spencer Lanthier	46,390(1)
Serge Gouin	45,519(1)
David H. Laidley	45,519(1)
Mark Parrish	43,605
Frank Potter	24,614(1)
Sir Louis Tull	16,650(1)

(1) Assumes an allocation of additional deferred share units in respect of dividends payable on October 4, 2010 to shareholders of record on September 1, 2010. Calculation based on August 13, 2010 Biovail closing price on the NYSE of \$22.50.

#### Non-Executive Chairman and BLS President Agreement with William M. Wells

On June 20, 2010, Biovail, BLS and Mr. Wells entered into the Biovail Non-Executive Chairman and BLS President Agreement (the chairman agreement ). The chairman agreement provides that, upon completion of the merger, the combined company will terminate Mr. Wells s employment without cause under his existing employment agreement dated May 1, 2008 (the prior employment agreement ), and appoint Mr. Wells as non-executive Chairman of the board of directors of the combined company, as described under Board of Directors and Management After the Merger. Mr. Wells will continue to serve as President and Chairman of BLS until the end of the transition period (as defined below).

The chairman agreement will be effective upon completion of the merger and can be terminated by the combined company (or BLS during the transition period) for any reason upon 60 days notice to Mr. Wells or for cause (as defined in the prior employment agreement) with immediate effect. Mr. Wells may terminate the chairman agreement for any reason upon 60 days notice to the combined company (and BLS if during the transition period). No severance benefits will be payable to Mr. Wells upon termination of the chairman agreement.

Under the prior employment agreement, Mr. Wells was entitled to enhanced severance benefits in the event of a termination of his employment without cause following a change in control of Biovail. Although the merger does not automatically qualify as a change in control of Biovail under the prior employment agreement, the board of directors of Biovail has determined that it should be deemed to be, and (as described under Summary of the Merger Agreement Equity Awards; Change in Control Provisions) the merger agreement provides that it will be treated as, a change in control for purposes of all Biovail employee benefit plans and agreements. The board of directors of Biovail made this determination in light of the relative parity in holdings of shares of the combined company between former Biovail shareholders and former Valeant stockholders and the composition of the board of

93

directors of the combined company (an equal number of whom will be former Valeant directors and former Biovail directors), as discussed under Board of Directors and Management After the Merger, and in order to motivate employees both before and after the completion of the merger.

Consequently, the termination of Mr. Wells s employment without cause under the prior employment agreement upon completion of the merger will trigger the following severance benefits (as modified by the chairman agreement): (1) a lump-sum cash payment equal to two times the sum of Mr. Wells s base salary and his target bonus for the fiscal year prior to the year in which the merger occurs; (2) a pro-rated bonus based on his target bonus for the fiscal year in which the merger occurs (or a greater amount if the board of directors of Biovail so determines in its discretion based on performance); (3) two years of continued welfare benefits; and (4) accelerated vesting of any unvested equity awards held by Mr. Wells as of the completion of the merger (other than deferred share units that he holds in his capacity as a director of Biovail). For a quantification of such severance benefits, see Payments on Termination of Employment Following the Merger. The extent of the vesting of Mr. Wells s performance-based restricted share units will be determined based on performance during the applicable performance period through the completion of the merger. For purposes of determining the multiplier used to determine the number of such performance-based restricted will be increased by the value of the post-merger special dividend. Such performance-based restricted share units will be settled shortly following the completion of the merger.

Mr. Wells will be entitled to receive \$350,000 per year during the term of the chairman agreement for his service as non-executive Chairman, to be paid quarterly in the form of deferred share units. Such deferred share units will be granted under, and subject to the terms and conditions of, the applicable equity compensation plan of the combined company.

In addition to his duties as non-executive Chairman, Mr. Wells will have certain responsibilities during the period (the transition period ) extending from the completion of the merger until 15 days after Mr. Pearson attains residency status in Barbados and becomes President and Chairman of BLS. Mr. Pearson may request the board of directors of the combined company to extend the transition period for up to nine additional months, but in no event beyond the 12-month anniversary of the completion of the merger, and Mr. Wells may terminate any such extension upon 30 days notice.

Mr. Wells s responsibilities during the transition period will include serving as President and Chairman of BLS, including maintaining his residence in Barbados and providing support with respect to transaction integration, investor relations and Barbados tax processes and procedures. Mr. Wells will be entitled to receive \$40,000 per month in cash for his services during the transition period, at the end of which he will be entitled to receive a lump-sum cash payment equal to (1) \$860,000 minus (2) the aggregate monthly fees received prior to such time, in each case, subject to Mr. Wells performing the required services during the transition period. Mr. Wells s compensation for any subsequent extension period will be mutually agreed upon by the parties.

During the transition period, Mr. Wells will continue to receive the Barbados-related benefits to which he is entitled under the prior employment agreement, including his current housing, automobile and travel benefits.

Mr. Wells will continue to hold his deferred share units for the duration of the term of the chairman agreement, consistent with his tenure as a member of the board of directors of the combined company. Mr. Wells has also agreed not to sell 75,000 Biovail common shares currently owned by him so long as he remains Chairman of the board of directors of the combined company.

The chairman agreement provides that Mr. Wells remains bound by the terms of the confidentiality agreement he entered into, dated April 21, 2008, as well as the non-competition and non-solicitation provisions of the prior

employment agreement.

### **Employment Agreements with Executive Officers**

Biovail previously entered into an employment agreement with each of its executive officers that provides for the payment of enhanced severance benefits if the executive s employment is terminated under certain circumstances within 12 months following a change in control. Although the merger does not automatically qualify as a change in control of Biovail under these employment agreements, in accordance with the merger agreement and as

described under Non-Executive Chairman and BLS President Agreement with William M. Wells, Biovail will consider the merger a change in control for purposes of these employment agreements.

Pursuant to the employment agreements, the executive officers will receive enhanced severance benefits upon an involuntary termination of employment by the combined company without cause or a voluntary termination by the executive for good reason, in each case within the 12 months following a change in control. Under the employment agreements, good reason is defined as (1) the assignment to the executive officer of any duties that are materially inconsistent with the executive officer s position, (2) a material reduction in the executive officer s base salary.

Upon such a termination, each executive officer is entitled to receive (1) two times the executive s base salary (calculated using the highest annual base salary in the three years prior to the date of employment termination); (2) two times the executive s target level of annual incentive compensation under Biovail s Short-Term Incentive Plan for the year prior to the year in which the termination occurs; and (3) acceleration of any unvested equity compensation awards held by the executive. In connection with the merger, as described above with respect to Mr. Wells s performance-based restricted share units, the board of directors of Biovail has taken action so that the extent of the vesting of each executive officer s performance-based restricted share units will be determined based on performance during the applicable performance period through termination of employment and, if termination of employment occurs prior to payment of the post-merger special dividend, for purposes of determining the multiplier used to determine the number of such performance-based restricted share units that will vest, the price per Biovail common share on the day of termination of employment will be increased by the value of the post-merger special dividend. Such performance-based restricted share units will be settled shortly following termination of employment. In addition, Gilbert Godin and Mark Durham are entitled to a gross-up for any excise taxes imposed as a result of Section 280G of the Code, although no such taxes are expected to be imposed on Biovail executive officers in connection with the merger. The receipt of the payments described above is subject to the executive officer executing a release of claims against Biovail.

#### Payments on Termination of Employment Following the Merger

The following table sets forth the severance benefits that each Biovail executive officer would receive if (or, in the case of Mr. Wells, will receive when) a qualifying termination of employment occurs upon completion of the merger. The following table assumes that the merger occurs on September 28, 2010, that each executive officer experiences a simultaneous qualifying termination of employment and that each executive officer s performance-based restricted share units vest at 200% of target.

			Continued	Number of	Number of Accelerated Time-Basede	Number of Shares Subject to Accelerated erformance-Based
	Carl	Dec Detel	XX - 16	A ] 4 J	Restricted	Restricted
Name	Cash Severance	Pro-Rated Bonus	Welfare Benefits	Accelerated Options	Share Units(1)	Share Units(1)
Ivanic	Severance	Donus	Denents	Options	Units(1)	Units(1)
William M. Wells	\$ 3,440,000	\$ 645,000(2)	\$ 36,648	237,584	19,552	551,388
Margaret J. Mulligan	\$ 1,315,000			125,000	13,031	102,714
Gilbert Godin	\$ 1,650,000			175,000	23,286	154,072
Gregory D. Gubitz	\$ 1,412,800			158,659	20,677	102,714

Mark Durham	\$ 1,083,539	150,000	20,677	102,714
H. Christian Fibiger	\$ 1,440,000	100,000	14,424	102,714
Christine C. Mayer	\$ 1,081,500	150,000	21,439	102,714
Michel Chouinard	\$ 993,470	108,659	12,942	102,714

- (1) Assumes the allocation of additional restricted share units in respect of dividends payable on October 4, 2010 to shareholders of record on September 1, 2010. Calculation based on August 13, 2010 Biovail closing price on the NYSE of \$22.50.
- (2) Assumes Biovail board of directors does not determine, pursuant to the chairman agreement, to pay a greater amount based on performance.

#### Financial Interests of Valeant Directors and Officers in the Merger

In considering the recommendation of the Valeant board of directors that you vote FOR the adoption of the merger agreement and the adjournment proposal, you should be aware that Valeant s directors and executive officers have financial interests in the merger that are in addition to those of Valeant stockholders generally. The Valeant board of directors was aware of and considered these potential interests, among other matters, in evaluating the merger agreement and the merger.

#### Positions with the Combined Company

Following the completion of the merger, certain members of the Valeant board of directors will continue to be directors of the combined company, and Mr. Pearson will serve as Chief Executive Officer of the combined company, as described under Board of Directors and Management After the Merger.

### **Director Restricted Stock Units**

As part of their overall compensation for services on the Valeant board of directors, Valeant s non-employee directors receive annual equity grants of restricted stock units subject to service-based vesting conditions (annual RSUs), and they may elect to receive additional, fully vested restricted stock units in lieu of none, some or all of their cash compensation (elective RSUs). Except for annual RSUs granted in 2010, which constitute accelerated restricted stock units, the annual RSUs and elective RSUs will be treated in the same manner as continuing restricted stock units, as described under Treatment of Valeant Restricted Stock Units and Options. Each restricted stock unit, other than restricted stock units granted to Valeant s non-employee directors in 2010, to the extent vested at the time that the Valeant non-employee director terminates services with the Valeant board of directors (which, as described under

Board of Directors and Management After the Merger, will occur for certain directors at the time of the merger), will be settled in common shares of the combined company on the first anniversary of the director s termination of service. Restricted stock units granted to Valeant non-employee directors in 2010 (as adjusted for the exchange ratio and, as applicable, the pre-merger special dividend adjustment ratio) will be settled in common shares of the combined company within thirty days following the merger. See the table entitled Treatment of Outstanding Valeant Equity Awards, at the end of this section, for a summary of outstanding restricted stock units held by Valeant s non-employee directors.

#### Employment Agreement with J. Michael Pearson

In connection with entering into the merger agreement, Biovail and BLS entered into an employment agreement (the CEO agreement ) with Mr. Pearson, which will become effective on the completion of the merger and will supersede Mr. Pearson s current employment agreement with Valeant. Under the CEO agreement, Mr. Pearson will serve as Chief Executive Officer of the combined company and, once Mr. Pearson establishes his principal residence in Barbados and is legally entitled to be employed in Barbados pursuant to relevant Barbados law, as President of BLS. Mr. Pearson will also serve as a member of the board of directors of the combined company. The term of the CEO agreement expires February 1, 2014, at which time the parties may negotiate in good faith the terms of a new agreement.

Except as described below with respect to the treatment of Mr. Pearson s equity awards, the material terms of the CEO agreement are substantially similar to Mr. Pearson s current employment agreement with Valeant, as amended and restated on March 23, 2010. Under the CEO agreement, Mr. Pearson s base salary will remain at \$1,500,000, his target bonus opportunity will remain at 100% of his base salary, and his maximum bonus opportunity will remain at 200%

of his base salary. The CEO agreement provides for employee benefits and perquisites that are generally made available by the combined company and BLS to their senior executives plus reimbursement for additional relocation, travel, finance, housing and security expenses associated with Mr. Pearson s residency in Barbados. As under Mr. Pearson s current employment agreement with Valeant, pursuant to the CEO agreement, Mr. Pearson would be entitled to a cash severance payment on a qualifying termination of employment by the combined company without Cause (as defined in the CEO agreement) or by Mr. Pearson for Good Reason (as defined below) equal to the sum of two times Mr. Pearson s base salary plus \$3,000,000, a pro-rated annual bonus based on actual performance of the combined company, and accelerated vesting of any unvested equity compensation awards held by Mr. Pearson as of the date of termination (with his

96

performance-based restricted stock units vesting based on performance through the date of termination). Good Reason is defined in the CEO agreement as: (1) diminution of responsibility, including (A) any material reduction in his duties or responsibilities as in effect immediately prior thereto, (B) removal of Mr. Pearson from the position of Chief Executive Officer of the combined company or President of BLS, except in connection with the termination of his employment for disability, Cause, as a result of his death or by Mr. Pearson other than for Good Reason, or (C) any failure to re-nominate Mr. Pearson to the board of directors (including by reason of the failure to obtain any supermajority approval of directors); or (2) any reduction in Mr. Pearson s base salary or target bonus opportunity; or (3) any other material breach by the combined company or BLS of any material provision of the CEO agreement. Mr. Pearson will be subject to covenants not to compete with the combined company or BLS, and not to solicit employees, during his employment and for a period of 12 months thereafter.

Under the terms of Mr. Pearson s current employment agreement with Valeant, certain of Mr. Pearson s outstanding Valeant equity awards were scheduled to vest upon a change in control (which would include the completion of the merger). Assuming the pre-merger special dividend is paid on September 27, 2010, the merger closes on September 28, 2010 and the per share price of Valeant common stock on the business day prior to the payment of the pre-merger special dividend is \$57.75, the vesting of 1,012,295 of Mr. Pearson s options and 1,336,246 of Mr. Pearson s performance-based restricted stock units would have accelerated. In connection with the merger, Mr. Pearson has agreed to waive this accelerated vesting. Therefore, as described above in Treatment of Valeant Restricted Stock Units and Options, Mr. Pearson s outstanding equity awards will be equitably converted into equity awards of the combined company to take into account both the pre-merger special dividend and the merger; provided, that with respect to the performance-based restricted stock units that were granted to Mr. Pearson in 2008, (1) the number of shares underlying the grant will not be adjusted to reflect the pre-merger special dividend, and (2) to the extent these units vest at the end of the applicable performance period (February 2011) based on performance, Mr. Pearson will receive a cash payment at such time equal to the number of vested units multiplied by the pre-merger special dividend. See the table entitled Treatment of Outstanding Valeant Equity Awards, at the end of this section, for a summary of the treatment of outstanding Valeant equity awards held by Mr. Pearson.

In addition, in connection with entering into the CEO agreement and agreeing to waive existing rights to acceleration, and to further incentivize Mr. Pearson, Mr. Pearson will be granted a new award of 486,114 performance-based restricted share units of the combined company under Biovail s 2007 Equity Compensation Plan, as amended on May 28, 2009 (the Biovail 2007 Plan ), that will vest based on the achievement of compound annual total shareholder return of the combined company between 45% and 60% through February 1, 2014, measured off a base price of \$13.37 per share (which was determined based on the base price of the performance share units he was awarded by Valeant in 2009 as adjusted to reflect the pre-merger special dividend and the exchange ratio). The Biovail 2007 Plan limits the maximum number of Biovail s shares issuable from treasury in respect of performance-based awards in any one calendar year to any one participant to 90,000 (the 90,000 Limit ). On August 3, 2010, the Biovail board of directors, in accordance with the provisions of the Biovail 2007 Plan, resolved to suspend the application and effect of the 90,000 Limit with respect to the grant of 486,114 performance-based restricted share units in the combined company to Mr. Pearson.

Mr. Pearson s equity awards in the combined company will have substantially the same terms and conditions as the pre-merger Valeant awards except that Mr. Pearson s equity awards in the combined company will be subject to future accelerated vesting only on a subsequent termination of Mr. Pearson s employment by the combined company without Cause or by Mr. Pearson for Good Reason (as opposed to immediate accelerated vesting on a change in control). In addition, the CEO agreement restricts Mr. Pearson s ability to sell, assign, transfer or otherwise dispose of shares acquired upon the settlement or exercise of any equity awards until the earliest of February 1, 2014, a change in control (excluding the merger and any subsequent change in control where Mr. Pearson serves as the chief executive officer of the ultimate parent company), death, disability, and involuntary termination of employment without Cause or for Good Reason.

### **Executive Severance Agreement with Peter Blott**

Valeant is a party to a severance agreement (the executive severance agreement ) with Mr. Blott, dated as of March 21, 2007. The executive severance agreement expires on December 31, 2010 and will automatically be

extended for successive one-year periods unless, no later than six months prior to a scheduled expiration date, Valeant notifies Mr. Blott that the executive severance agreement will not be extended.

If, in contemplation of the merger or within 12 months after the merger, Mr. Blott s employment is terminated without Cause (as defined in his severance agreement), or he terminates his employment with Good Reason (as defined below), and he agrees not to engage in prohibited activities for a period of one year following termination, he will be entitled to (1) a pro-rated portion of his annual target bonus that would have otherwise been payable in the year of termination; (2) an amount equal to two times the sum of (a) his annual base salary plus (b) the higher of the average of the annual incentive program bonuses paid to him for the five prior years (or such shorter period if he has not been eligible to participate in the annual incentive program for five years) and his target bonus at the time of the completion of the merger; and (3) up to an aggregate of \$20,000 for outplacement services. In addition, for one year after such termination following the merger or such longer period as may be provided by the terms of the appropriate benefit plans, Mr. Blott and his family will be provided with medical, dental and life insurance and retirement (including 401(k) matching) benefits at least equal to those which would have been provided had he not been terminated. Mr. Blott s executive severance agreement provides that payments and benefits under the agreement and all other related arrangements will not exceed the maximum amount that may be paid to him without triggering excess parachute payment penalties under Section 280G of the Code, as amended, but only if this would increase the net amount he would realize after payment of income and excise taxes.

Good Reason is defined as: (1) the assignment to Mr. Blott of duties inconsistent in any material respect with Mr. Blott s position (including status, offices, and reporting requirements), authority or responsibilities as previously existing (except for an assignment to Mr. Blott of duties for an affiliate or subsidiary of the combined company unless such duties are inconsistent in any material respect with Mr. Blott s previous position, authority or responsibilities); (2) a reduction in Mr. Blott s annual base salary or level of eligible (or target) bonus plan participation; (3) the combined company requiring Mr. Blott to be based at any place outside either (a) a 30-mile radius from his current principal work location, or (b) the combined company s executive offices, except for reasonably required business travel; (4) the failure by the combined company to continue in effect any material compensation or benefit plan in which Mr. Blott participates, unless an equitable arrangement (embodied in an ongoing substitute or alternative plan) is made available to him on a basis not materially less favorable than the basis previously existing; (5) the failure of the combined company to cohi may successor to the combined company to assume and agree to perform the executive severance agreement; or (6) any other breach by the combined company of any material provision of the executive severance agreement.

Except for the performance-based restricted stock units granted to Mr. Blott in 2010, subject to Mr. Blott executing a release of his claims against Valeant, all outstanding options to purchase shares of Valeant common stock held by Mr. Blott and each outstanding restricted stock unit award received by Mr. Blott shall be fully vested or exercisable at the merger and will be treated as described in Treatment of Valeant Restricted Stock Units and Options. The vesting of the performance-based restricted stock units granted to Mr. Blott in 2010 shall be in accordance with the same terms as described below for performance-based restricted stock units held by other executive officers.

See the table entitled Treatment of Outstanding Valeant Equity Awards, at the end of this section, for a summary of the treatment of outstanding Valeant equity awards held by Mr. Blott.

### **Employment Offer Letters for Other Executive Officers**

Pursuant to the employment offer letters and amendments thereto (each, an offer letter ) for the executive officers other than Messrs. Pearson and Blott (Dr. Chaudhuri, Messrs. De Silva and Min, and Ms. Karlson), if, in contemplation of

the merger or within 12 months after the merger, the employment of an executive officer is terminated without Cause (as defined in the offer letters), or the executive officer terminates employment for Good Reason (as defined below), the executive officer will be entitled to a payment equal to the sum of (a) a pro-rated bonus for the year of termination based on a target-level bonus, (b) two times the sum of (1) the executive officer s annual base salary then in effect and (2) the executive officer s annual target bonus for the year of termination, and (c) up to an aggregate of \$20,000 for outplacement services. In addition, for one year after such termination or such longer period as may be provided by the terms of the appropriate benefit plans, the executive officer and his/her family will be

#### Table of Contents

provided with health, medical, dental and vision benefits at least equal to those which would have been provided had such officer not been terminated, in accordance with the applicable benefit plans in effect on the termination date.

For purposes of the offer letters, Good Reason is defined as (1) diminution of responsibility, including (A) any material reduction in the executive officers duties or responsibilities as in effect immediately prior thereto, or (B) removal of the executive officer from his or her current position, except in connection with the termination of the executive officer s employment for disability, Cause, as a result of death or by the executive officer other than for Good Reason; (2) any material reduction in base salary or target bonus opportunity; or (3) any other material breach by the combined company of any material provision of the offer letters.

If the executive officer s employment is terminated without Cause, or the executive officer terminates employment for Good Reason in contemplation of the merger or within 12 months following the merger, then the executive officer s options will immediately vest on the date of termination and any time-based restricted stock units granted to the executive officer in connection with the executive officer s purchase of Valeant common stock will immediately vest and Mr. De Silva is entitled to immediate vesting of all outstanding time-based restricted stock units, in each case with respect to the equity awards set forth in their respective offer letters. The receipt of the payments described above is subject to the executive officer executing a release of his/her claims against Valeant.

With respect to each performance-based restricted stock unit granted under the executive officers offer letters, the performance measures will be applied as though the date of the pre-merger special dividend payment were the end of the measurement period and the units will vest based on performance through such date and any unvested portion of the award will be forfeited. Unvested time-based restricted stock units granted under the executive officers offer letters, other than Mr. Blott, will not vest solely as a result of the merger. See the table below entitled Treatment of Outstanding Valeant Equity Awards, for a summary of the treatment of outstanding Valeant equity awards held by the executive officers.

The following table sets forth, for each non-employee director and executive officer, as of August 13, 2010, (1) the aggregate number of shares of Valeant common stock subject to outstanding unvested options to purchase shares of Valeant common stock that will be converted into options to purchase common shares of the combined company (and the weighted average exercise price of those options), (2) the aggregate number of time-based Valeant restricted stock units that will vest at the merger, (3) the aggregate number of time-based Valeant restricted stock units (vested or unvested) that will be converted into restricted share units of the combined company and will remain outstanding following the merger, (4) the aggregate number of Valeant performance-based restricted stock units that will vest at the merger, (5) the aggregate number of Valeant performance-based restricted stock units that will be converted into restricted share units of the combined company and will remain outstanding following the merger, and (6) the amount of cash that will be received in respect of restricted stock units in connection with the payment of the pre-merger special dividend. The amounts shown represent awards denominated in shares of Valeant common stock prior to any applicable equitable conversion as a result of the pre-merger special dividend or the merger. The information set forth in the table assumes the pre-merger special dividend is paid on September 27, 2010, the merger occurs on September 28, 2010 and, for purposes of determining the extent to which performance metrics have been met with respect to performance-based restricted stock units which are being accelerated, a Valeant stock price of \$57.75 on the business day prior to the payment of the pre-merger special dividend.

#### **Treatment of Outstanding Valeant Equity Awards**

					Number of	Cash Payment in Respect of		
		A	eighted verage xercise	Number of Time- Based Restricted	Performance- Based Restricted			
	Number of	Pr	ice per ivested	Stock Units	Stock Units		Pre-Merger	
Name	Unvested Options		)ption Share	(Accelerated/ Converted)	· <b>-</b>		Special Dividend	
Non-Employee Directors								
Brandon B. Boze	0		N/A	0/0	0/0	\$	0	
Robert A. Ingram	0		N/A	3,500/75,553	0/0	\$	58,695	
Richard H. Koppes	0		N/A	2,677/66,846	0/0	\$	44,893	
Lawrence N. Kugelman	0		N/A	2,677/62,912	0/0	\$	44,893	
Anders Lönner	0		N/A	2,677/10,089	0/0	\$	44,893	
Theo Melas-Kyriazi	0		N/A	2,677/57,950	0/0	\$	44,893	
G. Mason Morfit(1)	0		N/A	2,677/22,010	0/0	\$	44,893	
Norma A. Provencio	0		N/A	2,677/36,897	0/0	\$	44,893	
Stephen F. Stefano Executive Officers	0		N/A	2,677/8,225	0/0	\$	44,893	
J. Michael Pearson	1,012,295	\$	24.65	0/350,759	0/1,336,246(2)	\$	13,667,483(3)	
Peter J. Blott(4)	134,198	\$	32.40	31,637/0	185,252/0	\$	3,106,676	
Bhaskar Chaudhuri	213,353	\$	24.27	0/19,728	313,710/0	\$	5,260,917	
Rajiv De Silva	163,223	\$	29.90	0/26,329	230,544/0	\$	3,866,223	
Steve T. Min	133,604	\$	30.53	0/5,736	207,333/0	\$	3,476,974	
Elisa Karlson	118,470	\$	26.34	0/8,978	209,685/0	\$	3,516,417	

- (1) Pursuant to an agreement with ValueAct Capital Management L.P., such awards are held for the benefit of ValueAct Capital.
- (2) With respect to Mr. Pearson s performance awards, the number of units included in the table is based on the maximum number of shares that may still be earned.
- (3) As discussed above, under the terms of the CEO Agreement, cash equal to the pre-merger special dividend payment will be paid to Mr. Pearson in respect of any performance awards that vest in February 2011 at the time of such vesting. No cash in respect of the pre-merger special dividend will be paid to Mr. Pearson at the merger with respect to those awards. The amount set forth in the table is based on the assumption that Mr. Pearson s 2008 performance award, which is scheduled to vest in February 2011, will vest at a maximum performance target.
- (4) In accordance with the terms of Mr. Blott s executive severance agreement, the vesting of each of Mr. Blott s options will accelerate at the merger.

The following table sets forth, for each executive officer, the estimated amounts payable as of the closing date of the merger, assuming a qualifying termination of each executive officer s employment upon that date. For purposes of the table, it has been assumed that the pre-merger special dividend is paid on September 27, 2010, the merger occurs on September 28, 2010 and, for purposes of determining the extent to which performance metrics have been met with respect to performance-based restricted stock units, a Valeant stock price of \$57.75 on the business day prior to the payment of the pre-merger special dividend.

## Payments on Termination of Employment Following the Merger

			Benefits	Number of	Number of Accelerated Time-Based	Number of Accelerated Performance -Based
	Cash	<b>Pro-Rated</b>	and	Accelerated	Restricted Stock	Restricted Stock
Name	Severance	Bonus(1)	Perquisites(2)	Options(3)	Units(3)	Units(3)
J. Michael Pearson	\$ 9,000,000	\$ 1,204,500	\$ 69,397	1,012,295	350,759	1,336,246
Peter J. Blott	\$ 1,280,000	\$ 192,720	\$ 86,916	0	0	0
Bhaskar Chaudhuri	\$ 1,599,922	\$ 240,900	\$ 53,275	213,353	19,728	0
Rajiv De Silva	\$ 1,360,000	\$ 204,765	\$ 44,566	163,223	26,329	0
Steve T. Min	\$ 1,088,000	\$ 163,759	\$ 53,113	133,604	2,867	0
Elisa Karlson	\$ 960,000	\$ 144,540	\$ 53,787	118,470	8,978	0

- (1) The amounts shown in this column are based on performance achieved at target. Mr. Pearson s actual amount would be based on actual performance.
- (2) The amounts shown in this column represent certain benefits and perquisites that the executive officers would receive, including medical insurance coverage, 401(k) matching contributions, life insurance coverage and outplacement services.
- (3) The amounts shown represent awards denominated in shares of Valeant common stock prior to any equitable conversion as a result of the pre-merger special dividend or the merger. The amounts shown do not include awards that vest at the merger, regardless of the officer s subsequent termination of employment. Awards that vest at the merger, regardless of the officer s subsequent termination of employment, are shown in the prior table.

#### Director and Officer Indemnification and Insurance

For six years after the completion of the merger, the combined company will assume and honor the obligations of Valeant and Biovail with respect to all rights to indemnification and exculpation from liabilities, including advancement of expenses, for acts or omissions occurring at or prior to the completion of the merger now existing in favor of the current or former directors or officers of Valeant and Biovail. In addition, for six years after the completion of the merger, the combined company will maintain a directors and officers insurance policy covering each person currently covered by Valeant s and Biovail s directors and officers insurance policy on terms with respect to such coverage and amounts no less favorable than the directors and officers insurance policy maintained by Valeant

or Biovail on the date of the merger agreement. Alternatively, each of Valeant and Biovail may, following consultation with the other party, purchase a six-year tail directors and officers liability insurance policy and fiduciary liability insurance policy covering Valeant or Biovail, as applicable, and its current and former directors and officers who are covered by the directors and officers and fiduciary liability insurance coverage currently maintained by Valeant or Biovail, as applicable, at existing coverage levels.

## Effect of the Merger on Valeant s Convertible Notes

As of June 30, 2010, Valeant had outstanding \$225.0 million aggregate principal amount of 4.0% Convertible Notes. Holders of 4% Convertible Notes may convert their notes at any time and receive shares of Valeant common stock. In the event a holder of 4% Convertible Notes converts its notes into shares of Valeant common stock pursuant to the terms of the indenture pursuant to which the notes were issued prior to the effective time of the merger, those shares will be treated in the merger like all other shares of Valeant common stock.

#### **Table of Contents**

In the event a holder of 4% Convertible Notes does not convert its notes prior to the effective time of the merger, those 4% Convertible Notes will remain outstanding and will become convertible into the merger consideration payable in respect of the Valeant common stock into which such 4% Convertible Notes would have been convertible prior to the merger, and the conversion rate for the 4% Convertibles Notes will be adjusted pursuant to the indenture pursuant to which the notes were issued to account for the pre-merger special dividend. Based on the exchange ratio for the merger, the amount of the pre-merger special dividend (assuming a Current Market Price (as defined in the indenture pursuant to which the notes were issued) of \$57.75 at the close of business on the record date for the pre-merger special dividend) and the terms of the indenture pursuant to which the notes would have a conversion rate of 79.3904 Biovail common shares per \$1,000 principal amount of notes.

On August 16, 2010, Valeant s 3% Convertible Notes matured and the Valeant Warrants expired.

#### Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences

The following discussion summarizes the material U.S. Federal income tax consequences of the merger and the pre-merger special dividend to U.S. holders (as defined below) of Valeant common stock and of the ownership and disposition of the combined company common shares received by such U.S. holders upon the consummation of the merger. The discussion is based on and subject to the Code, the Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder, administrative rulings and court decisions in effect on the date hereof, all of which are subject to change, possibly with retroactive effect, and to differing interpretations. The discussion does not address all aspects of U.S. Federal income taxation that may be relevant to particular Valeant stockholders in light of their personal circumstances or to such stockholders subject to special treatment under the Code, such as, without limitation: banks, thrifts, mutual funds and other financial institutions, traders in securities who elect to apply a mark-to-market method of accounting, tax-exempt organizations and pension funds, insurance companies, dealers or brokers in securities or foreign currency, individual retirement and other deferred accounts, persons whose functional currency is not the U.S. dollar, persons subject to the alternative minimum tax, stockholders who hold their shares as part of a straddle, hedging, conversion or constructive sale transaction, partnerships or other pass-through entities, stockholders holding their shares through partnerships or other pass-through entities, stockholders whose shares are not held as capital assets within the meaning of Section 1221 of the Code, and stockholders who received their shares through the exercise of employee stock options or otherwise as compensation. The discussion does not address any non-income tax considerations or any foreign, state or local tax consequences. For purposes of this discussion, a U.S. holder means a beneficial owner of Valeant common stock who is:

an individual who is a citizen or resident of the United States;

a corporation (or other entity taxable as a corporation for U.S. Federal income tax purposes) created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States or any subdivision thereof;

an estate the income of which is includible in gross income for U.S. Federal income tax purposes regardless of its source; or

a trust if (1) a court within the United States is able to exercise primary supervision over the administration of the trust and one or more U.S. persons have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust, or (2) the trust was in existence on August 20, 1996 and has properly elected under applicable Treasury regulations to be treated as a U.S. person.

This discussion does not purport to be a comprehensive analysis or description of all potential U.S. Federal income tax consequences. Each Valeant stockholder is urged to consult with such stockholder s tax advisor with respect to the particular tax consequences to such stockholder.

If a partnership, including for this purpose any entity that is treated as a partnership for U.S. Federal income tax purposes, holds Valeant common stock, the tax treatment of a partner in the partnership will generally depend upon the status of the partner and the activities of the partnership. A holder that is a partnership and the partners in such partnership should consult their tax advisors about the U.S. Federal income tax consequences of the pre-merger special dividend and the merger and the ownership and disposition of the combined company common shares.

# VALEANT STOCKHOLDERS ARE URGED TO CONSULT WITH THEIR TAX ADVISORS REGARDING THE TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE MERGER AND THE PRE-MERGER SPECIAL

# DIVIDEND TO THEM, INCLUDING THE EFFECTS OF UNITED STATES FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL, AND OTHER TAX LAWS.

#### The Merger

The merger is intended to qualify as a reorganization within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code with no gain or loss recognition to U.S. holders of Valeant common stock for U.S. Federal income tax purposes. It is a condition to closing that, at the effective time of the merger, Skadden will deliver to Valeant and Cravath will deliver to Biovail their respective opinions to the effect that (1) the merger should qualify for U.S. Federal income tax purposes as a reorganization within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code, and (2) U.S. holders of Valeant common stock should not recognize gain under Section 367(a) of the Code on the exchange of their Valeant common stock for Biovail common shares in the merger. The opinions will rely on certain assumptions, including assumptions regarding the absence of changes in existing facts and law and the completion of the merger in the manner contemplated by the merger agreement, covenants and representations made by Valeant, Biovail, BAC and Beach Merger Corp. including those contained in representation letters of officers of Valeant, Biovail, BAC and Beach Merger Corp. and letters provided by financial advisors to the parties. If any of those assumptions, covenants or representations is inaccurate, the opinions may be invalidated, and the U.S. Federal income tax consequences of the merger could differ from those discussed here. In addition, these opinions are not binding on the IRS or any court, and none of Biovail, Valeant, BAC or Beach Merger Corp. intends to request a ruling from the IRS regarding the U.S. Federal income tax consequences of the merger. Consequently, no assurance can be given that the IRS will not challenge the conclusions reflected in the opinions or that a court would not sustain such a challenge.

Assuming the conclusions in the tax opinions are sustained, the merger will have the following U.S. Federal income tax consequences:

none of Biovail, BAC, Beach Merger Corp., or Valeant will recognize gain or loss in the merger;

Valeant stockholders will not recognize gain or loss in the merger, except with respect to cash received in lieu of fractional Biovail common shares (as described below);

the tax basis of the Biovail common shares received in the merger (including fractional shares for which cash is received) by a Valeant stockholder will be the same as the tax basis of the shares of Valeant common stock exchanged therefor;

the holding period for the Biovail common shares received in the merger by a Valeant stockholder (including fractional shares for which cash is received) will include the holding period of the shares of Valeant common stock exchanged therefor; and

Valeant stockholders who receive cash instead of fractional Biovail common shares generally will recognize gain or loss equal to the difference between the amount of cash received and their basis in their fractional Biovail common shares (computed as described above). Such gain or loss will be capital gain or loss, and will be long-term capital gain or loss if the fractional Biovail common shares are treated as having been held for more than one year at the time of the merger. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to limitation.

The conclusions in the tax opinions will not be free from doubt and there are significant factual and legal uncertainties concerning these conclusions (including as to the impact of the pre-merger special dividend described below under

The Pre-Merger Special Dividend ). If the merger were not treated as a reorganization within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code, then each U.S. holder of Valeant common stock would recognize gain or loss equal to the difference between the sum of the fair market value of the Biovail common shares and the amount of cash received in

the merger (including the pre-merger special dividend to the extent it were not treated as a distribution within the meaning of Section 301 of the Code, as described below under The Pre-Merger Special Dividend, and cash received in lieu of fractional Biovail common shares) and its tax basis in the Valeant shares surrendered in exchange therefor. Any gain so recognized would generally be long-term capital gain if the U.S. holder has held the Valeant common stock for more than one year at the time the merger is completed. Long-term capital gain of an individual generally is subject to a maximum U.S. Federal income tax rate of 15% with respect to taxable years beginning on or before December 31, 2010. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to limitations.

Additionally, Section 367(a) of the Code and the applicable Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder provide that where a U.S. shareholder exchanges stock in a U.S. corporation for stock in a non-U.S. corporation in a transaction that would otherwise qualify as a reorganization within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code, the U.S. shareholder is required to recognize gain, but not loss, realized on such exchange unless certain requirements are met. One such requirement is that the fair market value of Biovail must equal or exceed the fair market value of Valeant at the effective time of the merger. Whether this requirement is satisfied will depend upon the measurement of fair market value for these purposes and the facts as they exist at the effective time of the merger. There is no specific legislative, regulatory or other legal guidance as to the methodology for determining fair market value in this context, and therefore the IRS could disagree with various aspects of the methodology used by the parties. Accordingly, it is not possible to reach a definitive conclusion regarding the fair market valuations of Biovail and Valeant at the effective time of the merger and no assurance can be given that the IRS will not challenge the conclusions reflected in the opinions or that a court would not sustain such a challenge. If at the effective time of the merger the fair market value of Valeant were found to exceed that of Biovail, a U.S. holder of Valeant common stock would recognize gain (but not loss) in an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the fair market value as of the closing date of the merger of Biovail common shares received in the merger over such holder s tax basis in the shares of Valeant common stock surrendered by the holder in the merger. Any gain so recognized would generally be long-term capital gain if the holder has held the Valeant common stock for more than one year at the time the merger is completed. Long-term capital gain of an individual generally is subject to a maximum U.S. Federal income tax rate of 15% with respect to taxable years beginning on or before December 31, 2010.

For a holder who acquired different blocks of Valeant common stock at different times and at different prices, realized gain or loss generally must be calculated separately for each identifiable block of shares exchanged in the merger, and a loss realized (but not recognized) on the exchange of one block of shares cannot be used to offset a gain realized on the exchange of another block of shares. If a holder has differing bases or holding periods in respect of Valeant common stock, the holder should consult its tax advisor prior to the exchange with regard to identifying the bases or holding periods of the particular Biovail common shares received in the merger.

A U.S. HOLDER OF VALEANT COMMON STOCK WHO WILL OWN, ACTUALLY OR CONSTRUCTIVELY, AT LEAST FIVE PERCENT OF THE COMBINED COMPANY BY VOTE OR VALUE IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE MERGER WILL QUALIFY FOR NON-RECOGNITION TREATMENT AS DESCRIBED HEREIN ONLY IF THE STOCKHOLDER FILES A GAIN RECOGNITION AGREEMENT WITH THE IRS. ANY SUCH STOCKHOLDER IS URGED TO CONSULT WITH HIS OR HER TAX ADVISOR REGARDING THE DECISION TO FILE A GAIN RECOGNITION AGREEMENT AND THE PROCEDURES TO BE FOLLOWED IN CONNECTION WITH SUCH FILING.

#### The Pre-Merger Special Dividend

Under the terms of the merger agreement, Valeant stockholders of record as of the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the effective time of the merger will be paid a one-time special cash dividend of \$16.77 per share on such business day (the pre-merger special dividend).

The pre-merger special dividend is intended to be treated as a distribution by Valeant within the meaning of Section 301 of the Code and not as consideration paid for Valeant stock in the merger. The tax opinions that are to be delivered by counsels to Valeant and Biovail as a condition to the closing of the merger will be based in part on a determination that the pre-merger special dividend should be treated as such. It is possible that the IRS would disagree with the characterization of the pre-merger special dividend as a distribution by Valeant within the meaning of Section 301 of the Code and instead seek to characterize the pre-merger special dividend as merger consideration paid by Biovail in exchange for a portion of a holder s Valeant common stock. If this characterization were to be sustained, the merger would fail to qualify as a reorganization within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code and a

U.S. holder of Valeant common stock would recognize gain or loss in the manner described above in the third paragraph under The Merger.

Assuming the pre-merger special dividend is characterized as a distribution by Valeant under Section 301 of the Code, the pre-merger special dividend will be treated as a dividend for U.S. Federal income tax purposes to the extent paid out of current or accumulated earnings and profits of Valeant. Generally, individual holders who meet applicable holding period requirements under the Code for qualified dividends (generally more than 60 days during the 121-day period surrounding the ex-dividend date) will be taxed on the pre-merger special dividend at a

#### Table of Contents

maximum U.S. Federal income tax rate of 15% with respect to taxable years beginning on or before December 31, 2010. To the extent that the amount of any dividend exceeds Valeant s current and accumulated earnings and profits, the excess will first be treated as a tax-free return of capital, causing a reduction in the U.S. holder s adjusted basis in the Valeant common stock. If such basis is reduced to zero, any remaining portion of the pre-merger special dividend will be taxed as capital gain, which would be long-term capital gain if the holder has held the Valeant common stock for more than one year at the time the pre-merger special dividend is received.

To the extent an individual holder of Valeant common stock includes in income the pre-merger special dividend as a qualified dividend and such dividend constitutes an extraordinary dividend (generally, where the amount of the dividend exceeds 10% of the holder s tax basis in its stock), any loss on the sale or exchange of such stock, to the extent of such dividend, will be treated as long-term capital loss. Holders of Valeant common stock should consult their tax advisors regarding the possible applicability of the extraordinary dividend provisions of the Code with respect to the pre-merger special dividend and the potential effect of such provisions on any losses realized with respect to Biovail stock received in the merger.

In addition, holders that are corporations should consult their tax advisors regarding the possible availability of a dividends received deduction and the potential applicability of the extraordinary dividend provisions of the Code with respect to the pre-merger special dividend.

Holders should consult their tax advisors regarding any alternative characterization of the pre-merger special dividend, including as consideration received in exchange for their shares of Valeant common stock.

#### **Inversion Transactions**

Section 7874 of the Code (Section 7874) would apply to the merger if, after the merger:

at least 60% of the stock (by vote or value) of the combined company is considered to be held by former stockholders of Valeant by reason of holding stock in Valeant; and

the expanded affiliated group which includes the combined company does not have substantial business activities in Canada.

In determining the amount of shares held by former stockholders of Valeant, the pre-merger distribution is disregarded if it is part of a plan a principal purpose of which is to avoid the purposes of Section 7874.

After the effective time of the merger, the former stockholders of Valeant are not expected to hold more than 60% of the stock of the combined company by reason of being former stockholders of Valeant. However, it is possible that the pre-merger special dividend would be treated as a distribution that is part of a plan a principal purpose of which is to avoid the purposes of Section 7874. In such case, the former stockholders of Valeant may be deemed to hold more than 60% (but less than 80%) of the stock of the combined company.

In that case, if the expanded affiliated group which includes the combined company does not have substantial business activities in Canada, Section 7874 will impose a minimum level of tax on any inversion gain of the U.S. corporation after the acquisition. Generally, inversion gain is defined as (i) the income or gain recognized by reason of the transfer of property to a foreign related person during the 10-year period following the merger, and (ii) any income received or accrued during such period by reason of a license of any property by the U.S. corporation to a foreign related person. In general, the effect of this provision is to deny the use of net operating losses, foreign tax credits or other tax attributes to offset the inversion gain.

#### **Treatment of Dissenters**

The tax consequences to a Valeant stockholder who exercises appraisal rights with respect to such shares and receives payment for its Valeant common stock in cash generally will not depend on the qualification of the merger as a reorganization for U.S. Federal income tax purposes. A holder that receives cash pursuant to the exercise of appraisal rights generally will recognize a capital gain or loss for U.S. Federal income tax purposes, measured by the difference between the holder s basis in such shares and the amount of cash received that is treated as merger consideration. Any gain so recognized would generally be long-term capital gain if the holder has held the Valeant common stock for more than one year at the time the merger is completed. Long-term capital gain of an individual generally is subject to a maximum U.S. Federal income tax rate of 15% with respect to taxable years beginning on or before December 31, 2010. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to limitations.

#### **Ownership of the Combined Company Common Shares**

The following discussion is a summary of certain material U.S. Federal income tax consequences of the ownership and disposition of the combined company common shares to U.S. holders who receive such stock pursuant to the merger and are not included in the first paragraph of Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences.

#### Taxation of Dividends

Dividends (including the post-merger special dividend) will generally be taxed as ordinary income to U.S. holders to the extent that they are paid out of the combined company s current or accumulated earnings and profits, as determined under U.S. Federal income tax principles. As such and subject to the following discussion of special rules applicable to Passive Foreign Investment Companies ( PFICs ), the gross amount of the dividends, if any, paid by the combined company to U.S. holders, without reduction for Canadian withholding taxes, may be eligible to be taxed at lower rates applicable to certain qualified dividends. The maximum U.S. Federal income tax rate imposed on dividends received by individuals from U.S. and certain foreign corporations is 15% with respect to taxable years beginning on or before December 31, 2010. Recipients of dividends from foreign corporations will be taxed at this rate, provided that certain holding period requirements are satisfied and certain other requirements are met, if the dividends are received from certain qualified foreign corporations, which generally includes corporations eligible for the benefits of an income tax treaty with the U.S. that the Secretary of the Treasury determines is satisfactory and includes an information exchange program. Dividends paid with respect to stock of a foreign corporation which is readily tradable on an established securities market in the U.S. will also be treated as having been received from a qualified foreign corporation. The U.S. Department of the Treasury and the IRS have determined that the Canada-U.S. Income Tax Treaty is satisfactory for this purpose. In addition, the U.S. Department of the Treasury and the IRS have determined that common stock is considered readily tradable on an established securities market if it is listed on an established securities market in the U.S. such as the NYSE. Accordingly, dividends received by individual U.S. holders should be entitled to favorable treatment as dividends received with respect to stock of a qualified foreign corporation. Dividends paid by the combined company will not qualify for the dividends received deduction otherwise available to corporate shareholders.

To the extent that the amount of any dividend exceeds the combined company s current and accumulated earnings and profits for a taxable year, the excess will first be treated as a tax-free return of capital, causing a reduction in the U.S. holder s adjusted basis in the combined company common shares. The balance of the excess, if any, will be taxed as capital gain, which would be long-term capital gain if the holder has held the combined company common shares for more than one year at the time the dividend is received (as described below under Sale, Exchange or Other Taxable Disposition ).

In certain circumstances, a U.S. holder may be eligible to receive a foreign tax credit for the Canadian withholding taxes payable in respect of dividends received by the U.S. holder and, in the case of a corporate U.S. holder owning 10% or more of the voting shares of the combined company, for a portion of the Canadian taxes paid by the combined company.

It is possible that the combined company is, or at some future time will be, at least 50% owned by U.S. persons. Dividends paid by a foreign corporation that is at least 50% owned by U.S. persons may be treated as U.S. source income (rather than foreign source income) for foreign tax credit purposes to the extent the foreign corporation has more than an insignificant amount of U.S. source income. The effect of this rule may be to treat a portion of any dividends paid by the combined company as U.S. source income. Treatment of the dividends as U.S. source income in whole or in part may limit a U.S. holder s ability to claim a foreign tax credit for the Canadian withholding taxes payable in respect of the dividends. The Code permits a U.S. holder entitled to benefits under the Canada-U.S. Income Tax Treaty to elect to treat any company dividends as foreign source income for foreign tax credit purposes if the

dividend income is separated from other income items for purposes of calculating the U.S. holder s foreign tax credit. U.S. holders should consult their own tax advisors about the desirability of making, and the method of making, such an election.

The amount of any dividend paid in Canadian dollars will be the U.S. dollar value of the Canadian dollars distributed by the combined company, calculated by reference to the exchange rate in effect on the date the dividend

#### Table of Contents

is includible in the U.S. holder s income, regardless of whether the payment is in fact converted into U.S. dollars on the date of receipt. Generally, a U.S. holder should not recognize any foreign currency gain or loss if the Canadian dollars are converted into U.S. dollars on the date the payment is received. However, any gain or loss resulting from currency exchange fluctuations during the period from the date the U.S. holder includes the dividend payment in income to the date such U.S. holder actually converts the payment into U.S. dollars will be treated as ordinary income or loss. That currency exchange or loss (if any) generally will be income or loss from U.S. sources for foreign tax credit limitation purposes.

#### Sale, Exchange or Other Taxable Disposition

Subject to the following discussion of special rules applicable to PFICs, a U.S. holder will generally recognize taxable gain or loss on the sale, exchange or other taxable disposition of the combined company common shares in an amount equal to the difference between the amount realized on the sale, exchange or other taxable disposition and the holder s tax basis in the combined company common shares. Gain or loss, if any, will generally be U.S. source income for foreign tax credit limitation purposes.

Gain or loss realized on the sale, exchange or other taxable disposition of the combined company common shares generally will be capital gain or loss and will be long-term capital gain or loss if the combined company common shares have been held for more than one year. Long-term capital gain of an individual generally is subject to a maximum U.S. Federal income tax rate of 15% with respect to taxable years beginning on or before December 31, 2010. The deduction of capital losses is subject to limitations.

## Passive Foreign Investment Company Considerations

A PFIC is any foreign corporation if, after the application of certain look-through rules, (a) at least 75% of its gross income is passive income as that term is defined in the relevant provisions of the Code, or (b) at least 50% of the average value of its assets produce passive income or are held for the production of passive income. The determination as to PFIC status is made annually. If a U.S. holder is treated as owning PFIC stock, the U.S. Holder will be subject to special rules generally intended to reduce or eliminate the benefit of the deferral of U.S. Federal income tax that results from investing in a foreign corporation that does not distribute all of its earnings on a current basis. These rules may adversely affect the tax treatment to a U.S. holder of dividends paid by the combined company and of sales, exchanges and other dispositions of the combined company common shares, and may result in other adverse U.S. Federal income tax consequences.

We believe that the combined company common shares should not be treated as shares of a PFIC, and we do not expect that the combined company will become a PFIC in the future. However, there can be no assurance that the IRS will not successfully challenge this position or that the combined company will not become a PFIC at some future time as a result of changes in the combined company s assets, income or business operations.

#### Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

In general, information reporting requirements will apply to the pre-merger special dividend received by holders of Valeant common stock, cash in lieu of fractional Biovail common shares received by Valeant stockholders in the merger, dividends received by U.S. holders of the combined company common shares and the proceeds received on the disposition of the combined company common shares effected within the U.S. (and, in certain cases, outside the U.S.), paid to U.S. holders other than certain exempt recipients (such as corporations). Backup withholding (currently at a rate of 28%) may apply to such amounts if the U.S. holder fails to provide an accurate taxpayer identification number (generally on an IRS Form W-9 provided to the paying agent or the U.S. holder s broker) or is otherwise subject to backup withholding. The amount of any backup withholding from a payment to a U.S. holder will be

allowed as a refund or as a credit against the U.S. holder s U.S. Federal income tax liability, provided that the required information is timely furnished to the IRS.

Assuming the merger is treated as a reorganization, a Valeant stockholder who receives Biovail common shares as a result of the merger will be required to retain records pertaining to the merger. Each Valeant stockholder who is required to file a U.S. Federal income tax return and who is a significant holder that receives Biovail common shares in the merger will be required to file a statement with such U.S. Federal income tax return setting

forth such stockholder s basis in the Valeant common stock surrendered and the fair market value of such stock immediately before the merger. A significant holder is a Valeant stockholder who, immediately before the merger, owned at least 5% of the outstanding stock of Valeant.

#### New Legislation

Recently enacted legislation will require, after December 31, 2012, withholding at a rate of 30% on dividends in respect of, and gross proceeds from the sale of, the combined company common shares held by or through certain foreign financial institutions (including investment funds), unless such institution enters into an agreement with the Secretary of the Treasury to report, on an annual basis, information with respect to accounts or interests in the institution held by certain U.S. persons and by certain non-U.S. entities that are wholly or partially owned by U.S. persons. Accordingly, the entity through which the combined company common shares are held will affect the determination of whether such withholding is required. Similarly, dividends in respect of, and gross proceeds from the sale of, the combined company common shares held by an investor that is a non-financial non-U.S. entity will be subject to withholding at a rate of 30%, unless such entity either (1) certifies to the combined company that such entity does not have any substantial United States owners or (2) provides certain information regarding the entity s substantial United States owners, which the combined company will in turn provide to the Secretary of the Treasury. Non-U.S. stockholders are encouraged to consult with their tax advisors regarding the possible implications of the legislation on their ownership and disposition of the combined company common shares.

#### **Certain Canadian Federal Income Tax Considerations**

Under the merger, holders of Valeant common stock (other than those shares with respect to which appraisal rights are properly exercised and not withdrawn) will receive Biovail common shares (and cash in lieu of fractional shares). Such Biovail common shares are referred to below as combined company common shares.

The following is a general summary, as of the date hereof, of the principal Canadian federal income tax considerations under the Income Tax Act (Canada) and the regulations thereunder (the Tax Act ) of the ownership and disposition of the combined company common shares generally applicable to a holder who, for the purposes of the Tax Act and at all relevant times, (1) beneficially owns combined company common shares as capital property, (2) deals at arm s length with, and is not affiliated with, the combined company, (3) is not (and is not deemed to be) resident in Canada, and (4) will not use or hold (and will not be deemed to use or hold) the combined company common shares in, or in the course of, carrying on a business or part of a business in Canada (a Non-Resident Holder ). The combined company common shares will generally be considered to be capital property for this purpose unless either the Non-Resident Holder holds (or will hold) such combined company common shares in the course of carrying on a business, or the Holder has acquired (or will acquire) such combined company common shares in a transaction or transactions considered to be an adventure or concern in the nature of trade.

This summary is not applicable to: (a) a Non-Resident Holder that is a financial institution, as defined in the Tax Act for purposes of the mark-to-market rules; (b) a Non-Resident Holder, an interest in which would be a tax shelter investment, as defined in the Tax Act; (c) a Non-Resident Holder that is a specified financial institution, as defined in the Tax Act; (d) a Non-Resident Holder that is a corporation that has elected in the prescribed form and manner and has otherwise met the requirements to use functional currency tax reporting as set out in the Tax Act; or (e) a Non-Resident Holder that is a registered non-resident insurer or an authorized foreign bank, both within the meaning of the Tax Act. Any such Non-Resident Holder should consult its own tax advisor.

This summary is based upon the current provisions of the Tax Act and an understanding of the current published administrative and assessing policies and practices of the Canada Revenue Agency. The summary also takes into account all specific proposals to amend the Tax Act and the Regulations that have been publicly announced by or on

behalf of the Minister of Finance (Canada) prior to the date hereof (the Tax Proposals ), and assumes that all such Tax Proposals will be enacted in the form proposed. No assurance can be given that the Tax Proposals will be enacted in the form proposed or at all. This summary does not otherwise take into account or anticipate any changes in law, whether by way of legislative, judicial or administrative action or interpretation, nor does it address any provincial, territorial or foreign tax considerations.

This summary is of a general nature only and is not intended to be, nor should it be construed to be, legal or tax advice to any particular person. Accordingly, Valeant stockholders are urged to consult their own tax advisors about the specific tax consequences to them of acquiring, holding and disposing of combined company common shares.

#### Dividends on combined company common shares

Canadian withholding tax at a rate of 25% (subject to reduction under the provisions of any applicable income tax treaty or convention) will be payable on dividends on combined company common shares paid or credited, or deemed to be paid or credited, to a Non-Resident Holder. The rate of withholding tax applicable to a dividend paid on combined company common shares to a Non-Resident Holder who is a resident of the U.S. for purposes of the Canada-U.S. Income Tax Convention (the Convention ), beneficially owns the dividend and qualifies for the benefits of the Convention will generally be reduced to 15% or, if the Non-Resident Holder is a company that owns at least 10% of the voting stock of the combined company, to 5%. Not all persons who are residents of the U.S. for purposes of the U.S. are advised to consult their tax advisors in this regard. The rate of withholding tax on dividends is also reduced under certain other bilateral income tax treaties or conventions to which Canada is a signatory.

#### Dispositions of combined company common shares

A Non-Resident Holder will not be subject to tax under the Tax Act in respect of any capital gain realized by such Non-Resident Holder on a disposition of combined company common shares unless the combined company common shares constitute taxable Canadian property (as defined in the Tax Act) of the Non-Resident Holder at the time of disposition and the holder is not entitled to relief under the applicable income tax treaty or convention. As long as the combined company common shares are then listed on a designated stock exchange, which currently includes the TSX and the NYSE, the combined company common shares generally will not constitute taxable Canadian property of a Non-Resident Holder, unless either they are otherwise deemed to be taxable Canadian property or at any time during the 60-month period immediately preceding the disposition both (1) the Non-Resident Holder, persons with whom the Non-Resident Holder did not deal at arm s length for the purposes of the Tax Act, or the Non-Resident Holder together with all such persons, owned 25% or more of the issued shares of any class or series of shares of the capital stock of the combined company and (2) the combined company common shares derived more than 50% of their fair market value from (i) real or immoveable property situated in Canada, (ii) Canadian resource properties, (iii) timber resource properties, and (iv) options to acquire such property. If the combined company common shares are considered taxable Canadian property to a Non-Resident Holder, an applicable income tax treaty or convention may exempt that Non-Resident Holder from tax under the Tax Act in respect of the disposition thereof.

#### Accounting Treatment of the Merger

The merger will be accounted for by applying the acquisition method, which requires the determination of the acquirer, the acquisition date, the fair value of assets and liabilities of the acquiree and the measurement of goodwill. Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 805, Business Combinations, provides that in identifying the acquiring entity in a combination effected through an exchange of equity interests, all pertinent facts and circumstances must be considered, including: the constituent company issuing its equity interest in the business combination, the relative voting rights of the stockholders of the constituent companies in the combined entity, the composition of the board of directors and senior management of the combined company, the relative size of each company and the terms of the exchange of equity securities in the business combination, including payment of any premium.

Based on existing Biovail shareholders holding approximately 50.5% of the fully diluted common shares and approximately 54% of the outstanding common shares (measured by voting rights) of the combined company, Biovail being the entity issuing its equity interests in the merger, the similar size of the two companies, the equal initial representation on the board of directors and the fact that none of the other considerations noted above provides a strong indication that Valeant is the acquirer, Biovail is the acquirer of Valeant for accounting purposes.

#### Table of Contents

This means that Biovail will allocate the transaction consideration to the fair value of Valeant s assets and liabilities at the acquisition date, with any excess of the transaction consideration over fair value being recorded as goodwill.

#### **Regulatory Approvals Required for the Merger and Other Regulatory Matters**

Valeant and Biovail have agreed to use their reasonable best efforts to obtain all governmental and regulatory approvals required to complete the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement.

*United States Antitrust.* Under the HSR Act, Biovail and Valeant must file notifications with the FTC and the Antitrust Division of the Department of Justice and observe a mandatory pre-merger waiting period before completing the merger. Valeant and Biovail each filed its required HSR Act notification and report form with respect to the merger on July 6, 2010. On July 22, 2010, the FTC granted early termination of the waiting period under the HSR Act with respect to the proposed merger contemplated by the merger agreement.

*Canada.* The merger is not notifiable under Part IX of the Competition Act (Canada). The Commissioner of Competition can, however, apply to the Competition Tribunal on substantive grounds (namely whether the merger prevents or lessens competition substantially or is likely to do so) for a remedial order under Section 92 of the Competition Act (Canada) at any time before the merger has been completed or, if completed, within one year after it was substantially completed.

*Other Jurisdictions.* In Poland, under the Competition and Consumer Protection Act, Biovail is required to submit a pre-merger notification. On July 2, 2010, Biovail filed its notification with the Polish CCPO. In Mexico, under the Federal Economic Competition Law, Biovail is required to submit a pre-merger notification to the MFCC. On July 8, 2010, Biovail filed its notification with the MFCC. On July 21, 2010, the MFCC cleared the transaction.

*General.* In connection with obtaining the approval of all necessary governmental authorities to complete the merger, including but not limited to the governmental authorities specified above, there can be no assurance that:

governmental authorities will not impose any conditions on the granting of their approval (including a requirement on Biovail, Valeant, or the combined company to divest assets or provide certain undertakings regarding their operations), and, if such conditions are imposed, that Valeant or Biovail will be able to satisfy or comply with such conditions;

compliance or non-compliance will not have adverse consequences on the combined company after completion of the merger; or

the required regulatory approvals will be obtained within the time frame contemplated by Valeant and Biovail or on terms that will be satisfactory to Valeant and Biovail.

We cannot assure you that a regulatory challenge to the merger will not be made or that, if a challenge is made, it will not prevail.

In the event that a governmental approval imposes conditions on, or requires divestitures relating to, the operations or assets of Valeant or Biovail, each party has agreed that the other party would not be required, or permitted without prior written consent, to take any actions with respect to such conditions or divestitures if such actions would, or would reasonably be expected to, result (after giving effect to any reasonably expected proceeds of any divestiture or sale of assets) in a Material Adverse Effect on the combined company. See The Merger Summary of the Merger Agreement Efforts to Complete the Merger on page 121.

## **Exchange of Shares in the Merger**

At or prior to the effective time of the merger, an exchange agent will be appointed to handle the exchange of shares of Valeant common stock for Biovail common shares. Shares of Valeant common stock will be automatically converted into the right to receive Biovail common shares without the need for any action by the holders of Valeant common stock.

As promptly as practicable after the effective time of the merger, the exchange agent will send to each Valeant stockholder of record a letter of transmittal. The letter of transmittal will specify that delivery will be effected, and risk of loss and title to any certificates shall pass, only upon proper delivery of such certificates to the exchange

agent. The letter of transmittal will be accompanied by instructions. Valeant stockholders should **not** return stock certificates with the enclosed proxy card.

After the effective time of the merger, shares of Valeant common stock will no longer be outstanding, will be automatically cancelled and will cease to exist and be delisted from the NYSE and deregistered under the Exchange Act, and each certificate, if any, that previously represented shares of Valeant common stock will represent only the right to receive the merger consideration as described above. Until holders of Valeant common stock have surrendered such stock to the exchange agent for exchange, those holders will not receive the merger consideration or any dividends or distributions on Biovail common shares into which their shares of Valeant common stock have been converted with a record date after the effective time of the merger.

Valeant stockholders will not receive any fractional Biovail common shares pursuant to the merger. Instead of any fractional shares, Valeant stockholders who otherwise would have received a fraction of a Biovail common share will receive an amount in cash equal to such fractional amount multiplied by the average of the volume weighted average price of Biovail common shares on the NYSE on each of the 10 consecutive trading days ending with the second complete trading day prior to the effective time of the merger.

Biovail shareholders need not take any action with respect to their share certificates.

#### **Intended Dividend Payment Post-Merger**

The Biovail board of directors declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.095 per common share payable on October 4, 2010 to shareholders of record at the close of business on September 1, 2010. The ex-dividend date for this dividend is August 30, 2010. Holders of Valeant common stock will not be entitled to this Biovail quarterly dividend even if the merger is completed before October 4, 2010. Biovail paid a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.095 per common share in the second quarter of 2010 and a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.090 per common share in the first quarter of 2010. During each of the four quarters of 2009 and 2008, Biovail declared a quarterly cash dividend on its common shares. Contingent upon the closing of the merger and subject to the discretion of the board of directors of the combined company may determine, the combined company will pay the \$1.00 per common share post-merger special dividend to shareholders of the combined company after which the combined company does not intend to pay dividends. It is the intention of the directors of Valeant and Biovail that will continue as directors of the combined company to support the declaration and payment of the post-merger special dividend at the applicable time following the merger.

#### Listing of Biovail Common Shares

It is a condition to the completion of the merger that the Biovail common shares issuable in the merger or after the merger in respect of Valeant equity awards be approved for listing on the NYSE and TSX. It is expected that following the merger, common shares of the combined company will trade on the NYSE under the symbol VRX and on the TSX under a symbol to be determined subject to Biovail satisfying certain listing requirements of the NYSE and the TSX.

#### **De-Listing and Deregistration of Valeant Common Stock**

When the merger is completed, the Valeant common stock currently listed on the NYSE will cease to be listed on the NYSE and will be deregistered under the Exchange Act.

#### **Appraisal/Dissent Rights**

Table of Contents

Under the merger agreement, the Valeant stockholders of record who do not vote in favor of the adoption of the merger agreement and who otherwise comply with the procedures for exercising appraisal rights under Delaware law will be entitled to seek appraisal rights in connection with the merger and, if the merger is completed, obtain payment in cash of the fair value of their shares of common stock as determined by the Delaware Chancery Court, instead of the merger consideration. To exercise appraisal rights, Valeant stockholders must strictly follow the procedures described by Delaware law. Due to the complexity of these procedures, Valeant stockholders who are

#### Table of Contents

considering exercising such rights are encouraged to seek the advice of legal counsel. These procedures are summarized under the heading, Appraisal/Dissent Rights beginning on page 169 of this joint proxy statement/prospectus. In addition, the text of the applicable provisions of Delaware law is included as Annex F to this joint proxy statement/prospectus. Failure to strictly comply with these provisions will result in loss of the right of appraisal. See Appraisal/Dissent Rights beginning on page 169.

Under the CBCA, the holders of Biovail common shares are not entitled to dissent rights in connection with the merger or any of the Biovail proposals.

#### **Restrictions on Sales of Shares by Certain Affiliates**

The Biovail common shares to be issued in connection with the merger will be freely transferable under the Securities Act, except for shares issued to any Valeant stockholder who may be deemed to be an affiliate of Valeant or Biovail. Persons who may be deemed to be affiliates include Valeant directors or executive officers who become directors or executive officers of the combined company after the merger. This joint proxy statement/prospectus does not cover resales of Biovail common shares received by any person upon the completion of the merger, and no person is authorized to make any use of this joint proxy statement/prospectus in connection with any resale.

The sale of Biovail common shares received pursuant to the merger will be free from restriction under applicable Canadian securities legislation on the first trade of such Biovail common shares provided that (1) such sale is not a control distribution, (2) no unusual effort is made to prepare the market or to create a demand for the Biovail common shares, (3) no extraordinary commission or consideration is paid to a person or company in respect of such sale and (4) if the selling security holder is an insider or officer of Biovail, the selling security holder has no reasonable grounds to believe that Biovail is in default of Canadian securities laws.

#### Litigation Related to the Merger

On June 22, 2010, a stockholder of Valeant filed a purported class action complaint in Superior Court for Orange County, California, captioned <u>Deckter v. Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, et al.</u>, Case No. 30-2010-383335-CU-BT-CXC, on behalf of himself and all other Valeant stockholders against Valeant and eight of its directors. The complaint alleges that the individual defendants, aided and abetted by Valeant, breached their fiduciary duties of care, loyalty, candor and independence to shareholders in connection with the proposed merger of Valeant with Biovail. Among other things, the complaint alleges that the merger agreement fixes a price per share that is inadequate and unfair, and effectively caps the value of Valeant s stock and precludes competitive bidding through measures such as a voting agreement with a Valeant stockholder, ValueAct Capital. The complaint alleges that the individual defendants are using the proposed merger to aggrandize their own financial position at the expense of Valeant s stockholders, have ignored purported conflicts of interests, and have failed to provide stockholders with material information necessary to make an informed decision whether to vote in favor of the merger. The complaint seeks declaratory and injunctive relief, including enjoining or rescinding the merger to the extent already implemented and requiring the defendants to effect a transaction which is in the best interests of Valeant stockholders.

On July 1, 2010, a stockholder of Valeant filed a purported class action complaint in Superior Court for Orange County, California, captioned Pronko v. Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, et al., Case No. 30-2010-386784-CU-SL-CXC, on behalf of himself and all other Valeant stockholders against Valeant and its directors. The complaint alleges that the individual defendants, aided and abetted by Valeant, breached their fiduciary duties of care and loyalty to shareholders in connection with the proposed merger of Valeant with Biovail. Among other things, the complaint alleges that the merger agreement fixes a price per share that is inadequate and unfair, and effectively caps the value of Valeant s stock and precludes competitive bidding through measures such as a termination fee and non-solicitation and notification covenants. The complaint alleges that the individual defendants are using

the proposed merger to aggrandize their own financial position at the expense of Valeant stockholders and have ignored purported conflicts of interests. The complaint seeks damages and declaratory and injunctive relief, including enjoining or rescinding the merger to the extent already implemented and requiring the defendants to effect a transaction which is in the best interests of Valeant stockholders.

On July 13, 2010, a stockholder of Valeant filed a purported class action complaint in Superior Court for Orange County, California, captioned Martino v. Pearson, et al., Case No. 30-2010-389330-CU-SL-CXC, on behalf of herself and all other Valeant stockholders against Valeant and its directors. The complaint alleges that the individual defendants, aided and abetted by Valeant, breached their fiduciary duties of loyalty and good faith to shareholders in connection with the proposed merger of Valeant with Biovail. Among other things, the complaint alleges that the merger agreement fixes a price per share that is inadequate and unfair, and effectively caps the value of Valeant s stock and precludes competitive bidding through measures such as a termination fee, a requirement that any prior or ongoing discussions with other potential suitors be discontinued, non-solicitation and notification covenants, and granting Biovail the right to match any unsolicited proposal. The complaint alloges that the individual defendants are using the proposed merger to aggrandize their own financial position at the expense of Valeant stockholders and have ignored purported conflicts of interests. The complaint seeks damages and declaratory and injunctive relief, including enjoining or rescinding the merger to the extent already implemented and requiring the defendants to effect a transaction which is in the best interests of Valeant stockholders.

On July 14, 2010, a stockholder of Valeant filed a purported class action complaint in Superior Court for Orange County, California, captioned <u>Haro v. Pearson, et al.</u>, Case No. 30-2010-389773-CU-BT-CXC, on behalf of himself and all other Valeant stockholders against Valeant, certain Valeant officers and directors, Biovail, BAC and Beach Merger Corp. The complaint alleges that the individual defendants, aided and abetted by Valeant, Biovail, BAC and Beach Merger Corp., breached their fiduciary duties of care, loyalty, good faith and independence to Valeant stockholders in connection with the proposed merger of Valeant with Biovail. Among other things, the complaint alleges that the merger agreement fixes a price per share that is inadequate and unfair, fails to guard against fluctuations in the price of Biovail stock that would negatively affect Valeant stockholders, and effectively caps the value of Valeant stockholder, ValueAct Capital, a termination fee and a non-solicitation covenant. The complaint also alleges that the individual defendants are using the proposed merger to aggrandize their own financial position at the expense of Valeant stockholders and have ignored purported conflicts of interests. The complaint seeks various forms of relief, including a court order declaring that individual defendants have breached their fiduciary duties, enjoining or rescinding the merger to the extent already implemented and requiring the defendants to effect a transaction which is in the best interests of Valeant stockholders.

On July 16, 2010, a stockholder of Valeant filed a purported class action complaint in the Chancery Court for the State of Delaware captioned <u>Porto v. Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, et al.</u>, C.A. No. 5644, on behalf of himself and all other Valeant stockholders against Valeant, Valeant s directors, Biovail, BAC and Beach Merger Corp. The complaint alleges that the individual defendants, aided and abetted by Valeant, Biovail, BAC and Beach Merger Corp., breached their fiduciary duties of care, loyalty, candor and good faith to Valeant stockholders in connection with the proposed merger of Valeant with Biovail. Among other things, the complaint alleges that the merger agreement fixes a price per share that is inadequate and unfair and precludes competing offers through measures such as a voting agreement with a Valeant stockholder, ValueAct Capital, a termination fee and a non-solicitation covenant. The complaint also alleges that the individual defendants have conflicts of interests regarding the proposed merger because of arrangements for continued employment of certain individual defendants.

On July 21, 2010, a stockholder of Valeant filed a purported class action complaint in the Court of Chancery for the State of Delaware captioned <u>Marion v. Pearson, et al.</u>, Case No. 5658, on behalf of himself and all other Valeant stockholders against Valeant and its directors. The complaint alleges that the individual defendants, aided and abetted by Valeant, breached their fiduciary duties of care, loyalty and good faith to stockholders in connection with the proposed merger of Valeant with Biovail. Among other things, the complaint alleges that the merger agreement fixes a price per share that is inadequate and unfair, and effectively caps the value of Valeant s stock and precludes competitive bidding through measures such as a termination fee, a requirement that any prior or ongoing discussions with other potential suitors be discontinued, and non-solicitation and notification covenants. The complaint also

alleges that the individual defendants are using the proposed merger to aggrandize their own financial position at the expense of Valeant stockholders and have ignored purported conflicts of interests. The complaint seeks various forms of relief, including a court order declaring that the individual defendants have breached their fiduciary duties, enjoining or rescinding the merger to the extent already implemented, requiring the

defendants to effect a transaction which is in the best interests of Valeant stockholders and requiring the defendants to account to the plaintiff and the class for any damages suffered as a result of the defendants alleged wrongdoing.

On July 22, 2010, a stockholder of Valeant filed a purported class action complaint in the Court of Chancery for the State of Delaware captioned Soukup v. Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, et al., C.A. No. 5664 on behalf of himself and all other stockholders of Valeant against Valeant, Valeant s directors, Biovail, BAC and Beach Merger Corp. The complaint alleges that the individual defendants, aided and abetted by Valeant, Biovail, BAC and Beach Merger Corp, breached their fiduciary duties of care, loyalty, candor, good faith and independence to stockholders in connection with the proposed merger of Valeant with Biovail. Among other things, the complaint alleges that the merger agreement fixes a price per share that is inadequate and unfair, and effectively caps the value of Valeant s stock and precludes competitive bidding through measures such as a termination fee, a requirement that any prior or ongoing discussions with other potential suitors be discontinued, non-solicitation and notification covenants, and granting Biovail the right to match any unsolicited proposal. The complaint also alleged that the individual defendants are using the proposed merger to aggrandize their own financial position at the expense of Valeant stockholders and have ignored purported conflicts of interests. The complaint seeks various forms of relief, including a court order declaring that the individual defendants have breached their fiduciary duties, enjoining or rescinding the merger to the extent already implemented, requiring the defendants to effect a transaction which is in the best interests of Valeant stockholders and requiring the defendants to account to the plaintiff and the class for any damages suffered as a result of the defendants alleged wrongdoing.

On July 27, 2010, the plaintiffs in the <u>Porto</u> action and the <u>Marion</u> action filed amended complaints that include the additional allegations that the defendants failed to disclose adequate information to ensure an informed stockholder vote and disclosed materially misleading information. The amended complaints seek various forms of relief, including a court order declaring that individual defendants have breached their fiduciary duties, enjoining or rescinding the merger to the extent already implemented, requiring the defendants to effect a transaction which is in the best interests of Valeant stockholders and requiring the defendants to account to the plaintiffs and the class for any damages suffered as a result of the defendants alleged wrongdoing.

On July 28, 2010, the plaintiff in the Porto action filed a motion for a preliminary injunction and a motion to expedite the proceedings.

On August 2, 2010, the Court of Chancery granted an order consolidating the <u>Porto</u>, <u>Soukup</u> and <u>Marion</u> actions into a case captioned <u>In re Valeant Pharmaceuticals International Shareholders Litigation</u> (the Consolidated Action ).

On August 3, 2010, the Court of Chancery entered a stipulated case management and class certification order in the Consolidated Action that conditionally certified the Consolidated Action as a class action without opt-out rights. The Class consists of all persons who held shares of stock of Valeant (excluding defendants named in the lawsuit and their immediate families) at any time during the period from and including April 22, 2010, through the date of consummation of the merger. Further, the order set an expedited schedule for the Consolidated Action that anticipates a hearing on Plaintiffs motion for a preliminary injunction on September 15, 2010.

On August 4, 2010, the plaintiffs in the Consolidated Action filed a Verified Consolidated Class Action Complaint (the Consolidated Complaint ) on behalf of the holders of the common stock of Valeant against Valeant, the directors of Valeant, BAC and Beach Merger Corp. The Consolidated Complaint alleges that the directors of Valeant, aided and abetted by BAC and Beach Merger Corp., breached their fiduciary duties of care, loyalty, candor and good faith to Valeant stockholders in connection with the proposed merger of Valeant with Biovail. Among other things, the complaint alleges that the Valeant directors failed to take steps to maximize the value of Valeant to its public stockholders, by, among other things, failing to adequately consider potential acquirers and instead favoring their own or their fellow directors or executive officers interests rather than interests of Valeant s stockholders; failed to secure

safeguards on behalf of Valeant stockholders against the decline in the value of the stock component of the consideration to be paid to Valeant s stockholders in the proposed merger; and failed to fully disclose all material information necessary to cast an informed vote on the proposed merger. The Consolidated Complaint seeks various forms of relief, including a court order declaring that the action is properly maintainable as a class action and certifying certain plaintiffs as class representatives; enjoining the Valeant directors and all persons acting in concert with them from consummating the proposed merger unless Valeant

implements a procedure to obtain a merger agreement providing the best possible terms for stockholders; rescinding, to the extent already implemented, the proposed merger or any of the terms thereof; and directing the Valeant directors to account to the class for all damages suffered as a result of the Valeant directors alleged wrongdoing.

## Amendments to Biovail s Articles of Continuance

In connection with the merger, the Biovail board of directors has recommended that Biovail s shareholders vote in favor of the resolution to amend the Biovail articles of continuance to change Biovail s name to Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, Inc. The approval of this amendment is a condition to the merger. Further, in the event this proposal is adopted by Biovail shareholders, but the merger is not completed, Biovail will not file articles of amendment effectuating this amendment.

## Summary of the Merger Agreement

Set forth below is a summary of the material provisions of the merger agreement which is included as Annex A to this joint proxy statement/prospectus and is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety. The rights and obligations of Valeant and Biovail are governed by the express terms and conditions of the merger agreement and not by this summary or any other information contained in this joint proxy statement/prospectus. This summary may not contain all of the information about the merger agreement that is important to you. Biovail shareholders and Valeant stockholders are urged to read the merger agreement carefully and in its entirety as well as this joint proxy statement/prospectus before making any decisions regarding the merger, the issuance of Biovail common shares necessary to complete the merger and the issuance of such other Biovail common shares as contemplated by the merger agreement or the amendment of Biovail s articles of continuance to effect Biovail s name change.

The merger agreement is included in this joint proxy statement/prospectus to provide you with information regarding its terms and is not intended to provide any factual information about Valeant or Biovail. The merger agreement contains representations and warranties by each of the parties to the merger agreement. These representations and warranties were made solely for the benefit of the other parties to the merger agreement and (1) were not intended to be treated as categorical statements of fact, but rather as a way of allocating the risk to one of the parties if those statements prove to be inaccurate; (2) may have been qualified in the merger agreement by disclosures that were made to the other party in connection with the negotiation of the merger agreement; (3) may apply contract standards of materiality that are different from materiality under the applicable securities laws; and (4) were made only as of the date of the merger agreement or such other date or dates as may be specified in the merger agreement.

Valeant and Biovail each acknowledges that, notwithstanding the inclusion of the foregoing cautionary statements, it is responsible for considering whether additional specific disclosures of material information regarding material contractual provisions are required to make the statements in this joint proxy statement/prospectus not misleading.

Accordingly, the representations and warranties and other provisions of the merger agreement should not be read alone, but instead should be read together with the information provided elsewhere in this joint proxy statement/prospectus and in the documents incorporated by reference into this joint proxy statement/prospectus. See Where You Can Find More Information beginning on page 175.

This summary is qualified in its entirety by reference to the merger agreement a copy of which is included as Annex A to this joint proxy statement/prospectus.

## Terms of the Merger; Merger Consideration

In order to effect the combination of Valeant and Biovail, the merger agreement provides for the merger of Beach Merger Corp. with and into Valeant pursuant to Delaware law. Valeant will be the surviving corporation in the merger and will become a wholly owned subsidiary of BAC. Prior to the merger, Valeant intends to pay to its stockholders of record as of the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the effective time of the merger the pre-merger special dividend. The payment of the pre-merger special dividend is a condition to the

#### Table of Contents

completion of the merger. In the merger, each share of Valeant common stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to the completion of the merger, except for any shares of Valeant common stock held by Valeant, as treasury stock, Biovail, BAC or Beach Merger Corp. (which will be cancelled) and other than those shares of Valeant common stock with respect to which appraisal rights are properly exercised and not withdrawn, will be converted into the right to receive 1.7809 Biovail common shares.

Biovail will not issue any fractional Biovail common shares in the merger. Instead, a Valeant stockholder who otherwise would have received a fraction of a Biovail common share will receive an amount in cash equal to such fractional amount multiplied by the average of the volume weighted average price of Biovail common shares on the NYSE on each of the 10 consecutive trading days ending with the second complete trading day prior to the effective time of the merger.

The certificate of incorporation and the bylaws of Beach Merger Corp., as in effect immediately prior to the effective time of the merger, will be the certificate of incorporation and the bylaws of Valeant after the effective time of the merger.

#### Completion of the Merger

Unless the parties agree otherwise, the closing of the merger will take place no later than the second business day after all conditions to the completion of the merger have been satisfied or waived (if permissible by applicable law). The merger will be effective at the time specified in the certificate of merger filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware.

As of the date of this joint proxy statement/prospectus, Valeant and Biovail currently expect to complete the merger before the end of 2010, subject to receipt of required shareholder and regulatory approvals and the satisfaction or waiver of the conditions to the merger described in the merger agreement. There can be no assurance as to when, or if, the merger will occur. If the merger is not completed by February 28, 2011, either Valeant or Biovail may terminate the merger agreement, except that the right to terminate the merger agreement under such circumstances will not be available to any party if such failure of the merger to be completed is a result of a breach of the merger agreement by such party or the failure of any representation or warranty of such party contained in the merger agreement to be true and correct. See Termination of the Merger Agreement beginning on page 126.

#### **Representations and Warranties**

The merger agreement contains reciprocal representations and warranties, many of which are qualified by materiality or Material Adverse Effect.

Material Adverse Effect is defined in the merger agreement generally to mean a fact, circumstance, effect, change, event or development that materially adversely affects the business, properties, financial condition or results of operations of a party and its subsidiaries, taken as a whole, except that the definition of Material Adverse Effect excludes any effect that results from or arises in connection with: (a) changes or conditions generally affecting the industries in which the applicable party operates (unless the effect has a materially disproportionate effect on such party and its subsidiaries taken as a whole relative to others in such industries); (b) general economic or regulatory, legislative or political conditions or securities, credit, financial or other capital markets conditions (unless the effect has a materially disproportionate effect on such party and its subsidiaries taken as a whole relative to others in such industries); (c) any failure, in and of itself, to meet any internal or published projections, forecasts, estimates or predictions in respect of revenues, earnings or other financial or operating metrics for any period (it being understood that the facts or occurrences giving rise to or contributing to such failure may be deemed to constitute, or be taken into account in determining whether there has been or will be, a Material Adverse Effect); (d) the execution or delivery or

pendency of the merger agreement or the announcement of the merger or completion of the merger; (e) any change, in and of itself, in the market price, credit rating or trading volume of such party s securities (it being understood that the facts or occurrences giving rise to or contributing to such change may be deemed to constitute, or be taken into account in determining whether there has been or will be, a Material Adverse Effect); (f) any change in applicable law or generally accepted accounting principles (unless the effect has a materially disproportionate effect on such party and its subsidiaries taken as a whole relative to others in the industries in which such party operates); (g) geopolitical

#### **Table of Contents**

conditions, the outbreak or escalation of hostilities or any acts of war, sabotage or terrorism threatened or underway as of June 20, 2010; or (h) any hurricane, tornado, flood, earthquake or other natural disaster.

The representations and warranties relate to, among other topics, the following:

organization, standing and corporate power;

ownership of subsidiaries;

capital structure;

authority relative to the execution and delivery of the merger agreement, and the execution, delivery and enforceability of the merger agreement;

absence of conflicts with, or violations of, organizational documents and other agreements or obligations and required consents;

SEC (and, in the case of Biovail, Canadian Securities Authorities) documents and financial statements;

absence of undisclosed liabilities and off-balance-sheet arrangements;

internal controls and disclosure controls and procedures;

accuracy of information supplied or to be supplied for use in this joint proxy statement/prospectus;

absence of certain changes and events from January 1, 2010, to the date of execution of the merger agreement;

tax matters;

benefits matters and ERISA compliance;

litigation;

compliance with applicable laws and permits;

environmental matters;

material contracts;

owned and leased real property;

intellectual property;

regulatory matters;

insurance matters;

collective bargaining agreements and other labor matters;

brokers and financial advisors fees payable in connection with the merger;

opinions from financial advisors;

affiliate transactions; and

no representations being made by the parties other than those contained in the merger agreement.

The merger agreement also contains certain representations and warranties of Biovail with respect to its direct wholly owned subsidiary, BAC, and its indirect wholly owned subsidiary, Beach Merger Corp., including Beach Merger Corp. s lack of prior business activities.

# **Conduct of Business**

Each of Valeant and Biovail has agreed to certain covenants in the merger agreement restricting the conduct of its respective business between the date of the merger agreement and the effective time of the merger. In general, each of Valeant and Biovail has agreed to (a) conduct its business in the ordinary course in all material respects and

#### **Table of Contents**

(b) use reasonable best efforts to preserve intact its business organization and advantageous business relationships and keep available the services of its current officers and employees.

In addition, and without limiting the generality of the foregoing, each of Valeant and Biovail has agreed to various specific restrictions relating to the conduct of its business between the date of the merger agreement and the effective time of the merger, including the following (subject in each case to exceptions specified in the merger agreement or previously disclosed in writing to the other party as provided in the merger agreement):

declaring or paying dividends or other distributions, other than regular quarterly cash dividends not exceeding \$0.095 per share, in the case of Biovail, and the pre-merger special dividend, in the case of Valeant;

splitting, combining, subdividing or reclassifying any of its capital stock or issuing of any other securities in substitution for shares of its capital stock;

repurchasing, redeeming or otherwise acquiring its own capital stock;

issuing, selling or otherwise encumbering shares of capital stock, voting securities or other equity interests;

amending its charter or bylaws or equivalent organizational documents;

making changes in employee benefit plans or increasing compensation and benefits paid to employees;

making any change in financial accounting methods, except as required by a change in GAAP;

acquiring any equity interest in, or business of, any person, or any material property or assets, or entering into any in-licensing agreement or similar agreement or arrangement relating to rights to any active pharmaceutical ingredient (including any formulation or product containing such active pharmaceutical ingredient) if the aggregate amount of consideration paid in connection with all such transactions would exceed \$50 million;

out-licensing or otherwise encumbering any rights in any material intellectual property;

selling, leasing, encumbering or otherwise disposing of any properties or assets that have a fair market value, individually or in the aggregate, of greater than \$25 million;

incurring greater than \$25 million in the aggregate of indebtedness in the ordinary course of business or any indebtedness outside the ordinary course of business other than indebtedness in place of existing indebtedness and guarantees of indebtedness of any wholly owned subsidiary;

making capital expenditures in excess of specified amounts;

entering into or amending any contracts, or taking other actions, that would reasonably be expected to prevent or materially impede or delay the completion of the merger or adversely affect in a material respect the expected benefits (taken as a whole) of the merger;

entering into or amending any material contract to the extent that completion of the merger or compliance with the merger agreement would reasonably be expected to conflict with or cause a default, create a lien, or cause a loss of a material benefit under such material contract;

waiving, releasing or assigning any material claims;

settling any claims or litigations other than those resulting in the payment of monetary damages that would not exceed \$15 million in the aggregate;

taking certain actions with respect to taxes; or

authorizing or committing to any, or participating in any discussions with any other person regarding any, of the foregoing actions.

### No Solicitation of Alternative Proposals

Each of Valeant and Biovail has agreed that, from the time of the execution of the merger agreement until the completion of the merger, none of Valeant or Biovail shall, nor shall it authorize or permit any of its affiliates or any of its or their respective directors, officers or employees or any of its or their respective investment bankers, accountants, attorneys or other advisors, agents or representatives to, (a) directly or indirectly solicit, initiate or knowingly encourage, induce or facilitate any takeover proposal or any inquiry or proposal that may reasonably be expected to lead to a takeover proposal, (b) directly or indirectly participate in any discussions or negotiations with any person regarding, or furnish to any person any information with respect to, or cooperate in any way with any person with respect to any takeover proposal or any inquiry or proposal that may reasonably be expected to lead to a takeover proposal, or (c) waive, terminate, modify or fail to enforce any provision of any confidentiality or standstill or similar obligation with respect to such party or its subsidiaries. A takeover proposal with respect to a party essentially means any proposal or offer with respect to any (1) merger, amalgamation, arrangement, consolidation, share exchange, other business combination or similar transaction involving such party or its subsidiaries, (2) sale, lease, contribution or other disposition, directly or indirectly, of any business or assets representing 20% or more of the consolidated revenues, net income or assets of such party and its subsidiaries, taken as a whole, (3) issuance, sale or other disposition, directly or indirectly, to any person or group of securities representing 20% or more of the voting power of such party, (4) transaction in which any person shall acquire, directly or indirectly, beneficial ownership, or the right to acquire beneficial ownership, or the formation of any group which beneficially owns or has the right to acquire beneficial ownership of, 20% or more of such party s common shares or (5) any combination of the foregoing.

The board of directors of each of Valeant and Biovail will be permitted, prior to the receipt of the relevant shareholder approval required to complete the merger, to furnish information with respect to Valeant or Biovail, as applicable, and their respective subsidiaries to a person making a bona fide written takeover proposal and participate in discussions and negotiations with respect to such bona fide written takeover proposal if the board of directors of such party determines in good faith (after consultation with outside counsel and a financial advisor of nationally recognized reputation) that such proposal constitutes or is reasonably likely to lead to a superior proposal. A superior proposal with respect to a party essentially means any binding bona fide written proposal or offer with respect to any (1) merger, amalgamation, arrangement, consolidation, share exchange, other business combination or similar transaction involving such party or its subsidiaries, (2) sale, lease, contribution or other disposition, directly or indirectly, of any business or assets representing 50% or more of the consolidated revenues, net income or assets of such party and its subsidiaries, taken as a whole, (3) issuance, sale or other disposition, directly or indirectly, to any person or group of securities representing 50% or more of the voting power of such party, (4) transaction in which any person shall acquire, directly or indirectly, beneficial ownership, or the right to acquire beneficial ownership, or the formation of any group which beneficially owns or has the right to acquire beneficial ownership of, 50% or more of the such party s common shares or (5) any combination of the foregoing, which (a) the board of directors of such party determines in good faith (after consultation with outside counsel and a financial advisor of nationally recognized reputation) is on terms superior from a financial point of view to the holders of common shares of such party than the merger, taking into account all the terms and conditions of such proposal and the merger agreement (including any changes proposed by the other party to the terms of the merger agreement), and (b) is fully financed or reasonably capable of being fully financed, reasonably likely to receive all required governmental approvals on a timely basis and otherwise reasonably capable of being completed on the terms proposed.

The merger agreement requires that the parties notify each other of the receipt of any takeover proposals and of the material terms and conditions of any such takeover proposal. The merger agreement also requires both Valeant and Biovail to cease and cause to be terminated all discussions or negotiations with any person conducted prior to execution of the merger agreement with respect to any takeover proposal, or any inquiry or proposal that may reasonably be expected to lead to a takeover proposal, request the prompt return or destruction of all confidential

information previously furnished in connection therewith, immediately terminate all physical and electronic dataroom access previously granted to any such person, and take all steps necessary to terminate any approval under any confidentiality or standstill or similar provision that may have been previously given by such party under any provisions authorizing any such person to make a takeover proposal.

### **Changes in Board Recommendations**

The boards of directors of each of Valeant and Biovail have agreed that they will not (a) withdraw or modify in any manner adverse to the other party, or propose publicly to withdraw or modify in any manner adverse to the other party, the approval, recommendation or declaration of advisability by such board with respect to the merger agreement, (b) approve, recommend or declare advisable, or propose publicly to approve, recommend or declare advisable, or propose publicly to approve, recommend or declare advisable, or declare advisable, or propose publicly to approve, recommend or declare advisable, or enter into, any agreement constituting or related to, or that is intended to or would reasonably be expected to lead to, any takeover proposal, or reasonably expected to cause, such party to abandon, terminate, delay or fail to consummate, or that would otherwise impede, interfere with or be inconsistent with, the merger or any of the other transactions contemplated by the merger agreement or requiring, or reasonably expected to cause, such party to fail to comply with the merger agreement.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, at any time prior to obtaining the applicable shareholder approval, the board of directors of Valeant or Biovail, as applicable, may withdraw or modify its recommendation or recommend an alternative takeover proposal (a) following receipt of a takeover proposal following the execution of the merger agreement that such party s board of directors or an authorized and empowered committee thereof determines in good faith, after consultation with its outside financial and legal advisors, constitutes a superior proposal, or (b) solely in response to any material event, development, circumstance, occurrence or change in circumstances or fact not related to any takeover proposal, and that first occurred after June 20, 2010, in each case only if such board determines in good faith (after consultation with outside counsel and a financial advisor of nationally recognized reputation) that the failure to do so would be inconsistent with its duties under applicable law. Prior to taking any such action, such board of directors must inform the other party of its decision to change its recommendation and give the other party written notice five business days prior to taking any such action. In determining whether to take any such action, such board of directors will take into account any changes to the terms of the merger agreement proposed by the other party.

If the board of directors of Valeant or Biovail withdraws or modifies its recommendation, or recommends any alternative takeover proposal, such party will nonetheless (subject to termination by the other party) continue to be obligated to hold its special meeting and submit the proposals described in this joint proxy statement/prospectus to its stockholders or shareholders, as applicable.

### Efforts to Obtain Required Shareholder Votes

Biovail has agreed to hold its special meeting and to use its reasonable best efforts to obtain shareholder approval of the issuance of Biovail common shares necessary to complete the merger and the issuance of such other Biovail common shares as contemplated by the merger agreement and the proposal to amend the Biovail articles of continuance to change Biovail s name to Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, Inc. The merger agreement requires Biovail to submit these proposals to a shareholder vote even if its board of directors no longer recommends the proposals (unless Valeant terminates the merger agreement in accordance with its terms). The Biovail board of directors has approved the merger, the issuance of Biovail common shares necessary to complete the merger and the issuance of such other Biovail common shares as contemplated by the merger agreement and the amendment of Biovail s articles of continuance to effect the name change and has adopted resolutions directing that such proposals be submitted to Biovail shareholders for their consideration.

Valeant has also agreed to hold its special meeting and to use its reasonable best efforts to obtain stockholder adoption of the merger agreement. The merger agreement requires Valeant to submit the adoption of the merger agreement to a stockholder vote even if its board of directors no longer recommends the merger (unless Biovail terminates the merger agreement in accordance with its terms). The board of directors of Valeant has declared the merger advisable and adopted resolutions directing that the merger be submitted to the Valeant stockholders for their consideration.

### Efforts to Complete the Merger

Valeant and Biovail have agreed to each use reasonable best efforts to:

take all actions, and do and assist and cooperate with the other party in doing, all things reasonably appropriate to consummate and make effective, as soon as reasonably possible, the merger and the other transactions contemplated by the merger agreement;

take all actions reasonably appropriate to ensure that no takeover statute or similar statute or regulation is or becomes applicable to the merger agreement or any transaction contemplated by the merger agreement;

if any takeover statute or similar statute or regulation becomes applicable to the merger agreement or any transaction contemplated by the merger agreement, take all action reasonably appropriate to ensure that the merger and the other transactions contemplated by the merger agreement may be consummated as promptly as practicable on the terms contemplated by the merger agreement;

promptly following the execution and delivery of the merger agreement, enter into discussions with the governmental entities from whom consents, waivers, permits or nonactions are required to be obtained in connection with the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement in order to obtain such consents, waivers, permits or nonactions so as to enable the closing of the merger to occur as soon as reasonably possible; and

to the extent necessary, jointly propose, negotiate, commit to and effect, by consent decree, hold separate order or otherwise, the sale, divestiture or disposition of, or prohibition or limitation on the ownership or operation by either party or any of their respective subsidiaries of, any portion of the business, properties or assets of such party or any of its respective subsidiaries.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, Valeant and Biovail are not required under the merger agreement to propose, commit or effect any action that is not conditioned upon the consummation of the merger or that would reasonably be expected to result (after giving effect to any reasonably expected proceeds of any divestiture or sale of assets) in a Material Adverse Effect on the combined company.

Additionally, Valeant and Biovail have agreed to:

make, in consultation with the other and as promptly as practicable after June 20, 2010, all necessary registrations, declarations, notices, applications and filings related to merger under antitrust, competition, foreign investment, trade regulation and similar laws;

use reasonable best efforts to furnish to the other all assistance, cooperation and information required for any such filing;

give the other reasonable prior notice of any such filing, and to the extent reasonably practicable, of any communication with any governmental entity regarding the merger;

respond as promptly as practicable under the circumstances to any inquiries received from governmental entities or any other authority enforcing applicable antitrust, competition, foreign investment, trade regulation or similar laws for additional documentation in connection with such matters; and

unless prohibited by applicable law or by the applicable governmental entity, to the extent reasonably practicable, not participate in or attend any meeting, or engage in any substantive conversation with any governmental entity in respect of the merger without the other and give the other reasonable prior notice of any such meeting or conversation, in the event one party is prohibited by applicable law or by the applicable governmental entity from participating in or attending any such meeting or engaging in any such conversation, keep such party reasonably apprised with respect thereto, cooperate in the filing of any substantive memoranda, white papers, filings, correspondence or other written communications explaining or defending the merger agreement and the merger, and furnish the other party with copies of all correspondence, filings and communications (and memoranda setting forth the substance thereof) between it and its affiliates and their respective representatives on the one hand, and any governmental entity, on the other hand, with respect to the merger agreement and the merger.

#### **Table of Contents**

### Governance

Biovail is required to take all necessary action to cause, effective at the effective time of the merger, Mr. Pearson to be appointed the Chief Executive Officer of the combined company, Mr. Wells to be appointed as non-executive Chairman of the board of directors of the combined company, Mr. Ingram to be appointed as Lead Director of the board of directors of the combined company, and Mr. Van Every to continue as Chairman of the audit committee of the board of directors of the combined company.

Biovail is required to take all necessary action to cause, effective at the effective time, the board of directors of the combined company to consist of Messrs. Pearson, Wells, Ingram and Van Every (a resident Canadian), three additional directors selected by Valeant, three additional directors selected by Biovail (one of whom is a resident Canadian), and one independent director who is recruited by a search firm mutually retained by Valeant and Biovail, which director shall be selected by Valeant from a list of candidates presented by such firm, shall be subject to the approval of Biovail and shall be a resident Canadian.

Biovail is required to take all necessary action to cause, effective at the effective time,

the Chairman of the compensation committee of the board of directors of the combined company to be a Biovail-selected director;

the Chairman of the risk and compliance committee of the board of directors of the combined company to be a Valeant-selected director;

the Chairman of the nominating and corporate governance committee of the board of directors of the combined company to be a Valeant-selected director;

each committee of the board of directors of the combined company (other than the compensation committee) to have an equal number of Valeant-selected directors and Biovail-selected directors (such committees may also include the new independent director);

the compensation committee of the board of directors of the combined company to consist of three members, two of whom must be Valeant-selected directors;

no other committees of the board of directors of the combined company be formed prior to the first meeting of the board of directors of the combined company following such time as the Valeant-selected directors are appointed, without the written consent of Valeant.

A Valeant-selected director is either Mr. Ingram or one of the three directors selected to serve on the board of directors of the combined company by Valeant. A Biovail-selected director is either Mr. Van Every or one of the three directors selected to serve on the board of directors of the combined company by Biovail.

Valeant and Biovail have agreed to take all action necessary so that the name of the combined company shall be Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, Inc. on the closing date of the merger.

#### Equity Awards; Change in Control Provisions

*Options.* The merger agreement provides that, prior to the payment of the pre-merger special dividend, the board of directors of Valeant shall take all actions reasonably necessary to provide that all outstanding Valeant options granted

### Table of Contents

under the equity plans of Valeant, whether vested or unvested, will remain outstanding and will be adjusted to take into account the pre-merger special dividend by multiplying the number of shares underlying the option by the pre-merger special dividend adjustment ratio of 1.5710 (rounded down to the nearest whole share) and dividing the per share exercise price of the option by the pre-merger special dividend adjustment ratio (rounded up to the nearest whole cent). The merger agreement also provides that, prior to the merger, the board of directors of Valeant shall take all actions reasonably necessary to provide that, at the merger, each option will be converted into an option to acquire common shares of the combined company, on the same terms and conditions as were applicable to the award prior to the merger. The number of common shares of the combined company subject to the option following the merger will be determined by multiplying the number of shares of Valeant common stock underlying the option (as adjusted to take into account the pre-merger special dividend) by the exchange ratio (rounded down to

the nearest whole share) and dividing the per share exercise price of the option (as adjusted to take into account the pre-merger special dividend) by the exchange ratio (rounded up to the nearest whole cent).

*Time-Based Restricted Stock Units*. The merger agreement provides that, prior to the merger, the board of directors of Valeant shall take all actions reasonably necessary to provide that, unless otherwise agreed to by an award holder, (1) each time-based restricted stock unit that automatically vests, in whole or in part, upon a change in control (a

single-trigger restricted stock unit ) will vest to the extent provided under its current terms on the day immediately preceding the payment of the pre-merger special dividend as if such day was the merger, and will represent the right to receive the same number of shares of Valeant common stock underlying the accelerated restricted stock unit plus an amount of cash equal to the product of the pre-merger special dividend and the number of shares of Valeant common stock underlying the accelerated restricted stock unit, (2) each single-trigger restricted stock unit that accelerates at the merger will be settled in common shares of the combined company, rounded down to the nearest whole share, determined by multiplying the number of shares of Valeant common stock subject to such award of Valeant by the exchange ratio and (3) single-trigger restricted stock units that do not accelerate at the merger will be forfeited. The merger agreement also provides that, unless otherwise agreed to by an award holder, (1) prior to the payment of the pre-merger special dividend, the board of directors of Valeant shall take all actions reasonably necessary to provide that each outstanding Valeant time-based restricted stock unit that is not a single-trigger restricted stock unit (a

double-trigger restricted stock unit ), whether vested or unvested, will remain outstanding and will be adjusted to take into account the pre-merger special dividend by multiplying the number of shares subject to the double-trigger restricted stock unit by the pre-merger special dividend adjustment ratio (rounded down to the nearest whole share) and that (2) prior to the merger, the board of directors of Valeant shall take all actions reasonably necessary to provide that, at the merger, each double-trigger restricted stock unit will be converted into a restricted share unit of the combined company, on the same terms and conditions as were applicable to the award prior to the merger. The number of common shares of the combined company subject to the double-trigger restricted share unit following the merger will be determined by multiplying the number of shares of Valeant common stock underlying the award (as adjusted to take into account the pre-merger special dividend) by the exchange ratio (rounded down to the nearest whole share).

*Performance-Based Restricted Stock Units.* The merger agreement provides that, prior to the merger, the board of directors of Valeant shall take all actions reasonably necessary to provide that, unless otherwise agreed to by an award holder, (1) the performance period applicable to each performance-based restricted stock unit will end on the day immediately preceding the payment of the pre-merger special dividend as if such day was the merger and the performance-based restricted stock units will be adjusted to reflect performance through that day, (2) each performance-based restricted stock unit earned in accordance with its terms, as adjusted as described above, will represent the right to receive the same number of shares of Valeant common stock underlying the earned restricted stock units that are not earned at the merger will be forfeited, and (4) each performance-based restricted stock unit earned in accordance with its terms, as adjusted stock unit earned in accordance with its terms, as of the combined company, rounded down to the nearest whole share, determined by multiplying the number of shares of Valeant common stock subject to such award of Valeant by the exchange ratio.

*Employee Stock Purchase Plan.* The merger agreement provides that, prior to the merger, the Valeant board of directors shall take all actions reasonably necessary to provide that no future offering periods will be commenced under the 2009 Valeant Employee Stock Purchase Plan, and that the plan will terminate at the merger.

*Change in Control.* The merger agreement provides that the merger will be treated as a change in control for purposes of all Biovail and Valeant employee benefit plans and agreements.

### Assumption of Equity Plans

Pursuant to the merger agreement, Biovail has agreed to assume all the obligations of Valeant under Valeant s stock plans, each Valeant stock option and each Valeant restricted stock unit outstanding at the effective time of the merger and the agreements evidencing the grants thereof. As soon as practicable after the effective time of the merger, Biovail has agreed to deliver to the holders of Valeant stock options and Valeant restricted stock units appropriate notices setting forth such holders rights pursuant to the respective Valeant stock plans, and the

agreements evidencing the grants of such Valeant stock options and Valeant restricted stock units shall continue in effect on the same terms and conditions.

Biovail has agreed to take all corporate action necessary to reserve for issuance a sufficient number Biovail common shares for delivery upon exercise or settlement of the Valeant stock options and Valeant restricted stock units assumed, as described above. As soon as reasonably practicable after the completion of the merger, Biovail has agreed to file a registration statement on Form S-8 covering the Biovail common shares subject to Valeant stock options and Valeant restricted stock units.

### Financing

Valeant and Biovail have agreed to use their reasonable best efforts to take all actions and to do all things necessary, proper or advisable to arrange the financing and related transactions described in the commitment letter, including using reasonable best efforts to:

negotiate and enter into definitive agreements with respect to the financing and related transactions on the terms and conditions contemplated by the commitment letter;

satisfy on a timely basis all conditions to obtaining the financing and related transactions set forth therein; and

consummate the financing and related transactions at or prior to the closing of the merger.

Valeant and Biovail have agreed to refrain from taking any action that would reasonably be expected to result in the failure of any of the conditions contained in the commitment letter or in any definitive agreement related to the financing or related transactions. In the event any portion of the financing becomes unavailable on the terms and conditions set forth in the commitment letter, Valeant and Biovail have agreed to use their reasonable best efforts to obtain alternative financing from alternative sources as promptly as reasonably practicable following the occurrence of such event. The parties have agreed to give each other prompt notice of any material breach by any party to the commitment letter of which such party becomes aware.

#### Section 16 Matters

Each of Valeant and Biovail, before the effective time of the merger, has agreed that it will take all steps as may be required to cause to be exempt under Rule 16b-3 under the Exchange Act any (a) dispositions of Valeant common stock resulting from the merger by individuals who will be subject to the reporting requirements of Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act with respect to Valeant immediately prior to the effective time of the merger and (b) acquisitions of Biovail common shares resulting from the merger by individuals who may become subject to the reporting requirements of Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act with respect to Biovail.

#### **Other Covenants and Agreements**

The merger agreement contains certain other covenants and agreements, including covenants relating to:

cooperation between Valeant and Biovail in the preparation of this joint proxy statement/prospectus;

confidentiality of, and access by each party to, certain information about the other party during the period prior to the effective time of the merger;

the use of each party s reasonable best efforts to cause the merger to qualify as a reorganization under the Code with no gain recognition to U.S. holders of Valeant common stock for U.S. Federal income tax purposes;

cooperation between Valeant and Biovail in the defense or settlement of any shareholder litigation relating to the merger;

cooperation between Valeant and Biovail in connection with public announcements; and

the use of reasonable best efforts by Biovail to cause the Biovail common shares to be issued in the merger, and the Biovail common shares to be issued following the merger in respect of certain Valeant convertible

notes and equity awards, to be approved for listing on the NYSE and the TSX, and Valeant cooperating with Biovail in connection with the foregoing.

For a period of six years after the effective time of the merger, Biovail has also agreed to maintain in effect the exculpation, indemnification and advancement of expenses provisions of (a) any organization documents of each of Biovail, Valeant and each party s respective subsidiaries in effect immediately prior to the effective time of the merger with respect to acts or omissions prior to such time and (b) any indemnification agreement of Biovail, Valeant or their respective subsidiaries with any of their respective directors, officers or employees in effect immediately prior to the effective time of the merger and with respect to acts or omissions prior to such time. Further, Biovail has agreed that, for a period of six years after the effective time of the merger, Biovail will indemnify and hold harmless Valeant and Biovail s current and former officers, directors and employees with respect to all acts or omissions by such persons occurring prior to the effective time of the merger, to the extent such indemnification is provided under Valeant s or Biovail s certificate of incorporation or bylaws, as applicable. Biovail has also agreed to maintain for six years from the effective time of the merger liability insurance policy for Biovail, Valeant and their current and former directors and officers and employees who are currently covered by the liability insurance coverage currently maintained by Valeant, or, subject to consultation with the other party, each party may purchase a six-year tail directors and officers liability insurance policy covering such directors at existing coverage levels.

### Conditions to Completion of the Merger

The obligations of Valeant and Biovail to complete the merger are subject to the satisfaction or waiver of the following conditions:

the adoption by Valeant s stockholders of the merger agreement;

the approval of Biovail s shareholders of the issuance of Biovail common shares necessary to complete the merger and the issuance of such other Biovail common shares as contemplated by the merger agreement and the amendment of Biovail s articles of continuance to change Biovail s name to Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, Inc. ;

the approval of the listing of the Biovail common shares to be issued in the merger or to be issued in respect of Valeant equity awards on the NYSE and the TSX;

the receipt of all material authorizations, consents, orders or approvals of, or declarations or filings with, or expirations of waiting periods imposed by, any governmental entity necessary under any antitrust law;

the absence of (a) any applicable law or judgment, or other legal restraint or prohibition or (b) suit, action or other proceeding instituted by any governmental entity and remain pending which is reasonably likely to result in any law or judgment, other legal restrain or prohibition, in each case, preventing the consummation of the merger or that is (x) seeking to prohibit, materially restrain or otherwise materially interfere with the merger or the ownership or operation of all or any material portion of the business or assets of Valeant or Biovail or to compel Biovail to dispose of or hold separate all or any material portion of the business or assets of Valeant or Biovail or their respective subsidiaries, or (y) seeking divestiture of any shares of Valeant common stock or seeking to impose or confirm limitations on the ability of Biovail effectively to exercise full rights of ownership of the shares of Valeant common stock, in each case, which would reasonably be expected (after giving effect to any reasonably expected proceeds of any divestiture or sale of assets) to have a Material Adverse Effect on the combined company;

the effectiveness of the registration statement of which this joint proxy statement/prospectus forms a part under the Securities Act;

the consummation of the financing and related transactions described in the commitment letter; and

the payment to Valeant s stockholders of record of the pre-merger special dividend (which shall be deemed to have been paid to holders of shares of Valeant common stock at the time Valeant irrevocably transfers cash for the pre-merger special dividend to the relevant agent for the benefit of such stockholders).

#### Table of Contents

In addition, each of Valeant s and Biovail s obligations to effect the merger is subject to the satisfaction or waiver of the following additional conditions:

certain of the representations and warranties of the other party being true and correct, subject to an overall Material Adverse Effect qualification;

certain of the representations and warranties of the other party being true and correct, subject to an overall materiality qualification;

the other party having performed or complied with, in all material respects, all obligations required to be performed or complied with by it under the merger agreement;

the absence, since the date of the merger agreement, of any fact, circumstance, effect, change, event or development that, individually or in the aggregate, has had or would reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect on the other party; and

the receipt of an opinion of that party s outside legal counsel to the effect that the merger should qualify as a reorganization under the Code with no gain recognition to U.S. holders of Valeant common stock for U.S. Federal income tax purposes.

### Termination of the Merger Agreement

The merger agreement may be terminated at any time prior to the effective time of the merger under the following circumstances:

by mutual written consent of Valeant and Biovail;

by either Valeant or Biovail:

if the merger is not completed by February 28, 2011, except that the right to terminate under such circumstances will not be available to any party if such failure of the merger to be completed is the result of a breach of the merger agreement by such party or the failure of any representation or warranty of such party contained in the merger agreement to be true and correct;

if the condition set forth in the fifth bullet point under Conditions to Completion of the Merger above is not satisfied and the legal restraint giving rise to such non-satisfaction shall have become final and non-appealable;

if the Biovail shareholders fail to approve either the issuance of Biovail common shares necessary to complete the merger and the issuance of such other Biovail common shares as contemplated by the merger agreement or the amendment of Biovail s articles of continuance to change Biovail s name to Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, Inc. at the Biovail special meeting; or

if the Valeant stockholders fail to adopt the merger agreement at the Valeant special meeting;

by Biovail upon a breach of any covenant or agreement on the part of Valeant, or if any representation or warranty of Valeant fails to be true, in either case such that the conditions to Biovail s obligations to complete the merger would not then be satisfied and such breach is not reasonably capable of being cured by

February 28, 2011, or Valeant does not cure such breach within 45 days;

by Valeant upon a breach of any covenant or agreement on the part of Biovail, BAC, or Beach Merger Corp. or if any representation or warranty of Biovail, BAC, or Beach Merger Corp. fails to be true, in either case such that the conditions to Valeant s obligations to complete the merger would not then be satisfied and is not reasonably capable of being cured by February 28, 2011 or Biovail, BAC, or Beach Merger Corp. does not cure such breach within 45 days;

by Biovail if the board of directors of Valeant withdraws or modifies in any adverse manner, or proposes publicly to withdraw or modify in any adverse manner, its approval or recommendation with respect to the merger, or approves or recommends, or proposes publicly to approve or recommend, any alternative

takeover proposal with a third party, except that the right to terminate under such circumstance will not be available if the Valeant stockholders adopt the merger agreement at the Valeant special meeting; or

by Valeant if the board of directors of Biovail withdraws or modifies in any adverse manner, or proposes publicly to withdraw or modify in any adverse manner, its approval or recommendation with respect to the issuance of shares by Biovail necessary to complete the merger and the issuance of such other Biovail common shares as contemplated by the merger agreement or the amendment to Biovail s articles of continuance, or approves or recommends, or proposes publicly to approve or recommend, any alternative takeover proposal with a third party, except that the right to terminate under such circumstance will not be available if the relevant shareholder approval is obtained at the Biovail special meeting.

### Expenses and Termination Fees; Liability for Breach

Except as provided below, each party shall pay all fees and expenses incurred by it in connection with the merger and the other transactions contemplated by the merger agreement.

If the merger agreement is validly terminated, the merger agreement will become void and have no effect, without any liability or obligation on the part of any party, other than with respect to certain obligations under the merger agreement, and except for fraud or any intentional misrepresentation by a party or any intentional breach by a party of any covenant or agreement set forth in the merger agreement.

Valeant will be obligated to pay a termination fee of \$100 million to Biovail if:

Biovail terminates the merger agreement after Valeant s board of directors withdraws or adversely modifies its recommendation of the merger agreement or approves or recommends a takeover proposal to its shareholders;

Valeant or Biovail terminates the merger agreement following Valeant s stockholder approval not being obtained at a duly convened meeting, provided that at the time such termination occurs, Valeant s board of directors had withdrawn or adversely modified its recommendation of the merger agreement or approved or recommended a takeover proposal to its stockholders; or

(a) prior to the Valeant special meeting, a takeover proposal shall have been made to Valeant or its stockholders or shall have otherwise become publicly known or publicly announced, (b) the merger agreement has been terminated by Valeant following February 28, 2011 (provided that Valeant failed to hold its special meeting on or prior to the fifth business day prior to such termination) or Valeant s stockholder approval not being obtained at a duly convened meeting, and (c) within 12 months following such termination, Valeant enters into a definitive agreement to consummate, or consummates, a takeover proposal transaction (except for purposes of this clause (c), all references to 20% in the definition of takeover proposal shall be deemed to be references to 40%).

Biovail will be obligated to pay a termination fee of \$100 million to Valeant if:

Valeant terminates the merger agreement after Biovail s board of directors withdraws or adversely modifies its recommendation of the merger agreement or approves or recommends a takeover proposal to its shareholders;

Valeant or Biovail terminates the merger agreement following Biovail s shareholder approval not being obtained at a duly convened meeting, provided that at the time such termination occurs, Biovail s board of directors had withdrawn or adversely modified its recommendation of the merger agreement or approved or recommended a takeover proposal to its shareholders; or

(a) prior to the Biovail special meeting, a takeover proposal shall have been made to Biovail or its shareholders or shall have otherwise become publicly known or publicly announced, (b) the merger agreement has been terminated by Biovail following February 28, 2011 (provided that Biovail failed to hold its special meeting on or prior to the fifth business day prior to such termination), or Biovail s shareholder approval not being obtained at a duly convened meeting, and (c) within 12 months following such termination, Biovail enters into a definitive agreement to consummate, or consummates, a takeover

proposal transaction (except for purposes of this clause (c), all references to 20% in the definition of takeover proposal shall be deemed to be references to 40%).

### Alternative Structure

Valeant and Biovail have agreed to cooperate in the consideration of alternative transaction structures to implement the transactions contemplated by the merger agreement, so long as (1) there is no change in the economic terms of the merger agreement and (2)(A) such alternative structure does not impose any material delay on, or condition to, the consummation of the merger, (B) adversely affect any of the parties to the merger agreement or either Biovail s or Valeant s stockholders or (C) result in additional liability to Biovail s or Valeant s directors or officers.

### Amendments, Extensions and Waivers

The merger agreement may be amended by the parties at any time before or after the receipt of the approvals of the Biovail shareholders or the Valeant stockholders required to consummate the merger. However, after any such shareholder or stockholder approval, there may not be, without further approval of Biovail shareholders or Valeant stockholders, any amendment of the merger agreement for which applicable law requires further shareholder or stockholder approval, respectively.

At any time prior to the effective time of the merger, with certain exceptions, any party may (a) extend the time for performance of any obligations or other acts of the other party, (b) waive any inaccuracies in the representations and warranties of the other party contained in the merger agreement or in any document delivered pursuant to the merger agreement, (c) waive compliance by another party with any of the agreements contained in the merger agreement or (d) waive the satisfaction of any of the conditions contained in the merger agreement. No extension or waiver will require the approval of the Biovail shareholders or the Valeant stockholders unless such approval is required by applicable law.

### Specific Enforcement

Valeant and Biovail acknowledged and agreed in the merger agreement that irreparable damage would occur in the event that any of the provisions of the merger agreement were not performed in accordance with their specific terms or were otherwise breached, and that monetary damages, even if available, would not be an adequate remedy therefor. The parties further agreed that they shall be entitled to an injunction or injunctions to prevent breaches of the merger agreement and to enforce specifically the performance of terms and provisions of the merger agreement without proof of actual damages, this being in addition to any other remedy to which they are entitled at law or in equity. The parties further agreed not to assert that a remedy of specific enforcement is unenforceable, invalid, contrary to law or inequitable for any reason, nor to assert that a remedy of monetary damages would provide an adequate remedy for any such breach.

### Governing Law

The merger agreement is governed by and will be construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware.

### **Voting Agreement**

As a condition to Biovail s willingness to enter into the merger agreement, Valeant and Biovail entered into the voting agreement, pursuant to which ValueAct Capital agreed to vote all of its shares of Valeant common stock outstanding on the date of the voting agreement together with any other shares of Valeant common stock it acquires during the term of the voting agreement, in favor of the merger and the merger agreement at any meeting of the stockholders of

Valeant called for such stockholder approval or other circumstance upon which such a vote, consent or other approval is sought (including by written consent). In addition, ValueAct Capital agreed that at any meeting of stockholders of Valeant or at any adjournment thereof or in any other circumstances upon which ValueAct Capital s vote, consent or other approval is sought, ValueAct Capital will vote its shares of Valeant common stock against (1) any competing merger agreement or merger, consolidation, combination, sale of substantial assets, reorganization, recapitalization, dissolution, liquidation or winding up of or by Valeant, (2) certain acquisition

### Table of Contents

proposals from third parties with respect to Valeant and (3) any amendment of the certificate of incorporation or bylaws of Valeant or other proposal or transaction involving Valeant, which amendment or other proposal or transaction would in any manner impede, frustrate, prevent or nullify any provision of the merger agreement or the merger or change in any manner the voting rights of any class of stock of Valeant.

ValueAct Capital also agreed, among other things, not to (1) sell, transfer, pledge, assign or otherwise dispose (including by gift) its shares of Valeant common stock to any person other than pursuant to the merger (referred to below as, the ValueAct s Transfer Restriction Obligations ) or (2) enter into any voting arrangement, whether by proxy, voting agreement or otherwise, with respect to its shares of Valeant common stock.

The voting agreement terminates upon the earliest of (1) the effective time of the merger, (2) the termination of the merger agreement, (3) the withdrawal (or modification in any manner adverse to Biovail), or the public announcement of a proposal to withdraw (or modify in any manner adverse to Biovail), the approval, recommendation or declaration of advisability by Valeant s board of directors with respect to the merger agreement, (4) the approval by Valeant s board of directors of a takeover proposal and (5) February 28, 2011, except that ValueAct s Transfer Restriction Obligations will terminate on December 30, 2010 if the voting agreement is not otherwise terminated in accordance with its terms before such date.

As of the date of the voting agreement, ValueAct Capital owned 15,138,358 shares of Valeant common stock, representing approximately 20.0% of the Valeant shares outstanding.

### **Commitment Letter**

On June 20, 2010, Valeant and Biovail entered into the commitment letter with the commitment parties, pursuant to which senior secured credit facilities of up to \$3.022 billion (the senior facilities ) are to be provided, subject to the conditions set forth in such commitment letter, by the commitment parties to Valeant as borrower. GSLP, Morgan Stanley Senior Funding and Jefferies Group will act as joint lead arrangers, joint bookrunners and syndication agents for the senior facilities.

Valeant, Biovail and the commitment parties are currently finalizing the structure of the financing to be incurred in connection with the transaction, including the form of the debt to be incurred as well as the parties that will incur such indebtedness. The definitive loan documentation for the senior facilities will not be finalized until a short time prior to the effectiveness of the merger but some principal terms thereof are expected to be as described below.

#### **Description of the Senior Facilities**

#### General

The senior facilities are currently expected to consist of (1) \$500 million in a senior secured term loan A facility (the Term A Facility ), (2) up to \$2.272 billion in a senior secured term loan B facility (\$300 million of which will be in the form of a delayed draw term loan, which may only be used to fund the post-merger special dividend on or prior to the later of (x) December 31, 2010 or (y) 60 days after the date of the closing of the senior facilities (the senior facilities closing date )) (the Term B Facility, and together with the Term A Facility, the term facilities ) and (3) \$250 million in a senior secured revolving credit facility (the revolving facility ). The revolving facility may contain sublimits for the issuance of letters of credit and swingline loans. The senior facilities permit Valeant to increase the amount of the Term B Facility by incurring an incremental term loan facility (the incremental facility ) in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$250 million on or before the final maturity date of the senior facilities, subject to certain conditions as set forth in the commitment letter.

After giving effect to all borrowings under the senior facilities on the senior facilities closing date, Valeant is required to have at least \$100 million of undrawn availability under the revolving facility. The amount of the initial draw under the Term B Facility is subject to reduction on a dollar-for-dollar basis by (1) the net proceeds of any issuance of debt securities (the Securities ) consummated by Valeant after June 20, 2010 and prior to the senior facilities closing date, (2) the aggregate principal amount of Valeant s existing notes that remain outstanding on the senior facilities closing date, after giving effect to the making of the loans under the senior facilities and the refinancing of Valeant s existing notes with the proceeds therefrom and (3) 50% of the net proceeds from the sale of

### Table of Contents

properties or assets or any interests therein that, individually or in a series of related transactions, generate net proceeds in excess of \$25 million, until the aggregate net proceeds of such sales after June 20, 2010 equal \$400 million and then 100% of any additional asset sale proceeds (except for sales of pharmaceutical products in the ordinary course of business, which shall not be subject to this clause (3)).

The proceeds of the senior facilities are expected to be used for the purposes of (x) refinancing Valeant s existing credit facilities, 8.375% Senior Notes due 2016 and 7.625% Senior Notes due 2020, (y) funding the pre-merger special dividend, the post-merger special dividend and certain expenses incurred in connection with the merger and (z) providing post-closing liquidity, including for ongoing working capital requirements and general corporate purposes.

The Term A Facility will mature on the five-year anniversary of the senior facilities closing date and will amortize at 10% of the original principal amount per year for each of the first two years after the senior facilities closing date and at 20% of the original principal amount per year for the third and fourth years after the senior facilities closing date, with the remaining balance due at the maturity of the Term A Facility. The Term B Facility will mature on the six-year anniversary of the senior facilities closing date and will amortize in equal quarterly installments of 1% of the original principal amount per year, with the remaining balance due at the maturity of the Term B Facility. The revolving facility will mature on the four-and-one-half year anniversary of the senior facilities closing date.

### Guarantees and Security

Subject to exclusions to be mutually agreed between Valeant and GSLP, it is anticipated that Biovail and its existing and subsequently acquired or organized subsidiaries, including the subsidiaries of Valeant (other than Valeant and the foreign subsidiaries of Valeant), will be guarantors (the guarantors) and guarantee (the guarantee) the obligations of Valeant under the senior facilities; provided that Biovail and its existing subsidiaries immediately prior to the merger shall only be guarantors upon and after the consummation of the merger.

The obligations of Valeant and the guarantors under the senior facilities, each guarantee and any interest rate or currency hedging arrangement owed to the commitment parties, any lender under the senior facilities or any of their affiliates will be secured by first priority security interests in substantially all assets of Valeant and the guarantors. The senior facilities will also be secured by a first priority security interest in 100% of the capital stock of Valeant and each domestic subsidiary of Valeant, 65% of the capital stock of each foreign subsidiary of Valeant, and 100% of the capital stock of each subsidiary of Biovail that is not also a subsidiary of Valeant, and all intercompany debt owed to Valeant or any guarantor. Guarantees and collateral documentation regarding the Biovail entities will be released and become effective concurrently with the effectiveness of the merger.

#### Interest Rate

Loans under the Term A Facility and the revolving facility are expected to bear interest, at Valeant s option, at a rate equal to the base rate plus 3.50% per annum or reserve-adjusted LIBOR plus 4.50% per annum and the loans under the Term B Facility are expected to bear interest, at Valeant s option, at a rate equal to the base rate plus 3.75% per annum or reserve-adjusted LIBOR plus 4.75% per annum, in each case, subject to (x) a decrease of 0.25% if the credit ratings for the senior facilities are at least Ba3 from Moody s and BB- from S&P prior to the senior facilities closing date and (y) an increase of 0.75% if the credit rating for the senior facilities is B2 or lower from Moody s or B or lower from S&P prior to the senior facilities closing date. With respect to loans under the Term B Facility, reserve-adjusted LIBOR and the base rate shall not be less than 1.75% and 2.75%, respectively.

### Voluntary and Mandatory Prepayments

Valeant will be permitted to make prepayments of the borrowings under the senior facilities at any time without penalty or premium, except for the payment of customary breakage costs if reserve-adjusted LIBOR loans are prepaid prior to the last day of the applicable interest period. Subject to certain exceptions and customary basket amounts to be negotiated in the definitive loan documents, it is expected that the senior facilities will require mandatory prepayments under certain circumstances, including from 100% of net cash proceeds from asset sales other than sales of inventory in the ordinary course of business and subject to reinvestment exceptions, from 50% of

net cash proceeds received from equity issuance (with step downs to be agreed), from 100% of net cash proceeds of insurance proceeds for property or asset losses, from 100% of the net cash proceeds received from the incurrence of indebtedness not otherwise permitted under the definitive loan documents and from 50% of excess cash flow (with step downs to be agreed).

### Interest Rate Protection

The commitment letter requires Valeant, within 90 days after the senior facilities closing date, to obtain interest rate protection through interest rate swaps, caps or other agreements against increases in the interest rates with respect to a notional amount of indebtedness such that not less than 35% of the total funded indebtedness of Biovail, Valeant and their subsidiaries outstanding as of the senior facilities closing date will be either (1) subject to such interest rate protection agreements or (2) fixed rate indebtedness, in each case for a period of not less than three years.

## Representations and Warranties, Covenants, Events of Default

The definitive loan documents for the senior facilities will have representations and warranties, financial, affirmative and negative covenants (including, without limitation, limitations on the ability to incur indebtedness, create liens, and merge and consolidate with other companies), and events of default, in each case, as are usual and customary for financings of this kind and subject to exceptions and baskets to be mutually agreed upon by Valeant and the commitment parties, the exact terms of which are to be negotiated before the closing of the senior facilities. Financial covenants will consist of a maximum total leverage ratio, a minimum total interest coverage ratio and maximum capital expenditures, with financial definitions and covenant levels to be mutually agreed between Valeant and the commitment parties.

# Conditions to Commitments and to Closing the Senior Facilities

Each commitment party s commitment and agreements under the commitment letter are subject to the condition that, since January 1, 2010, there has not occurred any fact, circumstance, effect, change, event or development that, individually or in the aggregate, has had or would reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect (as defined in the merger agreement) on either Valeant and its subsidiaries or Biovail and its subsidiaries.

The initial draw under the senior facilities is subject to the following conditions:

terms of merger agreement being reasonably satisfactory and conditions precedent thereto satisfied or waived;

no default or event of default under the definitive loan documents relating to the senior facilities or under Valeant s 3.0% Convertible Notes or 4.0% Convertible Notes;

concurrently with the consummation of the merger and after giving effect to the financing thereof, Valeant shall not have any material indebtedness outstanding other than (1) under the senior facilities, (2) the Securities, if issued and (3) Valeant s 3.0% Convertible Notes and 4.0% Convertible Notes;

delivery of certain audited and unaudited financial statements of Valeant, Biovail and their respective subsidiaries, and customary pro forma financial statements, giving effect to the merger, the refinancing of existing indebtedness of Valeant, the pre-merger special dividend, the senior facilities and/or Securities and any borrowings thereunder;

payment of costs, fees and expenses and compliance in all material respects with obligations under the commitment letter and the fee letter;

maximum leverage ratio of Biovail and its subsidiaries, giving pro forma effect to the merger, at the time of funding not greater than 3.65:1.00; and

compliance with certain other customary closing conditions and delivery of customary closing documentation.

#### **Table of Contents**

The subsequent draw under the Term B Facility has these additional conditions (in addition to the conditions set forth above for the initial draw):

filing of the certificate relating to the merger (the merger certificate ) with the Delaware Secretary of State substantially concurrent with the funding of the subsequent draw. The merger certificate shall provide that the merger shall become automatically effective at 12:01 a.m., Eastern time, on the date following the filing of the merger certificate; and

no default or event of default under any other material indebtedness of Biovail, Valeant or their subsidiaries (pro forma for the merger and the financing thereof). Pro forma for the consummation of the merger, all material pre-existing indebtedness of the Biovail entities shall have been repaid or repurchased in full, all commitments relating thereto shall have been terminated, and all liens or security interests related thereto shall have been terminated or released, in each case on terms satisfactory to the commitment parties, and subject to exceptions to be mutually agreed upon.

### Termination

The commitments of the commitment parties to provide the senior facilities will terminate upon the first to occur of (1) the consummation of the merger, (2) the abandonment or termination of the definitive documentation for the merger, (3) a material breach by Valeant under the commitment letter or the fee letter and (4) February 28, 2011, unless the closing of the senior facilities has been consummated on or before such date.

## INDEBTEDNESS OF THE COMBINED COMPANY FOLLOWING THE MERGER

### **Credit Facilities**

It is currently anticipated that, upon completion of the merger, the respective credit facilities of Valeant and Biovail established under the following credit agreements will be terminated and any indebtedness thereunder repaid:

Credit and Guaranty Agreement, dated as of May 26, 2010, by and among Valeant, as borrower, certain subsidiaries of Valeant, as guarantors, the lenders party thereto from time to time, Goldman Sachs Credit Partners L.P., as sole lead arranger, and Goldman Sachs Bank USA, as administrative agent and collateral agent (the Existing Valeant Credit Facility ); and

Credit Agreement, dated as of June 9, 2009, among Biovail, as borrower, the lenders party thereto, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., Toronto Branch, as administrative agent, J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. and Scotia Capital Inc., as joint bookrunners and joint lead arrangers, and The Bank of Nova Scotia and National Bank of Canada, as syndication agents (the Existing Biovail Credit Facility ).

As of June 30, 2010, Valeant had outstanding approximately \$30 million of indebtedness under the Existing Valeant Credit Facility. Valeant currently plans to fund the repayment of the indebtedness under its Existing Valeant Credit Facility with the proceeds that Valeant obtains from the new credit facilities described below.

As of June 30, 2010, Biovail had no outstanding indebtedness under the Existing Biovail Credit Facility.

In connection with the closing of the merger, it is anticipated that Valeant will enter into the senior facilities with the commitment parties, as set forth in the commitment letter. Subject to certain conditions, GS Bank, Morgan Stanley Senior Funding and Jefferies Group have committed to provide 45%, 45% and 10%, respectively, to such credit facilities, which are currently expected to consist of (1) \$500 million in a senior secured Term Loan A facility, (2) up to \$2.272 billion in a senior secured Term Loan B facility (\$300 million of which in the form of a delayed draw term loan) and (3) \$250 million in a senior secured revolving credit facility, subject to any dollar-for-dollar reduction of the Term Loan B facility in connection with any permitted Valeant offering of debt securities described in Notes below. Certain of the terms of such credit facilities are described in the commitment letter while other terms (including with respect to restrictive covenants and events of default) will be negotiated between Valeant, Biovail and their lenders and are not currently known. The proceeds of the loans from the senior facilities are expected to be used for the purposes of (x) refinancing Valeant s existing credit facilities, 8.375% Senior Notes due 2016 and 7.625% Senior Notes due 2020, (y) funding the pre-merger special dividend, the post-merger special dividend and certain expenses incurred in connection with the merger and (z) providing post-closing liquidity, including for ongoing working capital requirements and general corporate purposes.

Although Valeant and Biovail believe, based on information available to them, that the commitment parties would be able to fulfill their commitments to Valeant, given the current economic environment and the recent severe contraction in the global financial markets, this could change in the future.

### Notes

Valeant currently anticipates that, prior to the completion of the merger, it will repay in full its 8.375% Senior Notes due 2016 and 7.625% Senior Notes due 2020. After completion of the merger, Valeant and Biovail currently anticipate that Valeant s 4% Convertible Notes will be convertible into Biovail common shares and remain outstanding

and Biovail s 5.375% Senior Convertible Notes due 2014 will remain outstanding.

The commitment letter provides that the amount of the Term Loan B facility may be reduced on a dollar-for-dollar basis by the net proceeds of any issuance of debt securities consummated by Valeant after June 20, 2010 and prior to the senior facilities closing date. In connection with the closing of the merger and subject to market conditions, Valeant is considering issuing debt securities in a public offering or in a Rule 144A or other private placement. If Valeant completes such an issuance, the combined company may guarantee any such debt securities so issued. This joint proxy statement/prospectus is not an offer to sell any debt securities and is not soliciting an offer to buy any debt securities.

# BIOVAIL CORPORATION AND VALEANT PHARMACEUTICALS INTERNATIONAL UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined statements of income for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009 and for the six months ended June 30, 2010 combine the historical consolidated statements of income of Biovail Corporation (Biovail) and Valeant Pharmaceuticals International (Valeant), giving effect to the merger of Biovail and Valeant, as if it had occurred on January 1, 2009. The unaudited pro forma condensed combined balance sheet as of June 30, 2010 combines the historical consolidated balance sheets of Biovail and Valeant, giving effect to the merger as if it had occurred on June 30, 2010. The historical consolidated financial information has been adjusted to give effect to pro forma events that are (1) directly attributable to the merger, (2) factually supportable, and (3) with respect to the statements of income, expected to have a continuing impact on the combined results. The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes to the unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information was based on and should be read in conjunction with the:

separate audited financial statements of Biovail as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009 and the related notes included in Biovail s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009;

separate audited financial statements of Valeant as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009 and the related notes included in Valeant s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009;

separate unaudited financial statements of Biovail as of and for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and the related notes included in Biovail s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2010; and

separate unaudited financial statements of Valeant as of and for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and the related notes included in Valeant s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2010.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information has been presented for informational purposes only. The pro forma information is not necessarily indicative of what the combined company s financial position or results of operations actually would have been had the merger been completed as of the dates indicated. In addition, the unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information does not purport to project the future financial position or operating results of the combined company. There were no material transactions between Biovail and Valeant during the periods presented in the unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements that would need to be eliminated.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information has been prepared using the acquisition method of accounting under U.S. GAAP, which is subject to change and interpretation. Biovail is both the legal and accounting acquirer in the merger. The acquisition accounting is dependent upon certain valuations and other studies or events that have yet to progress to a stage where there is sufficient information for a definitive measurement. Accordingly, the pro forma adjustments are preliminary and have been made solely for the purpose of providing unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information. Differences between these preliminary estimates and the final acquisition accounting will occur and these differences could have a material impact on the accompanying unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements and the combined company s future results of operations and financial position.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information does not reflect any cost savings, operating synergies or revenue enhancements that the combined company may achieve as a result of the merger, the costs to

integrate the operations of Biovail and Valeant or the costs necessary to achieve these cost savings, operating synergies and revenue enhancements.

In addition, this unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information does not reflect the post-merger special dividend of \$1.00 per share of common stock ( post-merger special dividend ), which is anticipated to be paid by the combined company after the merger, subject to the discretion of the Board of Directors of the combined company and to compliance with applicable law. The contemplated post-merger special dividend will be largely funded by the new debt secured in connection with the merger (see notes 6(m) and 6(t) to the unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements). The debt commitment contains a specific delayed draw of \$300 million which is directly linked to payment of the contemplated post-merger special dividend; accordingly, this portion of the facility is considered undrawn for purposes of the unaudited pro forma condensed combined balance sheet as at June 30, 2010 and no related interest expense is reflected in the unaudited pro forma condensed combined statements of income for the year ended December 31, 2009 and for the six months ended June 30, 2010.

# UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED STATEMENT OF INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Biovail (All dolla	-	Pro Forma Adjustments (Note 6) pressed in thousands of t per share data)	Pro Forma Combined U.S. dollars	
REVENUE					
Product sales	\$ 789,026	\$ 710,761	\$	\$ 1,499,787	
Alliance and royalty	17,256	97,311		114,567	
Service and other	14,148	22,389		36,537	
	820,430	830,461		1,650,891	
EXPENSES					
Cost of goods sold (exclusive of					
amortization of intangible assets shown					
below)	204,309	192,974	683(b),(k)	397,966	
Cost of services	13,849	17,836	$1.2(7(1_{-}))(1_{-})$	31,685	
Research and development	47,581	43,977	1,367(b),(k)	92,925	
Selling, general and administrative	147,984	255,782	40,889(b),(k)	444,655	
Amortization of intangible assets	104,730	70,640	168,389(a)	343,759	
Acquired in-process research and	50.254	1.051		(1.205	
development	59,354	1,951		61,305	
Restructuring and other related costs	30,033	6,055		36,088	
Legal settlements and indemnity obligations	25,840	4,400		30,240	
Acquisition-related costs	5,596	4,013		9,609	
	639,276	597,628	211,328	1,448,232	
Operating income	181,154	232,833	(211,328)	202,659	
Interest income	1,118	4,321		5,439	
Interest expense	(25,418)	(43,571)	(159,808)(c)	(228,797)	
Foreign exchange and other	507	(1,455)		(948)	
Gain on investments, net	17,594			17,594	
Gain on early extinguishment of debt		7,221		7,221	
Income from continuing operations before					
recovery of income taxes	174,955	199,349	(371,136)	3,168	
Recovery of income taxes	(1,500)	(58,270)	(10,029)(d)	(69,799)	
Income from continuing operations Less: income from continuing operations	176,455	257,619	(361,107)	72,967	
attributable to non-controlling interest		3		3	
	\$ 176,455	\$ 257,616	\$ (361,107)	\$ 72,964	

Income from continuing operations attributable to controlling interest					
Income from continuing operations attributable to controlling interest per share basic	\$ 1.11	\$	3.15	\$	0.24(u)
Income from continuing operations attributable to controlling interest per share diluted	\$ 1.11	\$	3.07	\$	0.24(u)
	13:	5			

# UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED STATEMENT OF INCOME FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Biovail	Valeant	Pro Forma Adjustments (Note 6)	Pro Forma Combined
			ressed in thousands of	
	(III uona)	-	per share data)	e.s. uonars
		Ĩ	1	
REVENUE				
Product sales	\$ 443,278	\$ 423,965	\$	\$ 867,243
Alliance and royalty	9,487	54,244		63,731
Service and other	5,641	9,356		14,997
	458,406	487,565		945,971
EXPENSES				
Cost of goods sold (exclusive of amortization				
of intangible assets shown below)	122,805	114,841	595(b),(k)	238,241
Cost of services	6,679	6,445		13,124
Research and development	36,221	22,353	489(b),(k)	59,063
Selling, general and administrative	87,318	144,026	11,605(b),(k)	242,949
Amortization of intangible assets	66,599	41,665	80,871(a)	189,135
Acquired in-process research and			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
development	61,245			61,245
Restructuring and other related costs	3,494	2,522		6,016
Legal settlements and indemnity obligations	1,289	1,550		2,839
Acquisition-related costs	7,577	9,208	(12,377)(e)	4,408
	393,227	342,610	81,183	817,020
	575,227	5.12,010	01,100	017,020
Operating income	65,179	144,955	(81,183)	128,951
Interest income	422	846		1,268
Interest expense	(19,779)	(33,648)	(65,797)(c)	(119,224)
Foreign exchange and other	44	(1,936)		(1,892)
Loss on investments, net	(547)			(547)
Income from continuing operations before				
recovery of income taxes	45,319	110,217	(146,980)	8,556
Provision for income taxes	14,500	42,378	(54,980)(d)	1,898
	11,500	12,570	(31,900)( <b>u</b> )	1,070
Income from continuing operations	30,819	67,839	(92,000)	6,658
Less: income from continuing operations				
attributable to non-controlling interest		2		2
	\$ 30,819	\$ 67,837	\$ (92,000)	\$ 6,656

Income from continuing operations attributable to controlling interest				
Income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to controlling interest per share basic	\$ 0.19	\$ 0.87	\$	0.02(u)
Income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to controlling interest per share diluted	\$ 0.19	\$ 0.82	\$	0.02(u)
	136			

# UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED BALANCE SHEET AS OF JUNE 30, 2010

		Biovail (All dollar :	amo	Valeant unts express	A	ro Forma djustments (Note 6) 1 thousands of U	0	ro Forma Combined dollars)
		ASSETS	5					
Current								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	176,566	\$	75,383	\$	(61, 625)(t)	\$	190,324
Marketable securities		6,238						6,238
Accounts receivable, net		114,409		183,793				298,202
Inventories		88,134		134,036		56,000(f)		278,170
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		9,576		20,678		(184)(h)		30,070
Deferred tax assets, net of valuation								
allowance		12,400		87,741		(67,456)(d)		32,685
Income taxes receivable								
Assets held for sale		7,117		1,559				8,676
		414,440		503,190		(73,265)		844,365
Marketable securities		9,660		-				9,660
Property, plant and equipment, net		96,480		155,208		31,100(1)		282,788
Intangible assets, net		1,263,993		840,832		3,139,477(j)		5,244,302
Goodwill		100,294		361,133		2,548,044(i)		3,009,471
Deferred tax assets, net of valuation								
allowance		115,400		4,917		(120,317)(d)		
Other long-term assets, net		29,456		22,826		64,318(g)		116,600
	\$	2,029,723	\$	1,888,106	\$	5,589,357	\$	9,507,186
LIABILITIES								
Current	¢	41.000	¢	10 700	¢		¢	01 (12
Accounts payable	\$	41,880	\$	49,733	\$		\$	91,613
Dividends payable		15,064		000 012				15,064
Accrued liabilities		127,471		228,213				355,684
Income taxes payable		11,323		10,730				22,053
Deferred revenue		21,131		17,773				38,904

Derentearerentae
Current deferred tax liabilities, net
Current portion of long-term debt
Liabilities held for sale

	234,236	389,490	(30,000)	593,726
Deferred revenue	59,446	621		60,067
Income taxes payable	66,900	16,739		83,639
Deferred tax liabilities, net		106,930	947,646(d)	1,054,576
Long-term debt	302,939	955,576	1,656,749(m)	2,915,264

16,284

1,083

759

(30,000)(n)

82,282

759

68,566 1,083

Edgar Filing: VALEANT PHARMACEUTICALS INTERNATIONAL - Form DEFM14A							
Other long-term liabilities	5,519	65,741	(7,400)(o)	63,860			
	669,040	1,535,097	2,566,995	4,771,132			
Shareholders equity							
Common shares	1,468,245	759	3,136,028(p)	4,605,032			
Additional paid-in capital	95,070	922,936	(532,166)(q)	485,840			
Accumulated deficit	(244,669)	(573,774)	421,566(r)	(396,877)			
Accumulated other comprehensive income	42,037	3,066	(3,066)(s)	42,037			
Non-controlling interest	1,360,683	352,987 22	3,022,362	4,736,032 22			
	1,360,683	353,009	3,022,362	4,736,054			
	\$ 2,029,723	\$ 1,888,106	\$ 5,589,357	\$ 9,507,186			
	137						

## NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED PRO FORMA

## CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 1. Description of Transaction

On June 20, 2010, the Biovail board of directors and the Valeant board of directors unanimously approved the merger agreement under which the companies would merge to create a combined company. In order to effect the combination of Valeant and Biovail, Valeant will merge with a wholly owned subsidiary of Biovail. As a result of this merger, the separate corporate existence of the newly formed subsidiary will cease and Valeant will continue as the surviving corporation. On the date of the closing of the merger, Biovail will change its name to Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, Inc.

Under the terms of the merger agreement, Valeant stockholders of record as of the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the effective time of the merger will have the right to receive a special dividend of \$16.77 per share of Valeant common stock, which Valeant intends to pay on the business day immediately preceding the effective time of the merger is completed, holders of shares of Valeant common stock (except for shares of Valeant common stock owned by Biovail, BAC or Beach Merger Corp. (all of which will be cancelled), and other than those shares with respect to which appraisal rights are properly exercised and not withdrawn), will receive, for each share of Valeant common stock outstanding immediately prior to the merger, 1.7809 Biovail common shares. Upon the completion of the merger, which is expected to occur before the end of the year, Biovail shareholders will own approximately 50.5% and Valeant stockholders will own approximately 49.5% of the shares of the combined company, each on a fully diluted basis.

In connection with the transaction, the companies have secured a commitment of \$2.772 billion through a term loan facility provided by the commitment parties. Existing Valeant 7.625% and 8.375% senior unsecured notes and senior secured term loan will be refinanced as part of the transaction. In addition, a \$250 million senior secured revolving credit facility will be made available to the combined company subsequent to the transaction.

It is anticipated that \$300 million of the \$2.772 billion facility will be utilized to partially fund the post-merger special dividend of \$1.00 per common share of the combined company subsequent to the merger, subject to the discretion of the board of directors of the combined company, and to compliance with applicable law.

Except as otherwise agreed to by the holder of a Valeant restricted stock unit award, each Valeant restricted stock unit award (including performance share units and certain restricted stock units granted to non-employee directors in 2010) that, in accordance with its existing term, provides for vesting, in whole or in part, upon a change in control will vest and settle at the level provided for under the terms of the award on the day prior to the payment of the pre-merger special dividend as if that day was the closing date of the merger (and any performance metrics applicable to the accelerated restricted stock units will be measured as of that day). Any portion of the restricted stock units that vest will be settled in common shares of the combined company at the time of the merger (with the number of shares determined by multiplying the number of shares of Valeant common stock subject to such vested restricted stock unit immediately prior to the completion of the merger by the exchange ratio of 1.7809) and the pre-merger special dividend of \$16.77 will be paid to the holder of the restricted stock unit in cash. Any portion of the accelerated restricted stock units that does not vest on the day prior to the payment of the pre-merger special dividend will be forfeited on that day for no consideration. Each stock option to acquire Valeant common stock and each restricted stock unit award (including each restricted stock unit held by non-employee directors not described above) that is not vested or forfeited in the manner described above (each, a continuing award ) will be adjusted to take into account the pre-merger special dividend by multiplying the number of shares underlying the award by the pre-merger special dividend adjustment ratio of 1.5710 (rounded down to the nearest whole share) and, in the case of stock options by

dividing the per share exercise price by the pre-merger special dividend adjustment ratio of 1.5710 (rounded up to the nearest whole cent). At the closing of the merger, each continuing award will be converted into an award to acquire common shares of the combined company, on the same terms and conditions as were applicable to the award prior to the merger. The number of common shares of the combined company subject to the award following the merger will be determined by multiplying the number of shares of Valeant common stock underlying the continuing award (as adjusted to take into account the pre-merger special dividend) by the exchange ratio of 1.7809 (rounded down to the nearest whole share) and, for each share underlying a stock option award by

#### Table of Contents

## NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED PRO FORMA

## CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

dividing the per share exercise price (as adjusted to take into account the pre-merger special dividend) by the exchange ratio of 1.7809 (rounded up to the nearest whole cent).

Valeant s outstanding convertible notes will be convertible into Biovail common shares upon completion of the merger and the conversion rate will be adjusted for the pre-merger special dividend.

The merger is subject to approval by Biovail shareholders and Valeant stockholders and the satisfaction or waiver (if permissible under applicable law) of customary closing conditions and regulatory approvals, including anti-trust and competition law approvals in the U.S. and certain other foreign jurisdictions.

## 2. Basis of Presentation

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information was prepared using the acquisition method of accounting, with Biovail being the legal and accounting acquirer, and was based on the historical financial statements of Biovail and Valeant. Certain reclassifications have been made to the historical financial statements to conform the financial statement presentation to be adopted by the combined company. These adjustments are primarily related to the presentation of alliance and royalty revenue, service and other revenue, in-process research and development charges, restructuring charges, acquisition-related costs, and accrued liabilities for uncertain taxes.

The acquisition method of accounting is based on ASC 805, *Business Combinations*, and uses the fair value concepts defined in ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurements*. The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information was prepared using the acquisition method of accounting, under these existing U.S. GAAP standards, which are subject to change and interpretation.

ASC 805 requires, among other things, that most assets acquired and liabilities assumed be recognized at their fair values as of the acquisition date and that the fair value of acquired in-process research and development be recorded on the balance sheet as of the acquisition date. In addition, ASC 805 establishes that the consideration transferred be measured at the closing date of the merger at the then-current market price; this particular requirement will likely result in a per share equity component that is different from the amount assumed in these unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements.

ASC 820 defines the term fair value and sets forth the valuation requirements for any asset or liability measured at fair value, expands related disclosure requirements and specifies a hierarchy of valuation techniques based on the nature of the inputs used to develop the fair value measures. Fair value is defined in ASC 820 as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. This is an exit price concept for the valuation of the asset or liability. In addition, market participants are assumed to be buyers and sellers in the principal (or the most advantageous) market for the asset or liability. Fair value measurements for an asset assume the highest and best use by these market participants. Many of these fair value measurements can be highly subjective and it is also possible that other professionals, applying reasonable judgment to the same facts and circumstances, could develop and support a range of alternative estimated amounts.

Under the acquisition method of accounting, the assets acquired and liabilities assumed of Valeant will be recorded as of the completion of the merger, primarily at their respective fair values and added to those of Biovail. The results of operations of Valeant will be included in the financial statements of the combined company as of the date of the

completion of the merger.

Under ASC 805, acquisition-related transaction costs (i.e., advisory, legal, valuation, other professional fees) and certain acquisition-related restructuring charges affecting the target company are not included as a component of consideration transferred but are accounted for as expenses in the periods in which the costs are incurred. Total acquisition-related transaction costs expected to be incurred by Biovail and Valeant are estimated to be approximately \$88.6 million, of which \$12.4 million had been incurred in the six months ended June 30, 2010. The

# NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED PRO FORMA

## CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

remaining estimated transaction costs are reflected in these unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements as a reduction to cash and cash equivalents and an increase to accumulated deficit. The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements do not reflect any acquisition-related restructuring charges and integration charges expected to be incurred in connection with the merger; these charges are expected to be in the range of approximately \$130 million to \$150 million, on a pre-tax basis.

## 3. <u>Accounting Policies</u>

Upon consummation of the merger, Biovail will review, in detail, Valeant s accounting policies. As a result of that review, Biovail may identify differences between the accounting policies of the two companies that, when conformed, could have a material impact on the combined financial statements. At this time, Biovail is not aware of any differences that would have a material impact on the combined financial statements.

## 4. Estimate of Consideration Expected to be Transferred

The following is a preliminary estimate of consideration expected to be transferred to effect the acquisition of Valeant:

	 version culation (In the	ŀ	Estimated Fair Value ands, except per	Form of Consideration share amounts)
Number of shares of Valeant common stock outstanding as of June 30, 2010 Multiplied by Biovail s stock price as of August 4, 2010	75,902			
adjusted for the exchange ratio of 1.7809 (\$22.37*1.7809)	\$ 39.84	\$	3,023,840(a)	Common stock
Number of shares of Valeant common stock expected to be issued pursuant to vested Valeant time-based RSUs and performance-based RSUs as a result of the merger				
transaction Multiplied by Biovail s stock price as of August 4, 2010	2,835			
adjusted for the exchange ratio of 1.7809	\$ 39.84	\$	112,947(a)	Common stock
Number and estimated fair value of vested and partially vested Valeant stock options expected to be exchanged for stock options in the combined company Number and estimated fair value of outstanding partially vested Valeant PSUs expected to be exchanged for PSUs in	7,530	\$	117,875(b)	Stock options
vested Valeant RSUs expected to be exchanged for RSUs in the combined company	1,865	\$	45,382(b)	Restricted stock units
Estimate of consideration expected to be transferred		\$	3,300,044	

Certain amounts may reflect rounding adjustments

## Table of Contents

(a) The estimated consideration expected to be transferred reflected in these unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements does not purport to represent what the actual consideration transferred will be when the merger is consummated. In accordance with ASC 805, the fair value of equity securities issued as part of the consideration transferred will be measured on the closing date of the merger at the then-current market price. This requirement will likely result in a per share equity component different from the \$39.84 assumed in these unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements and that difference may be material. Biovail believes that a price volatility of as much as 35% in the Biovail common share price on the closing date of the merger from the common stock price assumed in these unaudited pro forma condensed combined in these unaudited pro forma condensed combined in these unaudited pro forma condensed combined statements and that difference may be material. Biovail believes that a price volatility of as much as 35% in the Biovail common share price on the closing date of the merger from the common stock price assumed in these unaudited pro forma condensed combined

## NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED PRO FORMA

## CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

financial statements is reasonably possible based upon the recent history of the price of Biovail common shares. A change of this magnitude would increase or decrease the consideration expected to be transferred by approximately \$1.2 billion, which would be reflected in these unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements as an increase or decrease to goodwill.

(b) In accordance with ASC 805, the fair value of the vested portion of Valeant stock options and Valeant RSUs that will be converted into stock options and RSUs in the combined company (hereinafter called the converted options and RSUs) will be recognized as a component of the purchase price, based on the fair value of the converted options and RSUs, as described below:

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements assume that 7.5 million Valeant stock options and 1.9 million Valeant RSUs will be converted into options and RSUs to acquire or receive shares of the combined company s common stock based on the exchange ratio set forth in the merger agreement. The additional purchase price of \$112.9 million relating to the vested portion of the stock options represents a weighted-average fair value of \$26.94 per stock option, which was calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. This calculation considered the closing price of Biovail common shares of \$22.37 per share as of August 4, 2010, adjusted by the exchange ratio of 1.7809, and the following assumptions:

Expected volatility	32.73%
Expected life	4.69 years
Expected dividend yield	0.00%
Risk-free interest rate	1.61%

The expected life of the options was determined by taking into account the contractual life of the options and estimated exercise pattern of the option holders. The expected volatility and risk-free interest rate were determined based on current market information, and the dividend yield was derived based on historical experience as well as information that is available to management.

The fair value of the vested portion of the Valeant time-based and performance-based RSUs to be issued by the combined company to exchange Valeant RSUs is \$45.4 million. The fair value of the time-based RSUs is determined based on the closing price of Biovail common share of \$22.37, adjusted by the exchange ratio of 1.7809 and the fair value of the performance-based RSUs are determined using a Monte Carlo simulation model. The Monte Carlo simulation model utilizes multiple input variables to estimate the probability that the performance condition will be achieved.

The fair values of the combined company s stock options approximate the fair values of the Valeant stock options as of August 4, 2010. Accordingly, the fair value of the converted stock options was recognized as a component of the purchase price and no additional amounts have been reflected as compensation expense. The fair values of the combined company s time-based RSUs exceed the fair values of the Valeant time-based RSUs and the excess of \$1.1 million is recognized as post-merger compensation cost in the unaudited pro forma condensed combined statement of income. Biovail will recalculate the fair values of the Valeant options and RSUs and the converted options and RSUs as of the actual merger date, in accordance with ASC 718, *Compensation Stock Compensation*, to determine the fair value amounts, if any, to be recorded as post-merger compensation expense.

#### Table of Contents

## NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED PRO FORMA

#### CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 5. Estimate of Assets to be Acquired and Liabilities to be Assumed

The following is a preliminary estimate of the assets to be acquired and the liabilities to be assumed by Biovail in the merger, reconciled to the estimate of consideration expected to be transferred:

	(In	thousands)
Book value of net assets acquired at June 30, 2010 Adjusted for:	\$	352,987
Equity components of Valeant 3% and 4% convertible subordinated notes		(103,670)
Elimination of existing goodwill and intangible assets		(1,201,965)
Adjusted book value of net liabilities assumed Adjustments to:	\$	(952,648)
Inventory(a)		56,000
Property, plant and equipment(b)		31,100
Identifiable intangible assets(c)		3,980,309
Debt(d)		(321,546)
Pre-merger special dividend payable(e)		(1,343,949)
Other long-term liabilities(f)		7,400
Deferred income taxes(g)		(1,065,799)
Goodwill(h)		2,909,177
Estimate of consideration expected to be transferred	\$	3,300,044

- (a) Reflects an adjustment of \$56 million to record Valeant s inventory at its estimated fair value. In connection with the merger, Biovail is required to record Valeant s inventory on the combined company s balance sheet at fair value. Biovail s assumptions as to the fair value of Valeant s inventory may change as it conducts, with the assistance of a third party appraiser, a valuation of Valeant s inventory following the completion of the merger. Biovail s pro forma fair value adjustment to inventory is based on Valeant s inventory at June 30, 2010, adjusted as follows based on Valeant management s estimates:
  - i. Finished goods at estimated selling prices less the sum of costs of disposal and a reasonable profit allowance for the selling effort of a market participant;
  - ii. Work in process at estimated selling prices of finished goods less the sum of costs to complete, costs of disposal, and a reasonable profit allowance for the completing and selling effort of a market participant based on profit for similar finished goods; and

iii. Raw materials at current replacement costs.

(b)

Reflects an adjustment of \$31.1 million to record Valeant s property, plant and equipment at an estimated fair value. The assumptions as to the fair value of Valeant s property, plant and equipment may change as the combined company conducts, with the assistance of a third party appraiser, a valuation of Valeant s property, plant and equipment following the completion of the merger. The fair value adjustment to property, plant and equipment was derived based on recent appraisals. In cases where no recent appraisals have been completed,

## NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED PRO FORMA

#### CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

the fair value adjustment assumptions were based on a review of market evidence for real property and a review of full and remaining useful lives, replacement cost, and disposal cost for personal property.

	stimated Fair Value (In they	Average Estimated Useful Life
	(In thou	sanus)
Land	\$ 32,708	Indefinite
Buildings	71,400	30 years
Machinery and equipments	57,300	7 years
Automobiles	4,800	7 years
Furniture and fixtures	9,300	7 years
Leasehold improvements	3,900	7 years
Construction in progress	6,900	N/A
Total	186,308	
Book value of property, plant and equipment	155,208	
Adjustment	\$ 31,100	

(c) A preliminary fair value estimate of \$4.0 billion has been allocated to intangible assets acquired, primarily consisting of customer relationships, patented products, brands and other marketing intangibles, and in-process research and development (IPR&D). Amortization related to the fair value of amortizable intangible assets, taken over a weighted average life of 10 years for customer relationships and brands and other marketing intangibles, 11 years for patented products, and 11 years for product rights, is reflected as pro forma adjustments to the unaudited pro forma condensed combined statements of income.

The determination of the estimated intangible asset fair values was based upon various empirical studies, historical acquisition experience, economic factors, and estimated future cash flows of Valeant. A key variable in determining the fair value of IPR&D included the application of probability factors related to the likelihood of success of the respective products reaching each remaining stage of clinical and regulatory development, including market commercialization. The fair value of IPR&D is supported by industry and academic research papers that calculate probabilities of success by phase of development, and by Valeant s management view on regulatory risks for its IPR&D. Changes in these probability factors will have a significant impact on the asset values.

Average

Average
Estimated
Useful Life

	(In thousands)			
Product rights	\$	685,650	11 years	
Other formulations and technologies		149,500	10 years	
Patented products		31,100	11 years	
Brands and other marketing intangibles:				
Definite lived		1,349,971	10 years	
Indefinite lived		213,500	N/A	
Customer relationships		531,888	10 years	
IPR&D indefinite-lived*		1,018,700	N/A	
Total	\$	3,980,309		

## NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED PRO FORMA

## CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- \* Acquired IPR&D assets are initially recognized at fair value and are classified as indefinite-lived assets until the successful completion or abandonment of the associated research and development efforts. Accordingly, during the development period after the acquisition date, these assets will not be amortized into earnings; instead these assets will be subject to periodic impairment testing. Upon successful completion of the development process for an acquired IPR&D project, a determination as to the useful life of the asset will be made; at that point in time, the asset would then be considered a finite-lived intangible asset and amortization of the asset into earnings would commence.
- (d) As of the effective time of the merger, Valeant debt is required to be measured at fair value. Biovail has calculated the adjustment using publicly available information:

	(In th	ousands)
Fair value adjustments related to debt: Prepayment penalty on Valeant 8.375% senior unsecured notes Prepayment penalty on Valeant 7.625% senior unsecured notes Other adjustments to long-term debt	\$	65,229 105,720 11,549
Elimination of Valeant debt issue costs		182,498 15,205
Fair value adjustment to equity component of convertible notes(a)		197,703 123,843
Total	\$	321,546

- (a) In accordance with ASC 470-20, *Debt with Conversion and Other Options*, Biovail is required to separately account for the liability component and equity component of the Valeant 3% and 4% convertible subordinated notes as the notes have cash settlement features. The fair value of the convertible notes has been allocated to the liability component in a manner reflecting the combined company s interest rate at the effective date of the merger for a similar debt instrument without the conversion feature; the residual of the fair value is allocated to additional paid-in capital.
- (e) Under the merger agreement, Valeant stockholders will receive a special dividend of \$16.77 per share of Valeant common stock immediately prior to closing of the merger.
- (f) Represents an adjustment to liabilities relating to contingent consideration payable in connection with Valeant s acquisition of Princeton Pharma Holdings LLC.
- (g) Represents the estimated deferred income tax liability, based on an estimated income tax rate of 38%, multiplied by the value of purchase price allocation adjustments made to assets and liabilities, excluding goodwill. A combined U.S. Federal and state estimated tax rate of 38% has been used in accordance with Valeant s intention to repatriate the earnings of non-U.S. subsidiaries which are owned directly or indirectly by Valeant. The tax

benefit associated with share-based compensation is based on a preliminary estimate and may be different than the actual amount recorded. This adjustment also includes the reversal of the deferred income

#### **Table of Contents**

## NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED PRO FORMA

#### CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

tax liability associated with intangible assets previously recorded by Valeant. The pro forma adjustment to record the effect of deferred taxes was computed as follows:

	(In	thousands)
Estimated fair value adjustment of identifiable intangible assets to be acquired Estimated fair value adjustment of inventory to be acquired Estimated fair value adjustment of property, plant and equipment to be acquired Estimated fair value adjustment related to debt	\$	3,139,477 56,000 31,100 (197,703)
Total estimated adjustments of assets to be acquired and liabilities to be assumed		3,028,874
Deferred income taxes associated with the estimated adjustments of assets to be acquired and liabilities to be assumed at 38% tax rate Deferred income taxes associated with exchange of stock-based awards	\$	1,150,972 (85,173)
Estimated adjustment to deferred income taxes	\$	1,065,799

For purposes of these unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements, no adjustment has been made to the balance of unrecognized tax benefits, which is based on a preliminary assessment and may be subject to change.

(h) Goodwill is calculated as the difference between the acquisition date fair value of the consideration expected to be transferred and the preliminary values assigned to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed. Goodwill is not amortized.

## 6. Pro Forma Adjustments

This note should be read in conjunction with *Note 1*. *Description of Transaction*; *Note 2*. *Basis of Presentation*; *Note 4*. *Estimate of Consideration Expected to be Transferred*; and *Note 5*. *Estimate of Assets to be Acquired and Liabilities to be Assumed*. Adjustments included in the column under the heading Pro Forma Adjustments represent the following:

(a) To adjust amortization expense to an estimate of intangible asset amortization, as follows:

Six Months

Year Ended Ended December 31, June 30, 2009 2010 (In thousands)

Eliminate Valeant s historical intangible asset amortization expense Estimated amortization expense of acquired finite-lived intangibles:	\$ (70,640)	\$ (41,665)
Product rights (estimated to be \$685,650 over average useful life of 11 years)	35,322	20,190
Other formulations and technologies (estimated to be \$149,500 over useful life of		
10 years)	14,950	7,475
Patented products (estimated to be \$31,100 million over useful life of 11 years)	2,827	1,414
Brand and other marketing intangibles (estimated to be \$1,349,971 over useful life		
of 10 years)	133,320	66,926
Customer relationships (estimated to be \$531,888 over useful life of 10 years)	52,610	26,531
Adjustment(a)	\$ 168,389	\$ 80,871

## NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED PRO FORMA

## CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- (a) Amortization expense related to intangible assets that arose from the business combinations completed by Valeant in the second quarter of 2010 had been included in the unaudited pro forma combined statements of net income as if Biovail has acquired those intangible assets as of the date on which each respective business combination was consummated.
- (b) To adjust depreciation expense relating to property, plant and equipment fair value increments, as follows:

	E Dece	Year Ended ember 31, 2009 (In tho	J	x Months Ended (une 30, 2010 ls)
Estimated depreciation expense for fair value increments: Buildings (estimated to be \$(1,000) over remaining useful life of 30 years) Machinery and equipment, automobiles (estimated to be \$7,000 over remaining useful life of 7 years) Furniture and fixtures (estimated to be \$400 over remaining useful life of 7 years)	\$	(33) 1,000 57	\$	(17) 500 29
Total	\$	1,024	\$	512

Depreciation expense relating to the property, plant and equipment fair value increments has been allocated to cost of goods sold, research and development, and selling, general and administrative in the following percentages: 50%, 4%, 46%, respectively, which is consistent with Valeant s historical allocation.

(c) To record the following debt related adjustments:

	Year Ended cember 31, 2009 (In tho	J	x Months Ended (une 30, 2010 ls)
Eliminate interest expense recorded by Valeant related to the 8.375% senior unsecured notes(a) Eliminate interest expense recorded by Valeant related to the 7.625% senior unsecured notes(a) Eliminate interest expense recorded by Valeant related to the senior secured term loan(a)	\$ (18,149)	\$	(16,290) (7,061) (135)

## Table of Contents

Amortization of the fair value adjustment to the 4% convertible subordinated		
notes(b)	(780)	(186)
Additional interest expense related to the new debt in connection with the		
merger(c)	180,553	91,096
Eliminate amortization of deferred financing costs recorded by Biovail related to		
the senior secured revolving credit facility(d)	(1,816)	(1,627)
Total(e)	\$ 159,808	\$ 65,797

- (a) Interest expense, including amortization of original issue discount and underwriter fees, on the existing Valeant 8.375% and 7.625% senior unsecured notes and senior secured term loan will be eliminated as these notes and term loan will be repaid as part of the merger transaction.
- (b) Fair value adjustment to existing Valeant debt will be amortized to net earnings of the combined company using the effective interest method. The effective interest rate is 7.46%.

#### NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED PRO FORMA

## CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- (c) The companies, in connection with the merger, have secured a commitment of \$2.772 billion through a term loan facility provided by the commitment parties. The term loan facility consists of two tranches: senior secured term loan A facility (Term A Facility) with a principal amount of \$500 million and senior secured term loan B facility (Term B Facility) with a principal amount of \$2,272 million (\$300 million of which is a delayed draw directly linked to the payment of the post-merger special dividend) and is expected to have an original issue discount of \$69.3 million on a fully drawn basis. Term A Facility matures on the fifth anniversary of the issuance of the loan and is estimated to bear interest at a rate of 6.25%. Term B Facility matures on the sixth anniversary of the issuance of the loan and is estimated to bear interest at a rate of 6.50%. Approximately \$86 million of issue costs are expected to be incurred and will be amortized using an effective interest method. The effective interest rates for Term A Facility and Term B Facility are 7.57% and 7.82%, respectively. Term A Facility and Term B Facility are both committed as floating rate loans. Additionally, the committed facility provides an element of both rate and pricing market flex which could cause the rate estimates applied in these unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements to vary from those used above.
- (d) Amortization of deferred financing costs related to Biovail s senior secured revolving credit facility will be eliminated as this facility will be terminated in connection with the merger. There were no outstanding borrowings under this facility as of June 30, 2010.
- (e) No interest income has been imputed on this cash balance in the unaudited pro forma condensed combined statements of income.

(d) To record an estimate of the deferred income tax impacts of the acquisition on the balance sheet and income statement, primarily related to the additional expense on incremental debt to finance the merger, estimated fair value adjustments for inventory, property, plant and equipment and intangibles, share-based compensation and reversal of acquisition-related transaction costs (see note 6(a), (b), (c), (e), (f), (k)). A combined U.S. Federal and state estimated tax rate of 38% has been used in accordance with Valeant s intention to repatriate to the U.S. the earnings of non-U.S. subsidiaries which are owned by the U.S. corporation. The effective tax rate of the combined company could be significantly different than the tax rates assumed for purposes of preparing the unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements for a variety of factors, including post-merger activities. The income tax impact also includes the elimination of the non-recurring tax benefits associated with the reduction of the valuation allowance on U.S. net deferred tax assets that was recorded by each of Biovail and Valeant in 2009. These valuation allowance reductions would not have been expected to be recorded if the merger had occurred on January 1, 2009. The valuation allowance previously recorded by Valeant would have been eliminated as at the closing date of the merger as a result of the recording of deferred tax liabilities associated with purchase price adjustments, rather than Valeant reducing the valuation allowance as a tax benefit during 2009. In addition, as a result of the limitation on Biovail s utilization of net operating loss carryovers immediately after the merger, Biovail would have been expected to increase its valuation allowance as of the merger date and maintain this increased valuation allowance on U.S. net deferred tax assets at the same amount in 2009 and the second quarter of 2010. Biovail and Valeant have assumed that their remaining net deferred tax assets presented in the unaudited pro forma condensed combined balance sheet as of June 30, 2010 will be utilized based on reversing temporary differences, expected future income and, if necessary, available tax-planning strategies relating to the timing of the repatriation of foreign earnings which are not permanently reinvested. In addition, certain deferred tax balances have been reclassified from noncurrent deferred tax assets to noncurrent deferred tax liabilities in order to net deferred tax balances in each tax jurisdiction.

(e) To eliminate acquisition-related transaction costs incurred by Biovail and Valeant for the six months ended June 30, 2010 as they do not have a continuing impact on the combined company s financial results.

(f) To adjust acquired inventory to an estimate of fair value. The combined company s cost of sales will reflect the increased valuation of Valeant s inventory as the acquired inventory is sold which is expected to occur within the first year post-acquisition. There is no continuing impact of the acquired inventory adjustment on the combined

#### **Table of Contents**

## NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED PRO FORMA

## CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

operating results, and as such, it is not included in the unaudited pro forma condensed combined statement of income.

(g) To adjust other long-term assets, net, as follows:

	(In thousands)
Eliminate Valeant s historical deferred charges associated with the Valeant debt	\$ (15,021)
Eliminate Biovail s historical deferred charges associated with the Biovail senior secured revolving credit facility	(6,316)
Estimated debt issuance costs associated with the new term loan facility entered into in	(0,510)
connection with the merger	85,655
Total	\$ 64,318

(h) To eliminate Valeant s historical prepaid expenses associated with the Valeant debt.

(i) To adjust goodwill to an estimate of acquisition-date goodwill, as follows:

	(In thousands)
Eliminate Valeant s historical goodwill Estimated transaction goodwill	\$ (361,133) 2,909,177
Total	\$ 2,548,044

(j) To adjust intangible assets (including IPR&D intangibles) to an estimate of fair value, as follows:

	(In thousands)			
Eliminate Valeant s historical intangible assets Estimated fair value of intangible assets acquired	\$	(840,832) 3,980,309		
Total	\$	3,139,477		

(k) To adjust share-based compensation expense related to unvested stock options and RSUs to be issued by the combined company to replace Valeant stock options and Valeant RSUs.

#### Six Months

	Year Ended December 31, 2009	Ended June 30, 2010
	(In thou	sands)
Eliminate Valeant s historical share-based compensation expense Estimated share-based compensation relating to the combined company s stock options and RSUs issued to replace the unvested Valeant stock options	\$ (16,121)	\$ (11,749)
and the unvested Valeant RSUs	58,036	23,926
Total	\$ 41,915	\$ 12,177

The share-based compensation adjustment has been allocated to cost of goods sold, research and development, and selling, general and administrative in the following percentages: 2%, 2%, 96%, respectively, which is consistent with Valeant s historical allocation.

#### Table of Contents

#### NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED PRO FORMA

#### CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(1) To adjust property, plant and equipment to an estimate of fair value, as follows:

	(In thousands)
Estimated fair value increments of property, plant and equipment acquired:	
Land	\$ 24,700
Buildings	(1,000)
Machinery, equipment and automobiles	7,000
Furniture and fixtures	400
Total	\$ 31,100

(m) To record the new debt to be incurred in connection with the merger; to adjust the remaining Valeant debt to its estimated fair value; and to record the settlement of Valeant s 8.375% and 7.625% senior unsecured notes, including related prepayment penalty, as follows:

		(In thousands)			
Establish new debt in connection with the merger(a) Estimated net fair value increase to continuing debt Settlement of Valeant 8.375% senior unsecured notes(b) Settlement of Valeant 7.625% senior unsecured notes(c)	\$	2,410,200 182,498 (430,229) (505,720)			
Total	\$	1,656,749			

- (a) The companies, in connection with the merger, have secured a commitment of \$2.772 billion through a term loan facility provided by the commitment parties to fund the merger transaction, including the repayment of certain existing Valeant debt instruments, the special dividend, fees and transaction costs and the proposed post-merger special dividend. The debt is expected to be issued with an original issue discount of \$69.3 million on a fully drawn basis. In addition, the committed facility includes a revolving facility of \$250 million which is considered as undrawn for the purposes of the unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements. The post-merger special dividend is not reflected in these unaudited pro forma condensed financial statements and accordingly the related \$300 million portion of Term B Facility is also considered undrawn for purposes of the unaudited pro forma condensed financial statements and accordingly the related \$300 million portion of Term B Facility is also considered undrawn for purposes of the unaudited pro forma condensed financial statements.
- (b) Consists of repayment of the principal balance of \$365 million and an estimated prepayment penalty of \$65.2 million. Changes in the timing of this repayment will impact the amount of the prepayment penalty; on a monthly basis, the prepayment penalty will decrease by approximately \$2.1 million.

(c)

Consists of repayment of the principal balance of \$400 million and an estimated prepayment penalty of \$105.7 million. Changes in the timing of this repayment will impact the amount of the prepayment penalty; on a monthly basis, the prepayment penalty will decrease by approximately \$1.5 million.

(n) To record repayment of the Valeant senior secured term loan which will be refinanced in connection with the merger.

(o) To record adjustment to fair value of contingent consideration payable in connection with Valeant s acquisition of Princeton Pharma Holdings LLC.

#### Table of Contents

#### NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED PRO FORMA

## CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(p) To record the common stock portion of the transaction consideration and to eliminate Valeant common stock, at par, as follows:

	(In	thousands)
Eliminate Valeant common stock Issuance of Biovail common stock	\$	(759) 3,136,787
Total	\$	3,136,028

(q) To record the pre-merger special dividend and the issuance of the combined company s stock options and RSUs, as follows:

	(In	thousands)
Pre-merger special dividend Less: amount charged to accumulated deficit(note 6(r))	\$	(1,343,949) (524,683)
Increase in equity component of Valeant 4% convertible subordinated notes(a) Issuance of the combined company s replacement options and RSUs		(819,266) 123,843 163,257
Total	\$	(532,166)

(a) In accordance with ASC 470-20, *Debt with Conversion and Other Options*, as the notes have cash settlement features, the combined company is required to separately account for the liability component and equity component of the Valeant 4% convertible subordinated notes. The fair value of the convertible notes has been allocated to the liability component in a manner reflecting the combined company s estimated interest rate at the effective date of the merger for a similar debt instrument without the conversion feature; the residual of the fair value is allocated to additional paid-in capital.

(r) To record the excess of the pre-merger special dividend over available additional paid-in capital and to eliminate the Valeant accumulated deficit, estimated acquisition-related transaction costs and the increase in the valuation allowance against deferred tax assets of Biovail, all of which are not expected to be recurring, as follows:

# (In thousands) \$ (1,343,949)

Pre-merger special dividend

Less: amount charged to additional paid-in capital(note 6(q))	(819,266)
Eliminate Valeant accumulated deficit, after pre-merger special dividend	(524,683) 1,098,457
Estimated acquisition-related transaction costs assumed to be non-recurring, net of tax of \$7,980(a)	(68,292)
Eliminate deferred charges associated with the Biovail senior secured revolving credit facility, net of tax of \$2,400	(3,916)
Increase in valuation allowance against Biovail deferred tax assets	(80,000)
Total	\$ 421,566

(a) Total acquisition-related transaction costs to be incurred by Biovail and Valeant are estimated to be approximately \$88.6 million, of which no amount was charged in the year ended December 31, 2009 and \$12.4 million was incurred and expensed during the six months ended June 30, 2010. Because the acquisition-related transaction costs are not expected to have a continuing impact on the combined company s results, the amount was recorded as an increase to accumulated deficit.

## Table of Contents

## NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED PRO FORMA

## CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(s) To eliminate Valeant accumulated other comprehensive income.

(t) To record the cash impact of financing, pre-merger special dividend, and transaction costs as follows:

	(In thousands)	
Proceeds from new term loan facility	\$	2,410,200
Debt issue cost		(85,655)
Repayment of 8.375% Valeant senior unsecured notes		(430,229)
Repayment of 7.625% Valeant senior unsecured notes		(505,720)
Repayment of Valeant senior secured term loan		(30,000)
Acquisition-related transaction costs		(76,272)
Payment of pre-merger special dividend		(1,343,949)
Total	\$	(61,625)

In addition, the unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements do not include the following amounts related to the anticipated post-merger special dividend:

	(In t	thousands)
Delayed draw down on term loan facility Post-merger special dividend of \$1.00 per common share	\$	300,000 (322,300)
Total	\$	(22,300)

(u) The unaudited pro forma combined basic and diluted earnings per share for the period presented are based on the combined basic and diluted weighted-average shares. The historical basic and diluted weighted average shares of Valeant were assumed to be replaced by the shares expected to be issued by Biovail to effect the merger.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements do not reflect the expected realization of pre-tax annual cost savings of approximately \$175 million by the second year after close of the merger. These savings are expected in selling, information technology and administrative functions, research and development and manufacturing. Although management expects that cost savings will result from the merger, there can be no assurance that these cost savings will be achieved. The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements also do not reflect estimated acquisition-related restructuring charges associated with the expected pre-tax cost savings, which is estimated to be in the range of \$130 to \$150 million, on a pre-tax basis, and which will be expensed as incurred.

## COMPARATIVE PER SHARE MARKET PRICE DATA AND DIVIDEND INFORMATION

Valeant s common stock is listed and traded on the NYSE under the symbol VRX. Biovail s common shares are listed and traded on the NYSE and TSX under the symbol BVF. The following table sets forth, for the fiscal quarters indicated, the high and low sales price per share of Valeant common stock and the high and low sales price per share of Biovail common shares, in each case as reported on the NYSE. In addition, the table also sets forth the quarterly cash dividends per share declared by Valeant with respect to its common stock (excluding the pre-merger special dividend) and by Biovail with respect to its common stock outstanding. On the Biovail record date (August 18, 2010), there were approximately 158,646,462 Biovail common shares outstanding.

		Valeant			Biovail	
	High	Low	Dividends Declared	High	Low	Dividends Declared
2008						
First Quarter	\$ 14.63	\$ 11.00	9	5 14.90	\$ 10.00	\$ 0.375
Second Quarter	\$ 17.71	\$ 11.99	9	5 12.96	\$ 9.53	\$ 0.375
Third Quarter	\$ 21.00	\$ 16.00	9	5 11.27	\$ 9.27	\$ 0.375
Fourth Quarter	\$ 23.28	\$ 14.58	9	9.88	\$ 6.65	\$ 0.375
2009						
First Quarter	\$ 24.65	\$ 15.64	9	5 12.15	\$ 9.41	\$ 0.375
Second Quarter	\$ 26.22	\$ 16.34	4	5 13.75	\$ 9.26	\$ 0.09
Third Quarter	\$ 28.13	\$ 22.17	9	5 15.50	\$ 12.14	\$ 0.09
Fourth Quarter	\$ 34.44	\$ 26.63	4	5 15.49	\$ 12.91	\$ 0.09
2010						
First Quarter	\$ 43.42	\$ 31.03	\$	6 16.97	\$ 13.64	\$ 0.09
Second Quarter	\$ 53.50	\$ 40.50	\$	19.81	\$ 13.67	\$ 0.095
Third Quarter (until August 17, 2010)	\$ 59.42	\$ 50.25	9	5 23.40	\$ 18.07	\$ 0.095
	15	52				

## CERTAIN HISTORICAL AND PRO FORMA PER SHARE DATA

The following tables set forth certain historical, pro forma and pro forma equivalent per share financial information for Valeant common stock and Biovail common shares. The pro forma and pro forma equivalent per share information gives effect to the merger as if the merger had occurred on June 30, 2010 in the case of book value per share data and as of January 1, 2009 in the case of net income per share data.

The pro forma per share balance sheet information combines Valeant s June 30, 2010 unaudited consolidated balance sheet with Biovail s June 30, 2010 unaudited consolidated balance sheet. The pro forma per share income statement information for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009, combines Valeant s audited consolidated statement of income for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009, with Biovail s audited consolidated statement of income for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009, with Biovail s audited consolidated statement of income for the six months ended June 30, 2010, combines Valeant s unaudited consolidated statement of income for the six months ended June 30, 2010, with Biovail s unaudited consolidated statement of income for the six months ended June 30, 2010, with Biovail s unaudited consolidated statement of income for the six months ended June 30, 2010, with Biovail s unaudited consolidated statement of income for the six months ended June 30, 2010, with Biovail s unaudited consolidated statement of income for the six months ended June 30, 2010, with Biovail s unaudited consolidated statement of income for the six months ended June 30, 2010. The Valeant pro forma equivalent per share financial information is calculated by multiplying the unaudited Biovail pro forma combined per share amounts by the 1.7809 exchange ratio.

The following information should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements of Valeant and Biovail contained in Valeant s and Biovail s Annual Reports on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009, and the unaudited consolidated financial statements of Valeant and Biovail contained in Valeant s and Biovail s quarterly reports on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2010, which are incorporated by reference in this joint proxy statement/prospectus, and the financial information contained in the section entitled Biovail Corporation and Valeant Pharmaceuticals International Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements beginning on page 134. The unaudited pro forma information below is not necessarily indicative of the operating results or financial position that would have occurred if the merger had been completed as of the periods presented, nor is it necessarily indicative of the future operating results or financial position of the combined company. In addition, the unaudited pro forma information does not purport to indicate balance sheet data or results of operations data as of any future date or for any future period.

	As of and for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2010	As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2009
Valeant Historical Data per Share of Common Stock		
Income from continuing operations attributable to controlling interest		
Basic	\$ 0 .87	\$ 3 .15
Diluted	\$ 0 .82	\$ 3 .07
Dividends declared per share of Common Stock		
Book value per share of Common Stock	\$ 4 .65	\$ 4 .80
	As of and for the Six Months Ended	As of and for the Year Ended December 31,
	June 30, 2010	2009

Biovail Historical Data per Common Share		
Income from continuing operations		
Basic	\$ 0 .19	\$ 1 .11
Diluted	\$ 0 .19	\$ 1 .11
Dividends declared per Common Share	\$ 0 .185	\$ 0 .65
Book value per Common Share	\$ 8 .58	\$ 8 .56

	As of and for the Six Months Ended	As of and for the Year Ended December 31,
	June 30, 2010	2009
Valeant Pro Forma Equivalent Combined Data per Share of Common Stock Income from continuing operations attributable to controlling interest		
Basic	\$0.04	\$0.43
Diluted	\$0.04	\$0.43
Dividends declared per share of Common Stock	\$0.33	\$1.15
Book value per share of Common Stock	\$28.71	N/A
	As of and for the Six Months Ended	As of and for the Year Ended December 31,
	June 30, 2010	2009
<b>Biovail Pro Forma Combined Data per Common Share</b> Income from continuing operations		
Basic	\$0.02	\$0.24
Diluted	\$0.02	\$0.24
Dividends declared per Common Share	\$0.185	\$0.65
Book value per Common Share	\$16.12	N/A
154	·	

## COMPARISON OF RIGHTS OF VALEANT STOCKHOLDERS AND BIOVAIL SHAREHOLDERS

If the merger is completed, stockholders of Valeant will become shareholders of Biovail. The rights of Valeant stockholders are currently governed by the DGCL and the restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated bylaws of Valeant. The rights of Biovail shareholders are currently governed by the CBCA and the articles of continuance and bylaws of Biovail.

This section of the joint proxy statement/prospectus describes the material differences between the rights of Valeant stockholders and Biovail shareholders. This section does not include a complete description of all differences among the rights of Valeant stockholders and Biovail shareholders, nor does it include a complete description of the specific rights of these persons.

The following summary is qualified in its entirety by reference to, and you are urged to read carefully, the relevant provisions of the DGCL and the CBCA, as well as the certificate of incorporation and bylaws of Valeant and the articles of continuance and bylaws of Biovail. This summary does not reflect any of the rules of the NYSE or TSX that may apply to Valeant or Biovail in connection with the merger. Copies of the certificate of incorporation and bylaws of Valeant and the articles of continuance and bylaws of Biovail are filed as exhibits to the reports of Valeant and Biovail incorporated by reference in this joint proxy statement/prospectus. See Where You Can Find More Information beginning on page 175.

	Valeant	Biovail
Outstanding Capital Stock	Valeant has outstanding only one class of common stock. Holders of Valeant common stock are entitled to all of the respective rights and obligations provided to common stockholders under Delaware law and Valeant s restated certificate of incorporation (referred to herein as its certificate of incorporation ) and amended and restated bylaws (referred to herein as its bylaws ).	Biovail has outstanding only one class of common shares. Holders of Biovail common shares are entitled to all of the respective rights and obligations provided to shareholders under the CBCA and Biovail s articles of continuance and amended and restated bylaws (referred to herein as its bylaws ).
Authorized Capital Stock	The authorized capital stock of Valeant consists of (i) 200,000,000 shares of common stock, \$0.01 par value, and (ii) 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock, \$0.01 par value.	The authorized share capital of Biovail consists of (i) an unlimited number of Class A Special shares and (ii) an unlimited number of common shares.
	Under Valeant s certificate of incorporation, Valeant s board of directors has the authority to issue one or more series of preferred stock with designations, voting powers, preferences and rights, and any qualifications, restrictions or limitations thereof, as the board of directors may	Under Biovail s articles of continuance, Biovail s board of directors has the authority to issue one or more series of Class A Special shares with designations, rights, privileges, restrictions and conditions, as the board of directors may determine.

#### determine.

As of August 18, 2010, there were (i) approximately 76,696,012 shares of Valeant common stock outstanding and (ii) no shares of Valeant preferred stock outstanding. As of August 18, 2010, there were (i) approximately 158,646,462 Biovail common shares outstanding and (ii) no Class A Special shares outstanding.

	Valeant	Biovail
Designations of Preferred Stock	Valeant s certificate of incorporation designates Series A Participating Preferred Stock, which stock is entitled to quarterly dividends, voting rights superior to the common stock and a liquidation preference. No shares of Series A Participating Preferred Stock are outstanding.	Biovail s articles of continuance provide that, subject to the prior rights of the holders of the Class A Special shares (and any other shares ranking senior to the common shares with respect to priority in the payment of dividends), the holders of common shares shall be entitled to receive any dividends declared by the board of directors of Biovail, and Biovail shall pay dividends thereon, as and when declared by the board of directors of Biovail.
		Biovail s articles of continuance provide that, in the event of the dissolution, liquidation or winding- up of Biovail, whether voluntary or involuntary, or any other distribution of assets of Biovail among its shareholders for the purpose of winding-up its affairs, subject to the prior rights of the holders of the Class A Special shares (and any other shares ranking senior to the common shares with respect to priority in the distribution of assets upon dissolution, liquidation or winding- up or distribution for the purpose of winding-up), the holders of common shares shall be entitled to receive the remaining property and assets of Biovail.
Voting Rights	Each holder of Valeant common stock is entitled to one vote per share on all matters to be voted on by stockholders.	Each holder of Biovail common shares is entitled to receive notice of and attend all meetings of Biovail shareholders and shall have one vote for each common share held at all meetings of Biovail shareholders, except meetings at which, pursuant to the CBCA, only holders of another specified class or series of shares of Biovail are entitled to vote separately as a class or series. Also see Mergers, Consolidations and Other Transactions beginning on page 162.
Dividend Rights	The DGCL generally provides that, subject to certain restrictions, the directors of every corporation may declare and pay dividends upon the shares of its capital stock either out of its surplus or, in case there is no such surplus, out of its net profits for the fiscal	Under the CBCA, dividends may be declared at the discretion of the board of directors. Biovail may pay dividends unless there are reasonable grounds for believing that (1) Biovail is, or would after such payment be, unable to pay its liabilities as

year in which the dividend is declared and the preceding fiscal year.

they become due or (2) the realizable value of Biovail s assets would, as a result of the dividend, be less than the aggregate of its liabilities and stated capital of all classes of shares.

	Valeant	Biovail
Size of the Board of Directors	The DGCL provides that the board of directors of a Delaware corporation must consist of one or more directors as fixed by the corporation s certificate of incorporation or bylaws. Valeant s board of directors currently has 10	The CBCA provides that a board of directors of a CBCA corporation that is a distributing corporation whose issued securities remain outstanding and are held by more than one person must have no fewer than three directors, at least two of whom are not officers or employees of the
	members. Valeant s certificate of incorporation provides that the Valeant board of directors must consist of not less than three nor more than 20 members, as may be fixed from time to time by a resolution adopted by the majority of the board of directors. Valeant s bylaws provide that so long as Valeant s certificate of incorporation provides that the number of directors may be fixed by the board of directors, the Valeant board of directors must consist of not less than seven nor more than 11 members.	<ul> <li>corporation or its affiliates.</li> <li>Biovail s board of directors currently has 12 members. Pursuant to the terms of the merger agreement, the combined company s board of directors will comprise</li> <li>11 directors. See The Merger Board of Directors and Management After the Merger beginning on page 90.</li> <li>Biovail s articles of incorporation state that the minimum number of directors is three and the maximum is 20. The actual number of directors, within that range, is determined by the board of directors from time to time.</li> </ul>
Classification of the Board of Directors	Valeant s certificate of incorporation provides for the division of Valeant s board of directors into three classes of directors, as nearly equal in number as reasonably possible, serving staggered three-year terms, with one-third of the board of directors being elected each year.	The CBCA provides that any amendment to increase or decrease this minimum or maximum number of directors requires the approval of shareholders of Biovail by special resolution. The CBCA provides that directors may be elected for a term of up to three years, and that staggered terms are permissible; however, Biovail s bylaws and charter of the board of directors provide that a director s term of office shall be from the date of the meeting at which such director is elected or appointed until the close of the annual meeting of shareholders next following such director s election or appointment or until such director s successor is elected or appointed. If qualified, a director whose term of office has expired is eligible for re-election as a director.
Election of Directors	The DGCL provides that, unless the certificate of incorporation or bylaws	The CBCA and Biovail s bylaws provide that directors will be elected by ordinary

provide otherwise, directors will be elected by a plurality of the votes of the shares present in person or represented by proxy at the meeting and entitled to vote.

The Valeant bylaws provide that, in an uncontested election, each director will be elected by the vote of the majority of votes cast with respect to that director s election, and that, in a contested election (i.e., an election in which the number of nominees exceeds the number of directors to be elected), each director will be elected by a plurality of votes cast. For purposes of the election of directors, a majority of the

157

resolution of shareholders present in person or represented by proxy at the meeting and entitled to vote.

Pursuant to the CBCA, at least 25% of the directors of a CBCA corporation must be resident Canadians.

Biovail s corporate governance guidelines provide that, in an uncontested election, each director who is elected by less than a majority of votes cast with respect to that director s election (i.e. a director who receives a greater number of votes withheld from his or her election than votes for such election) shall promptly

#### Valeant

Remova	al of Directors	votes cast means that the number of votes cast for a director s election exceeds 50% the number of votes cast with respect to that director s election (excluding abstentions). Under the DGCL, where there is a classified board of directors, any director may be removed only for cause, unless the corporation s certificate of incorporation provides otherwise. Under the Valeant certificate of incorporation and bylaws, Valeant stockholders may remove directors only for cause and only by the affirmative vote of the holders of at least 662/3% of the voting power of all of the outstanding shares of capital stock of Valeant entitled to vote generally in the election of directors,	tender his or her written resignation to the oboard of directors following the meeting at which the director is elected, which will become effective upon acceptance by Biovail s board of directors. Under the CBCA, unless the articles of a corporation provide for cumulative voting (which is not the case for Biovail), shareholders of the corporation may, by a majority of the votes cast at a special meeting, remove any director or directors from office. If holders of a class or series of shares have the exclusive right to elect one or more directors, a director elected by them may only be removed by a majority of the votes cast at a meeting of the shareholders of that class or series.
0	of Vacancies on rd of Directors	voting together as a single class. Under the DGCL, a majority of the directors in office can fill any vacancy or newly created directorship. Valeant s certificate of incorporation and bylaws provide that newly created directorships resulting from any increase in the authorized number of directors or any vacancies occurring on the Valeant board of directors, however caused, may be filled by the affirmative vote of a majority of the remaining directors even though less than a quorum, or by a sole remaining director. Each director so chosen will hold office for a term expiring at the annual meeting of	In addition, the CBCA allows a vacancy on the board of directors to be filled by a quorum of directors, except for the case in which the vacancy results from an increase in the number or minimum or maximum number of directors or from a failure to elect the number or minimum number of directors required by Biovail s articles of continuance. Under the CBCA, a vacancy among directors created by the removal of a director by shareholders may be filled at a meeting of shareholders at which the director is removed.
		stockholders at which the term of office of the class to which he or she has been elected expires, or in the case of newly created directorships, will hold office until such time as determined by the directors electing such new director.	In addition to the Board s ability to fill a vacancy among directors, the CBCA and Biovail s articles of continuance authorize the board of directors to appoint one or more additional directors, who shall hold office for a term expiring not later than the close of the next annual meeting of charabeldars, but the total number of

Biovail

ze he shareholders, but the total number of directors so appointed may not exceed one-third of the number of directors elected at the previous annual meeting of shareholders, and those additional directors may hold office for a term expiring not later than the close of the next annual

meeting of shareholders.

	Valeant	Biovail
Ability to Call Special Meetings of Stockholders/ Shareholders	Under the DGCL, a special meeting of stockholders may be called by the board of directors or by any other person authorized to do so in the corporation s certificate of incorporation or bylaws.	Under the CBCA, the holders of not less than 5% of the shares that carry a right to vote at a meeting may requisition the directors to call a meeting of shareholders. If the directors do not call the meeting within 21 days after receiving a request in
	Valeant s certificate of incorporation and bylaws provide that special meetings of stockholders may be called at any time only by the board of directors or the chairman of	compliance with this provision, any shareholder who signed the request may call the meeting.
	the board of directors.	Biovail s bylaws provide that special meetings of shareholders may be called at any time by the board of directors.
Notice of Annual and Special Meetings of Stockholders/ Shareholders	Valeant s bylaws provide that, except as otherwise provided by law, written notice of every meeting of stockholders must be given to each stockholder of record not less than 10 nor more than 60 days before the date of the meeting.	<ul> <li>Under the CBCA, the board of directors must call an annual meeting of shareholders not later than 15 months after holding the last preceding annual meeting, but no later than six months after the end of the corporation s preceding financial year. The corporation may apply to a Canadian court for an order extending the time for calling an annual meeting.</li> <li>Pursuant to the CBCA and Biovail s bylaws, meetings of shareholders shall be held at such place within Canada as determined by the directors, or at a place outside Canada if the place is specified in Biovail s articles of continuance or if all the shareholders</li> </ul>
		entitled to vote at the meeting agree that the meeting is to be held at such place. Under the CBCA, notice of the date, time and place of a meeting of Biovail shareholders must be given not less than

Table of Contents

21 days nor more than 60 days prior to the meeting to each director, to the auditor and to each shareholder entitled to vote at the meeting. In the case of a special notice, the notice must also state the nature of the business to be transacted at the meeting and the text of any special resolution to be

Under the CBCA, the directors may fix in advance a date as the record date for the determination of shareholders entitled to receive notice of a meeting of shareholders, but the record date must not precede by

submitted to the meeting.

more than 60 days or by less than 21 days (less than 30 days under Canadian securities regulations) the date on which the meeting is to be held. If no record date is fixed, the record date will be at the close of business on the day immediately preceding the day on which the notice is given or, if no notice is given, the day on which the meeting is held. If a record date is fixed, notice thereof shall be given not less than seven days before the date so fixed by newspaper advertisement

## Valeant

# Stockholder/ Shareholder Action by Written Consent

Advance Notice Requirements for Director Nominations and Other Proposals by Stockholders/ Shareholders The DGCL provides that, except as otherwise stated in the certificate of incorporation, stockholders may act by written consent without a meeting. The Valeant certificate of incorporation and bylaws provide that no action required to be taken or that may be taken at any annual or special meeting of the stockholders of Valeant may be taken without a meeting, and the power of the Valeant stockholders to consent in writing to the taking of any action by written consent without a meeting is specifically denied.

The Valeant bylaws generally permit stockholders to nominate director candidates at annual and special meetings of stockholders if the stockholder intending to make such nomination gives timely notice thereof in writing in proper form. To be timely, the Valeant bylaws require, subject to certain limited exceptions, that written notice of an intention to nominate a director candidate be received by the Valeant board of directors, with a copy to the corporate secretary of Valeant, not later than 60 days nor more than 90 days in advance of the scheduled date of the meeting. However, if less than 70 days notice or prior public disclosure of the date of the meeting is given or made to stockholders, notice by the stockholder to be timely must be delivered or received not later than the close of business on the 10th day following the earlier of (i) the day on which the notice of the date of the annual meeting was mailed or (ii) the day on which the public disclosure was made. To be in proper form, the Valeant bylaws require that the notice include, among other things, certain disclosures about (i) the director nominee, including all information that would be required to be disclosed in a

## Biovail

in the manner provided by the CBCA and by written notice to each stock exchange in Canada on which the shares of Biovail are listed for trading.

Under the CBCA, generally, shareholder action without a meeting may only be taken by written resolution signed by all shareholders who would be entitled to vote on the relevant issue at a meeting.

For a public company such as Biovail, this effectively means that all actions requiring shareholder approval must be taken at a duly convened shareholders meeting.

Under the CBCA, shareholder proposals, including proposals with respect to the nomination of candidates for election to the board of directors, may be made by eligible registered or beneficial holders of shares entitled to vote at an annual meeting of shareholders. Proposals must be submitted at least 90 days before the anniversary date of the notice of meeting that was sent to shareholders in connection with the immediately preceding annual meeting.

To be eligible to submit a proposal, a shareholder must be or have the support of the registered or beneficial holder of (i) at least 1% of the total number of outstanding voting shares of the corporation or (ii) shares whose fair market value is at least C\$2.000 on the close of business on the day before the shareholder submits the proposal, and those registered or beneficial holders must have held the shares for at least six months immediately prior to the submission of the proposal. Proposals for director nominations must be signed by one or more holders of shares representing not less than 5% of the shares (or shares of a class) entitled to vote at the meeting.

proxy filing, any agreements, arrangements and understandings between the nominee and the proposing stockholder relating to the proposed nomination or Valeant and (ii) the stockholder making such nomination, including all ownership interests (including derivatives) and rights to vote any security of Valeant. Such notice must also contain the written consent of the proposed nominee to be named in the proxy statement as a nominee and to serve as a director if elected. The foregoing provisions do not preclude nominations made at meetings of shareholders.

#### Valeant

Amendments to the Certificate of Incorporation

Valeant s bylaws allow for business to be properly brought before an annual meeting of stockholders, if the stockholder intending to propose the business gives timely notice in writing in proper form to the corporate secretary of Valeant. To be timely, a stockholder s notice must be received by the corporate secretary, subject to certain limited exceptions, not later than 60 days nor more than 90 days in advance of the scheduled date of the annual meeting. However, if less than 70 days notice or prior public disclosure of the date of the annual meeting is given or made to stockholders, notice by the stockholder to be timely must be delivered or received not later than the close of business on the 10th day following the earlier of (i) the day on which the notice of the date of the annual meeting was mailed or (ii) the day on which the public disclosure was made. To be in proper form, the Valeant bylaws require that the notice include, among other things, certain disclosures about (i) the proposal, including all information that would be required to be disclosed in a proxy filing, any agreements, arrangements and understandings between the proposing stockholder and any other persons relating to the proposal or Valeant and (ii) the stockholder making such proposal, including all ownership interests (including derivatives), rights to vote any security of Valeant and any material interest of the stockholder in the business being proposed, as well as the text of any resolutions proposed for consideration. The DGCL generally provides that amendments to the certificate of incorporation must be approved by the board of directors and then adopted by the vote of a majority of the outstanding voting

power entitled to vote thereon, unless the

incorporation, amendments to Valeant s

certificate of incorporation requires a greater vote. Under Valeant s certificate of

Under the CBCA, an amendment to the articles of incorporation generally requires approval by special resolution of the voting shares of the corporation. Specified amendments may also require the separate approval of other classes or series of shares. If the amendment is of a nature affecting a particular class or series in a manner requiring a separate class or series

Biovail

certificate of incorporation generally may be made in accordance with the default positions of Delaware law. However, the Valeant certificate of incorporation requires the vote of 75% of the voting power of the shares entitled to vote in the election of directors in order to amend, modify or repeal certain designated provisions (including provisions relating to the ability of stockholders to call a special meeting or act by written consent in lieu of a meeting, notice of stockholder proposals and nominations of director candidates by stockholders, the number, election or term vote, that class or series is entitled to vote on the amendment whether or not it otherwise carries the right to vote.

Biovail

### Table of Contents

# Valeant

Amendments to Bylaws	<ul> <li>of Valeant directors, and filling vacancies</li> <li>on the Valeant board of directors).</li> <li>Under the DGCL, stockholders of a</li> <li>corporation entitled to vote and, if so</li> <li>provided in the certificate of incorporation, the directors of the corporation, each have</li> <li>the power, separately, to adopt, amend and</li> <li>repeal the bylaws of a corporation.</li> <li>Valeant s certificate of incorporation</li> <li>provides that the board of directors is</li> <li>expressly authorized to make, alter or</li> <li>repeal Valeant s bylaws. Valeant s bylaws</li> <li>may also be adopted, amended and</li> <li>repealed by the stockholders. However, the</li> <li>affirmative vote of the holders of 75% or</li> <li>more of the voting power of all of the</li> <li>Valeant shares entitled to vote generally in</li> <li>the election of directors is required for</li> <li>stockholders to amend, repeal or adopt any</li> <li>bylaw, and to amend, repeal or adopt any</li> </ul>	Biovail s board of directors may, by resolution, make, amend or repeal any bylaw that regulates the business or affairs of the corporation. Where the directors make, amend or repeal a bylaw, they are required under the CBCA to submit that action to the shareholders at the next meeting of shareholders, and the shareholders may confirm, reject or amend that action by simple majority or ordinary resolution. If the action is rejected by shareholders, or the directors of a corporation do not submit the action to the shareholders, the action will cease to be effective, and no subsequent resolution of the directors to make, amend or repeal a bylaw having substantially the same purpose or effect will be effective until it is confirmed by the shareholders.
State Anti-Takeover Statutes	Section 203 of the DGCL prohibits a Delaware corporation from engaging in a business combination with a stockholder acquiring more than 15% but less than 85% of the corporation s outstanding voting stock for three years following the time that person becomes an interested stockholder, unless prior to such date the board of directors approves either the business combination or the transaction which resulted in the stockholder becoming an interested stockholder or the business combination is approved by the board of directors and by the affirmative vote of at least 662/3% of the outstanding voting stock that is not owned by the interested stockholder. Valeant is governed by Section 203 of the DGCL.	The CBCA does not contain a provision comparable to Delaware law with respect to business combinations. Under the CBCA, anyone may make a take-over bid and offer to purchase all of the shares of a class of a corporation, including Biovail. If, within 120 days after the date of a take-over bid, the holders of not less than 90% of the shares of any class to which the take- over bid relates accept the take-over bid, the offeror is entitled to acquire the shares held by shareholders who did not accept.
Mergers, Consolidations and	DGCL. Under the DGCL, the board of directors and the holders of a majority of the shares	Under the CBCA, certain extraordinary corporate actions, such as:
		000

# **Other Transactions**

entitled to vote must approve a merger, consolidation or sale of all or substantially all of a corporation s assets. However, unless the corporation provides otherwise in its certificate of incorporation, no stockholder vote of a constituent corporation surviving a merger is required if:

the merger agreement does not amend the constituent corporation s articles or certificate of incorporation;

each share of stock of the constituent corporation outstanding before the

amalgamations (other than with certain affiliated corporations);

continuances;

amending the articles of the corporation to change its name;

sales, leases or exchanges of all, or substantially all, the property of a corporation other than in the ordinary course of business;

reductions of stated capital for any purpose, e.g., in connection with the

#### Valeant

merger is an identical outstanding or treasury share of the surviving corporation after the merger; and

either no shares of common stock of the surviving corporation and no shares, securities or obligations convertible into such stock are to be issued or delivered under the plan of merger, or the authorized unissued shares or the treasury shares of common stock of the surviving corporation to be issued or delivered under the plan of merger plus those initially issuable upon conversion of any other shares, securities or obligations to be issued or delivered under such plan do not exceed 20% of the shares of common stock of such constituent corporation outstanding immediately prior to the effective date of the merger.

Biovail

payment of special distributions (subject, in certain cases, to the satisfaction of solvency tests): and

other extraordinary corporate actions such as liquidations, dissolutions and, if ordered by a court, arrangements,

are required to be approved by special resolution.

A special resolution is a resolution passed by not less than two- thirds of the votes cast by the shareholders who voted in respect of the resolution or signed by all shareholders entitled to vote on the resolution.

approve an extraordinary corporate action is also required to be approved separately by the holders of a class or series of shares, including in certain cases a class or series of shares not otherwise carrying voting rights. In specified extraordinary corporate

In specified cases, a special resolution to

actions, all shares have a vote, whether or not they generally vote and, in certain cases, have separate class votes.

Rules or policies of certain Canadian securities regulatory authorities, including Multilateral Instrument 61-101 Protection of Minority Security Holders in Special Transactions ( MI 61-101 ) of the Canadian requirements in connection with related party transactions. A related party transaction means, generally, any transaction by which an issuer, directly or indirectly: (i) acquires, sells, leases or transfers an asset; (ii) acquires or issues securities; (iii) assumes or becomes subject to a liability; or (iv) borrows money or

The Valeant certificate of incorporation requires the affirmative vote of the holders of 85% of the voting stock of Valeant (excluding the stock held by a related person referred to below) to approve any business combination, including mergers, sales and leases of assets, issuances of securities and similar transactions, with a person who, together with affiliates and associates, beneficially owns 10% or more of Valeant s voting stock (a related person ), Securities Administrator contain unless: (i) the business combination has been approved by the vote of not less than 662/3% of directors who are not affiliates or associates of the related person and were members of the board of directors before the person became a related person, or their unaffiliated successors, or (ii) certain fair price requirements are satisfied.

lends money from or to, as the case may be, a related party by any means in any one or any combination of transactions. Related party (as defined in MI 61-101) includes (i) directors and senior officers of the issuer, (ii) holders of voting securities of the issuer carrying more than 10% of the voting rights attached to all the issuer s outstanding voting securities, and (iii) holders of a sufficient number of any securities of the issuer to materially affect control of the issuer.

MI 61-101 provides that, in connection with a related party transaction (in addition to any other required shareholder approval), Biovail is required, subject to the availability of certain exceptions, to: (i) provide specific

	Valeant	Biovail
		disclosure in the proxy circular sent to security holders in connection with a related party transaction where a meeting is required; (ii) obtain a formal valuation of the subject matter of the related party transaction and any non- cash consideration offered in connection therewith and provide a summary thereof in the proxy circular; and (iii) obtain the approval of a majority of the votes cast by shareholders other than the related party involved in the transaction.
Preemptive Rights of Stockholders/ Shareholders	Under Delaware law, stockholders of a corporation do not have preemptive rights to subscribe to an additional issue of stock or to any security convertible into such stock, unless such right is expressly included in the certificate of incorporation. Because the Valeant certificate of incorporation does not include any provision in this regard, holders of shares of Valeant common stock do not have preemptive rights.	Under the CBCA, holders of Biovail common shares are not entitled to pre- emptive or subscription rights.
Directors and Officers Liability and Indemnification	Valeant s certificate of incorporation provides that no director of Valeant will be personally liable to Valeant or any of its stockholders for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director of Valeant. However, personal liability of a director will not be eliminated or limited (i) for any breach of a director s duty of loyalty to Valeant or its stockholders, (ii) for acts or omissions not in good faith or which involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law, (iii) for unlawful payments of dividends or unlawful stock purchases or redemptions or (iv) for any transactions from which such director derived an improper personal benefit.	Under the CBCA, a corporation may indemnify a director or officer, a former director or officer or a person who acts or acted at the corporation s request as a director or officer or an individual acting in a similar capacity for another entity (whom we refer to in this summary as an indemnifiable person ) against all costs, charges and expenses, including an amount paid to settle an action or satisfy a judgment, reasonably incurred by the indemnifiable person in any civil, criminal, administrative, investigative or other proceeding in which the person is involved because of that association, if: the person acted honestly and in good
	The Valeant certificate of incorporation and bylaws provide for indemnification, to the full extent permitted by law, of any person who was or is a party to, or is threatened to be made a party to, any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding,	faith with a view to the best interests of the corporation or other entity; and in the case of a criminal or an administrative action enforceable by a monetary penalty, the person had

whether civil, criminal, administrative, investigative or otherwise, by reason of the fact that such person is or was a director, officer or employee of Valeant, or is or was serving at the request of Valeant as a director, officer or employee of another corporation, limited liability company, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise. Valeant may purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of those persons against any liability which may be asserted. The indemnification includes expenses (including attorneys fees), judgments, fines and amounts paid in reasonable grounds for believing the person s conduct was lawful.

A corporation may advance moneys to an indemnifiable person for the costs, charges and expenses of a proceeding provided that the indemnifiable person repays the moneys if he or she does not fulfill the above-mentioned requirements.

An indemnifiable person is also entitled to indemnity for reasonable defense costs and expenses if the person fulfills the above mentioned requirements and was not judged to have committed any fault or omitted to do anything the person ought

#### Valeant

settlement, and those expenses may be paid by Valeant before the final disposition of the action, suit or proceeding. The indemnification does not limit Valeant s right to indemnify any other person for the expenses to the full extent permitted by law, nor is it exclusive of any other rights to which any person seeking indemnification from Valeant may be entitled.

Delaware law provides that, subject to certain limitations in the case of derivative suits brought by a corporation s stockholders in its name, a corporation may indemnify any person who is made a party to any third-party action, suit or proceeding (other than an action by or in the right of the corporation) on account of being a current or former director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation (or serving or having served at the request of the corporation in such capacity for another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise) against expenses, including attorneys fees, judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by him or her in connection with the action, suit or proceeding if the person (i) acted in good faith and in a manner reasonably believed to be in the best interests of the corporation (or in some circumstances, at least not opposed to its best interests), and (ii) in a criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe his or her conduct was unlawful.

Delaware law also permits a corporation to indemnify any person who is made a party to any third-party action, suit or proceeding on account of being a current or former director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation (or serving or having served at the request of the corporation in such capacity for another corporation,

#### **Biovail**

to have done.

In the case of a derivative action, indemnity may be made only with court approval, if the indemnifiable person fulfills the above-mentioned requirements.

Under the bylaws of Biovail, Biovail is required to indemnify each director or officer, former director or officer or person who acts or acted at the request of Biovail as a director or officer of a body corporate of which Biovail is or was a shareholder or creditor, and his or her heirs and legal representatives (subject to the limitations under the CBCA).

In addition, Biovail may purchase and maintain insurance against liability asserted against or incurred by any of the persons referred to above whether in his or her capacity as a director or officer of Biovail or in his or her capacity as a director or officer of another entity if he or she acts or acted in that capacity at Biovail s request, whether or not Biovail would have the power to indemnify that person against this liability under the CBCA.

partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise) against expenses (including attorneys fees) actually and reasonably incurred by such person in connection with the defense or settlement of a derivative action or suit, except that no indemnification may be made in respect of any claim, issue or matter as to which the person is adjudged to be liable to the corporation unless the Delaware Court of Chancery or the court in which the action or suit was brought determines upon application that the person is fairly and reasonably entitled to indemnity for the 165

#### **Table of Contents**

#### Valeant

	expenses which the court deems to be proper.	
Stockholder/ Shareholder Rights Agreement	To the extent that a current or former director or officer is successful on the merits or otherwise in the defense of such an action, suit or proceeding, the corporation is required by Delaware law to indemnify such person for expenses actually and reasonably incurred thereby. Valeant currently has no stockholder rights plan. Valeant s previous stockholder rights plan expired by its terms in November 2009. Notwithstanding the expiration of the stockholder rights plan and subject to the restrictions contained in the merger agreement, the Valeant board of directors could, pursuant to its authority to issue preferred stock, adopt a stockholder rights plan without stockholder approval at any future time.	Biov plan conta Biov share whic share adop
Oppression Remedy	The DGCL does not provide for a similar remedy.	The that e

vail currently has no shareholder rights in place. Subject to the restrictions tained in the merger agreement, the vail board of directors could adopt a eholder rights plan at any future time, ch plan must be approved by ceholders within six months of its ption.

CBCA provides an oppression remedy enables a court to make any order, whether interim or final, to rectify matters that are oppressive or unfairly prejudicial to, or that unfairly disregard the interests of, any securityholder, director or officer of the corporation if an application is made to a court by a complainant, which includes:

a present or former registered holder or beneficial owner of securities of the corporation or any of its affiliates;

a present or former officer or director of the corporation or any of its affiliates;

the director appointed under the CBCA; and

any other person who in the discretion of the court is a proper person to make such application.

The oppression remedy provides the court with very broad and flexible powers to intervene in corporate affairs to protect shareholders and other complainants. While conduct that is in breach of fiduciary duties of directors or that is contrary to the legal right of a complainant will normally trigger

## **Biovail**

the court s jurisdiction under the oppression remedy, the exercise of that jurisdiction does not depend on a finding of a breach of those legal and equitable rights. Furthermore, the court may order a corporation to pay the interim expenses of a complainant seeking an oppression remedy, but the complainant may be held accountable for interim costs on final disposition of the complaint (as in the case of a derivative action).

	Valeant	Biovail
Quorum of Shareholders	Valeant s bylaws provide that a majority of the voting power of the issued and outstanding stock of Valeant entitled to vote thereat, present in person, by remote communication, if applicable, or represented by proxy, constitutes a quorum.	Under Biovail s bylaws, two persons present, each being a shareholder entitled to vote thereat or a duly appointed proxyholder or representative for a shareholder so entitled, and together holding or representing shares of Biovail having not less than 25% of the outstanding votes entitled to be cast at the
Inspection of Corporate Records	Under the DGCL, any stockholder may inspect Valeant s stock ledger, a list of its stockholders, and its other books and records for a proper purpose during usual business hours. Moreover, under the DGCL and Valeant s bylaws, Valeant must make available, before every meeting of stockholders, a complete list of stockholders entitled to vote at the meeting, showing the address of each stockholder and the number of registered shares in the name of each stockholder. The list must be open to the examination of any stockholder for any purpose germane to the meeting for a period of at least 10 days prior to the meeting during normal business hours, at the principal place of business of the corporation. The list must also be produced at the time and place of the meeting during the whole time thereof.	meeting, constitute a quorum. Under the CBCA, shareholders of Biovail have the right to examine the corporate records, including Biovail s charter and Biovail s by-laws, minutes of meetings and resolutions, during the usual business hours of Biovail. Also, upon receipt of an affidavit, Biovail is required to allow shareholders access to the securities register of Biovail during normal business hours and to provide a list of shareholders of Biovail to the requesting shareholder setting out the names, number of shares owned and addresses of Biovail s registered shareholders.
Appraisal/Dissent Rights	Under the DGCL, a stockholder of a Delaware corporation is generally entitled to demand appraisal of the fair value of his or her shares in the event the corporation is a party to a merger or consolidation, subject to specified exceptions. The DGCL does not confer appraisal rights, however, if the corporation s stock is either (a) listed on a national securities exchange or (b) held of record by more than 2,000 holders. Even if a corporation s stock meets the foregoing requirements, the DGCL provides that appraisal rights generally will be permitted if stockholders of the	The CBCA provides that shareholders of a corporation are entitled to exercise dissent rights and to be paid the fair value of their shares as determined by the board of directors of the corporation or, failing which, by the appropriate Canadian court upon an application timely brought by the corporation or a dissenting shareholder, in connection with specified matters, including: any amalgamation with another corporation (other than with certain affiliated corporations);

corporation are required to accept for their stock in any merger, consolidation or similar transaction anything other than (a) shares of the corporation surviving or resulting from the transaction, or those shares plus cash in lieu of fractional interests, (b) shares of any other corporation, or those shares plus cash in lieu of fractional interests, unless those shares are listed on a national securities exchange or held of record by more than 2,000 holders or (c) any combination of the foregoing.

Pursuant to the merger agreement, the stockholders of Valeant are entitled to

an amendment to the corporation s articles to add, change or remove any provisions restricting or constraining the issue, transfer or ownership of shares of the class in respect of which a shareholder is dissenting;

an amendment to the corporation s articles to add, change or remove any restriction upon the business or businesses that the corporation may carry on;

a continuance under the laws of another jurisdiction;

a sale, lease or exchange of all, or substantially all, the property of the corporation other than in the ordinary

#### Valeant

appraisal rights in connection with the merger, provided that the applicable Valeant stockholder complies with all applicable requirements and procedures under the DGCL. See Appraisal/Dissent Rights beginning on page 169 and Annex F to this joint proxy statement/prospectus.

#### **Biovail**

course of business;

a court order permitting a shareholder to dissent in connection with an application to the court for an order approving an arrangement proposed by the corporation;

the carrying out of a going- private transaction or a squeeze-out transaction; and

certain amendments to the articles of a corporation which require a separate class or series vote by a holder of shares of any class or series.

However, a shareholder is not entitled to dissent if an amendment to the articles is effected by a court order approving a reorganization or by a court order made in connection with an action for an oppression remedy.

Biovail shareholders are not entitled to dissent/appraisal rights under the CBCA in connection with the merger with Valeant. See Appraisal/Dissent Rights, beginning on page 169.

## **APPRAISAL/DISSENT RIGHTS**

Appraisal or dissent rights are statutory rights that, if applicable under law, enable shareholders to dissent from an extraordinary transaction, such as a merger, and to demand that the corporation pay the fair value for their shares as determined by a court in a judicial proceeding instead of receiving the consideration offered to shareholders in connection with the extraordinary transaction. Appraisal or dissent rights are not available in all circumstances.

#### Biovail

Under the CBCA, the holders of Biovail common shares are not entitled to dissent rights in connection with the merger or any of the Biovail proposals.

## Valeant

Under the merger agreement, Valeant stockholders who dissent and do not vote in favor of the proposal to adopt the merger agreement may be entitled to certain appraisal rights in connection with the merger, as described below and in Annex F attached to this joint proxy statement/prospectus. Such holders who perfect their appraisal rights and strictly follow certain procedures in the manner prescribed by Section 262 of the DGCL will be entitled to receive payment of the fair value of their shares, valued as of the effective time of the merger, in cash from the combined company.

Under Section 262 of the DGCL, where a merger agreement is to be submitted for adoption at a meeting of stockholders, the corporation, not less than 20 days prior to the meeting, must notify each of its stockholders entitled to appraisal rights that appraisal rights are available and include in the notice a copy of Section 262 of the DGCL.

THIS JOINT PROXY STATEMENT/PROSPECTUS SHALL CONSTITUTE SUCH NOTICE, AND THE FULL TEXT OF SECTION 262 OF THE DGCL IS REPRINTED IN ITS ENTIRETY AS ANNEX F TO THIS JOINT PROXY STATEMENT/PROSPECTUS. THE FOLLOWING DISCUSSION IS NOT A COMPLETE STATEMENT OF THE LAW RELATING TO APPRAISAL RIGHTS AND IS QUALIFIED IN ITS ENTIRETY BY REFERENCE TO ANNEX F. ANY VALEANT STOCKHOLDER WHO WISHES TO EXERCISE APPRAISAL RIGHTS OR WHO WISHES TO PRESERVE HIS OR HER RIGHT TO DO SO SHOULD REVIEW ANNEX F CAREFULLY AND SHOULD CONSULT HIS OR HER LEGAL ADVISOR, SINCE FAILURE TO TIMELY COMPLY WITH THE PROCEDURES SET FORTH THEREIN WILL RESULT IN THE LOSS OF SUCH RIGHTS.

Valeant stockholders of record that elect to exercise their appraisal rights with respect to the merger are referred to herein as dissenting stockholders, and the shares of Valeant common stock with respect to which they exercise appraisal rights are referred to herein as dissenting shares. If a Valeant stockholder has a beneficial interest in shares of Valeant common stock that are held of record in the name of another person, such as a bank, broker or nominee, and such Valeant stockholder desires to perfect whatever appraisal rights such beneficial Valeant stockholder may have, such beneficial Valeant stockholder must act promptly to cause the holder of record to timely and properly file the required demand. Beneficial Valeant stockholders with shares held through a bank, broker or other nominee that wish to exercise appraisal rights should consult with their bank, broker or other nominee to determine the appropriate procedures for the making of a demand for appraisal by the nominee.

# A VOTE IN FAVOR OF THE PROPOSAL TO ADOPT THE MERGER AGREEMENT BY A VALEANT STOCKHOLDER WILL RESULT IN A WAIVER OF SUCH HOLDER SRIGHT TO APPRAISAL RIGHTS.

When the merger becomes effective, Valeant stockholders who strictly comply with the procedures prescribed in Section 262 of the DGCL will be entitled to a judicial appraisal of the fair value of their shares as of the effective time of the merger, exclusive of any element of value arising from the accomplishment or expectation of the merger, in cash from the combined company. We advise any Valeant stockholder considering demanding appraisal to consult legal counsel.

In order to exercise appraisal rights under Delaware law, a stockholder must be the stockholder of record of the shares of Valeant common stock as to which Valeant common stock appraisal rights are to be exercised on the date

that the written demand for appraisal described below is made, and the stockholder must continuously hold such shares through the effective time of the merger.

While Valeant stockholders electing to exercise their appraisal rights under Section 262 of the DGCL are not required to vote against the proposal to adopt the merger agreement, a vote in favor of the proposal to adopt the merger agreement will result in a waiver of the holder s right to appraisal rights. Valeant stockholders electing to demand the appraisal of such stockholder s shares shall deliver to Valeant, **before** the taking of the vote on the proposal to adopt the merger appraisal of such stockholder s shares. Such demand will be sufficient if it reasonably informs Valeant of the identity of the stockholder and that the stockholder intends thereby to demand the appraisal of such stockholder s shares. A **proxy or vote against the proposal to adopt the merger agreement shall not constitute such a demand.** Please see the discussion below under the heading Written Demands beginning on page 171 for additional information regarding written demand requirements.

Within 10 days after the effective time of the merger, the combined company must provide notice of the date of effectiveness of the merger to all Valeant stockholders who have not voted for the proposal to adopt the merger agreement and who have otherwise complied with the requirements of Section 262 of the DGCL.

A Valeant stockholder who elects to exercise appraisal rights must mail or deliver the written demand for appraisal to:

Valeant Pharmaceuticals International One Enterprise Aliso Viejo, CA 92656 Phone: (973) 549-5292 Facsimile: (949) 315-3818 Attention: Corporate Secretary

Within 120 days after the effective time of the merger, any dissenting stockholder that has strictly complied with the procedures prescribed in Section 262 of the DGCL will be entitled, upon written request, to receive from the combined company a statement of the aggregate number of shares not voted in favor of the proposal to adopt the merger agreement and with respect to which demands for appraisal have been received by Valeant, and the aggregate number of holders of those shares. This statement must be mailed to the dissenting stockholder within 10 days after the dissenting stockholder s written request has been received by the combined company or within 10 days after the date of the effective time of the merger, whichever is later. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a person who is the beneficial owner of shares of common stock of Valeant held either in a voting trust or by a nominee on behalf of such person may, in such person s own name, file a petition or request from the combined company the statement described in this paragraph.

Within 120 days after the effective time of the merger but not thereafter, either the combined company or any dissenting stockholder that has strictly complied with the procedures prescribed in Section 262 of the DGCL may file a petition in the Delaware Court of Chancery demanding a determination of the fair value of each share of Valeant common stock of all dissenting stockholders. If a petition for an appraisal is timely filed, and a copy thereof is served upon the combined company, the combined company will then be obligated within 20 days to file with the Delaware Register in Chancery a duly verified list containing the names and addresses of all Valeant stockholders who have demanded an appraisal of their shares and with whom agreements as to the value of their shares have not been reached. After notice to the stockholders as required by the court, the Delaware Court of Chancery is empowered to conduct a hearing on the petition to determine those Valeant stockholders who have complied with Section 262 and who have become entitled to appraisal rights thereunder. The Delaware Court of Chancery may require the Valeant stockholders who demanded payment for their shares to submit their stock certificates to the Register in Chancery for

notation thereon of the pendency of the appraisal proceeding, and if any stockholder fails to comply with the direction, the Delaware Court of Chancery may dismiss the proceedings as to that stockholder.

After the Delaware Court of Chancery determines the holders of Valeant common stock entitled to appraisal, the appraisal proceeding shall be conducted in accordance with the rules of the Delaware Court of Chancery, including any rules specifically governing appraisal proceedings. Through such proceeding, the Court shall

determine the fair value of the shares, exclusive of any element of value arising from the accomplishment or expectation of the merger, together with interest, if any, to be paid upon the amount determined to be the fair value. Unless the Court in its discretion determines otherwise for good cause shown, interest from the effective date of the merger through the date of payment of the judgment shall be compounded quarterly and shall accrue at 5% over the Federal Reserve discount rate (including any surcharge) as established from time to time during the period between the effective time of the merger and the date of payment of the judgment. If no petition for appraisal is filed with the Delaware Court of Chancery by the combined company or any dissenting stockholder within 120 days after the effective time of the merger, then the dissenting stockholders rights to appraisal will cease and they will be entitled only to receive merger consideration paid in the merger on the same basis as other Valeant stockholders. The combined company is under no obligation to and Biovail has no present intention to file a petition for appraisal. Inasmuch as the combined company has no obligation to file a petition, any Valeant stockholder who desires a petition to be filed is advised to file it on a timely basis. No petition timely filed in the Delaware Court of Chancery demanding appraisal shall be dismissed as to any Valeant stockholder, however, without the approval of the Delaware Court of Chancery, which may be conditioned on any terms the Delaware Court of Chancery deems just.

The cost of the appraisal proceeding may be determined by the Delaware Court of Chancery and imposed upon the parties as the court deems equitable in the circumstances. Upon application of a dissenting stockholder that has strictly complied with the procedures prescribed in Section 262 of the DGCL, the court may order that all or a portion of the expenses incurred by any dissenting stockholder in connection with the appraisal proceeding, including, without limitation, reasonable attorneys fees, and the fees and expenses of experts, be charged pro rata against the value of all shares entitled to appraisal. In the absence of this determination or assessment, each party bears its own expenses. A dissenting stockholder who has timely demanded appraisal in compliance with Section 262 of the DGCL will not, after the effective time of the merger, be entitled to vote the Valeant common stock subject to such demand for any purpose or to receive payment of dividends or other distributions on the Valeant common stock, except for dividends or other distributions payable to stockholders of record at a date prior to the effective time of the merger.

At any time within 60 days after the effective time of the merger, any dissenting stockholder will have the right to withdraw the stockholder s demand for appraisal and to accept the right to receive merger consideration in the merger on the same basis on which Valeant common stock is converted in the merger by delivering to the combined company a written withdrawal of the demand for approval. After this 60-day period, a dissenting stockholder that has strictly complied with the procedures prescribed in Section 262 of the DGCL may withdraw his or her demand for appraisal only with the written consent of the combined company and where an appraisal proceeding has commenced, only with the approval of the Delaware Court of Chancery.

#### Written Demands

To be valid, written demands for appraisal must be made by record holders of shares. Beneficial owners who do not hold shares of record may not directly make appraisal demands. The beneficial holder must, in such cases, have the registered owner, such as a broker or other nominee, submit the required demand in respect of those shares.

The written demand for appraisal must reasonably inform Valeant of the identity of the stockholder of record making the demand and indicate that the stockholder intends to demand appraisal of the stockholder s shares. A demand for appraisal should be executed by or for the Valeant stockholder of record, fully and correctly, as that stockholder s name appears on the stockholder s stock certificate. If Valeant common stock is owned of record in a fiduciary capacity, such as by a trustee, guardian or custodian, the demand should be executed by the fiduciary. If Valeant common stock is owned of record by more than one person, as in a joint tenancy or tenancy in common, the demand should be executed by or for all joint owners. An authorized agent, including an agent for two or more joint owners,

should execute the demand for appraisal for a stockholder of record; however, the agent must identify the record owner and expressly disclose the fact that, in exercising the demand, he, she or it is acting as agent for the record owner.

#### Table of Contents

A record owner who holds Valeant common stock as a nominee for other beneficial owners of the shares may exercise appraisal rights with respect to the Valeant common stock held for all or less than all beneficial owners of the Valeant common stock for which the holder is the record owner. In that case, the written demand must state the number of shares of Valeant common stock covered by the demand. Where the number of shares of Valeant common stock is not expressly stated, the demand will be presumed to cover all shares of Valeant common stock outstanding in the name of that record owner. Beneficial owners who are not record owners and who intend to exercise appraisal rights should promptly consult the record owner to determine the appropriate procedures for making a written demand for appraisal rights and should instruct the record owner to comply strictly with the statutory requirements with respect to the delivery of written demand **prior to the taking of the vote on the proposal to adopt the merger agreement.** 

Valeant stockholders considering whether to seek appraisal should bear in mind that the fair value of their Valeant common stock determined under Section 262 of the DGCL could be more than, the same as or less than the value of the right to receive merger consideration in the merger and that an investment banking opinion as to fairness from a financial point of view is not necessarily an opinion as to fair value under Section 262 of the DGCL. Also, Valeant, Biovail and the combined company reserve the right to assert in any appraisal proceeding that, for purposes thereof, the fair value of the Valeant common stock is less than the value of the merger consideration to be issued in the merger.

Any stockholder who fails to strictly comply with the requirements of Section 262 of the DGCL, attached as Annex F to this joint proxy statement/prospectus, will forfeit his, her or its rights to exercise appraisal rights and will receive merger consideration on the same basis as all other stockholders without interest.

THE PROCESS OF DISSENTING REQUIRES STRICT COMPLIANCE WITH TECHNICAL PREREQUISITES. THOSE INDIVIDUALS OR ENTITIES WISHING TO DISSENT AND TO EXERCISE THEIR APPRAISAL RIGHTS SHOULD CONSULT WITH THEIR OWN LEGAL COUNSEL IN CONNECTION WITH COMPLIANCE UNDER SECTION 262 OF THE DGCL. TO THE EXTENT THERE ARE ANY INCONSISTENCIES BETWEEN THE FOREGOING SUMMARY AND SECTION 262 OF THE DGCL, THE DGCL SHALL CONTROL.

# LEGAL MATTERS

The due authorization and due issuance of the Biovail common shares to be issued in the merger will be passed upon by Blake, Cassels & Graydon LLP. Certain U.S. Federal income tax consequences relating to the merger will be passed upon for Biovail by Cravath, Swaine & Moore LLP and for Valeant by Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP.

## **EXPERTS**

The consolidated financial statements of Biovail Corporation as of December 31, 2009 and 2008 and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2009 appearing in Biovail Corporation s Annual Report on Form 10-K (including the schedule appearing therein) and the effectiveness of Biovail Corporation s internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2009 have been audited by Ernst & Young LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, as set forth in their reports thereon appearing therein. Both reports are incorporated herein by reference. Such consolidated financial statements and schedule are incorporated herein by reference in reliance upon such reports given on the authority of such firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

The consolidated financial statements of Valeant and Valeant management s assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting (which is included in Management s Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting), incorporated in this joint proxy statement/prospectus by reference to Valeant s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009, have been so incorporated in reliance on the report of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, given on the authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting. The report contains an explanatory paragraph on the effectiveness of internal controls over financial reporting due to the exclusion of certain elements of the internal control over financial reporting of the Private Formula International Holdings Pty Ltd., EMO-FARM Ltd, Tecnofarma S.A. de C.V., and Laboratoire Dr Renaud businesses the registrant acquired during 2009.

With respect to the unaudited interim financial information of Valeant Pharmaceuticals International for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 and for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, incorporated by reference in this joint proxy statement/prospectus, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP reported that they have applied limited procedures in accordance with professional standards for a review of such information. However, their separate reports dated May 3, 2010 and August 3, 2010 incorporated by reference herein state that they did not audit and they do not express an opinion on that unaudited interim financial information. Accordingly, the degree of reliance on their reports on such information should be restricted in light of the limited nature of the review procedures applied. PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP is not subject to the liability provisions of Section 11 of the Securities Act of 1933 for their reports on the unaudited interim financial information because neither of those reports is a report or a part of the registration statement prepared or certified by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP within the meaning of Sections 7 and 11 of the Act.

## SHAREHOLDER PROPOSALS

## Biovail

Biovail will hold a regular annual general meeting of shareholders in 2011 regardless of whether the merger is completed.

A shareholder who is entitled to vote at the annual meeting of shareholders of Biovail in respect of the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010 (to be held in 2011), may raise a proposal for consideration at such annual meeting. Biovail will consider such proposal for inclusion in the proxy materials for the annual meeting in 2011 only if the Biovail Secretary receives such proposal (at 7150 Mississauga Road, Mississauga, Ontario, Canada, L5N 8M5, or by facsimile 905-286-3050): (i) submitted pursuant to Rule 14a-8 (Rule 14a-8) of the General Rules and Regulations promulgated under the Exchange Act, on or before December 15, 2010, or (ii) submitted pursuant to section 137 of the CBCA, on or before January 14, 2011. The use of certified mail, return receipt, is advised.

## Valeant

In light of the expected timing of the completion of the merger, Valeant expects to hold its 2011 annual meeting of stockholders only if the merger is not completed. In the event that Valeant holds a 2011 annual meeting of stockholders, stockholder proposals intended to be presented pursuant to Rule 14a-8 under the Exchange Act for inclusion in Valeant s proxy statement and accompanying proxy card for Valeant s 2011 annual meeting of stockholders must have been received at Valeant s principal executive offices (One Enterprise, Aliso Viejo, California 92656, Attention: Corporate Secretary), on or before November 25, 2010, and must meet the requirements of Rule 14a-8. To be included in the proxy statement, the proposal must comply with the requirements as to form and substance established by the SEC. If the date of the 2011 annual meeting of stockholders, stockholder proposals intended to be included in the proxy statement for the 2010 annual meeting of stockholders must be received by Valeant within a reasonable time before Valeant begins to print and mail the proxy statement, or provide a notice to stockholders with respect to accessing such proxy statement over the Internet, for the 2011 annual meeting of stockholders.

A stockholder may otherwise propose business for consideration or nominate persons for election to the Valeant board of directors without seeking to have the proposal included in Valeant s proxy statement. Such proposal must comply with the requirements as to form and substance as set forth in Valeant s certificate of incorporation and bylaws. To be timely, a stockholder s notice generally must be delivered to, or mailed and received at, Valeant s principal executive offices (One Enterprise, Aliso Viejo, California 92656, Attention: Corporate Secretary) not less than 60 days and no more than 90 days prior to the scheduled date of the 2011 annual meeting of stockholders, regardless of any postponement, deferral or adjournment of that meeting. However, if less than 70 days notice or prior public disclosure of the date of the meeting is given or made to stockholders, then to be timely, notice by the stockholder must be given not later than the close of business on the 10th day following the earlier of (i) the day on which the notice of the date of the meeting was mailed, or (ii) the day on which such public disclosure was made.

In the event a stockholder proposal is not submitted to Valeant prior to March 1, 2011, the proxies solicited by the Valeant board of directors for the 2011 annual meeting will confer authority on the proxyholders to vote the shares in accordance with their best judgment and discretion if the proposal is presented at the 2011 annual meeting of stockholders without any discussion of the proposal in the proxy statement for such meeting.

Upon any determination that the date of Valeant s 2011 annual meeting of stockholders will be advanced or delayed by more than 30 days from the date of the 2010 annual meeting of stockholders, Valeant will inform stockholders of such change and the new deadlines for stockholder proposals in the earliest possible Valeant Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

#### Table of Contents

#### WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

Valeant and Biovail file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC under the Exchange Act, and Biovail also files these documents with the CSA. You may read and copy any of this information at the SEC s Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the Public Reference Room. The SEC also maintains an Internet website that contains reports, proxy and information statements, and other information regarding issuers, including Valeant and Biovail, who file electronically with the SEC. The address of that site is <u>www.sec.gov</u>. Biovail also files its continuous and timely disclosure reports and other information under the CSA s System for Electronic Document Analysis and Retrieval (SEDAR ) at www.sedar.com.

Investors may also consult Valeant s or Biovail s website for more information about Valeant or Biovail, respectively. Valeant s website is www.valeant.com. Biovail s website is www.biovail.com. Except as specifically incorporated by reference in this joint proxy statement/prospectus, the information included on these websites is not incorporated by reference into this joint proxy statement/prospectus.

Biovail has filed with the SEC a registration statement of which this joint proxy statement/prospectus forms a part. The registration statement registers the Biovail common shares to be issued to Valeant stockholders in connection with the merger. The registration statement, including the attached exhibits, contains additional relevant information about Biovail and Biovail common share. The rules and regulations of the SEC allow Valeant and Biovail to omit certain information included in the registration statement from this joint proxy statement/prospectus.

In addition, the SEC and the CSA allow Valeant and Biovail to disclose important information to you by referring you to other documents filed separately with the SEC and the CSA. This information is considered to be a part of this joint proxy statement/prospectus, except for any information that is superseded by information that is directly included in this joint proxy statement/prospectus.

This joint proxy statement/prospectus incorporates by reference the documents listed below that Biovail has previously filed or will file with the SEC. These documents contain important information about Biovail, its financial condition or other matters.

Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009.

Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A, filed April 21, 2010.

Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the quarterly periods ended March 31, 2010 and June 30, 2010.

Current Reports on Form 8-K, filed February 10, 2010, February 25, 2010 (film number 10631839), May 19, 2010, June 21, 2010, June 23, 2010, July 16, 2010 and July 23, 2010 (other than documents or portions of these documents not deemed to be filed).

The description of the Biovail common shares contained in Biovail s registration statement on Form 8-A filed with the SEC under Section 12 of the Exchange Act on December 10, 1996, including any subsequently filed amendments and reports updating such description.

In addition, Biovail incorporates by reference any future filings it makes with the SEC under Section 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act and NI 51-102 of the CSA after the date of this joint proxy statement/prospectus and

prior to the date of the Biovail special meeting. These documents include periodic reports, such as Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and Current Reports on Form 8-K, as well as proxy statements. Such documents are considered to be a part of this joint proxy statement/prospectus, effective as of the date such documents are filed. To the extent that any information contained in any such Current Report on Form 8-K, or any exhibit thereto, is furnished, rather than filed, with the SEC, such information or exhibit is specifically not incorporated by reference into this joint proxy statement/prospectus.

175

You can obtain any of these documents from the SEC, through the SEC s website a<u>t www.sec.go</u>v, from the CSA through SEDAR at <u>www.sedar.com</u> or Biovail will provide you with copies of these documents, without charge, upon written or oral request to:

Biovail Corporation 7150 Mississauga Road Mississauga, Ontario Canada L5N 8M5 (905) 286-3000 Attn: Investor Relations

This joint proxy statement/prospectus also incorporates by reference the documents listed below that Valeant has previously filed or will file with the SEC. These documents contain important information about Valeant, its financial condition or other matters.

Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009.

Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A filed March 25, 2010.

Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the quarterly periods ended March 31, 2010 and June 30, 2010.

The Current Reports on Form 8-K filed on January 11, 2010, March 29, 2010, April 5, 2010, April 7, 2010, April 12, 2010, May 3, 2010, May 14, 2010, June 2, 2010, June 21, 2010, June 23, 2010, July 23, 2010, August 2, 2010 (film number 10982802) and August 12, 2010 (other than documents or portions of these documents not deemed to be filed).

In addition, Valeant incorporates by reference any future filings it makes with the SEC under Section 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act after the date of this joint proxy statement/prospectus and prior to the date of the Valeant special meeting. These documents include periodic reports, such as Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and Current Reports on Form 8-K, as well as proxy statements. Such documents are considered to be a part of this joint proxy statement/prospectus, effective as of the date such documents are filed. To the extent that any information contained in any such Current Report on Form 8-K, or any exhibit thereto, is furnished, rather than filed, with the SEC, such information or exhibit is specifically not incorporated by reference into this joint proxy statement/prospectus.

You can obtain any of these documents from the SEC, through the SEC s website at the address described above, or Valeant will provide you with copies of these documents, without charge, upon written or oral request to:

Valeant Pharmaceuticals International One Enterprise Aliso Viejo, California 92656 Attention: Investor Relations Telephone: (949) 461-6178

In the event of conflicting information in this joint proxy statement/prospectus in comparison to any document incorporated by reference into this joint proxy statement/prospectus, or among documents incorporated by reference, the information in the latest filed document controls.

You should rely only on the information contained or incorporated by reference into this joint proxy statement/prospectus. No one has been authorized to provide you with information that is different from that contained in, or incorporated by reference into, this joint proxy statement/prospectus. This joint proxy statement/prospectus is dated August 18, 2010. You should not assume that the information contained in this joint proxy statement/prospectus is accurate as of any date other than that date. You should not assume that the information incorporated by reference into this joint proxy statement/prospectus is accurate as of any date other than that date. You should not assume that the information incorporated by reference into this joint proxy statement/prospectus is accurate as of any date other than the date of such incorporated document. Neither our mailing of this joint proxy statement/prospectus to Biovail shareholders or Valeant stockholders nor the issuance by Biovail of shares of common shares in connection with the merger will create any implication to the contrary.

176

Annex A

# AGREEMENT AND PLAN OF MERGER Dated as of June 20, 2010, Among Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, Biovail Corporation, Biovail Americas Corp. and Beach Merger Corp.

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

Page

### ARTICLE I

# The Merger

Section 1.01.	The Merger	A-1
Section 1.02.	Closing	A-1
Section 1.03.	Effective Time	A-2
Section 1.04.	Effects	A-2
Section 1.05.	Certificate of Incorporation and By-Laws	A-2
Section 1.06.	Directors and Officers of Surviving Company	A-2

### ARTICLE II

Effect on the Capital Stock of the Constituent Entities; Exchange of Certificates		
Section 2.01.	Effect on Capital Stock	A-2
Section 2.02.	Exchange of Certificates	A-3

### ARTICLE III

	Representations and Warranties of Biovail, BAC and Merger Sub	
Section 3.01.	Organization, Standing and Power	A-6
Section 3.02.	Biovail Subsidiaries	A-6
Section 3.03.	Capital Structure	A-6
Section 3.04.	Authority; Execution and Delivery; Enforceability	A-7
Section 3.05.	No Conflicts; Consents	A-8
Section 3.06.	Reporting Documents; Undisclosed Liabilities	A-9
Section 3.07.	Information Supplied	A-11
Section 3.08.	Absence of Certain Changes or Events	A-11
Section 3.09.	Taxes	A-12
Section 3.10.	Employee Benefits	A-13
Section 3.11.	Litigation	A-14
Section 3.12.	Compliance with Applicable Laws	A-14
Section 3.13.	Environmental Matters	A-14
Section 3.14.	Contracts	A-15
Section 3.15.	Properties	A-16
Section 3.16.	Intellectual Property	A-16
Section 3.17.	Regulatory Matters	A-17
Section 3.18.	Insurance	A-19
Section 3.19.	Labor and Employment Matters	A-19
Section 3.20.	Brokers Fees and Expenses	A-20
Section 3.21.	Opinion of Financial Advisor	A-20
Section 3.22.	BAC; Merger Sub	A-20
Section 3.23.	Affiliate Transactions	A-20
Section 3.24.	No Other Representations or Warranties	A-20

Page

#### ARTICLE IV

Representations and Warranties of Valeant	
Organization, Standing and Power	A-20
Valeant Subsidiaries	A-21
Capital Structure	A-21
Authority; Execution and Delivery; Enforceability	A-22
No Conflicts; Consents	A-23
Reporting Documents; Undisclosed Liabilities	A-24
Information Supplied	A-25
Absence of Certain Changes or Events	A-25
Taxes	A-26
Employee Benefits	A-27
Litigation	A-28
Compliance with Applicable Laws	A-28
Environmental Matters	A-28
Contracts	A-29
Properties	A-29
Intellectual Property	A-30
Regulatory Matters	A-30
Insurance	A-32
Labor and Employment Matters	A-33
Brokers Fees and Expenses	A-33
Opinion of Financial Advisor	A-33
Affiliate Transactions	A-33
No Other Representations or Warranties	A-33
	Organization, Standing and Power Valeant Subsidiaries Capital Structure Authority; Execution and Delivery; Enforceability No Conflicts; Consents Reporting Documents; Undisclosed Liabilities Information Supplied Absence of Certain Changes or Events Taxes Employee Benefits Litigation Compliance with Applicable Laws Environmental Matters Contracts Properties Intellectual Property Regulatory Matters Insurance Labor and Employment Matters Brokers Fees and Expenses Opinion of Financial Advisor Affiliate Transactions

### ARTICLE V

	Covenants Relating to Conduct of Business	
Section 5.01.	Conduct of Business	A-33
Section 5.02.	No Solicitation by Biovail; Biovail Board Recommendation	A-38
Section 5.03.	No Solicitation by Valeant; Valeant Board Recommendation	A-41



# Page

#### ARTICLE VI

	Additional Agreements	
Section 6.01.	Preparation of the Form S-4 and the Joint Proxy Statement; Stockholders Meetings	A-43
Section 6.02.	Access to Information; Confidentiality	A-45
Section 6.03.	Required Actions	A-45
Section 6.04.	Equity Awards; Change in Control Provisions	A-47
Section 6.05.	Indemnification, Exculpation and Insurance	A-50
Section 6.06.	Fees and Expenses	A-51
Section 6.07.	Certain Tax Matters	A-52
Section 6.08.	Transaction Litigation	A-52
Section 6.09.	Section 16 Matters	A-52
Section 6.10.	Governance Matters	A-52
Section 6.11.	Financing	A-53
Section 6.12.	Public Announcements	A-53
Section 6.13.	Stock Exchange Listing	A-53
Section 6.14.	Joinder Agreement	A-54
Section 6.15.	Entity Name	A-54
Section 6.16.	Valeant Warrants and Valeant Convertible Notes	A-54
Section 6.17.	Pre-Merger Special Dividend	A-54

### ARTICLE VII

	Conditions Precedent	
Section 7.01.	Conditions to Each Party s Obligation to Effect the Merger	A-55
Section 7.02.	Conditions to Obligations of Valeant	A-56
Section 7.03.	Conditions to Obligation of Biovail, BAC and Merger Sub	A-56

### ARTICLE VIII

# Termination, Amendment and Waiver

Section 8.01.	Termination	A-57
Section 8.02.	Effect of Termination	A-58
Section 8.03.	Amendment	A-58
Section 8.04.	Extension; Waiver	A-58
Section 8.05.	Procedure for Termination, Amendment, Extension or Waiver	A-59
Section 8.06.	Alternative Structure	A-59

A-iii

Page

#### ARTICLE IX

	General Provisions	
Section 9.01.	Nonsurvival of Representations and Warranties	A-59
Section 9.02.	Notices	A-59
Section 9.03.	Definitions	A-60
Section 9.04.	Interpretation	A-63
Section 9.05.	Severability	A-63
Section 9.06.	Counterparts	A-63
Section 9.07.	Entire Agreement; No Third-Party Beneficiaries	A-63
Section 9.08.	Governing Law	A-63
Section 9.09.	Assignment	A-63
Section 9.10.	Specific Enforcement	A-63
Section 9.11.	Waiver of Jury Trial	A-64
Evhibit A Cover	non oo Mattana	A Exhibit A 1

Exhibit A Governance MattersA-Exhibit A-1Exhibit B Form of Joinder AgreementA-Exhibit B-1Exhibit C Commitment LetterA-Exhibit C-1

A-iv

#### Table of Contents

AGREEMENT AND PLAN OF MERGER (this <u>Agreement</u>), dated as of June 20, 2010, among Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, a Delaware corporation (<u>Valeant</u>), Biovail Corporation, a Canadian corporation (<u>Biovail</u>), Biovail Americas Corp., a Delaware corporation and a wholly owned subsidiary of Biova<u>il</u> (<u>BAC</u>), and Beach Merger Corp., a Delaware corporation and a newly formed, wholly owned subsidiary of BAC (<u>Merger Sub</u>).

WHEREAS the Board of Directors of Valeant, the Board of Directors of Biovail, the Board of Directors of BAC and the Board of Directors of Merger Sub have approved this Agreement, determined that the merger of Merger Sub with and into Valeant, upon the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in this Agreement, are in the best interests of Valeant, Biovail or Merger Sub, as applicable, and their respective stockholders and declared the advisability of this Agreement;

WHEREAS the Board of Directors of Valeant and the Board of Directors of Merger Sub has recommended adoption or approval, as applicable, of this Agreement by their respective stockholders, as applicable;

WHEREAS the Board of Directors of Biovail has recommended the approval by its stockholders of the issuance of common shares of Biovail contemplated by this Agreement;

WHEREAS Valeant intends to declare and pay the Pre-Merger Special Dividend one Business Day immediately prior to the Closing Date, payable to holders of record of Valeant Common Stock as of the close of business one Business Day immediately prior to the Closing Date;

WHEREAS the Board of Directors of Valeant and the Board of Directors of Biovail have determined that the declaration and payment of the Post-Merger Special Dividend will be in the best interests of the Combined Company and its stockholders;

WHEREAS for U.S. Federal income Tax purposes, the Merger is intended (i) to qualify as a reorganization within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Code and (ii) to not result in gain being recognized under Section 367(a)(1) of the Code (other than for any stockholder that would be a five-percent transferee shareholder (within the meaning of United States Treasury Regulations Section 1.367(a)-3(c)(5)(ii)) of Biovail following the Merger that does not enter into a five-year gain recognition agreement in the form provided in United States Regulations Section 1.367(a)-8(c)) (the <u>Intended Tax Treatment</u>), and this Agreement is intended to be, and is adopted as, a plan of reorganization for purposes of Sections 354 and 361 of the Code; and

WHEREAS Valeant, Biovail, BAC and Merger Sub desire to make certain representations, warranties, covenants and agreements in connection with the Merger and also to prescribe various conditions to the Merger.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing, and the respective representations, warranties, covenants and agreements set forth herein, and intending to be legally bound, the parties hereto agree as follows:

### ARTICLE I

#### The Merger

Section 1.01. <u>The Merger</u>. On the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in this Agreement, and in accordance with the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware (the <u>DG</u>CL ), on the Closing Date, Merger Sub shall be merged with and into Valeant (the <u>Merger</u>). At the Effective Time, the separate corporate existence of Merger Sub shall cease and Valeant shall continue as the surviving company in the Merger (the <u>Surviving Company</u>).

Section 1.02. <u>*Closing*</u>. The closing (the <u>Closing</u>) of the Merger shall take place at the offices of Cravath, Swaine & Moore LLP, Worldwide Plaza, 825 Eighth Avenue, New York, New York, 10019 at 10:00 a.m., New York City time, on a date to be specified by Valeant and Biovail, which shall be no later than the second Business Day following the satisfaction or (to the extent permitted by Law) waiver by the party or parties entitled to the benefits thereof of the conditions set forth in Article VII (other than those conditions that by their nature are to be satisfied at the Closing, but subject to the satisfaction or (to the extent permitted by Law) waiver of those conditions), or at such other place, time and date as shall be agreed in writing between Valeant and Biovail; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that if all the conditions set forth in Article VII shall not have been satisfied or (to the extent permitted by Law) waived on such second Business Day, then the Closing shall take place on the first Business Day on which all such conditions

A-1

#### Table of Contents

shall have been satisfied or (to the extent permitted by Law) waived or at such other time and date as shall be agreed in writing between Valeant and Biovail. The date on which the Closing occurs is referred to in this Agreement as the <u>Closing Date</u>.

Section 1.03. <u>Effective Time</u>. Subject to the provisions of this Agreement, as soon as practicable on the Closing Date, the parties shall file with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware the certificate of merger relating to the Merger (the <u>Certificate of Merger</u>), executed and acknowledged in accordance with the relevant provisions of the DGCL, and, as soon as practicable on or after the Closing Date, shall make all other filings required under the DGCL or by the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware in connection with the Merger. The Merger shall become effective at the time specified in the Certificate of Merger, which shall be on the Business Day following the date that the Certificate of Merger has been duly filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware, or at such later time as Valeant and Biovail shall agree and specify in the Certificate of Merger (the time the Merger becomes effective being the <u>Effective Time</u>).

Section 1.04. *Effects*. The Merger shall have the effects set forth in this Agreement and Section 259 of the DGCL.

Section 1.05. <u>Certificate of Incorporation and By-Laws</u>. The certificate of incorporation of Merger Sub, as in effect immediately prior to the Effective Time, shall be the certificate of incorporation of the Surviving Company until thereafter changed or amended as provided therein or by applicable Law, except that the name of the Surviving Company shall be amended to be consistent with the terms of Section 6.15. The by-laws of Merger Sub, as in effect immediately prior to the Effective Time, shall be the by-laws of the Surviving Company until thereafter changed or amended as provided therein or by applicable Law, except that references to the name of Merger Sub shall be replaced by the name of the Surviving Company.

Section 1.06. *Directors and Officers of Surviving Company.* The directors of the Surviving Company shall be composed of the individuals identified on Annex 1.06 attached hereto (as it may be amended or modified from time to time after the date hereof and prior to the Effective Time by the mutual written consent of Biovail and Valeant) and shall continue until the earlier of their resignation or removal or until their respective successors are duly elected and qualified, as the case may be. The officers of Valeant immediately prior to the Effective Time shall be the officers of the Surviving Company until the earlier of their resignation or removal or until their respective successors are duly elected or appointed and qualified, as the case may be.

### ARTICLE II

#### Effect on the Capital Stock of the Constituent Entities: Exchange of Certificates

Section 2.01. *Effect on Capital Stock*. At the Effective Time, by virtue of the Merger and without any action on the part of Valeant, Biovail, BAC, Merger Sub or the holder of any shares of Valeant Common Stock or Merger Sub Common Stock:

(a) <u>Conversion of Merger Sub Common Stock</u>. Each share of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, in Merger Sub (<u>Merger Sub Common Stock</u>) issued and outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time shall be converted into one fully paid and nonassessable share of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, of the Surviving Company (<u>Surviving Company Common Stock</u>) with the same rights, powers and privileges as the shares so converted (the

<u>Converted Sha</u>res ). In addition to the foregoing conversion, the Surviving Company shall issue 10,000,000 shares of Surviving Company Common Stock (the <u>Issued Shares</u>) to BAC contemporaneously with the Closing in consideration for the deposit of the Merger Consideration by or on behalf of BAC with the Exchange Agent. The Converted Shares and the Issued Shares shall constitute the only outstanding shares of capital stock of the Surviving Company. From and after the Effective Time, all certificates representing shares of Merger Sub Common Stock shall be deemed for all

purposes to represent the Converted Shares and the Issued Shares until the Board of the Surviving Company issues new certificates in respect of such shares.

(b) *Cancellation of Treasury Stock and Biovail-Owned Stock*. Each share of common stock, par value \$0.01, of Valeant (the <u>Valeant Common Stock</u>) that is owned by Valeant as treasury stock and each share of

Valeant Common Stock, if any, that is owned by Biovail, BAC or Merger Sub immediately prior to the Effective Time shall no longer be outstanding and shall automatically be canceled and shall cease to exist, and no consideration shall be delivered in exchange therefor.

(c) <u>Conversion of Valeant Common Stock</u>. Each share of Valeant Common Stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time (other than shares to be canceled in accordance with Section 2.01(b) and except as provided in Section 2.01(d) with respect to the Appraisal Shares) shall be converted into the right to receive that number of fully paid and nonassessable common shares in the capital of Biovail (the <u>Biovail Common Stock</u>) equal to the Exchange Ratio (the <u>Merger Consideration</u>). All such shares of Valeant Common Stock, when so converted, shall no longer be outstanding and shall automatically be canceled and shall cease to exist, and each holder of a certificate (or evidence of shares in book-entry form) that immediately prior to the Effective Time represented any such shares of Valeant Common Stock (each, a <u>Certificate</u>) shall cease to have any rights with respect thereto, except the right to receive the Merger Consideration, the Pre-Merger Special Dividend (to the extent not previously paid) and any cash in lieu of fractional shares of Biovail Common Stock to be issued or paid in consideration therefor and any dividends or other distributions to which holders become entitled upon the surrender of such Certificate in accordance with Section 2.02, without interest. For purposes of this Agreement, the <u>Exchange Ratio</u> means 1.7809. The Exchange Ratio shall be calculated to the nearest one-ten-thousandth of a share of Biovail Common Stock. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if between the date of this Agreement and the Effective Time the outstanding shares of Biovail Common Stock or Valeant Common Stock shall have been changed into a different number of shares or a different class, by reason of any stock dividend, subdivision, reclassification, recapitalization, split, combination, consolidation or exchange of shares, or any similar event shall have occurred, then any number or amount contained herein which is based upon the number of shares of Biovail Common Stock or Valeant Common Stock, as the case may be, will be appropriately adjusted to provide to Biovail and the holders of Valeant Common Stock the same economic effect as contemplated by this Agreement prior to such event. As provided in Section 2.02(i), the right of any holder of a Certificate to receive the Merger Consideration or other consideration shall be subject to and reduced by the amount of any withholding under applicable Tax Law.

(d) Appraisal Rights. Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, shares (<u>Appraisal Shares</u>) of Valeant Common Stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time that are held by any Person who is entitled to demand and properly demands appraisal of such Appraisal Shares pursuant to, and who complies in all respects with, Section 262 of the DGCL (<u>Section 262</u>) shall not be converted into Merger Consideration as provided in this Section 2.01, but rather the holders of Appraisal Shares shall be entitled to payment of the fair value of such Appraisal Shares in accordance with Section 262. At the Effective Time, all Appraisal Shares shall no longer be outstanding, shall automatically be canceled and shall cease to exist, and each holder of Appraisal Shares shall cease to have any rights with respect thereto, except the right to receive the fair value of such Appraisal Shares in accordance with the provisions of Section 262. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if any such holder shall fail to perfect or otherwise shall waive, withdraw or lose the right to appraisal under Section 262, or a court of competent jurisdiction shall determine that such holder is not entitled to the relief provided by Section 262, then the right of such holder to be paid the fair value of such holder s Appraisal Shares shall cease and such Appraisal Shares shall be deemed to have been converted as of the Effective Time into, and to have become, the right to receive the Merger Consideration as provided in this Section 2.01. Valeant shall give prompt notice to Biovail of any demands received by Valeant for appraisal of any shares of Valeant Common Stock, withdrawals of such demands and any other instruments served pursuant to Section 262 received by Valeant. Biovail shall have the right to participate in all negotiations and proceedings with respect to such demands. Prior to the Effective Time, Valeant shall not, without the prior written consent of Biovail (not to be unreasonably withheld, delayed or conditioned), make any payment with respect to, or settle or offer to settle, any such demands, or agree to do any of the foregoing.

Section 2.02. *Exchange of Certificates.* (a) *Exchange Agent*. Prior to the Effective Time, Biovail and Valeant shall agree upon and appoint a bank or trust company to act as exchange agent (the <u>Exchange Agent</u>) for the payment of the

Merger Consideration. At or prior to the Effective Time, Biovail shall deposit on behalf of BAC, or shall cause BAC to deposit, with the Exchange Agent, for the benefit of the holders of Certificates, for exchange in accordance with this Article II through the Exchange Agent, certificates representing the shares of Biovail

#### Table of Contents

Common Stock to be issued as Merger Consideration and cash sufficient to make payments in lieu of fractional shares pursuant to Section 2.02(e). All such Biovail Common Stock and cash deposited with the Exchange Agent is hereinafter referred to as the <u>Exchange Fund</u>. As promptly as practicable after the Effective Time, and in any event not later than the second Business Day thereafter, Biovail shall cause the Exchange Agent to mail to each holder of record of Valeant Common Stock a form of letter of transmittal (which shall specify that delivery shall be effected, and risk of loss and title to any Certificates shall pass, only upon delivery of such Certificates to the Exchange Agent and shall be in such form and have such other provisions (including customary provisions with respect to delivery of an agent s message with respect to shares held in book-entry form) as Biovail may specify, subject to Valeant s approval), together with instructions thereto.

(b) Merger Consideration Received in Connection with Exchange. Upon (i) in the case of shares of Valeant Common Stock represented by a Certificate, the surrender of such Certificate for cancellation to the Exchange Agent, or (ii) in the case of shares of Valeant Common Stock held in book-entry form, the receipt of an agent s message by the Exchange Agent, in each case together with the letter of transmittal, duly, completely and validly executed in accordance with the instructions thereto, and such other documents as may reasonably be required by the Exchange Agent, the holder of such shares shall be entitled to receive in exchange therefor (x) the Merger Consideration into which the shares of Valeant Common Stock have been converted pursuant to Section 2.01 and (y) any cash in lieu of fractional shares which the holder has the right to receive pursuant to Section 2.02(e) and in respect of any dividends or other distributions which the holder has the right to receive pursuant to Section 2.02(c). In the event of a transfer of ownership of Valeant Common Stock that is not registered in the transfer records of Valeant, a certificate representing the proper number of shares of Biovail Common Stock pursuant to Section 2.01 and cash in lieu of fractional shares which the holder has the right to receive pursuant to Section 2.02(e) and in respect of any dividends or other distributions which the holder has the right to receive pursuant to Section 2.02(c) may be issued to a transferee if the Certificate representing such Valeant Common Stock (or, if such Valeant Common Stock is held in book-entry form, proper evidence of such transfer) is presented to the Exchange Agent, accompanied by all documents required to evidence and effect such transfer and by evidence that any applicable stock transfer Taxes have been paid. Until surrendered as contemplated by this Section 2.02(b), each share of Valeant Common Stock and any Certificate with respect thereto shall be deemed at any time after the Effective Time to represent only the right to receive upon such surrender the Merger Consideration which the holders of such shares were entitled to receive in respect of such shares pursuant to Section 2.01 (and cash in lieu of fractional shares pursuant to Section 2.02(e) and in respect of any dividends or other distributions pursuant to Section 2.02(c)). No interest shall be paid or shall accrue on the cash payable upon surrender of any Certificate (or shares of Valeant Common Stock held in book-entry form).

(c) *Treatment of Unexchanged Shares.* No dividends or other distributions declared or made with respect to Biovail Common Stock with a record date after the Effective Time shall be paid to the holder of any unsurrendered Certificate (or shares of Valeant Common Stock held in book-entry form) with respect to the shares of Biovail Common Stock issuable upon surrender thereof, and no cash payment in lieu of fractional shares shall be paid to any such holder pursuant to Section 2.02(e), until the surrender of such Certificate (or shares of Valeant Common Stock held in book-entry form) in accordance with this Article II. Subject to escheat, Tax or other applicable Law, following surrender of any such Certificate (or shares of Biovail Common Stock held in book-entry form), there shall be paid to the holder of the certificate representing whole shares of Biovail Common Stock issued in exchange therefor, without interest, (i) at the time of such surrender, the amount of any cash payable in lieu of a fractional share of Biovail Common Stock to which such holder is entitled pursuant to Section 2.02(e) and the amount of dividends or other distributions with a record date after the Effective Time theretofore paid with respect to such whole shares of Biovail Common Stock and (ii) at the appropriate payment date, the amount of dividends or other distributions with a record date after the Effective Time that, the subsequent to such surrender payable with respect to such whole shares of Biovail Common Stock.

(d) *No Further Ownership Rights in Valeant Common Stock.* The shares of Biovail Common Stock issued and cash paid in accordance with the terms of this Article II upon conversion of any shares of Valeant Common Stock (including any cash paid pursuant to Section 2.02(e)) shall be deemed to have been issued and paid in full satisfaction of all rights pertaining to such shares of Valeant Common Stock. From and after the Effective Time, there shall be no further registration of transfers on the stock transfer books of the Surviving Company of shares of

Valeant Common Stock that were outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time. If, after the Effective Time, any Certificates formerly representing shares of Valeant Common Stock (or shares of Valeant Common Stock held in book-entry form) are presented to Biovail or the Exchange Agent for any reason, they shall be canceled and exchanged as provided in this Article II.

(e) <u>No Fractional Shares</u>. No certificates or scrip representing fractional shares of Biovail Common Stock shall be issued upon the conversion of Valeant Common Stock pursuant to Section 2.01, and such fractional share interests shall not entitle the owner thereof to vote or to any rights of a holder of Biovail Common Stock. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, each holder of shares of Valeant Common Stock converted pursuant to the Merger who would otherwise have been entitled to receive a fraction of a share of Biovail Common Stock (after taking into account all shares of Valeant Common Stock exchanged by such holder) shall receive, in lieu thereof, cash (without interest) in an amount equal to such fractional amount multiplied by the average of the volume weighted average price per share of Biovail Common Stock on the New York Stock Exchange (<u>NYSE</u>) (as reported by Bloomberg L.P. or, if not reported therein, in another authoritative source mutually selected by Biovail and Valeant) on each of the 10 consecutive trading days ending with the second complete trading day prior to the date of the Effective Time, weighted by the total volume of trading in Biovail Common Stock on each such trading day. The payment of cash in lieu of fractional share interests pursuant to this Section 2.02(e) is not a separately bargained-for consideration.

(f) <u>Termination of Exchange Fund</u>. Any portion of the Exchange Fund (including any interest received with respect thereto) that remains undistributed to the holders of Valeant Common Stock for 360 days after the Effective Time shall be delivered to the Surviving Company, upon demand, and any holder of Valeant Common Stock who has not theretofore complied with this Article II shall thereafter look only to Biovail for payment of its claim for Merger Consideration, any cash in lieu of fractional shares and any dividends and distributions to which such holder is entitled pursuant to this Article II.

(g) <u>No Liability</u>. None of Valeant, Biovail, Merger Sub or the Exchange Agent shall be liable to any Person in respect of any portion of the Exchange Fund delivered to a public official pursuant to any applicable abandoned property, escheat or similar Law. Any portion of the Exchange Fund which remains undistributed to the holders of Certificates for two years after the Effective Time (or immediately prior to such earlier date on which the Exchange Fund would otherwise escheat to, or become the property of, any Governmental Entity), shall, to the extent permitted by applicable Law, become the property of the Surviving Company, free and clear of all claims or interest of any Person previously entitled thereto.

(h) *Investment of Exchange Fund*. The Exchange Agent shall invest any cash in the Exchange Fund as mutually directed by Biovail and Valeant. Any interest and other income resulting from such investments shall be paid to the Surviving Company.

(i) <u>Withholding Rights</u>. The Exchange Agent shall be entitled to deduct and withhold from the consideration otherwise payable to any holder of Valeant Common Stock pursuant to this Agreement such amounts as may be required to be deducted and withheld with respect to the making of such payment under applicable Tax Law. Amounts so withheld and paid over to the appropriate taxing authority shall be treated for all purposes of this Agreement as having been paid to the holder of Valeant Common Stock in respect of which such deduction or withholding was made.

(j) *Lost Certificates*. If any Certificate shall have been lost, stolen or destroyed, upon the making of an affidavit of that fact by the Person claiming such Certificate to be lost, stolen or destroyed and, if required by Biovail, the posting by such Person of a bond, in such reasonable and customary amount as Biovail may direct, as indemnity against any claim that may be made against it with respect to such Certificate, the Exchange Agent shall issue, in exchange for such lost, stolen or destroyed Certificate, the Merger Consideration, any cash in lieu of fractional shares and any

dividends and distributions on the Certificate deliverable in respect thereof pursuant to this Agreement.

### ARTICLE III

#### Representations and Warranties of Biovail, BAC and Merger Sub

Biovail, BAC and Merger Sub jointly and severally represent and warrant to Valeant that the statements contained in this Article III are true and correct, except (i) as set forth in the Biovail Reporting Documents publicly available and filed with the SEC following January 1, 2008 and at least two Business Days prior to the date of this Agreement (the <u>Filed Biovail Reporting Documents</u>) (excluding any disclosures in the Filed Biovail Reporting Documents under the heading Risk Factors and any other disclosures that are predictive or forward-looking in nature) or (ii) as set forth in the disclosure letter delivered by Biovail, BAC and Merger Sub to Valeant at or before the execution and delivery by Biovail, BAC and Merger Sub of this Agreement (the <u>Biovail Disclosure Letter</u>). The Biovail Disclosure Letter shall be arranged in numbered and lettered sections corresponding to the numbered and lettered sections contained in this Article III, and the disclosure in any section shall be deemed to qualify other sections in this Article III to the extent (and only to the extent) that it is reasonably apparent from the face of such disclosure that such disclosure also qualifies or applies to such other sections.

Section 3.01. <u>Organization, Standing and Power</u>. Each of Biovail and each of Biovail s Subsidiaries (the <u>Biovail</u> <u>Subsidiaries</u>) is duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the jurisdiction in which it is organized (in the case of good standing, to the extent such jurisdiction recognizes such concept), except, in the case of the Biovail Subsidiaries, where the failure to be so organized, existing or in good standing, individually or in the aggregate, has not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Biovail Material Adverse Effect. Each of Biovail and the Biovail Subsidiaries has all requisite power and authority and possesses all governmental franchises, licenses, permits, authorizations, variances, exemptions, orders, registrations, clearances and approvals (collectively,

<u>Permits</u>) necessary to enable it to own, operate, lease or otherwise hold its properties and assets and to conduct its businesses as presently conducted (the <u>Biovail Permits</u>), except where the failure to have such power or authority or to possess Biovail Permits, individually or in the aggregate, has not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Biovail Material Adverse Effect. Each of Biovail and the Biovail Subsidiaries is duly qualified or licensed to do business in each jurisdiction where the nature of its business or the ownership, operation or leasing of its properties make such qualification necessary, other than in such jurisdictions where the failure to be so qualified or licensed, individually or in the aggregate, has not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Effect. Biovail has delivered or made available to Valeant, prior to execution of this Agreement, true and complete copies of (a) the Articles of Continuance of Biovail in effect as of the date of this Agreement (the <u>Biovail Charter</u>) and the By-laws of Biovail in effect as of the date of this Agreement (the <u>Biovail Charter</u>) and the By-laws of Biovail in effect as of the date of this Agreement (the <u>Biovail By-law</u>s) and (b) the constituent documents of each of BAC and Merger Sub.

Section 3.02. <u>Biovail Subsidiaries</u>. (a) All the outstanding shares of capital stock or voting securities of, or other equity interests in, each Biovail Subsidiary have been validly issued and are fully paid and nonassessable and are owned by Biovail, by another Biovail Subsidiary or by Biovail and another Biovail Subsidiary, free and clear of all pledges, liens, claims, charges, mortgages, encumbrances and security interests of any kind or nature whatsoever (collectively, <u>Liens</u>), and free of any other restriction (including any restriction on the right to vote, sell or otherwise dispose of such capital stock, voting securities or other equity interests), except for restrictions imposed by applicable securities laws. Section 3.02(a) of the Biovail Disclosure Letter sets forth, as of the date of this Agreement, a true and complete list of the Biovail Subsidiaries.

(b) Except for the capital stock and voting securities of, and other equity interests in, the Biovail Subsidiaries, neither Biovail nor any Biovail Subsidiary owns, directly or indirectly, any capital stock or voting securities of, or other equity interests in, or any interest convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable for, any capital stock or voting securities of, or other equity interests in, any firm, corporation, partnership, company, limited liability company, trust, joint venture, association or other entity.

Section 3.03. <u>Capital Structure</u>. (a) The authorized capital stock of Biovail consists of an unlimited number of shares of Biovail Common Stock and an unlimited number of Class A Special Shares in the capital of Biovail (the <u>Biovail</u> <u>Class A Stock</u> and, together with the Biovail Common Stock, the <u>Biovail Capital Stock</u>). At the close of business on June 14, 2010, (i) 158,573,603 shares of Biovail Common Stock were issued and outstanding, none of which were subject to vesting or other forfeiture conditions or repurchase by Biovail, (ii) no shares of Biovail Class A Stock were issued and outstanding, (iii) no shares of Biovail Common Stock were

A-6

reserved for issuance upon conversion of Biovail s 5.375% Senior Convertible Notes (the <u>Biovail Convertible Notes</u>), (iv) 11,588,915 shares of Biovail Common Stock were reserved and available for issuance pursuant to the Biovail Stock Plans, of which (A) 3,196,577 shares were issuable upon exercise of outstanding Biovail Stock Options and (B) 2,049,548 shares were issuable upon vesting of outstanding Biovail Restricted Stock Units, assuming maximum performance with respect to performance-based Biovail Restricted Stock Units, (v) Biovail Deferred Share Units with respect to 418,737 shares of Biovail Common Stock were outstanding and (vi) 2,282,366 shares of Biovail Common Stock were reserved for issuance pursuant to the Biovail Employee Stock Purchase Plan. Except as set forth in this Section 3.03(a), at the close of business on June 14, 2010, no shares of capital stock or voting securities of, or other equity interests in, Biovail were issued, reserved for issuance or outstanding. From the close of business on June 14, 2010 to the date of this Agreement, there have been no issuances by Biovail of shares of capital stock or voting securities of, or other equity interests in, Biovail, other than (1) the issuance of Biovail Common Stock upon the conversion of Biovail Convertible Notes, upon the exercise of Biovail Stock Options or upon the vesting of Biovail Restricted Stock Units, in each case outstanding at the close of business on June 14, 2010 and in accordance with their terms in effect at such time, and (2) the issuance of Biovail Deferred Share Units.

(b) All outstanding shares of Biovail Capital Stock are, and all shares of Biovail Capital Stock that may be issued upon the conversion of Biovail Convertible Notes, upon the exercise of Biovail Stock Options or upon the vesting of Biovail Restricted Stock Units will be, when issued, duly authorized, validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable and not subject to, or issued in violation of, any purchase option, call option, right of first refusal, preemptive right, subscription right or any similar right under any provision of the Canada Business Corporations Act (the <u>CBCA</u>), the Biovail Charter, the Biovail By-laws or any Contract to which Biovail is a party or otherwise bound. The shares of Biovail Common Stock constituting the Merger Consideration will be, when issued, duly authorized, validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable and not subject to, or issued in violation of, any purchase option, call option, right of first refusal, preemptive right, subscription right or any similar right under any provision of the CBCA, the Biovail Charter, the Biovail By-laws or any Contract to which Biovail is a party or otherwise bound. Except as set forth above in this Section 3.03 or pursuant to the terms of this Agreement, there are not issued, reserved for issuance or outstanding, and there are not any outstanding obligations of Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary to issue, deliver or sell, or cause to be issued, delivered or sold, (x) any capital stock of Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary or any securities of Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable for shares of capital stock or voting securities of, or other equity interests in, Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary, (y) any warrants, calls, options or other rights to acquire from Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary, or any other obligation of Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary to issue, deliver or sell, or cause to be issued, delivered or sold, any capital stock or voting securities of, or other equity interests in, Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary or (z) any rights issued by or other obligations of Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary that are linked in any way to the price of any class of Biovail Capital Stock or any shares of capital stock of any Biovail Subsidiary, the value of Biovail, any Biovail Subsidiary or any part of Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary or any dividends or other distributions declared or paid on any shares of capital stock of Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary. Except pursuant to the Biovail Stock Plans, there are not any outstanding obligations of Biovail or any of the Biovail Subsidiaries to repurchase, redeem or otherwise acquire any shares of capital stock or voting securities or other equity interests of Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary or any securities, interests, warrants, calls, options or other rights referred to in clause (x), (y) or (z) of the immediately preceding sentence. Except for the Biovail Convertible Notes, there are no debentures, bonds, notes or other Indebtedness of Biovail having the right to vote (or convertible into, or exchangeable for, securities having the right to vote) on any matters on which stockholders of Biovail may vote (<u>Biovail Voting Debt</u>). Neither Biovail nor any of the Biovail Subsidiaries is a party to any voting agreement with respect to the voting of any capital stock or voting securities of, or other equity interests in, Biovail. Except for this Agreement, neither Biovail nor any of the Biovail Subsidiaries is a party to any agreement pursuant to which any Person is entitled to elect, designate or nominate any director of Biovail or any of the Biovail Subsidiaries.

Section 3.04. *Authority: Execution and Delivery: Enforceability*. (a) Each of Biovail, BAC and Merger Sub has all requisite corporate power and authority to execute and deliver this Agreement, to perform its obligations hereunder

and to consummate the Merger and the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement, subject, in the case of the Share Issuance and the Valeant Stock Plan Assumption, to the receipt of the Biovail Stockholder Approval. The Board of Directors of Biovail (the <u>Biovail Bo</u>ard ) has adopted resolutions, by unanimous vote at a

meeting duly called at which a quorum of directors of Biovail was present, (i) approving this Agreement, (ii) determining that entering into this Agreement is in the best interests of Biovail and its stockholders, (iii) declaring this Agreement advisable, (iv) recommending that Biovail s stockholders vote in favor of (A) approval of the issuance of Biovail Common Stock constituting the Merger Consideration, (B) the change of Biovail s name to Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, Inc. (the Name Change) and (C) the issuance of Biovail Common Stock under Valeant Stock Plans, outstanding Valeant Stock Options and Valeant Restricted Stock Units assumed by Biovail pursuant to the Valeant Stock Plan Assumption (the <u>Share Issuance</u>) and the Valeant Stock Plan Assumption and directing that the Share Issuance and the Valeant Stock Plan Assumption be submitted to Biovail s stockholders for approval at a duly held meeting of such stockholders for such purpose (the <u>Biovail Stockholders Meeting</u>) and (v) subject to the discretion of the Board of the Combined Company, determining that the Post-Merger Special Dividend will be in the best interests of the Combined Company and its stockholders and that it is the intention of those directors of Biovail that will continue as directors of the Combined Company to support the declaration and payment of the Post-Merger Special Dividend at the applicable time. Such resolutions have not been amended or withdrawn as of the date of this Agreement. The Board of Directors of Merger Sub has adopted resolutions (i) approving this Agreement, (ii) determining that entering into this Agreement is in the best interests of Merger Sub and BAC, as its sole stockholder, (iii) declaring this Agreement advisable and (iv) recommending that BAC, as sole stockholder of Merger Sub, adopt this Agreement and directing that this Agreement be submitted to BAC, as sole stockholder of Merger Sub, for adoption. Such resolutions have not been amended or withdrawn as of the date of this Agreement. BAC, as sole stockholder of Merger Sub, will, immediately following the execution and delivery of this Agreement by each of the parties hereto, adopt this Agreement. The Board of Directors of BAC has adopted resolutions (i) approving this Agreement, (ii) determining that entering into this Agreement is in the best interests of BAC and Biovail, as its sole stockholder, (iii) declaring this Agreement advisable and (iv) recommending that Biovail, as sole stockholder of BAC, adopt this Agreement and directing that this Agreement be submitted to Biovail, as sole stockholder of BAC, for adoption. Such resolutions have not been amended or withdrawn as of the date of this Agreement. Biovail, as sole stockholder of BAC, will, immediately following the execution and delivery of this Agreement by each of the parties hereto, adopt this Agreement. Except (A) in the case of the Share Issuance and the Valeant Stock Plan Assumption, for the approval of the Share Issuance and Valeant Stock Plan Assumption, respectively, by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the shares of Biovail Common Stock represented in person or by proxy at the Biovail Stockholders Meeting, as required by Section 312.03(c) of the NYSE Listed Company Manual and by Section 611(c) and Section 613, respectively, of the Toronto Stock Exchange (<u>TSX</u>) Company Manual and the approval of the Name Change by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of not less than two-thirds of the votes cast in respect of such resolution at the Biovail Stockholders Meeting as required by Section 173 of the CBCA (collectively, the \_Biovail Stockholder Approval ) and (B) solely in the case of the Merger, for the adoption of this Agreement (1) by Biovail as the sole stockholder of BAC, and (2) by BAC as the sole stockholder of Merger Sub, no other corporate proceedings on the part of Biovail, BAC or Merger Sub are necessary to authorize, adopt or approve, as applicable, this Agreement or to consummate the Merger and the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement (except for the filing of the appropriate merger documents as required by the DGCL). Each of Biovail and Merger Sub has duly executed and delivered this Agreement and, assuming the due authorization, execution and delivery by Valeant, this Agreement constitutes its legal, valid and binding obligation, enforceable against it in accordance with its terms.

(b) No fair price , moratorium , control share acquisition or other similar antitakeover statute or similar statute or regulation applies with respect to this Agreement, the Merger or any of the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement in respect of Biovail or Merger Sub.

Section 3.05. *No Conflicts: Consents.* (a) The execution and delivery by each of Biovail, BAC and Merger Sub of this Agreement does not, and the performance by each of Biovail, BAC and Merger Sub of its obligations hereunder and the consummation of the Merger and the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement will not, (i) conflict with, or result in any violation of any provision of, the Biovail Charter, the Biovail By-laws or the comparable charter or organizational documents of any Biovail Subsidiary (assuming that the Biovail Stockholder Approval is obtained),

(ii) conflict with, or result in any violation of or default (with or without notice or lapse of time, or both) under, or give rise to a right of termination, cancellation or acceleration of any obligation, any obligation to make an offer to purchase or redeem any Indebtedness or capital stock or any loss of a material benefit under, or result in the creation of any Lien upon any of the properties or assets of Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary

under, any provision of, any contract, lease, license, indenture, note, bond, agreement, concession, franchise or other instrument (a <u>Contract</u>) to which Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary is a party or by which any of their respective properties or assets is bound or any Biovail Permit or (iii) conflict with, or result in any violation of any provision of, subject to the filings and other matters referred to in Section 3.05(b), any judgment, order or decree (<u>Judgment</u>) or statute, law (including common law), ordinance, rule or regulation, including the rules and regulations of the NYSE and TSX (<u>Law</u>), in each case, applicable to Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary or their respective properties or assets (assuming that the Biovail Stockholder Approval is obtained), other than, in the case of clauses (ii) and (iii) above, any matters that, individually or in the aggregate, have not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Biovail Material Adverse Effect (it being agreed that for purposes of this Section 3.05(a), effects resulting from or arising in connection with the matters set forth in clause (iv) of the definition of the term Material Adverse Effect shall not be excluded in determining whether a Biovail Material Adverse Effect has occurred or would reasonably be expected to occur) and would not prevent or materially impede, interfere with, hinder or delay the consummation of the Merger.

(b) No consent, waiver or Permit (<u>Consent</u>) of or from, or registration, declaration, notice or filing made to or with any Federal, national, state, provincial or local, whether domestic or foreign, government or any court of competent jurisdiction, administrative agency or commission or other governmental authority or instrumentality, whether domestic, foreign or supranational (a <u>Governmental Entity</u>), is required to be obtained or made by or with respect to Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary in connection with the execution and delivery of this Agreement or its performance of its obligations hereunder or the consummation of the Merger and the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement, other than (i) (A) the filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the <u>SEC</u>) and the securities commissions or similar securities regulatory authority in each of the provinces of Canada (the <u>Canadian Securities</u> Authorities ) of the Joint Proxy Statement in definitive form, (B) the filing with the SEC, and declaration of effectiveness under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the <u>Securities Act</u>), of the registration statement on Form S-4 in connection with the issuance by Biovail of the Merger Consideration, in which the Joint Proxy Statement Authorities of such reports under, and such other compliance with, the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the <u>Exchange Act</u>), the Securities Act, the Canadian provincial securities laws (<u>Canadian Securities Laws</u>), and the rules and regulations thereunder, as may be required in connection with this Agreement, the Merger and the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement, (ii) compliance with and filings under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976, as amended (the <u>HSR Act</u>) and, if required, Part IX of the Competition Act (Canada) (the <u>Competition Act</u>) and such other Consents, registrations, declarations, approvals, notices or filings as are required to be made or obtained under any foreign antitrust, competition, foreign investment, trade regulation or similar Laws, (iii) the filing of the Certificate of Merger with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware and appropriate documents with the relevant authorities of the other jurisdictions in which Biovail and Valeant are qualified to do business, (iv) such Consents, registrations, declarations, notices or filings as are required to be made or obtained under the securities or blue sky laws of various states in connection with the issuance of the Merger Consideration, (v) such filings with and approvals of the NYSE and TSX as are required to permit the consummation of the Merger and the listing of the Merger Consideration and (vi) such other matters that, individually or in the aggregate, have not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Biovail Material Adverse Effect (it being agreed that for purposes of this Section 3.05(b), effects resulting from or arising in connection with the matters set forth in clause (iv) of the definition of the term Material Adverse Effect shall not be excluded in determining whether a Biovail Material Adverse Effect has occurred or would reasonably be expected to occur) and would not prevent or materially impede, interfere with, hinder or delay the consummation of the Merger.

Section 3.06. <u>Reporting Documents: Undisclosed Liabilities</u>. (a) Biovail has furnished or filed all reports, schedules, forms, statements and other documents (including exhibits and other information incorporated therein) required to be furnished or filed by Biovail with the SEC and the Canadian Securities Authorities since January 1, 2008 (such documents, together with any documents filed with the SEC during such period by Biovail on a voluntary basis on a

Current Report on Form 8-K, but excluding the Joint Proxy Statement and the Form S-4, being collectively referred to as the <u>Biovail Reporting Documents</u>). Biovail is a reporting issuer in each of the provinces

#### Table of Contents

of Canada within the meaning of the Canadian Securities Laws. Biovail is in compliance with all its material obligations under the Canadian Securities Laws and the rules and policies of the TSX to which it is subject.

(b) Each Biovail Reporting Document (i) at the time filed, complied in all material respects with the requirements of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (<u>SOX</u>), the Exchange Act, the Securities Act or the Canadian Securities Laws, as the case may be, and the rules and regulations of the SEC or the Canadian Securities Authorities or promulgated thereunder applicable to such Biovail Reporting Document and (ii) did not at the time it was filed (or if amended or superseded by a filing or amendment prior to the date of this Agreement, then at the time of such filing or amendment) contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary in order to make the statements therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading. Each of the consolidated financial statements of Biovail included in the Biovail Reporting Documents complied at the time it was filed as to form in all material respects with applicable accounting requirements and the published rules and regulations of the SEC with respect thereto, was prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles (<u>GAAP</u>) (except, in the case of unaudited statements, as permitted by Form 10-Q of the SEC) applied on a consistent basis during the periods involved (except as may be indicated in the notes thereto) and fairly presented in all material respects the consolidated financial position of Biovail and its consolidated Subsidiaries as of the dates thereof and the consolidated results of their operations and cash flows for the periods shown (subject, in the case of unaudited statements).

(c) Neither Biovail nor any Biovail Subsidiary has any liabilities or obligations of any nature (whether accrued, absolute, contingent or otherwise) that, individually or in the aggregate, have had or would reasonably be expected to have a Biovail Material Adverse Effect.

(d) Each of the chief executive officer of Biovail and the chief financial officer of Biovail (or each former chief executive officer of Biovail and each former chief financial officer of Biovail, as applicable) has made all applicable certifications required by Rule 13a-14 or 15d-14 under the Exchange Act and Sections 302 and 906 of SOX with respect to the Biovail Reporting Documents, and the statements contained in such certifications are true and accurate. For purposes of this Agreement, chief executive officer and chief financial officer shall have the meanings given to such terms in SOX. None of Biovail or any of the Biovail Subsidiaries has outstanding, or has arranged any outstanding, extensions of credit to directors or executive officers within the meaning of Section 402 of SOX.

(e) Biovail maintains a system of internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) of the Exchange Act) sufficient to provide reasonable assurance (A) that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP, consistently applied, (B) that transactions are executed only in accordance with the authorization of management and (C) regarding prevention or timely detection of the unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of Biovail s properties or assets.

(f) The disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Exchange Act) utilized by Biovail are reasonably designed to ensure that all information (both financial and non-financial) required to be disclosed by Biovail in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the SEC and that all such information required to be disclosed is accumulated and communicated to the management of Biovail, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure and to enable the chief executive officer and chief financial officer of Biovail to make the certifications required under the Exchange Act with respect to such reports.

(g) Neither Biovail nor any of the Biovail Subsidiaries is a party to, or has any commitment to become a party to, any joint venture, off-balance sheet partnership or any similar Contract (including any Contract or arrangement relating to any transaction or relationship between or among Biovail and any of the Biovail Subsidiaries, on the one hand, and any unconsolidated Affiliate, including any structured finance, special purpose or limited purpose entity or Person, on

the other hand, or any off-balance-sheet arrangements (as defined in Item 303(a) of Regulation S-K under the Exchange Act)), where the result, purpose or intended effect of such Contract is to avoid disclosure of any material transaction involving, or material liabilities of, Biovail or any of the Biovail Subsidiaries in Biovail s or such Biovail Subsidiary s published financial statements or other Biovail Reporting Documents.

#### Table of Contents

(h) Since January 1, 2009, none of Biovail, Biovail s independent accountants, the Biovail Board or the audit committee of the Biovail Board has received any oral or written notification of any (x) significant deficiency in the internal controls over financial reporting of Biovail, (y) material weakness in the internal controls over financial reporting of Biovail, that involves management or other employees of Biovail who have a significant role in the internal controls over financial reporting of Biovail reporting of Biovail Potential reporting of Biovail. For purposes of this Agreement, the terms significant deficiency and material weakness shall have the meanings assigned to them in Auditing Standard No. 5 of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board, as in effect on the date of this Agreement.

(i) None of the Biovail Subsidiaries is, or has at any time since January 1, 2009 been, subject to the reporting requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act or a reporting issuer in any of the provinces of Canada within the meaning of the Canadian Securities Laws.

Section 3.07. Information Supplied. None of the information supplied or to be supplied by Biovail or Merger Sub for inclusion or incorporation by reference in (i) the Form S-4 will, at the time the Form S-4 is filed with the SEC, at any time it is amended or supplemented or at the time it is declared effective under the Securities Act, contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading or (ii) the Joint Proxy Statement will, at the date it is first mailed to each of Biovail s stockholders and Valeant s stockholders or at the time of each of the Biovail Stockholders Meeting and the Valeant Stockholders Meeting, contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact required to be stated therein or necessary in order to make the statements therein, in light of the circumstances under which they are made, not misleading. The Form S-4 will comply as to form in all material respects with the requirements of the Securities Act and the rules and regulations thereunder, except that no representation is made by Biovail or Merger Sub with respect to statements made or incorporated by reference therein based on information supplied by Valeant for inclusion or incorporation by reference therein. The Joint Proxy Statement will comply as to form in all material respects with the requirements of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations thereunder and the requirements of the CBCA and applicable Canadian Securities Laws, except that no representation is made by Biovail with respect to statements made or incorporated by reference therein based on information supplied by Valeant for inclusion or incorporation by reference therein.

Section 3.08. <u>Absence of Certain Changes or Events</u>. From January 1, 2010 to the date of this Agreement, each of Biovail and the Biovail Subsidiaries has conducted its respective business in the ordinary course in all material respects, and during such period there has not occurred:

(a) any fact, circumstance, effect, change, event or development that, individually or in the aggregate, has had or would reasonably be expected to have a Biovail Material Adverse Effect;

(b) any declaration, setting aside or payment of any dividend or other distribution (whether in cash, stock or property or any combination thereof) in respect of any capital stock or voting securities of, or other equity interests in, Biovail or the capital stock or voting securities of, or other equity interests in, any of the Biovail Subsidiaries (other than (x) regular quarterly cash dividends in an amount not exceeding \$0.095 per share of Biovail Common Stock and (y) dividends or other distributions by a direct or indirect wholly owned Biovail Subsidiary to its parent) or any repurchase for value by Biovail of any capital stock or voting securities of, or other equity interests in, any of the Biovail Subsidiaries;

(c) any split, reverse split, combination, subdivision or reclassification of any capital stock or voting securities of, or other equity interests in, Biovail, securities convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for capital stock or voting securities of, or other equity interests in, Biovail or any issuance or the authorization of any issuance of any other securities in respect of, in lieu of or in substitution for shares of capital stock or voting securities of, or other equity interests in, Biovail;

(d) any incurrence of material Indebtedness for borrowed money or any guarantee of such Indebtedness for another Person, or any issue or sale of debt securities, warrants or other rights to acquire any debt security of Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary other than draws on existing revolving credit facilities in the ordinary course of business;

#### Table of Contents

(e) (i) any transfer, lease, license, sale, mortgage, pledge or other disposal or encumbrance of any of Biovail s or Biovail s Subsidiaries property or assets outside of the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice with a fair market value in excess of \$5,000,000 or (ii) any acquisitions of businesses, whether by merger, consolidation, purchase of property or assets or otherwise;

(f) (i) any granting by Biovail to any director or executive officer of Biovail of any material increase in compensation,
(ii) any granting by Biovail to any director or executive officer of Biovail of any material increase in change in control, severance or termination pay, (iii) any establishment, adoption, entry into or amendment in any material respect of any collective bargaining agreement or material Biovail Benefit Plan or (iv) the taking of any action to accelerate the time of vesting or payment of any material compensation or benefits under any Biovail Benefit Plan;

(g) any change in accounting methods, principles or practices by Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary, except insofar as may have been required by a change in GAAP; or

(h) any material elections or changes thereto with respect to Taxes by Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary or any settlement or compromise by Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary of any material Tax liability or refund, other than in the ordinary course of business.

Section 3.09. *Taxes.* (a) (i) Each of Biovail and each Biovail Subsidiary has timely filed, taking into account any extensions, all material Tax Returns required to have been filed and such Tax Returns are accurate and complete in all material respects; (ii) each of Biovail and each Biovail Subsidiary has paid all material Taxes required to have been paid by it other than Taxes that are not yet due or that are being contested in good faith in appropriate proceedings; and (iii) no deficiency for any Tax has been asserted or assessed by a taxing authority against Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary which deficiency has not been paid or is not being contested in good faith in appropriate proceedings.

(b) No Tax Return of Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary is under audit or examination by any taxing authority, and no written (or, to the Knowledge of Biovail, oral) notice of such an audit or examination has been received by Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary. No deficiencies for any Taxes have been proposed, asserted or assessed against Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary, and no requests for waivers of the time to assess any such Taxes are pending. There are no outstanding waivers of any limitation periods or agreements providing for an extension of time for the filing of any Tax Return, the assessment or collection thereof by any relevant taxing authority or the payment of any Tax by Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary. No other procedure, proceeding or contest of any refund or deficiency in respect of Taxes is pending in or on appeal from any Governmental Entity.

(c) Each of Biovail and each Biovail Subsidiary has complied in all material respects with all applicable Laws relating to the withholding, collection and remittance of Taxes and other deductions required to be withheld

(d) Other than for Taxes not yet due and delinquent or that are being contested in good faith in appropriate proceedings, there are no Liens with respect to Taxes against any of the assets of Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary. No written or, to the Knowledge of Biovail, other claim has been received by Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary from an authority in a jurisdiction where such corporation does not file Tax Returns that it is or may be subject to material taxation by such jurisdiction. Neither Biovail nor any Biovail Subsidiary has a permanent establishment or is resident for Tax purposes outside of its jurisdiction or territory of incorporation or formation.

(e) Each of Biovail and the Biovail Subsidiaries has not and has not been deemed to have for purposes of the Income Tax Act (or any other applicable Law), acquired property from a non-arm s length Person, within the meaning of the Income Tax Act (or such other applicable Law), for consideration, the value of which is less than the fair market value of the property in circumstances which could subject it to a liability under section 160 of the Income Tax Act (or the analogous provision of such other applicable Law).

(f) With respect to any transaction with any non-arm s length Person that is not a resident of Canada within the meaning of the Income Tax Act, neither Biovail nor any Biovail Subsidiary resident in Canada has (i) paid any consideration for any property (including for the use of property) or services that is in excess of the fair market value thereof, nor (ii) received any consideration for any property (including for the use of property) or services that is less than the fair market value thereof. For all such transactions, Biovail and any Biovail Subsidiary resident in Canada,

#### Table of Contents

as the case may be, has made or obtained records or documents that meet the requirements of paragraphs 247(4)(a) to (c) of the Income Tax Act.

(g) None of sections 78, 80, 80.01, 80.02, 80.03 and 80.04 of the Income Tax Act, or any equivalent provision of the Laws of any other jurisdiction, has applied in any material manner or shall apply in any material manner to any of Biovail or the Biovail Subsidiaries as of the Closing Date.

(h) Neither Biovail nor any Biovail Subsidiary has received any material requirement pursuant to section 224 of the Income Tax Act which remains unsatisfied in any respect.

(i) Neither Biovail nor any Biovail Subsidiary is a party to or is otherwise bound by any material Tax sharing, allocation or indemnification agreement or arrangement (other than such an agreement or arrangement exclusively between or among Biovail and wholly owned Biovail Subsidiaries).

(j) Within the past three years, neither Biovail nor any Biovail Subsidiary has been a distributing corporation or a controlled corporation in a distribution intended to qualify for tax-free treatment under Section 355 of the Code.

(k) Neither Biovail nor any Biovail Subsidiary has participated in or been a party to a transaction that, as of the date of this Agreement, constitutes a listed transaction within the meaning of Section 6011 of the Code and applicable Treasury Regulations thereunder (or a similar provision of state or foreign Law).

(1) This Agreement (including any exhibits hereto) sets forth the complete terms of the Merger. Neither Biovail nor any Biovail Subsidiary has taken any other action or knows of any other fact relating to the Merger that would reasonably be expected to prevent the Merger from qualifying for the Intended Tax Treatment.

(m) No amounts paid or payable by Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary as employee compensation, whether under any contract, plan, program or arrangement, understanding or otherwise (including any Biovail Benefit Plan or Biovail Benefit Arrangement), individually or in the aggregate, is or would reasonably be expected to be non-deductible for federal income tax purposes by virtue of Section 162(m) or 280G of the Code.

Section 3.10. *Employee Benefits*. (a) Section 3.10(a) of the Biovail Disclosure Letter sets forth a complete and accurate list of each material Biovail Benefit Plan and each material Biovail Benefit Agreement.

(b) With respect to each material Biovail Benefit Plan and material Biovail Benefit Agreement, Biovail has made available to Valeant complete and accurate copies of (A) such Biovail Benefit Plan or Biovail Benefit Agreement, including any material amendment thereto, and, to the extent applicable, summary plan description thereof, (B) each trust, insurance, annuity or other funding Contract related thereto, (C) the most recent audited financial statements and actuarial or other valuation reports prepared with respect thereto, (D) the two most recent annual reports on Form 5500 required to be filed with the Internal Revenue Service with respect thereto and the two most recent annual information returns required to be filed with any Governmental Entity and (E) the most recently received IRS determination letter.

(c) Each Biovail Benefit Plan and Biovail Benefit Agreement (and any related trust or other funding vehicle) has been administered in accordance with its terms and is in compliance with ERISA, the Code and all other applicable Laws, other than instances of non-compliance that, individually or in the aggregate, have not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Biovail Material Adverse Effect.

(d) Except for matters that, individually or in the aggregate, have not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Biovail Material Adverse Effect, neither Biovail nor any Biovail Subsidiary nor any Biovail Commonly

Controlled Entity currently sponsors, maintains or contributes to, or has sponsored, maintained, contributed to or been required to maintain or contribute to, or has any actual or contingent liability under, any Benefit Plan that is subject to Section 302 or Title IV of ERISA or Section 412 of the Code or is otherwise a defined benefit plan (including any such plan maintained outside the United States).

(e) None of the Biovail Benefit Plans is a registered pension plan within the meaning of Section 248(1) of the Income Tax Act (Canada) R.S.C. 1985, as amended (the <u>Income Tax Act</u>).

A-13

(f) Neither Biovail nor any Biovail Subsidiary has any liability for providing health, medical or other welfare benefits after retirement or other termination of employment (other than for continuation coverage required under Section 4980(B)(f) of the Code or applicable Law), except for any liabilities that, individually and in the aggregate, have not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Biovail Material Adverse Effect.

(g) None of the execution and delivery of this Agreement, the performance by either party of its obligations hereunder or the consummation of the Merger and the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement (alone or in conjunction with any other event, including any termination of employment on or following the Effective Time) will (i) entitle any Biovail Personnel to any material compensation or benefit, (ii) accelerate the time of payment or vesting, or trigger any payment or funding, of any material compensation or benefit or trigger any other material obligation under any Biovail Benefit Plan or Biovail Benefit Agreement or (iii) result in any breach or violation of, or default under, or limit Biovail s right to amend, modify or terminate, any Biovail Benefit Plan or Biovail Benefit Agreement.

Section 3.11. <u>Litigation</u>. There is no, and since January 1, 2008, there has been no, suit, action or other proceeding pending or, to the Knowledge of Biovail, threatened against or affecting Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary (i) that, individually or in the aggregate, has had or would reasonably be expected to have a Biovail Material Adverse Effect or (ii) that, as of the date of this Agreement, challenges or seeks to prevent, enjoin, alter in any material respect or materially delay the Merger or any of the other transactions contemplated hereby. There is no, and since January 1, 2008, there has been no, Judgment outstanding against or, to the Knowledge of Biovail, investigation by any Governmental Entity involving, Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary or any of their respective properties or assets that, individually or in the aggregate, has had or would reasonably be expected to have a Biovail Material Adverse Effect.

Section 3.12. <u>Compliance with Applicable Laws</u>. Except for matters that, individually or in the aggregate, have not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Biovail Material Adverse Effect, Biovail and the Biovail Subsidiaries are, and since January 1, 2008, have been, in compliance with all applicable Laws and Biovail Permits. Except for matters that, individually or in the aggregate, have not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Biovail Material Adverse Effect, there is no, and since January 1, 2008, there has been no, material action, demand or investigation by or before any Governmental Entity pending or, to the Knowledge of Biovail, threatened alleging that Biovail or a Biovail Subsidiary is not in compliance with any applicable Law or Biovail Permit or which challenges or questions the validity of any rights of the holder of any Biovail Permit. To the Knowledge of Biovail, Biovail is, and since January 1, 2008, has been, in material compliance with the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977, as amended (the <u>FCPA</u>) and any rules and regulations thereunder. This Section 3.12 does not relate to Tax matters, employee benefits matters, environmental matters or Intellectual Property matters, which are the subjects of Sections 3.09, 3.10, 3.13 and 3.16, respectively.

Section 3.13. *Environmental Matters*. (a) Except for matters that, individually or in the aggregate, have not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Biovail Material Adverse Effect:

(i) Biovail and the Biovail Subsidiaries are in compliance with all Environmental Laws (which compliance includes the possession by Biovail and the Biovail Subsidiaries of all Permits required under applicable Environmental Laws necessary for their operations as currently conducted, and compliance with the terms and conditions thereof), and neither Biovail nor any Biovail Subsidiary has received any written communication, whether from a Governmental Entity, citizens group, employee or otherwise, alleging that Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary is not in such compliance, and, to the Knowledge of Biovail, there are no past or present circumstances, conditions, events or incidents that would reasonably be expected to prevent or interfere with such compliance in the future;

(ii) there are no Environmental Claims pending or, to the Knowledge of Biovail, threatened against Biovail or any of the Biovail Subsidiaries or, to the Knowledge of Biovail, against any Person whose liability for any Environmental

Claim Biovail or any of the Biovail Subsidiaries has or may have retained or assumed, either contractually or by operation of law;

(iii) there have been no Releases of any Hazardous Material that would reasonably be expected to form the basis of any Environmental Claim against Biovail or any of the Biovail Subsidiaries or, to the Knowledge of

Biovail, against any Person whose liabilities for such Environmental Claims Biovail or any of the Biovail Subsidiaries has, or may have, retained or assumed, either contractually or by operation of Law; and

(iv) neither Biovail nor any of the Biovail Subsidiaries has retained or assumed, either contractually or by operation of law, any liabilities or obligations that would reasonably be expected to form the basis of any Environmental Claim against Biovail or any of the Biovail Subsidiaries.

(b) As used herein:

(i) <u>Environmental Claim</u> means any administrative, regulatory or judicial actions, suits, orders, demands, directives, claims, liens, cause of action, investigations, proceedings or written or oral notices of noncompliance or violation by or from any Person alleging liability of whatever kind or nature (including potential liability for investigatory costs, cleanup costs, governmental response costs, natural resources damages, property damages, personal injuries, or penalties) arising out of, based on or resulting from (y) the presence or Release of, or exposure to, any Hazardous Materials at any location; or (z) circumstances forming the basis of any violation, or alleged violation, of any Environmental Law.

(ii) <u>Environmental Laws</u> means all applicable Federal, national, state, provincial or local, foreign and common Laws, Judgments, or Contracts issued, promulgated or entered into by or with any Governmental Entity, relating to pollution, natural resources or protection of endangered or threatened species, human health (as it relates to environmental conditions or exposure to Hazardous Materials) or the environment (including ambient air, surface water, groundwater, land surface or subsurface strata), including those relating to the exposure to, or Releases or threatened Releases of, Hazardous Materials.

(iii) <u>Hazardous Materials</u> means (y) any petroleum or petroleum products, explosive or radioactive materials or wastes, asbestos in any form, toxic mold, and polychlorinated biphenyls; and (z) any other chemical, material, substance or waste that in relevant form or concentration is prohibited, limited or regulated under any Environmental Law.

(iv) <u>Release</u> means any actual or threatened release, spill, emission, leaking, dumping, injection, pouring, deposit, disposal, discharge, dispersal, leaching or migration into or through the indoor or outdoor environment (including ambient air, surface water, groundwater, land surface or subsurface strata) or within any building, structure, facility or fixture, including the movement of Hazardous Materials through or in the air, soil, surface water, groundwater or property.

Section 3.14. <u>Contracts</u>. (a) As of the date of this Agreement, neither Biovail nor any Biovail Subsidiary is a party to any Contract required to be filed by Biovail as a material contract pursuant to Item 601(b)(10) of Regulation S-K under the Securities Act (a <u>Filed Biovail Contract</u>) that has not been so filed.

(b) Section 3.14(b) of the Biovail Disclosure Letter sets forth, as of the date of this Agreement, a true and complete list of (i) non-competition Contracts or any other Contract containing terms that expressly (A) limit or otherwise restrict Biovail or the Biovail Subsidiaries or (B) to the Knowledge of Biovail, would, after the Effective Time, by its terms expressly limit or otherwise restrict the Combined Company from, in the case of either (A) or (B), engaging or competing in any line of business or in any geographic area or from developing or commercializing any compounds, any therapeutic area, class of drugs or mechanism of action, in a manner that would be reasonably likely to be material, in the case of (A), to Biovail and the Biovail Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, or in the case of (B), to the Combined Company, taken as a whole, (ii) each loan and credit agreement, note, debenture, bond, indenture or other similar agreement pursuant to which any Indebtedness of Biovail or any of the Biovail Subsidiaries is outstanding or may be incurred, other than any such agreement between or among Biovail and the wholly owned Biovail

Subsidiaries, and (iii) each partnership, joint venture or similar agreement or understanding to which Biovail or any of the Biovail Subsidiaries is a party relating to the formation, creation, operation, management or control of any partnership or joint venture material to Biovail and the Biovail Subsidiaries, taken as a whole. Each agreement, understanding or undertaking of the type described in this Section 3.14(b) and each Filed Biovail Contract is referred to herein as a <u>Biovail Material Contract</u>.

(c) Except for matters which, individually or in the aggregate, have not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Biovail Material Adverse Effect, (i) each Biovail Material Contract (including, for purposes of

A-15

#### Table of Contents

this Section 3.14(c), any Contract entered into after the date of this Agreement that would have been a Biovail Material Contract if such Contract existed on the date of this Agreement) is a valid, binding and legally enforceable obligation of Biovail or one of the Biovail Subsidiaries, as the case may be, and, to the Knowledge of Biovail, of the other parties thereto, except, in each case, as enforcement may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization or similar Laws affecting creditors rights generally and by general principles of equity, (ii) each such Biovail Material Contract is in full force and effect and (iii) none of Biovail or any of the Biovail Subsidiaries is (with or without notice or lapse of time, or both) in breach or default under any such Biovail Material Contract and, to the Knowledge of Biovail, no other party to any such Biovail Material Contract is (with or without notice or lapse of time, or both) in breach or default under any such Biovail or without notice or lapse of time, or both) in breach or default under any such Biovail Material Contract and, to the Knowledge of Biovail, no other party to any such Biovail Material Contract is (with or without notice or lapse of time, or both) in breach or default under any such Biovail Material Contract and, to the Knowledge of Biovail, no other party to any such Biovail Material Contract is (with or without notice or lapse of time, or both) in breach or default under any such Biovail Material Contract and, to the Knowledge of Biovail, no other party to any such Biovail Material Contract is (with or without notice or lapse of time, or both) in breach or default under any such Biovail Atterial Contract and, to the Knowledge of Biovail, no other party to any such Biovail Material Contract is (with or without notice or lapse of time, or both) in breach or default thereunder.

Section 3.15. <u>Properties</u>. (a) Biovail and each Biovail Subsidiary has good and valid title to, and with respect to real property owned by Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary, marketable and insurable fee simple interest in, or valid license or leasehold interests in, all their respective properties and assets, except in respects that, individually or in the aggregate, have not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Biovail Material Adverse Effect. All such properties and assets, other than properties and assets in which Biovail or any of the Biovail Subsidiaries has a license or leasehold interest, are free and clear of all conditions, encroachments, easements, rights of way, restrictions and Liens that, individually or in the aggregate, have not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Biovail Material Adverse Effect. This Section 3.15 does not relate to Intellectual Property matters, which are the subject of Section 3.16.

(b) Biovail and each of the Biovail Subsidiaries has complied with the terms of all leases to which it is a party, and all leases to which Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary is a party are in full force and effect, except for such noncompliance or failure to be in full force and effect that, individually or in the aggregate, has not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Biovail Material Adverse Effect. Biovail and each Biovail Subsidiary is in possession of the properties or assets purported to be leased under all its leases, except for such failures to have such possession as, individually or in the aggregate, have not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Biovail Material Adverse Effect.

Section 3.16. *Intellectual Property*. (a) Except for matters that, individually or in the aggregate, have not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Biovail Material Adverse Effect, (i) to the Knowledge of Biovail, Biovail and each of the Biovail Subsidiaries owns, or is licensed to use (in each case, free and clear of any Liens), all Intellectual Property used in or necessary for the conduct of its business as currently conducted, and to its Knowledge, all such Intellectual Property, is valid, enforceable and subsisting; (ii) to the Knowledge of Biovail, the use of any Intellectual Property by Biovail and the Biovail Subsidiaries does not infringe on or otherwise violate the rights of any Person and is in accordance with any applicable license pursuant to which Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary acquired the right to use any Intellectual Property; (iii) to the Knowledge of Biovail, no Person is challenging, infringing on or otherwise violating any right of Biovail or any of the Biovail Subsidiaries with respect to any Intellectual Property owned by or licensed to Biovail or any of the Biovail Subsidiaries; and (iv) to the Knowledge of Biovail, neither Biovail nor any of the Biovail Subsidiaries has received any written notice or otherwise has Knowledge of any pending claim, order or proceeding with respect to any Intellectual Property used by Biovail and the Biovail Subsidiaries and to its Knowledge no Intellectual Property owned or licensed by Biovail or the Biovail Subsidiaries is being used or enforced in a manner that would reasonably be expected to result in the abandonment, cancellation or unenforceability of such Intellectual Property. This Section 3.16(a) constitutes the only representation and warranty of Biovail with respect to any actual or alleged infringement or other violation of any Intellectual Property of any other Person. For purposes of this Agreement, Intellectual Property shall mean (A) trademarks, service marks, certification marks, names, corporate names, trade names, domain names, logos, slogans, trade dress, design rights, and other similar designations of sources of origin, the goodwill associated with the foregoing and registrations of, and applications to register, the foregoing, including any extension, modification or renewal of any such registration or application, (B) inventions, discoveries and ideas, whether patentable or not, (C) patents, applications for patents

(including any division, continuation, continuation in part or renewal application) and any renewals, extensions, substitutions, or reissues thereof, (D) trade secrets and confidential information and rights to limit the use or disclosure thereof by any person, (E) writings and other works, whether copyrightable or not, (F) registrations and applications for registration of copyrights and any renewals or extensions

thereof, (G) moral rights and rights of attribution and integrity, (H) all rights in the foregoing, in any similar intangible assets, and in any similar intellectual property or proprietary rights, in each case in any domestic or foreign jurisdiction.

(b) Biovail and the Biovail Subsidiaries have taken reasonable steps to protect the confidentiality and value of all trade secrets and any other confidential information that are owned, used or held by Biovail and the Biovail Subsidiaries in confidence, including entering into licenses and Contracts that require employees, licensees, contractors and other Persons with access to trade secrets or other confidential information to safeguard and maintain the secrecy and confidentiality of such trade secrets and confidential information. To the Knowledge of Biovail, such trade secrets and confidential information. To the Knowledge of Biovail, such trade secrets and confidential information have not been used, disclosed to or discovered by any Person except pursuant to a valid non-disclosure, license or other appropriate Contract which has not been breached.

(c) To the Knowledge of Biovail, Biovail and the Biovail Subsidiaries are in compliance with all applicable Law, as well as their own policies, relating to privacy, data protection, and the collection and use of personal information collected, used, or held for use by Biovail or the Biovail Subsidiaries, and as of the date hereof no claims are pending or threatened in writing against Biovail or the Biovail Subsidiaries alleging a violation of any Person s privacy or personal information.

(d) Except for matters that, individually or in the aggregate, have not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Biovail Material Adverse Effect (it being agreed that for purposes of this Section 3.16(d), effects resulting from or arising in connection with the matters set forth in clause (iv) of the definition of the term Material Adverse Effect shall not be excluded in determining whether a Biovail Material Adverse Effect has occurred or would reasonably be expected to occur) and except as set forth in Section 3.16(d) of the Biovail Disclosure Letter, to the Knowledge of Biovail, the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement will not (i) result in the loss of, or otherwise adversely affect, any rights of Biovail or the Biovail Subsidiaries in any Intellectual Property, (ii) grant or require Biovail Subsidiaries, (iii) subject Biovail or any of the Biovail Subsidiaries to any increase in royalties or other payments in respect of any Intellectual Property, (iv) by the terms of any Contract to which Biovail or a Subsidiary of Biovail is a party, diminish any royalties or other payments Biovail or a Subsidiary of Biovail would otherwise be entitled to in respect of any Intellectual Property or (v) result in the breach or, by the terms of such Contract, termination of any agreement relating to the Intellectual Property of Biovail.

Section 3.17. <u>Regulatory Matters</u>. (a) Except as has not had and would not reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Biovail Material Adverse Effect, (i) each of Biovail and the Biovail Subsidiaries holds all Biovail Permits, including all authorizations under the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act of 1938, as amended (the <u>FDCA</u>), the Public Health Service Act of 1944, as amended (the PHSA), and the regulations of the United States Food and Drug Administration (the <u>FDA</u>) promulgated thereunder, the Food and Drugs Act, as amended (the Food and Drugs Act ), the Controlled Drugs and Substances Act, as amended (the CDSA ), and the regulations of Health Canada promulgated thereunder, and any other Governmental Entity that is concerned with the quality, identity, strength, purity, safety, efficacy, manufacturing, distribution, sale, import or export of the Biovail Products (any such Governmental Entity, a <u>Biovail Regulatory Agency</u>) necessary for the lawful operating of the businesses of Biovail or any of the Biovail Subsidiaries and the testing, manufacturing, sale or distribution, as applicable, of each of the Biovail Products (the <u>Biovail Regulatory Permits</u>) and (ii) all such Biovail Regulatory Permits are valid and in full force and effect. Since January 1, 2009, there has not occurred any violation of, default (with or without notice or lapse of time or both) under, or event giving to others any right of termination, amendment or cancellation of, with or without notice or lapse of time or both, any Biovail Regulatory Permit, except as has not had and would not reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Biovail Material Adverse Effect. Biovail and each of the Biovail Subsidiaries are in compliance in all material respects with the terms of all Biovail Regulatory Permits, and no event has occurred that, to the Knowledge of Biovail, would reasonably be expected to result in a penalty

under or the revocation, cancellation, non-renewal or adverse modification of any Biovail Regulatory Permit, except as has not had and would not reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Biovail Material Adverse Effect.

(b) Except as would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Biovail Material Adverse Effect, the businesses of each of Biovail and the Biovail Subsidiaries are being conducted in compliance

#### Table of Contents

with all applicable Laws, including (i) the FDCA, including the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder; (ii) federal Medicare and Medicaid statutes and related state or local statutes or regulations; (iii) the Food and Drugs Act and the CDSA, including the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder; (iv) provincial formulary and drug pricing statutes, including the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder; (v) any comparable foreign Laws for any of the foregoing; (vi) federal, state or provincial criminal or civil Laws (including the federal Anti-Kickback Statute (42 U.S.C. §1320a-7(b)), Stark Law (42 U.S.C. §1395nn), False Claims Act (42 U.S.C. §1320a-7b(a)), Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (42 U.S.C. §1320d et. seq., and any comparable state, provincial or local Laws) and (vii) state or provincial licensing, disclosure and reporting requirements.

(c) Each of Biovail and the Biovail Subsidiaries are in compliance in all material respects with the terms of the Corporate Integrity Agreement, dated September 11, 2009, between the Office of Inspector General of the Department of Health and Human Services and Biovail.

(d) All pre-clinical and clinical investigations conducted or sponsored by each of Biovail and the Biovail Subsidiaries are being conducted in compliance in all material respects with all applicable Laws administered or issued by the applicable Regulatory Authorities, including (i) FDA standards for conducting non-clinical laboratory studies contained in Title 21 part 58 of the Code of Federal Regulations, (ii) FDA standards for the design, conduct, performance, monitoring, auditing, recording, analysis and reporting of clinical trials contained in Title 21 parts 50, 54, 56, 312, 314 and 320 of the Code of Federal Regulations, (iii) Division 5 of the Food and Drug Regulations regarding Drugs for Clinical Trials Involving Human Subjects, and (iv) federal, state and provincial Laws restricting the collection, use and disclosure of individually identifiable health information and personal information.

(e) Neither Biovail nor any of the Biovail Subsidiaries has received any written information from the FDA, the European Medicines Agency (<u>EMEA</u>) or Health Canada or any foreign agency with jurisdiction over the marketing, sale, use handling and control, safety, efficacy, reliability, or manufacturing of drugs which would reasonably be expected to lead to the denial of any application for marketing approval currently pending before the FDA, Health Canada or such other Biovail Regulatory Agency.

(f) All material reports, documents, claims, permits and notices required to be filed, maintained or furnished to the FDA, Health Canada or any other Biovail Regulatory Agency by Biovail and the Biovail Subsidiaries have been so filed, maintained or furnished. All such reports, documents, claims, permits and notices were complete and accurate in all material respects on the date filed (or were corrected in or supplemented by a subsequent filing) such that no liability exists with respect to such filing. Neither Biovail nor any of the Biovail Subsidiaries, nor, to the Knowledge of Biovail, any officer, employee, agent or distributor of Biovail or any of the Biovail Subsidiaries, has made an untrue statement of a material fact or a fraudulent statement to the FDA, Health Canada or any other Biovail Regulatory Agency, failed to disclose a material fact required to be disclosed to the FDA, Health Canada or any other Biovail Regulatory Agency, or committed an act, made a statement, or failed to make a statement that, at the time such disclosure was made, would reasonably be expected to provide a basis for the FDA, Health Canada or any other Biovail Regulatory Agency to invoke its policy respecting Fraud, Untrue Statements of Material Facts, Bribery, and Illegal Gratuities, set forth in 56 Fed. Reg. 46191 (September 10, 1991) or any similar policy. Neither Biovail nor any of the Biovail Subsidiaries, nor, to the Knowledge of Biovail, any officer, employee, agent or distributor of Biovail or any of the Biovail Subsidiaries, has been convicted of any crime or engaged in any conduct for which debarment is mandated by 21 U.S.C. §335a(a) or any similar Law or authorized by 21 U.S.C. §335a(b) or any similar Law. Neither Biovail nor any of the Biovail Subsidiaries, nor, to the Knowledge of Biovail, any officer, employee, agent or distributor of Biovail or any of the Biovail Subsidiaries, has been convicted of any crime or engaged in any conduct for which such Person could be excluded from participating in the federal health care programs under Section 1128 of the Social Security Act of 1935, as amended, or any similar Law or program.

(g) As to each Biovail Product or Biovail Product candidate subject to the FDCA and the regulations of the FDA promulgated thereunder, the Food and Drugs Act, the CDSA and the regulations of Health Canada promulgated thereunder, or similar Law in any foreign jurisdiction that is or has been developed, manufactured, tested, distributed or marketed by or on behalf of Biovail or any of the Biovail Subsidiaries, each such Biovail Product or Biovail Product candidate is being or has been developed, manufactured, tested, distributed or marketed in compliance in all material respects with all applicable requirements under the FDCA and the regulations of the FDA promulgated thereunder, the Food and Drugs Act, the CDSA and the regulations of Health Canada

A-18

#### Table of Contents

promulgated thereunder, and similar Laws in any foreign jurisdiction, including those relating to investigational use, premarket clearance or marketing approval, good manufacturing practices, good clinical practices, good laboratory practices, labeling, advertising, record keeping, filing of reports, and security. There is no action or proceeding pending or threatened, including any prosecution, injunction, seizure, civil fine, debarment, suspension or recall, in each case alleging any violation applicable to any Biovail Product or Biovail Product candidate by Biovail or any of the Biovail Subsidiaries of any Law, except as would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Biovail Material Adverse Effect.

(h) Since January 1, 2009, each of Biovail and the Biovail Subsidiaries have neither voluntarily nor involuntarily initiated, conducted or issued, or caused to be initiated, conducted or issued, any recall, field notifications, field corrections, market withdrawal or replacement, safety alert, warning, dear doctor letter, investigator notice, safety alert or other notice or action relating to an alleged lack of safety, efficacy or regulatory compliance of any Biovail Product. Each of Biovail and the Biovail Subsidiaries are not aware of any facts which are reasonably likely to cause (i) the recall, market withdrawal or replacement of any Biovail Product sold or intended to be sold by Biovail or the Biovail Subsidiaries, (ii) a change in the marketing classification or a material change in the labeling of any such Biovail Products, or (iii) a termination or suspension of the marketing of such Biovail Products.

(i) To Biovail s Knowledge, no data generated by Biovail or any of the Biovail Subsidiaries with respect to the Biovail Products that has been provided to its customers or otherwise made public or filed with a Biovail Regulatory Agency is the subject of any regulatory or other action, either pending or threatened, by any Biovail Regulatory Agency relating to the truthfulness or scientific adequacy of such data.

(j) Since January 1, 2009, neither Biovail nor any of the Biovail Subsidiaries has received any written notice that the FDA, Health Canada or any other Biovail Regulatory Agency has (i) commenced, or threatened to initiate, any action to request the recall of any product sold or intended to be sold by Biovail or the Biovail Subsidiaries, or
(ii) commenced, or threatened to initiate, any action to enjoin manufacture or distribution of any product sold or intended to be sold by Biovail or the Biovail Subsidiaries.

(k) Since January 1, 2009, neither Biovail nor any of the Biovail Subsidiaries has received any written notice from the FDA, Health Canada or any other Biovail Regulatory Agency regarding inappropriate advertising or marketing of a Biovail Product or a negative change in reimbursement status of a Biovail Product.

(1) Except as would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Biovail Material Adverse Effect, no Biovail Product manufactured or distributed by Biovail or any of the Biovail Subsidiaries is (i) adulterated within the meaning of 21 U.S.C. §351 (or any similar Law), (ii) misbranded within the meaning of 21 U.S.C. §352 (or any similar Law).

(m) To the Knowledge of Biovail, all of its vendors are in compliance in all material respects with good manufacturing practice and similar regulations promulgated by regulatory agencies with jurisdiction over Biovail s vendors.

(n) This Section 3.17 does not apply to environmental matters, which are the subject of Section 3.13.

Section 3.18. *Insurance*. Since January 1, 2009, Biovail and the Biovail Subsidiaries have maintained continuous insurance coverage, in each case, in those amounts and covering those risks as are in accordance, in all material respects, with normal industry practice for companies of the size and financial condition of Biovail engaged in businesses similar to those of Biovail and the Biovail Subsidiaries.

Section 3.19. <u>Labor and Employment Matters</u>. Neither Biovail nor any Biovail Subsidiary is a party to any collective bargaining agreement and, as of the date of this Agreement, there are not, to the Knowledge of Biovail, any union organizing activities concerning any employees of Biovail or any of the Biovail Subsidiaries, other than any such activities that, individually or in the aggregate, have not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Biovail Material Adverse Effect. As of the date of this Agreement, there are no labor strikes, slowdowns, work stoppages or lockouts pending or, to the Knowledge of Biovail, threatened in writing against Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary, other than any such matters that, individually or in the aggregate, have not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Effect.

A-19

### Table of Contents

Section 3.20. <u>Brokers Fees and Expenses</u>. No broker, investment banker, financial advisor or other Person, other than Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated (the <u>Biovail Financial Advisor</u>), the fees and expenses of which will be paid by Biovail, is entitled to any broker s, finder s, financial advisor s or other similar fee or commission in connection with the Merger or any of the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement based upon arrangements made by or on behalf of Biovail or Merger Sub. Biovail has furnished to Valeant true and complete copies of all agreements between Biovail and the Biovail Financial Advisor relating to the Merger or any of the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement.

Section 3.21. *Opinion of Financial Advisor*. Biovail has received an opinion from the Biovail Financial Advisor, dated the date of this Agreement, to the effect that, as of such date, subject to the assumptions and qualifications set forth therein, the Exchange Ratio is fair to Biovail from a financial point of view.

Section 3.22. <u>BAC: Merger Sub</u>. Biovail is the sole stockholder of BAC. BAC is the sole stockholder of Merger Sub. Since its date of incorporation, Merger Sub has not carried on any business nor conducted any operations other than the execution of this Agreement, the performance of its obligations hereunder and matters ancillary thereto.

Section 3.23. <u>Affiliate Transactions</u>. Except for (i) Contracts filed or incorporated by reference as an exhibit to the Filed Biovail Reporting Documents, (ii) Biovail Benefits Plans, (iii) indemnification agreements between Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary, on the one hand, and, on the other hand, any current or former executive officer or director of Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary, or (iv) Contracts or arrangements entered into in the ordinary course of business with customers, suppliers or service providers, Section 3.23 of the Biovail Disclosure Letter sets forth a correct and complete list of the contracts or arrangements that are in existence as of the date of this Agreement between Biovail or any of its Subsidiaries, on the one hand, and, on the other hand, any (x) present executive officer or director of either Biovail or any of the Biovail Subsidiaries or any person that has served as such an executive officer or director within the last five years or any of such officer s or director s immediate family members, (y) record or beneficial owner of more than 5% of the shares of Biovail Common Stock as of the date hereof or (z) to the Knowledge of Biovail, any affiliate of any such officer, director or owner (other than Biovail or any of the Biovail Subsidiaries).

Section 3.24. <u>No Other Representations or Warranties</u>. Except for the representations and warranties contained in this Article III, Valeant acknowledges that none of Biovail, the Biovail Subsidiaries or any other Person on behalf of Biovail makes any other express or implied representation or warranty in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.

### ARTICLE IV

### Representations and Warranties of Valeant

Valeant represents and warrants to Biovail and Merger Sub that the statements contained in this Article IV are true and correct, except (i) as set forth in the Valeant Reporting Documents publicly available and filed with the SEC following January 1, 2008 and at least two Business Days prior to the date of this Agreement (the <u>Filed Valeant Reporting Documents</u>) (excluding any disclosures in the Filed Valeant Reporting Documents under the heading Risk Factors and any other disclosures that are predictive or forward-looking in nature) or (ii) as set forth in the disclosure letter delivered by Valeant to Biovail at or before the execution and delivery by Valeant of this Agreement (the <u>Valeant Disclosure Letter</u>). The Valeant Disclosure Letter shall be arranged in numbered and lettered sections corresponding to the numbered and lettered sections contained in this Article IV, and the disclosure in any section shall be deemed to qualify other sections in this Article IV to the extent (and only to the extent) that it is reasonably apparent from the face of such disclosure that such disclosure also qualifies or applies to such other sections.

Section 4.01. <u>Organization, Standing and Power</u>. Each of Valeant and each of Valeant s Subsidiaries (the <u>Valeant Subsidiaries</u>) is duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the jurisdiction in which it is organized (in the case of good standing, to the extent such jurisdiction recognizes such concept), except, in the case of the Valeant Subsidiaries, where the failure to be so organized, existing or in good standing, individually or in the aggregate, has not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Valeant Material Adverse Effect. Each of Valeant and the Valeant Subsidiaries has all requisite power and authority and possesses all

A-20

#### Table of Contents

Permits necessary to enable it to own, operate, lease or otherwise hold its properties and assets and to conduct its businesses as presently conducted (the <u>Valeant Permits</u>), except where the failure to have such power or authority or to possess Valeant Permits, individually or in the aggregate, has not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Valeant Material Adverse Effect. Each of Valeant and the Valeant Subsidiaries is duly qualified or licensed to do business in each jurisdiction where the nature of its business or the ownership, operation or leasing of its properties make such qualification necessary, other than in such jurisdictions where the failure to be so qualified or licensed, individually or in the aggregate, has not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Valeant Material Adverse Effect. Valeant has delivered or made available to Biovail, prior to execution of this Agreement, true and complete copies of the Certificate of Incorporation of Valeant in effect as of the date of this Agreement (the <u>Valeant Valeant Charter</u>) and the By-laws of Valeant in effect as of the date of this Agreement (the <u>Valeant By-laws</u>).

Section 4.02. <u>Valeant Subsidiaries</u>. (a) All the outstanding shares of capital stock or voting securities of, or other equity interests in, each Valeant Subsidiary have been validly issued and are fully paid and nonassessable and are owned by Valeant, by another Valeant Subsidiary or by Valeant and another Valeant Subsidiary, free and clear of all Liens, and free of any other restriction (including any restriction on the right to vote, sell or otherwise dispose of such capital stock, voting securities or other equity interests), except for restrictions imposed by applicable securities laws. Section 4.02(a) of the Valeant Disclosure Letter sets forth, as of the date of this Agreement, a true and complete list of the Valeant Subsidiaries.

(b) Except for the capital stock and voting securities of, and other equity interests in, the Valeant Subsidiaries, neither Valeant nor any Valeant Subsidiary owns, directly or indirectly, any capital stock or voting securities of, or other equity interests in, or any interest convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable for, any capital stock or voting securities of, or other equity interests in, any firm, corporation, partnership, company, limited liability company, trust, joint venture, association or other entity.

Section 4.03. *Capital Structure*. (a) The authorized capital stock of Valeant consists of 200,000,000 shares of Valeant Common Stock and 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share (the <u>Valeant Preferred Stock</u> and, together with the Valeant Common Stock, the <u>Valeant Capital Stock</u>). At the close of business on June 14, 2010, (i) 75,786,925 shares of Valeant Common Stock were issued and outstanding, none of which were subject to vesting or other forfeiture conditions or repurchase by Valeant, (ii) no shares of Valeant Preferred Stock were issued and outstanding, (iii) 28,086,863 shares of Valeant Common Stock were held by Valeant in its treasury, (iv) 8,662,102 shares of Valeant Common Stock were issuable upon conversion of (A) Valeant s 3.0% Convertible Subordinated Notes due 2010 (the <u>Valeant 3.0% Convertible Notes</u>) and (B) Valeant s 4.0% Convertible Subordinated Notes due 2013 (together with the Valeant 3.0% Convertible Notes, the <u>Valeant Convertible Notes</u>), (v) 1,710,585 shares of Valeant Common Stock were underlying warrants issued pursuant to the Exchange Agreement, dated August 13, 2009, among Valeant and certain holders of the Valeant 3.0% Convertible Notes (the Valeant Warrants ), (vi) 14,808,875 shares of Valeant Common Stock were reserved and available for issuance pursuant to the Valeant Stock Plans, of which (A) 4,920,081 shares were issuable upon exercise of outstanding Valeant Stock Options and (B) 5,376,442 shares were issuable upon settlement of outstanding Valeant Restricted Stock Units, assuming maximum performance with respect to performance-based Valeant Restricted Stock Units and (vii) 1,189,437 shares of Valeant Common Stock were reserved for issuance pursuant to the Valeant ESPP. Except as set forth in this Section 4.03(a), at the close of business on June 14, 2010, no shares of capital stock or voting securities of, or other equity interests in, Valeant were issued, reserved for issuance or outstanding. From the close of business on June 14, 2010 to the date of this Agreement, there have been no issuances by Valeant of shares of capital stock or voting securities of, or other equity interests in, Valeant, other than the issuance of Valeant Common Stock upon the conversion of Valeant Convertible Notes, upon the exercise of Valeant Warrants, Valeant Stock Options or rights under the Valeant ESPP or upon the vesting of Valeant Restricted Stock Units, in each case outstanding at the close of business on June 14, 2010 and in accordance with their terms in effect at such time.

(b) At the close of business on June 14, 2010, assuming the Pre-Merger Special Dividend was paid on June 14, 2010, (i) 75,786,925 shares of Valeant Common Stock would have been issued and outstanding, none of which would have been subject to vesting or other forfeiture conditions or repurchase by Valeant, (ii) no shares of Valeant Preferred Stock would have been issued and outstanding, (iii) 28,086,863 shares of Valeant Common Stock would have been held by Valeant in its treasury, (iv) assuming that the Current Market Price (as defined in the Indenture,

dated as of November 19, 2003, among Valeant, Ribapharm Inc. and The Bank of New York, as trustee (the <u>Valeant Convertible Notes Indenture</u>)) was \$46.14, 13,607,296 shares of Valeant Common Stock would have been issuable upon conversion of the Valeant Convertible Notes, (v) 1,710,585 shares of Valeant Common Stock would be underlying the Valeant Warrants (of which a total of 785,569 shares of Valeant Common Stock would have been issuable upon net share settlement of the Valeant Warrants on June 14, 2010 based on a share price of \$46.14), (vi) 23,263,262 shares of Valeant Common Stock would have been reserved and available for issuance pursuant to the Valeant Stock Plans, of which (A) 7,728,955 shares would have been issuable upon settlement of outstanding Valeant Stock Options and (B) 5,642,372 shares would have been issuable upon settlement of valeant Common Stock would have been issuable upon settlement of Valeant Common Stock Units, assuming (1) a price of \$46.14 per share of Valeant Common Stock, and (2) the treatment of Valeant Restricted Stock Units in accordance with Section 6.04, and (vii) 1,868,487 shares of Valeant Common Stock would have been reserved for issuance pursuant to the Valeant ESPP.

(c) All outstanding shares of Valeant Capital Stock are, and all such shares that may be issued upon the conversion of Valeant Convertible Notes, upon the exercise of Valeant Warrants, Valeant Stock Options or rights under the Valeant ESPP or upon the vesting of Valeant Restricted Stock Units will be, when issued, duly authorized, validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable and not subject to, or issued in violation of, any purchase option, call option, right of first refusal, preemptive right, subscription right or any similar right under any provision of the DGCL, the Valeant Charter, the Valeant By-laws or any Contract to which Valeant is a party or otherwise bound. Except as set forth above in this Section 4.03, there are not issued, reserved for issuance or outstanding, and there are not any outstanding obligations of Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary to issue, deliver or sell, or cause to be issued, delivered or sold, (x) any capital stock of Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary or any securities of Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable for shares of capital stock or voting securities of, or other equity interests in, Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary, (y) any warrants, calls, options or other rights to acquire from Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary, or any other obligation of Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary to issue, deliver or sell, or cause to be issued, delivered or sold, any capital stock or voting securities of, or other equity interests in, Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary or (z) any rights issued by or other obligations of Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary that are linked in any way to the price of any class of Valeant Capital Stock or any shares of capital stock of any Valeant Subsidiary, the value of Valeant, any Valeant Subsidiary or any part of Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary or any dividends or other distributions declared or paid on any shares of capital stock of Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary. Except pursuant to the Valeant Stock Plans, there are not any outstanding obligations of Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries to repurchase, redeem or otherwise acquire any shares of capital stock or voting securities or other equity interests of Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary or any securities, interests, warrants, calls, options or other rights referred to in clause (x), (y) or (z) of the immediately preceding sentence. Except for the Valeant Convertible Notes, there are no debentures, bonds, notes or other Indebtedness of Valeant having the right to vote (or convertible into, or exchangeable for, securities having the right to vote) on any matters on which stockholders of Valeant may vote (<u>Valeant Voting Debt</u>). Neither Valeant nor any of the Valeant Subsidiaries is a party to any voting agreement with respect to the voting of any capital stock or voting securities of, or other equity interests in, Valeant. Except for this Agreement and the Standstill and Board Nomination Agreement, dated as of December 17, 2009, among Valeant, ValueAct Capital Master Fund, L.P., VA Partners I, LLC, ValueAct Capital Management, L.P., ValueAct Capital Management, LLC, ValueAct Holdings, L.P. and ValueAct Holdings GP, LLC (the Valeant Board Nomination Agreement ), neither Valeant nor any of the Valeant Subsidiaries is a party to any agreement pursuant to which any Person is entitled to elect, designate or nominate any director of Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries.

Section 4.04. <u>Authority: Execution and Delivery: Enforceability</u>. (a) Valeant has all requisite corporate power and authority to execute and deliver this Agreement, to perform its obligations hereunder and to consummate the Merger and the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement, subject, in the case of the Merger, to the receipt of the Valeant Stockholder Approval. The Board of Directors of Valeant (the <u>Valeant Board</u>) has adopted resolutions, by unanimous vote at a meeting duly called at which a quorum of directors of Valeant was present, (i) approving this Agreement, (ii) determining that entering into this Agreement is in the best interests of Valeant and its stockholders,

(iii) declaring this Agreement advisable, (iv) recommending that Valeant s stockholders adopt this Agreement and directing that this Agreement be submitted to Valeant s stockholders for adoption at a duly held meeting of such stockholders for such purpose (the <u>Valeant Stockholders Meeting</u>) and (v) subject to the discretion of the Board of the Combined Company, determining that the Post-Merger Special Dividend will be in

the best interests of the Combined Company and its stockholders and that it is the intention of those directors of Valeant that will become directors of the Combined Company to support the declaration and payment of the Post-Merger Special Dividend at the applicable time. Such resolutions have not been amended or withdrawn as of the date of this Agreement. Except for the adoption of this Agreement by the affirmative vote of a majority of the outstanding shares of Valeant Common Stock entitled to vote at the Valeant Stockholders Meeting (the <u>Valeant Stockholder Approval</u>), no other corporate proceedings on the part of Valeant are necessary to authorize, adopt or approve this Agreement or to consummate the Merger and the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement (except for the filing of the appropriate merger documents as required by the DGCL). Valeant has duly executed and delivered this Agreement and, assuming the due authorization, execution and delivery by Biovail and Merger Sub, this Agreement constitutes its legal, valid and binding obligation, enforceable against it in accordance with its terms.

(b) The Valeant Board has adopted such resolutions as are necessary to render inapplicable to this Agreement, the Merger and the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement the restrictions on (i) business combinations (as defined in Section 203 of the DGCL) as set forth in Section 203 of the DGCL and (ii) Business Combinations (as defined in Article Fourteenth of the Valeant Charter) as set forth in Article Fourteenth of the Valeant Charter. No fair price , moratorium , control share acquisition or other similar antitakeover statute or similar statute or regulation applies with respect to this Agreement, the Merger or any of the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement in respect of Valeant.

Section 4.05. No Conflicts: Consents. (a) The execution and delivery by Valeant of this Agreement does not, and the performance by Valeant of its obligations hereunder and the consummation of the Merger and the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement will not, (i) conflict with, or result in any violation of any provision of, the Valeant Charter, the Valeant By-laws or the comparable charter or organizational documents of any Valeant Subsidiary (assuming that the Valeant Stockholder Approval is obtained), (ii) conflict with, or result in any violation of or default (with or without notice or lapse of time, or both) under, or give rise to a right of termination, cancellation or acceleration of any obligation, any obligation to make an offer to purchase or redeem any Indebtedness or capital stock or any loss of a material benefit under, or result in the creation of any Lien upon any of the properties or assets of Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary under, any provision of, any Contract to which Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary is a party or by which any of their respective properties or assets is bound or any Valeant Permit or (iii) conflict with, or result in any violation of any provision of, subject to the filings and other matters referred to in Section 4.05(b), any Judgment or Law, in each case, applicable to Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary or their respective properties or assets (assuming that the Valeant Stockholder Approval is obtained), other than, in the case of clauses (ii) and (iii) above, any matters that, individually or in the aggregate, have not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Valeant Material Adverse Effect (it being agreed that for purposes of this Section 4.05(a), effects resulting from or arising in connection with the matters set forth in clause (iv) of the definition of the term

Material Adverse Effect shall not be excluded in determining whether a Valeant Material Adverse Effect has occurred or would reasonably be expected to occur) and would not prevent or materially impede, interfere with, hinder or delay the consummation of the Merger.

(b) No Consent of or from, or registration, declaration, notice or filing made to or with any Governmental Entity is required to be obtained or made by or with respect to Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary in connection with the execution and delivery of this Agreement or its performance of its obligations hereunder or the consummation of the Merger and the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement, other than (i) (A) the filing with the SEC of the Joint Proxy Statement in definitive form, (B) the filing with the SEC, and declaration of effectiveness under the Securities Act, of the Form S-4, and (C) the filing with the SEC of such reports under, and such other compliance with, the Exchange Act and the Securities Act, and the rules and regulations thereunder, as may be required in connection with this Agreement, the Merger and the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement, (ii) compliance with and filings under the HSR Act and, if required, Part IX of the Competition Act and such other Consents, registrations, approvals, notices or filings as are required to be made or obtained under any

foreign antitrust, competition, foreign investment, trade regulation or similar Laws, (iii) the filing of the Certificate of Merger with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware and appropriate documents with the relevant authorities of the other jurisdictions in which Biovail and Valeant are qualified to do business, (iv) such filings with and approvals of the NYSE and TSX as are required to permit the consummation of the Merger and

### Table of Contents

(v) such other matters that, individually or in the aggregate, have not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Valeant Material Adverse Effect (it being agreed that for purposes of this Section 4.05(b), effects resulting from or arising in connection with the matters set forth in clause (iv) of the definition of the term Material Adverse Effect shall not be excluded in determining whether a Valeant Material Adverse Effect has occurred or would reasonably be expected to occur) and would not prevent or materially impede, interfere with, hinder or delay the consummation of the Merger.

Section 4.06. <u>Reporting Documents: Undisclosed Liabilities</u>. (a) Valeant has furnished or filed all reports, schedules, forms, statements and other documents (including exhibits and other information incorporated therein) required to be furnished or filed by Valeant with the SEC since January 1, 2008 (such documents, together with any documents filed with the SEC during such period by Valeant on a voluntary basis on a Current Report on Form 8-K, but excluding the Joint Proxy Statement and the Form S-4, being collectively referred to as the <u>Valeant Reporting Documents</u> ).

(b) Each Valeant Reporting Document (i) at the time filed, complied in all material respects with the requirements of SOX and the Exchange Act or the Securities Act, as the case may be, and the rules and regulations of the SEC promulgated thereunder applicable to such Valeant Reporting Document and (ii) did not at the time it was filed (or if amended or superseded by a filing or amendment prior to the date of this Agreement, then at the time of such filing or amendment) contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary in order to make the statements therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading. Each of the consolidated financial statements of Valeant included in the Valeant Reporting Documents complied at the time it was filed as to form in all material respects with applicable accounting requirements and the published rules and regulations of the SEC with respect thereto, was prepared in accordance with GAAP (except, in the case of unaudited statements, as permitted by Form 10-Q of the SEC) applied on a consistent basis during the consolidated financial position of Valeant and its consolidated Subsidiaries as of the dates thereof and the consolidated results of their operations and cash flows for the periods shown (subject, in the case of unaudited statements).

(c) Neither Valeant nor any Valeant Subsidiary has any liabilities or obligations of any nature (whether accrued, absolute, contingent or otherwise) that, individually or in the aggregate, have had or would reasonably be expected to have a Valeant Material Adverse Effect.

(d) Each of the chief executive officer of Valeant and the chief financial officer of Valeant (or each former chief executive officer of Valeant and each former chief financial officer of Valeant, as applicable) has made all applicable certifications required by Rule 13a-14 or 15d-14 under the Exchange Act and Sections 302 and 906 of SOX with respect to the Valeant Reporting Documents, and the statements contained in such certifications are true and accurate. None of Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries has outstanding, or has arranged any outstanding, extensions of credit to directors or executive officers within the meaning of Section 402 of SOX.

(e) Valeant maintains a system of internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) of the Exchange Act) sufficient to provide reasonable assurance (A) that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP, consistently applied, (B) that transactions are executed only in accordance with the authorization of management and (C) regarding prevention or timely detection of the unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of Valeant s properties or assets.

(f) The disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Exchange Act) utilized by Valeant are reasonably designed to ensure that all information (both financial and non-financial) required to be disclosed by Valeant in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the SEC and that all such information required

to be disclosed is accumulated and communicated to the management of Valeant, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure and to enable the chief executive officer and chief financial officer of Valeant to make the certifications required under the Exchange Act with respect to such reports.

#### Table of Contents

(g) Neither Valeant nor any of the Valeant Subsidiaries is a party to, or has any commitment to become a party to, any joint venture, off-balance sheet partnership or any similar Contract (including any Contract or arrangement relating to any transaction or relationship between or among Valeant and any of the Valeant Subsidiaries, on the one hand, and any unconsolidated Affiliate, including any structured finance, special purpose or limited purpose entity or Person, on the other hand, or any off-balance sheet arrangements (as defined in Item 303(a) of Regulation S-K under the Exchange Act)), where the result, purpose or intended effect of such Contract is to avoid disclosure of any material transaction involving, or material liabilities of, Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries in Valeant s or such Valeant Subsidiary s published financial statements or other Valeant Reporting Documents.

(h) Since January 1, 2009, none of Valeant, Valeant s independent accountants, the Valeant Board or the audit committee of the Valeant Board has received any oral or written notification of any (x) significant deficiency in the internal controls over financial reporting of Valeant, (y) material weakness in the internal controls over financial reporting of Valeant or (z) fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees of Valeant who have a significant role in the internal controls over financial reporting of Valeant.

(i) None of the Valeant Subsidiaries is, or has at any time since January 1, 2009 been, subject to the reporting requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act or a reporting issuer in any of the provinces of Canada within the meaning of the Canadian Securities Laws.

Section 4.07. *Information Supplied.* None of the information supplied or to be supplied by Valeant for inclusion or incorporation by reference in (i) the Form S-4 will, at the time the Form S-4 is filed with the SEC, at any time it is amended or supplemented or at the time it is declared effective under the Securities Act, contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading or (ii) the Joint Proxy Statement will, at the date it is first mailed to each of Biovail s stockholders and Valeant s stockholders or at the time of each of the Biovail Stockholders Meeting and the Valeant Stockholders Meeting, contain any untrue statements therein, in light of the circumstances under which they are made, not misleading. The Joint Proxy Statement will comply as to form in all material respects with the requirements of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations thereunder, except that no representation is made by Valeant with respect to statements made or incorporated by reference therein based on information supplied by Biovail or Merger Sub for inclusion or incorporation by reference therein.

Section 4.08. <u>Absence of Certain Changes or Events</u>. From January 1, 2010 to the date of this Agreement, each of Valeant and the Valeant Subsidiaries has conducted its respective business in the ordinary course in all material respects, and during such period there has not occurred:

(a) any fact, circumstance, effect, change, event or development that, individually or in the aggregate, has had or would reasonably be expected to have a Valeant Material Adverse Effect;

(b) any declaration, setting aside or payment of any dividend or other distribution (whether in cash, stock or property or any combination thereof) in respect of any capital stock or voting securities of, or other equity interests in, Valeant or the capital stock or voting securities of, or other equity interests in, any of the Valeant Subsidiaries (other than dividends or other distributions by a direct or indirect wholly owned Valeant Subsidiary to its parent) or any repurchase for value by Valeant of any capital stock or voting securities of, or other equity interests in, any of the Valeant Subsidiaries;

(c) any split, reverse split, combination, subdivision or reclassification of any capital stock or voting securities of, or other equity interests in, Valeant, securities convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for capital stock or voting securities of, or other equity interests in, Valeant or any issuance or the authorization of any issuance of any other

securities in respect of, in lieu of or in substitution for shares of capital stock or voting securities of, or other equity interests in, Valeant;

(d) any incurrence of material Indebtedness for borrowed money or any guarantee of such Indebtedness for another Person, or any issue or sale of debt securities, warrants or other rights to acquire any debt security of Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary other than the issuance of commercial paper in the ordinary course of business;

#### Table of Contents

(e) (i) any transfer, lease, license, sale, mortgage, pledge or other disposal or encumbrance of any of Valeant s or Valeant s Subsidiaries property or assets outside of the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice with a fair market value in excess of \$5,000,000 or (ii) any acquisitions of businesses, whether by merger, consolidation, purchase of property or assets or otherwise;

(f) (i) any granting by Valeant to any director or executive officer of Valeant of any material increase in compensation, (ii) any granting by Valeant to any director or executive officer of Valeant of any material increase in change in control, severance or termination pay, (iii) any establishment, adoption, entry into or amendment in any material respect of any collective bargaining agreement or material Valeant Benefit Plan or (iv) the taking of any action to accelerate the time of vesting or payment of any material compensation or benefits under any Valeant Benefit Plan;

(g) any change in accounting methods, principles or practices by Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary, except insofar as may have been required by a change in GAAP; or

(h) any material elections or changes thereto with respect to Taxes by Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary or any settlement or compromise by Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary of any material Tax liability or refund, other than in the ordinary course of business.

Section 4.09. *Taxes.* (a) (i) Each of Valeant and each Valeant Subsidiary has timely filed, taking into account any extensions, all material Tax Returns required to have been filed and such Tax Returns are accurate and complete in all material respects; (ii) each of Valeant and each Valeant Subsidiary has paid all material Taxes required to have been paid by it other than Taxes that are not yet due or that are being contested in good faith in appropriate proceedings; and (iii) no deficiency for any Tax has been asserted or assessed by a taxing authority against Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary which deficiency has not been paid or is not being contested in good faith in appropriate proceedings.

(b) No Tax Return of Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary is under audit or examination by any taxing authority, and no written (or, to the Knowledge of Valeant, oral) notice of such an audit or examination has been received by Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary. No deficiencies for any Taxes have been proposed, asserted or assessed against Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary, and no requests for waivers of the time to assess any such Taxes are pending. There are no outstanding waivers of any limitation periods or agreements providing for an extension of time for the filing of any Tax Return, the assessment or collection thereof by any relevant taxing authority or the payment of any Tax by Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary. No other procedure, proceeding or contest of any refund or deficiency in respect of Taxes is pending in or on appeal from any Governmental Entity.

(c) Each of Valeant and each Valeant Subsidiary has complied in all material respects with all applicable Laws relating to the withholding, collection and remittance of Taxes and other deductions required to be withheld.

(d) Other than for Taxes not yet due and delinquent or that are being contested in good faith in appropriate proceedings, there are no Liens with respect to Taxes against any of the assets of Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary. No written or, to the Knowledge of Valeant, other claim has been received by Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary from an authority in a jurisdiction where such corporation does not file Tax Returns that it is or may be subject to material taxation by such jurisdiction. Neither Valeant nor any Valeant Subsidiary has a permanent establishment or is resident for Tax purposes outside of its jurisdiction or territory of incorporation or formation.

(e) Each of Valeant and the Valeant Subsidiaries has not and has not been deemed to have for purposes of the Income Tax Act (or any other applicable Law), acquired property from a non-arm s length Person, within the meaning of the Income Tax Act (or such other applicable Law), for consideration, the value of which is less than the fair market value of the property in circumstances which could subject it to a liability under section 160 of the Income Tax Act (or the

analogous provision of such other applicable Law).

(f) With respect to any transaction with any non-arm s length Person that is not a resident of Canada within the meaning of the Income Tax Act, no Valeant Subsidiary resident in Canada has (i) paid any consideration for any property (including for the use of property) or services that is in excess of the fair market value thereof, nor (ii) received any consideration for any property (including for the use of property) or services that is less than the fair

#### Table of Contents

market value thereof. For all such transactions, each Valeant Subsidiary resident in Canada has made or obtained records or documents that meet the requirements of paragraphs 247(4)(a) to (c) of the Income Tax Act.

(g) None of sections 78, 80, 80.01, 80.02, 80.03 and 80.04 of the Income Tax Act, or any equivalent provision of the Laws of any other jurisdiction, has applied in any material manner or shall apply in any material manner to any of Valeant or the Valeant Subsidiaries as of the Closing Date.

(h) Neither Valeant nor any Valeant Subsidiary has received any material requirement pursuant to section 224 of the Income Tax Act which remains unsatisfied in any respect.

(i) Neither Valeant nor any Valeant Subsidiary is a party to or is otherwise bound by any material Tax sharing, allocation or indemnification agreement or arrangement (other than such an agreement or arrangement exclusively between or among Valeant and wholly owned Valeant Subsidiaries).

(j) Within the past three years, neither Valeant nor any Valeant Subsidiary has been a distributing corporation or a controlled corporation in a distribution intended to qualify for tax-free treatment under Section 355 of the Code.

(k) Neither Valeant nor any Valeant Subsidiary has participated in or been a party to a transaction that, as of the date of this Agreement, constitutes a listed transaction within the meaning of Section 6011 of the Code and applicable Treasury Regulations thereunder (or a similar provision of state or foreign Law).

(1) This Agreement (including any exhibits hereto) sets forth the complete terms of the Merger. Neither Valeant nor any Valeant Subsidiary has taken any other action or knows of any other fact relating to the Merger that would reasonably be expected to prevent the Merger from qualifying for the Intended Tax Treatment.

(m) No amounts paid or payable by Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary as employee compensation, whether under any contract, plan, program or arrangement, understanding or otherwise (including any Valeant Benefit Plan or Valeant Benefit Arrangement), individually or in the aggregate, is or would reasonably be expected to be non-deductible for federal income tax purposes by virtue of Section 162(m) or 280G of the Code.

Section 4.10. *Employee Benefits.* (a) Section 4.10(a) of the Valeant Disclosure Letter sets forth a complete and accurate list of each material Valeant Benefit Plan and each material Valeant Benefit Agreement.

(b) With respect to each material Valeant Benefit Plan and material Valeant Benefit Agreement, Valeant has made available to Biovail complete and accurate copies of (A) such Valeant Benefit Plan or Valeant Benefit Agreement, including any material amendment thereto, and, to the extent applicable, summary plan description thereof, (B) each trust, insurance, annuity or other funding Contract related thereto, (C) the most recent audited financial statements and actuarial or other valuation reports prepared with respect thereto, (D) the two most recent annual reports on Form 5500 required to be filed with the Internal Revenue Service with respect thereto and the two most recent annual information returns required to be filed with any Governmental Entity and (E) the most recently received IRS determination letter.

(c) Each Valeant Benefit Plan and Valeant Benefit Agreement (and any related trust or other funding vehicle) has been administered in accordance with its terms and is in compliance with ERISA, the Code and all other applicable Laws, other than instances of non-compliance that, individually or in the aggregate, have not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Valeant Material Adverse Effect.

(d) Except for matters that, individually or in the aggregate, have not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Valeant Material Adverse Effect, neither Valeant nor any Valeant Subsidiary nor any Valeant Commonly

Controlled Entity currently sponsors, maintains or contributes to, or has sponsored, maintained, contributed to or been required to maintain or contribute to, or has any actual or contingent liability under, any Benefit Plan that is subject to Section 302 or Title IV of ERISA or Section 412 of the Code or is otherwise a defined benefit plan (including any such plan maintained outside the United States).

(e) None of the Valeant Benefit Plans is a registered pension plan within the meaning of Section 248(1) of the Income Tax Act.

A-27

(f) Neither Valeant nor any Valeant Subsidiary has any liability for providing health, medical or other welfare benefits after retirement or other termination of employment (other than for continuation coverage required under Section 4980(B)(f) of the Code or applicable Law), except for any liabilities that, individually and in the aggregate, have not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Valeant Material Adverse Effect.

(g) None of the execution and delivery of this Agreement, the performance by either party of its obligations hereunder or the consummation of the Merger and the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement (alone or in conjunction with any other event, including any termination of employment on or following the Effective Time) will (i) entitle any Valeant Personnel to any material compensation or benefit, (ii) accelerate the time of payment or vesting, or trigger any payment or funding, of any material compensation or benefit or trigger any other material obligation under any Valeant Benefit Plan or Valeant Benefit Agreement or (iii) result in any breach or violation of, or default under, or limit Valeant s right to amend, modify or terminate, any Valeant Benefit Plan or Valeant Benefit Agreement.

Section 4.11. <u>Litigation</u>. There is no, and since January 1, 2008, there has been no, suit, action or other proceeding pending or, to the Knowledge of Valeant, threatened against or affecting Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary (i) that, individually or in the aggregate, has had or would reasonably be expected to have a Valeant Material Adverse Effect or (ii) that, as of the date of this Agreement, challenges or seeks to prevent, enjoin, alter in any material respect or materially delay the Merger or any of the other transactions contemplated hereby. There is no, and since January 1, 2008, there has been no, Judgment outstanding against or, to the Knowledge of Valeant, investigation by any Governmental Entity involving, Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary or any of their respective properties or assets that, individually or in the aggregate, has had or would reasonably be expected to have a Valeant Material Adverse Effect.

Section 4.12. <u>Compliance with Applicable Laws</u>. Except for matters that, individually or in the aggregate, have not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Valeant Material Adverse Effect, Valeant and the Valeant Subsidiaries are, and since January 1, 2008, have been, in compliance with all applicable Laws and Valeant Permits. Except for matters that, individually or in the aggregate, have not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Valeant Material Adverse Effect, there is no, and since January 1, 2008, there has been no, material action, demand or investigation by or before any Governmental Entity pending or, to the Knowledge of Valeant, threatened alleging that Valeant or a Valeant Subsidiary is not in compliance with any applicable Law or Valeant Permit or which challenges or questions the validity of any rights of the holder of any Valeant Permit. To the Knowledge of Valeant, Valeant is, and since January 1, 2008, has been, in material compliance with the FCPA and any rules and regulations thereunder. This Section 4.12 does not relate to Tax matters, employee benefits matters, environmental matters or Intellectual Property matters, which are the subjects of Sections 4.09, 4.10, 4.13 and 4.16, respectively.

Section 4.13. *Environmental Matters*. (a) Except for matters that, individually or in the aggregate, have not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Valeant Material Adverse Effect:

(i) Valeant and the Valeant Subsidiaries are in compliance with all Environmental Laws (which compliance includes the possession by Valeant and the Valeant Subsidiaries of all Permits required under applicable Environmental Laws necessary for their operations as currently conducted, and compliance with the terms and conditions thereof), and neither Valeant nor any Valeant Subsidiary has received any written communication, whether from a Governmental Entity, citizens group, employee or otherwise, alleging that Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary is not in such compliance, and, to the Knowledge of Valeant, there are no past or present circumstances, conditions, events or incidents that would reasonably be expected to prevent or interfere with such compliance in the future;

(ii) there are no Environmental Claims pending or, to the Knowledge of Valeant, threatened against Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries or, to the Knowledge of Valeant, against any Person whose liability for any Environmental Claim Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries has or may have retained or assumed, either contractually or by

operation of law;

(iii) there have been no Releases of any Hazardous Material that would reasonably be expected to form the basis of any Environmental Claim against Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries or, to the Knowledge

of Valeant, against any Person whose liabilities for such Environmental Claims Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries has, or may have, retained or assumed, either contractually or by operation of Law; and

(iv) neither Valeant nor any of the Valeant Subsidiaries has retained or assumed, either contractually or by operation of law, any liabilities or obligations that would reasonably be expected to form the basis of any Environmental Claim against Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries.

Section 4.14. <u>Contracts</u>. (a) As of the date of this Agreement, neither Valeant nor any Valeant Subsidiary is a party to any Contract required to be filed by Valeant as a material contract pursuant to Item 601(b)(10) of Regulation S-K under the Securities Act (a <u>Filed Valeant Contract</u>) that has not been so filed.

(b) Section 4.14(b) of the Valeant Disclosure Letter sets forth, as of the date of this Agreement, a true and complete list of (i) non-competition Contracts or any other Contract containing terms that expressly (A) limit or otherwise restrict Valeant or the Valeant Subsidiaries or (B) to the Knowledge of Valeant, would, after the Effective Time, by its terms expressly limit or otherwise restrict the Combined Company from, in the case of either (A) or (B), engaging or competing in any line of business or in any geographic area or from developing or commercializing any compounds, any therapeutic area, class of drugs or mechanism of action, in a manner that would be reasonably likely to be material, in the case of (A), to Valeant and the Valeant Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, or in the case of (B), to the Combined Company, taken as a whole, (ii) each loan and credit agreement, note, debenture, bond, indenture or other similar agreement pursuant to which any Indebtedness of Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries is outstanding or may be incurred, other than any such agreement between or among Valeant and the wholly owned Valeant Subsidiaries, and (iii) each partnership, joint venture or similar agreement or understanding to which Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries is a party relating to the formation, creation, operation, management or control of any partnership or joint venture material to Valeant and the Valeant Subsidiaries, taken as a whole. Each agreement, understanding or undertaking of the type described in this Section 4.14(b) and each Filed Valeant Contract is referred to herein as a <u>Valeant Material Contract</u>.

(c) Except for matters which, individually or in the aggregate, have not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Valeant Material Adverse Effect, (i) each Valeant Material Contract (including, for purposes of this Section 4.14(c), any Contract entered into after the date of this Agreement that would have been a Valeant Material Contract if such Contract existed on the date of this Agreement) is a valid, binding and legally enforceable obligation of Valeant or one of the Valeant Subsidiaries, as the case may be, and, to the Knowledge of Valeant, of the other parties thereto, except, in each case, as enforcement may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization or similar Laws affecting creditors rights generally and by general principles of equity, (ii) each such Valeant Material Contract is in full force and effect and (iii) none of Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries is (with or without notice or lapse of time, or both) in breach or default under any such Valeant Material Contract and, to the Knowledge of Valeant, no other party to any such Valeant Material Contract is (with or without notice or lapse of time, or both) in breach or default under any such Valeant Material Contract and, to the Knowledge of Valeant, no other party to any such Valeant Material Contract is (with or without notice or lapse of time, or both) in breach or default under any such Valeant Material Contract and, to the Knowledge of Valeant, no other party to any such Valeant Material Contract is (with or without notice or lapse of time, or both) in breach or default under any such Valeant Material Contract and, to the Knowledge of Valeant, no other party to any such Valeant Material Contract is (with or without notice or lapse of time, or both) in breach or default thereunder.

Section 4.15. <u>Properties</u>. (a) Valeant and each Valeant Subsidiary has good and valid title to, and with respect to real property owned by Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary, marketable and insurable fee simple interest in, or valid license or leasehold interests in, all their respective properties and assets, except in respects that, individually or in the aggregate, have not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Valeant Material Adverse Effect. All such properties and assets, other than properties and assets in which Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries has a license or leasehold interest, are free and clear of all conditions, encroachments, easements, rights of way, restrictions and Liens, except for such conditions, encroachments, easements, rights of way, restrictions and Liens that, individually or in the aggregate, have not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Valeant Material Adverse Effect. This Section 4.15 does not relate to Intellectual Property matters, which are the subject of Section 4.16.

(b) Valeant and each of the Valeant Subsidiaries has complied with the terms of all leases to which it is a party, and all leases to which Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary is a party are in full force and effect, except for such noncompliance or failure to be in full force and effect that, individually or in the aggregate, has not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Valeant Material Adverse Effect. Valeant and each Valeant Subsidiary is in possession of the properties or assets purported to be leased under all its leases, except for such failures to have such

possession as, individually or in the aggregate, have not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Valeant Material Adverse Effect.

Section 4.16. *Intellectual Property*. (a) Except for matters that, individually or in the aggregate, have not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Valeant Material Adverse Effect, (i) to the Knowledge of Valeant, Valeant and each of the Valeant Subsidiaries owns, or is licensed to use (in each case, free and clear of any Liens), all Intellectual Property used in or necessary for the conduct of its business as currently conducted, and to its Knowledge all such Intellectual Property is valid, enforceable and subsisting; (ii) to the Knowledge of Valeant, the use of any Intellectual Property by Valeant and the Valeant Subsidiaries does not infringe on or otherwise violate the rights of any Person and is in accordance with any applicable license pursuant to which Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary acquired the right to use any Intellectual Property; (iii) to the Knowledge of Valeant, no Person is challenging, infringing on or otherwise violating any right of Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries with respect to any Intellectual Property owned by or licensed to Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries; and (iv) to the Knowledge of Valeant, neither Valeant nor any of the Valeant Subsidiaries has received any written notice or otherwise has Knowledge of any pending claim, order or proceeding with respect to any Intellectual Property used by Valeant and the Valeant Subsidiaries and to its Knowledge no Intellectual Property owned or licensed by Valeant or the Valeant Subsidiaries is being used or enforced in a manner that would reasonably be expected to result in the abandonment, cancellation or unenforceability of such Intellectual Property. This Section 4.16(a) constitutes the only representation and warranty of Valeant with respect to any actual or alleged infringement or other violation of Intellectual Property of any other Person.

(b) Valeant and the Valeant Subsidiaries have taken reasonable steps to protect the confidentiality and value of all trade secrets and any other confidential information that are owned, used or held by Valeant and the Valeant Subsidiaries in confidence, including entering into licenses and Contracts that require employees, licensees, contractors and other Persons with access to trade secrets or other confidential information to safeguard and maintain the secrecy and confidentiality of such trade secrets and confidential information. To the Knowledge of Valeant, such trade secrets and confidential information have not been used, disclosed to or discovered by any Person except pursuant to a valid non-disclosure, license or other appropriate Contract which has not been breached.

(c) To the Knowledge of Valeant, Valeant and the Valeant Subsidiaries are in compliance with all applicable Law, as well as their own policies, relating to privacy, data protection, and the collection and use of personal information collected, used, or held for use by Valeant or the Valeant Subsidiaries, and as of the date hereof no claims are pending or threatened in writing against Valeant or the Valeant Subsidiaries alleging a violation of any Person s privacy or personal information.

(d) Except for matters that, individually or in the aggregate, have not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Valeant Material Adverse Effect (it being agreed that for purposes of this Section 4.16(d), effects resulting from or arising in connection with the matters set forth in clause (iv) of the definition of the term Material Adverse Effect shall not be excluded in determining whether a Valeant Material Adverse Effect has occurred or would reasonably be expected to occur) and except as set forth in Section 4.16(d) of the Valeant Disclosure Letter, to the Knowledge of Valeant, the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement will not (i) result in the loss of, or otherwise adversely affect, any rights of Valeant or the Valeant Subsidiaries in any Intellectual Property, (ii) grant or require Valeant or the Valeant Subsidiaries to grant to any Person any rights with respect to any Intellectual Property of Valeant or the Valeant Subsidiaries, (iii) subject Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries to any increase in royalties or other payments in respect of any Intellectual Property, (iv) by the terms of any Contract to which Valeant or a Subsidiary of Valeant is a party, diminish any royalties or other payments Valeant or a Subsidiary of Valeant or in respect of any Intellectual Property or (v) result in the breach or, by the terms of such Contract, termination of any agreement relating to the Intellectual Property of Valeant.

Section 4.17. <u>Regulatory Matters</u>. (a) Except as has not had and would not reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Valeant Material Adverse Effect, (i) each of Valeant and the Valeant Subsidiaries holds all Valeant Permits, including all authorizations under the FDCA, the PHSA, and the regulations of the FDA promulgated thereunder, the Food and Drugs Act, the CDSA and the regulations of Health Canada promulgated thereunder, and any other Governmental Entity that is concerned with the quality, identity, strength, purity, safety, efficacy, manufacturing, distribution, sale, import or export of the Valeant Products (any such Governmental Entity,

### Table of Contents

a <u>Valeant Regulatory Agency</u>) necessary for the lawful operating of the businesses of Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries and the testing, manufacturing, sale or distribution, as applicable, of each of the Valeant Products (the <u>Valeant Regulatory Permits</u>) and (ii) all such Valeant Regulatory Permits are valid and in full force and effect. Since January 1, 2009, there has not occurred any violation of, default (with or without notice or lapse of time or both) under, or event giving to others any right of termination, amendment or cancellation of, with or without notice or lapse of time or both, any Valeant Regulatory Permit, except as has not had and would not reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Valeant Material Adverse Effect. Valeant and each of the Valeant Subsidiaries are in compliance in all material respects with the terms of all Valeant Regulatory Permits, and no event has occurred that, to the Knowledge of Valeant, would reasonably be expected to result in a penalty under or the revocation, cancellation, non-renewal or adverse modification of any Valeant Regulatory Permit, except as has not had and would not reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Valeant Material Adverse Effect.

(b) Except as would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Valeant Material Adverse Effect, the businesses of each of Valeant and the Valeant Subsidiaries are being conducted in compliance with all applicable Laws, including (i) the FDCA, including the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder; (ii) federal Medicare and Medicaid statutes and related state or local statutes or regulations; (iii) the Food and Drugs Act and the CDSA, including the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder; (iv) provincial formulary and drug pricing statutes, including the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder; (v) any comparable foreign Laws for any of the foregoing; (vi) federal, state or provincial criminal or civil Laws (including the federal Anti-Kickback Statute (42 U.S.C. §1320a-7(b)), Stark Law (42 U.S.C. §1395nn), False Claims Act (42 U.S.C. §1320a-7b(a)), Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (42 U.S.C. § 1320d et. seq. and any comparable state, provincial or local Laws) and (vii) state or provincial licensing, disclosure and reporting requirements.

(c) All pre-clinical and clinical investigations conducted or sponsored by each of Valeant and the Valeant Subsidiaries are being conducted in compliance in all material respects with all applicable Laws administered or issued by the applicable Regulatory Authorities, including (i) FDA standards for conducting non-clinical laboratory studies contained in Title 21 part 58 of the Code of Federal Regulations, (ii) FDA standards for the design, conduct, performance, monitoring, auditing, recording, analysis and reporting of clinical trials contained in Title 21 parts 50, 54, 56, 312, 314 and 320 of the Code of Federal Regulations, (iii) Division 5 of the Food and Drug Regulations regarding Drugs for Clinical Trials Involving Human Subjects, and (iv) federal, state and provincial Laws restricting the collection, use and disclosure of individually identifiable health information and personal information.

(d) Neither Valeant nor any of the Valeant Subsidiaries has received any written information from the FDA, the EMEA or Health Canada or any foreign agency with jurisdiction over the marketing, sale, use, handling and control, safety, efficacy, reliability, or manufacturing of drugs which would reasonably be expected to lead to the denial of any application for marketing approval currently pending before the FDA, Health Canada or such other Valeant Regulatory Agency.

(e) All material reports, documents, claims, permits and notices required to be filed, maintained or furnished to the FDA, Health Canada or any other Valeant Regulatory Agency by Valeant and the Valeant Subsidiaries have been so filed, maintained or furnished. All such reports, documents, claims, permits and notices were complete and accurate in all material respects on the date filed (or were corrected in or supplemented by a subsequent filing) such that no liability exists with respect to such filing. Neither Valeant nor any of the Valeant Subsidiaries, nor, to the Knowledge of Valeant, any officer, employee, agent or distributor of Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries, has made an untrue statement of a material fact or a fraudulent statement to the FDA, Health Canada or any other Valeant Regulatory Agency, failed to disclose a material fact required to be disclosed to the FDA, Health Canada or any other Valeant Regulatory Agency, or committed an act, made a statement, or failed to make a statement that, at the time such disclosure was made, would reasonably be expected to provide a basis for the FDA, Health Canada or any other Valeant Regulatory Agency to invoke its policy respecting Fraud, Untrue Statements of Material Facts, Bribery, and

Illegal Gratuities , set forth in 56 Fed. Reg. 46191 (September 10, 1991) or any similar policy. Neither Valeant nor any of the Valeant Subsidiaries, nor, to the Knowledge of Valeant, any officer, employee, agent or distributor of Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries, has been convicted of any crime or engaged in any conduct for which debarment is mandated by 21 U.S.C. § 335a(a) or any similar Law or authorized by 21 U.S.C. § 335a(b) or any similar Law. Neither Valeant nor any of the Valeant Subsidiaries, nor, to the Knowledge of Valeant, any

#### Table of Contents

officer, employee, agent or distributor of Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries, has been convicted of any crime or engaged in any conduct for which such Person could be excluded from participating in the federal health care programs under Section 1128 of the Social Security Act of 1935, as amended, or any similar Law or program.

(f) As to each Valeant Product or Valeant Product candidate subject to the FDCA and the regulations of the FDA promulgated thereunder, the Food and Drugs Act, the CDSA and the regulations of Health Canada promulgated thereunder, or similar Law in any foreign jurisdiction that is or has been developed, manufactured, tested, distributed or marketed by or on behalf of Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries, each such Valeant Product or Valeant Product candidate is being or has been developed, manufactured, tested, distributed or marketed in compliance in all material respects with all applicable requirements under the FDCA and the regulations of the FDA promulgated thereunder, the Food and Drugs Act, the CDSA and the regulations of Health Canada promulgated thereunder, and similar Laws in any foreign jurisdiction, including those relating to investigational use, premarket clearance or marketing approval, good manufacturing practices, good clinical practices, good laboratory practices, labeling, advertising, record keeping, filing of reports, and security. There is no action or proceeding pending or threatened, including any prosecution, injunction, seizure, civil fine, debarment, suspension or recall, in each case alleging any violation applicable to any Valeant Product or Valeant Product candidate by Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries of any Law, except as would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Valeant Material Adverse Effect.

(g) Since January 1, 2009, each of Valeant and the Valeant Subsidiaries have neither voluntarily nor involuntarily initiated, conducted or issued, or caused to be initiated, conducted or issued, any recall, field notifications, field corrections, market withdrawal or replacement, safety alert, warning, dear doctor letter, investigator notice, safety alert or other notice or action relating to an alleged lack of safety, efficacy or regulatory compliance of any Valeant Product. Each of Valeant and the Valeant Subsidiaries are not aware of any facts which are reasonably likely to cause (i) the recall, market withdrawal or replacement of any Valeant Product sold or intended to be sold by Valeant or the Valeant Subsidiaries, (ii) a change in the marketing classification or a material change in the labeling of any such Valeant Products, or (iii) a termination or suspension of the marketing of such Valeant Products.

(h) To Valeant s Knowledge, no data generated by Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries with respect to the Valeant Products that has been provided to its customers or otherwise made public or filed with a Valeant Regulatory Agency is the subject of any regulatory or other action, either pending or threatened, by any Valeant Regulatory Agency relating to the truthfulness or scientific adequacy of such data.

(i) Since January 1, 2009, neither Valeant nor any of the Valeant Subsidiaries has received any written notice that the FDA, Health Canada or any other Valeant Regulatory Agency has (i) commenced, or threatened to initiate, any action to request the recall of any product sold or intended to be sold by Valeant or the Valeant Subsidiaries, or
(ii) commenced, or threatened to initiate, any action to enjoin manufacture or distribution of any product sold or intended to be sold by Valeant or the Valeant Subsidiaries.

(j) Since January 1, 2009, neither Valeant nor any of the Valeant Subsidiaries has received any written notice from the FDA, Health Canada or any other Valeant Regulatory Agency regarding inappropriate advertising or marketing of a Valeant Product or a negative change in reimbursement status of a Valeant Product.

(k) Except as would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Valeant Material Adverse Effect, no Valeant Product manufactured or distributed by Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries is (i) adulterated within the meaning of 21 U.S.C. §351 (or any similar Law), (ii) misbranded within the meaning of 21 U.S.C. §352 (or any similar Law).

(l) To the Knowledge of Valeant, all of its vendors are in compliance in all material respects with good manufacturing practice and similar regulations promulgated by regulatory agencies with jurisdiction over Valeant s vendors.

(m) This Section 4.17 does not apply to environmental matters, which are the subject of Section 4.13.

Section 4.18. *Insurance*. Since January 1, 2009, Valeant and the Valeant Subsidiaries have maintained continuous insurance coverage, in each case, in those amounts and covering those risks as are in accordance, in all

#### Table of Contents

material respects, with normal industry practice for companies of the size and financial condition of Valeant engaged in businesses similar to those of Valeant and the Valeant Subsidiaries.

Section 4.19. <u>Labor and Employment Matters</u>. Neither Valeant nor any Valeant Subsidiary is a party to any collective bargaining agreement and, as of the date of this Agreement, there are not, to the Knowledge of Valeant, any union organizing activities concerning any employees of Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries, other than any such activities that, individually or in the aggregate, have not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Valeant Material Adverse Effect. As of the date of this Agreement, there are no labor strikes, slowdowns, work stoppages or lockouts pending or, to the Knowledge of Valeant, threatened in writing against Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary, other than any such matters that, individually or in the aggregate, have not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Valeant Material Adverse Effect.

Section 4.20. <u>Brokers Fees and Expenses</u>. No broker, investment banker, financial advisor or other Person, other than Goldman, Sachs & Co. and Jefferies & Company, Inc. (the <u>Valeant Financial Advis</u>ors), the fees and expenses of which will be paid by Valeant, is entitled to any broker s, finder s, financial advisor s or other similar fee or commission in connection with the Merger or any of the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement based upon arrangements made by or on behalf of Valeant. Valeant has furnished to Biovail true and complete copies of all agreements between Valeant and any of the Valeant Financial Advisors relating to the Merger or any of the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement.

Section 4.21. <u>Opinion of Financial Advisor</u>. Valeant has received an opinion from each of the Valeant Financial Advisors, dated the date of this Agreement, to the effect that, as of such date, subject to the assumptions and qualifications set forth therein, the Exchange Ratio, together with the Pre-Merger Special Dividend, is fair to the holders of Valeant Common Stock (other than Biovail and its affiliates) from a financial point of view.

Section 4.22. <u>Affiliate Transactions</u>. Except for (i) Contracts filed or incorporated by reference as an exhibit to the Filed Valeant Reporting Documents, (ii) Valeant Benefits Plans, (iii) indemnification agreements between Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary, on the one hand, and, on the other hand, any current or former executive officer or director of Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary, or (iv) Contracts or arrangements entered into in the ordinary course of business with customers, suppliers or service providers, Section 4.22 of the Valeant Disclosure Letter sets forth a correct and complete list of the contracts or arrangements that are in existence as of the date of this Agreement between Valeant or any of its Subsidiaries, on the one hand, and, on the other hand, any (x) present executive officer or director of either Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries or any person that has served as such an executive officer or director within the last five years or any of such officer s or director s immediate family members, (y) record or beneficial owner of more than 5% of the shares of Valeant Common Stock as of the date hereof or (z) to the Knowledge of Valeant, any affiliate of any such officer, director or owner (other than Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries).

Section 4.23. <u>No Other Representations or Warranties</u>. Except for the representations and warranties contained in this Article IV, Biovail acknowledges that none of Valeant, the Valeant Subsidiaries or any other Person on behalf of Valeant makes any other express or implied representation or warranty in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.

## ARTICLE V

#### Covenants Relating to Conduct of Business

Section 5.01. <u>Conduct of Business</u>. (a) <u>Conduct of Business by Biovail</u>. Except for matters set forth in the Biovail Disclosure Letter or otherwise expressly permitted or expressly contemplated by this Agreement (including matters with respect to the Financing) or with the prior written consent of Valeant (which shall not be unreasonably withheld,

## Table of Contents

conditioned or delayed), from the date of this Agreement to the Effective Time, Biovail shall, and shall cause each Biovail Subsidiary to, (i) conduct its business in the ordinary course in all material respects and (ii) use reasonable best efforts to preserve intact its business organization and advantageous business relationships and keep available the services of its current officers and employees. In addition, and without limiting the generality of the foregoing, except for matters set forth in the Biovail Disclosure Letter or otherwise expressly permitted or expressly contemplated by this Agreement (including matters with respect to the Financing) or with the

A-33

#### Table of Contents

prior written consent of Valeant (which shall not be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed), from the date of this Agreement to the Effective Time, Biovail shall not, and shall not permit any Biovail Subsidiary to, do any of the following:

(i) (A) declare, set aside or pay any dividends on, or make any other distributions (whether in cash, stock or property or any combination thereof) in respect of, any of its capital stock, other equity interests or voting securities, other than (x) regular quarterly cash dividends payable by Biovail in respect of shares of Biovail Common Stock not exceeding \$0.095 per share of Biovail Common Stock with usual declaration, record and payment dates and in accordance with Biovail s current dividend policy and (y) dividends and distributions by a direct or indirect wholly owned Biovail Subsidiary to its parent, (B) split, combine, consolidate, subdivide or reclassify any of its capital stock, other equity interests or voting securities or securities convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable for capital stock or other equity interests or voting securities or issue or authorize the issuance of any other securities in respect of, in lieu of or in substitution for its capital stock, other equity interests or voting securities, other than as permitted by Section 5.01(a)(ii), or (C) repurchase, redeem or otherwise acquire, or offer to repurchase, redeem or otherwise acquire, any capital stock or voting securities of, or equity interests in, Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary or any securities of Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable for capital stock or voting securities of, or equity interests in, Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary, or any warrants, calls, options or other rights to acquire any such capital stock, securities or interests, other than (1) the acquisition by Biovail of shares of Biovail Common Stock in connection with the surrender of shares of Biovail Common Stock by holders of Biovail Stock Options in order to pay the exercise price thereof, (2) the withholding of shares of Biovail Common Stock to satisfy tax obligations with respect to awards granted pursuant to the Biovail Stock Plans and (3) the acquisition by Biovail of awards granted pursuant to the Biovail Stock Plans in connection with the forfeiture of such awards;

(ii) issue, deliver, sell, grant, pledge or otherwise encumber or subject to any Lien (A) any shares of capital stock of Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary, (B) any other equity interests or voting securities of Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary, (C) any securities convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable for capital stock or voting securities of, or other equity interests in, Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary, (D) any warrants, calls, options or other rights to acquire any capital stock or voting securities of, or other equity interests in, Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary, (E) any rights issued by Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary that are linked in any way to the price of any class of Biovail Capital Stock or any shares of capital stock of any Biovail Subsidiary, the value of Biovail, any Biovail Subsidiary or any part of Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary or any dividends or other distributions declared or paid on any shares of capital stock of Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary or (F) any Biovail Voting Debt, in each case other than the issuance of shares of Biovail Common Stock upon the conversion of the Biovail Convertible Notes, upon the exercise of Biovail Stock Options or pursuant to Biovail Restricted Stock Units, in each case outstanding on the date of this Agreement and in accordance with their terms on the date of this Agreement;

(iii) (A) amend the Biovail Charter or the Biovail By-laws or (B) amend the charter or organizational documents of any Biovail Subsidiary in a manner which would be reasonably likely to have a Biovail Material Adverse Effect or to prevent or materially impede, interfere with, hinder or delay the consummation by Biovail of the Merger or any of the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement, except, in the case of each of the foregoing clauses (A) and (B), as may be required by Law or the rules and regulations of the SEC, the Canadian Securities Authorities, the NYSE or the TSX;

(iv) (A) grant to any director or executive officer of Biovail any material increase in compensation, (B) grant to any director or executive officer of Biovail any material increase in change in control, severance or termination pay,
(C) establish, adopt, enter into or amend in any material respect any collective bargaining agreement or material Biovail Benefit Plan or Biovail Benefit Agreement (or any plan or agreement that would be a Biovail Benefit Plan or Biovail Benefit Agreement if in existence on the date hereof), (D) take any action to accelerate the time of vesting or payment of any material compensation or benefits under any Biovail Benefit Plan or Biovail Benefit Agreement or

(E) except as may be required by GAAP, materially change any actuarial or other assumptions used to calculate funding obligations with respect to any Biovail Benefit Plan or materially change the manner in which contributions to such plans are made or the basis on which such contributions are determined, except in the case of the foregoing clauses (A) through (E) for (1) actions

#### Table of Contents

required pursuant to the terms of any Biovail Benefit Plan or Biovail Benefit Agreement or other written agreement, in each case in effect on the date of this Agreement, and (2) actions required by Law; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that the foregoing clauses (A) and (B) shall not restrict Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary from entering into or making available to newly hired employees or to employees in the context of promotions based on job performance or workplace requirements, in each case in the ordinary course of business, plans, agreements, benefits and compensation arrangements (including incentive grants) that have a value that is consistent with the past practice of making compensation and benefits available to newly hired or promoted employees in similar positions;

(v) make any change in financial accounting methods, principles or practices, except insofar as may have been required by a change in GAAP (after the date of this Agreement);

(vi) directly or indirectly (i) acquire or agree to acquire in any transaction any equity interest in or business of any firm, corporation, partnership, company, limited liability company, trust, joint venture, association or other entity or division thereof or any properties or assets or (ii) enter into any in-licensing agreement or similar agreement or arrangement relating to rights to any active pharmaceutical ingredient (including any formulation or product containing such active pharmaceutical ingredient), if the aggregate amount of the consideration paid or transferred by Biovail and the Biovail Subsidiaries in connection with all such transactions under the preceding clauses (i) and (ii) would exceed, individually or in the aggregate, \$50,000,000 or (iii) out-license or otherwise encumber any rights in any material Intellectual Property owned or used by Biovail in the conduct of its Business;

(vii) sell, lease (as lessor), license, mortgage, sell and leaseback or otherwise encumber or subject to any Lien, or otherwise dispose of any properties or assets or any interests therein that, individually or in the aggregate, have a fair market value in excess of \$25,000,000, except in relation to mortgages, liens and pledges to secure Indebtedness for borrowed money permitted to be incurred under Section 5.01(a)(viii) and except for pharmaceutical products in the ordinary course of business;

(viii) incur any Indebtedness, except for (A) Indebtedness incurred in the ordinary course of business not to exceed \$25,000,000 in the aggregate, (B) Indebtedness in replacement of existing Indebtedness or (C) guarantees by Biovail of Indebtedness of any wholly owned Biovail Subsidiary;

(ix) make, or agree or commit to make, any capital expenditure except in accordance with the capital plan for 2010 previously made available to Valeant, plus a 10% variance for any such expenditure;

(x) enter into or amend any Contract, or take any other action or omit to take any other action (except in connection with Section 5.02 or Article VIII), if such Contract, amendment of a Contract or action or omission would reasonably be expected to prevent or materially impede, interfere with, hinder or delay the consummation of the Merger or any of the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement or adversely affect in a material respect the expected benefits (taken as a whole) of the Merger;

(xi) enter into or amend any material Contract to the extent consummation of the Merger or compliance by Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary with the provisions of this Agreement would reasonably be expected to conflict with, or result in a violation of or default (with or without notice or lapse of time, or both) under, or give rise to a right of termination, cancellation or acceleration of any obligation, any obligation to make an offer to purchase or redeem any Indebtedness or capital stock or any loss of a material benefit under, or result in the creation of any Lien upon any of the material properties or assets of Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary under, or require Biovail, Valeant or any of their respective Subsidiaries to license or transfer any of its material properties or assets under, or give rise to any increased, additional, accelerated, or guaranteed right or entitlements of any third party under, or result in any material alteration of, any provision of such Contract or amendment;

(xii) waive, release or assign any material claim of Biovail or any of the Biovail Subsidiaries;

(xiii) settle or compromise any claim, action or proceeding, other than settlements or compromises resulting in the payment of monetary damages not to exceed \$15,000,000 in the aggregate;

#### Table of Contents

(xiv) (i) make, change or rescind any material method of Tax accounting, (ii) make a request for a Tax ruling or enter into a closing agreement, or settle or compromise any material audit, assessment, Tax claim or other controversy relating to Taxes, (iii) file any material amended Tax Return, (iv) surrender any material right to claim a refund or offset of any Taxes or (v) change the classification of Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary for U.S. tax purposes; or

(xv) authorize any of, or commit, resolve or agree to take any of, or participate in any negotiations or discussions with any other Person regarding any of, the foregoing actions.

(b) *Conduct of Business by Valeant*. Except for matters set forth in the Valeant Disclosure Letter or otherwise expressly permitted or expressly contemplated by this Agreement (including matters with respect to the Financing and the Pre-Merger Special Dividend) or with the prior written consent of Biovail (which shall not be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed), from the date of this Agreement to the Effective Time, Valeant shall, and shall cause each Valeant Subsidiary to, (i) conduct its business in the ordinary course in all material respects and (ii) use reasonable best efforts to preserve intact its business organization and advantageous business relationships and keep available the services of its current officers and employees. In addition, and without limiting the generality of the foregoing, except for matters set forth in the Valeant Disclosure Letter or otherwise expressly permitted or expressly contemplated by this Agreement (including matters with respect to the Financing and the Pre-Merger Special Dividend) or with the prior written consent of Biovail (which shall not be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed), from the date of this Agreement to the Effective Time, Valeant shall not permit any Valeant Subsidiary to, do any of the following:

(i) (A) declare, set aside or pay any dividends on, or make any other distributions (whether in cash, stock or property or any combination thereof) in respect of, any of its capital stock, other equity interests or voting securities, other than (x) the Pre-Merger Special Dividend in respect of each share of Valeant Common Stock and (y) dividends and distributions by a direct or indirect wholly owned Valeant Subsidiary to its parent, (B) split, combine, consolidate subdivide or reclassify any of its capital stock, other equity interests or voting securities or securities convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable for capital stock or other equity interests or voting securities or issue or authorize the issuance of any other securities in respect of, in lieu of or in substitution for its capital stock, other equity interests or voting securities, other than as permitted by Section 5.01(b)(ii), or (C) repurchase, redeem or otherwise acquire, or offer to repurchase, redeem or otherwise acquire, any capital stock or voting securities of, or equity interests in, Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary or any securities of Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable for capital stock or voting securities of, or equity interests in, Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary, or any warrants, calls, options or other rights to acquire any such capital stock, securities or interests, other than (1) the acquisition by Valeant of shares of Valeant Common Stock in connection with the surrender of shares of Valeant Common Stock by holders of Valeant Stock Options or Valeant Warrants in order to pay the exercise price thereof, (2) the withholding of shares of Valeant Common Stock to satisfy tax obligations with respect to awards granted pursuant to the Valeant Stock Plans, (3) the acquisition by Valeant of awards granted pursuant to the Valeant Stock Plans in connection with the forfeiture of such awards, (4) the acquisition, redemption or repurchase or cash settlement by Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary of its obligations under any Valeant Convertible Notes or Valeant Warrants, or (5) any payment made to holders of Valeant Convertible Notes at the maturity dates thereof;

(ii) issue, deliver, sell, grant, pledge or otherwise encumber or subject to any Lien (A) any shares of capital stock of Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary, (B) any other equity interests or voting securities of Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary, (C) any securities convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable for capital stock or voting securities of, or other equity interests in, Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary, (D) any warrants, calls, options or other rights to acquire any capital stock or voting securities of, or other equity interests in, Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary that are linked in any way to the price of any class of Valeant Capital Stock or any shares of capital stock of any Valeant Subsidiary, the value of Valeant, any Valeant Subsidiary or any part of Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary or any dividends or other distributions declared or paid on

any shares of capital stock of Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary or (F) any Valeant Voting Debt, in each case other than the issuance of shares of Valeant Common Stock upon the acquisition or conversion of the Valeant Convertible Notes, upon the exercise of Valeant Warrants, Valeant

#### Table of Contents

Stock Options or rights under the Valeant ESPP or pursuant to Valeant Restricted Stock Units, in each case outstanding on the date of this Agreement and in accordance with their terms on the date of this Agreement;

(iii) (A) amend the Valeant Charter or the Valeant By-laws or (B) amend the charter or organizational documents of any Valeant Subsidiary in a manner which would be reasonably likely to have a Valeant Material Adverse Effect or to prevent or materially impede, interfere with, hinder or delay the consummation by Valeant of the Merger or any of the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement, except, in the case of each of the foregoing clauses (A) and (B), as may be required by Law or the rules and regulations of the SEC or the NYSE;

(iv) (A) grant to any director or executive officer of Valeant any material increase in compensation, (B) grant to any director or executive officer of Valeant any material increase in change in control, severance or termination pay, (C) establish, adopt, enter into or amend in any material respect any collective bargaining agreement or material Valeant Benefit Plan or Valeant Benefit Agreement (or any plan or agreement that would be a Valeant Benefit Plan or Valeant Benefit Agreement if in existence on the date hereof), (D) take any action to accelerate the time of vesting or payment of any material compensation or benefits under any Valeant Benefit Plan or Valeant Benefit Agreement or (E) except as may be required by GAAP, materially change any actuarial or other assumptions used to calculate funding obligations with respect to any Valeant Benefit Plan or materially change the manner in which contributions to such plans are made or the basis on which such contributions are determined, except in the case of the foregoing clauses (A) through (E) for (1) actions required pursuant to the terms of any Valeant Benefit Plan or Valeant Benefit Agreement or other written agreement, in each case in effect on the date of this Agreement, and (2) actions required by Law; provided, however, that the foregoing clauses (A) and (B) shall not restrict Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary from entering into or making available to newly hired employees or to employees in the context of promotions based on job performance or workplace requirements, in each case in the ordinary course of business, plans, agreements, benefits and compensation arrangements (including incentive grants) that have a value that is consistent with the past practice of making compensation and benefits available to newly hired or promoted employees in similar positions;

(v) make any change in financial accounting methods, principles or practices, except insofar as may have been required by a change in GAAP (after the date of this Agreement);

(vi) directly or indirectly (i) acquire or agree to acquire in any transaction any equity interest in or business of any firm, corporation, partnership, company, limited liability company, trust, joint venture, association or other entity or division thereof or any properties or assets or (ii) enter into any in-licensing agreement or similar agreement or arrangement relating to rights to any active pharmaceutical ingredient (including any formulation or product containing such active pharmaceutical ingredient), if the aggregate amount of the consideration paid or transferred by Valeant and the Valeant Subsidiaries in connection with all such transactions under the preceding clauses (i) and (ii) would exceed, individually or in the aggregate, \$50,000,000 or (iii) out-license or otherwise encumber any rights in any material Intellectual Property owned or used by Valeant in the conduct of its Business;

(vii) sell, lease (as lessor), license, mortgage, sell and leaseback or otherwise encumber or subject to any Lien, or otherwise dispose of any properties or assets or any interests therein that, individually or in the aggregate, have a fair market value in excess of \$25,000,000, except in relation to mortgages, liens and pledges to secure Indebtedness for borrowed money permitted to be incurred under Section 5.01(b)(viii) and except for pharmaceutical products in the ordinary course of business;

(viii) incur any Indebtedness, except for (A) Indebtedness incurred in the ordinary course of business not to exceed \$25,000,000 in the aggregate, (B) Indebtedness in replacement of existing Indebtedness or (C) guarantees by Valeant of Indebtedness of any wholly owned Valeant Subsidiary;

(ix) make, or agree or commit to make, any capital expenditure except in accordance with the capital plan for 2010 previously made available to Biovail, plus a 10% variance for any such expenditure;

(x) enter into or amend any Contract, or take any other action or omit to take any other action (except in connection with Section 5.03 or Article VIII), if such Contract, amendment of a Contract or action or omission

#### Table of Contents

would reasonably be expected to prevent or materially impede, interfere with, hinder or delay the consummation of the Merger or any of the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement or adversely affect in a material respect the expected benefits (taken as a whole) of the Merger;

(xi) enter into or amend any material Contract to the extent consummation of the Merger or compliance by Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary with the provisions of this Agreement would reasonably be expected to conflict with, or result in a violation of or default (with or without notice or lapse of time, or both) under, or give rise to a right of termination, cancellation or acceleration of any obligation, any obligation to make an offer to purchase or redeem any Indebtedness or capital stock or any loss of a material benefit under, or result in the creation of any Lien upon any of the material properties or assets of Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary under, or require Biovail, Valeant or any of their respective Subsidiaries to license or transfer any of its material properties or assets under, or give rise to any increased, additional, accelerated, or guaranteed right or entitlements of any third party under, or result in any material alteration of, any provision of such Contract or amendment;

(xii) waive, release or assign any material claim of Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries;

(xiii) settle or compromise any claim, action or proceeding, other than settlements or compromises resulting in the payment of monetary damages not to exceed \$15,000,000 in the aggregate;

(xiv) (i) make, change or rescind any material method of Tax accounting, (ii) make a request for a Tax ruling or enter into a closing agreement, or settle or compromise any material audit, assessment, Tax claim or other controversy relating to Taxes, (iii) file any material amended Tax Return, (iv) surrender any material right to claim a refund or offset of any Taxes or (v) change the classification of Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary for U.S. tax purposes; or

(xv) authorize any of, or commit, resolve or agree to take any of, or participate in any negotiations or discussions with any other Person regarding any of, the foregoing actions.

(c) <u>No Control of Biovail s Business</u>. Valeant acknowledges and agrees that (i) nothing contained in this Agreement is intended to give Valeant, directly or indirectly, the right to control or direct the operations of Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary prior to the Effective Time, and (ii) prior to the Effective Time, Biovail shall exercise, consistent with the terms and conditions of this Agreement, complete control and supervision over its and the Biovail Subsidiaries respective operations.

(d) <u>No Control of Valeant</u> <u>s Business</u>. Biovail acknowledges and agrees that (i) nothing contained in this Agreement is intended to give Biovail, directly or indirectly, the right to control or direct the operations of Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary prior to the Effective Time, and (ii) prior to the Effective Time, Valeant shall exercise, consistent with the terms and conditions of this Agreement, complete control and supervision over its and the Valeant Subsidiaries respective operations.

(e) <u>Advice of Changes</u>. Each of Biovail and Valeant shall promptly advise the other orally and in writing of any change or event that, individually or in the aggregate with all past changes and events of which Biovail or Valeant, as the case may be, has notified the other party under this Section 5.01(e), has had or would reasonably be expected to have a Biovail Material Adverse Effect or a Valeant Material Adverse Effect, respectively.

Section 5.02. *No Solicitation by Biovail: Biovail Board Recommendation*. (a) Biovail shall not, nor shall it authorize or permit any of its Affiliates or any of its and their respective directors, officers or employees or any of their respective investment bankers, accountants, attorneys or other advisors, agents or representatives (collectively,

<u>Representatives</u>) to, (i) directly or indirectly solicit, initiate, knowingly encourage, induce or facilitate any Biovail Takeover Proposal or any inquiry or proposal that may reasonably be expected to lead to a Biovail Takeover Proposal,

(ii) directly or indirectly participate in any discussions or negotiations with any Person (other than Biovail s Representatives) regarding, or furnish to any Person any information with respect to, or cooperate in any way with any Person (whether or not a Person making a Biovail Takeover Proposal) with respect to any Biovail Takeover Proposal or any inquiry or proposal that may reasonably be expected to lead to a Biovail Takeover Proposal or (iii) waive, terminate, modify or fail to enforce any provision of any confidentiality or standstill or similar obligation of any Person (other than the other party hereto) with respect to Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary.

A-38

#### Table of Contents

Biovail (A) shall, and shall cause its Affiliates and its and their respective Representatives to, immediately cease and cause to be terminated all existing discussions or negotiations with any Person conducted heretofore with respect to any Biovail Takeover Proposal, or any inquiry or proposal that may reasonably be expected to lead to a Biovail Takeover Proposal, request the prompt return or destruction of all confidential information previously furnished and immediately terminate all physical and electronic dataroom access previously granted to any such Person or its Representatives and (B) shall immediately take all steps necessary to terminate any approval under any confidentiality or standstill or similar provision that may have been heretofore given by it or any Biovail Subsidiary under any such provisions authorizing any Person to make a Takeover Proposal. Notwithstanding the foregoing, at any time prior to obtaining the Biovail Stockholder Approval, in response to a bona fide written Biovail Takeover Proposal that the Biovail Board determines in good faith (after consultation with outside counsel and a financial advisor of nationally recognized reputation) constitutes or is reasonably likely to lead to a Superior Biovail Proposal, and which Biovail Takeover Proposal was not solicited by Biovail, its Affiliates or Representatives after the date of this Agreement and was made after the date of this Agreement and did not otherwise result from a breach of this Section 5.02(a), Biovail, and its Representatives at the request of Biovail, may, subject to compliance with Section 5.02(c), (A) furnish information with respect to Biovail and the Biovail Subsidiaries to the Person making such Biovail Takeover Proposal (and its Representatives) (provided that all such information has previously been provided to Valeant or is provided to Valeant prior to or substantially concurrent with the time it is provided to such Person) pursuant to a customary confidentiality agreement not less restrictive of such Person than the Confidentiality Agreement (other than with respect to standstill provisions), and (B) participate in discussions regarding the terms of such Biovail Takeover Proposal and the negotiation of such terms with, and only with, the Person making such Biovail Takeover Proposal (and such Person s Representatives). Without limiting the foregoing, it is agreed that any violation of the restrictions set forth in this Section 5.02(a) by any Representative of Biovail or any of its Affiliates shall constitute a breach of this Section 5.02(a) by Biovail.

(b) Except as set forth below, neither the Biovail Board nor any committee thereof shall (i) (A) withdraw (or modify in any manner adverse to Valeant), or propose publicly to withdraw (or modify in any manner adverse to Valeant), the approval, recommendation or declaration of advisability by the Biovail Board or any such committee thereof with respect to this Agreement or (B) approve, recommend or declare advisable, or propose publicly to approve, recommend or declare advisable, or propose publicly to approve, recommend or declare advisable, or propose publicly to approve, recommend or declare advisable, or propose publicly to approve, recommend or declare advisable, any Biovail Takeover Proposal (any action in this clause (i) being referred to as a

Biovail Adverse Recommendation Change ) or (ii) approve, recommend or declare advisable, or propose publicly to approve, recommend or declare advisable, or allow Biovail or any of its Affiliates to execute or enter into, any letter of intent, memorandum of understanding, agreement in principle, merger agreement, acquisition agreement, option agreement, joint venture agreement, alliance agreement, partnership agreement or other agreement or arrangement (other than a confidentiality agreement referred to in Section 5.02(a)) (an <u>Acquisition Agreement</u>) constituting or related to, or that is intended to or would reasonably be expected to lead to, any Biovail Takeover Proposal, or requiring, or reasonably expected to cause, Biovail, BAC or Merger Sub to abandon, terminate, delay or fail to consummate, or that would otherwise impede, interfere with or be inconsistent with, the Merger or any of the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement, or requiring, or reasonably expected to cause, Biovail to fail to comply with this Agreement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, at any time prior to obtaining the Biovail Stockholder Approval, the Biovail Board may make a Biovail Adverse Recommendation Change (A) following receipt of a Biovail Takeover Proposal after the execution of this Agreement that did not result from a breach of Section 5.02(a) and that the Biovail Board or an authorized and empowered committee thereof determines in good faith, after consultation with its outside financial and legal advisors constitutes a Superior Biovail Proposal or (B) solely in response to any material event, development, circumstance, occurrence or change in circumstances or facts (including any material change in probability or magnitude of circumstances), not related to a Biovail Takeover Proposal, and that first occurred following the execution of this Agreement (a <u>Biovail Intervening Event</u>); in each case referred to in the foregoing clauses (A) and (B), only if the Biovail Board determines in good faith (after consultation with outside counsel and a financial advisor of nationally recognized reputation) that the failure to do so would be inconsistent with its fiduciary duties under applicable Law; provided, however, that Biovail shall not be entitled to exercise its right to make a

Biovail Adverse Recommendation Change until after the fifth business day following Valeant s receipt of written notice (a <u>Biovail Notice of Recommendation Change</u>) from Biovail advising Valeant that the Biovail Board intends to make a Biovail Notice of Recommendation Change and specifying the reasons therefor, including in the case of a Superior Biovail Proposal

#### Table of Contents

the terms and conditions of any Superior Biovail Proposal that is the basis of the proposed action by the Biovail Board (it being understood and agreed that any amendment to any material term of such Superior Biovail Proposal shall require a new Biovail Notice of Recommendation Change and a new five business-day period). In determining whether to make a Biovail Adverse Recommendation Change, the Biovail Board shall take into account any changes to the terms of this Agreement proposed by Valeant in response to a Biovail Notice of Recommendation Change or otherwise, and if requested by Valeant, Biovail shall engage in good faith negotiations with Valeant regarding any changes to the terms of this Agreement proposed by Valeant.

(c) In addition to the obligations of Biovail set forth in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this Section 5.02, Biovail shall promptly advise (and in any event within 24 hours) Valeant orally and in writing of any Biovail Takeover Proposal, the material terms and conditions of any such Biovail Takeover Proposal (including any changes thereto) and the identity of the person making any such Biovail Takeover Proposal. Biovail shall(i) keep Valeant informed in all material respects on a reasonably current basis of the status and details (including any change to the terms thereof) of any Biovail Takeover Proposal and (ii) provide to Valeant as soon as practicable after receipt or delivery thereof copies of all correspondence and other written material exchanged between Biovail or any of its Subsidiaries, on the one hand, and the Person making any such Biovail Takeover Proposal, on the other hand, that describes any of the terms or conditions of any Biovail Takeover Proposal. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Agreement, neither the Biovail Board nor any committee thereof shall be entitled to make a Biovail Adverse Recommendation Change pursuant to Section 5.02(b) with respect to a Biovail Intervening Event, unless Biovail has provided Valeant with written information describing such Biovail Intervening Event in reasonable detail promptly after becoming aware of it, and keeps Valeant reasonably informed of material developments with respect to such Biovail Intervening Event.

(d) Nothing contained in this Section 5.02 shall prohibit Biovail from (i) complying with Rule 14d-9 and Rule 14e-2 promulgated under the Exchange Act or (ii) making any disclosure to the stockholders of Biovail if, in the good faith judgment of the Biovail Board (after consultation with outside counsel) failure to so disclose would be inconsistent with its obligations under applicable Law; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that in no event shall Biovail or the Biovail Board or any committee thereof take, or agree or resolve to take, any action prohibited by Section 5.02(b).

(e) For purposes of this Agreement:

<u>Biovail Takeover Proposal</u> means any proposal or offer (whether or not in writing), with respect to any (i) merger, amalgamation, arrangement, consolidation, share exchange, other business combination or similar transaction involving Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary, (ii) sale, lease, contribution or other disposition, directly or indirectly (including by way of merger, consolidation, share exchange, other business combination, partnership, joint venture, sale of capital stock of or other equity interests in a Biovail Subsidiary or otherwise) of any business or assets of Biovail or the Biovail Subsidiaries representing 20% or more of the consolidated revenues, net income or assets of Biovail and the Biovail Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, (iii) issuance, sale or other disposition, directly or indirectly, to any Person (or the stockholders of any Person) or group of securities (or options, rights or warrants to purchase, or securities convertible into or exchangeable for, such securities) representing 20% or more of the voting power of Biovail, (iv) transaction in which any Person (or the stockholders of any Person) shall acquire, directly or indirectly, beneficial ownership, or the right to acquire beneficial ownership, or formation of any group which beneficially owns or has the right to acquire beneficial ownership of, 20% or more of the Biovail Common Stock or (v) any combination of the foregoing (in each case, other than the Merger).

<u>Superior Biovail Propo</u>sal means a binding bona fide written Biovail Takeover Proposal (with all references to 20% or more in the definition of Biovail Takeover Proposal being deemed to reference more than 50%) (i) on terms which the Biovail Board determines in good faith (after consultation with outside counsel and a financial advisor of nationally recognized reputation) to be superior from a financial point of view to the holders of Biovail Common

Stock than the Merger, taking into account all the terms and conditions of such proposal (including the legal, financial, regulatory, timing and other aspects of the proposal and the identity of the Person making the proposal) and this Agreement (including any changes proposed by Valeant to the terms of this Agreement) and (ii) that is fully financed or reasonably capable of being fully financed,

#### **Table of Contents**

reasonably likely to receive all required governmental approvals on a timely basis and otherwise reasonably capable of being completed on the terms proposed.

Section 5.03. No Solicitation by Valeant; Valeant Board Recommendation. (a) Valeant shall not, nor shall it authorize or permit any of its Affiliates or any of its and their respective Representatives to, (i) directly or indirectly solicit, initiate, knowingly encourage, induce or facilitate any Valeant Takeover Proposal or any inquiry or proposal that may reasonably be expected to lead to a Valeant Takeover Proposal, (ii) directly or indirectly participate in any discussions or negotiations with any Person (other than Valeant s Representatives) regarding, or furnish to any Person any information with respect to, or cooperate in any way with any Person (whether or not a Person making a Valeant Takeover Proposal) with respect to any Valeant Takeover Proposal or any inquiry or proposal that may reasonably be expected to lead to a Valeant Takeover Proposal or (iii) waive, terminate, modify or fail to enforce any provision of any confidentiality or standstill or similar obligation of any Person (other than the other party hereto) with respect to Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary. Valeant (A) shall, and shall cause its Affiliates and its and their respective Representatives to, immediately cease and cause to be terminated all existing discussions or negotiations with any Person conducted heretofore with respect to any Valeant Takeover Proposal, or any inquiry or proposal that may reasonably be expected to lead to a Valeant Takeover Proposal, request the prompt return or destruction of all confidential information previously furnished and immediately terminate all physical and electronic dataroom access previously granted to any such Person or its Representatives and (B) shall immediately take all steps necessary to terminate any approval under any confidentiality or standstill or similar provision that may have been heretofore given by it or any Valeant Subsidiary under any such provisions authorizing any Person to make a Takeover Proposal. Notwithstanding the foregoing, at any time prior to obtaining the Valeant Stockholder Approval, in response to a bona fide written Valeant Takeover Proposal that the Valeant Board determines in good faith (after consultation with outside counsel and a financial advisor of nationally recognized reputation) constitutes or is reasonably likely to lead to a Superior Valeant Proposal, and which Valeant Takeover Proposal was not solicited by Valeant, its Affiliates or Representatives after the date of this Agreement and was made after the date of this Agreement and did not otherwise result from a breach of this Section 5.03(a), Valeant, and its Representatives at the request of Valeant, may, subject to compliance with Section 5.03(c), (A) furnish information with respect to Valeant and the Valeant Subsidiaries to the Person making such Valeant Takeover Proposal (and its Representatives) (provided that all such information has previously been provided to Valeant or is provided to Valeant prior to or substantially concurrent with the time it is provided to such Person) pursuant to a customary confidentiality agreement not less restrictive of such Person than the Confidentiality Agreement (other than with respect to standstill provisions), and (B) participate in discussions regarding the terms of such Valeant Takeover Proposal and the negotiation of such terms with, and only with, the Person making such Valeant Takeover Proposal (and such Person s Representatives). Without limiting the foregoing, it is agreed that any violation of the restrictions set forth in this Section 5.03(a) by any Representative of Valeant or any of its Affiliates shall constitute a breach of this Section 5.03(a) by Valeant.

(b) Except as set forth below, neither the Valeant Board nor any committee thereof shall (i) (A) withdraw (or modify in any manner adverse to Biovail), or propose publicly to withdraw (or modify in any manner adverse to Biovail), the approval, recommendation or declaration of advisability by the Valeant Board or any such committee thereof with respect to this Agreement or (B) approve, recommend or declare advisable, or propose publicly to approve, recommend or declare advisable, any Valeant Takeover Proposal (any action in this clause (i) being referred to as a

<u>Valeant Adverse Recommendation Change</u>) or (ii) approve, recommend or declare advisable, or propose publicly to approve, recommend or declare advisable, or allow Valeant or any of its Affiliates to execute or enter into, any Acquisition Agreement constituting or related to, or that is intended to or would reasonably be expected to lead to, any Valeant Takeover Proposal, or requiring, or reasonably expected to cause, Valeant to abandon, terminate, delay or fail to consummate, or that would otherwise impede, interfere with or be inconsistent with, the Merger or any of the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement, or requiring, or reasonably expected to cause, Valeant to fail to comply with this Agreement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, at any time prior to obtaining the Valeant Stockholder Approval, the Valeant Board may make a Valeant Adverse Recommendation Change (A) following receipt of a Valeant

Takeover Proposal after the execution of this Agreement that did not result from a breach of Section 5.03(a) and that the Valeant Board or an authorized and empowered committee thereof determines in good faith, after consultation with its outside financial and legal advisors constitutes a Superior Valeant Proposal or (B) solely in response to any material event, development, circumstance, occurrence

#### Table of Contents

or change in circumstances or facts (including any material change in probability or magnitude of circumstances), not related to a Valeant Takeover Proposal, and that first occurred following the execution of this Agreement (a Valeant Intervening Event ); in each case referred to in the foregoing clauses (A) and (B), only if the Valeant Board determines in good faith (after consultation with outside counsel and a financial advisor of nationally recognized reputation) that the failure to do so would be inconsistent with its fiduciary duties under applicable Law; provided, however, that Valeant shall not be entitled to exercise its right to make a Valeant Adverse Recommendation Change until after the fifth business day following Biovail s receipt of written notice (a Valeant Notice of Recommendation Change ) from Valeant advising Biovail that the Valeant Board intends to make a Valeant Notice of Recommendation Change and specifying the reasons therefor, including in the case of a Superior Valeant Proposal the terms and conditions of any Superior Valeant Proposal that is the basis of the proposed action by the Valeant Board (it being understood and agreed that any amendment to any material term of such Superior Valeant Proposal shall require a new Valeant Notice of Recommendation Change and a new five business-day period). In determining whether to make a Valeant Adverse Recommendation Change, the Valeant Board shall take into account any changes to the terms of this Agreement proposed by Biovail in response to a Valeant Notice of Recommendation Change or otherwise, and if requested by Biovail, Valeant shall engage in good faith negotiations with Biovail regarding any changes to the terms of this Agreement proposed by Biovail.

(c) In addition to the obligations of Valeant set forth in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this Section 5.03, Valeant shall promptly advise (and in any event within 24 hours) Biovail orally and in writing of any Valeant Takeover Proposal, the material terms and conditions of any such Valeant Takeover Proposal (including any changes thereto) and the identity of the person making any such Valeant Takeover Proposal. Valeant shall (i) keep Biovail informed in all material respects on a reasonably current basis of the status and details (including any change to the terms thereof) of any Valeant Takeover Proposal, and (ii) provide to Biovail as soon as practicable after receipt or delivery thereof copies of all correspondence and other written material exchanged between Valeant or any of its Subsidiaries, on the one hand, and the Person making any such Valeant Takeover Proposal, on the other hand, that describes any of the terms or conditions of any Valeant Takeover Proposal. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Agreement, neither the Valeant Board nor any committee thereof shall be entitled to make a Valeant Adverse Recommendation Change pursuant to Section 5.03(b) with respect to a Valeant Intervening Event, unless Valeant has provided Biovail with written information describing such Valeant Intervening Event in reasonable detail promptly after becoming aware of it, and keeps Biovail reasonably informed of material developments with respect to such Valeant Intervening Event.

(d) Nothing contained in this Section 5.03 shall prohibit Valeant from (i) complying with Rule 14d-9 and Rule 14e-2 promulgated under the Exchange Act, or (iii) making any disclosure to the stockholders of Valeant if, in the good faith judgment of the Valeant Board (after consultation with outside counsel) failure to so disclose would be inconsistent with its obligations under applicable Law; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that in no event shall Valeant or the Valeant Board or any committee thereof take, or agree or resolve to take, any action prohibited by Section 5.03(b).

#### (e) For purposes of this Agreement:

<u>Valeant Takeover Propo</u>sal means any proposal or offer (whether or not in writing), with respect to any (i) merger, amalgamation, arrangement, consolidation, share exchange, other business combination or similar transaction involving Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary, (ii) sale, lease, contribution or other disposition, directly or indirectly (including by way of merger, consolidation, share exchange, other business combination, partnership, joint venture, sale of capital stock of or other equity interests in a Valeant Subsidiary or otherwise) of any business or assets of Valeant or the Valeant Subsidiaries representing 20% or more of the consolidated revenues, net income or assets of Valeant and the Valeant Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, (iii) issuance, sale or other disposition, directly or indirectly, to any Person (or the stockholders of any Person) or group of securities (or options, rights or warrants to purchase, or securities convertible into or exchangeable for, such securities) representing 20% or more of the voting power of

Valeant, (iv) transaction in which any Person (or the stockholders of any Person) shall acquire, directly or indirectly, beneficial ownership, or the right to acquire beneficial ownership, or formation of any group which beneficially owns or has the right to acquire beneficial ownership of, 20% or more of the Valeant Common Stock or (v) any combination of the foregoing (in each case, other than the Merger).

#### **Table of Contents**

<u>Superior Valeant Propo</u>sal means a binding bona fide written Valeant Takeover Proposal (with all references to 20% or more in the definition of Valeant Takeover Proposal being deemed to reference more than 50% ) (i) on terms which the Valeant Board determines in good faith (after consultation with outside counsel and a financial advisor of nationally recognized reputation) to be superior from a financial point of view to the holders of Valeant Common Stock than the Merger, taking into account all the terms and conditions of such proposal (including the legal, financial, regulatory, timing and other aspects of the proposal and the identity of the Person making the proposal) and this Agreement (including any changes proposed by Biovail to the terms of this Agreement), and (ii) that is fully financed or reasonably capable of being fully financed, reasonably likely to receive all required governmental approvals on a timely basis and otherwise reasonably capable of being completed on the terms proposed.

#### ARTICLE VI

#### Additional Agreements

Section 6.01. <u>Preparation of the Form S-4 and the Joint Proxy Statement; Stockholders Meetings</u>. (a) As promptly as practicable following the date of this Agreement, Biovail and Valeant shall jointly prepare and cause to be filed with the SEC and pursuant to Canadian Securities Laws a joint proxy statement to be sent to the stockholders of each of Biovail and Valeant relating to the Biovail Stockholders Meeting and the Valeant Stockholders Meeting (together with any amendments or supplements thereto, the <u>Joint Proxy Statement</u>) and Biovail shall prepare and cause to be filed with the SEC the Form S-4, in which the Joint Proxy Statement will be included as a prospectus, and Biovail and Valeant shall use their respective reasonable best efforts to have the Form S-4 declared effective under the Securities Act as promptly as practicable after such filing. Each of Valeant and Biovail shall furnish all information concerning such Person and its Affiliates to the other, and provide such other assistance, as may be reasonably requested in connection with the preparation, filing and distribution of the Form S-4 and Joint Proxy Statement, and the Form S-4 and Joint Proxy Statement shall include all information reasonably requested by such other party to be included therein. Each of Valeant and Biovail shall promptly notify the other upon the receipt of any comments from the SEC or the Canadian Securities Authorities or any request from the SEC or the Canadian Securities Authorities for amendments or supplements to the Form S-4 or Joint Proxy Statement and shall provide the other with copies of all correspondence between it and its Representatives, on the one hand, and the SEC or the Canadian Securities Authorities, on the other hand. Each of Valeant and Biovail shall use its reasonable best efforts to respond as promptly as practicable to any comments from the SEC or the Canadian Securities Authorities with respect to the Form S-4 or Joint Proxy Statement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, prior to filing the Form S-4 (or any amendment or supplement thereto) or mailing the Joint Proxy Statement (or any amendment or supplement thereto) or responding to any comments of the SEC or the Canadian Securities Authorities with respect thereto, each of Valeant and Biovail (i) shall provide the other an opportunity to review and comment on such document or response (including the proposed final version of such document or response), (ii) shall consider in good faith all comments reasonably proposed by the other and (iii) shall not file or mail such document or respond to the SEC or the Canadian Securities Authorities prior to receiving the approval of the other, which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed. Each of Valeant and Biovail shall advise the other, promptly after receipt of notice thereof, of the time of effectiveness of the Form S-4, the issuance of any stop order relating thereto or the suspension of the qualification of the Merger Consideration for offering or sale in any jurisdiction, and each of Valeant and Biovail shall use its reasonable best efforts to have any such stop order or suspension lifted, reversed or otherwise terminated. Each of Valeant and Biovail shall also take any other action (other than qualifying to do business in any jurisdiction in which it is not now so qualified) required to be taken under the Securities Act, the Exchange Act, any applicable foreign or state securities or blue sky laws and the rules and regulations thereunder in connection with the Merger and the issuance of the Merger

Consideration.

(b) If prior to the Effective Time, any event occurs with respect to Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary, or any change occurs with respect to other information supplied by Biovail for inclusion in the Joint Proxy Statement or the

Form S-4, which is required to be described in an amendment of, or a supplement to, the Joint Proxy Statement or the Form S-4, Biovail shall promptly notify Valeant of such event, and Biovail and Valeant shall cooperate in the prompt filing with the SEC and the Canadian Securities Authorities of any necessary amendment or supplement to the Joint Proxy Statement or the Form S-4 and, as required by Law, in disseminating the information contained in

#### Table of Contents

such amendment or supplement to Biovail s stockholders and Valeant s stockholders. Nothing in this Section 6.01(b) shall limit the obligations of any party under Section 6.01(a).

(c) If prior to the Effective Time, any event occurs with respect to Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary, or any change occurs with respect to other information supplied by Valeant for inclusion in the Joint Proxy Statement or the Form S-4, which is required to be described in an amendment of, or a supplement to, the Joint Proxy Statement or the Form S-4, Valeant shall promptly notify Biovail of such event, and Valeant and Biovail shall cooperate in the prompt filing with the SEC and the Canadian Securities Authorities of any necessary amendment or supplement to the Joint Proxy Statement or the Form S-4 and, as required by Law, in disseminating the information contained in such amendment or supplement to Biovail s stockholders and Valeant s stockholders. Nothing in this Section 6.01(c) shall limit the obligations of any party under Section 6.01(a).

(d) Biovail shall, as soon as practicable following the date of this Agreement, duly call, give notice of, convene and hold the Biovail Stockholders Meeting for the sole purpose of seeking the Biovail Stockholder Approval. Biovail shall use its reasonable best efforts to (i) cause the Joint Proxy Statement to be mailed to Biovail s stockholders and to hold the Biovail Stockholders Meeting as soon as practicable after the Form S-4 is declared effective under the Securities Act, in each case in accordance with applicable Law, the Biovail Charter and the Biovail Bylaws and (ii) solicit the Biovail Stockholder Approval. Biovail shall, through the Biovail Board, recommend to its stockholders that they give the Biovail Stockholder Approval and shall include such recommendation in the Joint Proxy Statement, except to the extent that the Biovail Board shall have made a Biovail Adverse Recommendation Change as permitted by Section 5.02(b). Except as expressly contemplated by the foregoing sentence, Biovail agrees that its obligations pursuant to this Section 6.01 shall not be affected by the commencement, public proposal, public disclosure or communication to Biovail of any Biovail Takeover Proposal, the occurrence of a Biovail Intervening Event or by the making of any Biovail Adverse Recommendation Change or the delivery of a Biovail Notice of Recommendation Change is less than ten Business Days prior to the Biovail Stockholders Meeting, Biovail shall be entitled to postpone the Biovail Stockholders Meeting to a date not more than ten Business Days after such event.

(e) Valeant shall, as soon as practicable following the date of this Agreement, duly call, give notice of, convene and hold the Valeant Stockholders Meeting for the sole purpose of seeking the Valeant Stockholder Approval. Valeant shall use its reasonable best efforts to (i) cause the Joint Proxy Statement to be mailed to Valeant s stockholders and to hold the Valeant Stockholders Meeting as soon as practicable after the Form S-4 is declared effective under the Securities Act, in each case in accordance with applicable Law, the Valeant Charter and the Valeant Bylaws, and (ii) solicit the Valeant Stockholder Approval. Valeant shall, through the Valeant Board, recommend to its stockholders that they give the Valeant Stockholder Approval and shall include such recommendation in the Joint Proxy Statement, except to the extent that the Valeant Board shall have made a Valeant Adverse Recommendation Change as permitted by Section 5.03(b). Except as expressly contemplated by the foregoing sentence, Valeant agrees that its obligations pursuant to this Section 6.01 shall not be affected by the commencement, public proposal, public disclosure or communication to Valeant of any Valeant Takeover Proposal, the occurrence of a Valeant Intervening Event or by the making of any Valeant Adverse Recommendation Change by the Valeant Board; provided, however, that if the public announcement of a Valeant Adverse Recommendation Change or the delivery of a Valeant Notice of Recommendation Change is less than ten Business Days prior to the Valeant Stockholders Meeting, Valeant shall be entitled to postpone the Valeant Stockholders Meeting to a date not more than ten Business Days after such event.

(f) Each of Valeant and Biovail shall use commercially reasonable efforts to hold the Valeant Stockholders Meeting and the Biovail Stockholders Meeting, respectively, at the same time and on the same date as the other party.

(g) Biovail shall take all action to ensure that all Biovail Common Stock constituting the Merger Consideration and all Biovail Common Stock issued upon the conversion of Valeant Convertible Notes, the exercise of Valeant Warrants or

Valeant Stock Options or the vesting of Valeant Restricted Stock Units, in each case, issued or distributed to Canadian residents, will be free from restriction on the first trade of such Biovail Common Stock by such resident.

#### Table of Contents

Section 6.02. Access to Information; Confidentiality. Subject to applicable Law, each of Biovail and Valeant shall, and shall cause each of its respective Subsidiaries to, afford to the other party and to the Representatives of such other party reasonable access, upon reasonable advance notice, during the period from the date of this Agreement to the earlier of the Effective Time or termination of this Agreement pursuant to Section 8.01, to all their respective properties, books, contracts, commitments, personnel and records and, during such period, each of Biovail and Valeant shall, and shall cause each of its respective Subsidiaries to, make available promptly to the other party (a) to the extent not publicly available, a copy of each report, schedule, registration statement and other document filed by it during such period pursuant to the requirements of securities laws and (b) all other information concerning its business, properties and personnel as such other party may reasonably request; provided, however, that either party may withhold any document or information that is subject to the terms of a confidentiality agreement with a third party (provided that the withholding party shall use its reasonable best efforts to obtain the required consent of such third party to such access or disclosure) or subject to any attorney-client privilege (provided that the withholding party shall use its reasonable best efforts to allow for such access or disclosure (or as much of it as possible) in a manner that does not result in a loss of attorney-client privilege). If any material is withheld by such party pursuant to the proviso to the preceding sentence, such party shall inform the other party as to the general nature of what is being withheld. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, each of Valeant and Biovail shall, within two Business Days of request by the other party therefor, provide to such other party the information described in Rule 14a-7(a)(2)(ii) under the Exchange Act and any information to which a holder of Valeant Common Stock would be entitled under Section 220 of the DGCL (assuming such holder met the requirements of such section). All information exchanged pursuant to this Section 6.02 shall be subject to the confidentiality agreement dated September 28, 2009, as amended on February 18, 2010, between Biovail and Valeant Pharmaceuticals North America (the <u>Confidentiality Agreement</u>).

Section 6.03. <u>*Required Actions.*</u> (a) Subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, each of the parties shall use their respective reasonable best efforts to take, or cause to be taken, all actions, and do, or cause to be done, and assist and cooperate with the other parties in doing, all things reasonably appropriate to consummate and make effective, as soon as reasonably possible, the Merger and the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement.

(b) In connection with and without limiting Section 6.03(a), Valeant and the Valeant Board and Biovail and the Biovail Board, as the case may be, shall use their respective reasonable best efforts to (x) take all action reasonably appropriate to ensure that no takeover statute or similar statute or regulation is or becomes applicable to this Agreement or any transaction contemplated by this Agreement and (y) if any takeover statute or similar statute or regulation becomes applicable to this Agreement or any transaction contemplated by this Agreement or any transaction contemplated by this Agreement, take all action reasonably appropriate to ensure that the Merger and the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement may be consummated as promptly as practicable on the terms contemplated by this Agreement.

(c) In connection with and without limiting Section 6.03(a), promptly following the execution and delivery by the parties of this Agreement, Valeant and Biovail shall use their respective reasonable best efforts to enter into discussions with the Governmental Entities from whom Consents or nonactions are required to be obtained in connection with the consummation of the Merger and the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement in order to obtain all such required Consents or nonactions from such Governmental Entities, in each case with respect to the Merger, so as to enable the Closing to occur as soon as reasonably possible. To the extent necessary in order to accomplish the foregoing and subject to the limitations set forth in Section 6.03(e), Valeant and Biovail shall use their respective reasonable best efforts to jointly propose, negotiate, commit to and effect, by consent decree, hold separate order or otherwise, the sale, divestiture or disposition of, or prohibition or limitation on the ownership or operation by Valeant, Biovail or any of their respective Subsidiaries; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that neither Biovail nor Valeant shall be required pursuant to this Section 6.03(c) to propose, commit to or effect any action that is not conditioned upon the consummation of the Merger or that would reasonably be expected (after giving effect to any reasonably expected

proceeds of any divestiture or sale of assets) to have a Combined Company Material Adverse Effect.

#### Table of Contents

(d) In connection with and without limiting the generality of the foregoing, each of Biovail and Valeant shall:

(i) make or cause to be made, in consultation and cooperation with the other and as promptly as practicable after the date of this Agreement, (A) an appropriate filing of a Notification and Report Form pursuant to the HSR Act relating to the Merger, (B) if required, a notification pursuant to Section 114(1) of the Competition Act and an application for an advance ruling certificate pursuant to Section 102 of the Competition Act relating to Merger and (C) all other necessary registrations, declarations, notices, applications and filings relating to the Merger with other Governmental Entities under any other antitrust, competition, foreign investment, trade regulation or similar Laws;

(ii) use its reasonable best efforts to furnish to the other all assistance, cooperation and information required for any such registration, declaration, notice or filing and in order to achieve the effects set forth in Section 6.03(c);

(iii) give the other reasonable prior notice of any such registration, declaration, notice or filing and, to the extent reasonably practicable, of any communication with any Governmental Entity regarding the Merger (including with respect to any of the actions referred to in Section 6.03(c) and in this Section 6.03(d)), and permit the other to review and discuss in advance, and consider in good faith the views of, and secure the participation of, the other in connection with any such registration, declaration, notice, filing or communication;

(iv) respond as promptly as practicable under the circumstances to any inquiries received from any Governmental Entity or any other authority enforcing applicable antitrust, competition, foreign investment, trade regulation or similar Laws for additional information or documentation in connection with antitrust, competition, foreign investment, trade regulation or similar matters (including a second request under the HSR Act and a Supplementary Information Request under the Competition Act), and not extend any waiting period under the HSR Act or Competition Act or enter into any agreement with such Governmental Entities or other authorities not to consummate any of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, except with the prior written consent of the other parties hereto, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld or delayed; and

(v) unless prohibited by applicable Law or by the applicable Governmental Entity, (A) to the extent reasonably practicable, not participate in or attend any meeting, or engage in any substantive conversation with any Governmental Entity in respect of the Merger (including with respect to any of the actions referred to in Section 6.03(c) and in this Section 6.03(d)) without the other, (B) to the extent reasonably practicable, give the other reasonable prior notice of any such meeting or conversation, (C) in the event one party is prohibited by applicable Law or by the applicable Governmental Entity from participating in or attending any such meeting or engaging in any such conversation, keep such party reasonably apprised with respect thereto, (D) cooperate in the filing of any substantive memoranda, white papers, filings, correspondence or other written communications explaining or defending this Agreement and the Merger, articulating any regulatory or competitive argument or responding to requests or objections made by any Governmental Entity and (E) furnish the other party with copies of all correspondence, filings and communications (and memoranda setting forth the substance thereof) between it and its Affiliates and their respective Representatives on the one hand, and any Governmental Entity or members of any Governmental Entity is staff, on the other hand, with respect to this Agreement and the Merger.

(e) Notwithstanding anything else contained herein, the provisions of this Section 6.03 shall not be construed to (i) require Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary or Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary or (ii) permit Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary without the prior written consent of Biovail, or permit Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary without the prior written consent of Valeant, to undertake any efforts or to take any action if the taking of such efforts or action would or would reasonably be expected to result (after giving effect to any reasonably expected proceeds of any divestiture or sale of assets) in a Combined Company Material Adverse Effect.

(f) Notwithstanding anything else contained in this Agreement, (i) neither Biovail nor any of its Affiliates or any of their respective Representatives shall cooperate with any third party in seeking regulatory clearance of any

#### Table of Contents

Biovail Takeover Proposal and (ii) neither Valeant nor any of its Affiliates or any of their respective Representatives shall cooperate with any third party in seeking regulatory clearance of any Valeant Takeover Proposal.

(g) Biovail shall give prompt notice to Valeant, and Valeant shall give prompt notice to Biovail, of (i) any representation or warranty made by it contained in this Agreement that is qualified as to materiality or Biovail Material Adverse Effect or Valeant Material Adverse Effect, as applicable, becoming untrue or inaccurate in any respect or any such representation or warranty that is not so qualified becoming untrue or inaccurate in any material respect or (ii) the failure by it to comply with or satisfy in any material respect any covenant, condition or agreement to be complied with or satisfied by it under this Agreement; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that no such notification shall affect the representations, warranties, covenants or agreements of the parties or the conditions to the obligations of the parties under this Agreement.

#### Section 6.04. Equity Awards: Change in Control Provisions.

#### (a) <u>Options</u>.

(i) Prior to the Pre-Merger Special Dividend Time, the Valeant Board (or, if appropriate, any committee thereof) shall adopt such resolutions or take such other actions (including using reasonable efforts to obtain any required consents) to adjust the terms of all outstanding Valeant Stock Options to provide that, at the Pre-Merger Special Dividend Time and prior to the Effective Time, each Valeant Stock Option outstanding immediately prior to the Pre-Merger Special Dividend Time shall be converted into an option to acquire, on the same terms and conditions as were applicable under such Valeant Stock Option immediately prior to the Pre-Merger Special Dividend Time, a number of shares of Valeant Common Stock, rounded down to the nearest whole share, determined by multiplying the number of shares of Valeant Common Stock subject to such Valeant Stock Option immediately prior to the Pre-Merger Special Dividend Time by the Pre-Merger Special Dividend Adjustment Ratio, at a per share exercise price, rounded up to the nearest whole cent, determined by dividing the per share exercise price of such Valeant Stock Option by the Pre-Merger Special Dividend Adjustment Ratio; provided, however, that the adjustments provided in this Section 6.04(a)(i) with respect to any Valeant Stock Options, whether or not they are incentive stock options as defined in Section 422 of the Code, are intended to be effected in a manner that is consistent with Section 424(a) of the Code and Section 409A of the Code.

(ii) Prior to the Effective Time, the Valeant Board (or, if appropriate, any committee thereof) shall adopt such resolutions or take such other actions (including using reasonable efforts to obtain any required consents) to adjust the terms of all outstanding Valeant Stock Options to provide that, at the Effective Time, each Valeant Stock Option outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time shall be converted into an option to acquire, on the same terms and conditions as were applicable under such Valeant Stock Option following the Pre-Merger Special Dividend Time and immediately prior to the Effective Time, a number of shares of Biovail Common Stock, rounded down to the nearest whole share, determined by multiplying the number of shares of Valeant Common Stock subject to such Valeant Stock Option following the Pre-Merger Special Dividend Time by the Equity Award Exchange Ratio, at a per share exercise price, rounded up to the nearest whole cent, determined by dividing the per share exercise price of such Valeant Stock Option by the Equity Award Exchange Ratio; provided in this Section 6.04(a)(ii) with respect to any Valeant Stock Options, whether or not they are incentive stock options as defined in Section 422 of the Code, are intended to be effected in a manner that is consistent with Section 424(a) of the Code and Section 409A of the Code.

#### (b) Time-Based Restricted Stock Units.

(i) Prior to the Pre-Merger Special Dividend Time, the Valeant Board (or, if appropriate, any committee thereof) shall adopt such resolutions or take such other actions (including using reasonable efforts to obtain any required consents)

## Table of Contents

to adjust the terms of all outstanding Valeant Restricted Stock Units that are scheduled to vest, or which have already become vested, solely based on the passage of time (<u>Valeant Time-Based Restricted Stock Units</u>) to provide that, unless otherwise agreed to by the award holder:

(A) at the Pre-Merger Special Dividend Time and prior to the Effective Time, except as provided in subparagraph (B) below, each award of Valeant Time-Based Restricted Stock Units outstanding immediately prior to the Pre-Merger Special Dividend Time shall represent the right to receive, on the same terms and conditions as were applicable under such award immediately prior to the Pre-Merger Special Dividend Time, a

A-47

#### Table of Contents

number of shares of Valeant Common Stock, rounded down to the nearest whole share, determined by multiplying the number of shares of Valeant Common Stock subject to such award of Valeant Time-Based Restricted Stock Units immediately prior to the Pre-Merger Special Dividend Time by the Pre-Merger Special Dividend Adjustment Ratio; and

(B) with respect to each award of Valeant Time-Based Restricted Stock Units that, by its terms as in effect on the date hereof, will vest (in whole or in part) as a result of the Merger (each such award, a <u>Single-Trigger RSU</u>), such Single-Trigger RSU shall vest as of the day prior to the date on which occurs the Pre-Merger Special Dividend Time to the extent provided under the terms of such Single-Trigger RSU as in effect on the date hereof, as if such day was the date on which the Effective Time occurs (the portion so vested, an <u>Accelerated RSU</u>) and shall represent, immediately after the Pre-Merger Special Dividend Time and prior to the Effective Time, the right to receive, (1) the same number of shares of Valeant Common Stock underlying the Accelerated RSU (the <u>Accelerated Valeant RSU Shares</u>) plus (2) an amount of cash equal to the product of the Pre-Merger Special Dividend and the number of Accelerated RSU Shares, which cash amount shall be paid (net of applicable withholding) to or on behalf of the holder of the Accelerated RSU on the date on which occurs the Pre-Merger Special Dividend Time. Any portion of the Single-Trigger RSU that does not become an Accelerated RSU (and any right to the associated Pre-Merger Special Dividend Time.

(ii) Prior to the Effective Time, the Valeant Board (or, if appropriate, any committee thereof) shall adopt such resolutions or take such other actions (including using reasonable efforts to obtain any required consents) to adjust the terms of all outstanding Valeant Time-Based Restricted Stock Units to provide that, at the Effective Time each award of Valeant Time-Based Restricted Stock Units outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time shall represent, immediately after the Effective Time, the right to receive, on the same terms and conditions as were applicable under such award following the Pre-Merger Special Dividend Time and immediately prior to the Effective Time, a number of shares of Biovail Common Stock, rounded down to the nearest whole share, determined by multiplying the number of shares of Valeant Common Stock subject to such award of Valeant Time-Based Restricted Stock Units following the Pre-Merger Special Dividend Time and immediately prior to the Effective Time by the Equity Award Exchange Ratio. For the sake of clarity, holders of Accelerated RSUs shall be entitled to receive shares of Biovail Common Stock (net of applicable withholding) in settlement of such Accelerated RSUs as soon as practicable following the date on which the Effective Time occurs.

## (c) Performance-Based Restricted Stock Units.

(i) Prior to the Pre-Merger Special Dividend Time, the Valeant Board (or, if appropriate, any committee thereof) shall adopt such resolutions or take such other actions (including using reasonable efforts to obtain any required consents) to adjust the terms of all outstanding Valeant Restricted Stock Units that are scheduled to vest based in whole or in part on the achievement of performance criteria (<u>Valeant Performance-Based Restricted Stock Units</u>) to provide that, except as disclosed in Section 6.04(c) of the Valeant Disclosure Letter or unless otherwise agreed to by the award holder:

(A) all relevant performance periods applicable to the Valeant Performance-Based Restricted Stock Units shall end on the day immediately preceding the date on which occurs the Pre-Merger Special Dividend Time, as if such day were the date on which the Effective Time occurs, and, as of such day, the number of shares of Valeant Common Stock underlying each award of Valeant Performance-Based Restricted Stock Units shall be adjusted to reflect performance through such day in accordance with the terms of such Valeant Performance-Based Restricted Stock Units shall be in reflect to as in effect on the date hereof (the Valeant Performance-Based Restricted Stock award, as so adjusted, being referred to as the <u>Valeant Adjusted PSU</u>). Any additional Valeant Performance-Based Restricted Stock Units which could have been earned through performance but which are not so earned (and any right to the associated Pre-Merger Special Dividend) shall be forfeited for no consideration at the Pre-Merger Special Dividend Time; and

(B) each Valeant Adjusted PSU outstanding immediately prior to the Pre-Merger Special Dividend Time shall represent, immediately after the Pre-Merger Special Dividend Time, the right to receive, on the same terms and conditions as were applicable to such Valeant Performance-Based Restricted Stock Unit immediately prior to the Pre-Merger Special Dividend Time (but determined as if the Effective Time had occurred),

#### Table of Contents

(1) the same number of shares of Valeant Common Stock underlying the Valeant Adjusted PSU (the <u>Valeant Adjusted</u> <u>PSU Shares</u>), plus (2) an amount of cash equal to the product of the Pre-Merger Special Dividend multiplied by the number of Valeant Adjusted PSU Shares, which cash amount shall be paid (net of any applicable withholdings) to or on behalf of the holders of Valeant Adjusted PSUs on the date on which occurs the Pre-Merger Special Dividend Time.

(ii) Prior to the Effective Time, the Valeant Board (or, if appropriate, any committee thereof) shall adopt such resolutions or take such other actions (including using reasonable efforts to obtain any required consents) to adjust the terms of all outstanding Valeant Adjusted PSUs to provide that, at the Effective Time, each award of Valeant Adjusted PSUs outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time shall represent the right to receive, as soon as practicable following the Effective Time and net of applicable withholding, a number of shares of Biovail Common Stock, rounded down to the nearest whole share, determined by multiplying the number of Valeant Adjusted PSU Shares subject to such award by the Equity Award Exchange Ratio.

(d) Prior to the Effective Time, the Valeant Board (or, if appropriate, any committee thereof) shall adopt such resolutions or take such other actions (including using reasonable efforts to obtain any required consents) to effect the following, without further action by any Person:

(i) after the date hereof, no future offering periods shall be commenced under the Valeant ESPP. The current offering period in effect on the date hereof under the Valeant ESPP will continue in accordance with its terms, and options under the current offering period will be exercisable at the normally scheduled time under the Valeant ESPP in accordance with its terms; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that in all events the expiration of such offering period and the final exercise under the Valeant ESPP shall occur prior to the Effective Time. The Valeant ESPP shall terminate, effective immediately as of the Effective Time;

(ii) ensure that, following the Effective Time, no holder of a Valeant Stock Option or Valeant Restricted Stock Unit (or former holder of a Valeant Stock Option or Valeant Restricted Stock Unit or any current or former participant in the Valeant Stock Plan, or in any other Valeant Benefit Plan or Valeant Benefit Agreement), will have any right thereunder to acquire any capital stock of Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary or any other equity interest therein; and

(iii) make such other changes to the Valeant Stock Plans as it deems appropriate to give effect to the Merger.

(e) At the Effective Time, Biovail shall assume all the obligations of Valeant under the Valeant Stock Plans, each Valeant Stock Option and Valeant Restricted Stock Unit outstanding at the Effective Time and the agreements evidencing the grants thereof (the <u>Valeant Stock Plan Assumption</u>). As soon as practicable after the Effective Time, Biovail shall deliver to the holders of Valeant Stock Options and Valeant Restricted Stock Units appropriate notices setting forth such holders rights pursuant to the respective Valeant Stock Plans, and the agreements evidencing the grants of such Valeant Stock Options and Valeant Restricted Stock Units shall continue in effect on the same terms and conditions (subject to the adjustments required by this Section 6.04 after giving effect to the Merger).

(f) Biovail shall take all corporate action necessary to reserve for issuance a sufficient number of shares of Biovail Common Stock for delivery upon exercise or settlement of the Valeant Stock Options and Valeant Restricted Stock Units assumed in accordance with this Section 6.04. As soon as reasonably practicable after the Effective Time, Biovail shall file a registration statement on Form S-8 (or any successor or other appropriate form) with respect to the shares of Biovail Common Stock subject to Valeant Stock Options and Valeant Restricted Stock Units and shall use its reasonable best efforts to maintain the effectiveness of such registration statement or registration statements (and maintain the current status of the prospectus or prospectuses contained therein) for so long as such Valeant Stock Options and Valeant Restricted Stock Units remain outstanding.

(g) Prior to the Effective Time, each of the Biovail Board and the Valeant Board shall irrevocably declare that the transactions contemplated by this Agreement constitute a change in control (or the equivalent thereof) under the Biovail Benefit Plans (and awards thereunder), the Biovail Benefit Agreements, the Valeant Benefit Plans (and awards thereunder) and the Valeant Benefit Agreements, as the case may be.

#### Table of Contents

Section 6.05. *Indemnification, Exculpation and Insurance.* (a) For a period of six years from the Effective Time, Biovail shall maintain in effect the exculpation, indemnification and advancement of expenses provisions of any certificate of incorporation and by-laws or similar organization documents of each of Biovail, the Biovail Subsidiaries, Valeant and the Valeant Subsidiaries in effect immediately prior to the Effective Time and with respect to acts or omissions prior to the Effective Time or in any indemnification agreements of Biovail, the Biovail Subsidiaries, Valeant or the Valeant Subsidiaries with any of their respective directors, officers or employees in effect immediately prior to the Effective Time, and shall not amend, repeal or otherwise modify any such provisions or the exculpation, indemnification or advancement of expenses provisions of Biovail s or the Surviving Company s certificate of incorporation and by-laws in any manner that would adversely affect the rights thereunder of any individuals who at the Effective Time were current or former directors, officers or employees of Biovail, any of the Biovail Subsidiaries, Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries.

(b) For a period of six years after the Effective Time, Biovail shall indemnify and hold harmless the individuals who on or prior to the Effective Time were officers, directors and employees of Biovail or the Biovail Subsidiaries or were serving at the request of Biovail as an officer, director or employee of any other corporation, partnership or joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan or other enterprise (collectively, the <u>Biovail Indemnitees</u>) with respect to all acts or omissions by them in their capacities as such or taken at the request of Biovail or any of the Biovail Subsidiaries at any time prior to the Effective Time to the extent provided under the Biovail Charter or Biovail Bylaws in effect on the date of this Agreement (including with respect to the advancement of expenses).

(c) For a period of six years after the Effective Time, Biovail shall, and shall cause the Surviving Company to, indemnify and hold harmless the individuals who on or prior to the Effective Time were officers, directors and employees of Valeant or the Valeant Subsidiaries or were serving at the request of Valeant as an officer, director or employee of any other corporation, partnership or joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan or other enterprise (collectively, the <u>Valeant Indemnitees</u> and, together with the Biovail Indemnitees, the <u>Indemnitees</u>) with respect to all acts or omissions by them in their capacities as such or taken at the request of Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries at any time prior to the Effective Time to the extent provided under the Valeant Charter or Valeant Bylaws in effect on the date of this Agreement (including with respect to the advancement of expenses). Biovail shall, and shall cause the Surviving Company to, honor all indemnification agreements with the Indemnitees (including under the Valeant Bylaws) in effect as of the date of this Agreement in accordance with the terms thereof.

(d) For six years after the Effective Time, Biovail shall procure the provision of officers and directors liability insurance in respect of acts or omissions occurring prior to the Effective Time covering each such Person currently covered by Biovail s officers and directors liability insurance policy on terms with respect to coverage and in amounts no less than those of the policy in effect on the date of this Agreement. In lieu of such insurance, prior to the Closing Date, Biovail may, following consultation with Valeant, purchase a tail directors and officers liability insurance policy and fiduciary liability insurance policy for Biovail and its respective current and former directors and officers who are currently covered by the directors and officers and fiduciary liability insurance policy for Biovail and its respective coverage currently maintained by Biovail, in which event Biovail shall cease to have any obligations under the first sentence of this Section 6.05(d).

(e) For six years after the Effective Time, Biovail shall procure the provision of officers and directors liability insurance in respect of acts or omissions occurring prior to the Effective Time covering each such Person currently covered by Valeant s officers and directors liability insurance policy on terms with respect to coverage and in amounts no less than those of the policy in effect on the date of this Agreement. In lieu of such insurance, prior to the Closing Date, Valeant may, following consultation with Biovail, purchase a tail directors and officers liability insurance policy and fiduciary liability insurance policy for Valeant and its respective current and former directors and officers who are currently covered by the directors and officers and fiduciary liability insurance coverage currently maintained by Valeant, in which event Biovail or the Surviving Company, as the case may be, shall cease to have any obligations under the first sentence of this Section 6.05(e).

(f) In the event that Biovail or the Surviving Company or any of its successors or assigns (i) consolidates with or merges into any other Person and is not the continuing or surviving corporation or entity of such consolidation or

#### Table of Contents

merger or (ii) transfers or conveys all or substantially all its properties and assets to any Person, then, and in each such case, Biovail shall cause proper provision to be made so that the successors and assigns of Biovail or the Surviving Company, as the case may be, assume the obligations set forth in this Section 6.05.

(g) The provisions of this Section 6.05 (i) shall survive consummation of the Merger, (ii) are intended to be for the benefit of, and will be enforceable by, each Indemnitee, his or her heirs and his or her representatives and (iii) are in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other rights to indemnification or contribution that any such Person may have by contract or otherwise. Biovail shall pay all reasonable expenses, including reasonable attorneys fees, that may be incurred by any Indemnitee in enforcing the indemnity and other obligations provided in this Section 6.05, provided that such Indemnitee is successful in enforcing any such enforcement claim.

Section 6.06. *Fees and Expenses.* (a) Except as provided below, all fees and expenses incurred in connection with the Merger and the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement shall be paid by the party incurring such fees or expenses, whether or not such transactions are consummated.

(b) BAC shall pay (<u>provided</u> that if BAC fails to pay when due, Biovail will pay when due on behalf of BAC) to Valeant a fee of \$100,000,000 (the <u>Biovail Termination Fee</u>) if:

(i) Valeant terminates this Agreement pursuant to Section 8.01(e); <u>provided</u> that if either Valeant or Biovail terminates this Agreement pursuant to Section 8.01(b)(iii) at any time after Valeant would have been permitted to terminate this Agreement pursuant to Section 8.01(e), this Agreement shall be deemed terminated pursuant to Section 8.01(e) for purposes of this Section 6.06(b)(i); or

(ii) (A) prior to the Biovail Stockholders Meeting, a Biovail Takeover Proposal shall have been made to Biovail or shall have been made directly to the stockholders of Biovail generally or shall otherwise become publicly known or any Person shall have publicly announced an intention (whether or not conditional) to make a Biovail Takeover Proposal, (B) this Agreement is terminated by Biovail pursuant to (1) Section 8.01(b)(i) and the Biovail Stockholders Meeting has not been held on or prior to the fifth Business Day prior to the date of such termination or
(2) Section 8.01(b)(iii) and (C) within 12 months of such termination, Biovail enters into a definitive Contract to consummate a Biovail Takeover Proposal or any Biovail Takeover Proposal is consummated. For the purposes of Section 6.06(b)(ii)(C) only, the term Biovail Takeover Proposal shall have the meaning assigned to such term in Section 5.02(e) except that all references to 20% therein shall be deemed to be references to 40%.

Any Biovail Termination Fee due under this Section 6.06(b) shall be paid by wire transfer of same-day funds (x) in the case of clause (i) above, on the Business Day immediately following the date of termination of this Agreement and (y) in the case of clause (ii) above, on the date of the first to occur of the events referred to in clause (ii)(C) above.

(c) Valeant shall pay to Biovail a fee of \$100,000,000 (the <u>Valeant Termination Fee</u>) if:

(i) Biovail terminates this Agreement pursuant to Section 8.01(f); <u>provided</u> that if either Valeant or Biovail terminates this Agreement pursuant to Section 8.01(b)(iv) at any time after Biovail would have been permitted to terminate this Agreement pursuant to Section 8.01(f), this Agreement shall be deemed terminated pursuant to Section 8.01(f) for purposes of this Section 6.06(c)(i); or

(ii) (A) prior to the Valeant Stockholders Meeting, a Valeant Takeover Proposal shall have been made to Valeant or shall have been made directly to the stockholders of Valeant generally or shall otherwise become publicly known or any Person shall have publicly announced an intention (whether or not conditional) to make a Valeant Takeover Proposal, (B) this Agreement is terminated pursuant to (1) Section 8.01(b)(i) and the Valeant Stockholders Meeting has not been held at or prior to the fifth Business Day prior to the date of such termination or (2) Section 8.01(b)(iv)

and (C) within 12 months of such termination, Valeant enters into a definitive Contract to consummate a Valeant Takeover Proposal or a Valeant Takeover Proposal is consummated. For the purposes of Section 6.06(c)(ii)(C) only, the term Valeant Takeover Proposal shall have the meaning assigned to such term in Section 5.03(e) except that all references to 20% therein shall be deemed to be references to 40%.

#### Table of Contents

Any Valeant Termination Fee due under this Section 6.06(c) shall be paid by wire transfer of same-day funds (x) in the case of clause (i) above, on the Business Day immediately following the date of termination of this Agreement and (y) in the case of clause (ii) above, on the date of the first to occur of the events referred to in clause (ii)(C) above.

(d) Biovail and Valeant acknowledge and agree that the agreements contained in Sections 6.06(b) and 6.06(c) are an integral part of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, and that, without these agreements, neither Valeant nor Biovail would enter into this Agreement. Accordingly, if Biovail fails promptly to pay the amount due pursuant to Section 6.06(b) or Valeant fails promptly to pay the amount due pursuant to Section 6.06(c), and, in order to obtain such payment, the Person owed such payment commences a suit, action or other proceeding that results in a Judgment in its favor for such payment, the Person owing such payment shall pay to the Person owed such payment its costs and expenses (including attorneys fees and expenses) in connection with such suit, action or other proceeding, together with interest on the amount of such payment from the date such payment was required to be made until the date of payment at the prime rate of JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. in effect on the date such payment was required to be made. In no event shall either party be obligated to pay more than one termination fee pursuant to this Section 6.06.

Section 6.07. <u>Certain Tax Matters</u>. Each of Valeant, Biovail, BAC and Merger Sub shall use its reasonable best efforts to cause the Merger to qualify for the Intended Tax Treatment and to obtain the Tax opinions described in Sections 7.02(d) and 7.03(d), including by (i) making representations and covenants requested by Tax counsel in order to render such Tax opinions, (ii) not taking any action that such party knows is reasonably likely to prevent such qualification or to prevent the obtaining of such Tax opinions and (iii) executing such amendments to this Agreement as may be reasonably required in order to obtain such qualification (it being understood that no party will be required to agree to any such amendment). Each of Valeant, Biovail, BAC and Merger Sub shall use its reasonable best efforts not to take or cause to be taken any action that would cause to be untrue (or fail to take or cause not to be taken any action which inaction would cause to be untrue) any of the representations and covenants made to Tax counsel in furtherance of such Tax opinions. Each of Valeant, Biovail, BAC and Merger Sub will report the Merger and the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement in a manner consistent with the Intended Tax Treatment.

Section 6.08. <u>Transaction Litigation</u>. Biovail shall give Valeant the opportunity to participate in the defense or settlement of any litigation against Biovail or its directors relating to the Merger and the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement, and no such settlement shall be agreed to without the prior written consent of Valeant, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed. Valeant shall give Biovail the opportunity to participate in the defense or settlement of any stockholder litigation against Valeant or its directors relating to the Merger and the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement, and no such settlement shall be agreed to without the prior written consent of Biovail, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed. Without limiting in any way the parties obligations under Section 6.03, each of Biovail and Valeant shall cooperate, shall cause the Biovail Subsidiaries and Valeant Subsidiaries, as applicable, to cooperate, and shall use its reasonable best efforts to cause its Representatives to cooperate, in the defense against such litigation.

Section 6.09. <u>Section 16 Matters</u>. Prior to the Effective Time, Valeant, Biovail and Merger Sub each shall take all such steps as may be required to cause (a) any dispositions of Valeant Common Stock (including derivative securities with respect to Valeant Common Stock) resulting from the Merger and the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement by each individual who will be subject to the reporting requirements of Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act with respect to Valeant immediately prior to the Effective Time to be exempt under Rule 16b-3 promulgated under the Exchange Act and (b) any acquisitions of Biovail Common Stock (including derivative securities with respect to Biovail Common Stock) resulting from the Merger and the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement by each individual who may become or is reasonably expected to become subject to the reporting requirements of Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act with respect to Biovail to be exempt under Rule 16b-3 promulgated under the Exchange Act with respect to Biovail to be exempt under Rule 16b-3 promulgated under the Exchange Act and (b) of the Exchange Act with respect to Biovail to be exempt under Rule 16b-3 promulgated under the Exchange Act and the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement by each individual who may become or is reasonably expected to become subject to the reporting requirements of Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act with respect to Biovail to be exempt under Rule 16b-3 promulgated under the Exchange Act.

Section 6.10. *Governance Matters*. Biovail, Merger Sub and Valeant shall take all actions necessary so that the matters set forth on <u>Exhibit A</u> occur on the Closing Date.

### Table of Contents

Section 6.11. *Financing*. (a) From the date hereof until the earlier of (a) the Closing Date and (b) termination of this Agreement pursuant to Section 8.01, Biovail and Valeant shall use, and shall cause the Biovail Subsidiaries and Valeant Subsidiaries, respectively, to use, their respective reasonable best efforts to take, or cause to be taken, all actions and to do, or cause to be done, all things necessary, proper or advisable to arrange the financing and related the executed commitment letter attached hereto as Exhibit C (the <u>Commitment Letter</u>), including using reasonable best efforts to (i) negotiate and enter into definitive agreements with respect thereto on the terms and conditions contemplated by the Commitment Letter, (ii) satisfy on a timely basis all conditions to obtaining the Financing set forth therein and (iii) consummate the Financing at or prior to Closing, including (A) participating in a reasonable number of meetings, road shows, rating agency sessions and drafting sessions, and participating in reasonable and Sources ) with such financial and other pertinent information as may be reasonably requested to consummate the Financing, including all financial statements and financial data of the type required by Regulation S-X and Regulation S-K under the Securities Act (including any required audits thereof, which shall be unqualified) and of the type and form customarily included in private placements pursuant to Rule 144A promulgated under the Securities Act, (C) assisting the Financing Sources in the preparation of (1) an offering document for any portion of the Financing and (2) materials for rating agency presentations, (D) reasonably cooperating with the marketing efforts for any portion of the Financing and (E) causing their respective independent accountants to provide assistance and cooperation in the Financing, including (1) participating in a reasonable number of drafting sessions and accounting due diligence sessions, (2) providing any necessary consents to use their audit reports relating to Biovail or Valeant, as applicable, and (3) providing any necessary comfort letters. Biovail and Valeant shall, and shall cause their respective Subsidiaries to, refrain from taking, directly or indirectly, any action that would reasonably be expected to result in the failure of any of the conditions contained in the Commitment Letter or in any definitive agreement related to the Financing. In the event any portion of the Financing becomes unavailable on the terms and conditions set forth in the Commitment Letter, Biovail and Valeant shall use their reasonable best efforts to obtain alternative financing from alternative sources as promptly as reasonably practicable following the occurrence of such event. Biovail shall give Valeant prompt notice of any material breach by any party to the Commitment Letter of which Biovail becomes aware. Valeant shall give Biovail prompt notice of any material breach by any party to the Commitment Letter of which Valeant becomes aware.

(b) All non-public or otherwise confidential information regarding Valeant obtained by Biovail pursuant to the arrangement of the Financing shall be kept confidential in accordance with the Confidentiality Agreement; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that disclosure shall be permitted as necessary and consistent with customary practices in connection with the Financing upon the prior written consent of Valeant (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed). All non-public or otherwise confidential information regarding Biovail obtained by Valeant pursuant to the arrangement of the Financing shall be kept confidential in accordance with the Confidentiality Agreement; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that disclosure shall be permitted as necessary and consistent with customary practices in connection with the Financing upon the prior written consent of Biovail (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed).

Section 6.12. <u>Public Announcements</u>. Except with respect to any Valeant Adverse Recommendation Change or Biovail Adverse Recommendation Change made in accordance with the terms of this Agreement, Biovail and Valeant shall consult with each other before issuing, and give each other the opportunity to review and comment upon, any press release or other public statements with respect to the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, including the Merger, and shall not issue any such press release or make any such public statement prior to such consultation, except as such party may reasonably conclude may be required by applicable Law, court process or by obligations pursuant to any listing agreement with any national securities exchange or national securities quotation system. Valeant and Biovail agree that the initial press release to be issued with respect to the transactions contemplated by this Agreement shall be in a form agreed to by the parties.

Section 6.13. <u>Stock Exchange Listing</u>. Biovail shall use its reasonable best efforts to cause the shares of Biovail Common Stock to be issued (a) in the Merger and (b) upon the conversion of Valeant Convertible Notes, the exercise of Valeant Warrants or Valeant Stock Options or the vesting of Valeant Restricted Stock Units, in each case under this clause (b) following the Effective Time, to be approved for listing on the NYSE and the TSX, in each case

#### Table of Contents

subject to official notice of issuance, prior to the Closing Date. Valeant shall cooperate with Biovail in connection with the foregoing, including the provision of information reasonably requested by Biovail in connection therewith.

Section 6.14. <u>Joinder Agreement</u>. In the event that Biovail and Valeant agree in writing that a newly-formed, direct or indirect and wholly owned subsidiary of Biovail incorporated under the laws of Delaware (<u>New Merger Sub</u>) shall be substituted for Merger Sub for purposes of this Agreement, (i) Biovail and Valeant shall, and Biovail shall cause New Merger Sub to, execute and deliver a joinder agreement with respect to this Agreement, substantially in the form set forth on <u>Exhibit C</u> (the <u>Joinder Agreement</u>), (ii) Biovail, as sole stockholder of New Merger Sub, shall, immediately following the execution and delivery of the Joinder Agreement, adopt the Joinder Agreement, and (iii) all references to Merger Sub in this Agreement shall be deemed to refer to New Merger Sub .

Section 6.15. *Entity Name*. The parties shall take all action necessary so that the name of the Combined Company shall be Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, Inc. on the Closing Date.

## Section 6.16. Valeant Warrants and Valeant Convertible Notes.

(a) As and when required by the Valeant Warrants as in effect on the date of this Agreement, and only to the extent any such Valeant Warrants remain outstanding at such time, (i) Valeant shall deliver notice of the proposed record date for the Pre-Merger Special Dividend to the registered holders of any then-outstanding Valeant Warrants, and (ii) Valeant shall furnish to the registered holders of any then-outstanding Valeant Warrants the certificate required by the Valeant Warrants as in effect on the date of this Agreement setting forth the adjustment of the Purchase Price (as defined in the Valeant Warrants) resulting from payment of the Pre-Merger Special Dividend and showing the facts upon which such adjustment is based.

(b) As and when required by the Valeant Convertible Notes Indenture, as in effect on the date of this Agreement, (i) Valeant shall mail notice of the proposed record date for the Pre-Merger Special Dividend to the Initial Purchasers (as defined in the Valeant Convertible Notes Indenture) and to the Holders (as defined in the Valeant Convertible Notes Indenture) of any then-outstanding Valeant Convertible Notes and shall file such notice with the Trustee (as defined in the Valeant Convertible Notes Indenture), and (ii) Valeant shall notify the Initial Purchasers and the Trustee and mail to Holders of any then-outstanding Valeant Convertible Notes the notice required by the Valeant Convertible Notes Indenture as in effect on the date of this Agreement of the adjustment of the Conversion Rate (as defined in the Valeant Convertible Notes Indenture) resulting from payment of the Pre-Merger Special Dividend and file with the Trustee the required certificate stating the facts requiring such adjustment and the manner of computing it.

(c) As and when required by the Valeant Warrants as in effect on the date of this Agreement, and only to the extent any such Valeant Warrants remain outstanding at such time, (i) Valeant shall deliver notice of the proposed record date for approval of the Merger to the registered holders of any then-outstanding Valeant Warrants, and (ii) Valeant shall furnish to the registered holders of any then-outstanding Valeant Warrants the certificate required by the Valeant Warrants as in effect on the date of this Agreement setting forth the adjustment to the Valeant Warrants resulting from the Merger and showing the facts upon which such adjustment is based.

(d) As and when required by the Valeant Convertible Notes Indenture as in effect on the date of this Agreement,
(i) Valeant shall mail notice of the proposed record date for approval of the Merger to the Initial Purchasers and to the Holders of any then-outstanding Valeant Convertible Notes and shall file such notice with the Trustee, and (ii) prior to the Effective Time, Biovail and Valeant shall execute and deliver to the Trustee a supplemental indenture to the Valeant Convertible Notes Indenture containing the provisions required by the Valeant Convertible Notes Indenture as in effect on the date of this Agreement, providing that, at the Effective Time, each then-outstanding Valeant Convertible Note shall no longer be convertible into shares of Valeant Common Stock and shall thereafter be convertible solely into the number of shares of Biovail Common Stock that the Holder of such Valeant Convertible

Note would have received pursuant to the Merger if such Holder had converted such Valeant Convertible Note immediately before the Effective Time.

Section 6.17. <u>*Pre-Merger Special Dividend.*</u> As promptly as practicable following the satisfaction of the conditions set forth in Section 7.01, Section 7.02 and Section 7.03 (other than (a) those conditions that by their nature are to be satisfied by actions taken at the Closing but which conditions would be satisfied (including the delivery of officers certificates without qualifications or exceptions) if such date were the Closing Date and (b) the

A-54

#### Table of Contents

contemplated payment of the Pre-Merger Special Dividend), the Valeant Board intends to, subject to applicable Law and the Valeant Charter and Valeant Bylaws, declare a special dividend in an amount equal to \$16.77 per share of Valeant Common Stock (subject to customary adjustments for any stock dividend, subdivision, reclassification, recapitalization, split, combination, exchange of shares or similar event following the date of this Agreement) (any such dividend, the <u>Pre-Merger Special Dividend</u>), and set the record date and payment date for such Pre-Merger Special Dividend in its sole discretion; <u>provided</u>, that each of the record date and payment date for such Pre-Merger Special Dividend shall be one Business Day immediately prior to the Closing Date.

### ARTICLE VII

#### Conditions Precedent

Section 7.01. <u>Conditions to Each Party s Obligation to Effect the Merger</u>. The respective obligation of each party to effect the Merger is subject to the satisfaction or waiver on or prior to the Closing Date of the following conditions:

(a) <u>Stockholder Approvals</u>. The Biovail Stockholder Approval and the Valeant Stockholder Approval shall have been obtained.

(b) *Listing*. The shares of Biovail Common Stock issuable (i) as Merger Consideration pursuant to this Agreement and (ii) upon the conversion of Valeant Convertible Notes, the exercise of Valeant Warrants or Valeant Stock Options or the vesting of Valeant Restricted Stock Units, in each case under this clause (ii) following the Effective Time, shall have been approved for listing on the NYSE and the TSX, in each case subject to official notice of issuance and, in the case of the TSX, to the making of certain prescribed filings following the Effective Time.

(c) Governmental Approvals. Any waiting period (and any extension thereof) applicable to the Merger under the HSR Act shall have been terminated or shall have expired. If the Merger is subject to the notification provisions of Part IX of the Competition Act, either (i) the Commissioner of Competition or a person authorized by her (the <u>Commissioner</u>) shall have issued an advance ruling certificate under Section 102 of the Competition Act or (ii) the applicable waiting period under subsection 123(1) of the Competition Act shall have expired or shall have been terminated early under subsection 123(2) of the Competition Act, or the obligation to submit a notification under Part IX of the Competition Act shall have been waived pursuant to paragraph 113(c) of the Competition Act and, unless waived by Biovail, the Commissioner shall have issued a No-Action Letter. For the purposes of the preceding sentence, a <u>No-Action Letter</u> means written advice to Biovail that the Commissioner presently does not have sufficient grounds on which to apply to the Competition Tribunal under Section 92 or any other section of Part VIII of the Competition Act and, therefore, does not, at such time, intend to make such application with respect to the Merger, such advice not being conditional upon or having terms and conditions that would reasonably be expected to result in a Combined Company Material Adverse Effect. All Consents, if any, required to be obtained (i) under any other foreign antitrust, competition, foreign investment, trade regulation or similar Laws or (ii) from or of any other Governmental Entity, in each case in connection with the consummation of the Merger and the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, shall have been obtained, except for those Consents which are immaterial to the Combined Company.

(d) <u>No Legal Restraints</u>. No applicable Law and no Judgment, preliminary, temporary or permanent, issued by any court or tribunal of competent jurisdiction (collectively, the <u>Legal Restraints</u>) shall be in effect, and no suit, action or other proceeding shall have been instituted by any Governmental Entity and remain pending which is reasonably likely to result in a Legal Restraint, in each case, that prevents, makes illegal, or prohibits the consummation of the Merger or that is (i) seeking to prohibit, materially restrain or otherwise materially interfere with the Merger or the ownership or operation of all or any material portion of the business or assets of Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries or of Biovail or any of the Biovail Subsidiaries or to compel Biovail or any for any of the Subsidiaries or assets of Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries or business or assets of Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries or business or assets of Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries or business or assets of Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries or business or assets of Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries or business or assets of Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries or business or assets of Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries or business or assets of Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries or business or assets of Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries or business or assets of Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries or business or assets of Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries or business or assets of Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries or business or assets of Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries or business or assets of Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries or business or assets of Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries or business or assets of Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries or business or assets of Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries or business or assets of Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries or business or

of Biovail or any of the Biovail Subsidiaries, or (ii) seeking divestiture of any shares of Valeant Common Stock (or shares of stock of the Surviving Company) or seeking to impose or confirm limitations on the ability of Biovail or any Biovail

#### Table of Contents

Subsidiary effectively to exercise full rights of ownership of the shares of Valeant Common Stock (or shares of stock of the Surviving Company), including the right to vote, in the case of clause (i) or clause (ii), which would reasonably be expected (after giving effect to any reasonably expected proceeds of any divestiture or sale of assets) to have a Combined Company Material Adverse Effect.

(e) *Form S-4*. The Form S-4 shall have become effective under the Securities Act and shall not be the subject of any stop order or proceedings seeking a stop order, and Biovail shall have received all state securities or blue sky authorizations necessary for the issuance of the Merger Consideration.

(f) *Financing*. The Financing (or, in the event that alternative financing has been jointly arranged by Biovail and Valeant, the alternative financing) shall have been consummated.

(g) <u>Pre-Merger Special Dividend</u>. The Pre-Merger Special Dividend shall have been paid to holders of Valeant Common Stock in accordance with Section 6.17. For purposes of this Section 7.01(g), the Pre-Merger Special Dividend shall be deemed to have been paid to holders of Valeant Common Stock at the time Valeant irrevocably transfers cash for the Pre-Merger Special Dividend to the relevant paying agent for the benefit of such stockholders.

Section 7.02. <u>*Conditions to Obligations of Valeant.*</u> The obligation of Valeant to consummate the Merger is further subject to the following conditions:

(a) *Representations and Warranties*. The representations and warranties of Biovail, BAC and Merger Sub contained in this Agreement (except for the representations and warranties contained in Section 3.03 and 3.17(c)) shall be true and correct (without giving effect to any limitation as to materiality or Biovail Material Adverse Effect set forth therein) at and as of the date of this Agreement and at and as of the Closing Date as if made at and as of such time (except to the extent expressly made as of an earlier date, in which case as of such earlier date), except where the failure of such representations and warranties to be true and correct (without giving effect to any limitation as to materiality or Biovail Material Adverse Effect set forth therein), individually or in the aggregate, has not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Biovail Material Adverse Effect, and the representations and warranties of Biovail, BAC and Merger Sub contained in Section 3.03 and Section 3.17(c) shall be true and correct in all material respects at and as of the date of this Agreement and at and as of the Closing Date as if made at and as of such time (except to the extent expressly made as of an earlier date, in which case as of such earlier date). Valeant shall have received a certificate signed on behalf of each of Biovail, BAC and Merger Sub yan executive officer of each of Biovail, BAC and Merger Sub, respectively, to such effect.

(b) *Performance of Obligations of Biovail, BAC and Merger Sub*. Biovail and Merger Sub shall have performed in all material respects all obligations required to be performed by them under this Agreement at or prior to the Closing Date, and Valeant shall have received a certificate signed on behalf of each of Biovail, BAC and Merger Sub by an executive officer of each of Biovail, BAC and Merger Sub, respectively, to such effect.

(c) <u>Absence of Biovail Material Adverse Effect</u>. Since the date of this Agreement, there shall not have occurred any fact, circumstance, effect, change, event or development that, individually or in the aggregate, has had or would reasonably be expected to have a Biovail Material Adverse Effect.

(d) *Tax Opinion*. Valeant shall have received the opinion of Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP, or such other nationally recognized Tax counsel reasonably satisfactory to Valeant, as of the Closing Date to the effect that the Merger should qualify for the Intended Tax Treatment. In rendering the opinion described in this Section 7.02(d), the Tax counsel rendering such opinion may require and rely upon (and may incorporate by reference) reasonable and customary representations and covenants, including those contained in certificates of officers of Valeant and Biovail.

Section 7.03. <u>Conditions to Obligation of Biovail, BAC and Merger Sub</u>. The obligations of Biovail, BAC and Merger Sub to consummate the Merger are further subject to the following conditions:

(a) <u>Representations and Warranties</u>. The representations and warranties of Valeant contained in this Agreement (except for the representations and warranties contained in Section 4.03 and the third sentence of Section 4.12) shall be true and correct (without giving effect to any limitation as to materiality or Valeant

#### Table of Contents

Material Adverse Effect set forth therein) at and as of the date of this Agreement and at and as of the Closing Date as if made at and as of such time (except to the extent expressly made as of an earlier date, in which case as of such earlier date), except where the failure of such representations and warranties to be true and correct (without giving effect to any limitation as to materiality or Valeant Material Adverse Effect set forth therein), individually or in the aggregate, has not had and would not reasonably be expected to have a Valeant Material Adverse Effect, and the representations and warranties of Valeant contained in Sections 4.03 and the third sentence of Section 4.12 shall be true and correct in all material respects at and as of the date of this Agreement and at and as of the Closing Date as if made at and as of such time (except to the extent expressly made as of an earlier date, in which case as of such earlier date). Biovail shall have received a certificate signed on behalf of Valeant by an executive officer of Valeant to such effect.

(b) <u>Performance of Obligations of Valeant</u>. Valeant shall have performed in all material respects all obligations required to be performed by it under this Agreement at or prior to the Closing Date, and Biovail shall have received a certificate signed on behalf of Valeant by an executive officer of Valeant to such effect.

(c) <u>Absence of Valeant Material Adverse Effect</u>. Since the date of this Agreement, there shall not have occurred any fact, circumstance, effect, change, event or development that, individually or in the aggregate, has had or would reasonably be expected to have a Valeant Material Adverse Effect.

(d) *Tax Opinion*. Biovail shall have received the opinion of Cravath, Swaine & Moore LLP, or such other nationally recognized Tax counsel reasonably satisfactory to Biovail, as of the Closing Date to the effect that the Merger should qualify for the Intended Tax Treatment. In rendering the opinion described in this Section 7.03(d), the Tax counsel rendering such opinion may require and rely upon (and may incorporate by reference) reasonable and customary representations and covenants, including those contained in certificates of officers of Valeant and Biovail.

#### ARTICLE VIII

#### Termination, Amendment and Waiver

Section 8.01. *Termination*. This Agreement may be terminated at any time prior to the Effective Time, whether before or after receipt of the Biovail Stockholder Approval or the Valeant Stockholder Approval:

(a) by mutual written consent of Valeant and Biovail;

(b) by either Valeant or Biovail:

(i) if the Merger is not consummated on or before the End Date. The <u>End Date</u> shall mean February 28, 2011; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that the right to terminate this Agreement under this Section 8.01(b)(i) shall not be available to any party if such failure of the Merger to occur on or before the End Date is the result of a breach of this Agreement by such party or the failure of any representation or warranty of such party contained in this Agreement to be true and correct;

(ii) if the condition set forth in Section 7.01(d) is not satisfied and the Legal Restraint giving rise to such non-satisfaction shall have become final and non-appealable; <u>provided</u> that the terminating party shall have complied with its obligations to use its reasonable best efforts pursuant to Section 6.03;

(iii) if the Biovail Stockholder Approval is not obtained at the Biovail Stockholders Meeting duly convened (unless such Biovail Stockholders Meeting has been adjourned, in which case at the final adjournment thereof); or

(iv) if the Valeant Stockholder Approval is not obtained at the Valeant Stockholders Meeting duly convened (unless such Valeant Stockholders Meeting has been adjourned, in which case at the final adjournment thereof);

(c) by Valeant, if Biovail, BAC or Merger Sub breaches or fails to perform any of its covenants or agreements contained in this Agreement, or if any of the representations or warranties of Biovail, BAC or Merger Sub contained herein fails to be true and correct, which breach or failure (i) would give rise to the

#### Table of Contents

failure of a condition set forth in Section 7.02(a) or 7.02(b) and (ii) is not reasonably capable of being cured by Biovail, BAC or Merger Sub, as the case may be, by the End Date or is not cured by Biovail, BAC or Merger Sub, as the case may be, within forty-five days after receiving written notice from Valeant (provided that Valeant is not then in breach of any covenant or agreement contained in this Agreement and no representation or warranty of Valeant contained herein then fails to be true and correct such that the conditions set forth in Section 7.03(a) or 7.03(b) could not then be satisfied);

(d) by Biovail, if Valeant breaches or fails to perform any of its covenants or agreements contained in this Agreement, or if any of the representations or warranties of Valeant contained herein fails to be true and correct, which breach or failure (i) would give rise to the failure of a condition set forth in Section 7.03(a) or 7.03(b) and (ii) is not reasonably capable of being cured by Valeant by the End Date or is not cured by Valeant within forty-five days after receiving written notice from Biovail (provided that Biovail is not then in breach of any covenant or agreement contained in this Agreement and no representation or warranty of Biovail contained herein then fails to be true and correct such that the conditions set forth in Section 7.02(a) or 7.02(b) could not then be satisfied);

(e) by Valeant, in the event that a Biovail Adverse Recommendation Change shall have occurred; <u>provided</u> that Valeant shall no longer be entitled to terminate this Agreement pursuant to this Section 8.01(e) if the Biovail Stockholder Approval is obtained at the Biovail Stockholders Meeting; or

(f) by Biovail, in the event that a Valeant Adverse Recommendation Change shall have occurred; <u>provided</u> that Biovail shall no longer be entitled to terminate this Agreement pursuant to this Section 8.01(f) if the Valeant Stockholder Approval is obtained at the Valeant Stockholders Meeting.

The party desiring to terminate this Agreement pursuant to clause (b), (c), (d), (e) or (f) of this Section 8.01 shall give written notice of such termination to the other parties in accordance with Section 9.02, specifying the provision of this Agreement pursuant to which such termination is effected.

Section 8.02. <u>Effect of Termination</u>. In the event of termination of this Agreement by either Biovail or Valeant as provided in Section 8.01, this Agreement shall forthwith become void and have no effect, without any liability or obligation on the part of Valeant or Biovail, other than Section 3.20, Section 4.20, the last sentence of Section 6.02, Section 6.06, this Section 8.02 and Article IX, which provisions shall survive such termination, and except in the case of fraud or any intentional misrepresentation by a party or any intentional breach by a party of any covenant or agreement set forth in this Agreement.

Section 8.03. <u>Amendment</u>. This Agreement may be amended by the parties at any time before or after receipt of the Biovail Stockholder Approval or the Valeant Stockholder Approval; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that (i) after receipt of the Biovail Stockholder Approval, there shall be made no amendment that by Law requires further approval by the stockholders of Biovail without the further approval of such stockholders, (ii) after receipt of the Valeant Stockholder Approval, there shall be made no amendment that by Law requires further approval by the stockholders of Valeant Stockholders of Valeant without the further approval of such stockholders, (ii) after receipt of the Valeant Stockholder Approval, there shall be made no amendment that by Law requires further approval by the stockholders of Valeant without the further approval of such stockholders, (iii) no amendment shall be made to this Agreement after the Effective Time and (iv) except as provided above, no amendment of this Agreement shall require the approval of the stockholders of Valeant. This Agreement may not be amended except by an instrument in writing signed on behalf of each of the parties.

Section 8.04. *Extension: Waiver*. At any time prior to the Effective Time, the parties may (a) extend the time for the performance of any of the obligations or other acts of the other parties, (b) waive any inaccuracies in the representations and warranties contained in this Agreement or in any document delivered pursuant to this Agreement, (c) waive compliance with any covenants and agreements contained in this Agreement or (d) waive the satisfaction of any of the conditions contained in this Agreement. No extension or waiver by Biovail shall require the approval of the

stockholders of Biovail unless such approval is required by Law and no extension or waiver by Valeant shall require the approval of the stockholders of Valeant unless such approval is required by Law. Any agreement on the part of a party to any such extension or waiver shall be valid only if set forth in an instrument in writing signed on behalf of such party. The failure of any party to this Agreement to assert any of its rights under this Agreement or otherwise shall not constitute a waiver of such rights.

#### Table of Contents

Section 8.05. <u>Procedure for Termination, Amendment, Extension or Waiver</u>. A termination of this Agreement pursuant to Section 8.01, an amendment of this Agreement pursuant to Section 8.03 or an extension or waiver pursuant to Section 8.04 shall, in order to be effective, require, in the case of Valeant, Biovail, BAC or Merger Sub, action by its Board of Directors or the duly authorized designee of its Board of Directors. Termination of this Agreement prior to the Effective Time shall not require the approval of the stockholders of Biovail or Valeant.

Section 8.06. <u>Alternative Structure</u>. The parties hereby agree to cooperate in the consideration of alternative structures to implement the transactions contemplated by this Agreement as long as there is no change in the economic terms thereof and such alternative structure does not impose any material delay on, or condition to, the consummation of the Merger, or adversely affect any of the parties hereto or either Biovail s or Valeant s stockholders or result in additional liability to Biovail s or Valeant s directors or officers.

### ARTICLE IX

#### General Provisions

Section 9.01. *Nonsurvival of Representations and Warranties*. None of the representations and warranties in this Agreement or in any instrument delivered pursuant to this Agreement shall survive the Effective Time. This Section 9.01 shall not limit Section 8.02 or any covenant or agreement of the parties which by its terms contemplates performance after the Effective Time.

Section 9.02. *Notices*. All notices, requests, claims, demands and other communications under this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be deemed given upon receipt by the parties at the following addresses (or at such other address for a party as shall be specified by like notice):

(a) if to Valeant, to:

Valeant Pharmaceuticals International One Enterprise Aliso Viejo, California 92656 Phone: (973) 549-5292 Facsimile: (949) 315-3818

Attention: Steve T. Min

with a copy to:

Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP Four Times Square New York, New York 10036 Phone: (212) 735-3000 Facsimile: (212) 735-2000

Attention: Stephen F. Arcano, Esq. Jeffrey A. Brill, Esq.

(b) if to Biovail, BAC or Merger Sub, to:

Biovail Corporation 7150 Mississauga Road Mississauga, Ontario L5N 8M5 Phone: (905) 286-3202 Facsimile: (905) 286-3061

Attention: Gregory Gubitz

A-59

#### **Table of Contents**

with a copy to:

Cravath, Swaine & Moore LLP Worldwide Plaza 825 Eighth Avenue New York, New York 10019 Phone: (212) 474-1000 Facsimile: (212) 474-3700

> Attention: Erik R. Tavzel, Esq. Eric L. Schiele, Esq.

Section 9.03. *Definitions*. For purposes of this Agreement:

An <u>Affiliate</u> of any Person means another Person that directly or indirectly, through one or more intermediaries, controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with, such first Person; <u>provided</u> that neither ValueAct Capital Master Fund L.P. (<u>ValueAct</u>) nor any entity (other than Valeant or the Valeant Subsidiaries) that directly or indirectly controls or is controlled by ValueAct shall be deemed to be an Affiliate of Valeant.

<u>Biovail Benefit Agreement</u> means each employment, consulting, bonus, incentive or deferred compensation, equity or equity-based compensation, severance, change in control, retention, termination or other material Contract between Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary, on the one hand, and any Biovail Personnel, on the other hand.

<u>Biovail Benefit Plan</u> means each (i) pension plan (as defined in Section 3(2) of ERISA) or post-retirement or employment health or medical plan, program, policy or arrangement, (ii) bonus, incentive or deferred compensation or equity or equity-based compensation plan, program, policy or arrangement, (iii) severance, change in control, retention or termination plan, program, policy or arrangement or (iv) other material compensation, pension, retirement savings or other benefit plan, program, policy or arrangement, in each case, sponsored, maintained, contributed to or required to be maintained or contributed to by Biovail, any Biovail Subsidiary or any Biovail Commonly Controlled Entity for the benefit of any Biovail Personnel.

<u>Biovail Commonly Controlled Entity</u> means any person or entity, other than Biovail and the Biovail Subsidiaries, that, together with Biovail, is treated as a single employer under Section 414 of the Code.

<u>Biovail Deferred Share Unit</u> means any deferred share unit payable in shares of Biovail Common Stock or the value of which is determined with reference to the value of shares of Biovail Common Stock, whether granted under any Biovail Stock Plan or otherwise.

Biovail Material Adverse Effect means a Material Adverse Effect with respect to Biovail.

Biovail Personnel means any current or former director, officer or employee of Biovail or any Biovail Subsidiary.

<u>Biovail Product</u> means any biological, drug or consumer product being tested in clinical trials, manufactured, sold or distributed by Biovail or any of the Biovail Subsidiaries.

<u>Biovail Restricted Stock Unit</u> means any restricted stock unit payable in shares of Biovail Common Stock or the value of which is determined with reference to the value of shares of Biovail Common Stock, whether granted under any Biovail Stock Plan or otherwise.

<u>Biovail Stock Option</u> means any option to purchase Biovail Common Stock, whether granted under any Biovail Stock Plan or otherwise.

<u>Biovail Stock Plans</u> means the Biovail 2007 Equity Compensation Plan, the Biovail 2004 Stock Option Plan, the Biovail 1993 Stock Option Plan, the Biovail Deferred Share Unit Plan for Canadian Directors, the Biovail Deferred Share Unit Plan for U.S. Directors and the Biovail Laboratories International SRL Deferred Share Unit Plan.

A-60

#### Table of Contents

<u>Business Day</u> means any day other than (i) a Saturday or a Sunday or (ii) a day on which banking and savings and loan institutions are authorized or required by Law to be closed in New York City.

*<u>Code</u>* means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

<u>Combined Company</u> means Valeant, the Valeant Subsidiaries, Biovail and the Biovail Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, combined in the manner currently intended by the parties.

<u>Combined Company Material Adverse Effect</u> means a Material Adverse Effect with respect to the Combined Company.

#### Equity Award Exchange Ratio means 1.7809.

ERISA means the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended.

<u>Indebtedness</u> means, with respect to any Person, without duplication, (i) all obligations of such Person for borrowed money, or with respect to deposits or advances of any kind to such Person, (ii) all obligations of such Person evidenced by bonds, debentures, notes or similar instruments, (iii) all capitalized lease obligations of such Person, (iv) all guarantees and arrangements having the economic effect of a guarantee of such Person of any Indebtedness of any other Person, or (v) all obligations or undertakings of such Person to maintain or cause to be maintained the financial position or covenants of others or to purchase the obligations or property of others.

The <u>Knowledge</u> of any Person that is not an individual means, with respect to any matter in question, the actual knowledge of the individuals set forth in Section 9.03 of the Valeant Disclosure Letter or Section 9.03 of the Biovail Disclosure Letter, as applicable, after having made due inquiry of those persons reporting directly to such individual, but without further investigation by such individual.

<u>Material Adverse Effect</u> with respect to any Person means any fact, circumstance, effect, change, event or development that materially adversely affects the business, properties, financial condition or results of operations of such Person and its Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, excluding any effect that results from or arises in connection with (i) changes or conditions generally affecting the industries in which such Person and any of its Subsidiaries operate, except to the extent such effect has a materially disproportionate effect on such Person and its Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, relative to others in the industries in which such Person and any of its Subsidiaries operate, (ii) general economic or regulatory, legislative or political conditions or securities, credit, financial or other capital markets conditions, in each case in the United States, Canada or any foreign jurisdiction, except to the extent such effect has a materially disproportionate effect on such Person and its Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, relative to others in the industries in which such Person and any of its Subsidiaries operate, (iii) any failure, in and of itself, by such Person to meet any internal or published projections, forecasts, estimates or predictions in respect of revenues, earnings or other financial or operating metrics for any period (it being understood that the facts or occurrences giving rise to or contributing to such failure may be deemed to constitute, or be taken into account in determining whether there has been or will be, a Material Adverse Effect), (iv) the execution and delivery of this Agreement or the public announcement or pendency of the Merger or any of the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement, including the impact thereof on the relationships, contractual or otherwise, of such Person or any of its Subsidiaries with employees, labor unions, customers, suppliers or partners, (v) any change, in and of itself, in the market price, credit rating or trading volume of such Person s securities (it being understood that the facts or occurrences giving rise to or contributing to such change may be deemed to constitute, or be taken into account in determining whether there has been or will be, a Material Adverse Effect), (vi) any change in applicable Law, regulation or GAAP (or authoritative interpretation thereof), except to the extent such effect has a materially disproportionate effect on such Person and its Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, relative to others in the industries in which such Person and any of its Subsidiaries

operate, (vii) geopolitical conditions, the outbreak or escalation of hostilities, any acts of war, sabotage or terrorism, or any escalation or worsening of any such acts of war, sabotage or terrorism

#### **Table of Contents**

threatened or underway as of the date of this Agreement or (viii) any hurricane, tornado, flood, earthquake or other natural disaster.

<u>*Person*</u> means any natural person, firm, corporation, partnership, company, limited liability company, trust, joint venture, association, Governmental Entity or other entity.

<u>Post-Merger Special Dividend</u> means, subject to the discretion of the Board of the Combined Company and to applicable Law, an amount contemplated to be \$1.00 per share of Biovail Common Stock, payable to holders of record of Biovail Common Stock on December 1, 2010 and contemplated to be paid on December 31, 2010, or such other record date and payment date as the Board of the Combined Company shall determine (subject to customary adjustments for any stock dividend, subdivision, reclassification, recapitalization, split, combination, exchange of shares or similar event).

Pre-Merger Special Dividend Adjustment Ratio means 1.5710.

<u>Pre-Merger Special Dividend Time</u> means the time at which payment of the Pre-Merger Special Dividend occurs.

A <u>Subsidiary</u> of any Person means another Person, an amount of the voting securities, other voting ownership or voting partnership interests of which is sufficient to elect at least a majority of its Board of Directors or other governing body (or, if there are no such voting interests, more than 50% of the equity interests of which) is owned directly or indirectly by such first Person.

*<u>Tax Return</u>* means all Tax returns, declarations, statements, reports, schedules, forms and information returns and any amended Tax return relating to Taxes.

<u>*Taxes*</u> means all taxes, customs, tariffs, imposts, levies, duties, fees or other like assessments or charges of any kind imposed by a Governmental Entity, together with all interest, penalties and additions imposed with respect to such amounts.

<u>Valeant Benefit Agreement</u> means each employment, consulting, bonus, incentive or deferred compensation, equity or equity-based compensation, severance, change in control, retention, termination or other material Contract between Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary, on the one hand, and any Valeant Personnel, on the other hand.

<u>Valeant Benefit Plan</u> means each (i) pension plan (as defined in Section 3(2) of ERISA) or post-retirement or employment health or medical plan, program, policy or arrangement, (ii) bonus, incentive or deferred compensation or equity or equity-based compensation plan, program, policy or arrangement, (iii) severance, change in control, retention or termination plan, program, policy or arrangement or (iv) other material compensation, pension, retirement savings or other benefit plan, program, policy or arrangement, in each case, sponsored, maintained, contributed to or required to be maintained or contributed to by Valeant, any Valeant Subsidiary or any Valeant Commonly Controlled Entity for the benefit of any Valeant Personnel.

<u>Valeant Commonly Controlled Entity</u> means any person or entity, other than Valeant and the Valeant Subsidiaries, that, together with Valeant, is treated as a single employer under Section 414 of the Code.

*Valeant ESPP* means the Valeant 2009 Employee Stock Purchase Plan.

Valeant Material Adverse Effect means a Material Adverse Effect with respect to Valeant.

*Valeant Personnel* means any current or former director, officer or employee of Valeant or any Valeant Subsidiary.

<u>Valeant Product</u> means any biological, drug or consumer product being tested in clinical trials, manufactured, sold or distributed by Valeant or any of the Valeant Subsidiaries.

<u>Valeant Restricted Stock Unit</u> means any restricted stock unit payable in shares of Valeant Common Stock or the value of which is determined with reference to the value of shares of Valeant Common Stock, whether granted under any Valeant Stock Plan or otherwise.

A-62

#### **Table of Contents**

<u>Valeant Stock Option</u> means any option to purchase Valeant Common Stock, whether granted under any Valeant Stock Plan or otherwise.

Valeant Stock Plans means the Valeant 2006 Equity Incentive Plan and the Valeant 2003 Equity Incentive Plan.

Section 9.04. *Interpretation.* When a reference is made in this Agreement to an Article or a Section, such reference shall be to an Article or a Section of this Agreement unless otherwise indicated. The table of contents, index of defined terms and headings contained in this Agreement are for reference purposes only and shall not affect in any way the meaning or interpretation of this Agreement. Any capitalized term used in any Exhibit but not otherwise defined therein shall have the meaning assigned to such term in this Agreement. Whenever the words include , includes or including are used in this Agreement, they shall be deemed to be followed by the words without limitation The words hereof , hereto , hereby , herein and hereunder and words of similar import when used in this Agreement shall refer to this Agreement as a whole and not to any particular provision of this Agreement. The term or is not exclusive. The word extent in the phrase to the extent shall mean the degree to which a subject or other thing extends, and such phrase shall not mean simply if . The definitions contained in this Agreement are applicable to the singular as well as the plural forms of such terms. Any agreement, instrument or Law defined or referred to herein means such agreement, instrument or Law as from time to time amended, modified or supplemented, unless otherwise specifically indicated, all references to dollars and \$ will be deemed references to the lawful money of the United States of America.

Section 9.05. <u>Severability</u>. If any term or other provision of this Agreement is invalid, illegal or incapable of being enforced by any rule or Law, or public policy, all other conditions and provisions of this Agreement shall nevertheless remain in full force and effect so long as the economic or legal substance of the transactions contemplated hereby is not affected in any manner materially adverse to any party or such party waives its rights under this Section 9.05 with respect thereto. Upon such determination that any term or other provision is invalid, illegal or incapable of being enforced, the parties hereto shall negotiate in good faith to modify this Agreement so as to effect the original intent of the parties as closely as possible in an acceptable manner to the end that transactions contemplated by this Agreement are fulfilled to the extent possible.

Section 9.06. <u>*Counterparts*</u>. This Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts, all of which shall be considered one and the same agreement, and shall become effective when one or more counterparts have been signed by each of the parties and delivered to the other parties.

Section 9.07. *Entire Agreement: No Third-Party Beneficiaries.* This Agreement, taken together with the Biovail Disclosure Letter, the Valeant Disclosure Letter and the Confidentiality Agreement, (a) constitutes the entire agreement, and supersedes all prior agreements and understandings, both written and oral, between the parties with respect to the Merger and the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement and (b) except for Section 6.05, is not intended to confer upon any Person other than the parties any rights or remedies.

Section 9.08. <u>GOVERNING LAW</u>. THIS AGREEMENT SHALL BE GOVERNED BY, AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH, THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE, REGARDLESS OF THE LAWS THAT MIGHT OTHERWISE GOVERN UNDER ANY APPLICABLE PRINCIPLES OF CONFLICTS OF LAWS OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE.

Section 9.09. <u>Assignment</u>. Neither this Agreement nor any of the rights, interests or obligations under this Agreement shall be assigned, in whole or in part, by operation of Law or otherwise by any of the parties without the prior written consent of the other parties. Any purported assignment without such consent shall be void. Subject to the preceding sentences, this Agreement will be binding upon, inure to the benefit of, and be enforceable by, the parties and their

respective successors and assigns.

Section 9.10. <u>Specific Enforcement</u>. The parties acknowledge and agree that irreparable damage would occur in the event that any of the provisions of this Agreement were not performed in accordance with their specific terms or were otherwise breached, and that monetary damages, even if available, would not be an adequate remedy therefor. It is accordingly agreed that, prior to the termination of this Agreement pursuant to Article VIII, the parties shall be entitled to an injunction or injunctions to prevent breaches of this Agreement and to enforce specifically the

A-63

#### Table of Contents

performance of terms and provisions of this Agreement in any court referred to in clause (a) below, without proof of actual damages (and each party hereby waives any requirement for the securing or posting of any bond in connection with such remedy), this being in addition to any other remedy to which they are entitled at law or in equity. The parties further agree not to assert that a remedy of specific enforcement is unenforceable, invalid, contrary to Law or inequitable for any reason, nor to assert that a remedy of monetary damages would provide an adequate remedy for any such breach. In addition, each of the parties hereto (a) consents to submit itself to the personal jurisdiction of any Delaware state court or any Federal court located in the State of Delaware in the event any dispute arises out of this Agreement, the Merger or any of the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement, (b) agrees that it will not attempt to deny or defeat such personal jurisdiction by motion or other request for leave from any such court and (c) agrees that it will not bring any action relating to this Agreement, the Merger or any of the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement court sitting in the State of Delaware.

Section 9.11. <u>Waiver of Jury Trial</u>. Each party hereto hereby waives, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable Law, any right it may have to a trial by jury in respect of any suit, action or other proceeding arising out of this Agreement, the Merger or any of the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement. Each party hereto (a) certifies that no representative, agent or attorney of any other party has represented, expressly or otherwise, that such party would not, in the event of any action, suit or proceeding, seek to enforce the foregoing waiver and (b) acknowledges that it and the other parties hereto have been induced to enter into this Agreement by, among other things, the mutual waiver and certifications in this Section 9.11.

[Remainder of page left intentionally blank]

A-64

#### Table of Contents

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Valeant, Biovail, BAC and Merger Sub have duly executed this Agreement, both as of the date first written above.

VALEANT PHARMACEUTICALS INTERNATIONAL,

Name: J. Michael Pearson Title: Chief Executive Officer	by /s/ J. Michael Pearson
BIOVAIL CORPORATION,	
Name: William M. Wells Title: Chief Executive Officer	by /s/ William M. Wells
BIOVAIL AMERICAS CORP.,	
Name: Gilbert Godin Title: President	by /s/ Gilbert Godin
BEACH MERGER CORP.,	
Name: William M. Wells Title: President	by /s/ William M. Wells
	A-65

### Table of Contents

# **Index of Defined Terms**

<u>Term</u>	Section
Accelerated RSU	6.04(b)
Accelerated Valeant RSU Shares	6.04(b)
Acquisition Agreement	5.02(b)
Affiliate	9.03
Agreement	Preamble
Appraisal Shares	2.01(d)
BAC	Preamble
Biovail	Preamble
Biovail Adverse Recommendation Change	5.02(b)
Biovail Benefit Agreement	9.03
Biovail Benefit Plan	9.03
Biovail Board	3.04(a)
Biovail By-laws	3.01
Biovail Capital Stock	3.03(a)
Biovail Charter	3.01
Biovail Class A Stock	3.03(a)
Biovail Common Stock	2.01(c)
Biovail Commonly Controlled Entity	9.03
Biovail Convertible Notes	3.03(a)
Biovail Deferred Share Unit	9.03
Biovail Disclosure Letter	Article III
Biovail Financial Advisor	3.20
Biovail Indemnitees	6.05(b)
Biovail Intervening Event	5.02(b)
Biovail Material Adverse Effect	9.03
Biovail Material Contract	3.14(b)
Biovail Notice of Recommendation Change	5.02(b)
Biovail Permits	3.01
Biovail Personnel	9.03
Biovail Product	9.03
Biovail Regulatory Agency	3.17(a)
Biovail Regulatory Permits	3.17(a)
Biovail Reporting Documents	3.06(a)
Biovail Restricted Stock Unit	9.03
Biovail-selected Directors	Exhibit A
Biovail Stock Option	9.03
Biovail Stock Plans	9.03
Biovail Stockholder Approval	3.04(a)
Biovail Stockholders Meeting	3.04(a)
Biovail Subsidiaries	3.01(a)
Biovail Takeover Proposal	5.02(e)
Biovail Termination Fee	6.06(b)
Biovail Voting Debt	3.03(b)
Business Day	9.03

Canadian Securities Authorities	3.05(b)
Canadian Securities Laws	3.05(b)
CBCA	3.03(b)

A-Index of Defined Terms

### Table of Contents

<u>Term</u>	<u>Section</u>
CDSA	3.17(a)
Certificate	2.01(c)
Certificate of Merger	1.03
chief executive officer	3.06(d)
chief financial officer	3.06(d)
Closing	1.02
Closing Date	1.02
Code	9.03
Combined Company	9.03
Combined Company Material Adverse Effect	9.03
Commissioner	7.01(c)
Commitment Letter	6.11(a)
Competition Act	3.05(b)
Confidentiality Agreement	6.02
Consent	3.05(b)
Contract	3.05(a)
Converted Shares	2.01(a)
DGCL	1.01
Effective Time	1.03
EMEA	3.17(e)
End Date	8.01(b)
Environmental Claim	3.13(b)
Environmental Laws	3.13(b)
Equity Award Exchange Ratio	9.03
ERISA	9.03
Exchange Act	3.05(b)
Exchange Agent	2.02(a)
Exchange Fund	2.02(a)
Exchange Ratio	2.01(c)
FCPA	3.12
FDA	3.17(a)
FDCA	3.17(a)
Filed Biovail Contract	3.14(a)
Filed Biovail Reporting Documents	Article III
Filed Valeant Contract	4.14(a)
Filed Valeant Reporting Documents	Article IV
Financing Financing Sources	6.11(a)
Financing Sources Food and Drugs Act	6.11(a)
Form S-4	3.17(a) 3.05(b)
GAAP	
GAAP Governmental Entity	3.06(b) 3.05(b)
Hazardous Materials	3.13(b)
HSR Act	3.05(b)
Indebtedness	9.03
Income Tax Act	3.10(e)
	5.10(0)

Indemnitees Intellectual Property 6.05(c) 3.16(a)

A-Index of Defined Terms

#### Table of Contents

<u>Term</u>	<b>Section</b>
Intended Tax Treatment	Recitals
Issued Shares	2.01(a)
Joinder Agreement	6.14
Joint Proxy Statement	6.01(a)
Judgment	3.05(a)
Knowledge	9.03
Law	3.05(a)
Legal Restraints	7.01(d)
Liens	3.02(a)
Material Adverse Effect	9.03
material weakness	3.06(h)
Merger	1.01
Merger Consideration	2.01(c)
Merger Sub	Preamble
Merger Sub Common Stock	2.01(a)
Name Change	3.04(a)
New Independent Director	Exhibit A
New Merger Sub	6.14
No-Action Letter	7.01(c)
NYSE	2.02(e)
Permits	3.01
Person	9.03
PHSA	3.17(a)
Post-Merger Special Dividend	9.03
Pre-Merger Special Dividend	6.17
Pre-Merger Special Dividend Adjustment Ratio	9.03
Pre-Merger Special Dividend Time	9.03
Release	3.13(b)
Representatives	5.02(a)
SEC	3.05(b)
Section 262	2.01(d)
Securities Act	3.05(b)
Share Issuance	3.04(a)
Single Trigger RSU	6.04(b)
significant deficiency	3.06(h)
SOX	3.06(b)
Subsidiary	9.03
Superior Biovail Proposal	5.02(e)
Superior Valeant Proposal	5.03(e)
Surviving Company	1.01
Surviving Company Common Stock	2.01(a)
Tax Return Taxes	9.03 9.03
TSX	9.03 3.04(a)
Valeant	Preamble
Valeant 3.0% Convertible Notes	4.03(a)
valeant 5.070 Convertible roles	+.05(a)

# Table of Contents

Valeant Adverse Recommendation Change Valeant Adjusted PSU

5.03(b) 6.04(c)

A-Index of Defined Terms

<u>Term</u>	Section
Valeant Adjusted PSU Shares	6.04(c)
Valeant Benefit Agreement	9.03
Valeant Benefit Plan	9.03
Valeant Board	4.04(a)
Valeant Board Nomination Agreement	4.03(c)
Valeant By-laws	4.01
Valeant Capital Stock	4.03(a)
Valeant Charter	4.01
Valeant Common Stock	2.01(b)
Valeant Commonly Controlled Entity	9.03
Valeant Convertible Notes	4.03(a)
Valeant Convertible Notes Indenture	4.03(b)
Valeant Disclosure Letter	Article IV
Valeant ESPP	9.03
Valeant Financial Advisors	4.20
Valeant Indemnitees	6.05(c)
Valeant Intervening Event	5.03(b)
Valeant Material Adverse Effect	9.03
Valeant Material Contract	4.14(b)
Valeant Notice of Recommendation Change	5.03(b)
Valeant Performance-Based Restricted Stock Unit	6.04(c)
Valeant Permits	4.01
Valeant Personnel	9.03
Valeant Preferred Stock	4.03(a)
Valeant Product	9.03
Valeant Regulatory Agency	4.17(a)
Valeant Regulatory Permits	4.17(a)
Valeant Reporting Documents	4.06(a)
Valeant Restricted Stock Unit	9.03
Valeant Stock Option	9.03
Valeant Stock Plan Assumption	6.04(e)
Valeant Stock Plans	9.03
Valeant Stockholder Approval	4.04(a)
Valeant Stockholders Meeting	4.04(a)
Valeant Subsidiaries	4.01
Valeant Takeover Proposal	5.03(e)
Valeant Time-Based Restricted Stock Units	6.04(b)
Valeant Termination Fee	6.06(c)
Valeant Voting Debt	4.03(c)
Valeant Warrants	4.03(a)
Valeant-selected Directors	Exhibit A

A-Index of Defined Terms

### EXHIBIT A

#### **Governance Matters**

(a) Biovail shall take all necessary action to cause, effective at the Effective Time, William M. Wells to be appointed as non-executive Chairman of the Board of the Combined Company. If Mr. William M. Wells is not a member of the Biovail Board immediately prior to the Effective Time, Valeant and Biovail shall agree upon a replacement from the Biovail Board to be appointed non-executive Chairman of the Board of the Combined Company at the Effective Time.

(b) Biovail shall take all necessary action to cause, effective at the Effective Time, J. Michael Pearson to be appointed the Chief Executive Officer of the Combined Company. If Mr. Pearson is not the Chief Executive Officer of Valeant immediately prior to the Effective Time, Valeant and Biovail shall agree upon a replacement to be appointed Chief Executive Officer of the Combined Company at the Effective Time.

(c) Biovail shall take all necessary action to cause, effective at the Effective Time, Robert A. Ingram to be appointed as Lead Director of the Board of the Combined Company. If Mr. Ingram is not a member of the Valeant Board immediately prior to the Effective Time, Valeant and Biovail shall agree upon a replacement from the Valeant Board to be appointed Lead Director of the Board of the Combined Company at the Effective Time.

(d) Biovail shall take all necessary action to cause, effective at the Effective Time, Michael R. Van Every, a resident Canadian (as defined under the Canada Business Corporations Act), to continue as Chairman of the Audit Committee of the Board of the Combined Company. If Mr. Van Every is not a member of the Biovail Board immediately prior to the Effective Time, Valeant and Biovail shall agree upon a replacement from the Biovail Board to be appointed Chairman of the Audit Committee of the Board of the Combined Company at the Effective Time.

(e) Biovail shall take all necessary action to cause, effective at the Effective Time, the Board of the Combined Company to consist of (i) the four individuals listed above, (ii) three directors selected by Biovail (together with Mr. Van Every (or his replacement), the <u>Biovail-selected Directors</u>), one of whom is a resident Canadian (as defined under the Canada Business Corporations Act), (iii) three directors selected by Valeant (together with Mr. Ingram (or his replacement), the <u>Valeant-selected Directors</u>), and (iv) one independent director who is recruited by a search firm that is mutually retained by Biovail and Valeant, which director (A) shall be selected by Valeant from a list of candidates presented by such firm, (B) shall be subject to the approval of Biovail and (C) shall be a resident Canadian (as defined under the Canada Business Corporations Act) (the <u>New Independent Director</u>).

(f) Biovail shall take all necessary action to cause, effective at the Effective Time, the Chairman of the Compensation Committee of the Board of the Combined Company to be a Biovail-selected Director. Biovail shall take all necessary action to cause, effective at the Effective Time, the Chairman of each of the Risk and Compliance Committee and the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee to be a Valeant-selected Director.

(g) Biovail shall take all necessary action to cause, effective at the Effective Time, each committee of the Board of the Combined Company (other than the Compensation Committee) to have an equal number of Valeant-selected Directors and Biovail-selected Directors as members, <u>provided</u> that such committees may also include the New Independent Director.

(h) Biovail shall take all necessary action to cause, effective at the Effective Time, the Compensation Committee of the Board of the Combined Company to consist of only three members, and Biovail shall take all necessary action to cause, effective at the Effective Time, two of the members of the Compensation Committee of the Board of the Combined Company to be Valeant-selected Directors.

(i) No committee of the Board of the Combined Company other than those identified in this Exhibit A shall be formed prior to the first meeting of the Biovail Board following such time as the Valeant-selected Directors are appointed to the Board of the Combined Company without the written consent of Valeant.

### EXHIBIT B

### Form of Joinder Agreement

JOINDER AGREEMENT (this <u>Agreement</u>), dated as of [], 2010, among Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, a Delaware corporation (<u>Valeant</u>), Biovail Corporation, a Canadian corporation (<u>Biovail</u>), and [New Merger Sub], a Delaware corporation (<u>New Merger Sub</u>).

WHEREAS, Section 6.14 of the Agreement and Plan of Merger (the <u>Merger Agreement</u>), dated as of June 20, 2010, between Valeant, Biovail, Biovail Americas Corp., a Delaware corporation, and Beach Merger Corp., a Delaware corporation ( Merger Sub ), contemplates that New Merger Sub will become a party to the Merger Agreement; and

WHEREAS, Valeant, Biovail and New Merger Sub have agreed that New Merger Sub will become a party to the Merger Agreement.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing, the parties hereto agree as follows:

Section 1.01. Each capitalized term used but not defined herein shall has the meaning assigned to it in the Merger Agreement.

Section 1.02. All references in the Merger Agreement to Merger Sub shall be deemed to refer to New Merger Sub.

Section 1.02. Biovail and New Merger Sub jointly and severally represent and warrant to Valeant that the statements contained in this Section 1.03 are true and correct:

(a) BAC is the sole stockholder of New Merger Sub. Since its date of formation, New Merger Sub has not carried on any business nor conducted any operations other than the execution of this Agreement, the performance of its obligations under this Agreement and the Merger Agreement and matters ancillary thereto.

(b) New Merger Sub has all requisite corporate power and authority to execute and deliver this Agreement, to perform its respective obligations under this Agreement and the Merger Agreement and to consummate the Merger and the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement and the Merger Agreement, subject, in the case of the Share Issuance, to the receipt of the Biovail Stockholder Approval and, in the case of the Merger, for the approval of this Agreement by Biovail as the sole stockholder of New Merger Sub. The Board of Directors of New Merger Sub has adopted resolutions, by unanimous written consent, (i) approving this Agreement, (ii) determining that the terms of this Agreement are in the best interests of New Merger Sub and Biovail, as its sole stockholder, (iii) declaring this Agreement advisable and (iv) recommending that Biovail, as sole stockholder of New Merger Sub, adopt this Agreement and directing that this Agreement be submitted to Biovail, as sole stockholder of New Merger Sub, for adoption. Such resolutions have not been amended or withdrawn. Except (A) solely in the case of the Share Issuance, for the Biovail Stockholder Approval and (B) solely in the case of the Merger, for the adoption of the Joinder Agreement by Biovail as the sole stockholder of New Merger Sub, no other corporate proceedings on the part of New Merger Sub are necessary to authorize, adopt or approve, as applicable, this Agreement or to consummate the Merger and the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement and Merger Agreement (except for the filing of the appropriate merger documents as required by the DGCL). New Merger Sub has duly executed and delivered this Agreement and, assuming the due authorization, execution and delivery by Biovail and Valeant, this Agreement constitutes its legal, valid and binding obligation, enforceable against it in accordance with its terms.

Section 1.03. New Merger Sub hereby becomes a party to the Merger Agreement with the same force and effect as if originally named as a party therein and hereby agrees to all the terms and provisions of the Merger Agreement

applicable to it.

Section 1.04. This Agreement shall for all purposes be deemed to be a part of the Merger Agreement and shall be subject to all of the provisions thereof.

[Remainder of page left intentionally blank]

#### Table of Contents

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Valeant, Biovail and Merger Sub have duly executed this Agreement, all as of the date first written above.

# VALEANT PHARMACEUTICALS INTERNATIONAL,

Name: Title:	by
BIOVAIL CORPORATION,	
Name: Title:	by
BIOVAIL AMERICAS CORP.,	
Name: Title:	by
BEACH MERGER CORP.,	
Name: Title:	by
A-E	xhibit B-2

#### Table of Contents

### GOLDMAN SACHS BANK USA GOLDMAN SACHS LENDING PARTNERS LLC 200 West Street New York, New York 10282

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL

MORGAN STANLEY SENIOR FUNDING, INC. 1585 Broadway New York, New York 10036 JEFFERIES GROUP, INC. 520 Madison Avenue New York, New York 10022

June 20, 2010

Exhibit C

Valeant Pharmaceuticals International One Enterprise Aliso Viejo, California 92656 Attention: Peter Blott

Biovail Corporation 7150 Mississauga Road Mississauga, Ontario L5N 8M5 Attention: Peggy Mulligan

Commitment Letter

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We are pleased to confirm the arrangements under which each of Goldman Sachs Bank USA (**GS Bank**), Goldman Sachs Lending Partners LLC (**GSLP** and, together with GS Bank, **Goldman Sachs**), Jefferies Group, Inc. (**Jefferies**) and Morgan Stanley Senior Funding, Inc. (**Morgan Stanley**, and together with Goldman Sachs and Jefferies, the **Commitment Parties**) is exclusively authorized by Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, a Delaware corporation (the **Company**) and Biovail Corporation, a Canadian corporation (together with its subsidiaries, the **Merger Party** and, together with the Company, **you**), to act as joint lead arranger, joint bookrunner and joint syndication agent in connection with, and commits to provide the financing for, certain transactions described herein, in each case on the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in this letter and the attached Annexes A, B and C hereto (collectively, this **Commitment Letter**). Capitalized terms used but not defined herein have the respective meanings given in the Annexes hereto.

You have informed the Commitment Parties that the Company intends to consummate a merger transaction with the Merger Party, pursuant to which the Company will merge (the **Merger**) with and into a newly-formed, wholly-owned subsidiary of the Merger Party, with the Company as the surviving entity. In connection with, and immediately prior to, the Merger, the Company will (i) tender for or call for redemption all of the Company s 8.375% Senior Notes due 2016 (the **2016 Notes**) and all of the Company s 7.625% Senior Notes due 2020 (the **2020 Notes** and, together with the 2016 Notes, the **Existing Notes**) and solicit consents from the holders of the Existing Notes to amend the indentures pursuant to which the Existing Notes were issued (the repayment of such Existing Notes, along with any related fees, expenses and premiums, and the consent solicitation of the holders of the Existing Notes, along with any related fees and expenses, collectively, the **Refinancing**) upon terms and conditions reasonably satisfactory to the Commitment Parties and (ii) pay a cash dividend of \$1,314.0 million to the Company s existing shareholders (the **Dividend**). You

have also informed us that the Refinancing, the Dividend, the Post-Merger Special Dividend (as defined in the Merger Agreement), the Transaction Expenses and the working capital requirements of the Company and the Merger Party after consummation of the Merger will be financed from the following sources:

\$500.0 million under a senior secured term loan A facility (the **Term A Facility** ) having the terms set forth on Annex B;

#### Table of Contents

up to \$2,272.0 million under a senior secured term loan B facility (the **Term B Facility** and, together with the Term A Facility, the **Term Facilities**) having the terms set forth on Annex B, which shall be available to the Company as follows:

up to \$1,972.0 million shall be available on the Closing Date to fund the Refinancing and the Dividend;

\$300.0 million shall be available on or prior to the later of (i) December 31, 2010 or (ii) 60 days after the Closing Date, to fund the Post-Merger Special Dividend to the shareholders of Parent after the consummation of the Merger;

*provided* that the amount of the Term B Facility available to the Company on the Closing Date shall be reduced on a dollar-for-dollar basis by (i) the net proceeds of any issuance of debt securities (the **Securities**) consummated by the Company after the date hereof and on or prior to the Closing Date, (ii) the aggregate principal amount of Existing Notes that remain outstanding on the Closing Date, after giving effect to the making of the loans under the Senior Facilities and the Refinancing and (iii) 50% of the net proceeds from the sale of properties or assets or any interests therein that, individually or in a series of related transactions, generate net proceeds in excess of \$25.0 million, until the aggregate net proceeds after the date hereof equals \$400.0 million and then 100% of any additional asset sale proceeds (except for sales of pharmaceutical products in the ordinary course of business, which shall not be subject to this clause (iii)); and

\$250.0 million under a senior secured revolving credit facility (the **Revolving Facility**; and, together with the Term Facilities, the **Senior Facilities**) having the terms set forth on Annex B.

#### 1. Commitments: Titles and Roles.

Each of GSLP, Morgan Stanley and Jefferies is pleased to confirm its commitment to act, and you hereby appoint each of GSLP, Morgan Stanley and Jefferies to act, as joint lead arranger, joint bookrunner and joint syndication agent in connection with the Senior Facilities and (i) GS Bank is pleased to advise you of its several (but not joint) commitment to provide the Borrower with 45% of the Senior Facilities, (ii) Morgan Stanley is pleased to advise you of its several (but not joint) commitment to provide the Borrower with 45% of the Senior Facilities, and (iii) Jefferies is pleased to advise you of its several (but not joint) commitment to provide the Borrower with 10% of the Senior Facilities, in each case on the terms and subject to the conditions contained in this Commitment Letter and the Fee Letter (referred to below). In addition, you hereby appoint GSLP to act as administrative agent (the **Administrative Agent**) for the Senior Facilities. You agree that GSLP will have left placement in any and all marketing materials or other documentation used in connection with the Senior Facilities. You further agree that no other titles will be awarded and no compensation (other than that expressly contemplated by this Commitment Letter and the Fee Letter referred to below) will be paid in connection with the Senior Facilities unless you and we shall so agree. Our fees for our commitment and for services related to the Senior Facilities are set forth in a separate fee letter (the **Fee Letter**) entered into by the Company, the Merger Party and the Commitment Parties on the date hereof.

### 2. Conditions Precedent.

Each Commitment Party s commitment and agreements hereunder are subject to the following condition: since January 1, 2010, there has not occurred any fact, circumstance, effect, change, event or development that, individually or in the aggregate, has had or would reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect (as defined below) on either the Company and its subsidiaries or the Merger Party. Each Commitment Party s commitments and agreements are also subject to the satisfactory negotiation, execution and delivery of appropriate definitive loan documents relating to the Senior Facilities including, without limitation, credit agreements, guarantees, security agreements,

pledge agreements, real property security agreements, opinions of counsel and other related definitive documents (collectively, the **Loan Documents**) to be based upon and substantially consistent with the terms set forth in this Commitment Letter (it being agreed that the Loan Documents shall not contain any conditions precedent to the initial borrowing under the Senior Facilities on the Closing Date other than the conditions precedent expressly set forth herein and in Annexes B and C hereto, and the terms of the Loan Documents will be such that they do not impair the availability of the Senior Facilities on the Closing Date if such conditions are satisfied, it being understood that, to the extent the creation or perfection of any security interest in

the collateral (as contemplated in Annex B hereto) is not or cannot be provided or perfected on the Closing Date (other than (i) the pledge and perfection of collateral with respect to which a lien may be perfected solely by the filing of financing statements under the Uniform Commercial Code, (ii) filings with the U.S. patent and trademark office and the U.S. copyright office with respect to intellectual property collateral and (iii) to the extent applicable, the delivery of certificated securities representing intercompany debt or equity interests required to constitute collateral and related security powers) after your use of commercially reasonable efforts to do so, then the creation or perfection, as the case may be, of such security interest shall not constitute a condition precedent to the availability of the Senior Facilities on the Closing Date, but shall instead be provided as promptly as reasonably practicable after the Closing Date (and in any event within 30 days after the Closing Date plus any extensions granted by the Administrative Agent in its sole discretion) pursuant to arrangements to be mutually agreed upon by the Company and the Administrative Agent). Each Commitment Party s commitment is also subject to the Company having entered into an engagement letter with one or more investment banks (the **Investment Banks**) reasonably acceptable to the Commitment Parties, pursuant to which the Company engaged the Investment Banks in connection with a potential issuance of Securities.

As used in the prior paragraph, Material Adverse Effect means, with respect to any person, any fact, circumstance, effect, change, event or development that materially adversely affects the business, properties, financial condition or results of operations of such person and its subsidiaries, taken as a whole, excluding any effect that results from or arises in connection with (i) changes or conditions generally affecting the industries in which such person and any of its subsidiaries operate, except to the extent such effect has a materially disproportionate effect on such person and its subsidiaries, taken as a whole, relative to others in the industries in which such person and any of its subsidiaries operate, (ii) general economic or regulatory, legislative or political conditions or securities, credit, financial or other capital markets conditions, in each case in the United States, Canada or any foreign jurisdiction, except to the extent such effect has a materially disproportionate effect on such person and its subsidiaries, taken as a whole, relative to others in the industries in which such person and any of its subsidiaries operate, (iii) any failure, in and of itself, by such person to meet any internal or published projections, forecasts, estimates or predictions in respect of revenues, earnings or other financial or operating metrics for any period (it being understood that the facts or occurrences giving rise to or contributing to such failure may be deemed to constitute, or be taken into account in determining whether there has been or will be, a Material Adverse Effect), (iv) the execution and delivery of the Merger Agreement or the public announcement or pendency of the Merger or any of the other transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement, including the impact thereof on the relationships, contractual or otherwise, of such person or any of its subsidiaries with employees, labor unions, customers, suppliers or partners, (v) any change, in and of itself, in the market price, credit rating or trading volume of such person s securities (it being understood that the facts or occurrences giving rise to or contributing to such change may be deemed to constitute, or be taken into account in determining whether there has been or will be, a Material Adverse Effect), (vi) any change in applicable Law (as defined in the Merger Agreement), regulation or GAAP (or authoritative interpretation thereof), except to the extent such effect has a materially disproportionate effect on such person and its subsidiaries, taken as a whole, relative to others in the industries in which such person and any of its subsidiaries operate, (vii) geopolitical conditions, the outbreak or escalation of hostilities, any acts of war, sabotage or terrorism, or any escalation or worsening of any such acts of war, sabotage or terrorism threatened or underway as of the date of the Merger Agreement or (viii) any hurricane, tornado, flood, earthquake or other natural disaster.

Notwithstanding anything in this Commitment Letter, the Fee Letter or the Loan Documents to the contrary, the only representations relating to the Company, the Merger Party and their respective subsidiaries the accuracy of which will be a condition to the availability of the Senior Facilities on the Closing Date will be (i) the representations made by or with respect to the Company, the Merger Party and their respective subsidiaries in the Merger Agreement (but only to the extent that the Company or the Merger Party has the right to terminate its obligations under the Merger Agreement or decline to consummate the Merger as a result of a breach of such representations and warranties in the Merger Agreement) and (ii) the Specified Representations (as defined below).

As used herein, **Specified Representations** means representations relating to incorporation or formation; organizational power and authority to enter into the documentation relating to the Senior Facilities; due execution; delivery and enforceability of such documentation; solvency; no conflicts with laws; charter documents or material

agreements; Federal Reserve margin regulations; the Investment Company Act, Patriot Act; status of the Senior Facilities as first lien senior debt; and, except as provided above, the creation, perfection and priority of the security interests granted in the proposed collateral.

### 3. Syndication.

The Arrangers intend, and reserve the right, to syndicate the Senior Facilities to the Lenders promptly following the date hereof, and you acknowledge and agree that the commencement of syndication shall occur in the discretion of the Arrangers. The Arrangers will select the Lenders after consultation with you. The Arrangers will lead the syndication, including determining the timing of all offers to potential Lenders, any title of agent or similar designations or roles awarded to any Lender and the acceptance of commitments, the amounts offered and the compensation provided to each Lender from the amounts to be paid to the Arrangers pursuant to the terms of this Commitment Letter and the Fee Letter. The Arrangers will, in consultation with you, determine the final commitment allocations and will notify the Company of such determinations. You agree to use commercially reasonable efforts to ensure that the Arrangers syndication efforts benefit from the existing lending relationships of the Company and the Merger Party and their respective subsidiaries. To facilitate an orderly and successful syndication of the Senior Facilities, you agree that, until the earliest of (x) the termination of the syndication as determined by the Arrangers, (y) the consummation of a Successful Syndication (as defined in the Fee Letter) and (z) 90 days after the Closing Date, neither the Company nor the Merger Party (including, in each case, their respective subsidiaries) will syndicate or issue, attempt to syndicate or issue, announce or authorize the announcement of the syndication or issuance of, any debt facility or any debt or equity security of the Merger Party or the Company or any of their respective subsidiaries or affiliates (other than (a) the Senior Facilities and other indebtedness contemplated hereby to remain outstanding after the Closing Date and (b) the issuance of (i) common equity of the Merger Party to shareholders of the Company on the Closing Date, (ii) the Securities (if any), (iii) equity issued in connection with the conversion of any convertible debt securities of the Company, hedging arrangements or warrants and (iv) equity pursuant to employee stock plans of the Company and the Merger Party and other similar arrangements to be mutually agreed upon by you and the Arrangers) without the prior written consent of the Arrangers.

You agree to cooperate with the Commitment Parties, in connection with (i) the preparation of one or more information packages regarding the business, operations and financial projections of the Company and the Merger Party (collectively, the Confidential Information Memorandum ) including, without limitation, all information relating to the transactions contemplated hereunder prepared by or on behalf of the Company or the Merger Party deemed reasonably necessary by the Commitment Parties to complete the syndication of the Senior Facilities including, without limitation, using commercially reasonable efforts to obtain (a) a public corporate family rating from Moody s Investor Services, Inc. ( Moody s ) for the Company, (b) a public corporate credit rating from Standard & Poor s Ratings Group, a division of The McGraw Hill Corporation (S&P)) for the Company and (c) a public credit rating for the Senior Facilities from each of Moody s and S&P, and (ii) the presentation of one or more information packages reasonably acceptable in format and content to the Commitment Parties (collectively, the Lender **Presentation** ) in meetings and other communications with prospective Lenders or agents in connection with the syndication of the Senior Facilities (including, without limitation, direct contact between senior management and representatives, with appropriate seniority and expertise, of the Company and the Merger Party with prospective Lenders and participation of such persons in meetings). You further agree that the commitments and agreements of the Commitment Parties hereunder are conditioned upon your satisfaction of the requirements of the foregoing provisions of this paragraph by a date sufficient to afford the Arrangers a period of at least 30 consecutive days following the launch of the general syndication of the Senior Facilities to syndicate the Senior Facilities prior to the Closing Date (as defined in Annex B); *provided* that such period will not include any day from and including August 23, 2010 through September 6, 2010 or December 18, 2010 through January 3, 2011. You will be solely responsible for the contents of any such Confidential Information Memorandum and Lender Presentation (other than, in each case, any information contained therein that has been provided for inclusion therein by the Commitment Parties solely to the extent such

information relates to the Commitment Parties) and all other information, documentation or materials delivered to the Arrangers in connection therewith (collectively, the **Information**) and you acknowledge that the Commitment Parties will be using and relying upon the Information without independent verification thereof. You agree that Information regarding the Senior Facilities and

Information provided by the Company and the Merger Party or their respective representatives to the Arrangers in connection with the Senior Facilities (including, without limitation, draft and execution versions of the Loan Documents, the Confidential Information Memorandum, the Lender Presentation, publicly filed financial statements, and draft or final offering materials relating to contemporaneous securities issuances by the Company or the Merger Party) may be disseminated to potential Lenders and other persons through one or more internet sites (including an IntraLinks, SyndTrak or other electronic workspace (the **Platform** )) created for purposes of syndicating the Senior Facilities or otherwise, in accordance with the Arrangers standard syndication practices, and you acknowledge that neither the Arrangers nor any of their affiliates will be responsible or liable to you or any other person or entity for damages arising from the use by others of any Information or other materials obtained on the Platform, except, in the case of damages to you but not to any other person, to the extent such damages are found by a final judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction to arise from the gross negligence or willful misconduct of any Arranger or any of its affiliates or any of their respective directors, employees, advisors or agents.

You acknowledge that certain of the Lenders may be public side Lenders (i.e. Lenders that do not wish to receive material non-public information with respect to the Company, the Merger Party or their respective affiliates or any of its or their respective securities) (each, a **Public Lender**). At the request of the Arrangers, you agree to prepare an additional version of the Confidential Information Memorandum and the Lender Presentation to be used by Public Lenders that does not contain material non-public information concerning the Company, the Merger Party or their respective affiliates or securities. It is understood that in connection with your assistance described above, at the request of the Arrangers, you will provide, and cause all other applicable persons to provide, authorization letters to the Arrangers authorizing the distribution of the Information to prospective Lenders, containing a representation to the Arrangers that the public-side version does not include material non-public information about the Company, the Merger Party or their respective affiliates or its or their respective securities. In addition, you will clearly designate as such all Information provided to the Commitment Parties by or on behalf of the Company or the Merger Party which is suitable to make available to Public Lenders. You acknowledge and agree that the following documents may be distributed to Public Lenders, unless you advise the Arrangers in writing (including by email) within a reasonable time prior to their intended distributions that such material should only be distributed to prospective Lenders that are not Public Lenders: (a) drafts and final versions of the Loan Documents; (b) administrative materials prepared by the Arrangers for prospective Lenders (such as a lender meeting invitation, allocations and funding and closing memoranda); and (c) term sheets and notification of changes in the terms of the Senior Facilities.

## 4. Information.

You represent and covenant that (i) all written Information (other than financial projections and information of a general economic or industry specific nature) provided directly or indirectly by the Merger Party or the Company to the Commitment Parties or the Lenders in connection with the transactions contemplated hereunder is and will be, when furnished and when taken as a whole and giving effect to all supplements thereto, complete and correct in all material respects and does not and will not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements contained therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not materially misleading and (ii) the financial projections that have been or will be made available to the Arrangers or the Lenders in connection with the transactions contemplated hereunder by or on behalf of the Company or the Merger Party have been and will be prepared in good faith based upon assumptions that are believed by the preparer thereof to be reasonable at the time such financial projections are furnished to the Commitment Parties or the Lenders, it being understood and agreed that financial projections are not a guarantee of financial performance and actual results may differ from financial projections and such differences may be material. You agree that if at any time prior to the Successful Syndication of the Senior Facilities as determined by the Arrangers, any of the representations in the preceding sentence would be incorrect in any material respect if the Information and financial projections were being furnished, and such representations were being made, at such time, then you will promptly supplement, or cause to be supplemented, the Information and financial projections so that such representations will be correct in all material

respects under those circumstances.

### 5. Indemnification and Related Matters.

In connection with arrangements such as this, it is the Commitment Parties policy to receive indemnification. You agree to the provisions with respect to our indemnity and other matters set forth in Annex A, which is incorporated by reference into this Commitment Letter.

### 6. Assignments; Amendments.

This Commitment Letter may not be assigned by you without the prior written consent of the Commitment Parties (and any purported assignment without such consent will be null and void), is intended to be solely for the benefit of the Commitment Parties and the other parties hereto and, except as set forth in Annex A hereto, is not intended to confer any benefits upon, or create any rights in favor of, any person other than the parties hereto. Each of the Commitment Parties may assign its commitments and agreements hereunder, in whole or in part, to any of its affiliates (provided that such affiliates agree to abide by the confidentiality provisions of Section 7 of this Commitment Letter) and, as provided above, to any Lender prior to the Closing Date; *provided* that any assignment by a Commitment Party to any potential Lender made prior to the Closing Date shall not relieve such Commitment Party of its obligations set forth herein to fund that portion of the commitments so assigned. Neither this Commitment Letter nor the Fee Letter may be amended or any term or provision hereof or thereof waived or otherwise modified except by an instrument in writing signed by each of the parties hereto or thereto, as applicable, and any term or provision hereof or thereof may be amended or waived only by a written agreement executed and delivered by all parties hereto or thereto.

### 7. Confidentiality.

Please note that this Commitment Letter, the Fee Letter and any written communications provided by, or oral discussions with, the Commitment Parties in connection with this arrangement are exclusively for the information of the Company and the Merger Party and may not be disclosed to any third party or circulated or referred to publicly without our prior written consent except, after providing written notice to the Commitment Parties, pursuant to a subpoena or order issued by a court of competent jurisdiction or by a judicial, administrative or legislative body or committee; provided that we hereby consent to your disclosure of (i) this Commitment Letter, the Fee Letter and such communications and discussions to the Company s and the Merger Party s respective directors, employees, agents and advisors who are directly involved in the consideration of the Senior Facilities and who have been informed by you of the confidential nature of such advice and the Commitment Letter and Fee Letter and who have agreed to treat such information confidentially, (ii) this Commitment Letter, the Fee Letter and such communications and discussions as required by applicable law, rule or regulation or compulsory legal process (in which case you agree to inform us promptly thereof to the extent not prohibited by law), (iii) the terms of this Commitment Letter (but not the Fee Letter or the terms thereof, other than the aggregate amount of financing fees payable to the Commitment Parties) and related communications or discussions in connection with the preparation, filing and distribution of the Form S-4 and Joint Proxy Statement and any amendments or supplements thereto contemplated by the Merger Agreement and (iv) the information contained in Annex B to Moody s and S&P; provided that such information is supplied only on a confidential basis after consultation with the Commitment Parties.

Each Commitment Party agrees that it will treat as confidential all information provided to it hereunder by or on behalf of you or any of your respective subsidiaries or affiliates; provided, however, that nothing herein will prevent any Commitment Party from disclosing any such information (a) pursuant to the order of any court or administrative agency or in any pending legal or administrative proceeding, or otherwise as required by applicable law or compulsory legal process (in which case such person agrees to inform you promptly thereof to the extent not prohibited by law), (b) upon the request or demand of any regulatory authority having jurisdiction over such person or any of its affiliates, (c) to the extent that such information is publicly available or becomes publicly available other than by reason of improper disclosure by such person, (d) to such person s affiliates and their respective officers,

directors, partners, employees, legal counsel, independent auditors and other experts or agents who need to know such information and on a confidential basis, (e) to potential and prospective Lenders, participants and any direct or indirect contractual counterparties to any swap or derivative transaction relating to the borrower and its obligations under the Senior Facilities, in each case, who are advised of the confidential nature of such information,

(f) to Moody s and S&P; provided that such information is limited to Annex B and is supplied only on a confidential basis after consultation with you or (g) for purposes of establishing a due diligence defense. Each Commitment Party s obligation under this provision shall remain in effect until the earlier of (i) one year from the date hereof and (ii) the date the definitive Loan Documents are entered into by the Commitment Parties, at which time any confidentiality undertaking in the definitive Loan Documents shall supersede this provision.

## 8. Absence of Fiduciary Relationship; Affiliates; Etc.

As you know, each Commitment Party, together with its respective affiliates (each collectively, a Commitment Party **Group** ), is a full service financial services firm engaged, either directly or through affiliates, in various activities, including securities trading, investment banking and financial advisory, investment management, principal investment, hedging, financing and brokerage activities and financial planning and benefits counseling for both companies and individuals. In the ordinary course of these activities, each Commitment Party Group may make or hold a broad array of investments and actively trade debt and equity securities (or related derivative securities) and/or financial instruments (including bank loans) for their own account and for the accounts of their customers and may at any time hold long and short positions in such securities and/or instruments. Such investment and other activities may involve securities and instruments of the Company or the Merger Party, as well as of other entities and persons and their affiliates which may (i) be involved in transactions arising from or relating to the engagement contemplated by this Commitment Letter, (ii) be customers or competitors of the Company or the Merger Party, or (iii) have other relationships with either of you. In addition, each Commitment Party Group may provide investment banking, underwriting and financial advisory services to such other entities and persons. Each Commitment Party Group may also co-invest with, make direct investments in, and invest or co-invest client monies in or with funds or other investment vehicles managed by other parties, and such funds or other investment vehicles may trade or make investments in securities of the Company, the Merger Party or such other entities. The transactions contemplated by this Commitment Letter may have a direct or indirect impact on the investments, securities or instruments referred to in this paragraph. Although each Commitment Party Group in the course of such other activities and relationships may acquire information about the transaction contemplated by this Commitment Letter or other entities and persons which may be the subject of the transactions contemplated by this Commitment Letter, no Commitment Party Group shall have any obligation to disclose such information, or the fact that such Commitment Party Group is in possession of such information, to the Company or the Merger Party or to use such information on the Company s or the Merger Party s behalf.

Consistent with their respective policies to hold in confidence the affairs of its customers, no Commitment Party Group will furnish confidential information obtained from you by virtue of the transactions contemplated by this Commitment Letter to any of its other customers. Furthermore, you acknowledge that no Commitment Party Group and none of their respective affiliates has an obligation to use in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Commitment Letter, or to furnish to you, confidential information obtained or that may be obtained by them from any other person.

Each Commitment Party Group may have economic interests that conflict with yours, or your respective equity holders and/or affiliates. You agree that each Commitment Party Group will act under this Commitment Letter as an independent contractor and that nothing in this Commitment Letter or the Fee Letter or otherwise will be deemed to create an advisory, fiduciary or agency relationship or fiduciary or other implied duty between any Commitment Party Group and the Company or the Merger Party or your respective equity holders or affiliates. You acknowledge and agree that the transactions contemplated by this Commitment Letter and the Fee Letter (including the exercise of rights and remedies hereunder and thereunder) are arm s-length commercial transactions between the Commitment Party Groups, on the one hand, and the Company, on the other, and in connection therewith and with the process leading thereto, (i) no Commitment Party Group has assumed (A) an advisory or fiduciary responsibility in favor of the Company or the Merger Party or your respective equity holders or affiliates with Company or the Merger Party or your respective equity holders or affiliates with Company or the Merger Party or your respective equity holders or affiliates with Company or the Merger Party or your respective equity holders or affiliates with Company or the Merger Party or your respective equity holders or affiliates with Company or the Merger Party or your respective equity holders or affiliates with Company or the Merger Party or your respective equity holders or affiliates with Company or the Merger Party or your respective equity holders or affiliates with Company or the Merger Party or your respective equity holders or affiliates with Company or the Merger Party or your respective equity holders or affiliates with Company or the Merger Party or your respective equity holders or affiliates with Company or the Merger Party or your respective equity holders or affiliates with Company or the Merger Party or your respective equity ho

your respective equity holders or affiliates with respect to the financing transactions contemplated hereby, or in each case, the exercise of rights or remedies with respect thereto or the process leading thereto (irrespective of whether such Commitment Party has advised, is currently advising or will advise the Company, its equity holders or its affiliates on other matters) or any other obligation to the Company or the Merger Party except the obligations expressly set forth in this Commitment Letter and the Fee Letter and (ii) each Commitment Party

#### Table of Contents

Group is acting solely as a principal and not as the agent or fiduciary of the Company, its management, equity holders, affiliates, creditors or any other person. Each of you acknowledge and agree that you have consulted your own legal and financial advisors to the extent you deemed appropriate and that you are responsible for making your own independent judgment with respect to such transactions and the process leading thereto. You each agree that you will not claim that any Commitment Party Group has rendered advisory services of any nature or respect, or owes a fiduciary or similar duty to the Company or the Merger Party, in connection with such transactions or the process leading thereto.

Without limiting any other provision of this Section 8, the Company and the Merger Party (i) expressly agree that this Commitment Letter and the Fee Letter are being addressed to each of you solely at your mutual request, (ii) acknowledge that circumstances may arise where the interests of the Company and the Merger Party hereunder and/or under the Fee Letter are adverse to one another and (iii) agree not to assert any claim that you might allege based on any actual or potential conflict arising from the fact that both of you are parties to this Commitment Letter and the Fee Letter including, but not limited to, any such claim arising or resulting from the separate retention by either of the Company or the Merger Party of any Commitment Party or any affiliate thereof as an advisor in connection with the Merger and such Commitment Party s or such affiliate s commitments, agreements and acts under this Commitment Letter.

In addition, each Commitment Party may employ the services of its affiliates in providing services and/or performing their obligations hereunder and may exchange with such affiliates information concerning the Company, the Merger Party and other companies that may be the subject of this arrangement, and such affiliates will be entitled to the benefits afforded to the Commitment Parties hereunder.

In addition, please note that the Commitment Parties do not provide accounting, tax or legal advice. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, each of the Company and the Merger Party (and each employee, representative or other agent of the Company and the Merger Party) may disclose to any and all persons, without limitation of any kind, the tax treatment and tax structure of the Senior Facilities and all materials of any kind (including opinions or other tax analyses) that are provided to you relating to such tax treatment and tax structure. However, any information relating to the tax treatment or tax structure will remain subject to the confidentiality provisions hereof (and the foregoing sentence will not apply) to the extent reasonably necessary to enable the parties hereto, their respective affiliates, and their and their respective affiliates directors and employees to comply with applicable securities laws. For this purpose, tax treatment means U.S. federal or state income tax treatment, and tax structure is limited to any facts relevant to the U.S. federal income tax treatment of the transactions contemplated by this Commitment Letter but does not include information relating to the identity of the parties hereto or any of their respective affiliates.

#### 9. Miscellaneous.

Each Commitment Party s commitments and agreements hereunder will terminate upon the first to occur of (i) the consummation of the Merger, (ii) the abandonment or termination of the definitive documentation for the Merger (including the exhibits, schedules and all related documents) (the **Merger Agreement**), (iii) a material breach by the Company or the Merger Party under this Commitment Letter or the Fee Letter and (iv) February 28, 2011, unless the closing of the Senior Facilities, on the terms and subject to the conditions contained herein, has been consummated on or before such date.

The provisions set forth under Sections 3, 4, 5 (including Annex A) and 7 hereof and this Section 9 hereof will remain in full force and effect regardless of whether definitive Loan Documents are executed and delivered. The provisions set forth under Sections 5 (including Annex A) and 7 hereof and this Section 9 will remain in full force and effect notwithstanding the expiration or termination of this Commitment Letter or the Commitment Parties commitments and agreements hereunder.

The Company and the Merger Party each agrees for itself and its affiliates that any suit or proceeding arising in respect to this Commitment Letter or the Commitment Parties commitments or agreements hereunder or the Fee Letter will be tried exclusively in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York or, if that court does not have subject matter jurisdiction, in any state court located in the Borough of Manhattan in the City of New York, and the Company and the Merger Party each agree to submit to the

exclusive jurisdiction of, and to venue in, such court. Any right to trial by jury with respect to any action or proceeding arising in connection with or as a result of either the Commitment Parties commitments or agreements or any matter referred to in this Commitment Letter or the Fee Letter is hereby waived by the parties hereto. This Commitment Letter and the Fee Letter will be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York without regard to principles of conflicts of laws. The Merger Party shall provide evidence that it has appointed CT Corporation, as its agent for service of process for purpose of the submission to jurisdiction set forth above.

The Commitment Parties hereby notify the Company and the Merger Party that pursuant to the requirements of the USA PATRIOT Act (Title III of Pub. L. 107-56 (signed into law October 26, 2001)) (the **Patriot Act**) the Commitment Parties and each Lender may be required to obtain, verify and record information that identifies the Borrower and each of the Guarantors, which information includes the name and address of the Borrower and each of the Guarantors in accordance with the Patriot Act. This notice is given in accordance with the requirements of the Patriot Act and is effective for the Commitment Parties and each Lender.

This Commitment Letter may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which when executed will be an original, and all of which, when taken together, will constitute one agreement. Delivery of an executed counterpart of a signature page of this Commitment Letter by facsimile transmission or electronic transmission (in pdf or tif format) will be effective as delivery of a manually executed counterpart hereof. This Commitment Letter and the Fee Letter are the only agreements that have been entered into among the parties hereto with respect to the Senior Facilities and set forth the entire understanding of the parties with respect thereto and supersede any prior written or oral agreements among the parties hereto with respect to the Senior Facilities.

[Remainder of page intentionally left blank]

#### Table of Contents

Please confirm that the foregoing is in accordance with your understanding by signing and returning to the Commitment Parties the enclosed copy of this Commitment Letter, together, if not previously executed and delivered, with the Fee Letter on or before the close of business on June 21, 2010, whereupon this Commitment Letter and the Fee Letter will become binding agreements between us. If the Commitment Letter and Fee Letter have not been signed and returned as described in the preceding sentence by such date, this offer will terminate on such date. We look forward to working with you on this transaction.

Very truly yours,

GOLDMAN SACHS BANK USA GOLDMAN SACHS LENDING PARTNERS LLC,	
Authorized Signatory	by /s/ Alexis Maged
JEFFERIES GROUP, INC.,	
Name: Charles J. Hendrickson Title: Managing Director	by /s/ Charles J. Hendrickson
MORGAN STANLEY SENIOR FUNDING, INC.,	
Name: Christy Silvester	by /s/ Christy Silvester Title: Executive Director
A-E	xhibit C-10

#### Table of Contents

## ACCEPTED AND AGREED AS OF THE DATE FIRST WRITTEN ABOVE:

VALEANT PHARMACEUTICALS INTERNATIONAL,

Name: J. Michael Pearson	I Michael Deerson	by /s/ J. Michael Pearson		
	J. Wichael Featson		Title:	Chief Executive Officer
BIOVAI	L CORPORATION,			
Name: MJ Mulligan	MI Mullicon	by	/s/ MJ I	Mulligan
	MJ Munigan		Title:	Chief Financial Officer
		A-Exhibit	t C-11	

### Annex A

In the event that any Commitment Party becomes involved in any capacity in any action, proceeding or investigation brought by or against any person, including shareholders, partners, members or other equity holders of the Company or the Merger Party in connection with or as a result of either this arrangement or any matter referred to in this Commitment Letter or the Fee Letter (together, the Letters ), the Company and the Merger Party each agree to periodically reimburse each Commitment Party for its reasonable legal and other expenses (including the cost of any investigation and preparation) incurred in connection therewith. The Company and the Merger Party each also agrees to indemnify and hold each Commitment Party harmless against any and all losses, claims, damages or liabilities to any such person in connection with or as a result of either this arrangement or any matter referred to in the Letters (whether or not such investigation, litigation, claim or proceeding is brought by you, your equity holders or creditors or an indemnified person and whether or not any such indemnified person is otherwise a party thereto), except to the extent that such loss, claim, damage or liability has been found by a final, non-appealable judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction to have resulted from the gross negligence or willful misconduct of such Commitment Party in performing the services that are the subject of the Letters. If for any reason the foregoing indemnification is unavailable to any Commitment Party or insufficient to hold it harmless, then the Company and the Merger Party will contribute to the amount paid or payable by the Commitment Party as a result of such loss, claim, damage or liability in such proportion as is appropriate to reflect the relative economic interests of (i) the Company and the Merger Party and their respective affiliates, shareholders, partners, members or other equity holders on the one hand and (ii) the Commitment Parties on the other hand in the matters contemplated by the Letters as well as the relative fault of (i) the Company and the Merger Party and their respective affiliates, shareholders, partners, members or other equity holders and (ii) the Commitment Parties with respect to such loss, claim, damage or liability and any other relevant equitable considerations. The reimbursement, indemnity and contribution obligations of the Company and the Merger Party under this paragraph will be in addition to any liability which the Company or the Merger Party may otherwise have, will extend upon the same terms and conditions to any affiliate of a Commitment Party and the partners, members, directors, agents, employees and controlling persons (if any), as the case may be, of such *Commitment Party and any such affiliate, and will be binding upon and inure to the benefit of any successors, assigns,* heirs and personal representatives of the Company and the Merger Party, each Commitment Party, any such affiliate and any such person. The Company and the Merger Party each also agrees that neither any indemnified party nor any of such affiliates, partners, members, directors, agents, employees or controlling persons will have any liability to the Company or the Merger Party or any person asserting claims on behalf of or in right of the Company or the Merger Party or any other person in connection with or as a result of either this arrangement or any matter referred to in the Letters, except to the extent that any losses, claims, damages, liabilities or expenses incurred by the Company, the Merger Party or their respective affiliates, shareholders, partners or other equity holders have been found by a final, non-appealable judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction to have resulted from the gross negligence or willful misconduct of such indemnified party in performing the services that are the subject of the Letters; provided, however, that in no event will such indemnified party or such other parties have any liability for any indirect, consequential, special or punitive damages in connection with or as a result of such indemnified party s or such other parties activities related to the Letters. Each of the Company and the Merger Party agree that, notwithstanding anything in this Commitment Letter to the contrary and without limiting the Commitment Parties rights, remedies and defenses thereunder, in no event shall the Commitment Parties or their partners, members, directors, agents, employees, controlling persons or affiliates be liable (in the aggregate) to the Company or the Merger Party (or their respective shareholders, partners, members or other equity holders) for damages under this Commitment Letter or the Fee Letter or related to the financing contemplated thereby in an amount in excess of \$100.0 million.

Neither the Company nor the Merger Party will be required to indemnify any Commitment Parties for any amount paid or payable by such Commitment Party in the settlement of any action, proceeding or investigation without such party s consent, which consent will not be unreasonably withheld or delayed; *provided* that the foregoing indemnity will apply to any such settlement in the event that the Company or the Merger Party, as applicable, were offered the

ability to assume the defense of the action that was the subject matter of such settlement and elected not to so assume. *The provisions of this Annex A will survive any termination or completion of the arrangement provided by the Letters.* 

A-Annex A to Exhibit C-1

### Annex B

# Summary of the Senior Facilities

This Summary outlines certain terms of the Senior Facilities referred to in the Commitment Letter, of which this Annex B is a part. Certain capitalized terms used herein are defined in the Commitment Letter.

Borrower:	Valeant Pharmaceuticals International (the <b>Borrower</b> ).
Guarantors:	Biovail Corporation (the <b>Parent</b> ) and, subject to exclusions to be mutually agreed upon by the Borrower and the Administrative Agent, each of the Parent s existing and subsequently acquired or organized subsidiaries (other than foreign subsidiaries of the Borrower) (collectively, the <b>Guarantors</b> ) will guarantee (the <b>Guarantee</b> ) all obligations under the Senior Facilities; <i>provided</i> that Parent and its existing subsidiaries immediately prior to the Merger shall only be Guarantors upon and after the consummation of the Merger.
Purpose/Use of Proceeds:	The proceeds of the Term Facilities will be used to fund the Refinancing, the Dividend, the Post-Merger Special Dividend and all fees and expenses in connection with the Merger (such fees and expenses, the <b>Transaction Expenses</b> ). Amounts available under the Revolving Facility will be used to finance transaction expenses related to the Merger, for permitted capital expenditures and permitted acquisitions (subject to customary conditions and pro forma financial tests to be agreed), to provide for the ongoing working capital requirements of Parent and its subsidiaries following the Merger and for general corporate purposes.
Joint Lead Arrangers, Joint Bookrunners and Syndication Agents:	Goldman Sachs Lending Partners LLC ( <b>GSLP</b> ), Jefferies Group, Inc. ( <b>Jefferies</b> ) and Morgan Stanley Senior Funding, Inc. ( <b>Morgan Stanley</b> and together with GSLP and Jefferies, in their capacities as Joint Lead Arrangers, Joint Bookrunners and Syndication Agents, the <b>Arrangers</b> ).
Administrative Agent:	Goldman Sachs Lending Partners LLC (in such capacity, the Administrative Agent ).
Lenders:	Goldman Sachs Bank USA, Morgan Stanley and Jefferies and/or other financial institutions selected by the Arrangers (each, a <b>Lender</b> and, collectively, the <b>Lenders</b> ).
Amount of Senior Facilities:	Up to \$3,022.0 million of senior secured bank financing (the <b>Senior Facilities</b> ) to include:
	(i) \$500.0 million of a senior secured term loan A (the <b>Term A Facility</b> ) which will be available on the Closing Date to fund the Refinancing;

(ii) up to \$2,272.0 million of senior secured term loan B (the Term B Facility and, together with the Term A Facility, the Term Facilities ):
(i) up to \$1,972.0 million of which will be available on the Closing Date to fund, in part, the Refinancing and to fund the Dividend and (ii) \$300.0 million of which shall be available on a delayed-draw basis, each as set forth below under Availability ; and

A-Annex B to Exhibit C-1

(ii) a \$250.0 million senior secured revolving credit facility (the Revolving Facility and, together with the Term Facilities, the Senior Facilities). The Revolving Facility (including any Letters of Credit issued thereunder) shall be made available in U.S. dollars.

The amount of the Initial Draw under the Term B Facility (as defined below) shall be reduced dollar-for-dollar by (i) the net proceeds of any Securities issued after the date hereof and prior to the Closing Date, (ii) the aggregate principal amount of the Existing Notes that will remain outstanding on and after the Closing Date, after giving effect to the making of the loans under the Senior Facilities and the Refinancing and (iii) 50% of the net proceeds from the sale of properties or assets or any interests therein that, individually or in a series of related transactions, generate net proceeds in excess of \$25.0 million, until the aggregate net proceeds after the date hereof equals \$400.0 million and then 100% of any additional asset sale proceeds (except for sales of pharmaceutical products in the ordinary course of business, which shall not be subject to this clause (iii)).

**Incremental Facility:** On or before the final maturity date of each the Senior Facilities, the Borrower will have the right, but not the obligation, to increase the amount of the Term B Facility by incurring an incremental term loan facility (the Incremental Facility ) in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$250.0 million; provided that (i) no event of default or default exists or would exist after giving effect thereto, (ii) all financial covenants would be satisfied on a pro forma basis on the date of incurrence and for the most recent determination period, after giving effect to such Incremental Facility and (iii) (a) the yield applicable to the Incremental Facility will not be more than 0.25% higher than the corresponding interest rate for the existing Term B Facility, unless the interest rate margins with respect to the Term B Facility is increased by an amount equal to the difference between the yield with respect to the Incremental Facility and the corresponding interest rate on the Term B Facility, minus 0.25%, (b) the maturity date applicable to the Incremental Facility will not be earlier than the maturity date of the Term B Facility, (c) the weighted average life to maturity of the Incremental Facility will not be shorter than the then remaining weighted average life to maturity of the Term B Facility and (d) all other terms (other than pricing and amortization) of the Incremental Facility, if not consistent with the terms of the existing Term B Facility (except as permitted by subclauses (a), (b) and (c) of this clause (iii), must be reasonably acceptable to the Administrative Agent. Such increased amounts will be provided by existing Lenders or other persons who become Lenders in connection therewith; provided that no existing Lender will be obligated to provide any such increased portion of the Senior Facilities.

<u>*Term A Facility:*</u> The entire \$500.0 million of the Term A Facility will be available on the Closing Date to fund, in part, the Refinancing, the

Availability:

Dividend and the Transaction Expenses, upon satisfaction of the Initial Draw Conditions (as defined in Annex C to the Commitment Letter).

A-Annex B to Exhibit C-2

	<ul> <li><u>Term B Facility</u>: Two drawings may be made under the Term B Facility. The first drawing under the Term Facility (the Initial Draw ) may be made on the Closing Date to fund, in part, the Refinancing, the Dividend and the Transaction Expenses, upon satisfaction of the Initial Draw Conditions. The second drawing under the Term B Facility (the Second Draw ) may be made on the Closing Date to fund the Dividend, upon satisfaction of the Second Draw ) may be made on the Closing Date to fund the Dividend, upon satisfaction of the Second Draw Conditions (as defined in Annex C to the Commitment Letter).</li> <li><u>Delayed-Draw Term B Facility</u>: \$300.0 million of the Term B Facility (the Delayed-Draw Tranche ) will be available to the Borrower on a delayed-draw basis to fund the Post-Merger Special Dividend on or prior to the later of (i) December 31, 2010 or (ii) 60 days after the Closing Date.</li> <li><u>Revolving Facility</u>: Amounts available under the Revolving Facility may be borrowed, repaid and reborrowed on and after the Closing Date until the maturity date thereof, including on the Closing Date to fund any original issue discount or upfront fees resulting from the Commitment Party s exercise of rights under the Market Flex provisions of the Fee Letter; provided that after giving effect to all such borrowings on the</li> </ul>
	Closing Date there remains at least \$100.0 million of undrawn availability under the Revolving Facility.
Maturities:	Term A Facility: 5 year anniversary of the Closing Date.
	Term B Facility: 6 year anniversary of the Closing Date
	<u>Revolving Facility</u> : 4.5 year anniversary of the Closing Date.
Closing Date:	The date on or before February 28, 2011 on which the initial borrowings under the Term Facilities are made, upon satisfaction of the Initial Draw Conditions (the <b>Closing Date</b> ).
Amortization:	<u><i>Term A Facility:</i></u> The outstanding principal amount of the Term A Facility will be payable as follows: 10% in years 1 and 2, 20% in years 3 and 4, with the remaining balance due at the maturity of the Term A Facility.
	<u><i>Term B Facility:</i></u> The outstanding principal amount of the Term B Facility will be payable in equal quarterly amounts of $1\%$ per annum, with the remaining balance due at the maturity of the Term B Facility.
	<u>Revolving Facility</u> : None.
Swing Line Loans:	At the option of the Lender providing such swing line loans, a portion of the Revolving Facility to be agreed upon may be made available as swing line loans.
Letters of Credit:	

At the option of the issuing bank providing such Letter of Credit, a portion of the Revolving Facility to be agreed upon may be made available for the issuance of letters of credit by an issuing bank to be agreed ( Letters of Credit ).

**Interest Rate:** 

All amounts outstanding under the Senior Facilities will bear interest, at the Borrower s option, as follows:

A-Annex B to Exhibit C-3

With respect to loans made under the Term A Facility and the Revolving Facility:

(i) at the Base Rate plus 3.50% per annum; or

(ii) at the reserve adjusted Eurodollar Rate plus 4.50% per annum;

With respect to loans made under the Term B Facility:

(i) at the Base Rate plus 3.75% per annum; or

(ii) at the reserve adjusted Eurodollar Rate plus 4.75% per annum;

*provided*, that the interest rate margins for the Senior Facilities set forth in clauses (i) and (ii) above with respect to each of the Term A Facility, the Term B Facility and the Revolving Facility shall be (x) decreased by 0.25% if the credit ratings for the Senior Facilities are at least Ba3 (stable) from Moody s and BB- (stable) from S&P prior to the Closing Date and (y) increased by 0.75% if the credit rating for the Senior Facilities is B2 (stable) or lower from Moody s or B (stable) or lower from S&P prior to the Closing Date.

As used herein, the terms **Base Rate** and **reserve adjusted Eurodollar Rate** will have meanings customary and appropriate for financings of this type, and the basis for calculating accrued interest and the interest periods for loans bearing interest at the reserve adjusted Eurodollar Rate will be customary and appropriate for financings of this type subject, in the case of the Term B Facility only, to a reserve adjusted Eurodollar Rate floor of 1.75% and a Base Rate floor of 2.75%. In no event shall the Base Rate be less than the sum of (i) the one-month reserve adjusted Eurodollar Rate (after giving effect to any reserve adjusted Eurodollar Rate floor ) plus (ii) the difference between the applicable stated margin for reserve adjusted Eurodollar Rate loans and the applicable stated margin for Base Rate loans. After the occurrence and during the continuance of an Event of Default, interest on all amounts then outstanding will accrue at a rate equal to the rate on loans bearing interest at the rate determined by reference to the Base Rate plus an additional two percentage points (2.00%) per annum and will be payable on demand.

Quarterly for loans bearing interest by reference to the Base Rate; except as set forth below, on the last day of selected interest periods (which will be one, two, three and six months and any other period mutually agreed upon by the Borrower and the Lenders under the Revolving Facility) for loans bearing interest by reference to the Eurodollar Rate (and at the end of every three months, in the case of interest periods of longer than three months); and upon prepayment, in each case payable in arrears and computed on the basis of a 360-day year (365/366 day year with respect to loans bearing interest by reference to the Base Rate)

**Interest Payments:** 

**Interest Rate Protection:** 

Within 90 days after the Closing Date, the Borrower will obtain from a counterparty satisfactory to the Administrative Agent interest rate protection through interest rate swaps, caps or other agreements satisfactory to the Administrative Agent against increases in the interest rates with respect to a notional amount of indebtedness such

A-Annex B to Exhibit C-4

#### Table of Contents

	that not less than 35% of the total funded indebtedness of the Parent and its subsidiaries outstanding as of the Closing Date will be either (i) subject to such interest rate protection agreements or (ii) fixed rate indebtedness, in each case for a period of not less than three years.
Funding Protection:	Customary for transactions of this type, including breakage costs, gross-up for withholding, compensation for increased costs and compliance with capital adequacy and other regulatory restrictions. The Loan Documents will contain customary Lender mitigation and replacement provisions.
Commitment Fees:	Commitment fees equal to 0.75% <i>per annum</i> times the daily average undrawn portion of the Revolving Facility (reduced by the amount of Letters of Credit issued and outstanding) will accrue from the Closing Date and will be payable quarterly in arrears.
Delayed Draw Fee:	Commitment fees equal to 0.75% <i>per annum</i> times the undrawn amount of commitments under the Delayed-Draw Tranche will accrue from the Closing Date and will be payable quarterly in arrears.
Letters of Credit Fees:	A fee equal to (i) the applicable margin then in effect for loans bearing interest at the reserve adjusted Eurodollar Rate made under the Revolving Facility, times (ii) the average daily maximum aggregate amount available to be drawn under all Letters of Credit, will be payable quarterly in arrears to the Lenders under the Revolving Facility. In addition, a fronting fee, to be agreed upon between the issuer of each Letter of Credit and the Borrower, will be payable to such issuer, as well as certain customary fees assessed thereby.
Voluntary Prepayments:	The Senior Facilities may be prepaid in whole or in part without premium or penalty; <i>provided</i> that loans bearing interest with reference to the reserve adjusted Eurodollar Rate will be prepayable only on the last day of the related interest period unless the Borrower pays any related breakage costs. Voluntary prepayments of the Term Facilities will be applied to scheduled amortization payments as directed by the Borrower.
Mandatory Prepayments:	The following mandatory prepayments will be required (subject to certain customary basket amounts to be negotiated in the definitive Loan Documents):
	1. <u>Asset Sales</u> : Prepayments in an amount equal to 100% of the net cash proceeds of the sale or other disposition of any property or assets of Parent or its subsidiaries (in excess of certain thresholds and subject to certain exceptions to be determined), other than net cash proceeds of sales or other dispositions of inventory in the ordinary course of business and net cash proceeds that are reinvested in other assets useful in the business of the Parent and its subsidiaries within one year of receipt thereof.
	2. <i>Insurance Proceeds</i> : Prepayments in an amount equal to 100% of the net cash proceeds of insurance paid on account of any loss of any property

or assets of the Parent or its subsidiaries, other than net cash proceeds that are reinvested in other assets useful in the business of Parent and its subsidiaries (or used to replace damaged or destroyed assets) within one year of receipt thereof.

A-Annex B to Exhibit C-5

3. <u>Incurrence of Indebtedness</u>: Prepayments in an amount equal to 100% of the net cash proceeds received from the incurrence of indebtedness by the Parent or its subsidiaries (other than indebtedness otherwise permitted under the Loan Documents and other exceptions to be agreed), payable no later than the first business day following the date of receipt.

4. <u>Equity Offerings</u>: Prepayments in an amount equal to 50% (subject to reductions to a lower percentage upon achievement of certain financial performance measures to be determined) of the net cash proceeds received from the issuance of equity securities of Parent, the Borrower or their respective subsidiaries (other than issuances pursuant to employee stock plans and other exceptions to be mutually agreed upon by the Borrower and the Administrative Agent).

5. <u>Excess Cash Flow</u>: Prepayments in an amount equal to 50% (subject to reductions to a lower percentage upon achievement of certain financial performance measures to be determined) of excess cash flow (to be defined in the applicable Loan Document), payable within 90 days of fiscal year-end (commencing for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011); *provided* that voluntary prepayments of loans under the Revolving Facility (to the extent accompanied by a permanent commitment reduction in like amount) or the Term Facilities (other than, in each case, prepayments funded with the proceeds of incurrences of indebtedness, equity issuances or contributions or asset dispositions) shall be credited against excess cash flow prepayment obligations on a dollar-for-dollar basis.

All mandatory prepayments will be applied without penalty or premium (except for breakage costs, if any) and will be applied <u>first</u> pro rata to the Term Facilities (and applied pro rata to remaining scheduled amortization payments and the payments at final maturity); *provided* that, at the election of holders of loans under the Term B Facility, the portion of proceeds otherwise allocable thereto may be allocated to repay the loans under Term A Facility in full prior to prepayment of the loans under the Term B Facility held by such holders; and, <u>second</u>, to outstanding loans under the Revolving Facility.

The Senior Facilities, each Guarantee and any interest rate and currency hedging obligations of the Borrower or any Guarantor owed to the Administrative Agent, the Arrangers, any Lender or any affiliate of the Administrative Agent, the Arrangers or any Lender (the **Hedging Obligations**) will be secured by first priority security interests in substantially all assets, including, without limitation, substantially all personal, material and owned real and mixed property of the Borrower and the Guarantors (except as otherwise agreed to by the Arrangers or set forth below). In addition, the Senior Facilities will be secured by a first priority security interest in 100% of the capital stock of the Borrower and each domestic subsidiary of the Borrower, 65% of the capital stock of each

Security:

foreign subsidiary of the Borrower, and 100% of the capital stock of each subsidiary of the Parent that is not also a subsidiary of the Borrower, and all intercompany debt. All security arrangements relating to the Senior Facilities and the Hedging

A-Annex B to Exhibit C-6

Obligations will be in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Administrative Agent and the Arrangers and, subject to the limitations set forth in the Commitment Letter, will be perfected on the Closing Date; *provided*, that with respect to guarantees and collateral documentation regarding the Merger Party, such documentation shall be been delivered in escrow to counsel to the Arrangers pursuant to instructions providing for the release and effectiveness of such documentation concurrently with the effectiveness of the Merger as set forth in the Merger Certificate (as defined in Annex C to the Commitment Letter).

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the collateral shall not include: (a) motor vehicles and other assets subject to certificates of title, (b) letter of credit rights (other than letter of credit rights that are supporting obligations), (c) deposit accounts the funds in which are used solely for the payment of salaries and wages, workers compensation and similar expenses, (d) equity interests in any person that is not a direct or indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the Parent (with subsidiaries the minority interest in which is held by management, directors or employees of the Parent or its subsidiaries or consists of rolled-over equity to be treated as wholly owned for purposes of the foregoing) if the organizational or governance documents of such person prohibit the grant of a security interest therein without the consent of any third party, (e) any license, contract or agreement if the grant of a security interest therein would result in a breach thereof (other than to the extent that any such provision would be rendered ineffective pursuant to applicable provisions of the UCC), (f) any equipment owned by the Borrower or any Guarantor that is subject to a purchase money security interest if the agreement pursuant to which such purchase money security interest has been granted prohibits a grant of a security interest therein without the consent of any third party, (g) leasehold interests and (f) other assets (including owned real property and commercial tort claims) if the Administrative Agent, in consultation with the Borrower, determines that the cost or burden of creating or perfecting a security interest therein shall be excessive in view of the benefits to be obtained by the Lenders therefrom.

**Representations and Warranties:** The credit agreement for the Senior Facilities will contain representations and warranties by the Borrower (with respect to the Parent, the Borrower and their respective subsidiaries) as to the following matters: due organization; requisite power and authority; qualification; equity interests and ownership; due authorization, execution, delivery and enforceability of the Loan Documents; creation, perfection and priority of security interests; no conflicts; governmental consents; historical and projected financial condition; no material adverse change; no restricted junior payments; absence of material litigation; payment of taxes; title to properties; environmental matters; no defaults under material agreements; Investment Company Act and margin stock matters; ERISA and other employee matters; solvency of the Parent, Borrower and each of the Guarantors, subject to customary assumptions regarding credit support; compliance with laws; full disclosure; and Patriot Act and other related

matters.

A-Annex B to Exhibit C-7

# Table of Contents

Covenants:	The definitive Loan Documents for the Senior Facilities will contain financial, affirmative and negative covenants by each of the Parent and the Borrower (with respect to Parent and the Borrower and their subsidiaries) that consist of the following:			
financial covenants:	maximum total leverage ratio, minimum total interest coverage, maximum capital expenditures, with financial definitions and covenant levels to be mutually agreed upon by the Borrower and the Arrangers, and delivery of financial statements and other reports (including the identification of information as suitable for distribution to Public Lenders); maintenance of existence; payment of taxes and claims; maintenance of properties; maintenance of insurance; cooperation with syndication efforts; books and records; inspections; annual lender meetings; compliance with laws; environmental matters; additional collateral and guarantors; maintenance of corporate level and facility level ratings; and further assurances, including, in each case, exceptions and baskets to be mutually agreed upon by the Borrower and the Arrangers, and			
affirmative covenants:				
negative covenants:	limitations with respect to other indebtedness; liens; negative pledges; restricted junior payments (e.g., no dividends, redemptions or voluntary payments on certain debt); restrictions on subsidiary distributions; investments, mergers and acquisitions; sales of assets (including subsidiary interests); sales and lease-backs; transactions with affiliates; conduct of business; amendments and waivers of organizational documents, junior indebtedness and other material agreements; and changes to fiscal year, including, in each case, exceptions and baskets to be mutually agreed upon by the Borrower and the Arrangers (including, without limitation, to the limitation on restricted junior payments to permit the Dividend and the Post-Merger Special Dividend).			
Events of Default:	The definitive Loan Documents for the Senior Facilities will include events of default (and usual and customary grace periods) that consist of the following: failure to make payments when due, cross-default under material indebtedness, noncompliance with covenants, breaches of representations and warranties, bankruptcy, judgments in excess of specified amounts, ERISA, invalidity of security interests in collateral, invalidity of guarantees and change of control (to be defined in a manner to be mutually agreed upon by the Borrower and the Arrangers).			
Conditions Precedent to the Initial Draw and the Second Draw:	The several obligations of the Lenders to make loans to the Borrower in respect of the Initial Draw and the Second Draw will be subject to the conditions precedent referred to in the Commitment Letter and listed on Annex C attached to the Commitment Letter.			
Conditions to All Borrowings:	The making of each extension of credit under the Senior Facilities will be subject to (a) prior written notice of borrowing, (b) the accuracy of			

representations and warranties that are qualified by materiality and the accuracy in all material respects of the representations and warranties not so qualified (subject to the limitations set forth in the Commitment

A-Annex B to Exhibit C-8

	Letter) and (c) after the Closing Date, the absence of any default or event of default.
	Notwithstanding the foregoing, any fact or matter that would cause a default or event of default on the Closing Date had clause (c) been applicable on the Closing Date shall not result in a failed condition to borrowing on the Closing Date, but, unless cured or waived in accordance with the terms of the Loan Documents, shall constitute a default or event of default, as applicable, immediately thereafter.
	In addition, as conditions to the funding of the Delayed-Draw Tranche, (i) the Merger shall have been consummated and become effective and (ii) the Parent shall have declared the Post-Merger Special Dividend to its shareholders.
Assignments and Participations:	The Lenders may assign all or, in an amount of not less than (x) $2.5$ million with respect to each of the Term A Facility and the Revolving Facility and (y) $1.0$ million with respect to the Term B Facility, any part of, their respective shares of the Senior Facilities to their affiliates (other than natural persons) or one or more banks, financial institutions or other entities that are eligible assignees (to be defined in the Loan Documents) which, in the case of assignments with respect to the Term A Facility and the Revolving Facility (except in the case of assignments made by or to Goldman Sachs), are reasonably acceptable to the Administrative Agent and (except during the existence of an Event of Default) the Borrower, each such consent not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed. Upon such assignment, such affiliate, bank, financial institution or entity will become a Lender for all purposes under the Loan Documents; <i>provided</i> , that assignments made to affiliates and other Lenders will not be subject to the above described consent or minimum assignment amount requirements. A \$3,500 processing fee will be required in connection with any such assignment. The Lenders will also have the right to sell participations, subject to customary limitations on voting rights, in their respective shares of the Senior Facilities.
Requisite Lenders:	Amendments and waivers will require the approval of Lenders holding more than 50% of total commitments or exposure under the Senior Facilities, except that (x) any amendment that would disproportionately affect the obligation of the Borrower to make payment of the loans under either the Revolving Facility or the Term Facilities will not be effective without the approval of holders of more than 50% of such class of loans and (y) with respect to matters relating to the interest rates, maturity, amortization, certain collateral issues and the definition of Requisite Lenders, consent of each Lender directly and adversely affected thereby shall be required.
Taxes:	The Senior Facilities will provide that all payments are to be made free and clear of any taxes (other than franchise taxes, taxes on overall net
Table of Contents	548

income), imposts, assessments, withholdings or other deductions whatsoever not in existence on the date on which the applicable institution became a Lender. Lenders will furnish to the Administrative Agent appropriate certificates or other evidence of exemption from U.S. federal tax withholding.

A-Annex B to Exhibit C-9

#### Table of Contents

Indemnity:	The Senior Facilities will provide customary and appropriate provisions relating to indemnity and related matters in a form reasonably satisfactory to the Borrower, the Arrangers, the Administrative Agent and the Lenders.
Governing Law and Jurisdiction:	The Senior Facilities will provide that the Borrower will submit to the exclusive jurisdiction and venue of the federal and state courts of the State of New York (except to the extent the Collateral Agent requires submission to any other jurisdiction in connection with the exercise of any rights under any security document or the enforcement of any judgment) and will waive any right to trial by jury. New York law will govern the Loan Documents, except with respect to certain security documents where applicable local law is necessary for enforceability or perfection.
Counsel to the Arrangers and Administrative Agent:	Cahill Gordon & Reindel llp.

The foregoing is intended to summarize certain basic terms of the Senior Facilities. It is not intended to be a definitive list of all of the requirements of the Lenders in connection with the Senior Facilities. Any terms to be set forth in the Loan Documents that are not otherwise set forth in this Summary of Senior Facilities shall be reasonably acceptable to each of the Borrower and the Administrative Agent.

A-Annex B to Exhibit C-10

## Annex C

## Summary of Conditions Precedent to the Senior Facilities

This Summary of Conditions Precedent outlines the conditions precedent to the Senior Facilities referred to in the Commitment Letter, of which this Annex C is a part. Certain capitalized terms used herein are defined in the Commitment Letter.

A. <u>Initial Draw Conditions</u>: The conditions to the Initial Draw (the **Initial Draw Conditions**) shall consist of the following (together with any other conditions to funding expressly set forth in the Commitment Letter and in Annex B thereto):

1. <u>Acquisition</u>: The terms of the Merger Agreement (including the exhibits, schedules, disclosure letters and all related documents) will be reasonably satisfactory to the Arrangers; *provided* that the Arrangers acknowledge that the Merger Agreement draft dated as of June 20, 2010 is reasonably acceptable to the Arrangers. All conditions precedent to the consummation of the Merger in the Merger Agreement dated as of June 20, 2010 shall have been satisfied or waived, without giving effect to any amendments thereto or any waivers or consents that are materially adverse to the Arrangers or the Lenders in their capacities as Lenders, in each case without the consent of the Arrangers (*provided* that any (i) change in the form of Merger consideration, (ii) any increase in the Merger consideration or (iii) any decrease in the Merger consideration that is not accompanied by a corresponding dollar-for-dollar reduction in the Dividend and the amount of the Term B Facility, shall be deemed to be materially adverse and require the consent of the Arrangers).

2. <u>Existing Indebtedness of the Company</u>: There will not exist (pro forma for the Merger and the financing thereof) any default or event of default under the Company s 3.0% Convertible Subordinated Notes due 2010 or 4.0% Convertible Subordinated Notes due 2013 (together, the **Convertible Notes**). Concurrently with the consummation of the Merger and after giving effect to the financing thereof, the Company shall not have any material indebtedness outstanding other than (i) under the Senior Facilities, as contemplated by the Commitment Letter, (ii) the Securities, if issued, and (iii) the Company s 3.0% Convertible Subordinated Notes due 2010 and 4.0% Convertible Subordinated Notes due 2013. On or prior to the Closing Date, the Company shall have:

a. either (i) issued an irrevocable call notice with respect to all of the Existing Notes in accordance with the terms of the indentures governing the Existing Notes and on terms reasonably acceptable to the Commitment Parties or (ii) (A) consummated a tender offer (the **Tender Offer**) with respect to each of the Existing Notes and solicited consents to amendments to the indentures (the **Supplemental Indentures**) related thereto that will eliminate substantially all the covenants contained therein on terms reasonably acceptable to the Commitment Parties, (B) accepted for purchase at least 50.1% of each of the 2016 Notes and the 2020 Notes and (C) entered into the Supplemental Indentures related to each of the 2016 Notes and the 2020 Notes on terms reasonably acceptable to the Commitment Parties; and

b. repaid in full, terminated and released all liens relating to the Company s credit and guaranty agreement, dated as of May 26, 2010, between the Company, the guarantors party thereto, GSLP as sole lead arranger and GS Bank, as administrative agent and collateral agent (the **Existing GSLP Facility**).

3. *Financial Statements*. The Arrangers shall have received (i) at least 30 days prior to the Closing Date, audited financial statements of the Company and the Merger Party for each of the three fiscal years immediately preceding the Merger ended more than 90 days prior to the Closing Date; (ii) as soon as internal financial statements are available, and in any event at least 5 days prior to the Closing Date, unaudited financial statements for any fiscal quarter of the

Company and the Merger Party ended after the date of the most recent audited financial statements of such person and more than 45 days prior to the Closing Date; and (iii) customary pro forma financial statements, giving effect to the Merger, the Refinancing, the Dividend, the Senior Facilities and/or Securities and any borrowings thereunder.

4. <u>*Performance of Obligations.*</u> All costs, fees, expenses (including, without limitation, legal fees and expenses, title premiums, survey charges and recording taxes and fees) and other compensation contemplated by the Commitment Letter and the Fee Letter payable to the Commitment Parties, the Arrangers, the

A-Annex C to Exhibit C-1

Administrative Agent or the Lenders on the Closing Date shall have been paid to the extent due and the Company and the Merger Party shall have complied in all material respects with all of their respective obligations under the Commitment Letter and the Fee Letter.

5. Customary Closing Documents. The Arrangers shall be satisfied that the Company and the Merger Party have complied with the following closing conditions and delivered the following customary documentation relating to the Borrower and all of the Guarantors (including the Merger Party): (i) the delivery of customary legal opinions, corporate records and documents from public officials, lien searches and officer s certificates as to the Borrower and each of the Guarantors; (ii) absence of pending or ongoing litigation seeking to enjoin the Merger that could reasonably be expected to result in an injunction of the Merger after the funding of the Senior Facilities; (iii) obtaining material third party and governmental consents necessary in connection with the Merger or the financings thereof; (iv) evidence of authority; (v) subject to the limitations set forth in the Commitment Letter, perfection of liens, pledges, and mortgages on the collateral securing the Senior Facilities; (vi) delivery of satisfactory commitments for title insurance; (vii) evidence of customary insurance; and (viii) delivery of a solvency certificate from the chief financial officer of the Borrower in form and substance, and with supporting documentation, reasonably satisfactory to the Administrative Agent, as to the Borrower, Parent and each Guarantor. The Arrangers will have received at least 10 days prior to the Closing Date all documentation and other information required by bank regulatory authorities under applicable know-your-customer and anti-money laundering rules and regulations, including the Patriot Act, to the extent requested at least 15 days prior to the Closing Date; *provided*, that with respect to guarantees and collateral documentation regarding Parent and each of the Guarantors that is not a subsidiary of the Borrower, such documentation shall be been delivered in escrow to counsel to the Arrangers pursuant to instructions providing for the release and effectiveness of such documentation concurrently with the effectiveness of the Merger as set forth in the Merger Certificate (as defined below).

6. <u>Maximum Leverage Ratio</u>. At the time of funding, the total amount of indebtedness will be limited such that the ratio of (i) total indebtedness for Parent and its subsidiaries as of the Closing Date (assuming the consummation of the Merger) to (ii) pro forma consolidated adjusted EBITDA (calculated in accordance with Regulation S-X together with such additional adjustments as the Arrangers agree are appropriate, but not including any synergies relating to the Merger) for the latest four-quarter period for which financial statements are then publicly available will not be greater than 3.75:1.00.

B. <u>Second Draw Conditions</u>: In addition to the continued satisfaction of the Initial Draw Conditions, the Second Draw shall be subject to the following additional conditions (collectively with the Initial Draw Conditions, the **Second Draw Conditions**):

1. <u>Merger Certificate</u>. The certificate relating to the Merger (the Merger Certificate ) shall be filed with the Delaware Secretary of State substantially concurrently with the funding of the Second Draw. The Merger Certificate shall provide that the Merger shall become automatically effective at 12:01 a.m. (Eastern time) on the date following the filing of the Merger Certificate (without any additional conditions to effectiveness).

2. <u>Existing Indebtedness of the Merger Party</u>: There will not exist (pro forma for the Merger and the financing thereof) any default or event of default under any material indebtedness of the Parent or its subsidiaries. Pro forma for the consummation of the Merger, all material pre-existing indebtedness of the Merger Party (other than indebtedness outstanding under the Senior Facilities, any Securities, the Convertible Notes and the Parent s 5.375% Convertible Notes due 2014) shall have been repaid or repurchased in full, all commitments relating thereto shall have been terminated, and all liens or security interests related thereto shall have been terminated or released, in each case on terms satisfactory to the Arrangers and subject to exceptions to be mutually agreed upon.

A-Annex C to Exhibit C-2

#### Annex B

June 20, 2010

Board of Directors Biovail Corporation 7150 Mississauga Road Mississauga, Ontario CANADA, L5N 8M5

Members of the Board:

We understand that Valeant Pharmaceuticals International (Valeant), Biovail Corporation (Biovail) and Beach Merger Corp. (Merger Sub), an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Biovail and a direct wholly owned subsidiary of Biovail Americas Corp., propose to enter into an Agreement and Plan of Merger, substantially in the form of the draft dated June 20, 2010 (the Merger Agreement), which provides, among other things, (i) for the merger (the Merger) of Merger Sub with and into Valeant; (ii) for the payment by Valeant of a special dividend in an amount equal to \$16.77 per share of common stock, par value \$0.01, of Valeant (the Valeant Common Stock) to the shareholders of Valeant one business day prior to the closing date of the Merger (the Pre-Merger Special Dividend); and (iii) subject to the discretion of the Board of Directors of the combined company following the Merger, the payment of a special dividend in the amount of \$1.00 per common share of Biovail common stock (the Biovail Common Stock), payable by December 31, 2010. Pursuant to the Merger, Valeant will become an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Biovail, and each issued and outstanding share of Valeant Common Stock, other than shares held in treasury or held by Biovail or as to which dissenters rights have been perfected, will be converted into the right to receive 1.7809 shares (the Exchange Ratio) of Biovail Common Stock, subject to adjustment in certain circumstances. The terms and conditions of the Merger are more fully set forth in the Merger Agreement.

You have asked for our opinion as to whether the Exchange Ratio pursuant to the Merger Agreement is fair from a financial point of view to Biovail.

For purposes of the opinion set forth herein, we have:

1) Reviewed certain publicly available financial statements and other business and financial information of Biovail and Valeant, respectively;

2) Reviewed certain internal financial statements and other financial and operating data concerning Biovail and Valeant, respectively;

3) Reviewed certain financial projections prepared by the managements of Biovail and Valeant, respectively;

4) Reviewed information relating to certain strategic, financial and operational benefits anticipated from the Merger, prepared by the managements of Biovail and Valeant, respectively;

5) Discussed the past and current operations and financial condition and the prospects of Biovail, including information relating to certain strategic, financial and operational benefits anticipated from the Merger, with senior executives of Biovail;

6) Discussed the past and current operations and financial condition and the prospects of Valeant, including information relating to certain strategic, financial and operational benefits anticipated from the Merger, with senior

executives of Valeant;

7) Reviewed the pro forma impact of the Merger on Biovail s earnings per share, cash flow, consolidated capitalization and financial ratios;

8) Reviewed the reported prices and trading activity for the Biovail Common Stock and Valeant Common Stock;

## Table of Contents

9) Compared the financial performance of Biovail and Valeant and the prices and trading activity of the Biovail Common Stock and the Valeant Common Stock with that of certain other publicly-traded companies comparable with Biovail and Valeant, respectively, and their securities;

10) Reviewed the financial terms, to the extent publicly available, of certain comparable acquisition transactions;

11) Participated in certain discussions and negotiations among representatives of Biovail and Valeant and certain parties and their financial and legal advisors;

12) Reviewed the Merger Agreement, the draft commitment letter for Valeant from certain lenders substantially in the form of the draft dated June 20, 2010 (the Commitment Letter ) and certain related documents; and

13) Performed such other analyses, reviewed such other information and considered such other factors as we have deemed appropriate.

We have assumed and relied upon, without independent verification, the accuracy and completeness of the information that was publicly available or supplied or otherwise made available to us by Biovail and Valeant, and formed a substantial basis for this opinion. With respect to the financial projections, including information relating to certain strategic, financial and operational benefits anticipated from the Merger, we have assumed that they have been reasonably prepared on bases reflecting the best currently available estimates and judgments of the respective managements of the Biovail and Valeant of the future financial performance of Biovail and Valeant. In addition, we have assumed that (i) the Merger will be consummated in accordance with the terms set forth in the Merger Agreement without any waiver, amendment or delay of any terms or conditions, including, among other things, that the Merger will be treated as a tax-free reorganization pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended; (ii) the required financings will be obtained in accordance with the terms set forth in the Commitment Letter; (iii) the Pre-Merger Special Dividend will be paid to the holders of the Valeant Common Stock and (iv) that there will be no adjustment to the Exchange Ratio. Morgan Stanley has assumed that in connection with the receipt of all the necessary governmental, regulatory or other approvals and consents required for the proposed Merger, no delays, limitations, conditions or restrictions will be imposed that would have a material adverse effect on the contemplated benefits expected to be derived in the proposed Merger. We have relied upon, without independent verification, the assessment by the managements of Biovail and Valeant of: (i) the strategic, financial and other benefits expected to result from the Merger; (ii) the timing and risks associated with the integration of Biovail and Valeant; (iii) their ability to retain key employees of Biovail and Valeant, respectively; and (iv) the validity of, and risks associated with, Biovail and Valeant s existing and future technologies, intellectual property, products, services and business models. We are not legal, tax, or regulatory advisors. We are financial advisors only and have relied upon, without independent verification, the assessment of Biovail and Valeant and their legal, tax, and regulatory advisors with respect to legal, tax, and regulatory matters. We express no opinion with respect to the fairness of the amount or nature of the compensation to any of Valeant s officers, directors or employees, or any class of such persons, relative to the Exchange Ratio to be paid to the holders of shares of the Valeant Common Stock in the transaction. We have not made any independent valuation or appraisal of the assets or liabilities of Biovail or Valeant, nor have we been furnished with any such appraisals. Our opinion is necessarily based on financial, economic, market and other conditions as in effect on, and the information made available to us as of, the date hereof. Events occurring after the date hereof may affect this opinion and the assumptions used in preparing it, and we do not assume any obligation to update, revise or reaffirm this opinion.

1585 Broadway New York, NY 10036

In arriving at our opinion, we were not authorized to solicit, and did not solicit, interest from any party with respect to the merger, business combination or other extraordinary transaction, involving Biovail, nor did we negotiate with any parties, other than Valeant, with respect to such potential transaction.

We have acted as financial advisor to the Board of Directors of Biovail in connection with this transaction and will receive a fee for our services, a significant portion of which is contingent upon the closing of the Merger. In addition, Morgan Stanley or one of its affiliates is providing a portion of the commitments under the Commitment Letter and will receive fees in connection with such commitment. In the two years prior to the date hereof, we have provided financial advisory and financing services for Biovail and Valeant and have received fees in connection with such services. Morgan Stanley may also seek to provide such services to Biovail in the future and expects to receive fees for the rendering of these services.

Please note that Morgan Stanley is a global financial services firm engaged in the securities, investment management and individual wealth management businesses. Our securities business is engaged in securities underwriting, trading and brokerage activities, foreign exchange, commodities and derivatives trading, prime brokerage, as well as providing investment banking, financing and financial advisory services. Morgan Stanley, its affiliates, directors and officers may at any time invest on a principal basis or manage funds that invest, hold long or short positions, finance positions, and may trade or otherwise structure and effect transactions, for their own account or the accounts of its customers, in debt or equity securities or loans of Biovail, Valeant, or any other company, or any currency or commodity, that may be involved in this transaction, or any related derivative instrument.

This opinion has been approved by a committee of Morgan Stanley investment banking and other professionals in accordance with our customary practice. This opinion is for the information of the Board of Directors of Biovail and may not be used for any other purpose without our prior written consent, except that a copy of this opinion may be included in its entirety in any filing Biovail is required to make with the Securities and Exchange Commission in connection with this transaction if such inclusion is required by applicable law. In addition, this opinion does not in any manner address the prices at which the Biovail Common Stock will trade following consummation of the Merger and Morgan Stanley expresses no opinion or recommendation as to how the shareholders of Biovail and Valeant should vote at the shareholders meetings to be held in connection with the Merger.

Based on and subject to the foregoing, we are of the opinion on the date hereof that the Exchange Ratio pursuant to the Merger Agreement is fair from a financial point of view to Biovail.

Very truly yours,

MORGAN STANLEY & CO. INCORPORATED

By: /s/ Michael Boublik

Michael Boublik Managing Director

## Annex C

200 West Street | New York, New York 10282 Tel: 212-902-1000 | Fax: 212-902-3000

> Goldman Sachs

#### June 20, 2010

Board of Directors Valeant Pharmaceuticals International One Enterprise Aliso Viejo, CA 92656

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL

Ladies and Gentlemen:

You have requested our opinion as to the fairness from a financial point of view to the holders (other than Biovail Corporation ( Biovail ) and its affiliates) of the outstanding shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share (the Company Shares ), of Valeant Pharmaceuticals International (the Company ) of the Exchange Ratio (as defined below), together with the Pre- Merger Special Dividend (as defined below) to be paid to such holders, pursuant to the Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of June 20, 2010 (the Agreement ), by and among the Company, Biovail, Biovail Americas Corp. and Beach Merger Corp. ( Merger Sub ). The Agreement provides that Merger Sub will be merged with and into the Company and each outstanding Company Share will be converted into 1.7809 common shares, no par value (the Biovail Shares ), of Biovail (the Exchange Ratio ) following payment of a pre-merger special dividend to the holders of Company Shares in the amount of \$16.77 per Company Share (the Pre-Merger Special Dividend ) pursuant to Section 6.17 of the Agreement.

Goldman, Sachs & Co. and its affiliates are engaged in investment banking and financial advisory services, commercial banking, securities trading, investment management, principal investment, financial planning, benefits counseling, risk management, hedging, financing, brokerage activities and other financial and non-financial activities and services for various persons and entities. In the ordinary course of these activities and services, Goldman, Sachs & Co. and its affiliates may at any time make or hold long or short positions and investments, as well as actively trade or effect transactions, in the equity, debt and other securities (or related derivative securities) and financial instruments (including bank loans and other obligations) of third parties, the Company, Biovail and any of their respective affiliates or any currency or commodity that may be involved in the transaction contemplated by the Agreement (the

Transaction ) for their own account and for the accounts of their customers. We have acted as financial advisor to the Company in connection with, and have participated in certain of the negotiations leading to, the Transaction. We expect to receive fees for our services in connection with the Transaction, all of which are contingent upon consummation of the Transaction, and the Company has agreed to reimburse our expenses arising, and indemnify us against certain liabilities that may arise, out of our engagement. At your request, an affiliate of Goldman, Sachs & Co. has entered into financing commitments with the Company and Biovail to provide the Company with senior secured credit facilities, including a revolver and a term loan, in connection with the consummation of the Transaction, subject to the terms of such commitments, and pursuant to which one or more affiliates of Goldman, Sachs & Co. will receive customary fees. In addition, we have provided certain investment banking and other financial services to the Company and its affiliates from time to time for which our investment banking division has received, and may receive, compensation, including having acted as the Company s financial advisor in connection with the sale of its Western

Europe, Eastern Europe, Middle East and Africa businesses in September 2008; as a joint bookrunning manager with respect to the Company s 8.375% Senior Unsecured Notes due June 2016 (aggregate principal amount \$365,000,000) in June 2009; as a joint bookrunning manager with respect to the Company s 7.625% Senior Unsecured Notes due March 2020 (aggregate principal amount

Securities and Investment Services Provided by Goldman, Sachs & Co.

Board of Directors Valeant Pharmaceuticals International June 20, 2010 Page 2

\$400,000,000) in April 2010; and as sole arranger, administrative agent, collateral agent and lender with respect to the Company s senior secured term loan due December 2010 (aggregate principal amount \$30,000,000) in May 2010. We also may provide investment banking and other financial services to the Company and Biovail and their respective affiliates in the future for which our investment banking division may receive compensation. We further note that concurrent with the issuance of the Valeant Convertible Notes (as defined in the Agreement) in November 2003, the Company entered into convertible note hedge and written call options transactions with respect to shares of the Company s common stock (the Hedging Transactions ) with an affiliate of Goldman Sachs and another counterparty consisting of the purchase and sale by the Company of call options on 12,653,440 shares of the Company s common stock, which is the number of shares underlying the conversion of the Valeant Convertible Notes. Certain of the Hedging Transactions remain in place as of the date hereof.

In connection with this opinion, we have reviewed, among other things, the Agreement; annual reports to stockholders and annual reports on Form 10-K of the Company for the five fiscal years ended December 31, 2009; annual reports on Form 10-K or Form 20-F of Biovail for the five fiscal years ended December 31, 2009; certain interim reports to stockholders and Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q of the Company and Biovail; certain other communications from the Company and Biovail to their respective stockholders; certain publicly available research analyst reports for the Company and Biovail; and certain internal financial analyses and forecasts for the Company prepared by its management and for Biovail prepared by its management, in each case as approved for our use by the Company (the Forecasts ) and certain cost savings and operating synergies projected by the management of the Company to result from the Transaction, as approved for our use by the Company (the Synergies ). We have also held discussions with members of the senior managements of the Company and Biovail regarding their assessment of the strategic rationale for, and the potential benefits of, the Transaction and the past and current business operations, financial condition and future prospects of their respective companies; reviewed the reported price and trading activity for the Company Shares and Biovail Shares; compared certain financial and stock market information for the Company and Biovail with similar information for certain other companies the securities of which are publicly traded; reviewed the financial terms of certain recent business combinations in the specialty pharmaceuticals industry specifically and in other industries generally; and performed such other studies and analyses, and considered such other factors, as we deemed

For purposes of rendering this opinion, we have relied upon and assumed, without assuming any responsibility for independent verification, the accuracy and completeness of all of the financial, legal, regulatory, tax, accounting and other information provided to, discussed with or reviewed by us, and we do not assume any responsibility for any such information. In that regard, we have assumed with your consent that the Forecasts and the Synergies have been reasonably prepared on a basis reflecting the best currently available estimates and judgments of the management of the Company. We have not made an independent evaluation or appraisal of the assets and liabilities (including any contingent, derivative or other off-balance-sheet assets and liabilities) of the Company or Biovail or any of their respective subsidiaries and we have not been furnished with any such evaluation or appraisal. We have assumed that all governmental, regulatory or other consents and approvals necessary for the consummation of the Transaction will be obtained without any adverse effect on the Company or Biovail or on the expected benefits of the Transaction in any way meaningful to our analysis. We also have assumed that the Pre-Merger Special Dividend will be paid to the holders of Company Shares on the terms set forth in the Agreement and that the Transaction will be consummated on the terms set forth in the Agreement, without the waiver or modification of any term or condition the effect of which would be in any way meaningful to our analysis.

appropriate.

Our opinion does not address the underlying business decision of the Company to engage in the Transaction, or the relative merits of the Transaction as compared to any strategic alternatives that may be available to the Company; nor does it address any legal, regulatory, tax or accounting matters. This opinion addresses only the fairness from a financial point of view, as of the date hereof, of the Exchange Ratio, together with the Pre-Merger Special Dividend to be paid to the holders of Company Shares (other than Biovail and its affiliates), pursuant to the

Board of Directors Valeant Pharmaceuticals International June 20, 2010 Page 3

Agreement. We do not express any view on, and our opinion does not address, any other term or aspect of the Agreement or Transaction or any term or aspect of any other agreement or instrument contemplated by the Agreement or entered into or amended in connection with the Transaction, including, without limitation, the fairness of the Transaction to, or any consideration received in connection therewith by, the holders of any other class of securities, creditors, or other constituencies of the Company; nor as to the fairness of the amount or nature of any compensation to be paid or payable to any of the officers, directors or employees of the Company or class of such persons, in connection with the Transaction, whether relative to the Exchange Ratio, together with the Pre-Merger Special Dividend to be paid to the holders of Company Shares (other than Biovail and its affiliates), pursuant to the Agreement or otherwise. We are not expressing any opinion as to the prices at which Biovail Shares will trade at any time or as to the impact of the Transaction on the solvency or viability of the Company or Biovail or the ability of the Company or Biovail to pay its obligations when they come due. Our opinion is necessarily based on economic, monetary, market and other conditions as in effect on, and the information made available to us as of, the date hereof and we assume no responsibility for updating, revising or reaffirming this opinion based on circumstances, developments or events occurring after the date hereof. Our advisory services and the opinion expressed herein are provided for the information and assistance of the Board of Directors of the Company in connection with its consideration of the Transaction and such opinion does not constitute a recommendation as to how any holder of Company Shares should vote with respect to such Transaction or any other matter. This opinion has been approved by a fairness committee of Goldman, Sachs & Co.

Based upon and subject to the foregoing, it is our opinion that, as of the date hereof, the Exchange Ratio, together with the Pre-Merger Special Dividend to be paid to the holders (other than Biovail and its affiliates) of Company Shares, pursuant to the Agreement is fair from a financial point of view to such holders.

Very truly yours,

/s/ Goldman Sachs & Co. (GOLDMAN, SACHS & CO.)

C-3

Annex D

#### Jefferies & Company, Inc.

520 Madison Avenue New York, NY 10022 *tel* 212.284.2300 *fax* 917.421.1935 www.jefferies.com

June 20, 2010

Board of Directors Valeant Pharmaceuticals International One Enterprise Aliso Viejo, California 92656

#### Members of the Board:

We understand that Valeant Pharmaceuticals International (the Company ), Biovail Corporation (the Merger Partner ), Biovail Americas Corp. and Beach Merger Corp., an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Merger Partner (Merger Sub ), propose to enter into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the Merger Agreement ), pursuant to which Merger Sub will merge with and into the Company (the Merger ) in a transaction in which each outstanding share of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, of the Company (the Company Common Stock ), other than shares of Company Common Stock held in the treasury of the Company or owned by the Merger Partner or Merger Sub, all of which shares will be canceled, or as to which dissenters rights have been properly exercised, will be converted into the right to receive 1.7809 (the Exchange Ratio ) common shares in the capital of the Merger Partner (the Merger Partner Common Stock ). The Merger Agreement further provides that the Board of Directors of the Company intends to declare and pay a one-time special cash dividend in an amount equal to \$16.77 per share of the Company Common Stock one business day prior to the closing of the Merger (the Pre-Merger Special Dividend ). The terms and conditions of the Merger are more fully set forth in the Merger Agreement.

You have asked for our opinion as to whether the Exchange Ratio, together with the Pre-Merger Special Dividend to be paid to the holders of shares of the Company Common Stock, is fair, from a financial point of view, to such holders.

In arriving at our opinion, we have, among other things:

(i) reviewed a draft dated June 19, 2010 of the Merger Agreement;

(ii) reviewed certain publicly available financial and other information about the Company and the Merger Partner;

(iii) reviewed certain information furnished to us by the managements of the Company and the Merger Partner, including financial forecasts and analyses, relating to the business, operations and prospects of the Company and the Merger Partner, and estimates as to the amount and timing of certain cost savings and related expenses jointly anticipated by the managements of the Company and the Merger Partner to result from the Merger (Synergies);

(iv) held discussions with members of senior managements of the Company and the Merger Partner concerning the matters described in clauses (ii) and (iii) above;

(v) reviewed the share trading price history and valuation multiples for the Company Common Stock and the Merger Partner Common Stock and compared them with those of certain publicly traded companies that we deemed relevant;

#### Table of Contents

(vi) compared the proposed financial terms of the Merger with the financial terms of certain other transactions that we deemed relevant;

(vii) reviewed the relative financial contributions of the Company and the Merger Partner to the future financial performance of the combined company on a pro forma basis;

(viii) considered the potential pro forma impact of the Merger; and

(ix) conducted such other financial studies, analyses and investigations as we deemed appropriate.

In our review and analysis and in rendering this opinion, we have assumed and relied upon, but have not assumed any responsibility to independently investigate or verify, the accuracy and completeness of all financial and other information that was supplied or otherwise made available by the Company and the Merger Partner to us or that was publicly available (including, without limitation, the information described above), or that was otherwise reviewed by us. We have relied on assurances of the managements of the Company and the Merger Partner that they are not aware of any facts or circumstances that would make such information inaccurate or misleading. In our review, we did not obtain any independent evaluation or appraisal of any of the assets or liabilities of, nor did we conduct a physical inspection of any of the properties or facilities of, the Company or the Merger Partner, nor have we been furnished with any such evaluations or appraisals of such physical inspections, nor do we assume any responsibility to obtain any such evaluations or appraisals.

With respect to the financial forecasts provided to and examined by us, we note that projecting future results of any company is inherently subject to uncertainty. The Company and the Merger Partner have informed us, however, and we have assumed, that such financial forecasts were reasonably prepared on bases reflecting the best currently available estimates and good faith judgments of the managements of the Company and the Merger Partner as to the future financial performance of the Company and the Merger Partner, respectively. In addition, the Company and the Merger Partner have informed us, and we have assumed, that the Synergies were reasonably prepared on bases reflecting the best currently available estimates and good faith judgments of the managements of the Company and the Merger Partner as to the amount and timing of certain cost savings and related expenses anticipated by the managements of the Company and the Merger Partner as to the ability of the combined company to achieve the Synergies in the amounts and at the times projected. We express no opinion as to the financial forecasts or the Synergies provided to us by the Company and the Merger Partner, or the assumptions on which they are made.

Our opinion is based on economic, monetary, regulatory, market and other conditions existing and which can be evaluated as of the date hereof. We expressly disclaim any undertaking or obligation to advise any person of any change in any fact or matter affecting our opinion of which we become aware after the date hereof.

We have made no independent investigation of any legal or accounting matters affecting the Company or the Merger Partner, and we have assumed the correctness in all respects material to our analysis of all legal and accounting advice given to the Company and its Board of Directors, including, without limitation, advice as to the legal, accounting and tax consequences of the terms of, and transactions contemplated by, the Merger Agreement to the Company and its stockholders. In addition, in preparing this opinion, we have not taken into account any tax consequences of the Merger to any holder of Company Common Stock. In our review and analysis and in rendering this opinion, we have assumed that the Pre-Merger Special Dividend will be declared and paid. In addition, we have assumed that the final form of the Merger Agreement will be substantially similar to the last draft reviewed by us. We have also assumed that in the course of obtaining the necessary regulatory or third party approvals, consents and releases for the Merger, no delay, limitation, restriction or condition will be imposed that would have an adverse effect on the Company, the

Merger Partner or the contemplated benefits of the Merger.

It is understood that our opinion is for the use and benefit of the Board of Directors of the Company in its consideration of the Merger, and our opinion does not address the relative merits of the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement as compared to any alternative transaction or opportunity that might be available to the

#### **Table of Contents**

Company, nor does it address the underlying business decision by the Company to engage in the Merger or the terms of the Merger Agreement or the documents referred to therein. Our opinion does not constitute a recommendation as to how any holder of shares of Company Common Stock should vote on the Merger or any matter related thereto. In addition, you have not asked us to address, and this opinion does not address, the fairness to, or any other consideration of, the holders of any class of securities, creditors or other constituencies of the Company, other than the holders of shares of Company Common Stock. We express no opinion as to the price at which shares of the Company Common Stock will trade at any time. Furthermore, we do not express any view or opinion as to the fairness, financial or otherwise, of the amount or nature of any compensation payable or to be received by any of the Company s officers, directors or employees, or any class of such persons, in connection with the Merger relative to the Exchange Ratio. Our opinion has been authorized by the Fairness Committee of Jefferies & Company, Inc.

We have been engaged by the Company to act as financial advisor to the Company in connection with the Merger and will receive a fee for our services, a portion of which is payable upon delivery of this opinion and a significant portion of which is payable contingent upon consummation of the Merger. We will also be reimbursed for expenses incurred. The Company has agreed to indemnify us against liabilities arising out of or in connection with the services rendered and to be rendered by us under such engagement. We have, in the past, provided financial advisory and financing services to the Company and may continue to do so and have received, and may receive, fees for the rendering of such services. We maintain a market in the securities of the Company and the Merger Partner, and in the ordinary course of our business, we and our affiliates may trade or hold securities of the Company or the Merger Partner and/or their respective affiliates for our own account and for the accounts of our customers and, accordingly, may at any time hold long or short positions in those securities. In addition, we may seek to, in the future, provide financial advisory and financing services to the Company, the Merger Partner or entities that are affiliated with the Company or the Merger Partner, for which we would expect to receive compensation. We anticipate that we and our affiliates may arrange and/or provide a portion of the financing to the Company in connection with the Pre-Merger Special Dividend for customary compensation. Except as otherwise expressly provided in our engagement letter with the Company, our opinion may not be used or referred to by the Company, or quoted or disclosed to any person in any manner, without our prior written consent.

Based upon and subject to the foregoing, we are of the opinion that, as of the date hereof, the Exchange Ratio, together with the Pre-Merger Special Dividend to be paid to the holders of shares of Company Common Stock, is fair, from a financial point of view, to such holders.

Very truly yours,

/s/ Jefferies & Company, Inc. JEFFERIES & COMPANY, INC.

D-3

## Annex E

# BE IT RESOLVED AS A SPECIAL RESOLUTION THAT:

1. the articles of continuance (the **Articles**) of Biovail Corporation (the **Corporation**) be amended to provide that the name of the Corporation be changed from Biovail Corporation to Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, Inc. or such other name that may be approved by the board of directors of the Corporation and the applicable regulatory authorities;

2. notwithstanding that this special resolution has been duly passed by the holders of common shares of the Corporation, the board of directors of the Corporation are hereby authorized and empowered, in their sole discretion, and without further notice to or approval by the shareholders of the Corporation, to revoke this special resolution at any time prior to the filing of the articles of amendment (the **Articles of Amendment**) to effect such name change and elect not to act on or carry out this special resolution; and

3. any director or officer of the Corporation is hereby authorized for and on behalf of the Corporation and directed to do and perform all such acts and things and to execute and deliver or cause to be executed and delivered, for, in the name of and on behalf of the Corporation (whether under the seal of the Corporation or otherwise) all such agreements, instruments and other documents as in such individual s opinion may be necessary or desirable to perform the terms of this special resolution.

E-1

## Annex F

## § 262. Appraisal rights

(a) Any stockholder of a corporation of this State who holds shares of stock on the date of the making of a demand pursuant to subsection (d) of this section with respect to such shares, who continuously holds such shares through the effective date of the merger or consolidation, who has otherwise complied with subsection (d) of this section and who has neither voted in favor of the merger or consolidation nor consented thereto in writing pursuant to § 228 of this title shall be entitled to an appraisal by the Court of Chancery of the fair value of the stockholder s shares of stock under the circumstances described in subsections (b) and (c) of this section. As used in this section, the word stockholder means a holder of record of stock in a stock corporation and also a member of record of a nonstock corporation; the words stock and share mean and include what is ordinarily meant by those words and also membership or membership interest of a member of a nonstock corporation; and the words depository receipt mean a receipt or other instrument issued by a depository representing an interest in one or more shares, or fractions thereof, solely of stock of a corporation, which stock is deposited with the depository.

(b) Appraisal rights shall be available for the shares of any class or series of stock of a constituent corporation in a merger or consolidation to be effected pursuant to § 251 (other than a merger effected pursuant to § 251(g) of this title), § 252, § 254, § 257, § 258, § 263 or § 264 of this title:

(1) Provided, however, that no appraisal rights under this section shall be available for the shares of any class or series of stock, which stock, or depository receipts in respect thereof, at the record date fixed to determine the stockholders entitled to receive notice of the meeting of stockholders to act upon the agreement of merger or consolidation, were either (i) listed on a national securities exchange or (ii) held of record by more than 2,000 holders; and further provided that no appraisal rights shall be available for any shares of stock of the constituent corporation surviving a merger if the merger did not require for its approval the vote of the stockholders of the surviving corporation as provided in § 251(f) of this title.

(2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1) of this subsection, appraisal rights under this section shall be available for the shares of any class or series of stock of a constituent corporation if the holders thereof are required by the terms of an agreement of merger or consolidation pursuant to §§ 251, 252, 254, 257, 258, 263 and 264 of this title to accept for such stock anything except:

a. Shares of stock of the corporation surviving or resulting from such merger or consolidation, or depository receipts in respect thereof;

b. Shares of stock of any other corporation, or depository receipts in respect thereof, which shares of stock (or depository receipts in respect thereof) or depository receipts at the effective date of the merger or consolidation will be either listed on a national securities exchange or held of record by more than 2,000 holders;

c. Cash in lieu of fractional shares or fractional depository receipts described in the foregoing subparagraphs a. and b. of this paragraph; or

d. Any combination of the shares of stock, depository receipts and cash in lieu of fractional shares or fractional depository receipts described in the foregoing subparagraphs a., b. and c. of this paragraph.

(3) In the event all of the stock of a subsidiary Delaware corporation party to a merger effected under § 253 of this title is not owned by the parent corporation immediately prior to the merger, appraisal rights shall be available for the shares of the subsidiary Delaware corporation.

(c) Any corporation may provide in its certificate of incorporation that appraisal rights under this section shall be available for the shares of any class or series of its stock as a result of an amendment to its certificate of incorporation, any merger or consolidation in which the corporation is a constituent corporation or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the corporation. If the certificate of incorporation contains such a provision, the procedures of this section, including those set forth in subsections (d) and (e) of this section, shall apply as nearly as is practicable.

(d) Appraisal rights shall be perfected as follows:

(1) If a proposed merger or consolidation for which appraisal rights are provided under this section is to be submitted for approval at a meeting of stockholders, the corporation, not less than 20 days prior to the meeting, shall notify each of its stockholders who was such on the record date for notice of such meeting with respect to shares for which appraisal rights are available pursuant to subsection (b) or (c) hereof of this section that appraisal rights are available for any or all of the shares of the constituent corporations, and shall include in such notice a copy of this section. Each stockholder electing to demand the appraisal of such stockholder s shares shall deliver to the corporation, before the taking of the vote on the merger or consolidation, a written demand for appraisal of such stockholder and that the stockholder intends thereby to demand the appraisal of such stockholder s shares. A proxy or vote against the merger or consolidation shall not constitute such a demand. A stockholder electing to take such action must do so by a separate written demand as herein provided. Within 10 days after the effective date of such merger or consolidation, the surviving or resulting corporation shall notify each stockholder of each constituent corporation who has complied with this subsection and has not voted in favor of or consented to the merger or consolidation of the date that the merger or consolidation has become effective; or

(2) If the merger or consolidation was approved pursuant to § 228 or § 253 of this title, then either a constituent corporation before the effective date of the merger or consolidation or the surviving or resulting corporation within 10 days thereafter shall notify each of the holders of any class or series of stock of such constituent corporation who are entitled to appraisal rights of the approval of the merger or consolidation and that appraisal rights are available for any or all shares of such class or series of stock of such constituent corporation, and shall include in such notice a copy of this section. Such notice may, and, if given on or after the effective date of the merger or consolidation, shall, also notify such stockholders of the effective date of the merger or consolidation. Any stockholder entitled to appraisal rights may, within 20 days after the date of mailing of such notice, demand in writing from the surviving or resulting corporation the appraisal of such holder s shares. Such demand will be sufficient if it reasonably informs the corporation of the identity of the stockholder and that the stockholder intends thereby to demand the appraisal of such holder s shares. If such notice did not notify stockholders of the effective date of the merger or consolidation, either (i) each such constituent corporation shall send a second notice before the effective date of the merger or consolidation notifying each of the holders of any class or series of stock of such constituent corporation that are entitled to appraisal rights of the effective date of the merger or consolidation or (ii) the surviving or resulting corporation shall send such a second notice to all such holders on or within 10 days after such effective date; provided, however, that if such second notice is sent more than 20 days following the sending of the first notice, such second notice need only be sent to each stockholder who is entitled to appraisal rights and who has demanded appraisal of such holder s shares in accordance with this subsection. An affidavit of the secretary or assistant secretary or of the transfer agent of the corporation that is required to give either notice that such notice has been given shall, in the absence of fraud, be prima facie evidence of the facts stated therein. For purposes of determining the stockholders entitled to receive either notice, each constituent corporation may fix, in advance, a record date that shall be not more than 10 days prior to the date the notice is given, provided, that if the notice is given on or after the effective date of the merger or consolidation, the record date shall be such effective date. If no record date is fixed and the notice is given prior to the effective date, the record date shall be the close of business on the day next preceding the day on which the notice is given.

(e) Within 120 days after the effective date of the merger or consolidation, the surviving or resulting corporation or any stockholder who has complied with subsections (a) and (d) of this section hereof and who is otherwise entitled to appraisal rights, may commence an appraisal proceeding by filing a petition in the Court of Chancery demanding a determination of the value of the stock of all such stockholders. Notwithstanding the foregoing, at any time within 60 days after the effective date of the merger or consolidation, any stockholder who has not commenced an appraisal proceeding or joined that proceeding as a named party shall have the right to withdraw such stockholder s demand for

appraisal and to accept the terms offered upon the merger or consolidation. Within 120 days after the effective date of the merger or consolidation, any stockholder who has complied with the requirements of subsections (a) and (d) of this section hereof, upon written request, shall be entitled to receive from

#### Table of Contents

the corporation surviving the merger or resulting from the consolidation a statement setting forth the aggregate number of shares not voted in favor of the merger or consolidation and with respect to which demands for appraisal have been received and the aggregate number of holders of such shares. Such written statement shall be mailed to the stockholder within 10 days after such stockholder s written request for such a statement is received by the surviving or resulting corporation or within 10 days after expiration of the period for delivery of demands for appraisal under subsection (d) of this section hereof, whichever is later. Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, a person who is the beneficial owner of shares of such stock held either in a voting trust or by a nominee on behalf of such person may, in such person s own name, file a petition or request from the corporation the statement described in this subsection.

(f) Upon the filing of any such petition by a stockholder, service of a copy thereof shall be made upon the surviving or resulting corporation, which shall within 20 days after such service file in the office of the Register in Chancery in which the petition was filed a duly verified list containing the names and addresses of all stockholders who have demanded payment for their shares and with whom agreements as to the value of their shares have not been reached by the surviving or resulting corporation. If the petition shall be filed by the surviving or resulting corporation, the petition shall be accompanied by such a duly verified list. The Register in Chancery, if so ordered by the Court, shall give notice of the time and place fixed for the hearing of such petition by registered or certified mail to the surviving or resulting corporation and to the stockholders shown on the list at the addresses therein stated. Such notice shall also be given by 1 or more publications at least 1 week before the day of the hearing, in a newspaper of general circulation published in the City of Wilmington, Delaware or such publication as the Court deems advisable. The forms of the notices by mail and by publication shall be approved by the Court, and the costs thereof shall be borne by the surviving or resulting corporation.

(g) At the hearing on such petition, the Court shall determine the stockholders who have complied with this section and who have become entitled to appraisal rights. The Court may require the stockholders who have demanded an appraisal for their shares and who hold stock represented by certificates to submit their certificates of stock to the Register in Chancery for notation thereon of the pendency of the appraisal proceedings; and if any stockholder fails to comply with such direction, the Court may dismiss the proceedings as to such stockholder.

(h) After the Court determines the stockholders entitled to an appraisal, the appraisal proceeding shall be conducted in accordance with the rules of the Court of Chancery, including any rules specifically governing appraisal proceedings. Through such proceeding the Court shall determine the fair value of the shares exclusive of any element of value arising from the accomplishment or expectation of the merger or consolidation, together with interest, if any, to be paid upon the amount determined to be the fair value. In determining such fair value, the Court shall take into account all relevant factors. Unless the Court in its discretion determines otherwise for good cause shown, interest from the effective date of the merger through the date of payment of the judgment shall be compounded quarterly and shall accrue at 5% over the Federal Reserve discount rate (including any surcharge) as established from time to time during the period between the effective date of the merger and the date of payment of the judgment. Upon application by the surviving or resulting corporation or by any stockholder entitled to participate in the appraisal proceeding, the Court may, in its discretion, proceed to trial upon the appraisal prior to the final determination of the stockholders entitled to an appraisal. Any stockholder whose name appears on the list filed by the surviving or resulting corporation pursuant to subsection (f) of this section and who has submitted such stockholder s certificates of stock to the Register in Chancery, if such is required, may participate fully in all proceedings until it is finally determined that such stockholder is not entitled to appraisal rights under this section.

(i) The Court shall direct the payment of the fair value of the shares, together with interest, if any, by the surviving or resulting corporation to the stockholders entitled thereto. Payment shall be so made to each such stockholder, in the case of holders of uncertificated stock forthwith, and the case of holders of shares represented by certificates upon the surrender to the corporation of the certificates representing such stock. The Court s decree may be enforced as other

decrees in the Court of Chancery may be enforced, whether such surviving or resulting corporation be a corporation of this State or of any state.

(j) The costs of the proceeding may be determined by the Court and taxed upon the parties as the Court deems equitable in the circumstances. Upon application of a stockholder, the Court may order all or a portion of the expenses incurred by any stockholder in connection with the appraisal proceeding, including, without limitation,

reasonable attorney s fees and the fees and expenses of experts, to be charged pro rata against the value of all the shares entitled to an appraisal.

(k) From and after the effective date of the merger or consolidation, no stockholder who has demanded appraisal rights as provided in subsection (d) of this section shall be entitled to vote such stock for any purpose or to receive payment of dividends or other distributions on the stock (except dividends or other distributions payable to stockholders of record at a date which is prior to the effective date of the merger or consolidation); provided, however, that if no petition for an appraisal shall be filed within the time provided in subsection (e) of this section, or if such stockholder shall deliver to the surviving or resulting corporation a written withdrawal of such stockholder s demand for an appraisal and an acceptance of the merger or consolidation, either within 60 days after the effective date of the corporation, then the right of such stockholder to an appraisal shall cease. Notwithstanding the foregoing, no appraisal proceeding in the Court of Chancery shall be dismissed as to any stockholder without the approval of the Court, and such approval may be conditioned upon such terms as the Court deems just; provided, however that this provision shall not affect the right of any stockholder who has not commenced an appraisal proceeding or joined that proceeding as a named party to withdraw such stockholder s demand for appraisal and to accept the terms offered upon the merger or consolidation within 60 days after the effective date of the merger or consolidation within 60 days after the effective date of the court of commenced an appraisal proceeding or joined that proceeding as a named party to withdraw such stockholder s demand for appraisal and to accept the terms offered upon the merger or consolidation within 60 days after the effective date of the merger or consolidation, as set forth in subsection (e) of this section.

(1) The shares of the surviving or resulting corporation to which the shares of such objecting stockholders would have been converted had they assented to the merger or consolidation shall have the status of authorized and unissued shares of the surviving or resulting corporation.

(8 Del. C. 1953, § 262; 56 Del. Laws, c. 50; 56 Del. Laws, c. 186, § 24; 57 Del. Laws, c. 148, §§ 27-29; 59 Del. Laws, c. 106, § 12; 60 Del. Laws, c. 371, §§ 3-12; 63 Del. Laws, c. 25, § 14; 63 Del. Laws, c. 152, §§ 1, 2; 64 Del. Laws, c. 112, §§ 46-54; 66 Del. Laws, c. 136, §§ 30-32; 66 Del. Laws, c. 352, § 9; 67 Del. Laws, c. 376, §§ 19, 20; 68 Del. Laws, c. 337, §§ 3, 4; 69 Del. Laws, c. 61, § 10; 69 Del. Laws, c. 262, §§ 1-9; 70 Del. Laws, c. 79, § 16; 70 Del. Laws, c. 186, § 1; 70 Del. Laws, c. 299, §§ 2, 3; 70 Del. Laws, c. 349, § 22; 71 Del. Laws, c. 120, § 15; 71 Del. Laws, c. 339, §§ 49-52; 73 Del. Laws, c. 82, § 21; 76 Del. Laws, c. 145, §§ 11-16; 77 Del. Laws, c. 14, §§ 12, 13.)

F-4

# VALEANT PHARMACEUTICALS INTERNATIONAL ATTN: STEVE MIN ONE ENTERPRISE ALISO VIEJO, CA 92656

# VOTE BY INTERNET <u>www.proxyvote.com</u>

Use the Internet to transmit your voting instructions and for electronic delivery of information up until 11:59 p.m. Eastern Time on September 26, 2010. Have your proxy card in hand when you access the web site and follow the instructions to obtain your records and to create an electronic voting instruction form.

# VOTE BY PHONE 1-800-690- 6903

Use any touch-tone telephone to transmit your voting instructions up until 11:59 p.m. Eastern Time on September 26, 2010. Have your proxy card in hand when you call and then follow the instructions.

## **VOTE BY MAIL**

Mark, sign and date your proxy card and return it in the postage-paid envelope we have provided or return it to Vote Processing, c/o Broadridge, 51 Mercedes Way, Edgewood, NY 11717.

## TO VOTE, MARK BLOCKS BELOW IN BLUE OR BLACK INK AS FOLLOWS:

M22801-P89086
---------------

KEEP THIS PORTION FOR YOUR RECORDS

# **THIS PROXY CARD IS VALID ONLY**DETACH AND RETURN THIS PORTION ONLY**WHEN SIGNED AND DATED.**

# VALEANT PHARMACEUTICALS INTERNATIONAL

## The Board of Directors recommends you vote FOR proposals 1 and 2:

		For	Against	Abstain
1.	Adoption of the Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of June 20, 2010, among Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, Biovail Corporation, Biovail Americas Corp. (a wholly owned subsidiary of Biovail Corporation) and Beach Merger Corp. (a wholly owned subsidiary of Biovail Americas Corp.)	0	0	0
2.	Approval of the adjournment of the Valeant Pharmaceuticals International special meeting, if necessary or appropriate to solicit additional proxies if there are not sufficient votes to adopt the merger agreement at the time of the special meeting	0	0	0

**NOTE:** If any other matter properly comes before the Valeant Pharmaceuticals International Special Meeting of Stockholders or any adjournment or postponement thereof, or if you return a properly executed proxy card without marking any voting selections, the shares of Valeant common stock represented by your proxy card will be voted as recommended by the Board of Directors of Valeant Pharmaceuticals International.

Please sign exactly as your name(s) appear(s) hereon. When signing as attorney, executor, administrator, or other fiduciary, please give full title as such. Joint owners should each sign personally. All holders must sign. If a corporation or partnership, please sign in full corporate or partnership name, by authorized officer.

Signature [PLEASE SIGN WITHIN BOX] Date

Signature (Joint Owners) Date

#### Important Notice Regarding the Availability of Proxy Materials for the Special Meeting:

The Notice of Special Meeting of Stockholders and Joint Proxy Statement/Prospectus are available at www.proxyvote.com.

Whether or not you plan to attend the Valeant Pharmaceuticals International Special Meeting of Stockholders, your vote is important. Valeant Pharmaceuticals International encourages you to vote promptly via the Internet or by telephone, which are available 24 hours a day, seven days a week. See instructions on reverse side. If you have any questions or need assistance voting your shares, please call Innisfree M&A Incorporated, which is assisting Valeant, toll free at (877) 456 3442.

M22802-P89086

## VALEANT PHARMACEUTICALS INTERNATIONAL Special Meeting of Stockholders September 27, 2010, 10:00 AM, local time This proxy is solicited on behalf of the Board of Directors

The undersigned revokes all previous proxies, acknowledges receipt of Notice of the Special Meeting of Stockholders and the joint proxy statement/prospectus related thereto and appoints J. Michael Pearson and Steve T. Min, and each of them, the attorneys and proxies of the undersigned, each with full power of substitution, to vote all the shares of common stock of Valeant Pharmaceuticals International which the undersigned is entitled to vote, either on his or her own behalf or on behalf of an entity or entities, at the Special Meeting of Stockholders to be held on September 27, 2010, at 10:00 a.m. local time, at 14 Main Street, Suite 140, in Madison, New Jersey 07940, and at any adjournments or postponements thereof, with the same force and effect as if the undersigned had voted such shares in person thereat. **This proxy, when properly executed, will be voted in the manner set forth on the reverse side of this card. If any matter other than proposals 1 and 2 properly comes before the Valeant Pharmaceuticals International Special Meeting of Stockholders or any adjournment or postponement thereof, or if this proxy is properly executed and returned but no direction is made, this proxy will be voted as recommended by the Board of Directors of Valeant Pharmaceuticals International.** 

THE VALEANT PHARMACEUTICALS INTERNATIONAL BOARD OF DIRECTORS RECOMMENDS A VOTE FOR PROPOSALS 1 AND 2.

Please mark, sign, date and return this proxy card promptly using the enclosed reply enveloped. Continued and to be signed on reverse side