RIVIERA TOOL CO Form 10-Q April 15, 2002

U.S SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10 - Q

Quarterly Report Under Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For The Quarter Ended February 28, 2002 Commission File Number 001 - 12673

RIVIERA TOOL COMPANY

A Michigan Corporation
I.R.S. Employer Identification No. 38- 2828870
5460 Executive Parkway S.E., Grand Rapids, Michigan 49512
Telephone: (616) 698 - 2100

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months, and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes X No

The number of Common Shares outstanding at April 15, 2002 was 3,379,609.

PART I
FINANCIAL INFORMATION
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Item 1.	Financial Statements
	Balance Sheets as of February 28, 2002 and August 31, 2001
	Statements of Operations for the Three and Six Months Ended February 28, 2002 and 200
	Statements of Cash Flows for the Three and Six Months Ended February 28, 2002 and 200
	Notes to Financial Statements
Item 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk - None

# PART II OTHER INFORMATION INDEX

- Item 1. Legal Proceedings The Company is involved in legal proceedings, which are ordinary or routine to its operations. In the opinion of management, no existing proceedings would have a significant effect on the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Company, if determined against the Company.
- Item 2. Changes in Securities None
- Item 3. Default Upon Senior Securities None
- Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders None.
- Item 5. Other Information None
- Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8 K.
  - 6(a) Exhibits None
  - 6(b) Reports on Form 8-K None.

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RIVIERA TOOL COMPANY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BALANCE SHEETS

FEBRUARY

Cash		\$	
Accounts receivable			5,
Costs net of estimated gross loss in excess			,
Of billings on contracts in process	2		4,
Inventories			ĺ
Prepaid expenses and other current assets			
		_	
Total Current assets			10,
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, NET	3		15,
PERISHABLE TOOLING			
OTHER ASSETS			
		_	
Total assets		\$	26,
TOCAL ASSECS		۷ =	Z0,
LIABILITIES AND			
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Current portion of long-term debt	4	\$	8,
Accounts payable			
Accrued liabilities			
Tatal Comment linkilities		_	
Total Current liabilities			9,
LONG-TERM DEBT	4		2,
ACCRUED LEASE EXPENSE	7		۷,
NOONOED EEROE EN ENGE		_	
Total liabilities			12,
		_	
PREFERRED STOCK - no par value,			
\$100 mandatory redemption value:			
Authorized - 5,000 shares			
Issued and outstanding - no shares			
OTROPULOT DEDGI. DOLLTEV			
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:			
Preferred stock - no par value, Authorized - 200,000 shares			
Issued and outstanding - no shares			
Common stock - No par value:			
Authorized - 9,785,575 shares	1		
Issued and outstanding - 3,379,609 shares at	_		
February 28, 2002 and August 31, 2001			15,
Retained deficit	1		(1,8
		_	
Total stockholders' equity			13,
		-	
Total liabilities and stockholders'			
equity		\$	26,

See notes to financial statements

RIVIERA TOOL COMPANY STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

# FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED FEBRUARY 28,

2002	2001
3,593,381	\$ 2,386,136 3,732,166
(141,299)	(1,346,030)
(519,238)	(1,667,475)
448	83
	(215,324)
	(1,882,799)
	(640,152)
	\$ (1,242,647)
	\$ (.37)
	3,379,609
	\$ 3,452,082 3,593,381 

See notes to financial statements

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RIVIERA TOOL COMPANY

# STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

		FOR THE SI FEBR
		2002
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net loss	\$	(1,503,775)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash		
From operating activities:		054 000
Depreciation and amortization		954 <b>,</b> 882
Deferred taxes(Increase) decrease in assets:		
Accounts receivable		(2,033,814)
Federal income tax receivable		
Costs and estimated gross profit/loss in		
excess of billings on contracts in		104 450
process  Perishable tooling		124,473 38,202
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		(35, 426)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		(33) 120)
Accounts payable		(233,739)
Accrued lease expense		(8,180)
Accrued liabilities		213,052
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities	\$	(2,484,325)
CACH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES  Increase in other assets		(42,290)
Additions to property, plant and equipment		(37,917)
Net cash used in investing		
Activities	\$	(80,207)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Net borrowings (repayments) on revolving		
Credit line		3,356,728
Principal payments on notes payable to bank and		4007 000
non-revolving equipment line of credit		(927, 983)
Net cash provided by/(used in) financing		
Activities	\$	2,428,745
NET DECREASE IN CASH	\$	(135,787)
NET DECREAGE IN CASH	Ÿ	(133,707)
CASH - Beginning of Period		282 <b>,</b> 721
CASH - End of Period	\$	146,934

See notes to financial statements

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# RIVIERA TOOL COMPANY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FEBRUARY 28, 2002

#### NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited interim financial statements (the "Financial Statements") of Riviera Tool Company (the "Company") have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Accordingly, the Financial Statements do not include all the information and footnotes normally included in the annual financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

In the opinion of management, the Financial Statements reflect all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) necessary to present fairly such information in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. These Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company's Form 10-K dated November 12, 2001, for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2001.

The results of operations for the three and six month periods ended February 28, 2002 is not indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

NOTE 2 - COSTS AND BILLINGS ON CONTRACTS IN PROCESS

Costs and billings on contracts in process are as follows:

	FEBRUARY 28, 2002
Costs incurred on contracts in process under the	0.010.000
Percentage of completion method	\$ 8,210,002
Estimated gross loss	(600,000)
Total Less progress payments received and progress	7,610,002
Billings to date	3,588,463
Plus costs incurred on contracts in process under	
the completed contract method	7 <b>,</b> 557
Costs and estimated gross loss in excess	
of billings on contracts in process	\$ 4,029,096
	==========

Included in estimated gross loss for February 28, 2002 and August 31, 2001 are jobs with losses accrued of \$1,107,635 and \$763,980, respectively.

NOTE 3 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Property, plant and equipment, net consist of the following:

	FEBRUARY 2 2002
Lease and leasehold improvements.  Office furniture and fixtures.  Machinery and equipment.  Construction in Process.  Computer equipment and software.  Transportation equipment.	1,50 19 22,86 4 2,22 13
Total cost	26,96 11,73 

Net carrying amount\$	15 <b>,</b> 22
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RIVIERA TOOL COMPANY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FEBRUARY 28, 2002	
NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM DEBT	
The Company's long-term debt, which is subject to certain covenants discussed below, consists of the following:	
	FEBRUARY 2 2002
REVOLVING WORKING CAPITAL CREDIT LINE	
The revolving working capital credit line is collateralized by substantially all assets of the Company and provides for borrowing, subject to certain collateral requirements of up to \$6.5 million. The agreement requires a commitment fee of25% per annum on the average daily unused portion of the revolving credit line. The credit line is due September 1, 2002, and bears interest, payable monthly, at 1.0% above the bank's prime rate(as of February 28, 2002, an effective rate of 5.75%)	<b>6,</b> 49
NOTES PAYABLE TO BANK	·
Note payable to bank, collateralized by substantially all assets of the Company, is due July 19, 2002, and is payable in monthly installments of \$54,167 plus interest, payable monthly, at either LIBOR plus 2.25% or at .25% below the bank's prime rate (as of February 28, 2002, an effective rate of 4.5%), at the election of the Company.	21
Note payable to bank, collateralized by specific assets of the Company, payable in monthly installments of \$55,556, plus simple interest of 7.26%, due December	
Note payable to bank, collateralized by specific assets of the Company, payable in monthly installments of \$16,666 plus simple interest of 8.04%, due September	1,94

1, 2004	51
NON-REVOLVING EQUIPMENT LINE OF CREDIT	
\$3,271,000 equipment line of credit is collateralized by specific assets of the Company, is due November 1, 2004, and is payable in monthly installments of \$38,941 plus interest, payable monthly, at either LIBOR plus 2.25% or at .25% below the bank's prime rate (as of February 28, 2002, an effective rate of 4.5%), at the election of the Company	1,65
Total long-term debt\$  Less current portion	10,83 8,05
Long-term debt Net\$	2,78

The Company is required to maintain certain levels of tangible net worth, ratio of total liabilities to tangible net worth, and earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization and prohibit the payment of common stock cash dividends. At February 28, 2002, the Company was in compliance with the earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization and the tangible net worth covenants. The Company was not in compliance with the ratio of total liabilities to tangible net worth covenant as of February 28, 2002, however in March, 2002 the Company was in compliance with such covenant and believes it will maintain such covenant compliance.

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ITEM 2: MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table presents, for the periods therein, the components of the Company's Statements of Operations as a percentage of sales.

	FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED FEBRUARY 28,		I
	2002	2001	
SALES COST OF SALES	100.0% 104.1%		
GROSS (LOSS)	(4.1%)	(56.4%)	
SELLING AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE	10.9%	13.5%	
LOSS FROM OPERATIONS	(15.0%)	(69.9%)	
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE) INTEREST EXPENSE	(4.9%)	(9.0%)	

MON

OTHER			
TOTAL OTHER EXPENSE - NET	(4.9%)	(9.0%)	
LOSS BEFORE TAXES ON INCOME	(19.9%)	(78.9%)	(
INCOME TAX CREDIT		(26.8%)	
NET LOSS	(19.9%)	(52.1%)	 ( ====

THE MATTERS DISCUSSED IN THIS QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q CONTAIN CERTAIN FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS. FOR THIS PURPOSE, ANY STATEMENTS CONTAINED IN THIS REPORT THAT ARE NOT STATEMENTS OF HISTORICAL FACT MAY BE DEEMED TO BE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS. WITHOUT LIMITING THE FOREGOING, WORDS SUCH AS "MAY," "WILL," "EXPECT," BELIEVE," "ANTICIPATE," "UNDERSTANDING," OR "CONTINUE," THE NEGATIVE OR OTHER VARIATION THEREOF, OR COMPARABLE TERMINOLOGY, ARE INTENDED TO IDENTIFY FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS. THESE STATEMENTS BY THEIR NATURE INVOLVE SUBSTANTIAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES, AND ACTUAL RESULTS MAY DIFFER MATERIALLY DEPENDING UPON A VARIETY OF FACTORS, INCLUDING CONTINUED MARKET DEMAND FOR THE TYPES OF PRODUCTS AND SERVICES PRODUCED AND SOLD BY THE COMPANY.

COMPARISON OF THE THREE MONTHS ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 2002 TO THE THREE MONTHS ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 2001.

REVENUES - Revenues for the three months ended February 28, 2002 totaled \$3.5 million as compared to \$2.4 million for the three months ended February 28, 2001, an increase of \$1.1 million or 45%. This is a result of increased shipments or completed contracts during the second quarter of 2002 as compared to the prior years second quarter. During the past twenty-four months, market demand for automotive tooling systems has declined. During this period limited contracts have been released and of those contracts that were released, most

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were competitively bid and resulted in erosion of contract pricing. These factors resulted in the Company having lower contract revenue as well as contract margins during fiscal 2001 and 2002.

As a direct result of these market conditions, the Company instituted specific cost containment measures in fiscal 2001 which have continued through 2002 such as direct labor layoffs, 45% of the normal workforce, and suspension of the Company's matching contribution to the Company 401(K) Plan for all employees.

During and subsequent to the second quarter of 2002, the Company received \$21 million in purchase orders and letters of intent for upcoming models of Mercedes-Benz, BMW and Nissan Motors. The Company anticipates that revenue from the new contracts should contribute to revenue and earnings over the next 18-24 months.

COST OF SALES - Cost of sales was \$3.6 million or 104% of sales for the three months ended February 28, 2002 as compared to \$3.7 million or 156% of sales for the same period last year. The increase in gross margin was largely due to the Company's cost containment measures and the effect upon the Company's fixed manufacturing overhead. The Company continues to review and lower all fixed

expenses where applicable in order to maintain the lowest possible cost rate.

Direct costs expense decreased from \$1.8 million in 2001 to \$1.7 million in 2002, as a percent of sales it decreased from 76.9% to 51.1%. Direct labor expense was \$0.8 million in 2002 as compared to \$1.1 million in 2001, as a percent of sales, direct labor expense decreased from 44.6% in 2001 to 24.5% in 2002. The Company incurred 40,400 shop floor hours during the second quarter of 2002 as compared to 52,700 during the same period of 2001, a decrease of 12,300 hours or 23%. This decrease was a direct result of lower direct labor requirements during the second quarter of 2002. Additionally, the Company continued to review all labor levels and reduced labor expense during the second quarter of 2002. Other direct costs increased from \$770,000 in 2001 to \$917,000 in 2002, however as a percent of sales, other direct costs decreased from 32.3% to 26.5%.

Engineering expense increased from \$268,000 for the second quarter of 2001 to \$322,500 for the second quarter of 2002, however as a percent of sales engineering expense decreased from 11.25% to 9.3%. The increase in engineering expense was largely in salaries as a result of increasing staffing levels for the Company's increased backlog.

Manufacturing overhead expense decreased from \$1,629,000 or 68.3% of sales for the second quarter of 2001 to \$1,508,000 or 43.7% of sales for the second quarter of 2002. The largest decreases in the second quarter of 2002 as compared to 2001 included \$44,300 in indirect labor, vacation, holiday pay and related payroll taxes, \$36,000 in machinery repair and maintenance expense and \$35,000 in building rent, utilities, maintenance and supplies expenses. This decrease was offset by an increase of \$22,000 in perishable tooling expense.

SELLING & ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES - Selling and administrative expenses increased from \$321,000 or 13.5% of sales for the second quarter of 2001 to \$378,000 or 10.9% of sales for the second quarter of 2002. This increase was largely due to increases of \$62,000 in State of Michigan Single Business Tax, \$22,000 in supervision salaries, \$16,000 in legal and professional fees, \$15,000 in public company expenses and \$13,000 in employee training expense. These increases were offset by decreases of \$43,000 in insurance expense, \$14,000 in travel expenses and \$10,000 deferred compensation/401(k) expense.

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INTEREST EXPENSE - Interest expense for the second quarter of 2002 decreased to \$169,000 or 4.9% of sales from \$215,400 or 9.0% of sales for the second quarter of 2001. This was a result of lower debt levels as well as lower interest rates during the second quarter of 2002 as compared to the second quarter of 2001.

COMPARISON OF THE SIX MONTHS ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 2002 TO THE SIX MONTHS ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 2001.

REVENUES - Revenues for the six months ended February 28, 2002 totaled \$6.8 million as compared to \$7.0 million for the six months ended February 28, 2001, a decrease of \$162,000 or 2.3%.

COST OF SALES - Cost of sales was \$7.1 million or 105% of sales for the six months ended February 28, 2002 as compared to \$8.1 million or 116% of sales for the same period last year. The increase in gross margin was largely due to the Company's cost containment measures and the effect upon the Company's fixed

manufacturing overhead. The Company continues to review and lower all fixed expenses where applicable in order to maintain the lowest possible cost rate.

Direct costs expense decreased from \$4.0 million in 2001 to \$3.4 million in 2002, as a percent of sales it decreased from 57.6% to 49.7%. Direct labor expense was \$1.8 million in 2002 as compared to \$2.3 million in 2001, as a percent of sales, direct labor expense decreased from 33.6% in 2001 to 26.1% in 2002. The Company incurred 88,900 shop floor hours during the first and second quarters of 2002 as compared to 125,900 during the same period of 2001, a decrease of 37,000 hours or 29%. This decrease was a direct result of lower contract level requirements during the first and second quarter of 2002. Other direct costs decreased from \$1.7 million in 2001 to \$1.6 million in 2002, however as a percent of sales, other direct costs remained consistent at 24%.

Engineering expense increased from \$612,000 for first and the second quarter of 2001 to \$644,400 for same period of 2002, as a percent of sales engineering expense increased from 8.8% to 9.5%. The increase in engineering expense was largely in salaries as a result of increasing staffing levels for the Company's increased backlog. Such resulted in the Company increasing design and project management staffing.

Manufacturing overhead expense decreased from \$3.4 million or 49.1% of sales for the first and second quarter of 2001 to \$3.1 million or 45.6% of sales for the first and second quarter of 2002. The largest decreases during this period in 2002 as compared to 2001 included \$182,000 in indirect labor, vacation, holiday pay and related payroll taxes, \$40,000 in medical, workers compensation and general insurance, \$35,000 in machinery repair and maintenance expense, \$22,000 in building rent, utilities, maintenance and supplies expenses and \$15,000 in manufacturing supplies expense.

SELLING & ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES - Selling and administrative expenses decreased slightly from \$849,700 or 12.1% of sales for the first and second quarter of 2001 to \$843,800 or 12.4% of sales in 2002. Increases in the first and second quarters of 2002 as compared to 2001 included increases of \$61,000 in legal and professional fees, \$37,000 in supervision and office salaries, \$22,000 in employee training expense and \$10,000 in dues and subscriptions expense. These increases were offset by decreases of \$43,000 in insurance expense, \$30,000 in contributions expense, \$20,000 in director fees, \$19,000 in public company expenses, \$16,000 in deferred compensation/401(k) expense, \$10,000 in advertising expense and \$8,000 in meals and entertainment expense.

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INTEREST EXPENSE - Interest expense for the first and second quarter of 2002 decreased to \$337,000 or 4.9% of sales from \$456,000 or 6.5% of sales for the 2001. This was a result of lower debt levels as well as lower interest rates during 2002 as compared to 2001.

#### FEDERAL INCOME TAXES

For the six months ended February 28, 2002, the Company recorded a valuation allowance of approximately \$511,000 to offset the income tax benefit. As of February 28, 2002, the Company had approximately \$3,602,000 of net operating loss carryforwards which will expire in fiscal 2020 through 2022, if unused, as well as \$155,000 of alternative minimum tax credits that do not expire.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

During the six months ended February 28, 2002, the Company's cash used in operating activities was \$2,484,000. This largely resulted from an increase of \$2,034,000 in accounts receivable and a decrease of \$234,000 in accounts payable. From investing activities, the Company acquired additional machinery and equipment of \$38,000. From financing activities, the Company used \$928,000 to reduce long-term debt and borrowed an additional \$3,357,000 on the revolving working capital credit line. Subsequent to February 28, 2002, the revolving working capital credit line balance was reduced by approximately \$3.4 million representing proceeds from the collection of accounts receivable. The Company believes that the unused portion of the revolving bank working capital credit line and the funds generated from operations will be sufficient to cover anticipated cash needs through fiscal 2002. However, depending on the level of future sales and terms of such sales, an expanded credit line may be necessary to finance increases in trade accounts receivable and contracts in process. The Company believes it will be able to obtain such expanded credit line, if required, on generally the same terms as the existing credit line.

#### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Date: April 15, 2002

Riviera Tool Company

/s/ Kenneth K. Rieth

Kenneth K. Rieth President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ Peter C. Canepa

Peter C. Canepa Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer and Secretary (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

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